

# Use NASA GES DISC Data in ArcGIS

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NASA Goddard Earth Science Data and Information Services Center

<http://disc.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/>

# Outline

- GIS relevant data at NASA Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center (GES DISC).
- GES DISC Services and Support for GIS Users.
- Use of GES DISC data in ArcGIS – Use cases

# The NASA GES DISC

- GES DISC is one of twelve NASA Science Mission Directorate Data Centers.
- The GES DISC's mission is to maximize NASA's investment benefit by providing data and services that enables people to fully realize the scientific and educational potential of Earth science data.

<http://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/>

**GES DISC**

Goddard Earth Sciences Data and Information Services Center



National Aeronautics and  
Space Administration

# GES DISC Data Archive, Ingestion and Distribution

- GES DISC archive: 860 TB as of 6/2/2015
- Distribute about 5.6 TB each day
- Ingest 500 GB each day\*

\*with net archive increase of 240 GB each day because real-time data are removed from archive after two months.

# Major GIS Data Products of GES DISC

- Precipitation and hydrology, including soil moisture
- Land Data Assimilation System data (LDAS)
- Atmospheric composition and dynamics data
- Modern Era Retrospective-Analysis for Research and Applications data assimilation data (MERRA)
- Various other multi-mission supported project data through value added services (e.g., water quality, ocean color)

# GES DISC Services

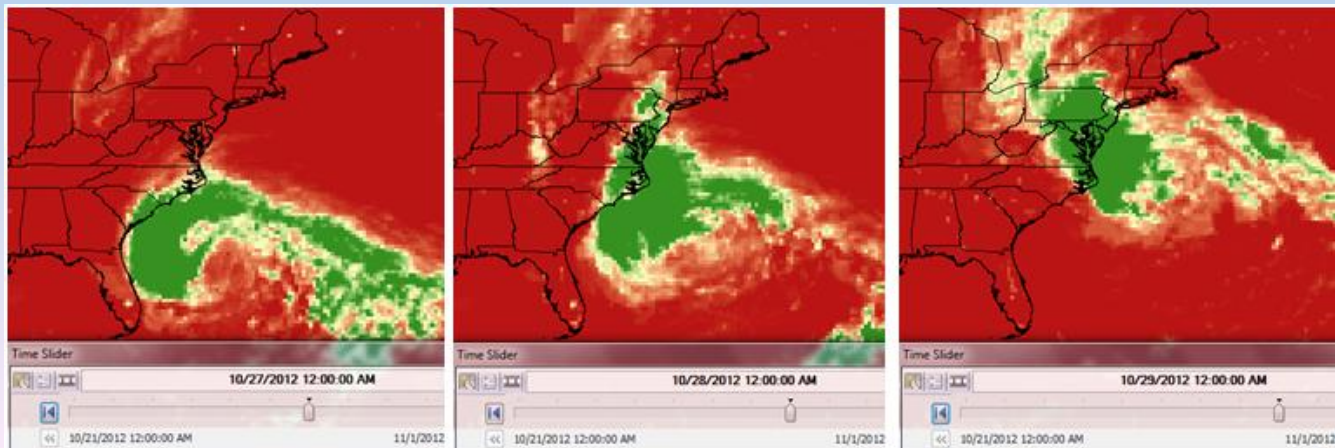
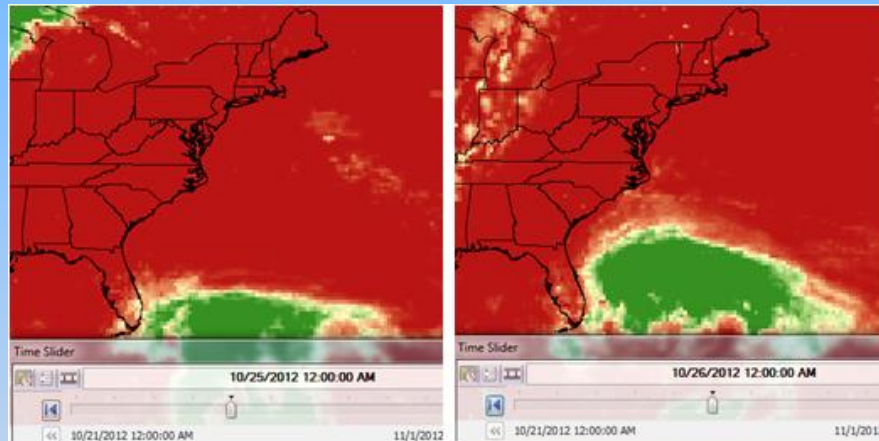
- Search and Discovery
- Access (customized and heritage)
- Visualization, Integration, and Analysis
- Various tools for facilitating data handling
- Data product documentation
- Data cookbook
- User support

# The GES DISC Precipitation Data

- Remote sensing, in-situ, and forecast precipitation and ancillary data
- Multiple temporal resolutions, e.g.:
  - 3-hour near-real-time monitoring product
  - Half-hourly, 3-hourly, daily, monthly satellite rainfall archives
  - Monthly ground observation archives (1986-present)
  - Composite Climatology (yearly, monthly)
- **Global grids** with spatial resolution up to **10-km**
- Higher resolution for swath data (e.g., 5-km)
- Data useful to many GIS research and applications (agriculture, environmental, drought/flood, health, etc)

# The GES DISC Precipitation Data

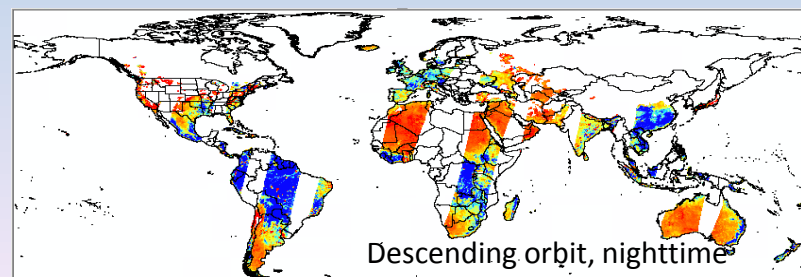
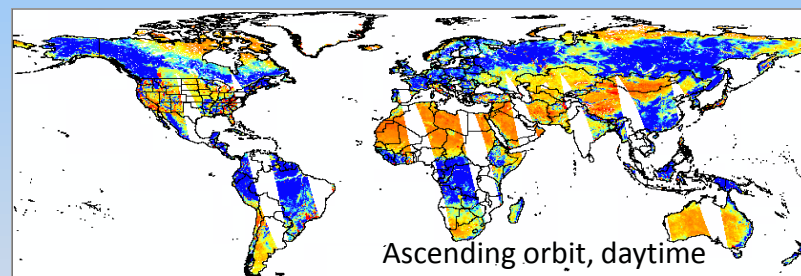
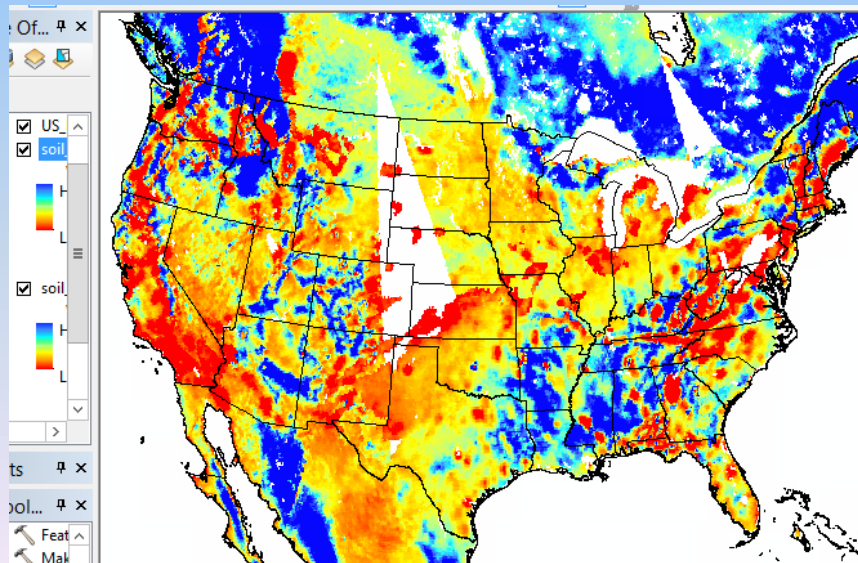
- Visualizing Precipitation events during Hurricane Sandy using TRMM data





# High Resolution Soil Moisture Data

- Derived from Land Parameter Retrieval Model (LPRM)/Advanced Microwave Scanning Radiometer-EOS measurements
- Global coverage at spatial resolution up to 10-km
- Available daily from 2012 (25-km from 2002-2011)



LPRM soil moisture, 2015-06-01

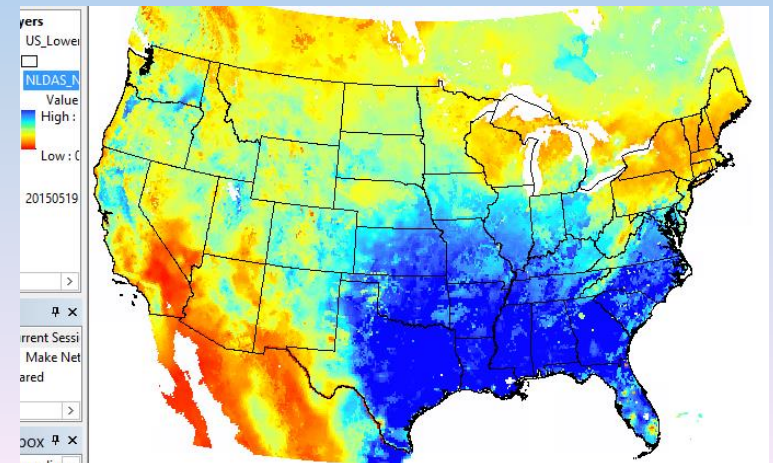
# North America and Global Land Data Products

- The Land Data Assimilation Systems enable more accurate reanalysis and forecast simulations by numerical weather prediction models.
- High temporal and spatial resolutions:
  - Temporal from hourly to monthly
  - Spatial from 15km (NLDAS) to 30km (GLDAS)
  - Available from 1979 to present
- Several dozens of (near) land surface parameters.

