Decision support system for the management of an Army's tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet

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DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR THE MANAGEMENT
OF AN ARMY’S TRACKED AND WHEELED VEHICLE
FLEET

by

Chiheb Saidane

March 2007

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### Title and Subtitle

Decision Support System for the Management of an Army’s Tracked and Wheeled Vehicle Fleet

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### ABSTRACT (maximum 200 words)

The purpose of this research is to define a decision support system for the management of a military tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet. Such a system should be capable of delivering reliable information for decision making on time and provides data related to the classification, registration, assignment, maintenance, and availability of vehicles. The system is composed of the following subsystems:

- Subsystem “Classification and Registration of tracked and wheeled vehicles.”
- Subsystem “Transfer of tracked and wheeled vehicles.”
- Subsystem “Preventive and Curative Maintenance.”
- Subsystem “Retirement of tracked and wheeled vehicles.”

The four subsystems will be installed in a Client Server architecture enabling partial or total access to the database and providing real time data for decision making. The platform which will host the application is Oracle running on top of the WINDOWS operating system. The database will be relational. The framework used in the design and modeling consists of:

- Object-Oriented Analysis which aims to model the problem domain. The source of the analysis is a written requirements statement and use cases.
- Oracle Developer which is a powerful tool for development and interaction with databases.

The solution to procure will be implemented and executed as follows:

- Client/Server architecture with the Oracle DBMS and the development tool Developer 2000.
- The application will be installed on the end user’s stations.
- The database will be implemented on the server side.

This software to develop constitutes a solution to provide and make available necessary and instantaneous accurate data that will be used to derive the right decision on time.

### Subject Terms

Decision Support System, Fleet Management, Object Oriented Analysis, Client Server Architecture, Database, Entity-relationship, Object Data Model, Data Dictionary, Oracle Forms, Net services, Listener, Use Case, Sequence Diagram, Contract

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DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEM FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF AN ARMY’S TRACKED AND WHEELED VEHICLE FLEET

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I. INTRODUCTION

A. BACKGROUND

This project aims to provide the Tunisian Army with near real time information that helps with decision making regarding the management of the tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet via the architectural design of a Fleet Decision Support System (FDSS) and the design of a centralized database for the proposed system.

From the functional point of view, the process of management of the tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet is divided in four subsystems: Registration, Assignment, Maintenance, and Retirement. Each subsystem has its users who need to run modules of the software and have partial or a complete access to the database. This need will be accomplished by implementing the database on the server side and developing programs on the client side to query the database and provide reliable information that can be used to control and manage the tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet.

The analysis adopted in this research is the Object Oriented Analysis. The purpose of this analysis is to specify a Decision Support System including the design of a database by using the methodology “MERISE” in order to specify the conceptual data model. For the creation, implementation, and management of the database, the Oracle DBMS is used on the server side. The modules needed to interact with the database are realized with the tool Developer 2000 (Oracle Forms).

B. SCOPE OF THE THESIS

The scope of the thesis resides in the requirement analysis and architectural design of the proposed Fleet Decision Support System (FDSS), to gather with the design of a schema and prototyping of a database for the proposed system.

C. METHODOLOGY

Object Oriented Methodology (OOM) is a systematically development approach encouraging and facilitating the re-use of software components. This methodology is a powerful tool in modeling and structuring complex software systems and allows the developer to deal with the same or very similar abstractions and entities during the
complete process of software development. The use of the Object Oriented Methodology provides better quality, higher productivity, and a low maintenance cost [7].

The advantages of using the OOA include:

- Code reuse.
- Easier transformation from analysis to implementation.
- Increased understanding of the functional domain in order to build an object oriented system.

D. ENVIRONMENT

1. Oracle

The Oracle DBMS is one of the most popular database engines. It combines high performance, robustness, flexibility, availability, vivacity, scalability, and modularity.

2. Developer 2000

Oracle Developer Suite is a suite of development tools released by the Oracle Corporation. The principal components were initially Oracle Forms and Oracle Reports.

E. ASSUMPTIONS

Throughout this thesis, it is assumed that the reader is familiar with object oriented programming techniques, and has a general understanding of UML representation and the SQL language.

F. ORGANIZATION

This thesis is divided into five chapters. Chapter I includes the background of the problem, the area of research, the methodology used, and the environment. Chapter II presents the requirement analysis using use cases and the conceptual model. Chapter III describes the detailed design phase. Chapter IV is concerned with the prototype developed in the Windows environment with Developer 2000 using the Oracle DBMS to manage the database. Chapter V provides a conclusion and recommendations for future work.
II. REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION

The requirements intend to define the specifications of the system under construction. They are a description of the system to be implemented, how it should run, application domain information, and constraints of the system’s operation. The requirements specification is structured and formalized during analysis.

This section aims to describe and to document the requirements for the new Decision Support System in order to meet the desire of the Army’s tracked and wheeled vehicle department. The requirements specification is one of the most important steps when designing the new system. These requirements provide more information regarding the system to make it possible to begin contemplating the conceptual model for the software engineering effort.

The principal objective of developing the Fleet Decision Support System (FDSS) in the Army’s tracked and wheeled vehicle department is to provide tools to investigate problems, to control the usage of tracked and wheeled vehicles, to make decisions, and to control the execution of the decision taken. The system should provide a simple and convivial graphical user interface that includes all functionalities of the current system. It should provide the capability of code reuse.

Due to the variety of hardware used in different Army’s departments, the FDSS to develop must be compatible with different hosts (desktop, laptop, and notebook) on the client side and the enterprise server on the central side. The system should be able to process data in real time and should assure an acceptable level of usability based on the following hardware specifications.

