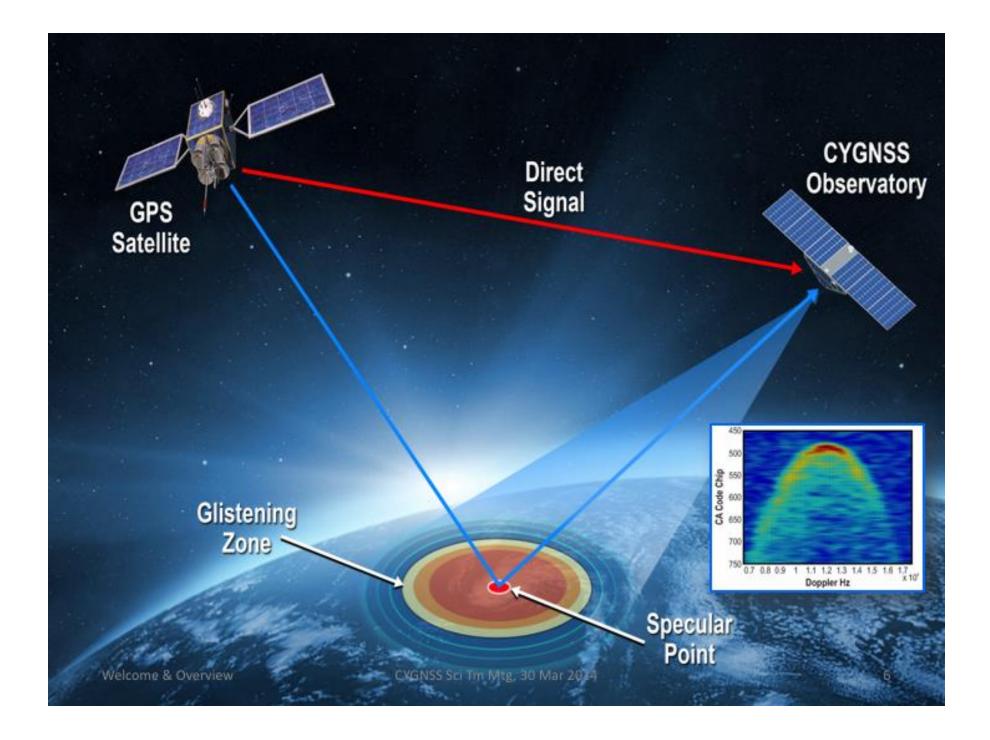
On the use of CYGNSS to observe convectively driven near-surface winds in tropical precipitation systems Timothy J. Lang, Tyler Castillo, Kacie Hoover, John Mecikalski, Xuanli Li, Themis Chronis

AMS Tropical Conference Poster 147

1. Introduction



What is CYGNSS?

The Cyclone Global Navigation Satellite System (CYGNSS) is a NASA Earth Venture Mission project aimed at improving nearsurface wind observations within tropical cyclones.

It consists of 8 microsats launching October 2016, and will leverage GPS reflectometry to retrieve near-surface wind speeds.

Advantages over traditional scatterometers: Little to no rain impacts 2. Rapid revisit time

That's great, but tropical cyclones only occur a small percentage of the time! What else can CYGNSS help with?

