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### **Recent Advances in the LEWICE Icing Model**

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## Outline

- Thermal Model Modifications
- Thermal Model Validation
  - Comparison with Thermal Scaling Data
- Conclusions from Thermal Analysis
- Mixed Phase Additions
- Mixed Phase Calibration
  - Comparison with RatFac Data
- Conclusions From Ice Crystal Analysis

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### **Thermal Model Additions**

• Myers Water Film Model

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left[ \frac{h^3}{3\mu_w} \left( \sigma \frac{\partial^3 h}{\partial x^3} + G_3 \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} - G_1 \right) + \tau_w \frac{h^2}{2\mu_w} \right] = \frac{\rho_a}{\rho_w} \beta V_{\infty}$$

• Surface Water Shedding Model (calibrated)

$$\frac{\dot{m}_{shed}}{\dot{m}_{runback,in}} = \frac{We - We_c}{We} \qquad We = \frac{\rho_a V_a^2 x_k}{\sigma} \qquad We_c = 200 + 5 * 10^5 x_k$$

- Enhanced Evaporation
  - Chilton-Colburn analogy underestimates evaporation rate by 30%





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#### **Process for Comparison**

- Determine Internal Heat Transfer Coefficient from Dry Cases
  - All Cases Use Same Coefficients

$$Nu = 0.004 \,\text{Re}\,\text{Pr}^{\frac{1}{3}} \left(\frac{z_n}{d_h}\right)^{-0.22} \left(\frac{x}{d_h}\right)^{-0.38}$$

- External Heat Transfer Coefficient is Forced Laminar Where There is No Ice
- Run All Dry Cases To Ensure Correlation Matches
- Run Wet Cases for Validation





#### **Conditions Used For Thermal Comparison**

Case	P(Pa)	V(m/s)	T(K)	LWC	MVD	AOA	t(min)
Warm Hold(Ref)	57295	92.7	264.5	0.5	20	0	7
Warm Hold(Scale)	98525	54.3	266.9	0.85	27.8	0	7
Descent(Ref)	69981	92.7	253.1	0.15	20	0	7
Descent(Scale)	97422	66.8	254.9	0.21	24.5	0	7
Cold Hold(Ref)	57295	92.7	247.4	0.15	20	0	10
Cold Hold(Scale)	98318	54.6	245.5	0.25	27.8	0	10

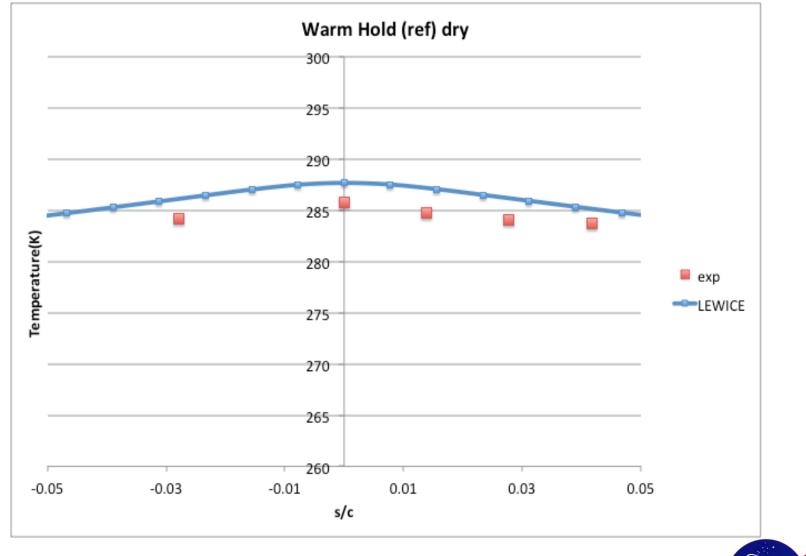
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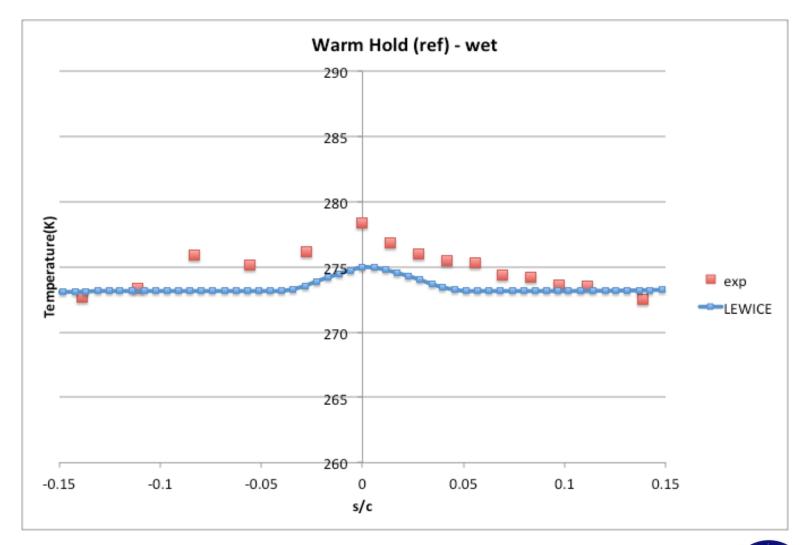
## Warm Hold (Ref) - Dry



