Genome-wide association analysis of more than 120,000 individuals identifies 15 new susceptibility loci for breast cancer

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Genome wide association studies (GWAS) and large scale replication studies have identified common variants in 79 loci associated with breast cancer, explaining ~14% of the familial risk of the disease. To identify new susceptibility loci, we performed a meta-analysis of 11 GWAS comprising of 15,748 breast cancer cases and 18,084 controls, and 46,785 cases and 42,892 controls from 41 studies genotyped on a 200K custom array (iCOGS). Analyses were restricted to women of European ancestry. Genotypes for more than 11M SNPs were generated by imputation using the 1000 Genomes Project reference panel. We identified 15 novel loci associated with breast cancer at P<5x10⁻⁸. Combining association analysis with ChIP-Seq data in mammary cell lines and ChIA-PET chromatin interaction data in ENCODE, we identified likely target genes in two regions: *SETBP1* on 18q12.3 and *RNF115* and *PDZK1* on 1q21.1. One association appears to be driven by an amino-acid substitution in *EXO1*.

Breast cancer is the most common cancer in women worldwide¹. The disease aggregates in families, and has an important inherited component. This inherited component is driven by a combination of rare variants, notably in *BRCA1*, *BRCA2*, *PALB2*, *ATM* and *CHEK2* conferring a moderate or high lifetime risk of the disease, , together with common variants at more than 70 loci, identified through GWAS and large scale replication studies²⁻²⁰. Taken together, these loci explain approximately one-third of the excess familial risk of breast cancer.

The majority of susceptibility SNPs has been identified through the Breast Cancer Association Consortium (BCAC), a collaboration involving more than 50 case-control studies. We recently reported the results of a large-scale genotyping experiment within BCAC, which utilised a custom array (iCOGS) designed to study variants of interest for breast, ovarian and prostate cancers. iCOGS comprised more than 200,000 variants, of which 29,807 had been selected from combined analysis of nine breast cancer GWAS involving 10,052 breast cancer cases and 12,575 controls of European ancestry. In total, 45,290 breast cancer cases and 41,880 controls of European ancestry from 41 studies were genotyped with iCOGS, leading to the discovery of 41 novel susceptibility loci¹⁶. A parallel analysis identified four loci specific to oestrogen receptor (ER)-negative disease¹⁷. However, additional susceptibility loci may have been missed because they were not selected from the original GWAS, or not included on the array.

Genotype imputation is a powerful approach to infer missing genotypes using the genetic correlations defined in a densely genotyped reference panel, thus providing the opportunity to identify novel susceptibility variants even if not directly genotyped²¹. In this analysis we aimed to

identify additional breast cancer susceptibility loci by utilising data from all 200k variants on the iCOGS array, and used imputation to estimate genotypes for more than 11M SNPs. We applied the same approach to data from 11 GWAS. After quality control (QC) exclusions, the dataset comprised 15,748 breast cancer cases and 18,084 controls from GWAS, and 46,785 cases and 42,892 controls from 41 studies genotyped with iCOGS (see Online Methods and Supplementary Tables 1a-1e). All subjects were women of European ancestry.

We imputed genotypes using the 1000 Genomes Project March 2012 release as the reference dataset (see Online Methods) The main analyses were based on $^{\sim}11.6M$ SNPs that were imputed with imputation $r^2 > 0.3$ and had MAF>0.005 in at least one of the datasets²².

Of common SNPs (MAF>0.05), 88% were imputed from the iCOGS array with r^2 >0.5; this compared to 99% of variants for the largest GWAS (UK2), which was genotyped using a 670k SNP array (Figure 1a and 1b, Supplementary Table 2). Thirty-seven per cent of common SNPs were imputed on the iCOGS with r^2 >0.9, compared with 85% for UK2. Thus, despite being designed as a follow-up of GWAS for different diseases rather than a genome-wide array, the majority of common variants could be imputed using the iCOGS, but the overall imputation quality was, poorer that from a standard GWAS array. Imputation quality decreased with decreasing allele frequency (Figure 1c and 1d, Supplementary Table 2).

Log odds ratio estimates and standard errors were calculated for each dataset using logistic regression, adjusting for principal components where it was found to reduce substantially the inflation factor. We then combined the results from each dataset for variants with MAF >0.5% using a fixed effects meta-analysis²³. More than 7,000 variants with a combined $P < 5 \times 10^8$ for association were identified, the large majority of which was in regions previously shown to be associated with breast cancer susceptibility. Of the 79 previously published breast cancer susceptibility loci identified in women of European ancestry, all but eight show evidence of association at $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ for overall, ER-positive or ER-negative disease risk (Supplementary Tables 3a, 3b and 3c). For four of the eight variants, (rs1550623 on 2q31, rs11571833 on 13q13.1, rs12422552 on 12p13.1 and rs11242674 on 6p25.3), slightly weaker evidence of association was observed. One reported variant, rs7726159 did not reach $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ in this (P = 0.0017) or the previous analysis – it was identified through finemapping of the *TERT* region on 5p15.33¹⁸. One other variant in *AKAP9*, rs6964587 reported previously did not reach $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ but an alternative correlated with it did ($P = 3.67 \times 10^{-8}$ for chr7:91681597:D; $P < 10^{-8}$ but an alternative correlated with it did ($P < 10^{-8}$ for chr7:91681597:D; $P < 10^{-8}$ but were reported in earlier analysis $P < 10^{-9}$ but did not even reach

P<0.0001, suggesting that they may have been false positive reports. An alternative variant at CASP8, rs1830298 ($r^2=0.06$, D'=1 with rs1045485 in 1000G CEU) did reach $P<5\times10^{-8}$ in this dataset²⁵.

To assess evidence for additional susceptibility loci, we removed all SNPs within 500kb of susceptibility variants identified previously in women of European ancestry^{2-14,16-19}, leaving 314 variants from 27 regions associated with breast cancer at $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ (Supplementary Figures 1 and 2). The strongest associations were observed in a 610kb (b37 28,314,612- 28,928,858) interval on chromosome 22 (smallest $P = 8.2 \times 10^{-22}$, for rs62237573). This interval lies approximately 100kb centromeric to CHEK2, and further analysis revealed that the associated SNPs were correlated with the CHEK2 founder variant 1100delC (strongest correlation $r^2 = 0.39$ for SNP rs62235635), CHEK2 1100delC is known to be associated with breast cancer through candidate gene analysis, but has not previously generated an association in GWAS 26,27 . We performed an analysis adjusting for CHEK2 1100delC using data on ~40,000 samples that had been genotyped for this variant. The strongest associated variant in this subset was rs140914118; after adjustment for 1100delC the statistical significance diminished markedly ($P = 3.1 \times 10^{-9}$ to P = 0.78; Supplementary Figures 3a and 3b), suggesting that this signal is driven by CHEK2 1100delC.

Variants in four regions (*DNAJC1*, 5p12, *PTHLH* and *MKL1*) lay within 2Mb of a previously published susceptibility-associated SNP. In each case, these associations became weaker (no longer $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$) after adjustment for the previously associated SNP(s) in the region (data not shown). For four other regions, the significant variants were identified in just one GWAS, and failed imputation ($r^2 < 0.3$) in the remaining datasets, including iCOGS; we did not consider these variants further.

To confirm the results for the remaining 18 regions, we performed re-imputation in the iCOGS dataset without phasing (See Online Methods). Fifteen loci remained associated with breast cancer at P<5x10⁻⁸ (Table 1 and Supplementary Table 4). For three of the loci, the most significant SNP, or a highly correlated SNP, had been directly genotyped on iCOGS (Supplementary Table 5); one, rs11205277, had been included on the array because it is associated with adult height²⁸, while the other two were selected based on evidence from the combined breast cancer GWAS but failed to reach genome-wide significance in the earlier analyses. We attempted to genotype the 12 remaining variants on a subset of ~4K samples to confirm the quality of the imputation (10 variants could be directly genotyped, for one region an alternative correlated variant was selected (Supplementary Table 5). For the 11 variants that could be assessed, the r² between the observed and imputed genotypes were close to the r² estimated in the imputation. Furthermore, the estimated effect sizes in the subset of individuals that we genotyped were similar to those obtained from the imputed

genotypes (Supplementary Table 5). These results indicate that the analyses based on imputed genotype data were reliable.

There was little or no evidence of heterogeneity in the per-allele odds ratios (ORs) among studies genotyped using iCOGS (Supplementary Table 6 and Supplementary Figure 4). There was little evidence for departure from a log-additive model for any locus, except for a borderline departure for rs6796502 (*P*=0.049) for which the ORs for heterozygotes and homozygotes for the risk associated allele were similar (Supplementary Table 6).

The estimated ORs for invasive versus in-situ disease were similar for all the loci (P>0.05) (Supplementary Table 7). For four of the loci, rs12405132, rs12048493, rs4593472 and rs6507583 the association was stronger for ER positive disease (case only P<0.05) (Supplementary Table 8). Seven of the loci were associated with ER-negative disease (P<0.05) but none had a stronger association for ER-negative than ER-positive disease. Two of the loci showed significant trends in the OR by age at diagnosis: for rs13162653, the OR was higher at younger ages (P=0.007), while for rs6507583, the OR was higher at older ages (P=0.006) (Supplementary Table 9). One of the variants, chr17:29230520:D in ATAD5 is correlated with a variant that has also been shown to be associated with serous ovarian cancer in a meta-analysis²⁹ (P=0.93 between chr17:29230520:D and chr17:29181220:I).

To approach the task of identifying the likely causal variants and genes underlying these associations, we first defined the set of all SNPs correlated with each of the 15 lead SNPs and that could not be ruled out as potentially causal (based on a likelihood ratio 100:1³⁰), resulting in a subset of 522 variants (Supplementary Table 10). One of the variants, rs72755295, lies in an intron of EXO1, encoding a protein involved in mismatch repair. It is strongly correlated with only one other variant, rs4149909, coding for an amino-acid substitution in EXO1 (p.Asn279Ser; CADD score 33³¹), suggesting that this variant is likely to be functionally related to breast cancer risk. None of the remaining SNPs lay within gene coding sequences, consistent with previous observations that most common cancer susceptibility variants are regulatory. For each of the remaining 520 variants, we then looked for enhancer elements in mammary cell lines, based on ENCODE ChIP-Seq data^{32,33}. To identify potential gene targets, we combined this information with ENCODE ChIA-PET chromatin interaction data. We identified two regions in which the associated variants overlapped with putative enhancer sequences and for which consistent promoter interactions were predicted (Table 1). For rs12405132 at 1q21.1, we identified four potential interacting genes, RNF115, POLR3C, PDZK1 and PIAS3 (Figure 2). Of these, the strongest evidence was for RNF115 and PDZK1; three of the 64 potentially causal variants lay in interacting enhancer regions. RNF115 (also known as BCA2) is an E3

ubiquitin ligase RING finger protein that is overexpressed in ER-positive breast cancers³⁴. *PDZK1* is a scaffold protein that connects plasma membrane proteins and regulatory components, regulating their surface expression in epithelial cells apical domains, and has been proposed to act as an oncogene in breast cancer³⁵.

SNPs correlated with rs6507583 at 18q12.3 lay in regions interacting with the promoter of *SETBP1* (Supplementary Figure 5). The encoded protein has been shown to bind the SET nuclear oncogene which is involved in DNA replication.

We utilised data from TCGA to assess associations between the 15 novel susceptibility variants and expression of neighbouring genes in breast tumors and normal breast tissue. One SNP, rs7707921, was strongly associated with *RPS23* expression in all tissues (Supplementary Table 11, Supplementary Figure 6). However, stronger associations with expression were observed with more telomeric SNPs that were less strongly associated with disease risk (top eQTL SNP rs3739: $P=10^{-23}$, P-risk=5.28x10⁻⁷), suggesting that this association may be coincidental. SNP, rs7707921 was also more weakly associated with expression of *ATP6AP1L* (P=5.6x10⁻⁵ in tumours, P=0.066 in normal tissue).

Based on the estimated ORs in the iCOGS stage (all but one of which were in the range 1.05-1.10), the 15 novel loci identified here would explain a further ~2% of the 2-fold familial risk of breast cancer. Taken together with previously identified loci, more than 90 independent common susceptibility loci for breast cancer have been identified, explaining ~16% of the familial risk. We estimate assuming a log-additive model that, based on genotypes for variants at these loci, approximately 5% of women in the general population have a >2 fold increased risk of breast cancer and 0.7% of women have a >3 fold increased risk. In the current analyses, more than 50% of variants with MAF>0.005 in subjects of European ancestry were well imputable (r^2 >0.5) These results suggest that, while there may be further susceptibility variants with comparable associated effects that were not well imputed, the identification of many additional loci will require larger association studies. In the meantime, inclusion of these additional loci in polygenic risk scores will improve our ability to discriminate between high and low risk individuals, potentially improving breast cancer screening and prevention.

URLs

BCAC http://ccge.medschl.cam.ac.uk/consortia/bcac/index.html

COGS http:// http://www.cogseu.org/

ENCODE http://www.genome.gov/encode/, genome.ucsc.edu/ENCODE/

iCOGS http://ccge.medschl.cam.ac.uk/research/consortia/icogs/, http://ccge.medschl.cam.ac.uk/research/consortia/icogs/

IMPUTE http://mathgen.stats.ox.ac.uk/impute/impute.html

MACH http://www.sph.umich.edu/csg/abecasis/MACH/

SHAPEIT https://mathgen.stats.ox.ac.uk/genetics_software/shapeit/shapeit.html

TCGA http://cancergenome.nih.gov/

1000 genomes: http://www.1000genomes.org/

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Author Contributions

K.Michailidou and D.F.E. performed the statistical analysis and drafted the manuscript. D.F.E. conceived and coordinated the synthesis of the iCOGS array and led the BCAC. P.H. coordinated the Collaborative Oncological Gene-Environment Study (COGS). J.Benitez led the iCOGS genotyping working group. A.G.-N., G.P., M.R.A., J.Benitez, D.V., F.B., D.C.T., J.Simard, A.M.D., C.L., C.Baynes, S.A, C.S.H and M.J.M. co-ordinated genotyping of the iCOGS array. M.G-C., P.D.P.P. and M.K.S. led the BCAC pathology and survival working group . J.C-C. led the BCAC risk factor working group. A.M.D. and G.C.-T. led the iCOGS quality control working group. J. Beesley, J.D and M.J.L. provided

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Competing Financial Interests

The authors confirm that they have no competing financial interests

Figure Legends

Figure 1: Histograms of the imputation r^2 **a)** Histogram of the imputation r^2 for the iCOGS for variants with MAF>0.05 **b)** Histogram of the imputation r^2 for the UK2 GWAS for variants with MAF>0.05 **c)** Histogram of the imputation r^2 for the iCOGS for variants with MAF<=0.05 **d)** Histogram of the imputation r^2 for the UK2 GWAS for variants with MAF<=0.05.