A. HARDWARE SPECIFICATION

1. Client Side
   • Computer CPU: Intel or compatible 400 MHz or higher;
   • Memory (RAM): 256 MB;
   • Hard Disk space: 60 GB or higher;
   • Monitor: 800 X 600 or higher resolution;
• CD-ROM;
• Mouse: Microsoft or compatible.

2. Server Side
• Server architecture: Intel or compatible 2 GHz or higher;
• Memory (RAM): 2 GB;
• Hard Disk space: 2x 120 GB or higher;
• Monitor: 800 X 600 or higher resolution;
• CD-ROM;
• Mouse: Microsoft or compatible.

B. VISION AND SCOPE DOCUMENT
1. Fleet’s Management Requirements
   a. Background, Decision Support System Prospect and User Needs
   The Army’s tracked and wheeled vehicle department proposes the realization of a new integrated system related to the management of tracked and wheeled vehicles. The objectives of the new system are to:
   • Speed up the information circuit in order to ensure better management of the tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet;
   • Improve the efficiency of the data-processing tools;
   • Facilitate communication between different users;
   • Provide the units with their own management tools;
   • Allow the central site to be the distributor of information.
   
   b. Decision Support System Objectives and Success Criteria
   • Improve decision making ability by providing accurate data in real time;
   • Reduce cost over long term;
   • Improve the schedule of maintenance process of tracked and wheeled vehicles;
   • Improve the degree of availability of tracked and wheeled vehicles;
   • Substitute the manual procedures and encompass all users to the new automated system for management of the fleet;
   • Reach the satisfaction of users of the new system.
c. **Decision Support System Risks**

Some users may be afraid of the new automated system. This may reduce the users’ satisfaction and has a repercussion on usage of the new system.

2. **Vision of the Solution**
   a. **Vision Statement**

The FDSS system is a client-server application that will integrate different subsystems to manage the procedures of registration, transfer, maintenance, and retirement of tracked and wheeled vehicles.

b. **Major Features**

- **Registration**
  - Classification;
  - Vehicle Identification.

- **Assignment**
  - Transfer request;
  - Transfer decision;
  - Transfer bulletin;
  - Unit’s inventory.

- **Maintenance**
  - Preventive maintenance;
  - Curative maintenance.

- **Retirement**
  - Retirement request;
  - Retirement decision;
  - Alienation bulletin.

3. **Scope and Limitation**

Throughout this thesis, it is assumed that the reader is familiar with object oriented programming techniques and has a general understanding of UML notation and SQL language.
C. SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATIONS

1. Introduction
   a. Objective

   The Software Requirement Specifications (SRS) captures the functional and nonfunctional requirement for the Decision Support System. This document is planned to be utilized by the project team implementing the functionalities of the system. All requirements specified in this report are of high priority and dedicated for the software to be developed.

   b. Project Scope and Software Features

   The Fleet Decision Support System (FDSS) in the Army’s vehicle department will support the grouping of distributed data sources into a consistent system for the management of tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet.

2. Overall Description
   a. Perspective

   The FDSS objective is to integrate all functionalities of the management of tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet into a coherent system to provide data that improve the decision making ability and better fleet management.

   b. User Classes and Characteristics

   Table 1 lists user classes and characteristics.
User Classes Characteristics

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>User Classes</th>
<th>Characteristics</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Provisioning Service</td>
<td>The provisioning service is responsible for the management of suppliers and purchase orders.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Logistic Service</td>
<td>The logistic service satisfies all transfer requests that have been approved by the director of the department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical Service</td>
<td>The technical service is responsible for the technical aspects related to the characteristics of tracked and wheeled vehicles to purchase or distribute to units.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verification. And Control Service</td>
<td>This service controls all new tracked and wheeled vehicle specifications in accordance with the agreement and verifies maintenance operations in accordance with preliminary diagnostics of an expert.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maintenance Service</td>
<td>The maintenance service controls the preventive maintenance process and the curative maintenance process of tracked and wheeled vehicles.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reparation Service</td>
<td>This service is linked to the maintenance service, repairs tracked and wheeled vehicles and assumes responsibility of retire aged and damaged tracked and wheeled vehicles.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 1. User Classes and Characteristics

c. **Operating Environment**

- The FDSS should operate in client-server architecture with a friendly graphical user interface.
- The FDSS system must operate in a secure transmission environment to ensure the confidentiality and integrity of data transmitted. A capacity link of 128 kbps is recommended between the server side and the client side to provide the user with an acceptable response time from the system.

d. **Design and Implementation Constraints**

e. **User Documentation**

The system should provide on-line help to the user describing system functions.

f. **Dependencies**

- The performance of the system depends on the performance of the network and traffic congestion during sessions established between client and server.
- The operation of the system depends in great part on the performance of the database.

3. **System Features**

a. **Creation of Vehicle Record**

   (1) Vehicle Classification. The system should provide a functionality to introduce categories of tracked and wheeled vehicles managed by the Army’s vehicle department.

   (2) Vehicle Technical ID. The system should provide a functionality that allows introducing technical identification (license number, vehicle ID number, technical sheet number) of tracked and wheeled vehicles.

   (3) Vehicle Administrative ID. The system should provide a functionality that allows specifying the administrative ID of the tracked and wheeled vehicles. This interface should contain the following information: usage class (stock, training, daily usage, maneuver) and sustain class (sustained, not sustained, partially sustained).

b. **Vehicle Assignment**

   (1) Transfer Request. The system should provide a functionality that allows keeping track of information related to the transfer request of tracked and wheeled vehicles. This interface should contain the following information: category of vehicle, quantity, unit requesting the transfer, and transfer date.

   (2) Transfer Decision. The system should provide a functionality that allows introducing approved transfer requests of tracked and wheeled vehicles from the central department to the units. The information needed is: tracked and wheeled vehicle category, quantity, transfer date, and unit or regiment that profits from the transfer.
(3) Transfer Bulletin. The system should provide a functionality that allows the execution of the approved transfer request. This interface should contain the following information: reference decision transfer, vehicle license number, transfer date, and unit beneficiary.