# LDAS Land Parameter Examples

- Skin and zonal soil moisture content
- Precipitation (rainfall, snowfall)
- Surface and subsurface runoffs
- Vegetation types, canopy surface water, conductance,
- Evaporation, transpiration, evapotranspiration
- Pressure, temperature, humidity
- Albedo, radiation fluxes
- Wind speeds, aerodynamic conductance
- More ...

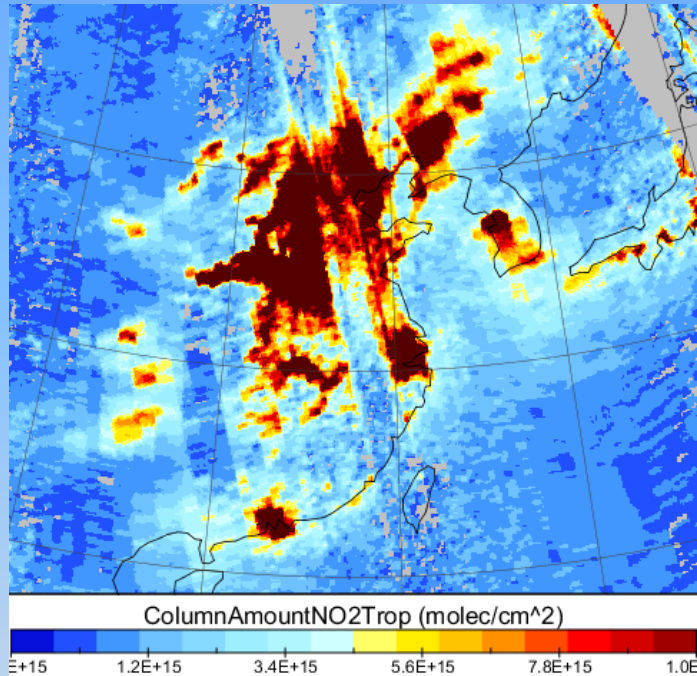
Total evapotranspiration  
for May 2015



# Atmospheric Data Products

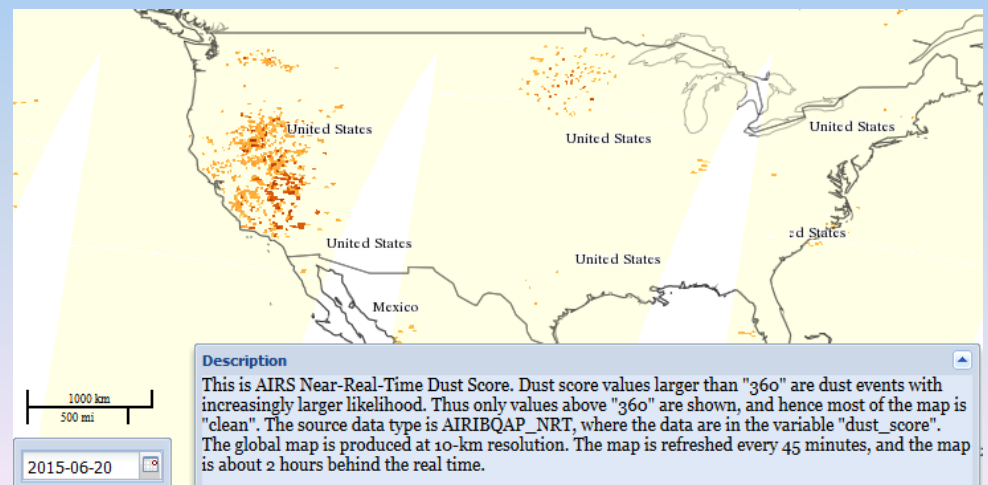
- Many atmospheric parameters, including
  - Aerosol optical thickness, dust scores
  - NO<sub>2</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, CO<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>3</sub>, CO, CH<sub>4</sub>, UVB
  - Water/humidity, temperature, pressure, cloud, wind
  - Radiance, radiation flux
- Data from multiple satellites/instruments (AIRS, OMI, MODIS)
- 2D (surface, column total) and/or 3D (with vertical profile)
- Multiple temporal resolution (daily, monthly, etc).
- Most Gridded data at spatial resolution 0.25-deg or coarser.
- Orbital swath data at higher resolution (e.g., 13-km at nadir).

# Atmospheric Data Products



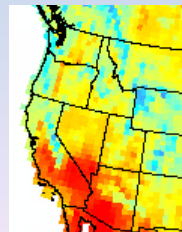
Severe air pollution over northeast China on 2013/10/23 captured by the OMI NO<sub>2</sub> measurement.

Dusts shown in the AIRS dust score parameter

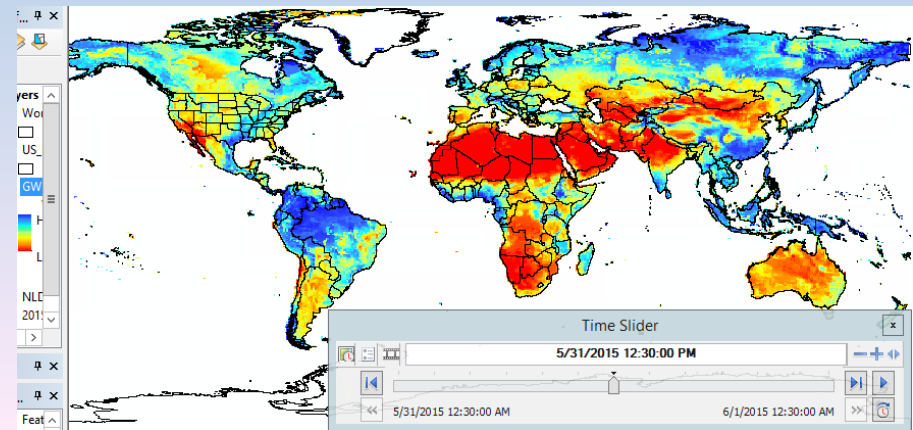


# MERRA Data Products

- Modern Era Retrospective-Analysis for Research and Applications data assimilation products
- Both 2D surface and 3D parameters
- Many variables important to land GIS applications, e.g.
  - Surface and zonal soil moisture contents
  - Vegetation greenness fraction, LAI, evaporation
  - Overland runoff, base flow
  - Spatial resolution: 2/3- by 1/2-deg
- Temporal resolution: hourly, 3-hourly, 6-hourly, etc

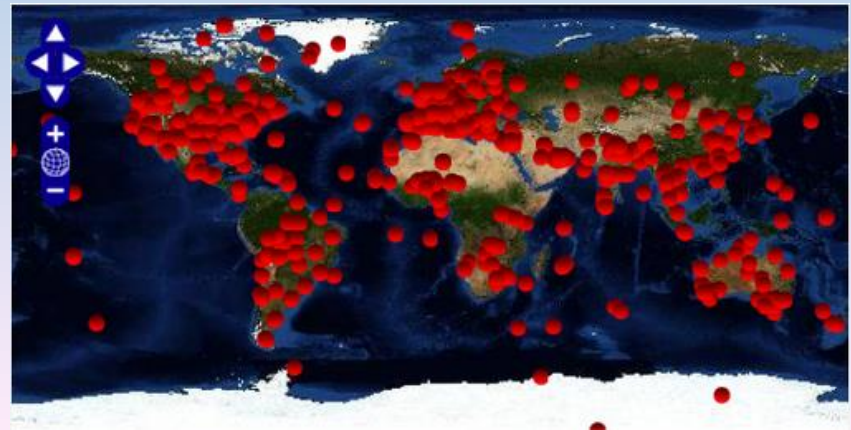


Surface moisture, 2015-05-31 12:30pm



# Aerosol Robotic Network Data

- The AErosol ROBotic NETwork (AERONET\*) program is a federation of ground-based remote sensing aerosol networks.
- GES DISC supports AERONET AOD data at processing Level 2 (cloud-screened, re-calibrated and quality assured data).
- GES DISC's AeroStat portal serves AERONET and collocated multi-satellite AOD measurements (more in the service part).



# Other Project-based Data through Value-added Services

- Value-added products for various project- and/or mission-based, such as the ocean products:
  - Chlorophyll a concentration
  - Colored dissolved organic matter index
  - Diffuse attenuation coefficient
  - Sea surface temperatures
  - Particle organic and inorganic carbon
  - Remote sensing reflectances
  - Aerosol optical thickness



# GES DISC Information Services

- Many Information services for discovery, access, analysis and visualization:
  - Online analysis and visualization **Giovanni** (GES DISC Interactive Online Visualization AND aNalysis Infracstructure)
  - Data search (Mirador)
  - Simple Subset Wizard
  - OPeNDAP
  - OGC Web Map Server and Web Coverage Server (WMS/WCS)
  - Long time series point data download service
  - Grads Data Service (GDS)
  - Data quality screening Service
  - Data read and manipulation tools

# GIOVANNI

- An online data and information service system that provides a simple and intuitive way to visualize, analyze, and access Earth science data.

The screenshot displays the GIOVANNI web interface. At the top, there are navigation tabs: "Maps: Time Averaged Map" (selected), "Comparisons: Select...", "Time Series: Select...", "Vertical: Select...", and "Miscellaneous: Select...". Below these are two main selection sections: "Select Date Range (UTC)" and "Select Region (Bounding Box or Shapefile)".

The "Select Date Range (UTC)" section includes input fields for "YYYY-MM-DD." and "HH:mm", with a "Valid Range: 1979-01-01 to 2015-06-26" note. The "Select Region (Bounding Box or Shapefile)" section has a bounding box input field containing "-180, -90, 180, 90" and "Show Map" and "Show Shapes" buttons.

On the left, the "Select Variables" section is expanded to "Disciplines", listing categories like Aerosols (126), Atmospheric Chemistry (25), etc. Below this are expandable sections for "Measurements", "Platform / Instrument", "Spatial Resolutions", "Temporal Resolutions", "Wavelengths", and "Depths".

In the center, a "Keyword" field contains "Soil moisture". Above it, it says "Number of matching Variables: 0 of 470" and "Total Variable(s) included in Plot: 0".

A "Shape Files" dialog box is open, showing a list of "Shape" files with radio buttons next to them. The "Countries" category is selected in the left pane. The list includes: Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, American Samoa (US), Andorra, Angola, and Anquilla (UK). The source is cited as "Source: [HIU. US State Department](http://HIU.US State Department)". There are "Done" and "Clear Shape Selection" buttons at the bottom of the dialog.

