



The Visual Impairment Intracranial Pressure Syndrome in Long Duration NASA Astronauts: An Integrated Approach

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Background



Eye

Findings

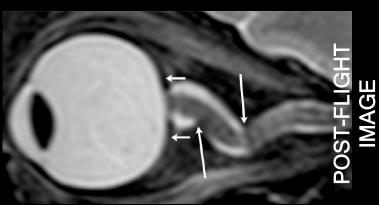
VIIP Clinical Findings

 To date 22/31 U.S. astronauts have developed some or all of the following findings either during or following a sixmonth spaceflight:

Hyperopic shiftChoroidal folds

Optic Nerve Sheath Distention

- Optic nerve kinking
- Globe flattening
- Optic disc edema (papilledema) N=7
- Cotton wool spots N=3
- ↑ CSF pressure postflight 5/6 subjects: 21.0-28.5 cmH₂O



- Kramer et al. (2012)



Pre to Postflight Disc Edema (First case 2005)

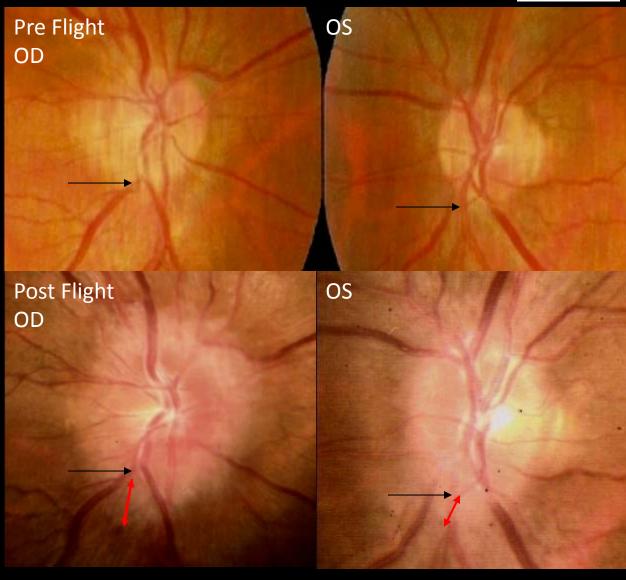


Pre Flight

Fundoscopic images of the right and left optic discs.

Post Flight

Fundoscopic images of the right and left optic discs showing Grade 3 edema (right) and Grade 1 edema (left).

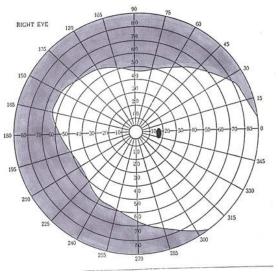




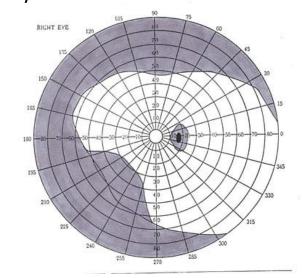
Prolonged Disc Edema May Lead to Peripheral Visual Field Loss



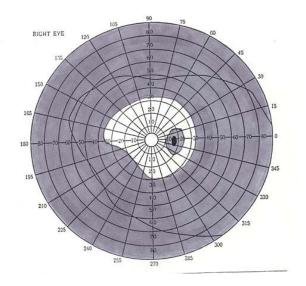
1. Normal Visual Field with normal blind spot (in black) Spot and Inferior Nasal Loss



2. Early Defect, Enlarged Blind



3. Severe Visual Constriction

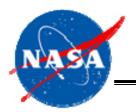








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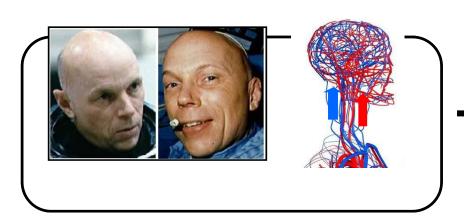


Main Hypothesis

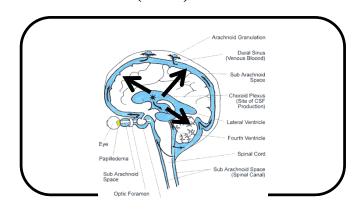




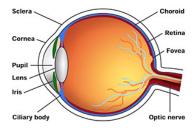
Head-ward fluid shift due to microgravity