Figure 2: The chromosome 1 locus tagged by rs12405132 **a)** The Manhattan Plot displays the strength of genetic association ($-\log_{10} P$) versus chromosomal position (Mb), where each dot presents a genotyped (solid black dot) or imputed (red circle) SNP (in the iCOGS stage). The purple horizontal line represents the threshold for genome-wide significance ($P=5\times10^{-8}$). Gene structures are depicted as well as the location of SNPs with MAF>0.01 which were neither imputed reliably nor genotyped. **b)** Mammary cell enhancer locations as defined in Corradin et al.³², and Hnisz et al.³³, are shown where elements overlapping the best associated SNPs are labelled with their predicted target genes. A subset of ChiA-PET interactions in MCF7 cells (mediated by either RNApolII or ERa) between enhancers and their target gene promoters are also shown.

Best variant	Locus	Position ²	Alleles ³	EAF ⁴	r ²⁽⁵⁾	GWAS OR (95% CI) ⁶	GWAS P ⁷	iCOGS OR (95% CI)	iCOGS P	Combined GWAS + iCOGS P	Genes within +/-2kb	Enhancers in MCF7/HMEC	eQTLs
rs12405132	1q21.1	145644984	C/T	0.36	0.96	0.96 (0.92-0.99)	0.00962	0.95 (0.93-0.97)	2.34x10 ⁻⁷	7.92x10 ⁻⁹	LOC10028814, NBPF10, RNF115	RNF115, POLR3C,PDZK1, PIAS3	-
rs12048493	1q21.2	149927034	A/C	0.34	0.76	1.04 (0.99-1.09)	0.121	1.07 (1.05-1.10)	1.66x10 ⁻⁹	1.10x10 ⁻⁹	-	-	-
rs72755295	1q43	242034263	A/G	0.03	0.94	1.19 (1.03-1.39)	0.021	1.15 (1.09-1.22)	2.60x10 ⁻⁷	1.82x10 ⁻⁸	EXO1	-	-
rs6796502	3p21.3	46866866	G/A	0.09	0.91	0.92 (0.87-0.98)	0.00657	0.92 (0.89-0.95)	8.13x10 ⁻⁷	1.84x10 ⁻⁸	-	-	-
rs13162653	5p15.1	16187528	G/T	0.45	0.72	0.92 (0.88-0.95)	5.18x10 ⁻⁶	0.95 (0.93-0.97)	1.71x10 ⁻⁶	1.08x10 ⁻¹⁰	-	-	-
rs2012709	5p13.3	32567732	C/T	0.46	0.81	1.06 (1.02-1.09)	0.00101	1.05 (1.03-1.08)	1.66x10 ⁻⁶	6.38x10 ⁻⁹	-	-	-
rs7707921	5q14	81538046	A/T	0.23	0.88	0.94 (0.9-0.98)	0.00302	0.93 (0.91-0.95)	4.09x10 ⁻⁹	5.00x10 ⁻¹¹	ATG10	-	RPS23, ATP6AP1L
rs9257408	6p22.1	28926220	G/C	0.38	0.92	1.05 (1-1.1)	0.0372	1.05 (1.03-1.08)	4.53x10 ⁻⁷	4.84x10 ⁻⁸	-	-	-
rs4593472	7q32.3	130667121	C/T	0.35	1.00	0.92 (0.88-0.96)	2.57x10 ⁻⁵	0.95 (0.94-0.97)	3.97x10 ⁻⁶	1.83x10 ⁻⁹	FLJ43663	-	-
rs13365225	8p11.23	36858483	A/G	0.17	0.94	0.89 (0.85-0.93)	6.32x10 ⁻⁷	0.95 (0.93-0.98)	0.000159	1.06x10 ⁻⁸	-	-	-
rs13267382	8q23.3	117209548	G/A	0.36	0.97	1.07 (1.03-1.12)	0.000537	1.05 (1.03-1.07)	4.87x10 ⁻⁶	1.72x10 ⁻⁸	LINC00536	-	-
rs11627032	14q32.12	93104072	T/C	0.26	0.73	0.94 (0.9-0.98)	0.00114	0.94 (0.92-0.96)	1.06x10 ⁻⁶	4.48x10 ⁻⁹	RIN3	-	-
chr17:29230520 :D	17q11.2	29230520	GGT/G	0.20	0.77	0.94 (0.89-0.98)	0.009	0.93 (0.91-0.96)	1.11x10 ⁻⁶	3.34x10 ⁻⁸	ATAD5	-	-
rs745570	17q25.3	77781725	A/G	0.50	0.93	0.94 (0.91-0.98)	0.000754	0.95 (0.93-0.97)	4.52x10 ⁻⁷	1.40x10 ⁻⁹	-	-	-
rs6507583	18q12.3	42399590	A/G	0.07	0.96	0.91 (0.85-0.98)	0.00803	0.91 (0.88-0.95)	1.21x10 ⁻⁶	3.20x10 ⁻⁸	SETBP1	SETBP1	-

Table 2: Results for the 15 regions with combined $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$. Results are shown for the strongest associated variant in the region.

¹Chromosome

² Build 37 position

³Reference/effect allele, based on the forward strand

⁴ Mean effect allele frequency over all controls

 $^{^{5}}$ Imputation $\rm r^{2}$ in the iCOGS samples (calculated by the average info score from IMPUTEv2)

⁶ Per allele odds ratio for the minor allele relative to the major allele

⁷ P value for the 1df trend test

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Online Methods

Details of the subjects, genotyping and QC measures for the GWAS and iCOGS data are described elsewhere ^{12,14,16,36,37}. All participating studies were approved by their appropriate ethics review board and all subjects provided informed consent. Analyses were restricted to women of European ancestry. All imputations were performed using the 1000 Genomes Project March 2012 release as the reference panel. Of the 11 GWAS, 8 (C-BCAC) plus a subset of the BPC3 GWAS (CGEMS) were used in the combined GWAS analysis that nominated 29,807 SNPs for the array. The BPC3 and TNBCC GWAS nominated additional SNPs with evidence for association with ER-negative or triplenegative (ER-, PR- and HER2- negative) breast cancer. The EBCG GWAS was not used to nominate SNPs for the iCOGS array.

For eight GWAS (C-BCAC), genotypes were imputed in a two-stage procedure, using SHAPEIT to derive phased genotypes and IMPUTEv2 to perform the imputation on the phased data ²². We performed the imputation using 5Mb non-overlapping intervals for the whole genome. OR estimates and standard errors where obtained using logistic regression with SNPTEST ²¹. For two of the studies we adjusted for the 3 leading principal components as it was found to reduce materially the inflation factor; for the rest of the studies no such adjustment was necessary. For the remaining three GWAS (BPC3, TNBCC and EBCG), imputation was performed using MACH and Minimac²³. Genomic control adjustment was applied to each GWAS as previously described ¹⁶. The iCOGS data were also imputed in a two-stage procedure using SHAPEIT and IMPUTEv2, again using 5Mb non-overlapping intervals. We split the ~90K samples into 10 subsets, where possible keeping subjects from the same study in the same subset. We obtained OR estimates and standard errors using logistic regression adjusting for study and 9 principal components.

For the regions showing evidence of association we repeated the imputation in iCOGS, using IMPUTEv2 but without pre-phasing in SHAPEIT to improve imputation accuracy. We also increased the number of MCMC iterations from 30 to 90, and increased the buffer region from 250kb to 500kb.

Meta-analysis

OR estimates and standard errors were combined in a fixed effects inverse variance meta-analysis using METAL²³. For the GWAS, results were included in the analysis for all SNPs with MAF>0.01 and imputation r^2 >0.3, except for the TN GWAS where the criteria were r^2 >0.9 and MAF>0.05. For iCOGS, we included all SNPs with r^2 >=0.3 and MAF>0.005.

Confirmatory genotyping

The best variant in each region after the re-imputation and meta-analysis was genotyped in 4123 samples from SEARCH, using Taqman according to the manufacturer's instructions. The squared correlations between the observed genotypes and the genotypes estimated by imputation are shown in Supplementary Table 5. For all the imputed SNPs the squared correlations was greater than 0.7, the call-rates were >=0.98 and there was no evidence of departure of genotype frequencies from those expected under HWE (p>0.1).

eQTL analyses

Germline genotype, mRNA expression, and somatic copy number data for samples taken from breast tumours and tumour-adjacent normal tissue were obtained from The Cancer Genome Atlas³⁸. The copy number and genotype data were measured using the Affymetrix Genome-Wide Human SNP 6.0 platform. For the mRNA expression data, we used the expression profiles obtained using the Agilent G4502A-07-3 microarray. The genotype data were subjected to the following quality control filters. SNPs were excluded in case of low frequency (MAF < 1%), low call rate (< 95%,) or departure from Hardy-Weinberg equilibrium at $P < 1 \times 10^{-13}$. Individuals were excluded based on low call rate (< 95%), or high heterozygosity (false discovery rate < 1%). Furthermore, individuals were also excluded in case of non-European ancestry, or male gender. Quality control and intersection with the other genomic data types resulted in 380 tumour samples and 56 normal samples.

The genotype data were imputed as described above. eQTL analysis was performed using linear regression with SNPTEST, regressing the mRNA expression of selected candidate genes on the imputed genotype. For each gene, we performed the eQTL analysis against every microarray probe that uniquely maps to that gene. We adjusted the analyses for somatic copy number of the gene, and for SNPs that intersect the probe sequence, provided that their MAF exceeds 1% in individuals of European ancestry in the 1,000 Genomes data.

Enhancer analyses

Maps of enhancer regions with predicted target genes were obtained from Hnisz et al.³³, and Corradin et al.³². Enhancers active in the mammary cell types MCF7, HMEC and HCC1954 were intersected with candidate causal variants using Galaxy. ENCODE ChIA-PET chromatin interaction data from MCF7 cells (mediated by RNApolII and ER α) were downloaded using the UCSC Table browser. Galaxy was used to identify ChIA-PET interactions between an implicated mammary cell enhancer (containing a strongly associated variant) and a predicted gene promoter (defined as regions 3 kb upstream and 1 kb downstream of the transcription start site).

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Genome-wide association analysis of more than 120,000 individuals identifies 15 new susceptibility loci for breast cancer

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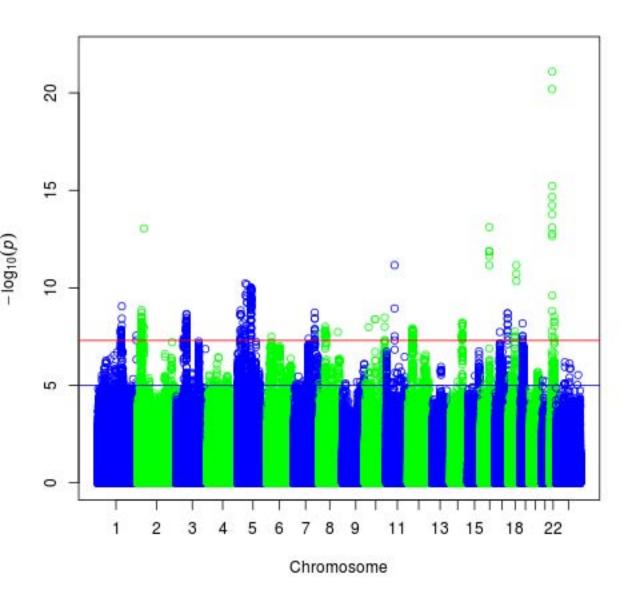
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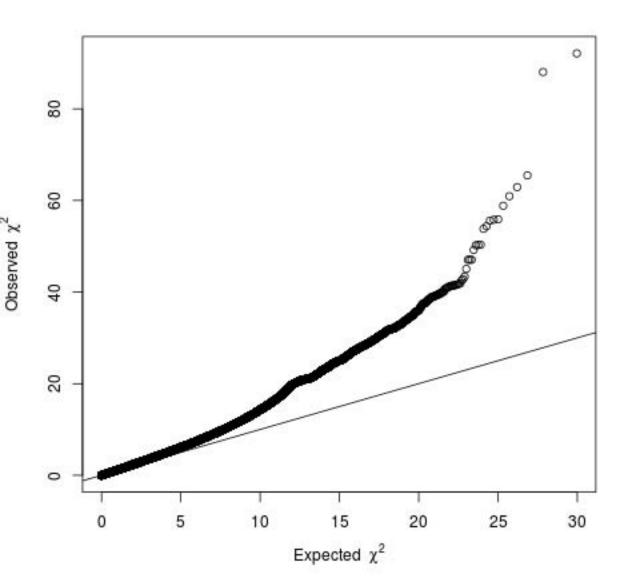
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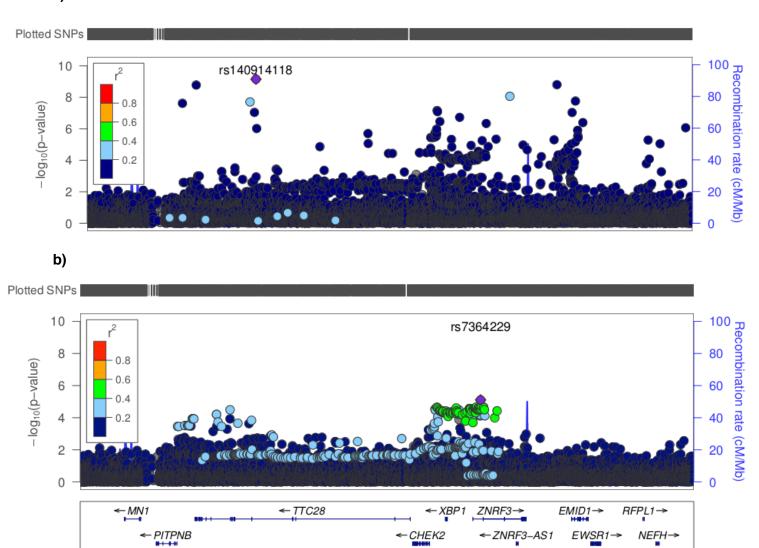
Supplementary Figure 1: Manhattan Plots for the strength of genetic association ($-\log_{10}P$) versus chromosomal position, where each dot represents a single variant. The association tests are from the meta-analysis of the GWAS and iCOGS datasets (see Online Methods). Variants within 500kb of variants previously established to be associated with breast cancer were removed (see text). Red horizontal line corresponds to the $P=5\times10^{-8}$, blue horizontal line corresponds to $P=10^{-5}$.



Supplementary Figure 2: Quantile-quantile plot of the observed vs. expected chi-squared statistics for the meta-analysis of the combined GWAS and iCOGS results. Variants within 500kb of previously established breast cancer susceptibility loci were removed. Each circle represents the chi-squared statistic for a single variant. The blue diagonal line represents the predicted association statistics under the global null hypothesis of no association.



Supplementary Figure 3: a) Manhattan Plot of associations for the results in the *CHEK2* region (chromosome 22, b37: 280,000,000-30,121,477), in the subset of individuals that had both iCOGS and the *CHEK2**1100delC variant genotyped **b)** Manhattan Plot of associations for the (chromosome 22, b37: 280,000,000-30,121,477) region, after adjusting for *CHEK2**1100delC.

