

# EMI / EMC Design for Class D Payloads (Resource Prospector / NIRVSS)

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Readiness level:
TRL 1-3: Concept
TRL 4-6: Prototype
TRL 7-9: Demonstrated

## NASA Ames Instrumentation Workshop

# Low-noise design is not always costly...

#### Why would a Class D Instrument care about EMI/EMC?

- Resource Prospector = Rover = Drills, motors, high-noise environment
- Good EMI/EMC Performance ~ Measurement insensitivity to noise
- Ames Procedural Requirement (APR 8070.2), Section 4.4.2
- Fixing noise problems is more difficult & costly late in the project cycle

#### What are some low-cost techniques to improve EMI/EMC Performance?

- Document grounding design, know all (or eliminate) loops
- Electrical & mechanical co-design, focus on packaging (minimize slots & seams)
- Shield the major noise sources
- Differential signaling, proper termination, twisted pair & outer cable shields (minimum)
- Power filtering
- Pre-compliance testing at each stage of development

#### What is pre-compliance testing?

- Bench / lab level, "poor man's" EMI characterization (conducted & radiated)
- Equipment: Spectrum analyzer, current probe (~\$1-4k), EMI sniffer probe set (~\$1k)
- Test time: <1 day

### We have used these approaches successfully on the RP NIRVSS Instrument

- Characterized prototype via test, implemented design changes, repeated test
- Improved conducted emissions performance by ~59dB -
- Identified minor design issues that affect emissions

### Next Steps:

- Implemented revision to NIRVSS Power Board, build ETU #2, retest!

Technology / Application

- Put proposal history of instrument here. Use this format:
- 2013: Engineering Development Unit (prototype) built & tested
- Mar 2015 Engineering Test Unit (ETU) #1 built & tested
- Future work (e.g. next proposal): ETU #2 (FY15-16), flight model (FY17?)



#### • POC: Josh Forgione, Code REE

- Email: joshua.b.forgione@nasa.gov
- Phone: 650-604-0686

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