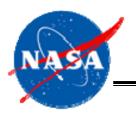


Increased intracranial pressure (ICP)



Elevated ICP transmitted to the eye and optic nerve







Evidence

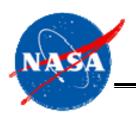


NASA Crewmember LPs to Date



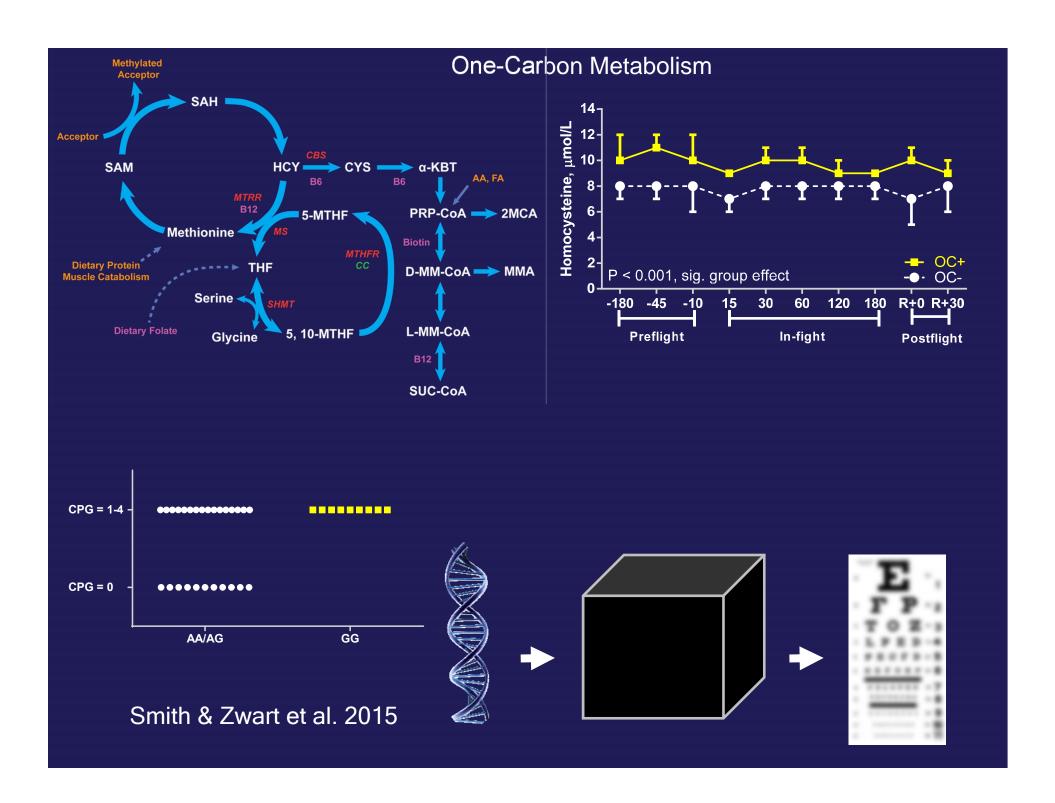
- LPs are done in crewmembers only if clinically indicated
- 6 LPs conducted postflight in crewmembers with optic disc edema, no preflight LP as baseline
- Postflight measurements of ICP via LP have demonstrated elevated ICP in 5/6, ranging 15.4-21mmHg. Clinical intervention recommended when ICP>20.0mmHg
 - → Does not reflect in-flight ICP (fluid shift + CO₂), suspected to be higher

Case	Opening pressure (cm H ₂ O) Normal range 10-20 cm H ₂ O	Opening pressure (mmHg) Normal range 5-15 mm H ₂ O	Time after flight (days)
D	28.5	21.0	57
С	28	20.6	12
А	22	16.2	66
F	21.5	15.9	6
В	21	15.4	19
Е	18	13.2	8





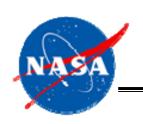
 Genetic VIIP predisposition to the spaceflight environment







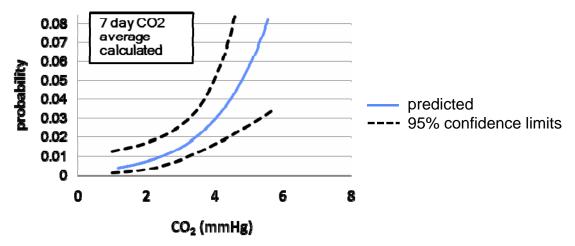
- Genetic VIIP predisposition to the spaceflight environment
- 2. CO₂ induced VIIP



A Possible Role for CO₂ in VIIP?