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## Warm Hold (ref) - Wet

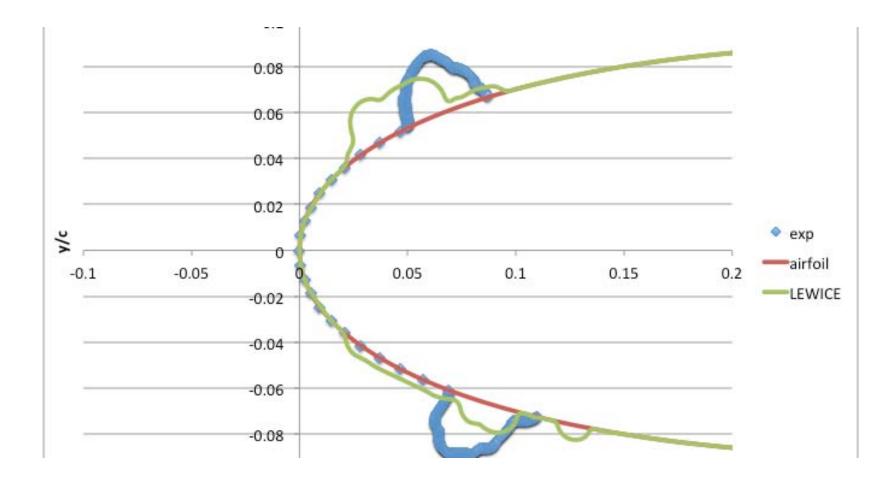


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#### Warm Hold (Ref) Ice Shape Comparison



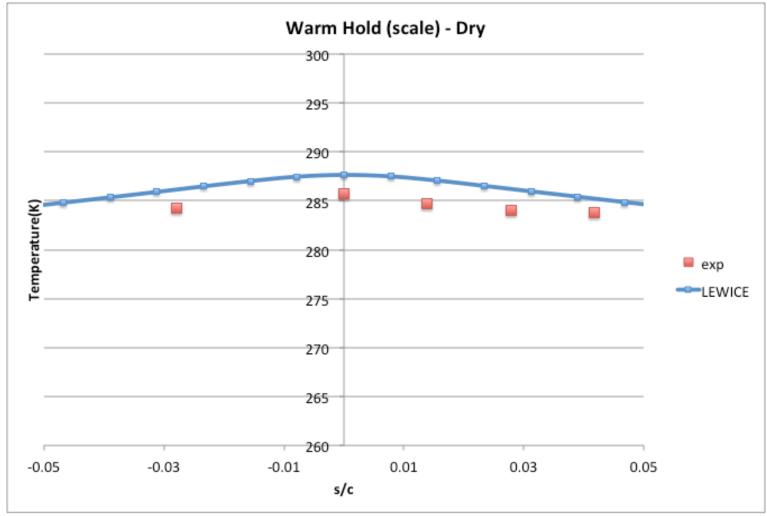
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## Warm Hold (Re Scale) - Dry