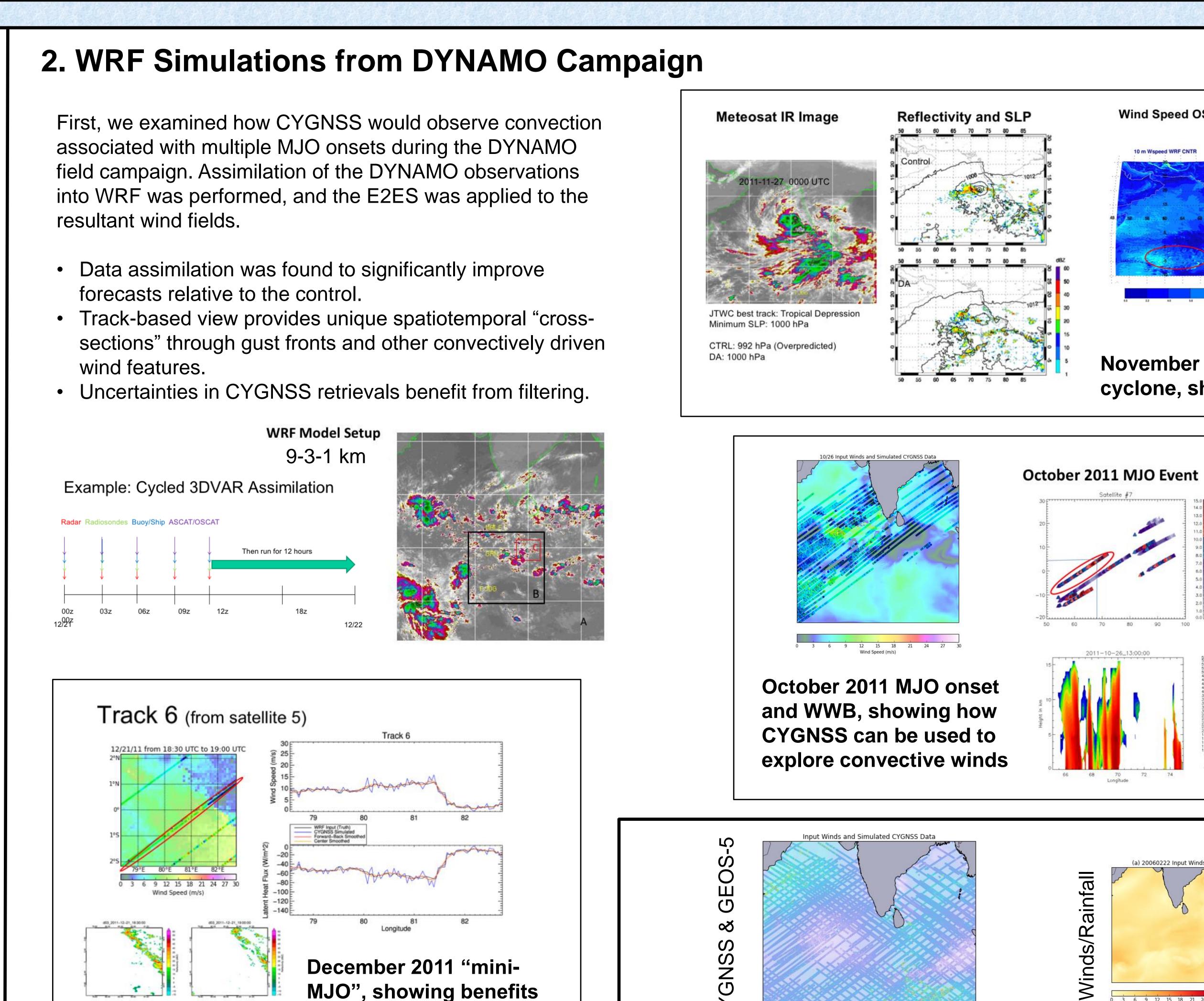
This study leverages the CYGNSS End-To-End Simulator (E2ES) to investigate how CYGNSS maps convectively driven winds in large tropical precipitation systems in the Indian Ocean.

The E2ES takes input from any gridded, geolocated, and temporally varying near-surface wind dataset and simulates what the CYGNSS constellation would observe.

Key Issues to Explore:

- 1. CYGNSS provides data in the form of individual "tracks" of specular points
- 2. Noise/uncertainty in retrieval increases as a function of wind speed