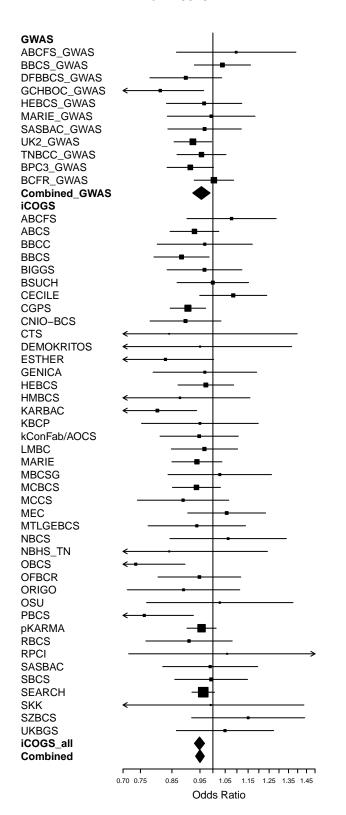


HSCB→

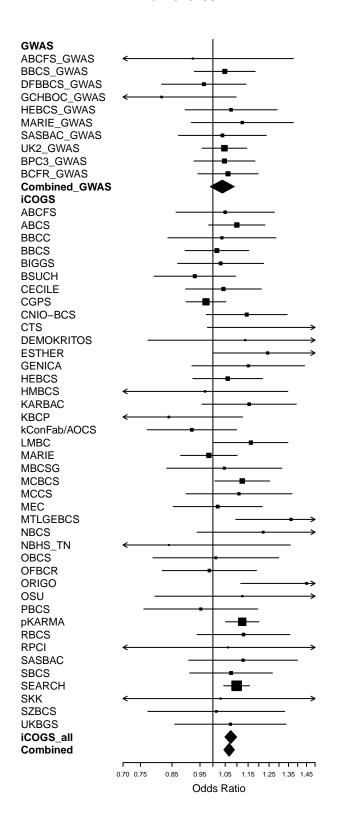
← C22orf31

TTC28-AS1→

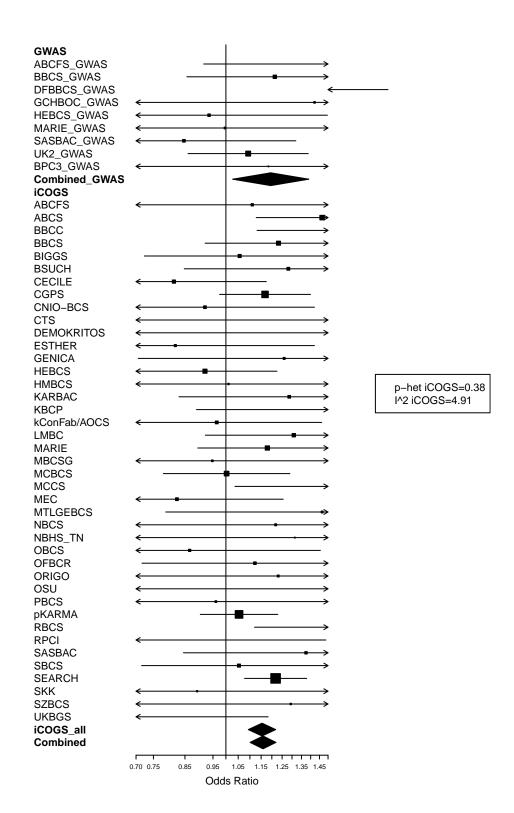
Supplementary Figure 4: Forest plots for the 15 loci achieving genome-wide significance. Squares denote the estimated per-allele odds ratio for the minor allele in Europeans. The horizontal lines denote 95% confidence intervals. The area of the square is inversely proportional to the variance of the estimate. The diamond denotes the estimated per-allele OR from the combined analyses. I² and heterogeneity *P*-values were calculated in the iCOGS studies alone.

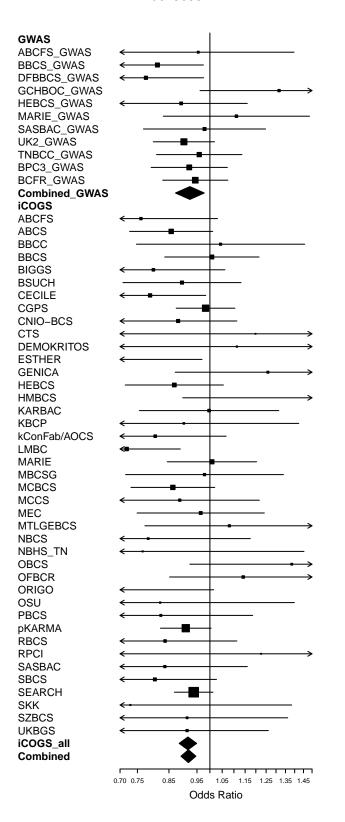


p-het iCOGS=0.49 I^2 iCOGS=0

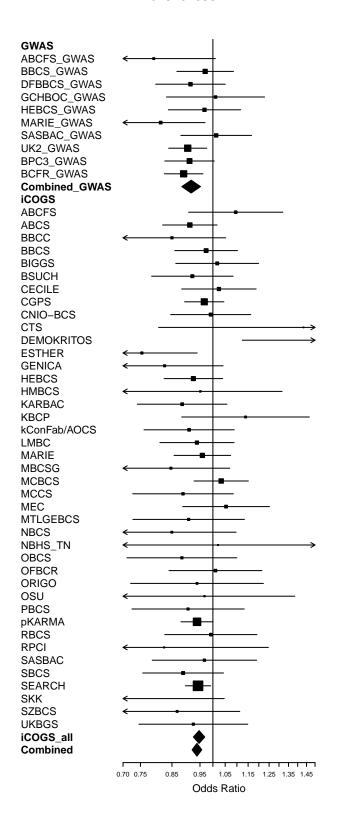


p-het iCOGS=0.15 I^2 iCOGS=18.87

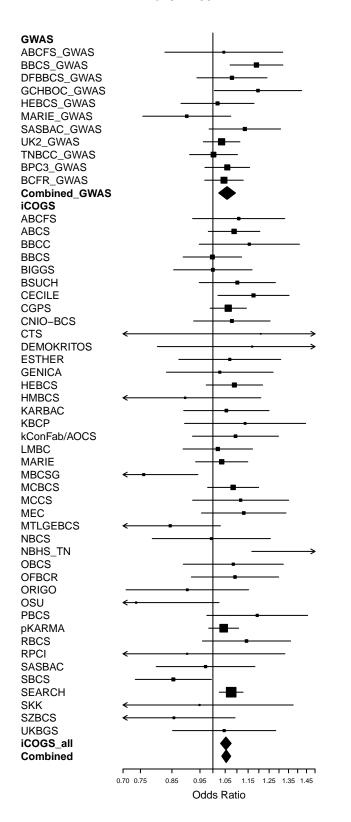




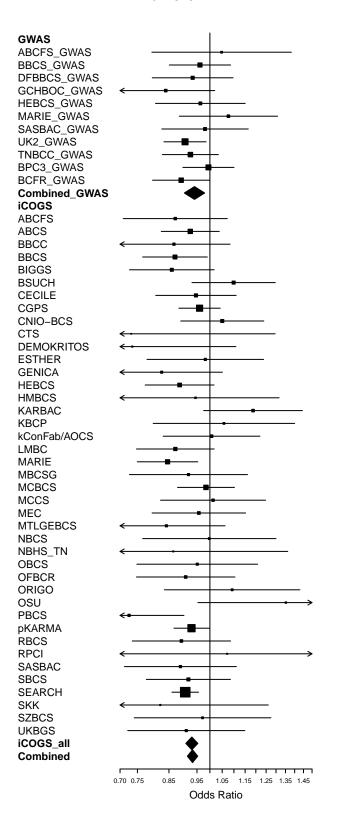
p-het iCOGS=0.46 I^2 iCOGS=0.38



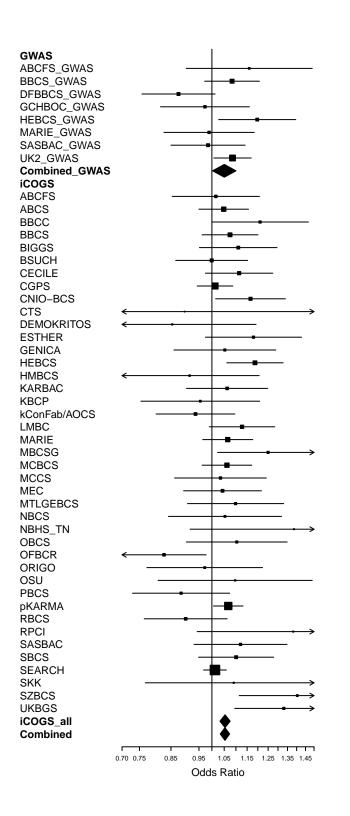
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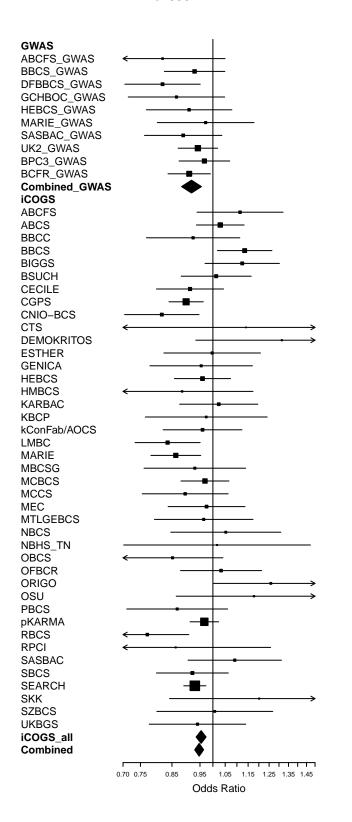
p-het iCOGS=0.12 I^2 iCOGS=21.03