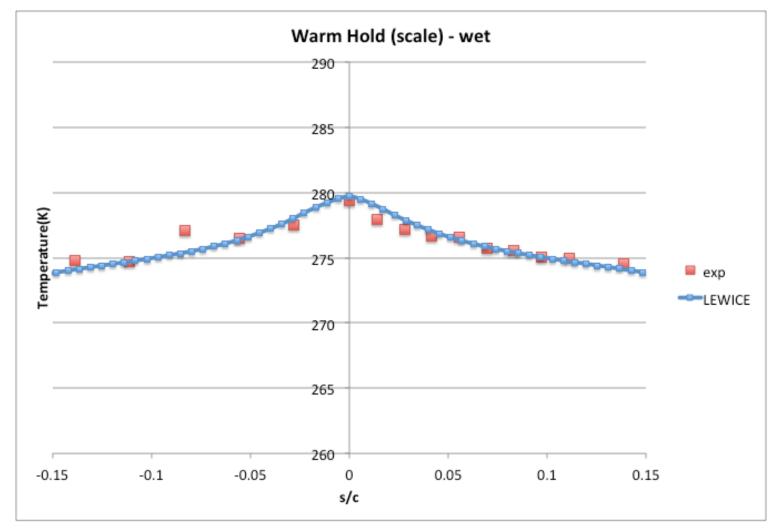


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## Warm Hold (Re Scale) - Wet



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### Warm Hold (Re Scale) Ice Shape