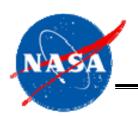


- CO₂ is an extremely potent vasodilator, and its levels on ISS are x10 of Earth levels
- A study by a joint NASA team (medical operations, LSAH, toxicology) evaluated in-flight data from expeditions 2-31, looking for a relationship between levels of CO₂ and symptoms



➤ A statistically significant association was found between the probability of headaches and average CO₂, for both 24-hour and 7-day averages

Law J, Van Baalen M, Foy M, Mason SS, Mendez C, Wear ML, Meyers VE, Alexander D. Relationship Between Carbon Dioxide Levels and Reported Headaches on the International Space Station. *Journal of Occupational and Environmental Medicine* 2014; 56 (5):477-483





- Genetic VIIP predisposition to the spaceflight environment
- 2. CO₂ induced VIIP
- 3. Ocular structural changes





- Genetic VIIP predisposition to the spaceflight environment
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- 3. Ocular structural changes
- 4. Brain structural changes





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Probably a combination or other causes as well!





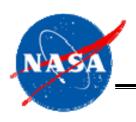
Research Approach





Zero VIIP Incidence

Human Research Program NSBRI Medical Operations LSAH

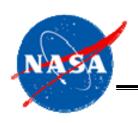




Zero VIIP Incidence

Human Research Program NSBRI Medical Operations LSAH

VIIP 1 - Knowledge Acquisition



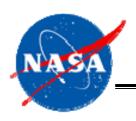


Zero VIIP Incidence

Human Research Program NSBRI Medical Operations LSAH

VIIP 3 - Technology Development

VIIP 1 - Knowledge Acquisition





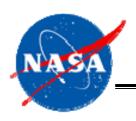
Zero VIIP Incidence

Human Research Program NSBRI Medical Operations LSAH

VIIP 12 - Analogs

VIIP 3 - Technology Development

VIIP 1 - Knowledge Acquisition





Zero VIIP Incidence