At the bottom right of the interface, there are buttons for "Help", "Reset", "Feedback", and a prominent green "Plot Data" button.

# Mirador

- Mirador: a portal with simple and clean interface to search, browse, order, and download data.

Keyword:  Time Span:  To:

Location:




Map

Google

Terms of Use Report a map error

### Data Sets

 -More Services (e.g. http download, format con selecting a service and service parameters for an

**LPRM/AMSR2/GCOM-W1 L2 Downscaled S**  
| [View Files](#) | [Info](#) | [Data Calendar](#)

**Approx. 16 files found (Avg Size: 7.58 MB )**  
**Parameters:** VEGETATION WATER CONTEN  
**Spatial Resolution:** 10 km x 10 km  
**Temporal Resolution:** 15 orbits per day

**GLDAS 1 meter Soil Moisture in Time Serie**  
| [View Files](#) | [Info](#)

# OPeNDAP Services

- Open-source Project for a Networked Data Access Protocol
- OPeNDAP: access, w/wo subsetting, data with netCDF (and other formats)

Contents of /	
Name	Parent
Parent Directory/	2004/
<a href="#">OMAEROe.003/</a>	2005/
<a href="#">OMAERUVd.003/</a>	2006/
<a href="#">OMDOA03e.003/</a>	2007/
<a href="#">OMLER.003/</a>	2008/
<a href="#">OMNO2d.003/</a>	2009/
<a href="#">OMNO2e.003/</a>	2010/
<a href="#">OMS02e.003/</a>	2011/
<a href="#">OMT03d.003/</a>	2012/
<a href="#">OMT03e.003/</a>	2013/
<a href="#">OMUVBd.003/</a>	

Name	Parent
2004/	
2005/	
2006/	
2007/	
2008/	
2009/	
2010/	
2011/	
2012/	
2013/	

**OPeNDAP Server Dataset Access Form**

**Action:**

**Data URL:**

**Global Attributes:** HDFEOS\_ADDITIONAL\_FILE\_ATTRIBUTES.InputPointer: OMI-Aura\_L2-OMNO2\_2012m1231t2314-c45023\_v003-2013m0220t202537.he5, OMI-Aura\_L2-OMNO2\_2013m0101t0052-c45024\_v003-2013m0220t202535.he5, OMI-Aura\_L2-OMNO2\_2013m0101t0231-c45025\_v003-2013m0220t202607.he5, OMI-Aura\_L2-OMNO2\_2013m0101t0410-c45026\_v003-2013m0220t202516.he5, OMI-Aura\_L2-OMNO2\_2013m0101t0549-c45027\_v003-2013m0220t202502.he5, OMI-Aura\_L2-

**Variables:**  **ColumnAmountNO2:** Array of 32 bit Reals [lat = 0..719][lon = 0..1439]  
lat:  lon:   
\_FillValue: -1.267650600e+30  
missing\_value: -1.267650600e+30  
scale\_factor: 1.000000000  
add\_offset: 0.000000000  
units: molec/cm2  
title: NO2 vertical column density

**ColumnAmountNO2CloudScreened:** Array of 32 bit Reals [lat = 0..719][lon = 0..1439]  
lat:  lon:   
\_FillValue: -1.267650600e+30  
missing\_value: -1.267650600e+30  
scale\_factor: 1.000000000  
add\_offset: 0.000000000  
units: molec/cm2  
title: NO2 vertical column densitv. screened for CloudFraction < 30%

# Simple Subset Wizard (SSW)

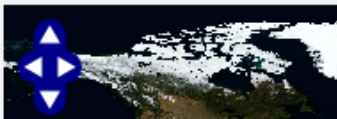
- Search and subset data sets across multiple data centers

Enter the Date Range and (optionally) the Spatial Bounding Box to search for data sets; those criteria will also be used to subset the data.

**Data Set Keyword(s)**

**Date Range**  to

**Spatial Bounding Box**



[Learn more about the Simple Subset Wizard](#)

Found 1 subsettable data set.

**Subset: Variables for GPM\_3IMERGHH v03 in**

Number of Variables selected=1

- HQobservationTime
- HQprecipitation
- HQprecipSource
- IRkalmanFilterWeight
- IRprecipitation
- precipitationCal
- precipitationUncal
- probabilityLiquidPrecipitation
- randomError

Search, find, and access the 0.1-degree half hourly GPM precipitation data in netCDF format

# OGC Interoperable Services

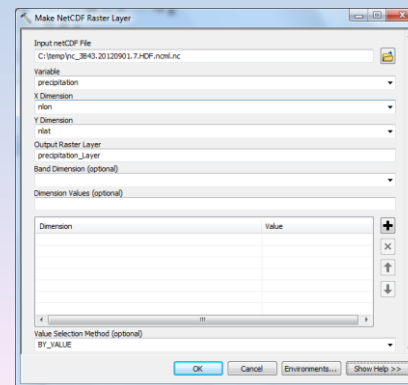
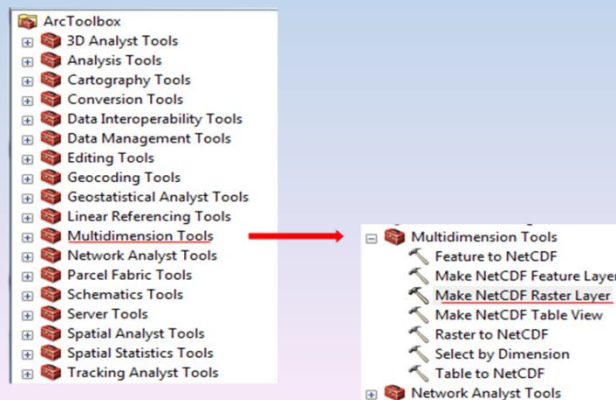
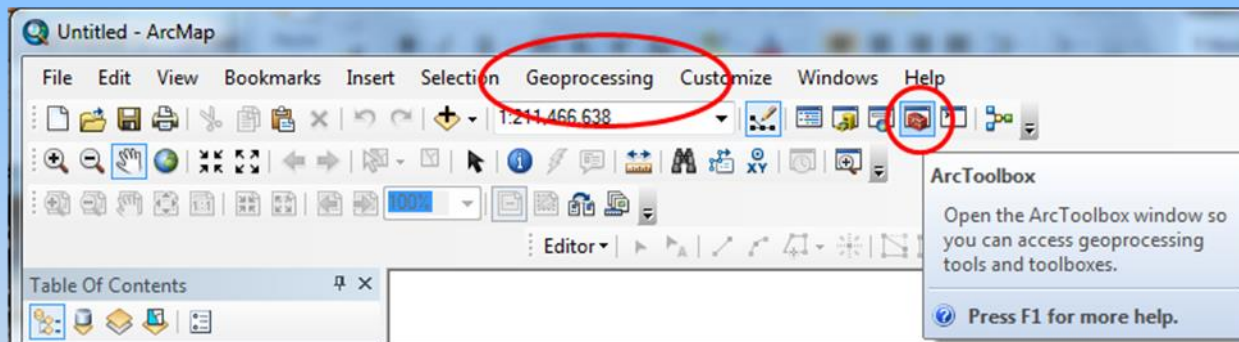
- Open Geospatial Consortium (OGC)
- Various service end points, accessible from ArcGIS
- Web Map Service (WMS) examples
  - The latest TRMM precipitation image: [http://disc1.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/wms\\_trmm?VERSION=1.1.1&SERVICE=WMS&REQUEST=GetMap&LAYERS=TRMM\\_3B42\\_V7\\_Daily&STYLES=&SRS=EPSG:4326&BBOX=-180,-50,180,50&WIDTH=1440&HEIGHT=400&FORMAT=image/png](http://disc1.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/wms_trmm?VERSION=1.1.1&SERVICE=WMS&REQUEST=GetMap&LAYERS=TRMM_3B42_V7_Daily&STYLES=&SRS=EPSG:4326&BBOX=-180,-50,180,50&WIDTH=1440&HEIGHT=400&FORMAT=image/png)
- Web Coverage Service (WCS) examples
  - 2-month OMI NO2 daily time series data in netCDF format: <http://acdisc.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/wcsL3?request=getCoverage&version=1.0.0&service=WCS&bbox=-179.875,-89.895,179.875,89.875&CRS=EPSG:4326&resx=0.25&resy=0.25&format=netCDF&time=2015-05-01/2015-06-30&coverage=OMNO2d:ColumnAmountNO2>
  - 10-year AIRS Ozone monthly time series: [http://acdisc.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/wcsAIRSL3?request=getCoverage&version=1.0.0&service=WCS&bbox=-179.5,-89.5,179.5,89.5&CRS=EPSG:4326&resx=1.0&resy=1.0&format=netCDF&time=2005-01/2014-12&coverage=AIRS3STM:TotCO\\_D](http://acdisc.sci.gsfc.nasa.gov/daac-bin/wcsAIRSL3?request=getCoverage&version=1.0.0&service=WCS&bbox=-179.5,-89.5,179.5,89.5&CRS=EPSG:4326&resx=1.0&resy=1.0&format=netCDF&time=2005-01/2014-12&coverage=AIRS3STM:TotCO_D)

# Service Cookbook

- Step-by-step instructions, with working examples, on accessing, manipulating, visualizing, and analyzing GES DISC data:
  - [How to Import Gridded Data in NetCDF Format into ArcGIS](#)
  - [How to Import Satellite Swath Data in NetCDF Format into ArcGIS](#)
  - [How to Define and Visualize Time Dimension in ArcGIS](#)
  - [How to Import HDF5-formatted IMERG GPM Precipitation Data into ArcGIS](#)
  - [How to Define Vertical Dimension in ArcMap](#)
  - [Many more ...](#)

# Service Cookbook Example

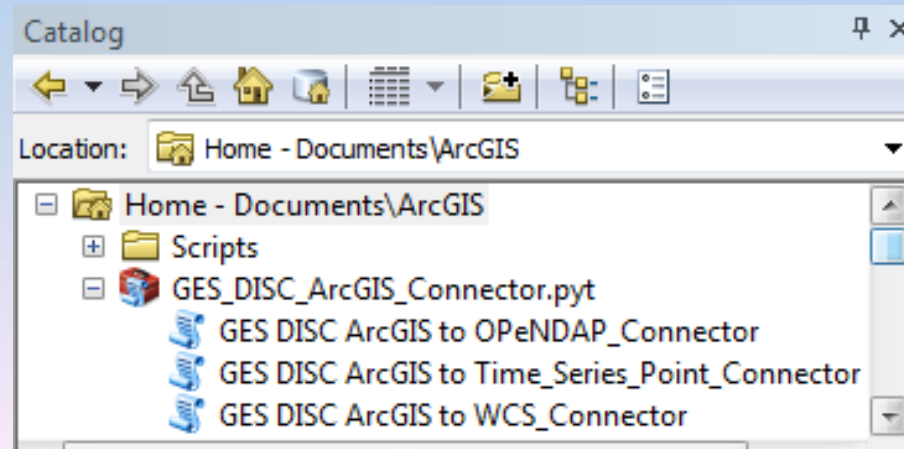
- How to Import Gridded Data in NetCDF Format into ArcGIS
- Include overview, use scenario, procedures with screen copy of each step, and discussion.