• No Ice from Experiment nor from LEWICE

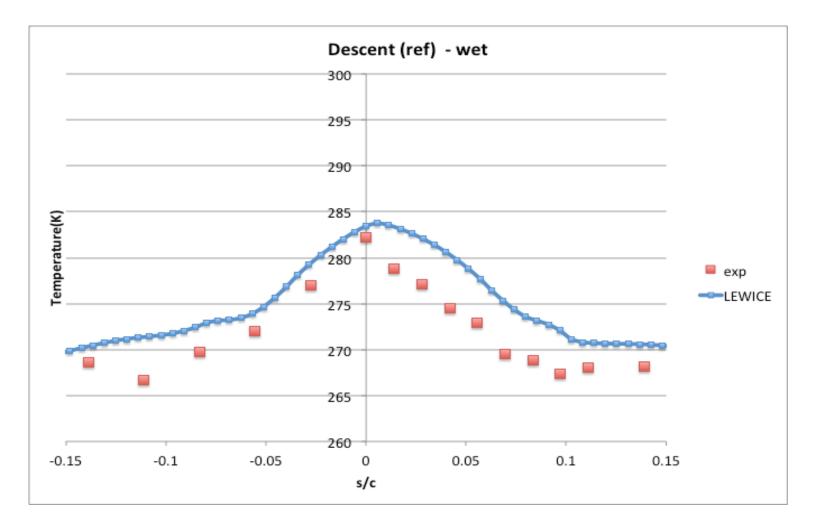


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### **Descent (Ref)**



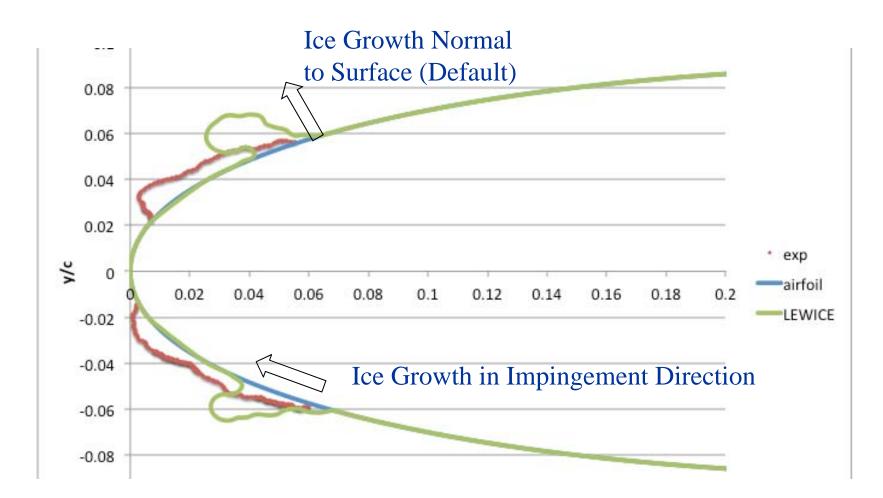




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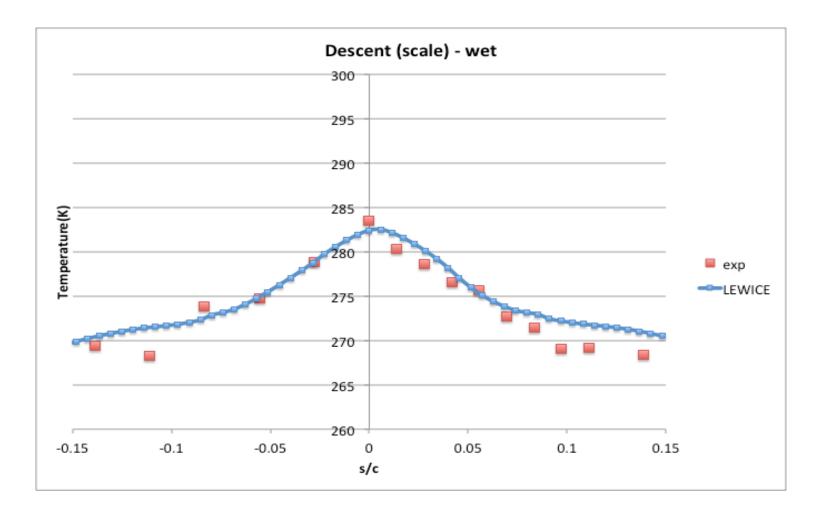
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### **Descent (Ref)**