**c. Maintenance**

(1) Preventive Maintenance. The system should provide a functionality that allows the recording of maintenance operations applied to the vehicle and the date for the next maintenance operation. This interface primarily contains the vehicle ID, the date of maintenance, the preventive maintenance cost, and a brief description of the maintenance operations.

(2) Curative Maintenance Request. The system should provide a functionality that allows for keeping track of the curative maintenance request. This interface should contain the following information: reference request, date request, designation of preliminary diagnostic, license number, and current location of the vehicle.

(3) Maintenance Bulletin. The system should provide a functionality that allows for keeping track of the global information related to the operations of curative maintenance for each vehicle. This interface should contain the following information: reference number of maintenance request, license number, maintenance cost, maintenance date, and a brief maintenance description.

**d. Vehicle Retirement**

(1) Retirement Request. The system should provide a functionality that allows the introduction of information concerning the retirement request. This interface should contain the following information: reference of retirement request, vehicle license number, and retirement motivation.

(2) Retirement Decision. The system should provide a functionality that allows for creating the retirement decision. This interface should contain the following information: reference retirement request, vehicle license number, retirement decision number, retirement decision date, and destination of vehicle to retire.
(3) Alienation of Tracked and Wheeled Vehicles. The system should provide a functionality that allows updating the Army’s vehicle department inventory after the retirement of a vehicle. This interface should contain the following information: vehicle license number, alienation motive, alienation reference, and alienation date.

e. Vehicle Inquiry

(1) Unit’s Register. The system shall provide a functionality that provides the units with their inventory of tracked and wheeled vehicles.

(2) Vehicle Owner Identification. The system shall provide a functionality that allows the Military Police identify the vehicle owner (unit) by using the vehicle license number.

4. Interface Requirements

a. User Interfaces

- The FDSS system screen displays should be similar to the existing manual forms to ensure an easy use and utilization of those documents.

- The system should provide help for tags in the screen to assist the users of the application.

- The graphical interface should allow free navigation and a search for information using the keyboard as well as the mouse.

- The FDSS system should provide a standard screen with menu bar and should contain the primary operations that the user is allowed to perform (record, cancel, research, update, add, first, previous, and next).

- The FDSS system should provide an interface that allows the Military Police (MP) to control the traffic of military vehicles when they are out of their units.

- The FDSS system should provide an interface that allows the exchange of information with other departments.

b. Hardware Interfaces

No hardware interface is needed.

c. Communications Interfaces

Any software or hardware upgrade of the FDSS system should be preceded by a message with information sent to the system users.
5. **Other Nonfunctional Requirements**

   a. **Performance Requirements**
      
      - The FDSS system should lodge 100 users during the peak usage time with an estimated average session of 30 minutes.
      - The system should display a confirmation message to users within five seconds after submitting information to the system.

   b. **Security Requirements**
      
      - Users should be authenticated before being able to perform any operation in the system.
      - Users will be allowed only one login ID.
      - The system should allowed units to access their inventory of tracked and wheeled vehicles.
      - Military Police are allowed access to the system.

   c. **Software Quality Attributes**
      
      - **Availability**: The system should be available to the users 24/7.
      - **Robustness**: If a connection is broken during a user session, the FDSS should enable the user to recover from an incomplete transaction.

D. **FUNCTIONAL DECOMPOSITION DIAGRAM**

   The decomposition diagram shown in Figure 1 presents the top-down functional decomposition of the system. Moreover, it provides an outline for drawing the data flow diagram.

   ![Functional Decomposition Diagram](image)
E. USE CASES

1. Use Case Diagram

This section presents fifteen use cases to identify, analyze and understand the informational system’s requirements. These use cases establish the desired behavior of the system for verifying and validating the system architecture. Each use case corresponds to a different functionality. Only the major steps that occur most of the time are included in these use cases. Figure 2 depicts the use case hierarchy.
Figure 2. Use Case Hierarchy Diagram
## 2. Use Case Narratives

### a. Create Catalog

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td>Create Catalog Record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Director, Technical Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the creation of the catalog record. The Director of the department sends the approved classification of tracked and wheeled vehicles and the corresponding sustain and usage classes to the technical service (TS). A user from the TS enters the attributed classes to the database.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preconditions:</td>
<td>1. Vehicle catalog record is created and added to the database.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Post conditions: | 1. User is authenticated and role applied.  
1a. User not logged in. |
| Normal Flow: | **1.0 Create catalog record.**  
1. User chooses the catalog form.  
2. System displays the catalog form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to the category of vehicle and its corresponding usage class and sustain class.  
5. System controls information and adds them to the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 5).  
1. System rejects information for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User from the technical service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| Technical Data: | **Catalog record**: contains data identifying the category of vehicle, its usage class and sustain class. |
### Update Catalog

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-2</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td><strong>Update Catalog Record.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Director, Technical Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure of updating the sustain class and the usage class of a category of vehicles. The sustain class and usage class are determined once a year according to the program employ.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions: | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as a user from the technical service allowed to update the sustain class and usage class of the category of vehicles. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Catalog record is updated. |
| Normal Flow: | 1. User chooses the catalog form.  
2. System displays the catalog form.  
3. User chooses the select button.  
4. System enables the select mode.  
5. User enters the information related to the record to be updated.  
6. User pushes the search button.  
7. System displays the requested information.  
8. User updates information related to classes.  
9. System controls the entered information.  
10. System verifies authorization for the user to update information and update the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now (step 1).**  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject (step 10).**  
1. System rejects update for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
<p>| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User from the technical service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 10. |
| Technical Data: | <strong>Catalog record:</strong> contains data identifying the category of vehicles, its usage class and sustain class. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-3</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td><strong>Delete Tracked/Wheeled Vehicles Categories.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Director, Maintenance Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure for deleting a record from the catalog related to a category of vehicles. The maintenance service deletes the record of the specified category after the retirement of the last vehicle remaining in the category to delete.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preconditions:</td>
<td>1. System is operational. 2. User is registered as a user from the maintenance service allowed to delete the information related to the category record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post conditions:</td>
<td>1. Vehicle category is deleted.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Flow:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**1.0 Delete tracked/wheeled vehicles categories.**  
1. User chooses the catalog form.  
2. System displays the chosen form.  
3. User chooses the select button.  
4. User enters information related to the record to be deleted.  
5. User pushes the execute button.  
6. System displays information that satisfies the criteria specified.  
7. User presses the delete button.  
8. System verifies authorization for the user to delete information and update the database. |
| Exceptions: | 