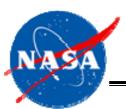
VIIP 13 – Countermeasures

VIIP 12 - Analogs

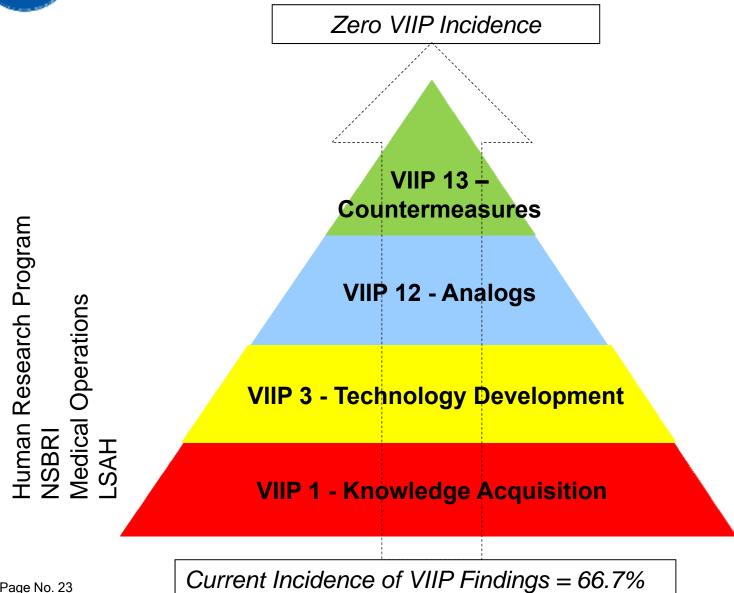
VIIP 3 - Technology Development

VIIP 1 - Knowledge Acquisition

Human Research Program NSBRI Medical Operations LSAH





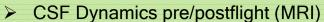




VIIP 1: Etiology and Risk Factors



- ✓ VIIP Data Mining
- Venous/Arterial Compliance

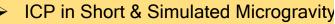


- Venous Sinus Evaluation
- Diffusion Tensor Imaging (MRI)
- Brain Gene Expression Signatures
- CSF Production & Outflow (rodents)
- ☐ Cephalad Fluid Redistribution (MRI)
- □ VIIP Biomarker
- CO₂ Data Mining Vision
- CO₂ Data Mining headaches
- Mapping by VESGEN
- Data Mining Ocular Structure
- □ Ocular Structure & Biomechanics
- Compartment Syndrome
- ✓ SD-OCT Analysis
- ✓ Effects of Gamma Radiation
- > 1-Carbon Polymorphism
- ✓ Retinal Gene Expression during µG
- ✓ Retinal Gene Changes in HLS









■ Direct ICP in Microgravity

- Ocular Health Study
- > Fluid Shifts
- Occ. Surveillance Data Mining
- SD/Visual Health (MRID)
- Digital Astronaut Modeling
- Eye & Cranio-Venous Modeling
- Contribution of Medications
- Influence of Exercise Modality
- Acute CO₂ & HDT (1 hr)
- Pilot CO₂ & HDT (1 day)
- Short-Term CO₂ & HDT (1 wk)
- ☐ Chronic CO₂ & HDT (1 month)
- □ Long-Term Impacts of VIIP
- ✓ Evidence Report
- Med Ops In-Flight Monitoring

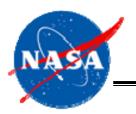
HHC NSBRI

SD

>

CompletedOngoing

☐ Planned

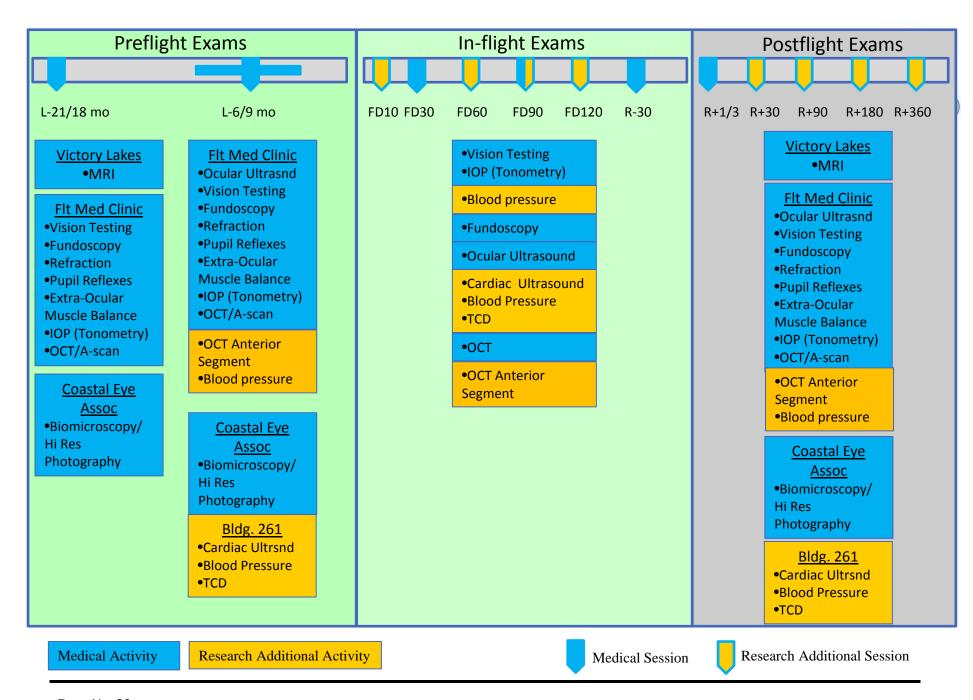


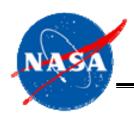


Example:

The Ocular Health Study on ISS

(PI: Christian Otto)





Comprehensive Examinations in Ocular Health





B-scan Ocular Ultrasound



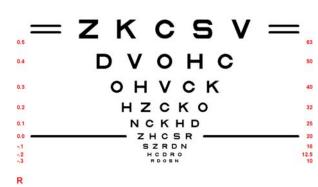
Intraocular Pressure



Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT)