# The ArcGIS Data Connector Toolbox

- Simplify the steps of getting GES DISC data and importing into ArcGIS
- Add/import selected data into ArcMap without additional steps
- Include three separate connectors to OPeNDAP, WCS, and Time Series services



# The ArcGIS Data Connector Toolbox

- Select variables, time range and point position or bounding box
- Click Ok to have data downloaded as well as added to ArcMap

**Land\_Surface\_Time\_Series\_Point\_Data**

Name of the Data Product To Request  
NLDAS\_NOAH0125\_H: NOAH model North America Land Data Assimilation Syst

Variable(s) To Request

- 10-40\_cm\_soil\_moisture\_content
- 0-200\_cm\_soil\_moisture\_content
- 0-100\_cm\_top\_1\_meter\_soil\_moisture\_content
- Total\_evapotranspiration
- 100-200\_cm\_soil\_moisture\_content
- 40-100\_cm\_soil\_moisture\_content
- Surface\_runoff\_(non-infiltrating)
- 0-10\_cm\_soil\_moisture\_content
- 0-10\_cm\_soil\_temperature

Select All Unselect All Add Value

Longitude-Latitude coordinates in Decimal Degrees  
X Coordinate Y Coordinate

-97.38	
-100.125 37.625	
-101.38 36.55	

Start date in y m [d h]  
1979 1 2 1

End date in y m [d h]  
2014 10 10 23

Output folder, default to scratch or current workspace (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

**GES DISC ArcGIS to OPeNDAP\_Connector**

Name of the Data Product To Request  
NLDAS\_FORA0125\_H: North America Land Data Assimilation System Forcing A product

Variable(s) To Request

- Precipitation\_hourly\_tatol
- 2-m\_above\_ground\_temperature
- Fraction\_of\_total\_precipitation\_that\_is\_convective
- Convective\_available\_potential\_energy
- Surface\_Pressure
- Zonal\_wind\_speed
- Meridional\_wind\_speed
- Downward\_shortwave\_radiation\_flux
- Downward longwave radiation flux

Select All Unselect All Add Value

Longitude-Latitude coordinates in Decimal Degrees  
Y Maximum  
53.000000

X Minimum X Maximum  
-125.000000 -67.000000

Y Minimum  
25.000000 Clear

Start date in y m [d h]  
1980 1 1 22 (Min: 1980 1 1 22; Max time extent: 10 days)

End date in y m [d h]  
2014 10 10 23 (Max time extent: 10 days)

Output folder, default to scratch or current workspace (optional)

OK Cancel Environments... Show Help >>

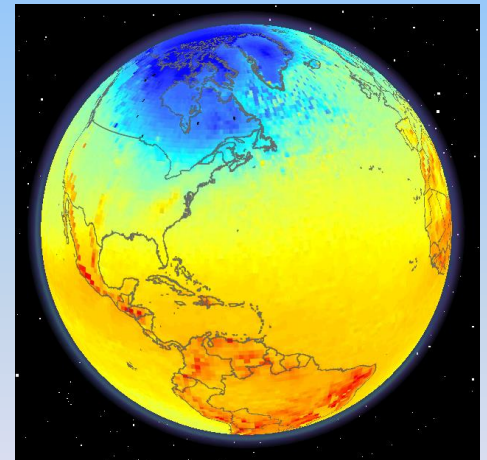
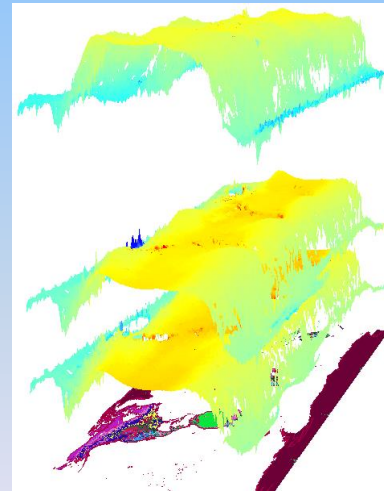
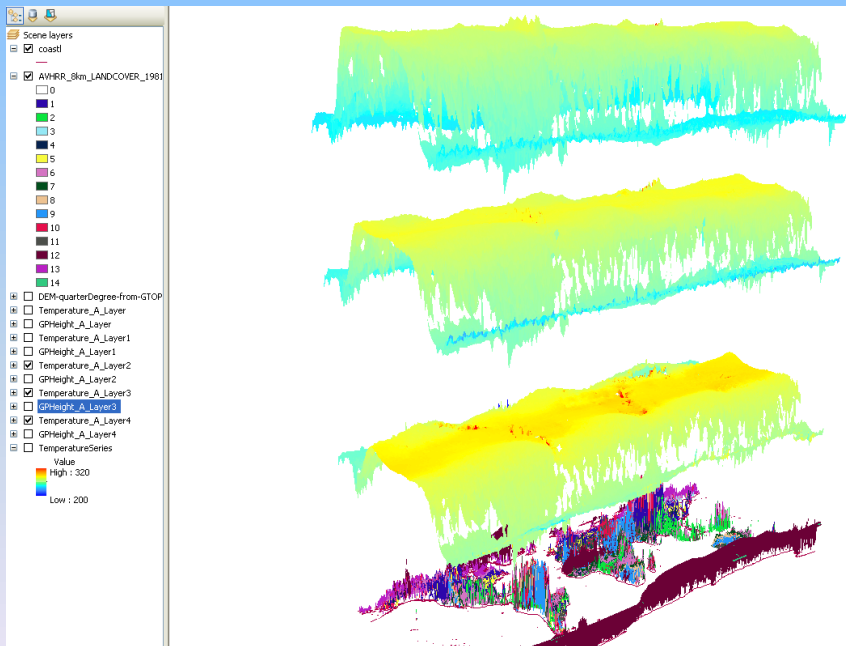
# GES DISC Data / ArcGIS

## Use Case Examples

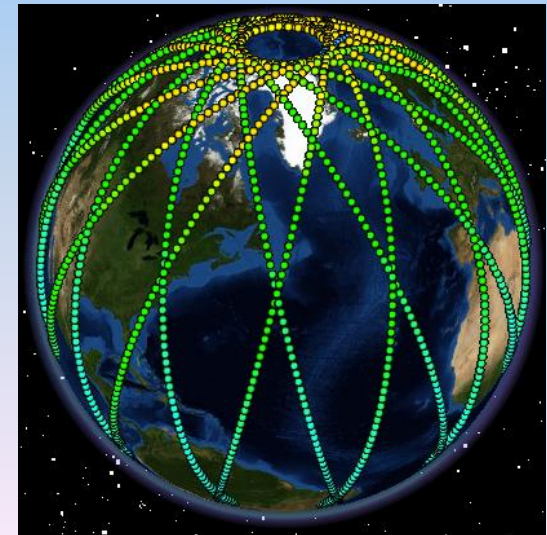
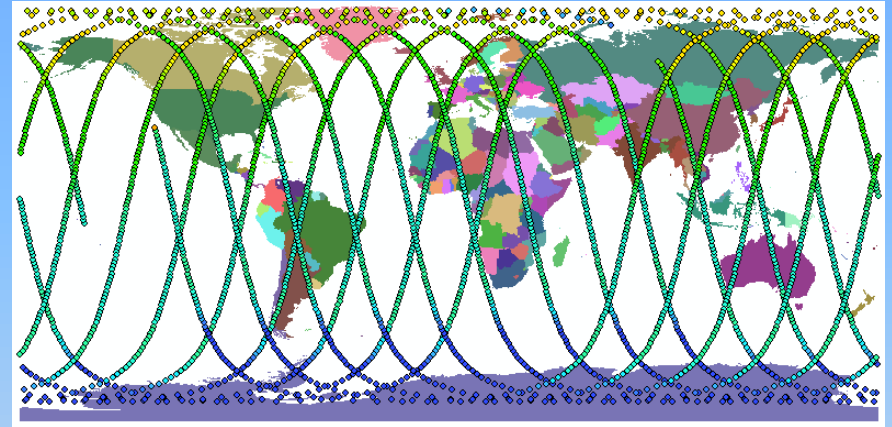
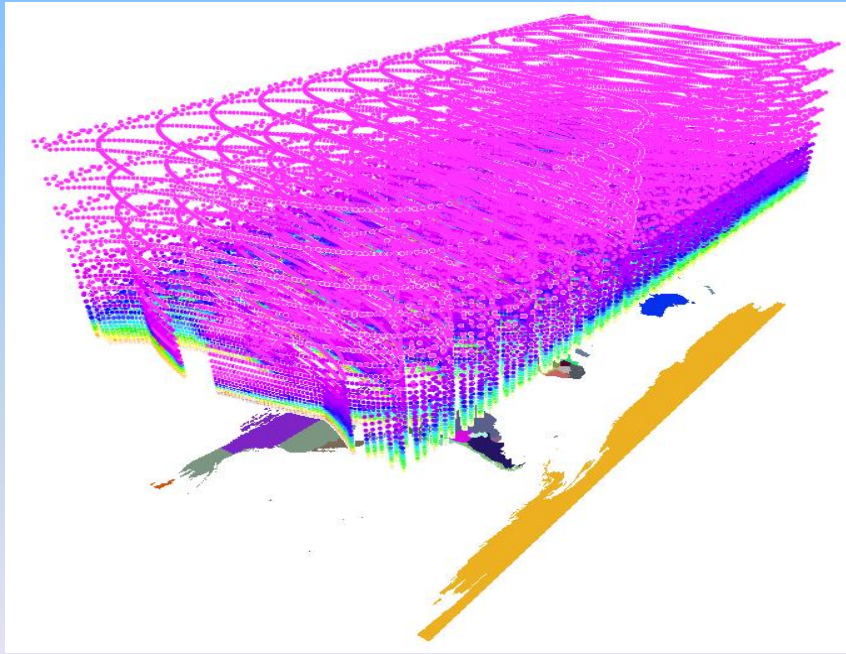
- 3D and vertical profile data visualization
- East Africa drought between 2010 and 2011
- Global air quality in the past decade

# Three-Dimensional Data Visualization

- Many GES DISC data products contains 3D variables, with the vertical variables also changing across space, e.g.  $\text{airTemperature}(\text{layer}, y, x)$  and  $\text{Height}(\text{layer}, y, x)$ .