**1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  

**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 10).  
1. System rejects delete information for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not deleted. |
<p>| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User from the maintenance service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 8. |
| Technical Data: | <strong>Catalog record:</strong> contains data identifying the category of tracked/wheeled vehicles, its usage class and sustain class. |</p>
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Use case ID:</strong></th>
<th>UC-4</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use case name:</strong></td>
<td><em>Edit Catalog.</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Created by:</strong></td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date created:</strong></td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Last Updated by:</strong></td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date Last Updated:</strong></td>
<td>November 17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Actors</strong></td>
<td>Director, Technical Service, Maintenance Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description:</strong></td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure for editing the catalog. The procedure occurs after each update of the catalog. The set of records updated are edited and distributed to the units.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Preconditions:** | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as allowed to edit the catalog. |
| **Post conditions:** | 1. User successfully edits the catalog entry. |
| **Normal Flow:** | 1. User chooses the catalog form.  
2. System displays the chosen form.  
3. User chooses the select button.  
4. System displays the criteria of selection form.  
5. User enters information related to the records to be edited.  
6. User pushes the edit button.  
7. System edits the information that satisfies the criteria specified. |
| **Exceptions:** | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 7).  
1. System rejects edits information for the reason that the database is not available now. |
| **Includes:** | None |
| **Priority:** | High |
| **Special Requirements** | 1. User shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 7. |
| **Technical Data** | *Catalog record:* contains data identifying the category of tracked/wheeled vehicles, its usage class and sustain class. |
Use case ID: UC-5

**Use case name:** Tracked/Wheeled Vehicle Registration.

**Created by:** Chiheb Saidane  
**Last Updated by:** Chiheb Saidane

**Date created:** September 2  
**Date Last Updated:** November 17

**Actors:** Technical service, maintenance service, logistic service, verification and control service.

**Description:** This use case describes the events for creating a tracked/wheeled vehicle record. The tracked/wheeled vehicle record is composed of two parts. The first part concerns the technical identification. The second part concerns the administrative information.

**Preconditions:**
1. System is operational.
2. User is registered as user from the technical service.

**Post conditions:**
1. Vehicle is registered in the system.

**Normal Flow:**
1.0 Create tracked/wheeled vehicle record.
1. User chooses the tracked/wheeled vehicle registration form.
2. System displays the chosen form.
3. User chooses add button.
4. User enters information concerning the identification of the tracked/wheeled vehicle and specifies the corresponding catalog category to which the tracked/wheeled vehicle belongs to.
5. System controls information and stores them in the database.

**Exceptions:**
1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now.
1. System informs User that this option is not available.
2.1. User cancel request.
2.2. System ends use case.
3.1. User requests to select another option.
3.2. System restarts use case.

1.0.E.2 Can not Store information.
1. System informs User that the database is not available now and information is not stored.

**Technical Data**
Tracked/wheeled vehicle record: contains the following information: track/wheeled vehicle license number, Designation, Identification number, category of vehicle, technical sheet ID, register ID, price, and owner.
### Transfer Request

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name</td>
<td>Transfer Request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors</td>
<td>Unit, Regional Department.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the events for creating a tracked/wheeled vehicle transfer request record.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions: | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the unit allowed in creating the information related to the transfer request. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Request is entered in the system. |
| Normal Flow: | **1.0 Create transfer request record.**  
1. User chooses the transfer request form.  
2. System displays the chosen form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to the category of tracked/wheeled vehicle and quantity requested.  
5. System controls information and stores them in the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 5).  
1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements | 1. User shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| Technical Data: | **Transfer request record:** contains the following information: request number, request date, tracked/wheeled vehicle category, and quantity requested. |
### g. Transfer Decision

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-7</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td><strong>Transfer Decision.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Director, Logistic Service, Technical Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure for creating a record for the transfer decision of tracked/wheeled vehicle approved by the director.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2. User is registered as user from the logistic service allowed in creating the information related to the transfer decision. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Transfer decision is entered in the system. |
| Normal Flow: | **1.0 Create transfer decision record.**  
1. User chooses the decision transfer form.  
2. System displays the chosen form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to category of tracked/wheeled vehicle to transfer, quantity, and decision date.  
5. System controls information and adds them to the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 5).  
1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User of the logistic service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| Technical Data: | **Transfer decision record:** contains the following information: decision reference, decision date, tracked/wheeled vehicle category, and quantity approved. |
# Transfer Bulletin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-8</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td>Transfer Bulletin Record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Logistic Service, Unit, Technical Service, Verification &amp; Control Service</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure of creating a transfer bulletin record. The transfer bulletin contains the information related to the tracked/wheeled vehicle to transfer.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions: | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the logistic service allowed in creating the information related to the transfer bulletin. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Transfer Bulletin is entered in the system. |
| Normal Flow: | **1.0 Create transfer bulletin record.**  
1. User chooses the transfer bulletin form.  
2. System displays the chosen form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to the transfer decision: reference number, tracked/wheeled vehicle category, and technical ID of the tracked/wheeled vehicle.  
5. System controls information and adds the bulletin record to the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 5).  
1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User of the logistic service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| Technical Data: | **Transfer bulletin record:** contains information related to: bulletin reference, bulletin date, decision transfer, beneficiary, and license number of tracked/wheeled vehicle to transfer. |
### i. Update Tracked/Wheeled Vehicle Record