### **Descent (Re Scale)**



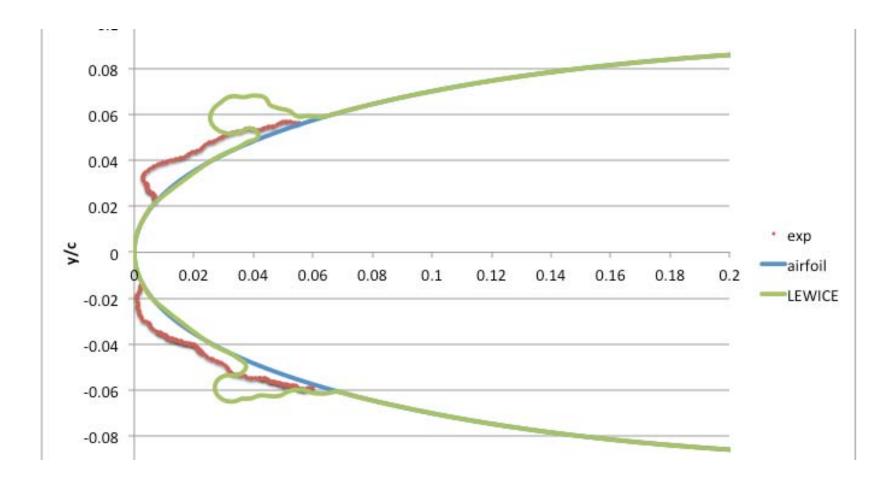




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#### **Descent (Re Scale)**



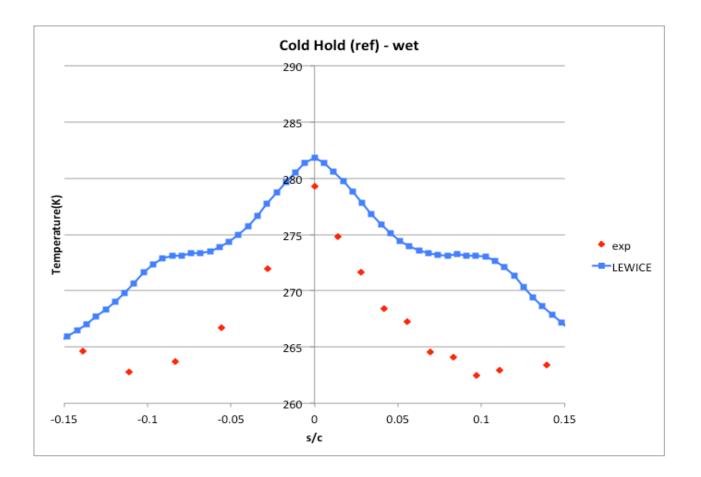




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## Cold Hold (Ref) - wet



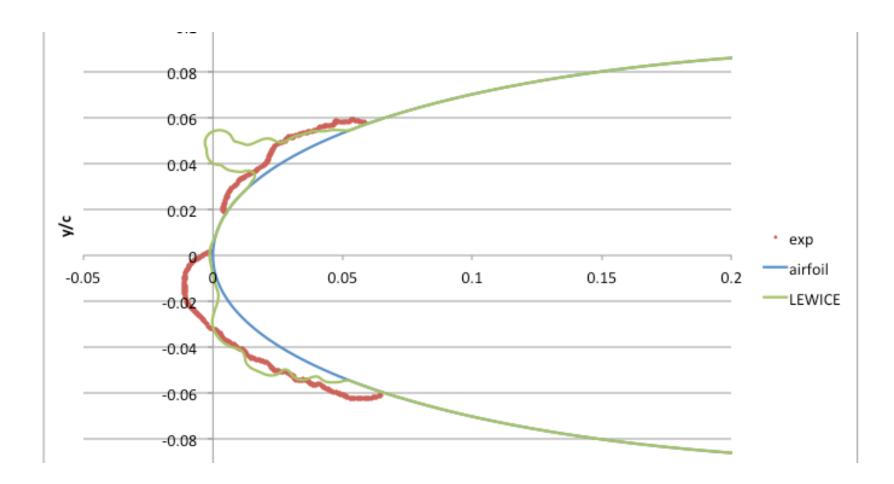




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### Cold Hold (Ref)



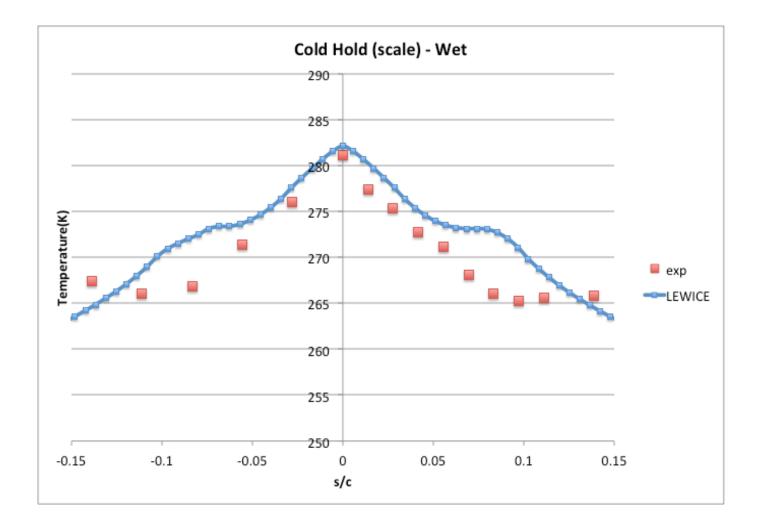
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## Cold Hold (Re Scale) - wet

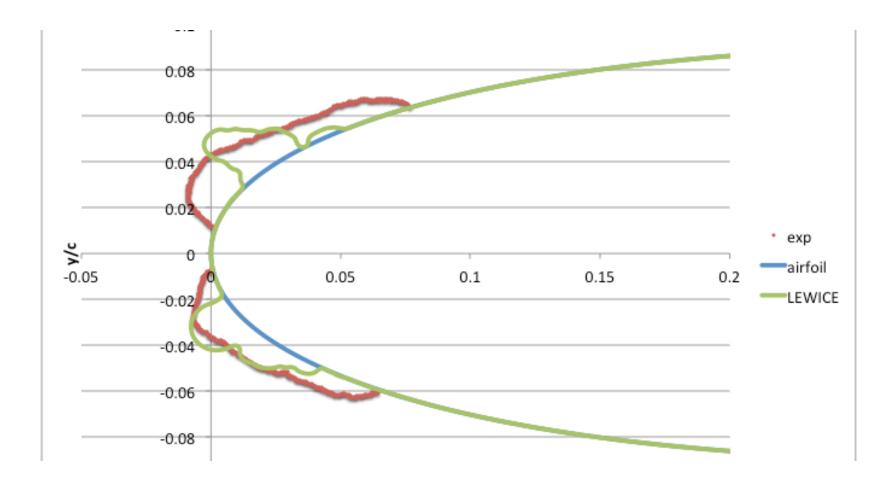




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### **Cold Hold (Re Scale)**