# Vertical Profile Visualization



# East Africa Drought Study: Background

- From the late spring of 2010 to the summer of 2011, the Horn of Africa suffered a severe and prolonged drought, which caused more than 10 million people in need for food and clean water.
- The precipitation deficit was well captured by the TRMM data archived at GES DISC.
- ArcGIS was used to map and visualize watershed level precipitation anomalies and the response of vegetation, as shown in the NASA MODIS normalized vegetation index images, to the water deficit.

# East Africa Drought Study: Method

- Watershed data, obtained from USGS, were dissolved to level 3 water basins.
- TRMM daily precipitations were composited to 16-day total precipitation in corresponding to MODIS 16-day NDVI composites.
- Time series of Precipitation and NDVI were constructed from July 2002 to December 2011.
- Zonal statistics were performed to obtain mean NDVI and precipitation for each water basin.

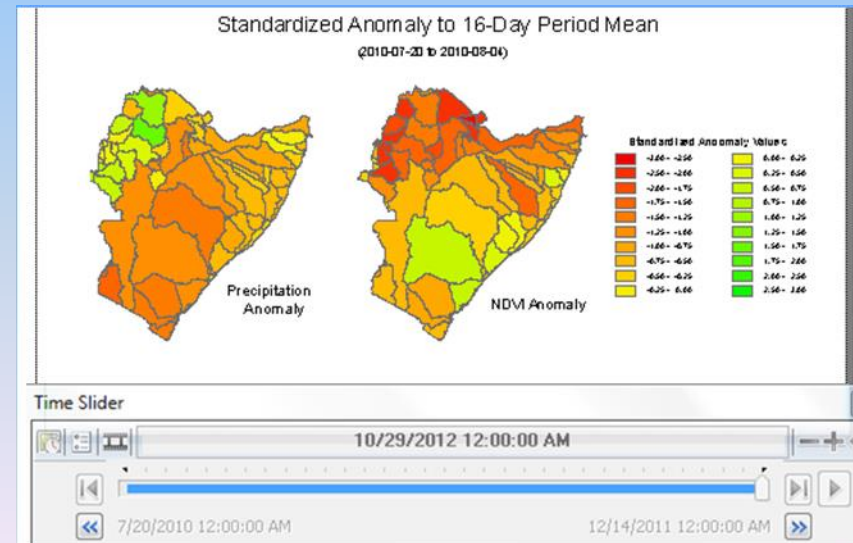
# East Africa Drought: Method

- Standard anomalies for each 16-day period computed:

$$a = (x - m) / s$$

- $a$ : standardized anomaly,
- $m$ : long term mean (between 2002 and 2011)
- $s$ : standard deviation to the long term mean
- $x$ : precipitation or NDVI value for a given 16-day period

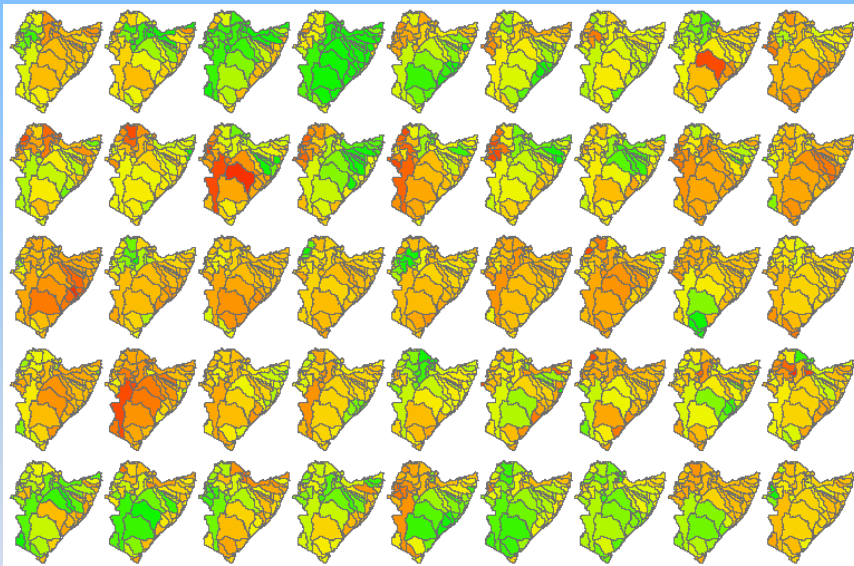
- Correlation analyses between precipitation and NDVI were performed.
- Time series were visualized in ArcMap.



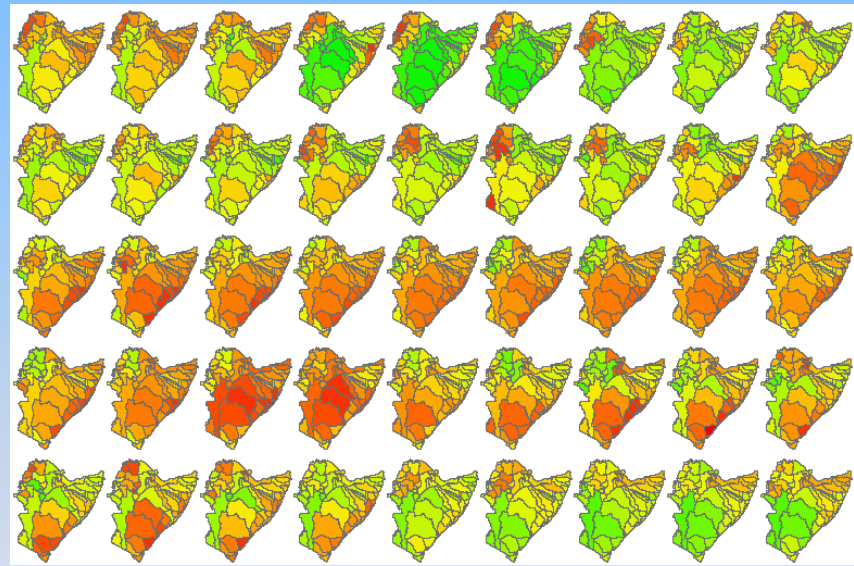


# East Africa Drought: Results

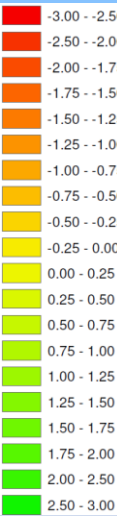
- 16-day composites of precipitation and NDVI from January 2010 to December 2011