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-9</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td>Update tracked/wheeled vehicle record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Logistic Service, Unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>After creating the transfer bulletin, the logistic service user updates the vehicle record by assigning the vehicle to the new owner.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions:| 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the logistic service allowed in updating the vehicle record. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Vehicle record is updated. |
| Normal Flow:  | **1.0 Update tracked/wheeled vehicle record.**  
1. User chooses the Vehicle option.  
2. System displays the selected form.  
3. User enters information related to the record to be updated.  
4. System displays the vehicle record to be updated.  
5. User updates the vehicle owner field.  
6. System controls information and updates the vehicle record. |
| Exceptions:   | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 6).  
1. System rejects edits of information for the reason that the database is not available now. |
| Includes:     | None          |
| Priority:     | High          |
| Special Requirements | 1. User of the logistic service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 6. |
| Technical Data | Tracked/wheeled vehicle record: contains the following information: license number, Designation, Identification number, category of vehicle, technical sheet ID, register ID, price, and owner. |
### j. Create Preventive Maintenance Record

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Use case ID:</strong></th>
<th>UC-10</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use case name:</strong></td>
<td>Preventive Maintenance Record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Created by:</strong></td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Last Updated by:</strong></td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date created:</strong></td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date Last Updated:</strong></td>
<td>November 22</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Actors:</strong></td>
<td>Reparation Service, Unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description:</strong></td>
<td>This use case describes the events of creating a preventive maintenance record for the tracked/wheeled vehicle.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Preconditions:** | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the reparation service allowed in creating the preventive maintenance record. |
| **Post conditions:** | 1. Preventive maintenance record is created. |
| **Normal Flow:** | **1.0 Create tracked/wheeled vehicle maintenance record.**  
1. User chooses the preventive maintenance form.  
2. System displays the corresponding form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to the preventive maintenance for the tracked/wheeled vehicle.  
5. System controls information and stores them in the database. |
| **Exceptions:** | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 6).  
1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| **Includes:** | None |
| **Priority:** | High |
| **Special Requirements:** | 1. User of the reparation service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| **Technical Data** | **Preventive maintenance record:** contains information related to the ID of tracked/wheeled vehicle subject of preventive maintenance, preventive acts applied, maintenance amount, maintenance date, and provisional date of next maintenance. |
### k. Curative Maintenance Request

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-11</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td>Curative Maintenance Request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Maintenance Service, Unit.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>Unit formulates a request to repair tracked/wheeled vehicle. The request describes briefly the tracked/wheeled vehicle problem.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions: | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the reparation service allowed in creating the curative maintenance request record. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Curative maintenance request record is created. |
| Normal Flow: | **1.0 Curative maintenance request.**  
1. User chooses the maintenance request form.  
2. System displays the maintenance request form.  
3. User chooses add button.  
4. User enters information related to the maintenance request.  
5. System controls the information added.  
6. System stores information in the database. |
| Exceptions: | **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
2a. User requests to select another option.  
2b. System restarts use case.  
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 6).  
1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| Includes: | None |
| Priority: | High |
| Special Requirements: | 1. User of the reparation service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 6. |
| Technical Data: | **Maintenance request record:** contains information related to the identification of tracked/wheeled vehicle to fix, maintenance request date, problem description, and beneficiary. |
## Create Maintenance Bulletin

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-12</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td>Create Maintenance Bulletin.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Reparation Service.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Description:
After repairing the tracked/wheeled vehicle, the employee mentions the cost of the repair operation. The reparation service introduces the maintenance request reference, acts of maintenance achieved, cost of maintenance, and date of maintenance.

### Preconditions:
1. System is operational.
2. User is registered as user from the reparation service allowed in creating the curative maintenance request record.

### Post conditions:
1. Maintenance bulletin is created.

### Normal Flow:
1. **Create maintenance bulletin.**
   1. User chooses the maintenance bulletin form.
   2. System displays the chosen form.
   3. User chooses add button.
   4. User enters information related to the maintenance operation.
   5. System controls information and adds them to the database.

### Exceptions:
1. **E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).
   1. System notifies user that this option is not available.
   2a. User requests to select another option.
   2b. System restarts use case.
2. **E.2 System reject** (step 5).
   1. System rejects information for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored.

### Includes:
None

### Priority:
High

### Special Requirements:
1. User of the reparation service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5.

### Technical Data
**Maintenance bulletin record:** contains information related to: license number of the vehicle, acts of maintenance applied, and maintenance amount.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>m. Retirement Request</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use case ID:</strong> UC-13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Use case name:</strong> Retirement Request.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Created by:</strong> Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date created:</strong> September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Actors:</strong> Unit, Expert, Reparation Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Description:</strong> This use case describes the procedure for creating a retirement request when the tracked/wheeled vehicle is aged or seriously damaged and the maintenance is very expensive.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| **Preconditions:** 1. System is operational. 
2. User is registered as user from the reparation service allowed in creating the retirement request record. |
| **Post conditions:** 1. Retirement request record is created. |
| **Normal Flow:** **1.0 Retirement request.** 
1. User chooses the retirement request form. 
2. System displays the chosen form. 
3. User chooses add button. 
4. User enters information related to the tracked/wheeled vehicle to retire. 
5. System controls information and creates the retirement request record. |
| **Exceptions:** **1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1). 
1. System notifies user that this option is not available. 
2a. User requests to select another option. 
2b. System restarts use case. 
**1.0.E.2 System reject** (step 5). 
1. System rejects information for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored. |
| **Includes:** None |
| **Priority:** High |
| **Special Requirements:** 1. User of the reparation service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 5. |
| **Technical Data** Retirement request record: contains information concerning the tracked/wheeled vehicle to retire, motive of retirement, retirement request date, and the unit origin of the retirement proposal. |
### n. Retirement Decision