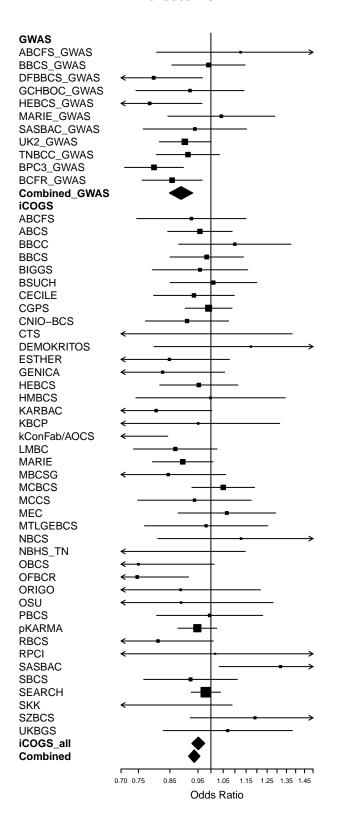
p-het iCOGS=0.52 I^2 iCOGS=0



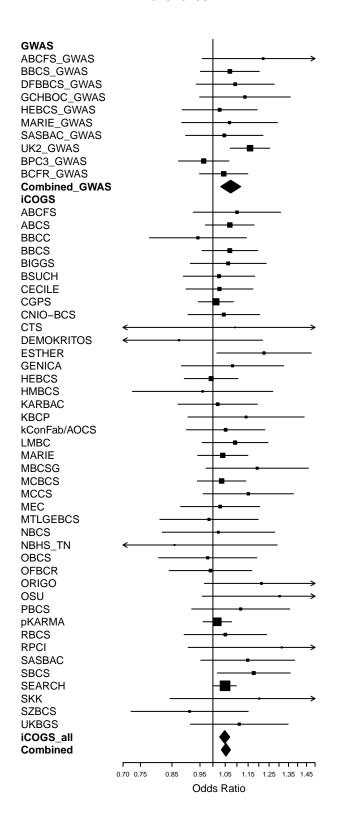
p-het iCOGS=0.04 I^2 iCOGS=30.15



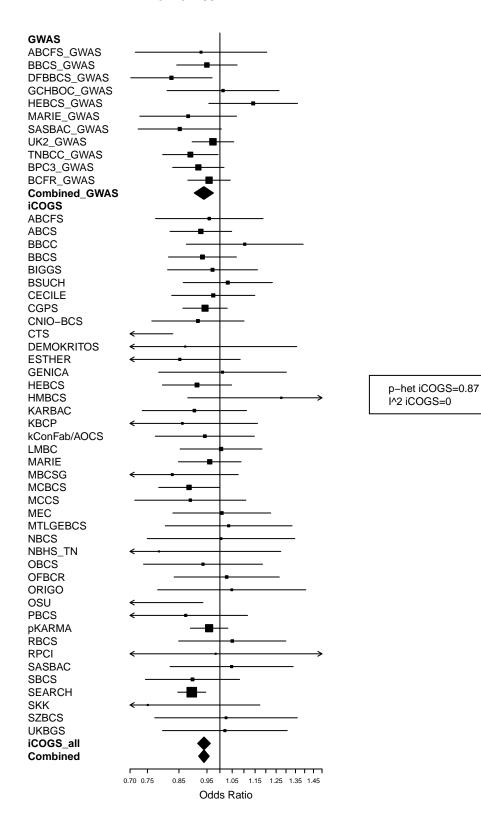
p-het iCOGS=0.01 I^2 iCOGS=39.47

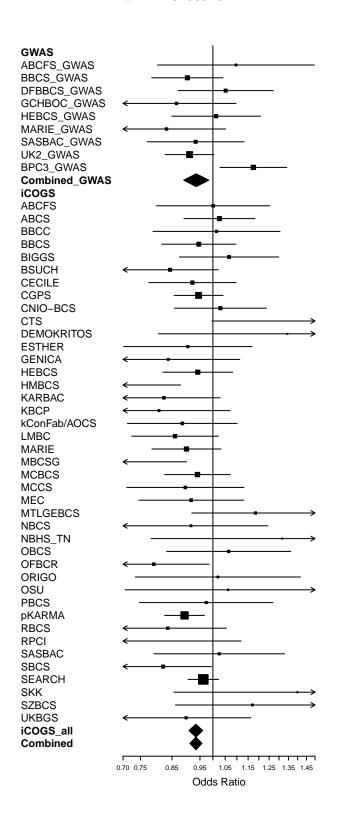


p-het iCOGS=0.08 I^2 iCOGS=24.85

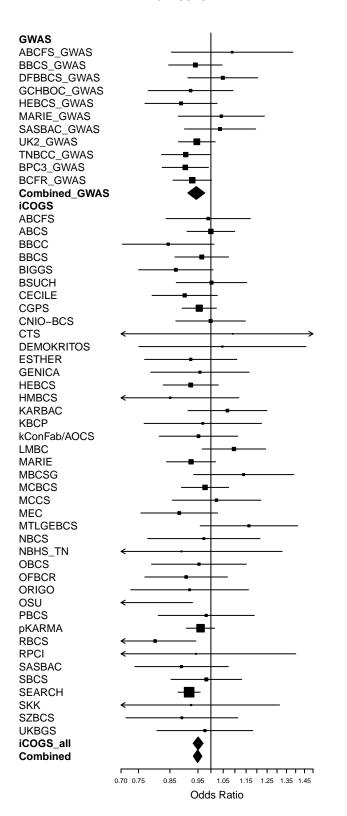


p-het iCOGS=0.95 I^2 iCOGS=0



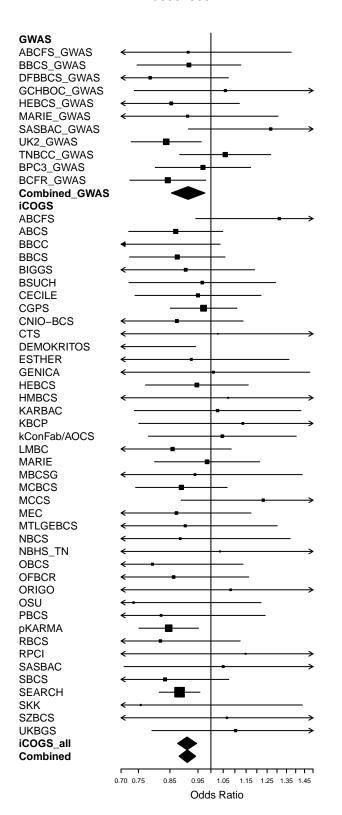


p-het iCOGS=0.13 I^2 iCOGS=20.26

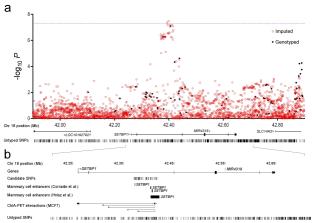


p-het iCOGS=0.59

I^2 iCOGS=0

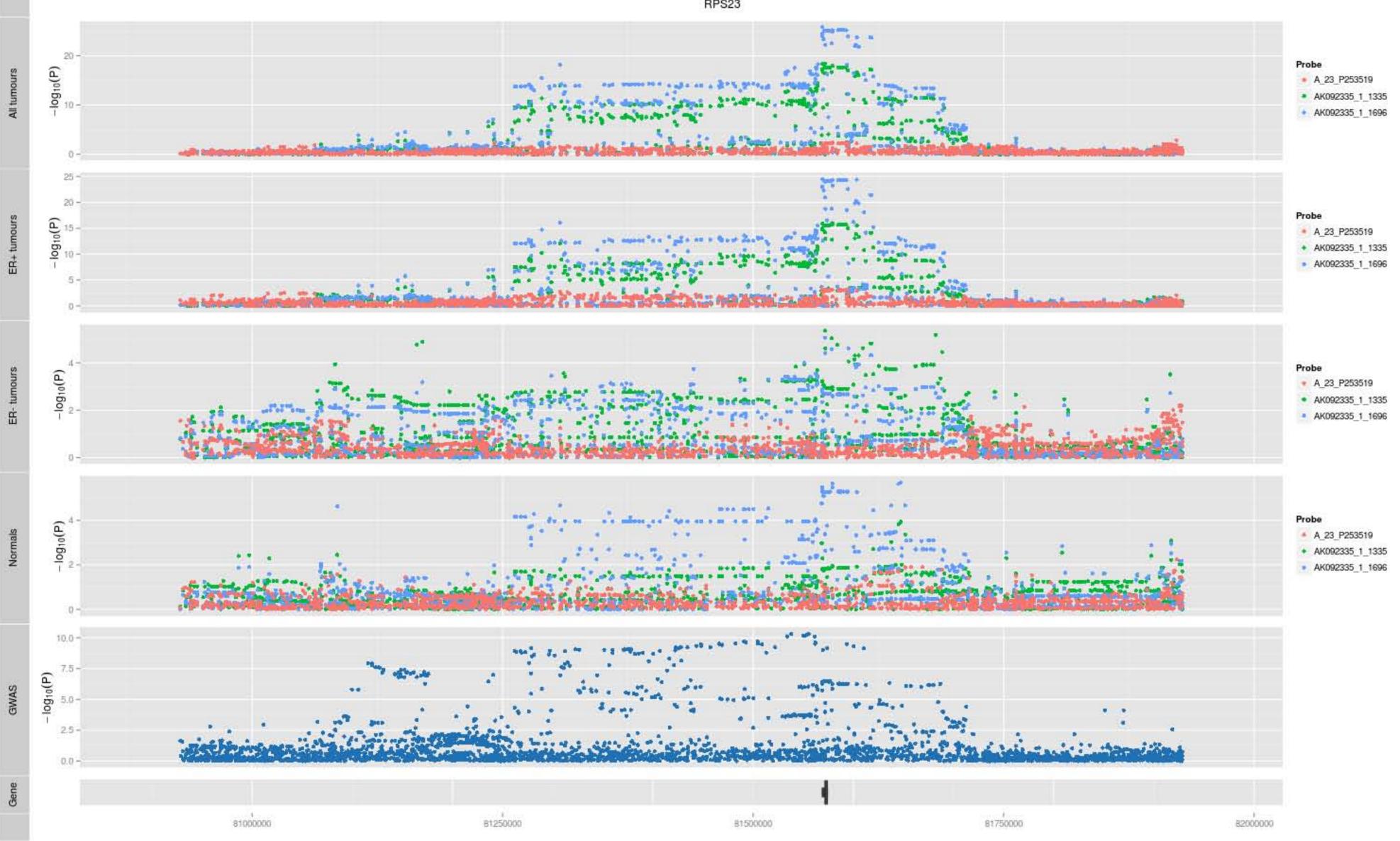


p-het iCOGS=0.94 I^2 iCOGS=0 **Supplementary Figure 5:** The chromosome 18 locus tagged by rs6507583 **a)** The Manhattan Plot displays the strength of genetic association (-log₁₀ P) versus chromosomal position (Mb), where each dot presents a genotyped (solid black dot) or imputed (red circle) SNP (in the iCOGS stage). The purple horizontal line represents the threshold for genome-wide significance (P=5x10⁻⁸). Gene structures are depicted as well as the location of SNPs with MAF>0.01 which were neither imputed reliably nor genotyped. **b)** Mammary cell enhancer locations as defined in Corradin et al.³³, and Hnisz et al.³⁴, are shown where elements overlapping the best associated SNPs are labelled with their predicted target genes. A subset of ChiA-PET interactions in MCF7 cells (mediated by either RNApolII or ERa) between enhancers and their target gene promoters are also shown.



Supplementary Figure 6: Manhattan plots of association for the eQTL results (chromosome 5, b37: 80,928,261-81,928,2611) in all breast cancer tumours, ER+, ER- tumours and normal from the TCGA data. The bottom plot represents the breast cancer meta-analysis risk results.





Supplementary Table 1. Studies contributing to the analysis.

Supplementary Table 1a. BCAC Genome-Wide Association Studies.

Study ¹	Country	Cases ^{1,2}	Controls ^{1,2}	ER+/ER- cases ^{1,2}	
					Genotyping Platform
ABCFS/kConFab	Australia	282	285	88/72 (72)	Illumina 610k
BBCS ⁴	U.K.	1609	1224	-	Illumina 370k (cases)/
					Illumina 1.2M (controls)
DFBBCS ⁵	Netherlands	464	3255	-	Illumina 610k (cases)
					/Illumina 550k (controls)
GC-HBOC ⁶	Germany	634	477	-	Affymetrix 5.0k(cases)
					/Affymetrix 6.0k
					(controls)
GWAS_UK2 ⁴	U.K.	3628	2663	361/160 (160)	Illumina 670k
					(cases)/Illumina 1.2M
					(controls)
HEBCS ⁷	Finland	726	1012	522/229 (145)	Illumina 550k+ 610k
					(cases)/ Illumina 370k
					(controls)
MARIE ⁶	Germany	652	470	567/132 (76)	Illumina 370k (cases)
					/Illumina 550k (controls)
SASBAC	Sweden	790	756	481/109 (109)	Illumina 317k+240k
					(cases) /Illumina 550k
					(controls)
					(controls)

¹For further details see ³.

² Sample numbers after quality control exclusions.

³Numbers in brackets are numbers of ER-cases after elimination of duplicates with TNBCC.

⁴ Controls from Welcome Trust Case-Control Consortium.

⁵ Controls from Rotterdam Study.

⁶ Controls from KORA.

⁷ Controls from NordicDB.

Supplementary Table 1b Studies contributing to the BPC3 GWAS

Study ¹	Country	Cases	Controls	ER+/ER- cases ²
CPS-II	USA	293	295	0/293
EPIC	Europe	511	500	0/511
MEC	USA	86	101	0/86
NHS2	USA	76	374	0/76
PBCS	Poland	543	511	0/543
PLCO	USA	255	340	0/255
NHS	USA	234	184	0/234

¹ For further details see ^{4,5}.

Supplementary table 1c: Studies contributing to the Early-onset Breast Cancer GWAS (EBCG).

Site ¹	Country	Cases	Controls	ER+/ER- cases
BCFR (AUS)	Australia	593	250	368/176
BCFR (NCA)	USA	204	156	130/48
BCFR (Ontario)	Canada	668	395	404/185
GESBC	Germany	553	1,071	288/179
LI	US	225	275	112/53
Seattle	US	297	328	219/72
USC	US	983	-	662/198
CCFR	US	-	227	-

¹ For further details see ⁶.

² Cases selected to be ER-negative

Supplementary Table 1d: Studies contributing to the TNBCC GWAS

Study ¹	Country	Cases	Controls ²	ER+/ER- cases ³
АВСТВ	Australia	144	0	0/144
MCCS	Australia	39	0	0/39
QIMR	Australia	0	650	-
BBCC	Germany	218	0	0/218
GENICA	Germany	59	0	0/59
MARIE	Germany	198	0	0/198
KORA	Germany	0	215	-
DFCI	USA	246	0	0/246
FCCC	USA	120	0	0/120
MCBCS	USA	147	0	0/147
CGEMS	USA	0	947	-
POSH	UK	266	0	0/266
SBCS	UK	42	0	0/42
WTCCC	UK	0	1368	-

¹ For further details see ^{4,7,8}.

² TNBCC used external controls, drawn from population-based studies from the same countries as the cases.

 $^{^{\}rm 3}$ Cases were selected to be ER-negative, PR-negative and HER2-negative.

Supplementary Table 1e: Studies contributing to the iCOGS analysis.

Study ¹	Country	Cases	Controls	ER+/ER- Cases
ABCFS	Australia	643	551	383/204
ABCS	Netherlands	2029	1815	768/282
BBCC	Germany	548	458	460/67
BBCS	U.K.	1507	1397	493/108
BIGGS	Ireland	836	719	495/154
BSUCH	Germany	848	954	548/157
CECILE	France	1019	999	797/144
CGPS	Denmark	2948	4534	1919/357
CNIO-BCS	Spain	902	876	242/88
CTS	U.S.A.	68	71	0/68
DEMOKRITOS	Greece	413	95	0/413
ESTHER	Germany	478	502	304/98
GENICA	Germany	449	427	327/104
HEBCS	Finland	1658	1233	1292/235
HMBCS	Belarus	690	130	37/8
KARBAC	Sweden	722	662	338/63
КВСР	Finland	441	250	300/97
kConFab/AOCS	Australia	575	897	152/55
LMBC	Belgium	2671	1388	2071/378
MARIE	Germany	1743	1788	1328/346
MBCSG	Italy	488	400	149/42
MCBCS	U.S.A.	1836	1931	1486/269
MCCS	Australia	604	511	351/110
MEC	U.S.A.	731	741	415/87
MTLGEBCS	Canada	489	436	421/64
NBCS	Norway	908	217	620/201
NBHS_TN	U.S.A.	125	118	0/125
OBCS	Finland	505	414	405/100
OFBCR	Canada	1175	511	629/269
ORIGO	Netherlands	354	327	208/70
OSU	U.S.A.	207	203	0/207
PBCS	Poland	519	424	519/0
pKARMA	Sweden	5429	5568	3670/701
RBCS	Netherlands	599	699	323/124
RPCI	U.S.A	136	126	0/136
SASBAC	Sweden	397	661	198/43
SBCS	U.K.	832	848	376/98
SEARCH	U.K.	9293	8068	5146/1173
SKK	Germany	135	168	0/135
SZBCS	Poland	365	315	165/60
UKBGS	U.K.	470	470	95/22

¹ For further details see ³.

Supplementary Table 2: Number (proportion) of variants reaching imputation r² (calculated by the info score IMPUTE2) in iCOGS and UK2 GWAS.

Study	#samples	MAF	#variants	r ² >0.3	r ² >0.5	r ² >0.8	r ² >0.9
			(proportion)				
icogs	91,197	All	17,434,450 (1.00)	15,703,697 (0.90)	10,325,641 (0.59)	4,784,120 (0.27)	3,145,739 (0.18)
		>=0.05	6,761,363 (1.00)	6,693,225 (0.99)	5,950,307 (0.88)	3,614,230 (0.53)	2,527,392 (0.37)
		<0.05	10,673,087 (1.00)	9,010,472 (0.84)	4,375,334 (0.41)	1,169,890 (0.11)	618,347 (0.06)
UK2	7,209	All	17,434,450 (1.00)	15,645,874 (0.90)	13,246,754 (0.76)	9,205,844 (0.53)	7,739,369 (0.45)
		>=0.05	6,761,363 (1.00)	6,745,439 (0.998)	6,673,659 (0.987)	6,197,337 (0.92)	5,741,475 (0.85)
		<0.05	10,673,087 (1.00)	8,900,435 (0.85)	6,573,095 (0.62)	3,008,507 (0.28)	1,997,894 (0.19)

Supplementary Table 3. Association results for 79 breast cancer susceptibility loci previously reported in studies of women of European ancestry. **Supplementary table 3a.** Association results for overall breast cancer.