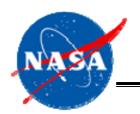
Fundoscopy



Computer-based vision testing



Cardiac and transcranial Doppler for vascular compliance





Example:

The Fluid Shifts Study on ISS

(PI's: Michael Stenger, Alan Hargens & Scott Dulchavsky)

In-Flight Sessions (FD 45, R-45)

Test Day 1

Fluid compartmentalization measures:

- Total Body Water (D₂O)
- Extracellular (NaBr)
- Intracellular (Calculated)

Test Day 2

Ultrasound measures of fluid shifts:

- Vascular measures of head/neck (i.e., carotid, jugular, vertebral, cerebral)
- Cardiovascular, ophthalmic, and portal vein measures
- Tissue thickness forehead and eyelid

Other physiological measures:

- Intracranial Pressure (CCFP/DPOAE)
- Intraocular Pressure (Tonopen/iCare and Ultrasound)
- Ocular Structure (OCT)
- Blood Pressure / Heart Rate / Vascular Resistance

Test Days 3 & 4

Similar to Day 2 w/ addition of Chibis LBNP







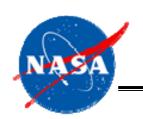






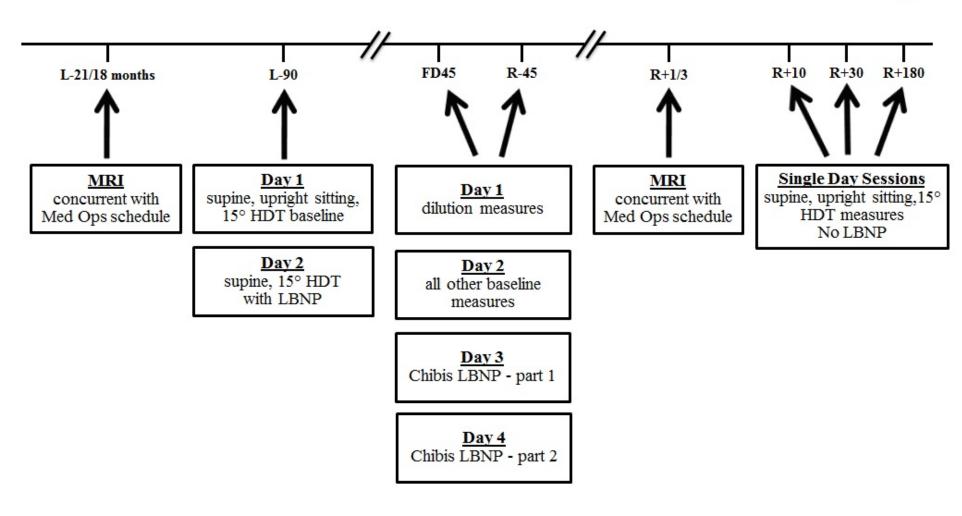
Reversal of Fluid Shift by LBNP (Chibis)

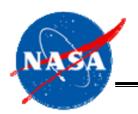




Fluid Shifts Timeline









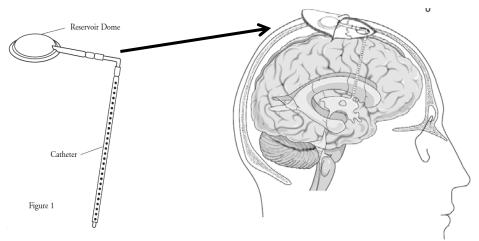
Preliminary Results:

Intracranial pressure during parabolic

flight induced zero G

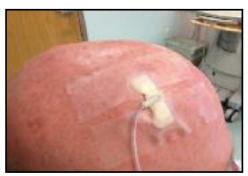
Ommaya, 0 G Flight Protocol

Ommaya Reservoir - Commonly used intraventricular chemotherapeutic delivery device. Allows access to brain's ventricular system through overlying skin allowing pressure measurement.