TRMM precipitation

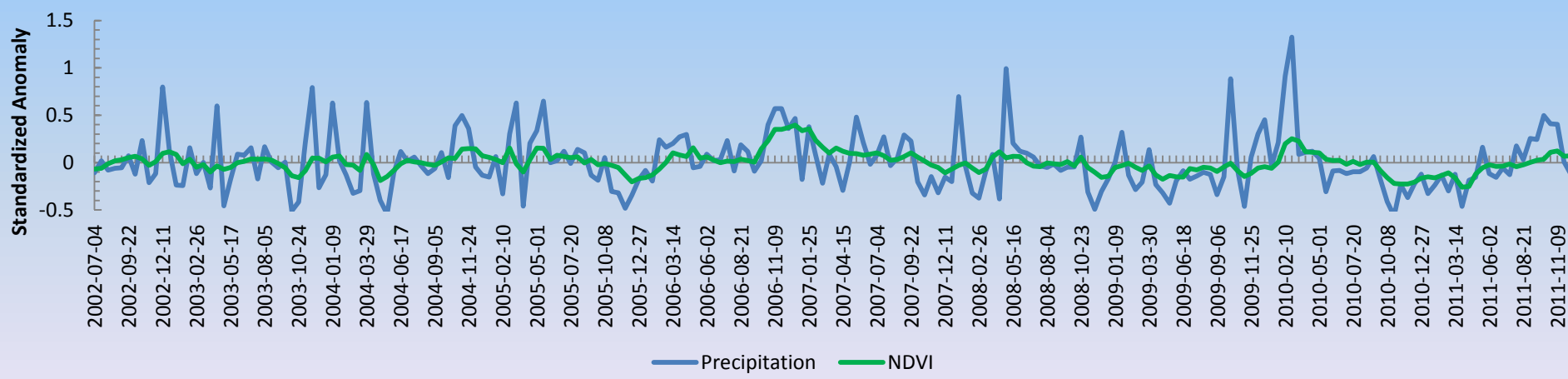


MODIS NDVI



# East Africa Drought: Results

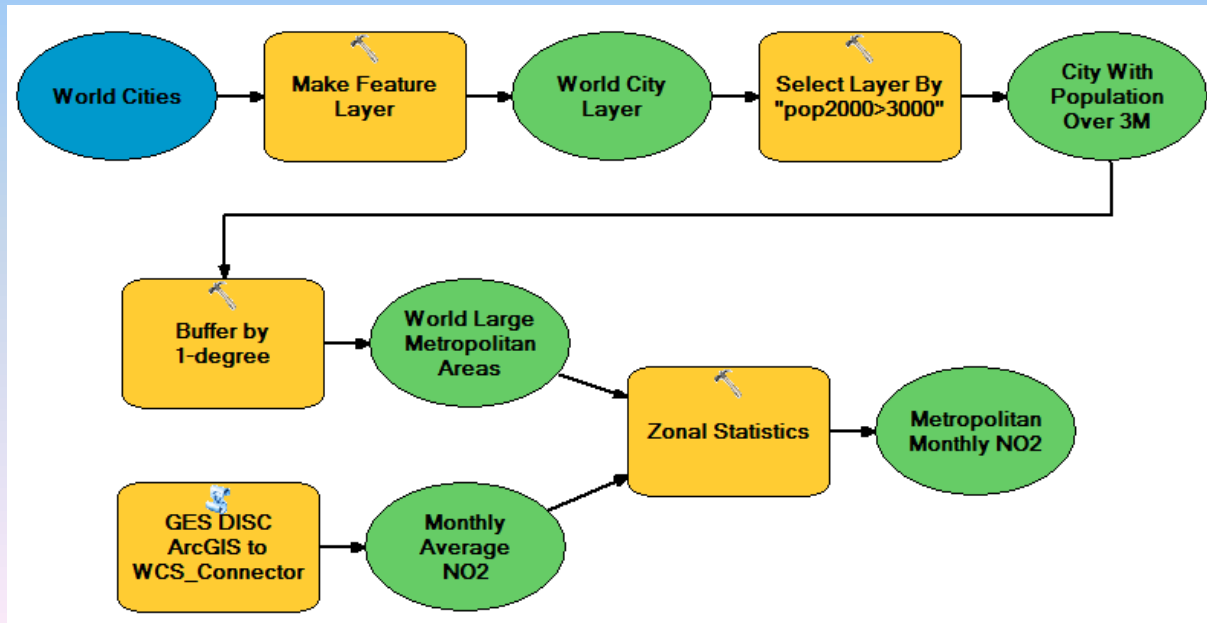
- All water basins exhibit statistically significant precipitation/vegetation correlation when one or two 16-day period lags are applied to vegetation, indicating that the vegetation in this area generally responds to precipitation within about two to four weeks



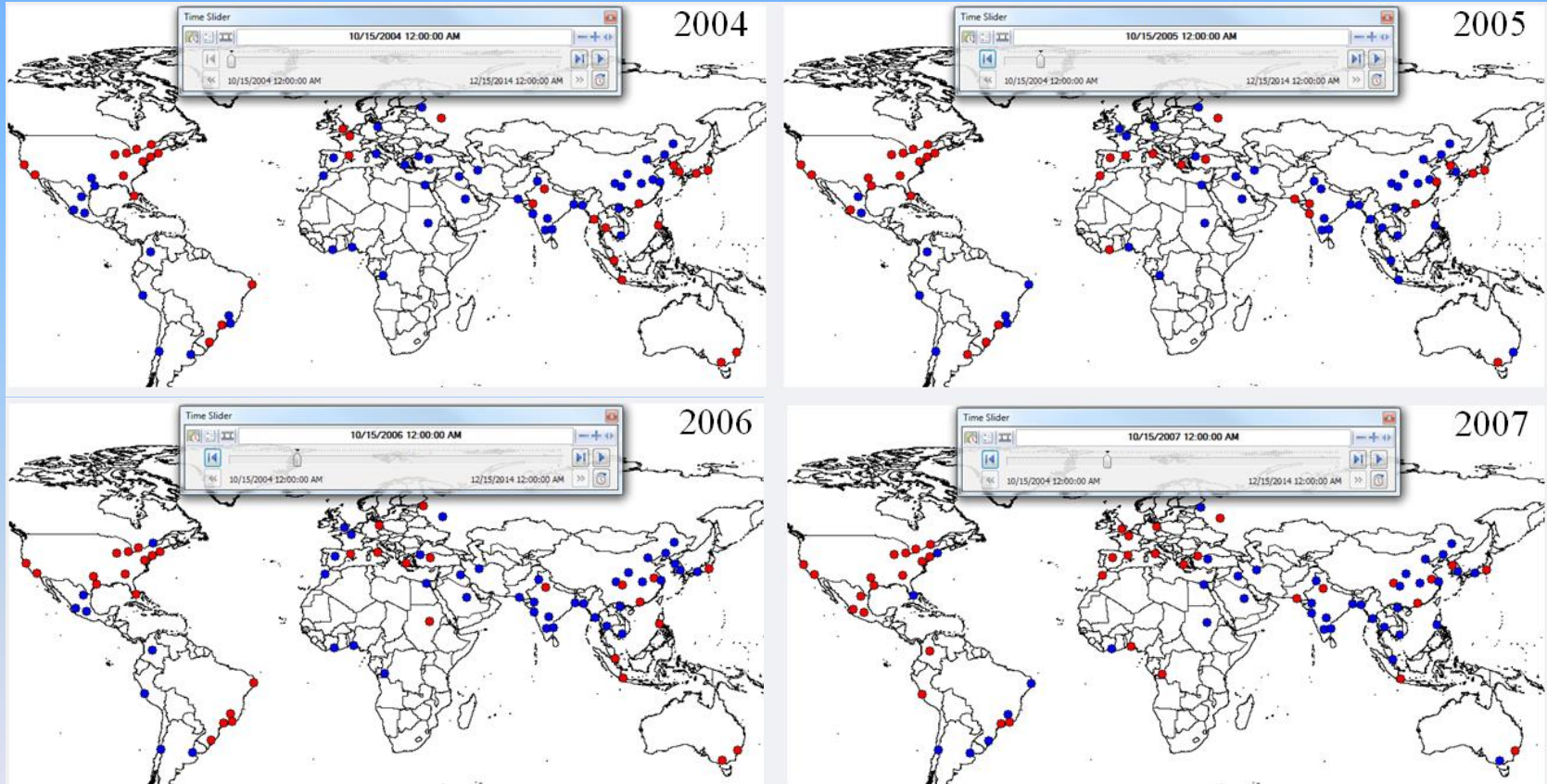
Precipitation vs NDVI anomalies with NDVI lagging one 16-day period

# Air Quality Changes over the World Large Metropolitan Areas

- Visualizing nitrogen dioxide ( $\text{NO}_2$ ) concentration over the world's largest metropolitan areas in ArcMap for the past decade.
- The tropospheric  $\text{NO}_2$  is derived from the NASA Ozone Mapping Instrument (OMI) measurement.