SNP ¹	Chr ²	Position ³	Alleles ⁴	MAF ⁵	GWAS OR	GWAS P ⁷	MAF ⁵	r ²	iCOGS OR	iCOGS P ⁷	Combined P ⁹
				GWAS	(95%CI) ⁶		icogs	iCOGS ⁸	(95%CI) ⁶		
rs616488	1	10566215	A/G	0.34	0.94(0.91-0.98)	0.00113	0.33	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	8.75x10 ⁻⁰⁹	3.82x10 ⁻¹¹
rs11552449	1	114448389	C/T	0.17	1.08(1.03-1.13)	0.00115	0.16	1	1.07(1.04-1.09)	5.98x10 ⁻⁰⁷	2.75x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs11249433	1	121280613	A/G	0.42	1.11(1.07-1.16)	6.71x10 ⁻⁰⁹	0.4	1	1.09(1.07-1.12)	4.43x10 ⁻²⁰	2.66x10 ⁻²⁷
rs6678914	1	202187176	G/A	0.42	0.94(0.91-0.98)	0.000942	0.41	1	1.00(0.98-1.02)	0.712	0.050
rs4245739	1	204518842	A/C	0.27	1.03(0.99-1.07)	0.193	0.26	1	1.03(1.01-1.05)	0.00503	0.00206
rs12710696	2	19320803	C/T	0.36	1.07(1.04-1.11)	4.57x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.36	1	1.04(1.02-1.06)	0.000481	4.36x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs4849887	2	121245122	C/T	0.1	0.91(0.86-0.96)	0.00107	0.1	1	0.91(0.88-0.94)	4.89x10 ⁻⁰⁹	2.04x10 ⁻¹¹
rs2016394	2	172972971	G/A	0.47	0.99(0.96-1.02)	0.512	0.48	1	0.95(0.94-0.97)	1.90x10 ⁻⁰⁶	8.11x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs1550623*	2	174212894	A/G	0.16	0.94(0.9-0.99)	0.0146	0.16	1	0.95(0.92-0.97)	2.88x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.27x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs1045485*	2	202149589	G/C	0.13	0.91(0.87-0.96)	0.000612	0.13	1	0.97(0.94-1)	0.0463	0.000689
rs13387042	2	217905832	A/G	0.49	0.87(0.84-0.9)	1.27x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.49	1	0.88(0.86-0.9)	8.91x10 ⁻⁴¹	1.15x10 ⁻⁵⁵
rs16857609	2	218296508	C/T	0.26	1.08(1.04-1.12)	3.08x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.26	1	1.08(1.06-1.11)	9.48x10 ⁻¹	1.41x10 ⁻¹⁷
rs6762644	3	4742276	A/G	0.39	1.04(1.01-1.08)	0.02	0.4	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	6.28x10 ⁻¹¹	8.58x10 ⁻¹²

rs4973768	3	27416013	C/T	0.47	1.11(1.07-1.15)	7.45x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.47	1	1.1(1.08-1.12)	4.65x10 ⁻²²	2.68x10 ⁻³⁰
rs12493607	3	30682939	G/C	0.35	1.04(1-1.07)	0.0385	0.34	1	1.06(1.04-1.08)	7.00x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.13x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs1053338	3	63967900	A/G	0.13	1.06(1.01-1.12)	0.016	0.13	1	1.08(1.05-1.11)	1.65x10 ⁻⁰⁷	9.08x10 ⁻⁹
rs9790517	4	106084778	C/T	0.22	1.09(1.05-1.14)	1.38x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.22	1	1.05(1.03-1.08)	6.85x10 ⁻⁰⁶	1.43x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs6828523	4	175846426	C/A	0.12	0.9(0.85-0.95)	9.02x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.12	1	0.9(0.87-0.93)	2.77x10 ⁻¹²	1.14Ex10 ⁻¹⁵
rs10069690	5	1279790	C/T	0.26	1.04(0.98-1.1)	0.219	0.26	1	1.06(1.04-1.09)	1.70x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.10x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs7726159*	5	1282319	C/A	0.35	1(0.95-1.05)	0.956	0.34	1	1.04(1.02-1.06)	3.65x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.000174
rs2736108	5	1297488	C/T	0.27	0.94(0.89-0.99)	0.0137	0.29	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	5.47x10 ⁻⁰⁸	2.44x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs10941679	5	44706498	A/G	0.25	1.13(1.08-1.18)	2.31x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.25	1	1.12(1.1-1.15)	3.20x10 ⁻²⁶	4.50x10 ⁻³²
rs889312	5	56031884	A/C	0.28	1.15(1.11-1.2)	2.26x10 ⁻¹⁴	0.28	1	1.12(1.1-1.15)	2.87x10 ⁻²⁷	1.19x10 ⁻³⁹
rs10472076	5	58184061	T/C	0.36	1.06(1.02-1.09)	0.00275	0.38	1	1.05(1.03-1.07)	1.82x10 ⁻⁰⁶	1.84x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs1353747	5	58337481	T/G	0.1	0.92(0.87-0.98)	0.00698	0.1	1	0.92(0.89-0.95)	1.38x10 ⁻⁰⁶	3.19x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs1432679	5	158244083	T/C	0.43	1.08(1.04-1.11)	2.20x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.43	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	3.60x10 ⁻¹²	3.93x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs11242675*	6	1318878	T/C	0.38	0.95(0.92-0.98)	0.00362	0.38	1	0.96(0.94-0.98)	1.07x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.40x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs204247	6	13722523	A/G	0.44	1.06(1.03-1.1)	0.000326	0.44	1	1.05(1.03-1.07)	2.71Ex10 ⁻⁰⁷	4.18x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs17529111	6	82128386	T/C	0.21	1.1(1.05-1.15)	3.50x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.22	1	1.06(1.04-1.08)	4.90x10 ⁻⁰⁷	2.03x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs12662670	6	151918856	T/G	0.08	1.22(1.14-1.29)	6.22x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.07	1	1.17(1.13-1.22)	1.03x10 ⁻¹⁸	6.80x10 ⁻²⁷
rs2046210	6	151948366	G/A	0.35	1.13(1.09-1.17)	3.61x10 ⁻¹²	0.34	1	1.08(1.06-1.1)	2.13x10 ⁻¹⁴	5.94x10 ⁻²⁴

rs6964587*	7	91630620	G/T	0.39	1.03(0.99-1.06)	0.11	0.39	1	1.05(1.03-1.07)	1.26x10 ⁻⁰⁶	4.90x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs720475	7	144074929	G/A	0.24	0.95(0.91-0.99)	0.00834	0.25	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	1.23x10 ⁻⁰⁸	3.85x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs9693444	8	29509616	C/A	0.32	1.06(1.02-1.1)	0.00209	0.32	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	1.09x10 ⁻¹⁰	1.00x10 ⁻¹²
rs6472903	8	76230301	T/G	0.17	0.91(0.87-0.96)	9.46x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.18	1	0.91(0.89-0.93)	2.74x10 ⁻¹³	1.21x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs2943559	8	76417937	A/G	0.07	1.19(1.11-1.27)	1.36x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.07	1	1.13(1.09-1.17)	6.81x10 ⁻¹¹	1.41x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs13281615	8	128355618	A/G	0.41	1.12(1.08-1.15)	1.91x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.4	1	1.1(1.08-1.12)	3.26x10 ⁻²²	5.52x10 ⁻³¹
rs11780156	8	129194641	C/T	0.17	1.08(1.03-1.13)	0.000763	0.16	1	1.07(1.04-1.09)	7.67x10 ⁻⁰⁷	2.42x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs1011970	9	22062134	G/T	0.17	1.11(1.06-1.16)	6.57x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.17	1	1.06(1.03-1.08)	2.68x10 ⁻⁰⁵	4.02x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs10759243	9	110306115	C/A	0.27	1.08(1.03-1.12)	0.000708	0.29	1	1.05(1.03-1.08)	6.92x10 ⁻⁰⁷	2.69x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs865686	9	110888478	T/G	0.37	0.91(0.88-0.94)	1.96x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.38	1	0.9(0.88-0.92)	4.49x10 ⁻²⁷	6.42x10 ⁻³⁴
rs2380205*	10	5886734	C/T	0.44	0.95(0.92-0.98)	0.00147	0.44	1	0.99(0.97-1.01)	0.197	0.00699
rs7072776	10	22032942	G/A	0.28	1.09(1.05-1.14)	1.79x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.29	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	7.66x10 ⁻¹⁰	1.29x10 ⁻¹⁴
rs11814448	10	22315843	A/C	0.02	1.35(1.17-1.56)	3.83x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.02	1	1.27(1.19-1.36)	2.73x10 ⁻¹³	6.47x10 ⁻¹⁷
rs10995190	10	64278682	G/A	0.15	0.86(0.82-0.91)	1.30x10 ⁻⁰⁹	0.16	1	0.86(0.83-0.88)	1.60x10 ⁻²⁹	1.50x10 ⁻³⁷
rs704010	10	80841148	C/T	0.39	1.11(1.08-1.15)	6.32x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.38	1	1.08(1.06-1.1)	2.94x10 ⁻¹⁵	3.15x10 ⁻²³
rs7904519	10	114773927	A/G	0.45	1.09(1.05-1.12)	1.20x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.46	1	1.05(1.03-1.07)	4.74x10 ⁻⁰⁸	9.21x10 ⁻¹³
rs11199914	10	123093901	C/T	0.32	0.94(0.91-0.97)	0.000822	0.32	1	0.95(0.93-0.97)	2.25x10 ⁻⁰⁶	8.20x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs2981579	10	123337335	G/A	0.42	1.25(1.21-1.29)	2.21x10 ⁻³⁷	0.4	1	1.27(1.24-1.29)	1.29x10 ⁻¹²⁸	5.89x10 ⁻¹⁶⁴

rs3817198	11	1909006	T/C	0.32	1.07(1.03-1.11)	0.000454	0.31	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	1.09x10 ⁻¹⁰	2.09x10 ⁻¹³
rs3903072	11	65583066	G/T	0.47	0.93(0.9-0.97)	5.50x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.47	1	0.95(0.93-0.97)	3.02x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.14x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs78540526	11	69331418	C/T	0.08	1.42(1.33-1.51)	2.30x10 ⁻²⁶	0.08	0.99	1.34(1.29-1.38)	1.65x10 ⁻⁶²	1.65x10 ⁻⁸⁶
rs554219	11	69331642	C/G	0.13	1.28(1.22-1.34)	2.66x10 ⁻²³	0.12	1	1.26(1.23-1.3)	6.25x10 ⁻⁶⁰	2.03x10 ⁻⁸¹
rs75915166	11	69379161	C/A	0.06	1.36(1.27-1.47)	3.04x10 ⁻¹⁶	0.06	1	1.31(1.26-1.36)	2.40x10 ⁻⁴³	1.00x10 ⁻⁵⁷
rs11820646	11	129461171	C/T	0.41	0.94(0.9-0.97)	0.00013	0.41	1	0.95(0.93-0.97)	1.72x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.22x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs12422552*	12	14413931	G/C	0.26	1.08(1.04-1.12)	0.000104	0.26	1	1.04(1.02-1.07)	9.42x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.14x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs10771399	12	28155080	A/G	0.11	0.8(0.75-0.84)	2.22x10 ⁻¹⁴	0.12	1	0.86(0.83-0.89)	2.05x10 ⁻²²	4.76x10 ⁻³⁴
rs17356907	12	96027759	A/G	0.3	0.92(0.89-0.96)	2.34x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.3	1	0.91(0.9-0.93)	5.62x10 ⁻¹⁷	7.02x10 ⁻²¹
rs1292011	12	115836522	A/G	0.42	0.92(0.89-0.95)	2.62x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.42	1	0.92(0.9-0.94)	1.22x10 ⁻¹⁶	1.72x10 ⁻²¹
rs11571833*	13	32972626	A/T	0.01	1.22(0.96-1.54)	0.0999	0.01	1	1.27(1.15-1.4)	2.16x10 ⁻⁰⁶	5.57x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs2236007	14	37132769	G/A	0.2	0.93(0.89-0.97)	0.000452	0.21	1	0.93(0.91-0.95)	4.74x10 ⁻¹⁰	8.84x10 ⁻¹³
rs2588809	14	68660428	C/T	0.15	1.02(0.97-1.07)	0.395	0.16	1	1.08(1.05-1.11)	3.72x10 ⁻⁰⁹	2.28x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs999737	14	69034682	C/T	0.23	0.88(0.84-0.91)	1.06x10 ⁻¹⁰	0.23	1	0.92(0.9-0.94)	4.10x10 ⁻¹³	1.98x10 ⁻²¹
rs941764	14	91841069	A/G	0.33	1.04(1-1.08)	0.0482	0.34	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	2.37x10 ⁻¹⁰	6.22x10 ⁻¹¹
rs3803662	16	52586341	G/A	0.28	1.25(1.2-1.29)	1.08x10 ⁻³²	0.26	1	1.24(1.21-1.26)	2.71x10 ⁻⁸⁶	4.15x10 ⁻¹¹⁷
rs17817449	16	53813367	T/G	0.4	0.95(0.92-0.99)	0.00517	0.4	1	0.93(0.91-0.95)	6.90x10 ⁻¹³	2.47x10 ⁻¹⁴

rs11075995	16	53855291	T/A	0.23	1.08(1.04-1.12)	0.000218	0.24	1	1.04(1.02-1.06)	0.000496	1.36x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs13329835	16	80650805	A/G	0.22	1.11(1.06-1.15)	4.41x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.22	1	1.08(1.06-1.11)	6.08x10 ⁻¹²	2.36x10 ⁻¹⁷
rs6504950	17	53056471	G/A	0.28	0.93(0.9-0.96)	0.00012	0.28	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	8.15x10 ⁻⁰⁹	4.76x10 ⁻¹²
rs527616	18	24337424	G/C	0.37	0.9(0.86-0.93)	4.27x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.38	1	0.95(0.93-0.97)	1.47x10 ⁻⁰⁷	7.50x10 ⁻¹³
rs1436904	18	24570667	T/G	0.41	0.95(0.92-0.98)	0.00174	0.4	1	0.96(0.94-0.97)	4.73x10 ⁻⁰⁶	3.23x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs8170	19	17389704	G/A	0.19	1.09(1.05-1.14)	7.75x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.19	1	1.04(1.02-1.07)	0.000997	1.66x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs2363956	19	17394124	G/T	0.49	1.08(1.04-1.12)	9.58x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.49	1	1.03(1.01-1.05)	0.00368	2.49x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs4808801	19	18571141	A/G	0.34	0.95(0.92-0.99)	0.00764	0.35	1	0.93(0.91-0.94)	5.89x10 ⁻¹⁴	4.12x10 ⁻¹⁵
rs3760982	19	44286513	G/A	0.47	1.04(1.01-1.07)	0.0218	0.46	1	1.05(1.03-1.07)	9.64x10 ⁻⁰⁸	8.00x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs2823093	21	16520832	G/A	0.26	0.95(0.92-0.99)	0.0154	0.27	1	0.93(0.91-0.95)	2.39x10 ⁻¹²	3.18x10 ⁻¹³
rs17879961 ¹⁰	22	29121087	A/G	0.03	0.93(0.7-1.23)	0.593	0.0049	1	1.37(1.21-1.55)	7.85x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.67x10 ⁻⁵
rs132390	22	29621477	T/C	0.03	1.2(1.07-1.34)	0.00163	0.04	1	1.14(1.08-1.2)	3.79x10 ⁻⁰⁷	3.22x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs6001930	22	40876234	T/C	0.1	1.17(1.1-1.23)	4.00x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.11	1	1.12(1.09-1.16)	3.53x10 ⁻¹⁴	1.71x10 ⁻²⁰

¹SNPs marked in bold and asterisked do not reach *P*<5x10⁻⁸ for overall, ER-positive or ER-negative breast cancer.

²Chromosome.

³Build 37 position.

⁴Reference/effect allele (forward strand).

⁵Mean frequency of the effect allele.

⁶Per-allele OR for the effect allele.

⁷1 degree of freedom trend test.

⁸Mean imputation r² from IMPUTE2 (r²=1 for genotyped SNPs).

⁹Combined *P*-value based on meta-analysis of the GWAS and iCOGS results.

¹⁰rs17879961 was not included in the main analysis as MAF <0.005 in iCOGS.

* Variants that do not reach P<5x10⁻⁸ in overall, ER-negative or ER-positive disease

Supplementary Table 3b: Association results for ER-positive breast cancer.