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-14</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name:</td>
<td><strong>Retirement Decision.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors:</td>
<td>Maintenance Service, Director.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>This use case describes the procedure of creating the retirement decision record when the Director decides the retirement of the tracked/wheeled vehicle subject to the retirement request.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Preconditions: | 1. System is operational.  
2. User is registered as user from the maintenance service allowed in creating the retirement decision record. |
| Post conditions: | 1. Retirement decision successfully entered in the system. |

#### Normal Flow:

1. **Retirement decision.**  
   1. User chooses the retirement decision form.  
   2. System displays the chosen form.  
   3. User chooses the add button.  
   4. User enters information related to the tracked/wheeled vehicle to retire.  
   5. System controls information and creates the retirement decision record.  

#### Exceptions:

1. **E.1 Option System is not available now** (step 1).  
   1. System notifies user that this option is not available.  
   2a. User requests to select another option.  
   2b. System restarts use case.  

2. **E.2 System reject** (step 5).  
   1. System rejects creation for the reason that the database is not available now and information is not stored.  

#### Technical Data

- **Retirement decision record**: contains information mentioning the tracked/wheeled vehicle to retire, reference of the retirement request, and date of the retirement decision.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use case ID:</th>
<th>UC-15</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use case name</td>
<td>Alienation Bulletin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Created by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Updated by:</td>
<td>Chiheb Saidane</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date created:</td>
<td>September 2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date Last Updated:</td>
<td>November 23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Actors</td>
<td>Maintenance Service, Provision Service.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Description:</td>
<td>After the execution of the retirement procedure, the tracked/wheeled vehicle is deleted from the department inventory.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preconditions:</td>
<td>1. System is operational.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. User is registered as user from the maintenance service allowed in creating the alienation record.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Post conditions:</td>
<td>1. Vehicle record is deleted from the system.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Flow:</td>
<td><strong>1.0 Alienation of a tracked/wheeled vehicle.</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. User chooses the alienation record form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. System displays the chosen form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. User chooses add button.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. User enters the reference number of the retirement decision and information related to the tracked/wheeled vehicle to retire.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. System controls information and adds them to the database</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. System deletes tracked/wheeled vehicle record from the department account.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exceptions:</td>
<td><strong>1.0.E.1 Option System is not available now</strong> (step 1).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. System notifies user that this option is not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2a. User requests to select another option.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2b. System restarts use case.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>1.0.E.2 System reject</strong> (step 5).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1. System rejects creation and deletion operations for the reason that the database is not available.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Includes:</td>
<td>None</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Priority:</td>
<td>High</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Requirements:</td>
<td>1. User of the maintenance service shall be able to cancel the operation at any time prior to completion of step 6.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Technical Data</td>
<td>Alienation bulletin record: contains information concerning the decision reference of the tracked/wheeled vehicle retired, the alienation date, and the reference of alienation bulletin.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
F. SEQUENCE DIAGRAMS

**Figure 3.** Sequence Diagram SD-1.1: Create Catalog

1: SelectCatalogOption()
2: Display Catalog .form
3: PressAddButton()
4: Provide Create Mode
5: InputCatalogData()
6: Data controled
7: ValidateCatalogData()
8: Data Recorded
   * Until done

**Figure 4.** Sequence Diagram SD-2.2: Update Catalog

1: SelectCatalogOption()
2: Display catalog .form
3: PressSelectButton()
4: Provide Select mode
5: EnterResearchCriteria()
6: Display Catalog Data
7: UpdateCatalogData()
8: Data Controlled
9: ValidateUpdateCatalogData()
10: Data Updated
   * Until done
Figure 5. Sequence Diagram SD-3.3: Delete Catalog

1: SelectCatalogOption( )
2: Display Catalog Form
3: PressSelectButton( )
4: Provides Select Mode
5: EnterResearchCriteria( )
6: Display Catalog Data
7: DeleteCatalogData( )
8: Verify Data
9: Confirm Delete Data( )
10: Data Deleted

* Until done

Figure 6. Sequence Diagram SD-4.4: Edit Catalog

1: SelectCatalogOption( )
2: Display Catalog Form
3: PressSelectButton( )
4: Provides Select Mode
5: EnterResearchCriteria( )
6: Info Data Found
7: EditCatalog( )
8: Catalog Info

* Until done
Figure 7.  Sequence Diagram SD-5.5: Registration

User

1: SelectVehicleIdentificationOption( )

2: DisplayVehicleForm

3: PressAddButton( )

4: ProvidesCreateMode

5: ProvideVehicleInfo( )

6: Vehicle Info Controlled

7: ValidateVehicleData( )

8: Data Recorded

* Until done

System

Figure 8.  Sequence Diagram SD-6.6: Transfer Request

User

1: SelectTransferRequestOption( )

2: Display Transfer Request Form

3: PressAddButton( )

4: Provide Add Mode

5: SubmitTransferInfo( )

6: Data Controlled

7: ValidateTransferInfo( )

8: Data Recorded

* Until done

System
Figure 9. Sequence Diagram SD-7.7: Transfer Decision

Figure 10. Sequence Diagram SD-8.8: Assignment
Figure 11. Sequence Diagram SD-9.9: Update Vehicle Owner

Figure 12. Sequence Diagram SD-10.1: Preventive Maintenance
Figure 13. Sequence Diagram SD-11.1: Curative Bulletin