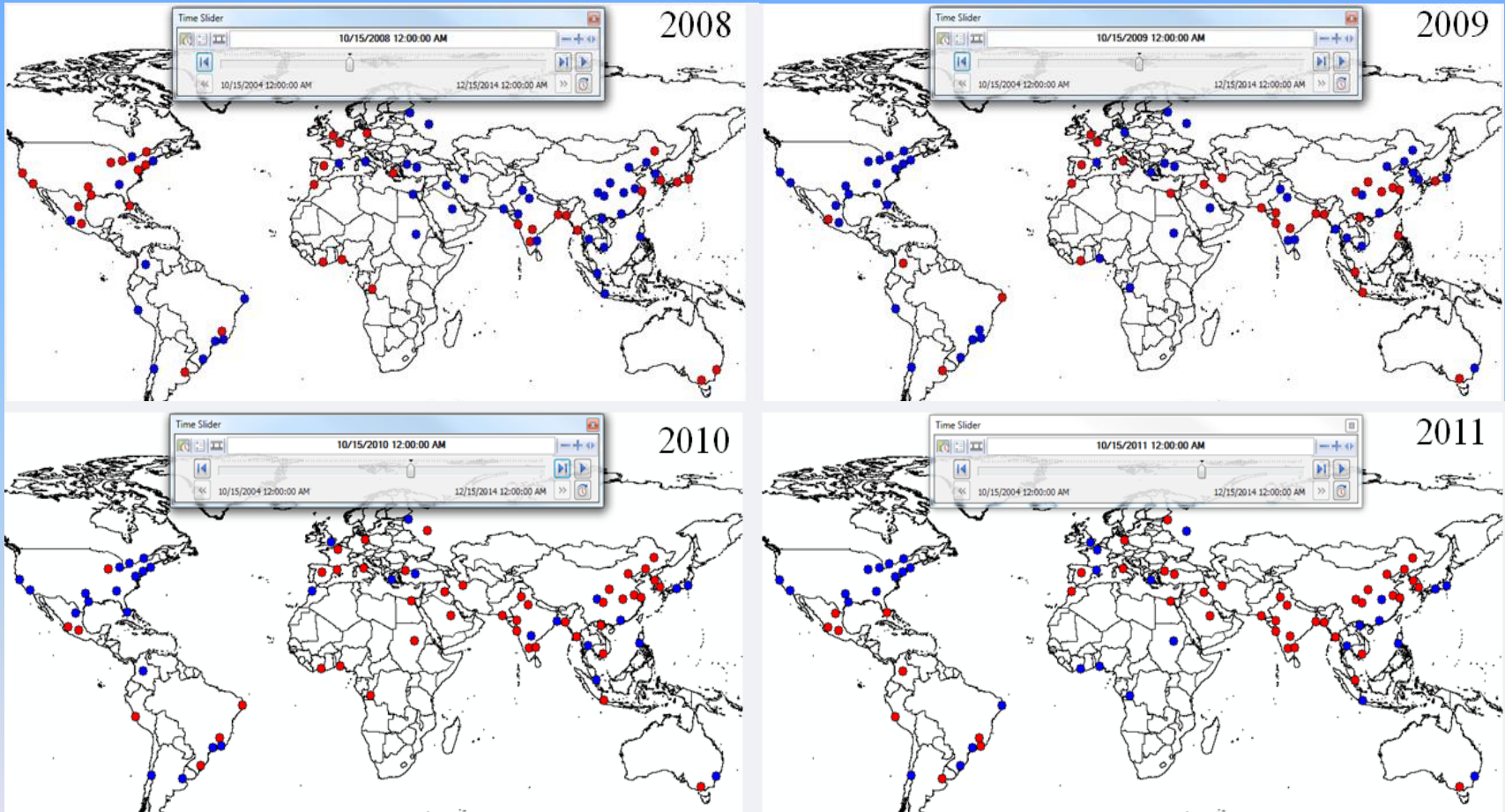


# 2004 to 2007



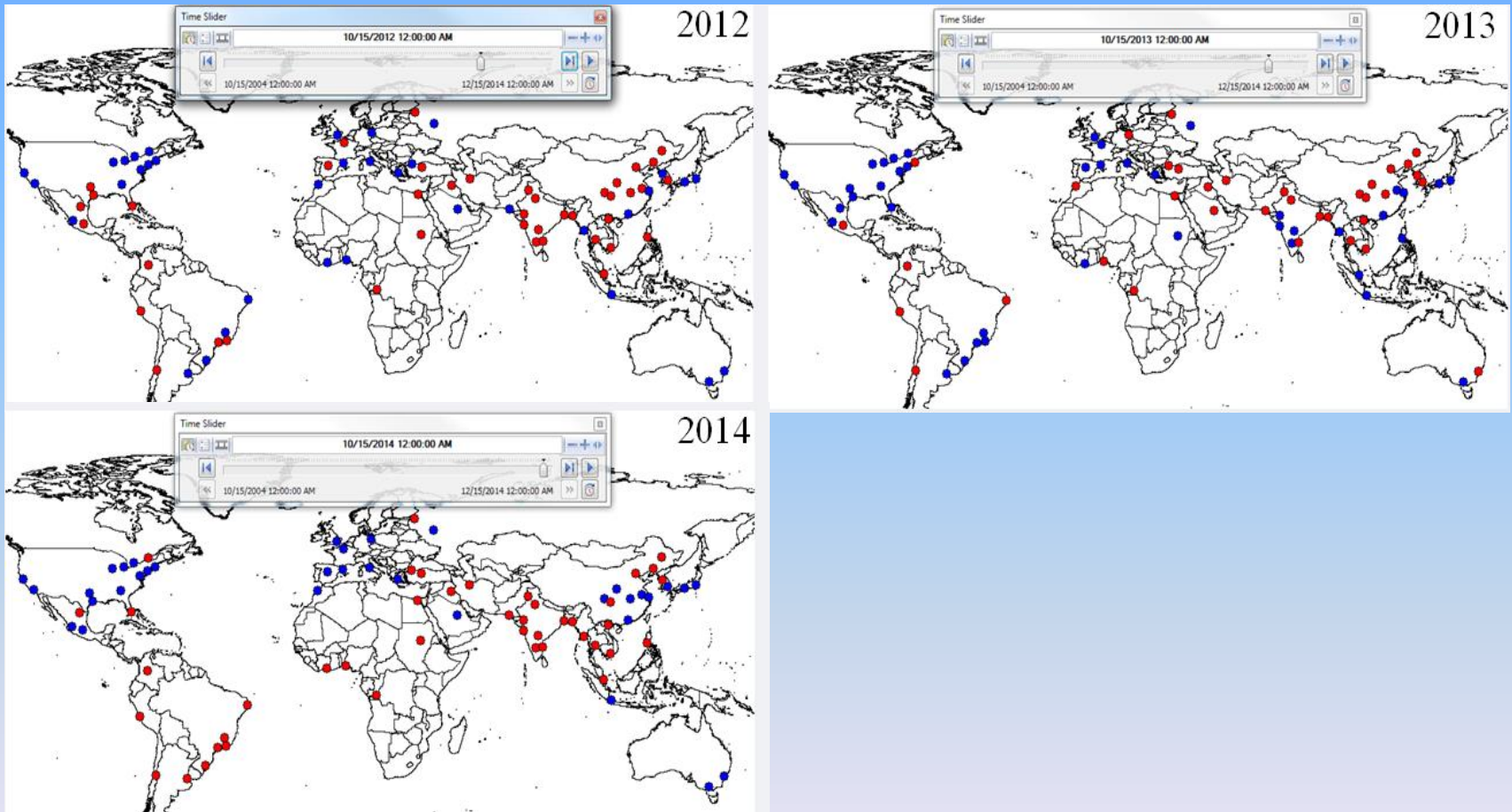
Red: positive anomaly; Blue: negative anomaly

# 2008 to 2011



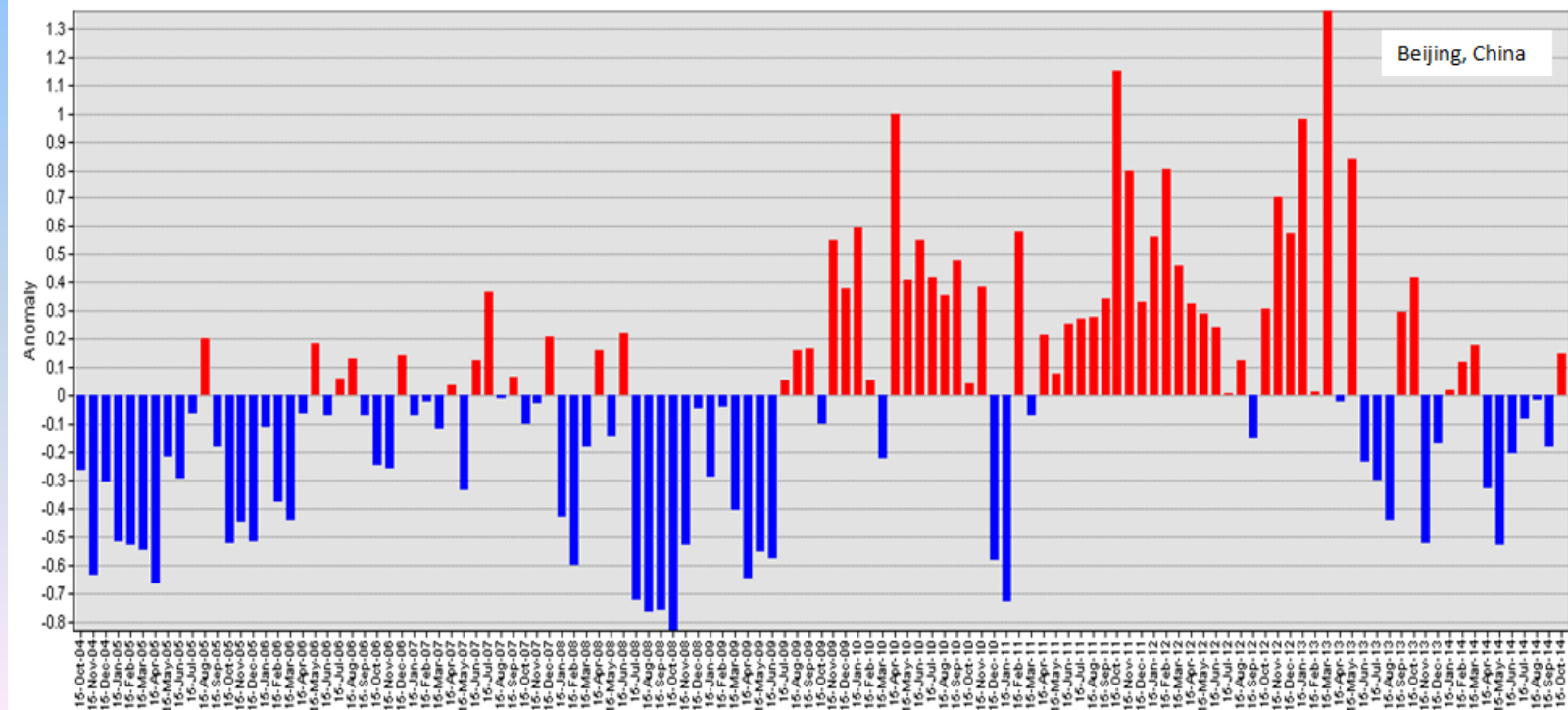
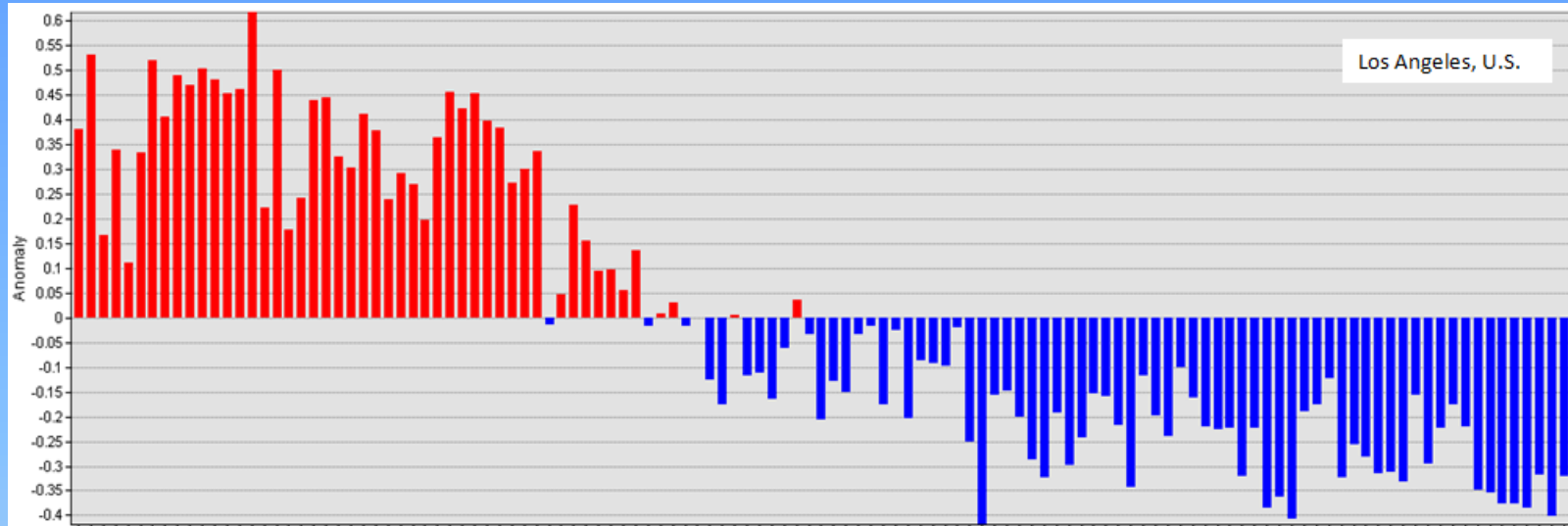
Red: positive anomaly; Blue: negative anomaly