SNP ¹	Chr ²	Position ³	Alleles ⁴	MAF GWAS⁵	OR GWAS (95%CI) ⁶	GWAS P ⁷	MAF iCOGS⁵	r ² iCOGS ⁸	OR iCOGS (95% CI) ⁶	iCOGS P ⁷	Combined P ⁹
rs616488	1	10566215	A/G	0.32	0.98(0.9-1.07)	0.661	0.33	1	0.96(0.94-0.98)	0.00106	0.00107
rs11552449	1	114448389	C/T	0.17	1.12(1-1.24)	0.0423	0.16	1	1.08(1.05-1.11)	3.06x10 ⁻⁰⁷	4.30x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs11249433	1	121280613	A/G	0.39	1.11(1.03-1.21)	0.00988	0.4	1	1.12(1.09-1.14)	5.37x10 ⁻²²	1.87x10 ⁻²³
rs6678914	1	202187176	G/A	0.43	1.01(0.93-1.1)	0.754	0.41	1	1.01(0.99-1.04)	0.308	0.286
rs4245739	1	204518842	A/C	0.24	0.94(0.85-1.03)	0.195	0.26	1	1(0.98-1.03)	0.878	0.847
rs12710696	2	19320803	C/T	0.35	1.06(0.98-1.15)	0.159	0.36	1	1.01(0.98-1.03)	0.531	0.325
rs4849887	2	121245122	C/T	0.09	0.89(0.77-1.02)	0.102	0.1	1	0.91(0.88-0.95)	1.73x10 ⁻⁰⁶	4.51x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs2016394	2	172972971	G/A	0.48	0.94(0.86-1.01)	0.1	0.48	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	1.98x10 ⁻⁰⁸	4.93x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs1550623*	2	174212894	A/G	0.16	0.88(0.79-0.99)	0.0289	0.16	1	0.95(0.92-0.98)	0.000877	0.000148
rs1045485*	2	202149589	G/C	0.13	0.92(0.82-1.04)	0.205	0.13	1	0.98(0.94-1.01)	0.181	0.103
rs13387042	2	217905832	A/G	0.49	0.82(0.75-0.88)	5.46x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.49	1	0.86(0.84-0.88)	2.26x10 ⁻³⁷	1.90x10 ⁻⁴²
rs16857609	2	218296508	C/T	0.28	1.02(0.93-1.11)	0.693	0.26	1	1.09(1.06-1.11)	2.35x10 ⁻¹⁰	5.46x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs6762644	3	4742276	A/G	0.39	1.13(1.05-1.23)	0.00226	0.4	1	1.07(1.05-1.09)	8.05x10 ⁻⁰⁹	1.74x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs4973768	3	27416013	C/T	0.46	1.15(1.06-1.25)	0.000491	0.47	1	1.1(1.08-1.13)	1.05x10 ⁻¹⁷	3.91x10 ⁻²⁰
rs12493607	3	30682939	G/C	0.35	1.05(0.96-1.14)	0.261	0.34	1	1.07(1.04-1.09)	5.67x10 ⁻⁰⁸	3.18x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs1053338	3	63967900	A/G	0.12	1.09(0.96-1.23)	0.18	0.13	1	1.04(1.08-1.11)	2.86x10 ⁻⁰⁶	1.11x10 ⁻⁰⁶

rs9790517	4	106084778	C/T	0.23	1.08(0.98-1.18)	0.139	0.22	1	1.06(1.03-1.09)	1.54x10 ⁻⁰⁵	5.07x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs6828523	4	175846426	C/A	0.12	0.86(0.76-0.98)	0.0191	0.12	1	0.87(0.84-0.9)	1.54x10 ⁻¹⁴	9.56x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs10069690	5	1279790	C/T	0.27	1(0.9-1.11)	0.946	0.26	1	1.04(1.01-1.06)	0.00778	0.0101
rs7726159*	5	1282319	C/A	0.35	0.98(0.89-1.08)	0.709	0.34	1	1.03(1.01-1.06)	0.00676	0.0112
rs2736108	5	1297488	C/T	0.26	0.98(0.88-1.09)	0.724	0.29	1	0.96(0.94-0.99)	0.00239	0.00239
rs10941679	5	44706498	A/G	0.25	1.19(1.09-1.31)	0.000236	0.25	1	1.15(1.12-1.18)	2.84x10 ⁻²⁸	4.00x10 ⁻³¹
rs889312	5	56031884	A/C	0.28	1.07(0.98-1.17)	0.124	0.28	1	1.14(1.12-1.17)	1.39x10 ⁻²⁶	1.07x10 ⁻²⁶
rs10472076	5	58184061	T/C	0.37	1.1(1.01-1.19)	0.027	0.38	1	1.04(1.01-1.06)	0.00191	0.000339
rs1353747	5	58337481	T/G	0.09	0.95(0.82-1.09)	0.442	0.1	1	0.93(0.89-0.97)	0.00025	0.000187
rs1432679	5	158244083	T/C	0.44	1.07(0.99-1.16)	0.102	0.43	1	1.07(1.04-1.09)	8.23x10 ⁻⁰⁹	2.08x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs11242675*	6	1318878	T/C	0.4	0.97(0.89-1.05)	0.455	0.38	1	0.96(0.94-0.98)	0.000754	0.000572
rs204247	6	13722523	A/G	0.44	1.03(0.95-1.12)	0.501	0.44	1	1.07(1.04-1.09)	3.55x10 ⁻⁰⁸	3.98x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs17529111	6	82128386	T/C	0.23	1.13(1.03-1.24)	0.0124	0.22	1	1.06(1.03-1.09)	3.61x10 ⁻⁰⁵	3.22x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs12662670	6	151918856	T/G	0.07	1.12(0.96-1.32)	0.157	0.07	1	1.13(1.08-1.18)	2.05x10 ⁻⁰⁸	7.33x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs2046210	6	151948366	G/A	0.31	1.1(1.01-1.19)	0.0342	0.34	1	1.06(1.03-1.08)	1.00x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.42x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs6964587*	7	91630620	G/T	0.39	1.03(0.94-1.11)	0.55	0.39	1	1.06(1.04-1.08)	5.78x10 ⁻⁰⁷	6.46x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs720475	7	144074929	G/A	0.25	0.99(0.9-1.09)	0.852	0.25	1	0.93(0.91-0.96)	1.03x10 ⁻⁰⁷	2.34x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs9693444	8	29509616	C/A	0.33	1.05(0.96-1.14)	0.264	0.32	1	1.07(1.05-1.1)	1.28x10 ⁻⁰⁸	7.49x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs6472903	8	76230301	T/G	0.18	0.89(0.8-0.99)	0.0254	0.18	1	0.91(0.88-0.94)	1.14x10 ⁻⁰⁹	1.00x10 ⁻¹⁰

rs2943559	8	76417937	A/G	0.07	1.06(0.9-1.24)	0.517	0.07	1	1.13(1.09-1.18)	4.64x10 ⁻⁰⁹	5.38x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs13281615	8	128355618	A/G	0.4	1.18(1.09-1.28)	7.04E-05	0.4	1	1.11(1.08-1.13)	5.45x10 ⁻¹⁸	5.73x10 ⁻²¹
rs11780156	8	129194641	C/T	0.15	1.15(1.03-1.29)	0.012	0.16	1	1.07(1.04-1.11)	5.31x10 ⁻⁰⁶	4.39x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs1011970	9	22062134	G/T	0.18	1.08(0.97-1.2)	0.151	0.17	1	1.04(1.01-1.08)	0.00438	0.00173
rs10759243	9	110306115	C/A	0.28	1.02(0.93-1.11)	0.707	0.29	1	1.08(1.05-1.11)	1.48x10 ⁻⁰⁹	2.91x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs865686	9	110888478	T/G	0.38	0.86(0.79-0.94)	0.000502	0.38	1	0.87(0.85-0.89)	2.14x10 ⁻³⁰	4.93x10 ⁻³³
rs2380205*	10	5886734	C/T	0.45	0.91(0.84-0.99)	0.0273	0.44	1	0.98(0.96-1)	0.062	0.0167
rs7072776	10	22032942	G/A	0.26	1.14(1.04-1.25)	0.00436	0.28	1	1.09(1.06-1.12)	1.17x10 ⁻¹¹	2.96x10 ⁻¹³
rs11814448	10	22315843	A/C	0.02	1.11(0.8-1.55)	0.53	0.02	1	1.27(1.18-1.37)	6.44E-10	7.08x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs10995190	10	64278682	G/A	0.17	0.84(0.75-0.93)	0.00153	0.16	1	0.85(0.83-0.88)	9.68x10 ⁻²³	6.37x10 ⁻²⁵
rs704010	10	80841148	C/T	0.37	1.07(0.98-1.16)	0.132	0.38	1	1.1(1.07-1.12)	2.09x10 ⁻¹⁵	8.34x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs7904519	10	114773927	A/G	0.45	1.11(1.02-1.2)	0.0116	0.46	1	1.04(1.02-1.07)	0.000168	1.70x10 ⁻⁰⁵
rs11199914	10	123093901	C/T	0.34	0.93(0.85-1.01)	0.1	0.32	1	0.93(0.91-0.96)	5.50x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.38x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs2981579	10	123337335	G/A	0.41	1.37(1.26-1.49)	5.12x10 ⁻¹⁴	0.4	1	1.33(1.3-1.36)	9.36x10 ⁻¹³³	5.79x10 ⁻¹⁴⁵
rs3817198	11	1909006	T/C	0.3	1.01(0.92-1.1)	0.888	0.31	1	1.09(1.06-1.11)	1.55x10 ⁻¹¹	6.16x10 ⁻¹¹
rs3903072	11	65583066	G/T	0.5	0.9(0.83-0.97)	0.00878	0.47	1	0.95(0.92-0.97)	1.11x10 ⁻⁰⁶	6.87x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs78540526	11	69331418	C/T	0.08	1.37(1.19-1.59)	1.87E-05	0.08	0.99	1.41(1.35-1.46)	2.31x10 ⁻⁶⁶	2.50x10 ⁻⁷⁰
rs554219	11	69331642	C/G	0.13	1.35(1.2-1.51)	6.55E-07	0.12	1	1.32(1.28-1.37)	9.07x10 ⁻⁶⁵	3.82x10 ⁻⁷⁰
rs75915166	11	69379161	C/A	0.06	1.23(1.03-1.46)	0.0204	0.06	1	1.38(1.32-1.44)	9.52x10 ⁻⁴⁶	1.48x10 ⁻⁴⁶

rs11820646	11	129461171	C/T	0.43	0.92(0.85-1)	0.0514	0.41	1	0.95(0.93-0.97)	2.68x10 ⁻⁰⁶	4.48x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs12422552*	12	14413931	G/C	0.25	1.14(1.04-1.25)	0.00592	0.26	1	1.04(1.01-1.07)	0.00204	0.000217
rs10771399	12	28155080	A/G	0.11	0.82(0.72-0.94)	0.00389	0.12	1	0.88(0.85-0.91)	5.77x10 ⁻¹³	1.23x10 ⁻¹⁴
rs17356907	12	96027759	A/G	0.31	0.89(0.82-0.98)	0.0157	0.3	1	0.91(0.89-0.93)	1.47x10 ⁻¹⁴	7.99x10 ⁻¹⁶
rs1292011	12	115836522	A/G	0.41	0.88(0.82-0.96)	0.00346	0.42	1	0.91(0.89-0.93)	8.75x10 ⁻¹⁷	1.36x10 ⁻¹⁸
rs11571833*	13	32972626	A/T	0.01	1.64(1.03-2.62)	0.0374	0.01	1	1.26(1.12-1.41)	0.00013	2.47x10 ⁻⁰⁵
rs2236007	14	37132769	G/A	0.2	0.87(0.78-0.96)	0.00649	0.21	1	0.91(0.89-0.94)	1.55x10 ⁻¹⁰	5.48x10 ⁻¹²
rs2588809	14	68660428	C/T	0.16	1.04(0.93-1.16)	0.467	0.16	1	1.09(1.06-1.13)	4.89x10 ⁻⁰⁹	5.39x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs999737	14	69034682	C/T	0.23	0.86(0.78-0.94)	0.00153	0.23	1	0.91(0.89-0.94)	5.00x10 ⁻¹¹	6.90x10 ⁻¹³
rs941764	14	91841069	A/G	0.34	1.07(0.99-1.17)	0.104	0.34	1	1.07(1.05-1.1)	3.66x10 ⁻⁰⁹	9.41x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs3803662	16	52586341	G/A	0.28	1.28(1.17-1.39)	3.43E-08	0.26	1	1.26(1.23-1.29)	4.02x10 ⁻⁷³	9.98x10 ⁻⁸⁰
rs17817449	16	53813367	T/G	0.4	0.98(0.9-1.06)	0.552	0.4	1	0.93(0.91-0.96)	5.77x10 ⁻⁰⁹	8.03x10 ⁻⁰⁹
rs11075995	16	53855291	T/A	0.25	1.06(0.96-1.16)	0.235	0.24	1	1.03(1-1.05)	0.0473	0.0258
rs13329835	16	80650805	A/G	0.23	1.09(0.99-1.2)	0.0716	0.22	1	1.09(1.06-1.12)	1.64x10 ⁻¹⁰	3.12x10 ⁻¹¹
rs6504950	17	53056471	G/A	0.27	0.95(0.87-1.04)	0.279	0.28	1	0.93(0.91-0.95)	2.94x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.79x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs527616	18	24337424	G/C	0.41	0.9(0.82-0.98)	0.0118	0.38	1	0.95(0.93-0.98)	4.49x10 ⁻⁰⁵	4.28x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs1436904	18	24570667	T/G	0.39	0.94(0.87-1.03)	0.177	0.4	1	0.94(0.92-0.96)	1.44x10 ⁻⁰⁷	5.65x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs8170	19	17389704	G/A	0.2	0.95(0.85-1.05)	0.285	0.19	1	1.01(0.98-1.04)	0.597	0.825
rs2363956	19	17394124	G/T	0.46	0.97(0.89-1.05)	0.396	0.49	1	1(0.98-1.02)	0.946	0.767

rs4808801	19	18571141	A/G	0.35	0.95(0.87-1.03)	0.238	0.35	1	0.93(0.91-0.95)	3.82x10 ⁻¹⁰	2.18x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs3760982	19	44286513	G/A	0.45	1.07(0.99-1.16)	0.102	0.46	1	1.06(1.04-1.08)	5.08x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.30x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs2823093	21	16520832	G/A	0.27	0.97(0.87-1.07)	0.546	0.27	1	0.91(0.89-0.94)	3.18x10 ⁻¹²	4.81x10 ⁻¹²
rs17879961	22	29121087	A/G	0.04	0.89(0.57-1.36)	0.582	0.0049	1	1.51(1.31-1.73)	3.49x10 ⁻⁰⁹	2.81x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs132390	22	29621477	T/C	0.04	1.17(0.93-1.48)	0.177	0.04	1	1.14(1.08-1.21)	8.44x10 ⁻⁰⁶	3.35x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs6001930	22	40876234	T/C	0.12	1.08(0.95-1.22)	0.24	0.11	1	1.12(1.08-1.16)	2.81x10 ⁻¹⁰	1.64x10 ⁻¹⁰

 $^{^{1}}$ SNPs marked in bold and asterisked do not reach $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ for overall, ER-positive or ER-negative breast cancer.

²Chromosome.

³Build 37 position.

⁴Reference/effect allele, based on the overall frequency in controls in iCOGS (forward strand).

⁵Mean frequency of the effect allele.

⁶Per-allele OR for the effect allele.

⁷1 degree of freedom trend test.

⁸Mean imputation r² from IMPUTE2 (r²=1 for genotyped SNPs).

⁹Combined *P*-value based on meta-analysis of the GWAS and iCOGS results.

¹⁰rs17879961 was not included in the main analysis as MAF <0.005 in iCOGS.