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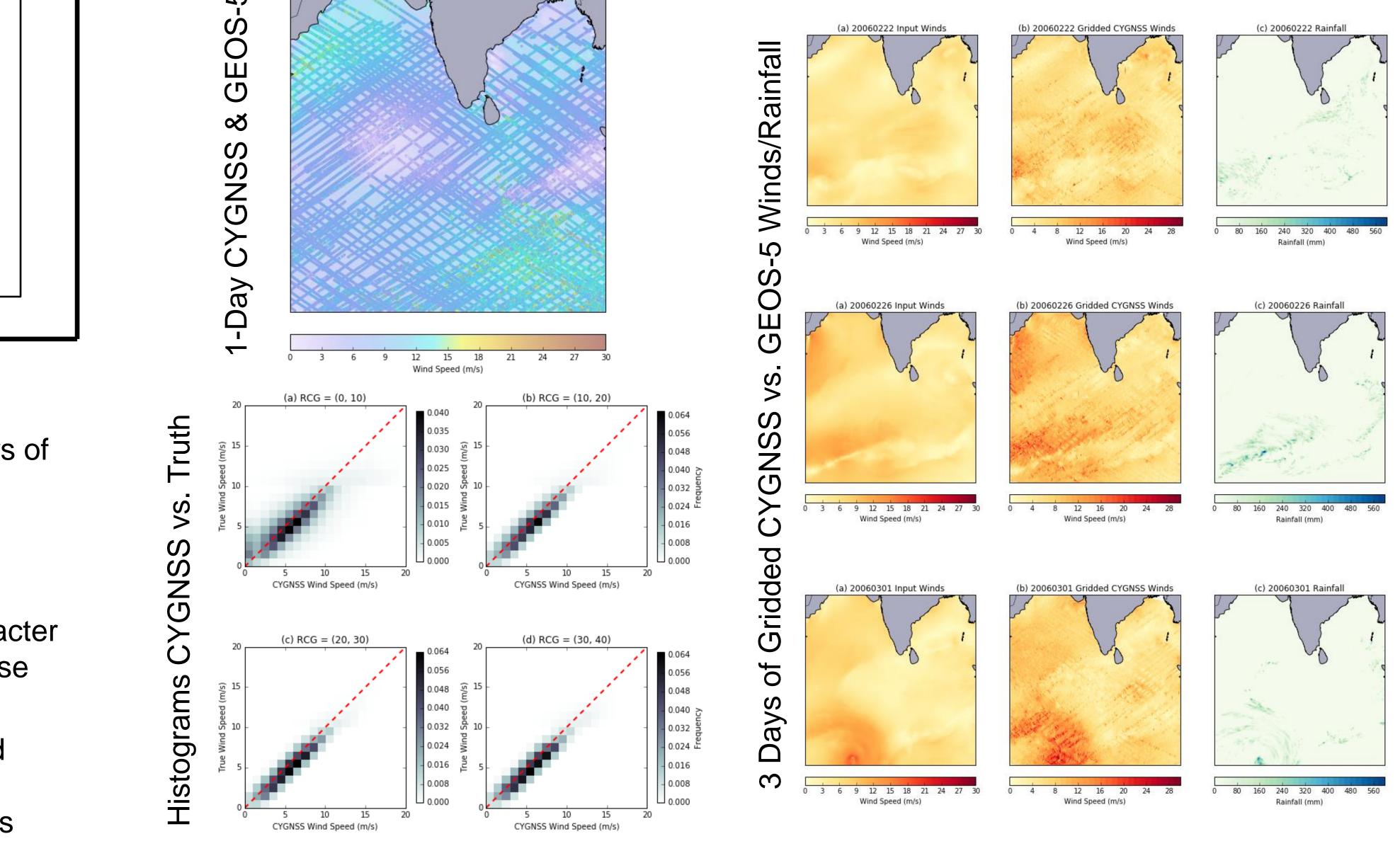
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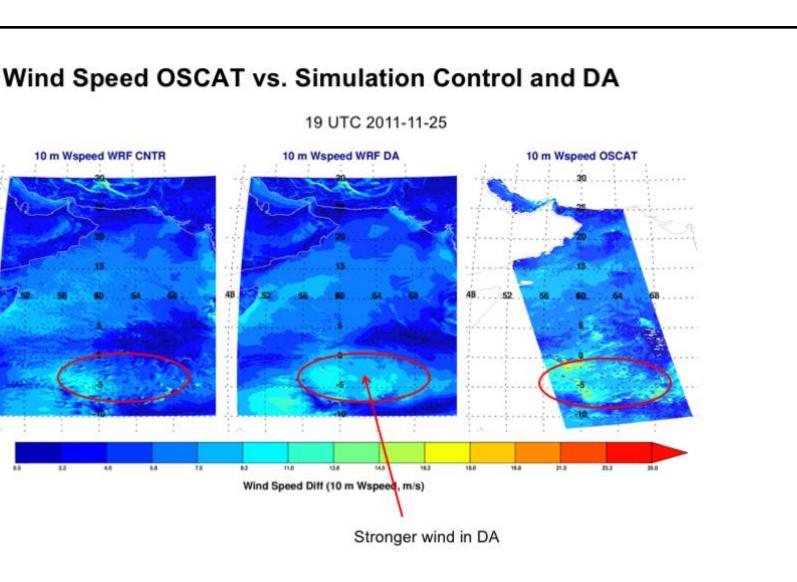
3. GEOS-5 Nature Run

The GEOS-5 Nature Run provides approximately two years of global analyses at ~7-km and 30-min resolution.

- Python toolkit produces E2ES-ready output from any arbitrary time period and spatial domain.
- Gridded daily CYGNSS maps reproduce essential character of convective signal, but also demonstrate effects of noise and sampling.
 - Filtering (including range-corrected gain) and smoothing suggested, but Level 3 gridded products show promise for convective studies







https://ntrs.nasa.gov/search.jsp?R=20160005318 2019-08-31T03:21:46+00

November 2011 MJO onset and tropical cyclone, showing DA benefits