### **Observations from Thermal Analysis**

- Temperature Prediction is Very Good to Excellent for Most Cases
- Warm Hold Cases Show Predicted Runback Ice Forward of Experiment
  - Peak Ice Thickness Higher for LEWICE
- Descent and Cold Show Predicted Runback Ice Forms
  Slightly Behind Experiment
  - Peak Thickness Higher for LEWICE, Especially Upper Surface
- Ice in Experiment Grows Toward Leading Edge While LEWICE always grows Ice Normal to Surface
- Further Refinement of Runback Model May Be Necessary
- External Heat Transfer Coefficients for Residual Ice Shapes Need to Be Separately Validated





### Ice Breakup Model

• Breakup Threshold (Hauk)

$$V_{imp} \ge \frac{0.45}{\sin \alpha \sqrt{d}}$$

• Sticking Efficiency (Currie)

$$\frac{m_b}{m_o} = \left(1 - \xi \cos(\alpha_{imp})\right) \left(0.57 + 7.5 * 10^{-4} \left[V_{imp} \cos(\alpha_{imp})\right]^{1.5}\right)$$

$$\xi = -0.1425 + 47.292TWC - 1979.167TWC^2$$

- For TWC < 0.12 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and  $\xi$  = 0.14 for TWC > 0.12

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### **Conditions for Ice Crystal Comparison**

Airfoil	Scan#	Р	V	Т	Sh	LWC	IWC	AOA	t(m)
Wedge	889	6.5	87.4	12.7	8.3	1.4	4.4	-6	3
Wedge	996	10	83.9	4.3	5.6	1.3	6.9	-6	3.5
Wedge	1003	10	84.1	3.8	5.2	1.9	7.3	-6	3.5
NACA 0012	796	6.5	86.2	7.2	5.9	0.6	4.9	0	3

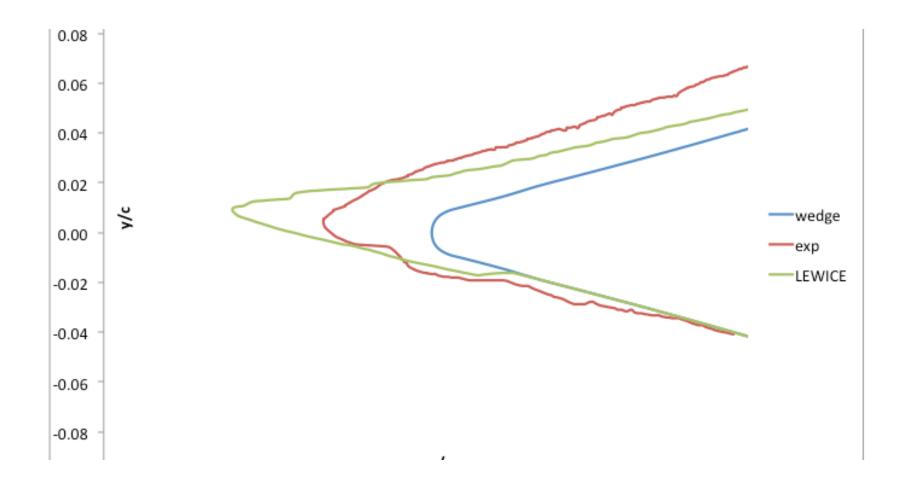
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#### **Ice Shape Prediction for Scan 996**