^{*} Variants that do not reach P<5x10⁻⁸ in overall, ER-negative or ER-positive disease

Supplementary Table 3c. Association results for ER-negative breast cancer.

SNP ¹	Chr ²	Position ³	Alleles ⁴	MAF GWAS ⁵	OR GWAS (95%CI) ⁶	GWAS P ⁷	MAF iCOGS⁵	r ² iCOGS ⁸	OR iCOGS (95%CI) ⁶	iCOGS P ⁷	Combine P ⁹
rs616488	1	10566215	A/G	0.33	0.92(0.87-0.97)	0.0033	0.33	1	0.91(0.87-0.95)	3.91E-06	2.99x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs11552449	1	114448389	C/T	0.17	1.09(1.02-1.17)	0.0159	0.16	1	1.04(0.99-1.1)	0.0833	0.00689
rs11249433	1	121280613	A/G	0.42	1.06(1-1.13)	0.066	0.4	1	1(0.96-1.04)	0.938	0.334
rs6678914	1	202187176	G/A	0.41	0.88(0.83-0.93)	2.32x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.41	1	0.92(0.88-0.96)	1.69E-05	3.83x10 ⁻¹⁰
rs4245739	1	204518842	A/C	0.28	1.12(1.05-1.18)	0.000218	0.26	1	1.15(1.11-1.2)	1.75E-11	1.23x10 ⁻¹⁴
rs12710696	2	19320803	C/T	0.37	1.07(1.02-1.13)	0.00955	0.36	1	1.1(1.06-1.14)	1.24E-06	3.95x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs4849887	2	121245122	C/T	0.1	0.96(0.88-1.05)	0.345	0.1	1	0.9(0.85-0.96)	0.00223	0.00233
rs2016394	2	172972971	G/A	0.47	1.07(1.01-1.12)	0.013	0.48	1	1(0.96-1.03)	0.817	0.161
rs1550623*	2	174212894	A/G	0.16	0.98(0.91-1.05)	0.572	0.16	1	0.95(0.91-1.01)	0.0784	0.0651
rs1045485*	2	202149589	G/C	0.13	0.9(0.83-0.97)	0.00887	0.13	1	0.98(0.92-1.03)	0.43	0.0198
rs13387042	2	217905832	A/G	0.48	0.94(0.9-0.99)	0.0263	0.49	1	0.96(0.93-1)	0.0345	0.00158
rs16857609	2	218296508	C/T	0.26	1.06(1-1.13)	0.0466	0.26	1	1.09(1.04-1.13)	0.000101	3.06x10 ⁻⁰⁵
rs6762644	3	4742276	A/G	0.39	0.98(0.93-1.04)	0.502	0.4	1	1.02(0.98-1.06)	0.276	0.719
rs4973768	3	27416013	C/T	0.48	1.03(0.97-1.08)	0.326	0.47	1	1.05(1.01-1.09)	0.00897	0.00662
rs12493607	3	30682939	G/C	0.35	0.99(0.94-1.05)	0.823	0.34	1	1.02(0.98-1.06)	0.373	0.527
rs1053338	3	63967900	A/G	0.12	1.02(0.94-1.10)	0.63	0.13	1	1.06(1.00-1.12)	0.04	0.05
rs9790517	4	106084778	C/T	0.23	1.1(1.03-1.17)	0.00306	0.22	1	1.03(0.98-1.07)	0.275	0.00896
rs6828523	4	175846426	C/A	0.12	0.94(0.86-1.02)	0.136	0.12	1	1.02(0.96-1.08)	0.484	0.772
rs10069690	5	1279790	C/T	0.29	1.07(0.95-1.21)	0.261	0.26	1	1.16(1.12-1.21)	3.97x10 ⁻¹³	5.84x10 ⁻¹³
rs7726159*	5	1282319	C/A	0.35	1.07(0.98-1.16)	0.129	0.34	1	1.09(1.05-1.14)	9.75x10 ⁻⁰⁶	2.19x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs2736108	5	1297488	C/T	0.26	0.93(0.84-1.03)	0.168	0.29	1	0.89(0.85-0.93)	5.13x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.41x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs10941679	5	44706498	A/G	0.24	1.07(0.98-1.16)	0.129	0.25	1	1.03(0.99-1.08)	0.147	0.0352

rs889312	5	56031884	A/C	0.28	1.07(1.01-1.14)	0.0142	0.28	1	1.06(1.02-1.1)	0.00663	0.000239
rs10472076	5	58184061	T/C	0.36	1.04(0.99-1.1)	0.134	0.38	1	1.06(1.02-1.1)	0.00464	0.0023
rs1353747	5	58337481	T/G	0.09	0.97(0.89-1.06)	0.512	0.1	1	0.92(0.86-0.98)	0.00835	0.0098
rs1432679	5	158244083	T/C	0.43	1.06(1-1.11)	0.039	0.43	1	1.08(1.04-1.13)	2.39x10 ⁻⁰⁵	2.83x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs11242675*	6	1318878	T/C	0.37	0.94(0.89-0.99)	0.015	0.38	1	0.96(0.92-0.99)	0.0217	0.00069
rs204247	6	13722523	A/G	0.44	1.08(1.03-1.14)	0.00307	0.44	1	1.01(0.97-1.04)	0.739	0.0489
rs17529111	6	82128386	T/C	0.22	1.17(1.08-1.26)	0.000167	0.22	1	1.05(1-1.09)	0.0467	0.000356
rs12662670	6	151918856	T/G	0.08	1.25(1.13-1.37)	7.53x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.07	1	1.24(1.16-1.32)	3.00x10 ⁻¹⁰	8.90x10 ⁻¹⁵
rs2046210	6	151948366	G/A	0.35	1.15(1.09-1.22)	2.26x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.34	1	1.16(1.12-1.21)	8.88x10 ⁻¹⁴	4.10x10 ⁻²⁰
rs6964587*	7	91630620	G/T	0.39	1.01(0.96-1.06)	0.79	0.39	1	1.04(1-1.08)	0.06	0.09
rs720475	7	144074929	G/A	0.24	1.03(0.96-1.09)	0.415	0.26	1	0.99(0.95-1.03)	0.694	0.968
rs9693444	8	29509616	C/A	0.32	1.02(0.96-1.07)	0.567	0.32	1	1.09(1.04-1.13)	4.66E-05	0.000342
rs6472903	8	76230301	T/G	0.18	0.97(0.9-1.04)	0.325	0.18	1	0.94(0.89-0.99)	0.0126	0.00892
rs2943559	8	76417937	A/G	0.07	1.16(1.05-1.29)	0.00384	0.07	1	1.07(1-1.15)	0.0552	0.00133
rs13281615	8	128355618	A/G	0.42	1.07(1.01-1.12)	0.0157	0.4	1	1.03(0.99-1.07)	0.195	0.0129
rs11780156	8	129194641	C/T	0.18	1.02(0.95-1.09)	0.586	0.16	1	1.06(1-1.11)	0.032	0.0365
rs1011970	9	22062134	G/T	0.17	1.08(1.01-1.15)	0.0335	0.17	1	1.11(1.06-1.17)	1.42x10 ⁻⁰⁵	7.36x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs10759243	9	110306115	C/A	0.27	1.1(1.02-1.18)	0.0168	0.29	1	1.01(0.97-1.05)	0.608	0.15
rs865686	9	110888478	T/G	0.36	0.97(0.92-1.03)	0.332	0.38	1	0.99(0.95-1.03)	0.487	0.211
rs2380205*	10	5886734	C/T	0.44	0.98(0.93-1.03)	0.492	0.44	1	1.01(0.97-1.05)	0.718	0.755
rs7072776	10	22032942	G/A	0.28	1.04(0.99-1.11)	0.136	0.29	1	0.94(0.91-0.98)	0.00709	0.216
rs11814448	10	22315843	A/C	0.02	1.22(0.92-1.62)	0.164	0.02	1	1.2(1.06-1.37)	0.00399	0.00143
rs10995190	10	64278682	G/A	0.15	0.92(0.85-0.98)	0.0173	0.16	1	0.87(0.83-0.92)	3.34x10 ⁻⁰⁷	3.75x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs704010	10	80841148	C/T	0.38	1.07(1.02-1.13)	0.0114	0.38	1	1.03(0.99-1.07)	0.0969	0.00388
rs7904519	10	114773927	A/G	0.46	1.12(1.06-1.18)	3.28x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.46	1	1.04(1.01-1.08)	0.021	7.54x10 ⁻⁰⁶

rs11199914	10	123093901	C/T	0.32	0.96(0.91-1.02)	0.156	0.32	1	1.02(0.98-1.06)	0.398	0.971
rs2981579	10	123337335	G/A	0.42	1.02(0.97-1.08)	0.367	0.4	1	1.02(0.99-1.06)	0.205	0.0906
rs3817198	11	1909006	T/C	0.32	1.06(1-1.12)	0.0406	0.31	1	1.06(1.02-1.11)	0.0028	0.000401
rs3903072	11	65583066	G/T	0.47	0.94(0.89-0.99)	0.015	0.47	1	0.97(0.94-1.01)	0.173	0.00625
rs78540526	11	69331418	C/T	0.08	1.1(0.98-1.24)	0.108	0.08	0.99	1.03(0.96-1.11)	0.376	0.138
rs554219	11	69331642	C/G	0.13	1.08(1-1.17)	0.0483	0.12	1	1.02(0.96-1.08)	0.486	0.1
rs75915166	11	69379161	C/A	0.07	1.04(0.91-1.19)	0.591	0.06	1	1.06(0.98-1.14)	0.161	0.196
rs11820646	11	129461171	C/T	0.4	0.93(0.88-0.98)	0.0092	0.41	1	0.96(0.92-1)	0.0295	0.000967
rs12422552*	12	14413931	G/C	0.26	1.08(1.01-1.14)	0.0161	0.26	1	1.05(1-1.09)	0.0338	0.0023
rs10771399	12	28155080	A/G	0.1	0.8(0.72-0.87)	1.46x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.12	1	0.84(0.79-0.9)	5.05x10 ⁻⁰⁸	1.64x10 ⁻¹³
rs17356907	12	96027759	A/G	0.3	0.89(0.84-0.94)	8.10x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.3	1	0.95(0.91-0.99)	0.0101	6.25x10 ⁻⁰⁶
rs1292011	12	115836522	A/G	0.42	0.98(0.93-1.03)	0.493	0.42	1	0.98(0.95-1.02)	0.416	0.286
rs11571833*	13	32972626	A/T	0.01	1.35(0.86-2.11)	0.19	0.01	1	1.48(1.24-1.77)	1.57x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.01x10 ⁻⁰⁵
rs2236007	14	37132769	G/A	0.21	1(0.94-1.07)	0.938	0.21	1	0.96(0.92-1)	0.0777	0.118
rs2588809	14	68660428	C/T	0.15	0.93(0.86-1.01)	0.0727	0.16	1	1.01(0.96-1.07)	0.609	0.532
rs999737	14	69034682	C/T	0.23	0.92(0.86-0.98)	0.00631	0.23	1	0.94(0.9-0.98)	0.00728	0.00019
rs941764	14	91841069	A/G	0.32	0.96(0.89-1.03)	0.228	0.34	1	1.04(1-1.08)	0.0448	0.316
rs3803662	16	52586341	G/A	0.29	1.12(1.06-1.18)	0.000139	0.26	1	1.15(1.1-1.19)	6.51x10 ⁻¹¹	5.11x10 ⁻¹⁴
rs17817449	16	53813367	T/G	0.4	0.96(0.91-1.02)	0.167	0.4	1	0.91(0.87-0.94)	3.43x10 ⁻⁰⁷	5.59x10 ⁻⁰⁷
rs11075995	16	53855291	T/A	0.23	1.12(1.05-1.19)	0.000517	0.24	1	1.1(1.05-1.15)	1.14x10 ⁻⁰⁵	3.30x10 ⁻⁰⁸
rs13329835	16	80650805	A/G	0.23	1.04(0.98-1.1)	0.242	0.22	1	1.02(0.98-1.07)	0.4	0.161
rs6504950	17	53056471	G/A	0.28	0.96(0.91-1.02)	0.206	0.28	1	0.98(0.94-1.02)	0.239	0.0824
rs527616	18	24337424	G/C	0.38	0.94(0.88-1.01)	0.0723	0.38	1	0.98(0.94-1.02)	0.331	0.064
rs1436904	18	24570667	T/G	0.4	0.98(0.93-1.03)	0.368	0.4	1	1(0.97-1.04)	0.816	0.689
rs8170	19	17389704	G/A	0.19	1.17(1.09-1.25)	7.74E-06	0.19	1	1.14(1.09-1.2)	1.94x10 ⁻⁰⁸	9.09x10 ⁻¹³

rs2363956	19	17394124	G/T	0.49	1.13(1.07-1.19)	4.53E-06	0.49	1	1.13(1.09-1.17)	1.79x10 ⁻¹⁰	3.04x10 ⁻¹⁵
rs4808801	19	18571141	A/G	0.34	0.99(0.94-1.05)	0.686	0.35	1	0.92(0.88-0.96)	2.76x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.000241
rs3760982	19	44286513	G/A	0.47	1.03(0.98-1.09)	0.247	0.46	1	1.04(1-1.08)	0.0384	0.023
rs2823093	21	16520832	G/A	0.26	1.02(0.96-1.08)	0.59	0.27	1	0.97(0.93-1.01)	0.13	0.417
rs17879961 ¹⁰	22	29121087	A/G	0.03	1.07(0.72-1.59)	0.748	0.0049	1	1.01(0.78-1.31)	0.927	0.8
rs132390	22	29621477	T/C	0.03	0.93(0.74-1.18)	0.562	0.04	1	1.1(1-1.21)	0.0511	0.156
rs6001930	22	40876234	T/C	0.11	1.17(1.08-1.28)	0.000313	0.11	1	1.1(1.04-1.17)	0.000866	3.91x10 ⁻⁰⁶

 $^{^{1}}$ SNPs marked in bold and asterisked do not reach $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ for overall, ER-positive or ER-negative breast cancer.

²Chromosome.

³Build 37 position.

⁴Reference/effect allele, based on the overall frequency in controls in iCOGS (forward strand).

⁵Mean frequency of the effect allele.

⁶Per-allele OR for the effect allele.

⁷1 degree of freedom trend test.

⁸Mean imputation r² from IMPUTE2 (r²=1 for genotyped SNPs).

⁹Combined *P*-value based on meta-analysis of the GWAS and iCOGS results.

¹⁰rs17879961 was not included in the main analysis as MAF <0.005 in iCOGS.

^{*} Variants that do not reach P<5x10⁻⁸ in overall, ER-negative or ER-positive disease

Supplementary Table 4. Loci associated with breast cancer at $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ that failed to reach $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ after reanalysis in which imputation was performed without pre-phasing (see Online Methods).

variant	Chromosome	Position ¹	Alleles ²	MAF ³	Imputation r ² iCOGS	Original p-value	Re-imputation r ² iCOGS	p-value after re-imputation
rs754536	2	25176200	T/C	0.48	0.68	4.23x10 ⁻⁹	0.60	2.87x10 ⁻⁷
rs188193695 ⁴	8	11174465	C/T	0.01	0.51	2.65x10 ⁻⁸	0.23	0.15
rs2229510	19	12903059	C/A	0.03	0.73	7.11x10 ⁻⁹	0.56	1.15x10 ⁻⁷

¹build 37 position

²Reference/effect allele, based on the overall frequency in controls in iCOGS (forward strand).

