

# Supporting Information

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## **Unprecedented Solution-Stable Silver(I) Ethynediyl Clusters**

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Supporting information for:

# Unprecedented Solution Stable Silver(I) Ethynediyl Clusters Hua-Bin Wu, Zhi-Jun Huang and Quan-Ming Wang\*

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#### I. Physical measurements

## X-ray experimental

## II. Characterization

Figure S1.The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex 1 in CD<sub>3</sub>OD.
Figure S2.The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex 1 in CD<sub>3</sub>OD.
Figure S3. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex 2 in CD<sub>3</sub>OD.
Figure S4. The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex 2 in CD<sub>3</sub>OD.
Figure S5. The molecular structure of 2.

#### I. Physical measurements

(Trimethylsilyl)acetylene, 2,2'-Bipyridine (bpy), 1,10-Phenanthroline (phen) and all the solvents employed were commercially available and used as received. The C, H and N analyses were carried out with a Vario El III microanalyzer. The FT-IR spectra were recorded from KBr pellets in the range 4000-400 cm-1 with a Nicolet AVATAR FT-IR360 spectrometer. NMR data were recorded on a Bruker Avance II spectrometer (400MHz). Emission spectra were taken with HITACHI F7000 Spectrofluorometer. Raman spectroscopy was obtained using a LabRan-I Bilor Raman system with a 632.8 nm line from He-Ne laser.

#### X-ray experimental

Intensity data of compound  $1 \cdot CH_3CN \cdot 0.5CH_3OH$  and  $2 \cdot 2CH_2Cl_2$  were collected on a Oxford Gemini S Ultra system with Mo K $\alpha$  at 173 K and 123K, respectively. Data reductions were performed using CrysAlis RED program. The structure of **1** were solved by direct methods using SHELXS-97 and refined by full-matrix least-squares on F<sup>2</sup> with anisotropic displacement parameters for the non-H atoms (except for the disordered methanol solvent molecule) using SHELXL-97. One trifluoroacetate anion is disordered over two set positions with 0.6 and 0.4 occupancy, respectively. For **2**, only silver atoms were refined by full-matrix least-squares on F<sup>2</sup> with anisotropic displacement parameters due to its poor crystal quality. Hydrogen atoms were calculated in ideal positions with isotropic displacement parameters set to 1.2 x Ueq of the attached atom (1.5 x Ueq for methyl hydrogen atoms). No attempts were made to include hydrogen atoms of the disordered methanol solvent molecule in **1** and the water molecules in **2**.

## II. Characterization



**Figure S1.** The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **1** in  $CD_3OD$ .



**Figure S2.** The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **1** in  $CD_3OD$ .



**Figure S3.** The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **2** in  $CD_3OD$ .



**Figure S4.** The <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of complex **2** in  $CD_3OD$ .



**Figure S5.** The molecular structure of **2.** Color legend: green, Ag; purple,  $C_2^{2^-}$ ; red, O; blue, N; gray, C.