# 2012 to 2014

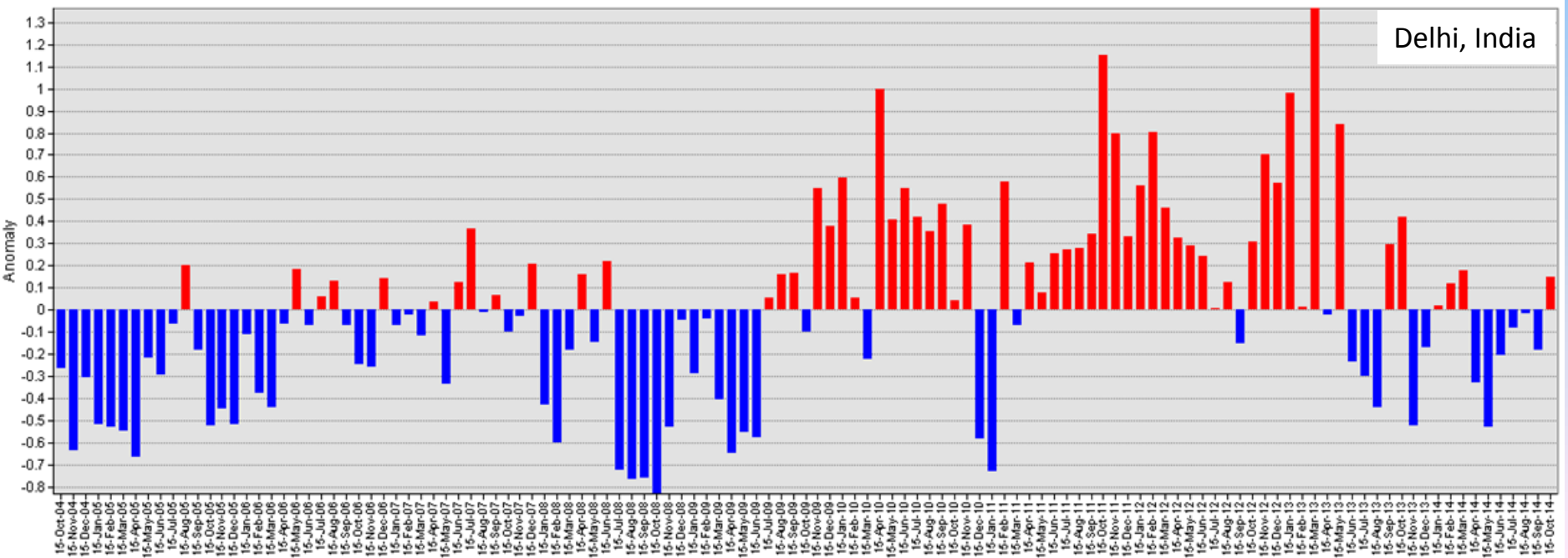
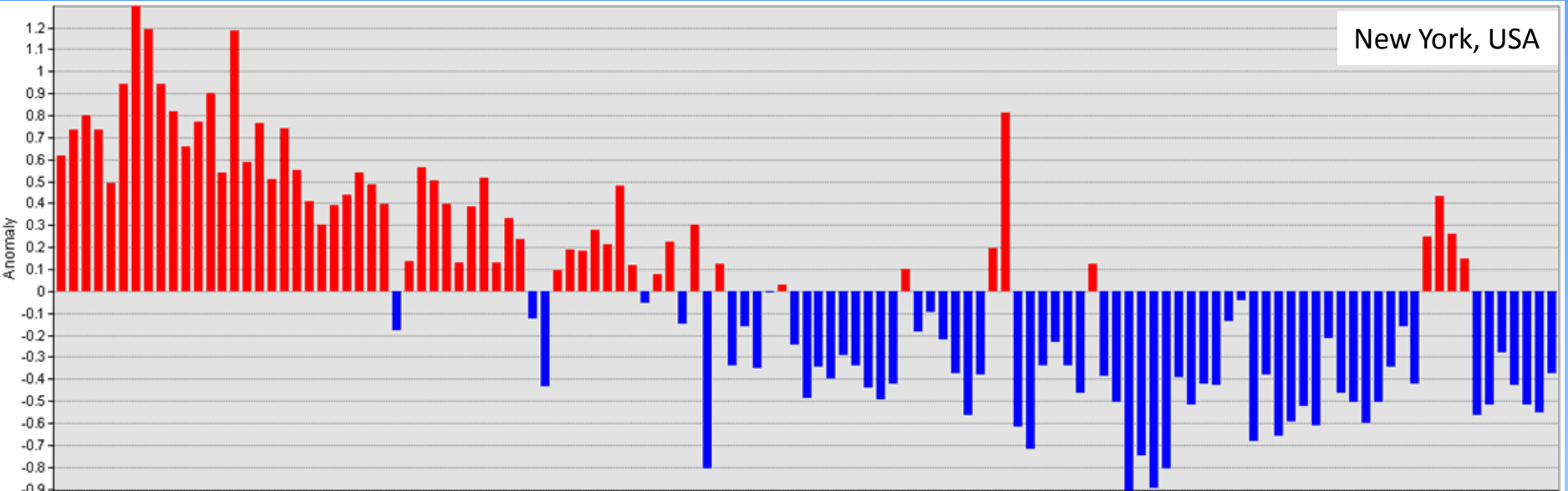


Red: positive anomaly; Blue: negative anomaly

# Los Angeles vs Beijing



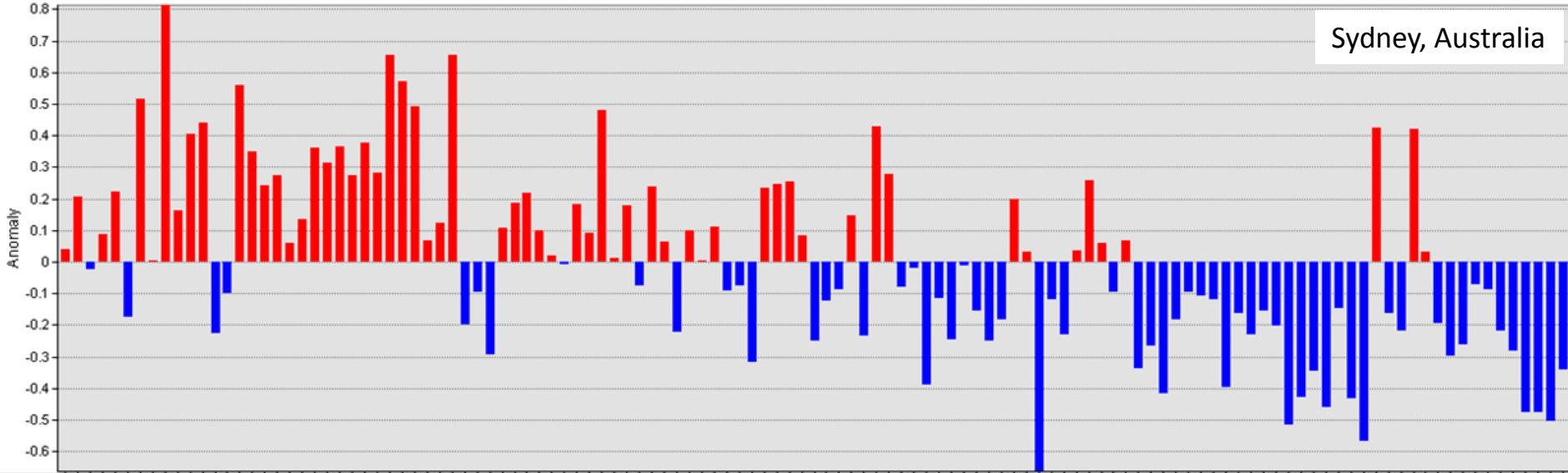
# New York vs Delhi



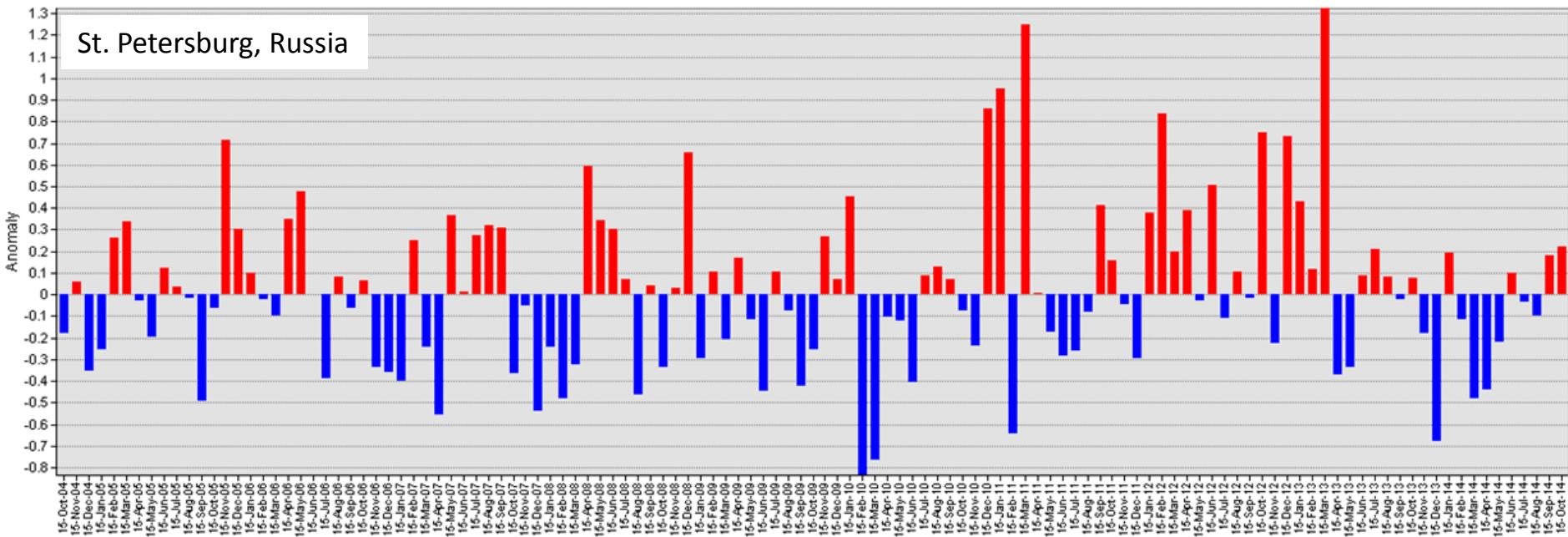


# Sydney vs St. Petersburg

Sydney, Australia



St. Petersburg, Russia



# Summary

- GES DISC archives a vast volume of diversified Earth Science data highly relevant to GIS.
- The user friendly data and information service capabilities at GES DISC enables GIS users easily searching and accessing its GIS data.
- GES DISC data can be readily visualized and analyzed in ArcGIS for a wide range of GIS/remote sensing research, education, and applications.