Figure 14. Sequence Diagram SD-12.1: Maintenance Request
Figure 15. Sequence Diagram SD-13.1: Retirement Request

1: SelectRetirementRequestOption( )
2: Display Retirement Request Form
3: PressAddButton( )
4: Provide Add Mode
5: SubmitRetirementRequestData( )
6: Data Controlled
7: ValidateRetirementRequestData( )
8: Data Recorded
* Until done

Figure 16. Sequence Diagram SD-14.1: Retirement Decision

1: SelectRetirementDecisionOption( )
2: Display Retirement Decision Form
3: PressAddButton( )
4: Provide Add Mode
5: InputRetirementDecisionData( )
6: Data Controlled
7: ValidateRetirementDecisionData( )
8: Data Recorded
* Until done
Figure 17. Sequence Diagram SD-15.1: Alienation of a vehicle

G. DATA MODELING AND ANALYSIS

A data model is a plan for building a database. To be effective, it must be simple enough to communicate the data structure required by the database to the end user and detailed enough for the database designer to use to create the physical structure. The data structures include the data objects, the associations between data objects, and the rules which govern operations on the objects [15].

The goal of the data model is to make sure that all data objects required by the database are completely and accurately represented. Because the data model uses easily understood notations and natural language, it can be reviewed and verified as correct by the end-users. Data modeling is probably the most labor intensive and time consuming part of the development process.

The data model acts as a framework for the development of the new or enhanced application. There are two major methodologies used to create a data model: the Entity-Relationship (ER) approach and the Object Model. This thesis uses the Entity-Relationship (ER) approach [17].
1. **How are Data Models Used in Practice?**

There are three basic styles of data models:

- **Conceptual data model (CDM):** A CDM represents the overall logical structure of a database, which is independent of any software or data storage structure. A conceptual model often contains data objects not yet implemented in the physical database. It gives a formal representation of the data needed to run an enterprise or a business activity.

- **Logical data model (LDM):** LDM is used to explore the domain concepts and their relationships. The LDM depicts the logical entity types, typically referred to simply as entity types, the data attributes describing those entities, and the relationships between the entities.

- **Physical data model (PDM):** PDM is used to design the internal schema of a database, depicting the data tables, the data columns of those tables, and the relationships between the tables [15].

2. **Conceptual Data Model Representation for the FDSS**

The conceptual data model (Figure 18) for the Decision Support System is virtually divided into four parts. The first part concerns tracked/wheeled vehicle registration (Figure 19). The second part concerns the transfer process (Figure 20). The third part handles the maintenance of the tracked/wheeled vehicle (Figure 21). The fourth part concerns the retirement process of the tracked/wheeled vehicle (Figure 22).

The data model has two outputs. The first is an entity-relationship diagram which represents the data structures in a pictorial form (Figures 27, 28, 29, 30). The second is the data dictionary which contains the details required for the construction of the physical database.
Figure 18. Conceptual Data Model Representation (FDSS)
Figure 19. Conceptual Data Model Representation (Registration)

Figure 20. Conceptual Data Model Representation (Transfer)
Figure 21. Conceptual Data Model Representation (Maintenance)

Figure 22. Conceptual Data Model Representation (Retirement)

40
3. Data Dictionary

A data dictionary is a structured collection of data element names and definitions. It may illustrate all the data holdings of an organization, a part of the holdings or a single database. More advanced data dictionaries can contain database schema with reference keys and entity relationships.

A data dictionary is used to identify the data and the databases that contain it. The data dictionary identifies data elements and their attributes including names, definitions and units of measure and other information [16]:

- **Data Element Domain**: The context within which the data element exists.
- **Data Element Name**: Unique data element name from the application domain. This is the actual name of this data element.
- **Data Element Definition**: Description of the meaning of the data element.
- **Data Element Field Name(s)**: Field names are the names used for this element in computer programs and database schemas. These are the technical names, often limited by the programming languages and systems.
- **Data Element Data Type**: Data type (characters, numeric, etc.), size and, if needed, any special representation. Common programming notation, input masks, etc can be used.

The Appendix shows the list of data collected for the FDSS system.

H. SYSTEM OPERATION CONTRACTS

**Contract:**

C-1 **InputCatalogData**(cod_lin, lab_lin,cod_usg, cod_sust).

**Cross References:**

- UC-1 Create Catalog Record.
- SD-1.1 Create Catalog.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance u of Usage Class exists.
3. An instance s of Sustain Class exists.
**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance $c$ of Catalog is created.
2. The FDSS informs the user about the creation completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

**C-2**  **UpdateCatalogData**($cod_{lin}$, $cod_{usg}$, $cod_{sust}$).

**Cross Reference:**

- UC-2 Update Catalog Record.
- SD-2.2 Update Catalog.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance $c$ of Catalog exists.
3. An instance $u$ of Usage Class exists.
4. An instance $s$ of Sustain Class exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. The instance $c$ of Catalog is updated.
2. The FDSS informs the user of the update completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

**C-3**  **DeleteCatalogData**($cod_{lin}$, lab$_{li}$, $cod_{usg}$, $cod_{sust}$).

**Cross References:**

- UC-3 Delete Tracked/Wheeled Vehicles Categories.
- SD-3.3 Delete Catalog Line.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance $c$ of Catalog exists.

3. No instances $v$ of Vehicle belong to this class.

**Post-conditions:**

1. The instance $c$ of Catalog is destroyed.

2. The FDSS informs the user of the destroy completion.

-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

C-4 EditCatalogData($cod_{lin}$, $lab_{li}$, $cod_{usg}$, $cod_{sust}$).

**Cross References:**

- UC-4 Edit Catalog.
- SD-4.4 Edit Catalog Lines.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.

2. An instance $c$ of Catalog exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. The instance $c$ of Catalog is selected.