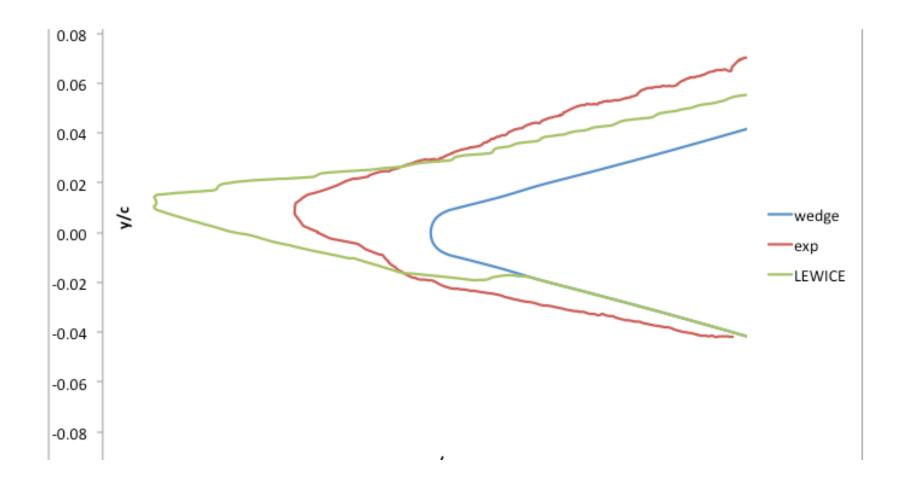
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#### **Ice Shape Prediction for Scan 1003**



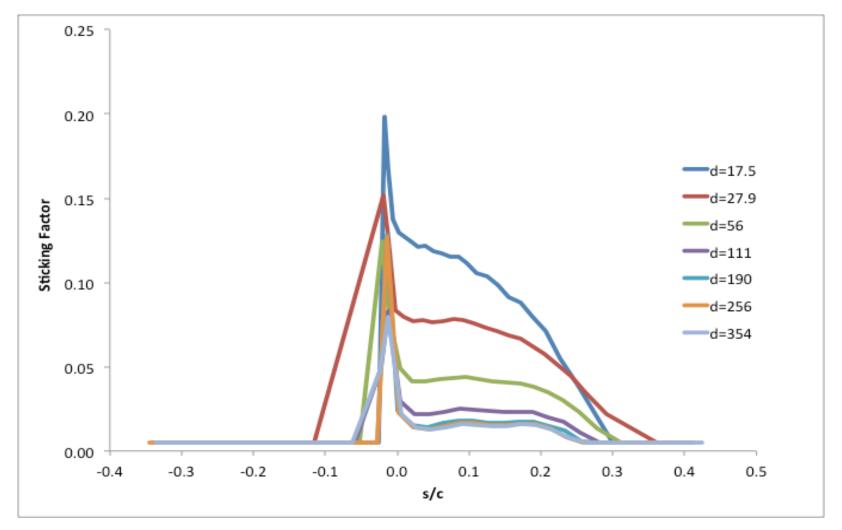
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### Sticking Efficiency on Wedge at Various Particle Sizes

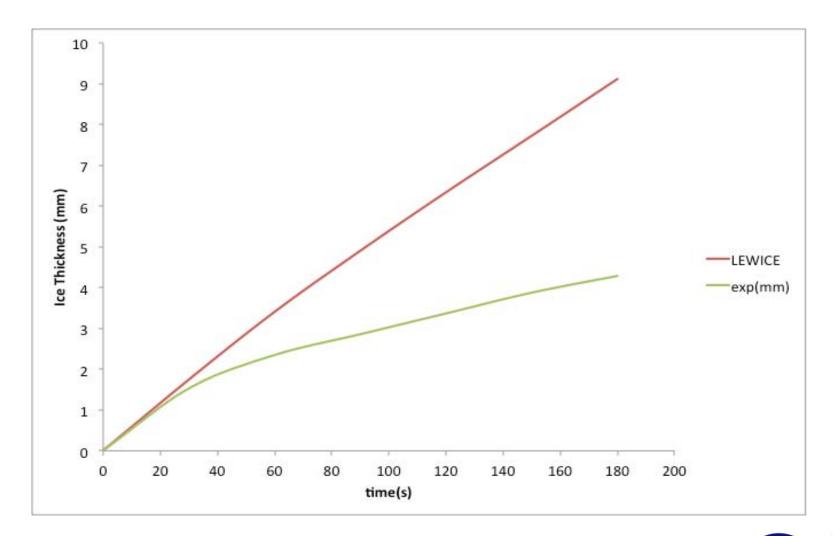


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### Ice Thickness Prediction for Scan 796 (NACA0012)



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#### **Observations from Ice Crystal Comparison**

- Peak Thickness is Over Predicted by LEWICE while Extent is Under Predicted
  - Additional Erosion Effects may be Needed
  - Improved Model for Reimpingement of Ice Crystals
- Additional Data is Needed to Complete Model





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