Ommaya Reservoir catheterized

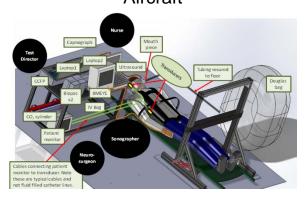


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Catheter attached to pressure transducer

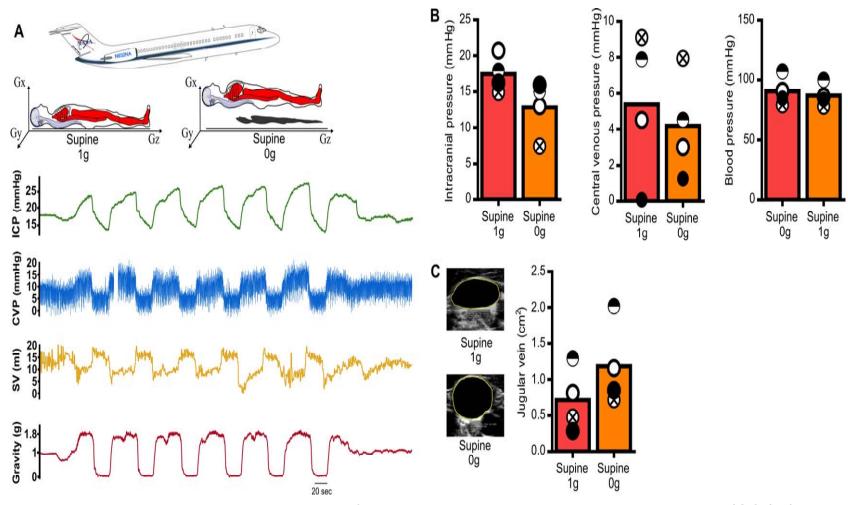


Patient Supine in Aircraft









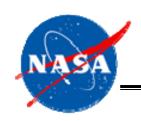
Levine & Lawley, personal communication (2015)





Preliminary Results:

Cardiovascular predisposition

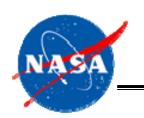


Correlation of Preflight Cardiovascular Score and Postflight Eye Outcomes



Best correlation = 0.91, Max = .96, Min .86, P<0.001





VIIP 3: Diagnostic Tools



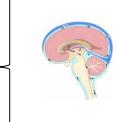
Pilot Study: Non-Invasive CVP Device



- Vittamed ICP Device Evaluation
- Non-Invasive ICP Ground Comparison
- ✓ ICP Tech Search
- ✓ CCFP Data Mining
- Cerebrotech
- Non-Invasive ICP Flight Hardware Development
- Validation of Non-Invasive ICP



- SD/Visual Acuity Software & In-Flight **Tonometer Upgrade**
- SD/Flight Fundoscopy Trade Study
- SD/Flight Fundoscopy Upgrade
- SD/Diagnostic OCT Trade Study
- SD/Development In-Flight diagnostic OCT

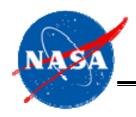




- Volumetric Ophthalmic Ultrasound & ICP
- VIIP Hardware **TechWatch**

HHC **NSBRI** SD

- Completed
- Ongoing Planned

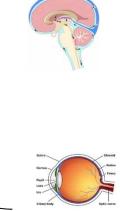


VIIP 12: Ground-based Analogs & Models





Ophthalmic and Optic nerve Sheath Modeling



- HLS Rodent Model for VIIP
- Digital Astronaut: VIIP Modeling
- Cranial Venous Circulation Modeling
- Acute CO₂ & HDT (1 hr)
- Pilot CO₂ & HDT (1 day)
- ☐ Short-Term CO₂ & HDT (1 week)
- ☐ Chronic CO₂ & HDT (1 month)
- ✓ Rodent Retinal Changes with HLS
- ✓ Rodent Retinal Changes with Spaceflight
- ✓ Rodent Retinal Changes with Radiation

HHC

NSBRI

SD

- Completed
- Ongoing
- Planned



VIIP 13: Countermeasures



- ► In-Flight CO₂ Reduction
- Fluid Shifts Flight Study (LBNP)
- Influence of Exercise Modality
- > Evaluation of an Impedance Threshold Device
- Mechanical Countermeasures Evaluation of Marketed Devices
- Thigh Cuffs Ground Evaluation
- □ Pharmacological Countermeasures
- ☐ Countermeasure Optimization Ground Study
- ☐ Countermeasure Optimization In-Flight







HHC NSBRI SD

- ✓ Completed
- Ongoing
 - Planned





Thank you!