³ Mean frequency of the effect allele.

⁴ this variant after re-imputation failed the imputation threshold for inclusion in the meta-analysis

Supplementary Table 5. Validation of 15 risk loci by direct genotyping in ~4,000 individuals from SEARCH.

Best variant	Chromosome	Position ¹	Highly correlated	Reasons for selection on	Imputation ²	Correlation ³	Estimate ⁴	Estimate ⁵
			SNP genotyped on	iCOGS	r² iCOGS		imputed	genotyped
			iCOGS					
rs12405132	1	145644984	-		0.96	0.99	-0.029	-0.026
rs12048493	1	149927034	rs11205227	Published GWAS hit for	-	-	-	-
				height ⁹				
rs72755295	1	242034263	rs4149909	Breast cancer combined	-	-	-	-
				GWAS, menopause				
				association, candidate from				
				OCAC				
rs6796502	3	46866866	-		0.91	0.95	-0.062	-0.068
rs13162653 ⁶	5	16187528	-		0.72	0.7	-0.066	-0.057
rs2012709	5	32567732	-		0.81	0.84	0.109	0.114
rs7707921	5	81538046	-		0.88	0.94	-0.135	-0.135
rs9257408 ⁷	6	28926220	-		0.92	-	-	-
rs4593472	7	130667121	rs4593472	Breast cancer combined	-	-	-	-
				GWAS				
rs13365225	8	36858483	-		0.94	0.99	-0.064	-0.076
rs13267382	8	117209548	-		0.97	0.96	0.140	0.141
rs11627032 ⁸	14	93104072	-		0.73	0.78	-0.055	-0.040
chr17:29230520:D ⁹	17	29230520	-		0.76	-	-	-
rs745570	17	77781725	-		0.93	0.92	-0.068	-0.073
rs6507583	18	42399590	-		0.96	0.98	-0.057	-0.056

¹build 37 position

² Mean info score from IMPUTE2

³Correlation squared between the imputed and genotyped genotypes for 4123 samples in SEARCH

⁴ Beta coefficient in the subset of SEARCH samples from the imputed data

⁵ Beta coefficient in the subset of SEARCH samples from the genotyped data

 6 SNP rs186951, correlated with rs13162653, had better imputation quality and also reached $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ ($r^2 = 0.91$, $P = 2.1 \times 10^{-8}$).

⁷ genotyped rs28912458 as an alternative (correlation between genotyped and imputed is 0.997, p combined in meta-analysis 6.263e-08)

 8 SNP rs11621587, correlated with rs11627032, had better imputation quality and also reached $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ ($r^2 = 0.94$, $P = 2.8 \times 10^{-8}$).

⁹ Alternative SNP failed genotyping. SNP rs62070644, correlated with chr17:29230520:D, had better imputation quality and also reached $P < 5 \times 10^{-8}$ ($r^2 = 0.98$, $P = 4.5 \times 10^{-8}$).

Supplementary Table 6: Genotype-specific OR estimates for 15 novel risk loci, and analysis of heterogeneity in the per-allele ORs among studies, based on iCOGS data.

Top variant	Chr ¹	Position ²	Alleles ³	Heterozygote OR	Homozygote OR	P value (2df)	P for departure	Het P (Q)	l ²
				(95% CI)	(95% CI)		from log additivity		
rs12405132	1	145644984	C/T	0.96	0.89	1.10x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.399	0.49	0
				(0.93-0.99)	(0.85-0.93)				
rs12048493	1	149927034	A/C	1.06	1.16	1.03x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.517	0.15	18.87
				(1.03-1.10)	(1.10-1.23)				
rs72755295	1	242034263	A/G	1.15	1.62	1.08x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.358	0.38	4.90
				(1.08-1.21)	(1.05-2.50)				
rs6796502	3	46866866	G/A	0.93	0.73	7.50x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.049	0.46	0.38
				(0.9-0.97)	(0.62-0.85)				
rs13162653	5	16187528	G/T	0.97	0.89	5.69x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.263	0.64	0
				(0.93-1.01)	(0.85-0.93)				
rs2012709	5	32567732	C/T	1.05	1.11	1.03x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.916	0.12	21.03
				(1.01-1.09)	(1.06-1.16)				
rs7707921	5	81538046	A/T	0.92	0.86	2.99x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.803	0.52	0
				(0.86-0.99)	(0.81-0.92)				
rs9257408	6	28926220	G/C	1.05	1.11	2.93x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.898	0.04	30.15
				(1.02-1.09)	(1.06-1.16)				
rs4593472	7	130667121	C/T	0.95	0.92	1.71x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.413	0.01	39.47
				(0.92-0.97)	(0.88-0.96)				
rs13365225	8	36858483	A/G	0.94	0.93	0.000588	0.431	0.08	24.85
				(0.92-0.97)	(0.85-1.01)				
rs13267382	8	117209548	G/A	1.06	1.11	2.24x10 ⁻⁰⁵	0.471	0.95	0
				(1.02-1.11)	(1.06-1.16)				

rs11627032	14	93104072	T/C	0.96	0.85	2.65x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.173	0.87	0
				(0.92-0.99)	(0.8-0.91)				
chr17:29230520:D	17	29230520	GGT/G	0.93	0.89	5.55x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.489	0.13	20.26
				(0.90-0.96)	(0.82-0.97)				
rs745570	17	77781725	A/G	0.96	0.9	2.46x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.547	0.59	0
				(0.93-0.99)	(0.87-0.94)				
rs6507583	18	42399590	A/G	0.91	0.85	7.39x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.805	0.94	0
				(0.87-0.95)	(0.69-1.04)				

¹ Chromosome

² Build 37 position

³ Reference/effect allele (forward strand).

⁴ OR for heterozygotes relative to reference allele homozygotes

⁵ OR for homozygotes relative to effect allele homozygotes

⁶ P-value for heterogeneity in the per-allele ORs among the iCOGS studies (Q-statistic)

⁷ I² statistic for heterogeneity in the per-allele ORs among the iCOGS studies

Supplementary Table 7: Per allele ORs for DCIS vs invasive disease (based on 2470 dcis and 44,791 invasive cases in the iCOGS dataset).

Top variant	Chr ¹	Position ²	Alleles ³	OR invasive	P invasive	OR dcis	P dcis	P invasive vs dcis
				(95% CI)		(95% CI)		
rs12405132	1	145644984	C/T	0.95	1.22x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.97	0.313	0.796
				(0.93-0.97)		(0.91-1.03)		
rs12048493	1	149927034	A/C	1.07	2.64x10 ⁻⁰⁹	1.06	0.103	0.89
				(1.05-1.10)		(0.99-1.14)		
rs72755295	1	242034263	A/G	1.16	1.08x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.02	0.856	0.416
				(1.1-1.23)		(0.86-1.21)		
rs6796502	3	46866866	G/A	0.91	5.42x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.91	0.107	0.674
				(0.88-0.95)		(0.82-1.02)		
rs13162653	5	16187528	G/T	0.95	3.18x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.95	0.183	0.938
				(0.93-0.97)		(0.89-1.02)		
rs2012709	5	32567732	C/T	1.05	1.98x10 ⁻⁰⁶	1.04	0.267	0.741
				(1.03-1.08)		(0.97-1.11)		
rs7707921	5	81538046	A/T	0.93	1.28x10 ⁻⁰⁸	0.93	0.054	0.645
				(0.91-0.95)		(0.86-1)		
rs9257408	6	28926220	G/C	1.06	2.30x10 ⁻⁰⁷	1.07	0.038	0.706
				(1.03-1.08)		(1-1.14)		
rs4593472	7	130667121	C/T	0.95	2.67x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.97	0.316	0.546
				(0.93-0.97)		(0.91-1.03)		
rs13365225	8	36858483	A/G	0.95	0.000356	0.92	0.054	0.502
				(0.93-0.98)		(0.85-1)		
rs13267382	8	117209548	G/A	1.05	1.21x10 ⁻⁰⁵	1.03	0.416	0.456
				(1.03-1.07)		(0.96-1.09)		
rs11627032	14	93104072	T/C	0.94	2.91x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.9	0.007	0.183

				(0.92-0.96)		(0.83-0.97)		
chr17:29230520:D	17	29230520	GGT/G	0.93	6.36x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.96	0.32	0.21
				(0.91-0.96)		(0.88-1.04)		
rs745570	17	77781725	A/G	0.95	1.34x10 ⁻⁰⁷	0.99	0.8	0.141
				(0.93-0.97)		(0.93-1.06)		
rs6507583	18	42399590	A/G	0.91	2.43x10 ⁻⁰⁶	0.91	0.13	0.939
				(0.88-0.95)		(0.81-1.03)		

¹ Chromosome

² Build 37 position

³ Reference/effect allele (forward strand)

Supplementary Table 8: Per-allele ORs for ER- vs. ER+ disease (based on 7333 ER- cases and 27,078 ER+ cases in the iCOGS dataset).

Top variant	Chr ¹	Position ²	Alleles ³	OR ER+	P ER+	OR ER-	P ER-	P ER+/ER-
				(95% CI)		(95% CI)		
rs12405132	1	145644984	C/T	0.93		0.98		0.019
				(0.91-0.96)	1.25x10 ⁻⁰⁸	(0.94-1.02)	0.3386	
rs12048493	1	149927034	A/C	1.09		1.02		0.010
				(1.06-1.12)	3.37x10 ⁻¹⁰	(0.98-1.06)	0.292	
rs72755295	1	242034263	A/G	1.16		1.21		0.599
				(1.09-1.24)	4.04x10 ⁻⁰⁶	(1.09-1.34)	0.0004	
rs6796502	3	46866866	G/A	0.9		0.94		0.070
				(0.87-0.94)	1.25x10 ⁻⁰⁶	(0.88-1.01)	0.0950	
rs13162653	5	16187528	G/T	0.94		0.96		0.388
				(0.92-0.97)	1.75x10 ⁻⁰⁵	(0.92-1)	0.0517	
rs2012709	5	32567732	C/T	1.05		1.04		0.684
				(1.03-1.08)	7.27x10 ⁻⁰⁵	(1-1.08)	0.0784	
rs7707921	5	81538046	A/T	0.92		0.97		0.062
				(0.89-0.95)	5.00x10 ⁻⁰⁹	(0.92-1.01)	0.1380	
rs9257408	6	28926220	G/C	1.05		1.05		0.867
				(1.03-1.08)	5.07x10 ⁻⁰⁵	(1.01-1.1)	0.0095	
rs4593472	7	130667121	C/T	0.94		0.99		0.046
				(0.92-0.96)	3.57x10 ⁻⁰⁷	(0.95-1.03)	0.6806	
rs13365225	8	36858483	A/G	0.95		0.93		0.608
				(0.92-0.98)	0.00062	(0.88-0.98)	0.0034	
rs13267382	8	117209548	G/A	1.05		1.06		0.851
				(1.02-1.07)	9.57x10 ⁻⁰⁵	(1.02-1.1)	0.0043	

rs11627032	14	93104072	T/C	0.95		0.92		0.426
				(0.92-0.98)	0.00077	(0.87-0.96)	0.0007	
chr17:29230520:D	17	29230520	GGT/G	0.92		0.93		0.781
				(0.89-0.95)	1.43x10 ⁻⁰⁶	(0.88-0.98)	0.008	
rs745570	17	77781725	A/G	0.94		0.95		0.691
				(0.92-0.96)	4.02x10 ⁻⁰⁷	(0.91-0.99)	0.0097	
rs6507583	18	42399590	A/G	0.9		0.97		0.036
				(0.86-0.94)	7.60x10 ⁻⁰⁶	(0.9-1.05)	0.4315	

¹ Chromosome

² Build 37 position

³ Reference/effect allele (forward strand)

Supplementary Table 9: Per-allele ORs by age at diagnosis (age categories <40: 3987,40-50: 9714, 50-60:13,313, >=60:15,176).

Top variant	Chr ¹	Position ²	Alleles ³	Per-allele O	R (95% CI) by	age at diagno	osis	P-value for trend
				<40	40-49	50-59	60+	
rs12405132	1	145644984	C/T	0.96	0.94	0.96	0.94	
				(0.91-1.01)	(0.9-0.97)	(0.93-0.99)	(0.92-0.97)	0.998
rs12048493	1	149927034	A/C	1.07	1.11	1.06	1.07	
				(1-1.13)	(1.07-1.15)	(1.02-1.09)	(1.04-1.10)	0.133
rs72755295	1	242034263	A/G	1.21	1.19	1.13	1.16	
				(1.05-1.39)	(1.09-1.31)	(1.05-1.22)	(1.08-1.25)	0.852
rs6796502	3	46866866	G/A	0.91	0.88	0.91	0.93	
				(0.84-1)	(0.83-0.94)	(0.87-0.96)	(0.89-0.98)	0.522
rs13162653	5	16187528	G/T	0.89	0.93	0.94	0.96	
				(0.84-0.95)	(0.9-0.97)	(0.91-0.97)	(0.93-0.99)	0.007
rs2012709	5	32567732	C/T	1.04	1.05	1.05	1.05	
				(0.98-1.1)	(1.01-1.09)	(1.02-1.08)	(1.02-1.08)	0.528
rs7707921	5	81538046	A/T	0.96	0.9	0.95	0.92	
				(0.9-1.02)	(0.86-0.94)	(0.91-0.98)	(0.89-0.95)	0.999
rs9257408	6	28926220	G/C	1.01	1.06	1.04	1.07	
_				(0.96-1.07)	(1.02-1.09)	(1.01-1.07)	(1.04-1.1)	0.774
rs4593472	7	130667121	C/T	0.97	0.95	0.94	0.96	
				(0.92-1.02)	(0.92-0.99)	(0.92-0.97)	(0.93-0.98)	0.867
rs13365225	8	36858483	A/G	0.9	0.96	0.93	0.97	
				(0.84-0.96)	(0.91-1)	(0.9-0.97)	(0.94-1.01)	0.492
rs13267382	8	117209548	G/A	1.06	1.08	1.05	1.04	
				(1.01-1.12)	(1.05-1.12)	(1.02-1.08)	(1.01-1.07)	0.332
rs11627032	14	93104072	T/C	0.93	0.93	0.95	0.94	0.464

				(0.87-0.99)	(0.89-0.97)	(0.92-0.99)	(0.91-0.97)	
chr17:29230520:D	17	29230520	GGT/G	0.89	0.92	0.95	0.92	
				(0.83-0.96)	(0.88-0.97)	(0.91-0.99)	(0.89-0.96)	0.52
rs745570	17	77781725	A/G	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.96	
				(0.91-1)	(0.92-0.98)	(0.92-0.98)	(0.93-0.99)	0.704
rs6507583	18	42399590	A/G	1.02	0.92	0.91	0.88	
				(0.92-1.12)	(0.86-0.98)	(0.86-0.96)	(0.84-0.93)	0.006

¹ Chromosome

² Build 37 position

³ Reference/effect allele (forward strand)

Supplementary Note

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The Norwegian Breast Cancer Study (NBCS)

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