2. The FDSS edit the data of the $c$ instance.

3. The FDSS informs the user of the edit completion.

-------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

C-5 ProvideVehicleInfo($nbr_{lic}$, id_veh, $cod_{lin}$, ful_typ, num_tsht, $nbr_{reg}$, unit_prc, geo_pos, cod_unit).

**Cross References:**

- UC-5 Tracked/Wheeled Vehicle Registration.
- SD-5.5 Registration.
**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance \( c \) of Catalog exists.
3. An instance \( r \) of Central Register exists.
4. An instance \( t \) of Technical Sheet exists.
5. An instance \( un \) of Unit exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance \( v \) of Vehicle is created.
2. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

**C-6 SubmitTransferInfo**(num_t_rq, t_rq_dt, cod_lin, qte_t_req, cod_unit).

**Cross References:**

- UC-6 Transfer Request.
- SD-6.6 Tracked/Wheeled Vehicle Request.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. Instance \( c \) of Catalog exists.
3. An instance \( un \) of Unit exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance \( tr \) of Transfer Request is created.
2. For each instance \( c \) of the Catalog Line selected a new instance \( rl \) of the Transfer Request Line is created.
3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation success.

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Contract

C-7 InputTransferDecisionData(num_t_dec, t_dec_dt, d_trs_obs, num_t_rq, cod_lin, obj_t_dec).

Cross References:
- UC-7 Transfer Decision.
- SD-7.7 Transfer Decision.

Pre-conditions:
1. FDSS is operational.
2. Instances $c$ of Catalog exist.
3. An instance $tr$ of Transfer Request exists.

Post-conditions:
1. A new instance $td$ of Transfer Decision is created.
2. For each instance $c$ of Catalog specified a new instances $dl$ of the Decision Line is created.
3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.

----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Contract:

C-8 SubmitTransferBulletinData(num_bul, nbr_lic, Dat_bul, num_tdec, cod_unt).

Cross References:
- UC-8 Transfer bulletin.
- SD-8.8 Assignment of Vehicle.

Pre-conditions:
1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance un of Unit exists.

3. Instances v of Vehicle exists.

4. An instance td of Transfer Decision exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance tb of Transfer Bulletin is created.

2. For each instance v of Vehicle specified a new instances dt of Detail Transfer Bulletin is created.

3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation success.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

C-9 UpdateVehicleOwner(nbr_lic, cod_unit).

**Cross Reference:**

- UC-9 Update tracked/wheeled vehicle record.

- SD-9.9 Update vehicle owner.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.


3. An instance dt of Detail Transfer exists.

4. An instance v of Vehicle exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. The instance v of Vehicle is updated.

2. The FDSS informs the user of the update completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------
Contract:

C-10  **InputPreventiveMaintenanceData**(num_pr_bul, nbr_lic, pr_bt_dt, pr_b_amt, nwpr_dat, cd_p_act, p_prt_mt).

**Cross References**
- UC-10 Preventive Maintenance Record.
- SD-10.1 Preventive Maintenance.

**Pre-conditions:**
1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance \( v \) of Vehicle exists.
3. An instance \( pa \) of Preventive Act exists.

**Post-conditions:**
1. A new instance \( pb \) of Preventive Bulletin is created.
2. For each instance \( pa \) of Preventive Act specified a new instance \( p \) of perform is created.
3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation success.

Contract:

C-11  **ProvideCurativeMaintenanceActInfo**(num_Rbul, r_bul_dt, num_mreq, t_rpamt, c_cu_act, mt_r_act, wk_desc).

**Cross References:**
- UC-12 Create Maintenance Bulletin.
- SD-11.1 Curative Bulletin.

**Pre-conditions:**
1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance \( v \) of Vehicle exists.
3. An instance mr of Maintenance Request exists.

4. An instance ca of Curative Act exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance rb of Reparation Bulletin is created.

2. For each instance ca of Curative Act entered a new instance r of Repair is created.

3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation success.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

C-12 **InputMaintenanceRequestData**(num_mreq, nbr_lic, nbr_m_st, m_req_dt, obs_mreq).

**Cross References:**

- UC-11 Curative Maintenance Request Record.
- SD-12.1 Maintenance Request.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.

2. An instance v of Vehicle exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance mr of Maintenance Request is created.

2. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

C-13 **SubmitRetirementRequestData**(num_r_rq, nbr_lic, r_req_dt, mot_ref, r_rq_obs, cod_unit).

**Cross References:**

- UC-13 Retirement Request.
- SD-13.1 Retirement Request.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance \( v \) of Vehicle exists.
3. An instance \( un \) of Unit exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance \( rr \) of Retirement Request is created.
2. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

\[ C-14 \quad \text{InputRetirementDecisionData}(\text{nm_rf_dec}, \text{num_r_rq}, \text{r_dec_dt}, \text{o_rf_dec}) \]

**Cross References:**

- UC-14 Retirement Decision.
- SD-14.1 Retirement Decision.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance \( rr \) of Retirement Request exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance \( refd \) of Retirement Decision is created.
2. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.

------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

**Contract:**

\[ C-15 \quad \text{SubmitAlienationBulletinInfo}(\text{num_bl_al}, \text{nm_rf_dec}, \text{a_bul_dt}) \]

**Cross References:**
- UC-15 Retirement Decision.
- SD-15.1 Alienation of a Vehicle.

**Pre-conditions:**

1. FDSS is operational.
2. An instance refd of Retirement Decision exists.

**Post-conditions:**

1. A new instance ab of Alienation Bulletin is created.
2. An instance v of Vehicle is deleted.
3. The FDSS informs the user of the creation completion.
III.  DESIGN PHASE

A.  APPLICATION ARCHITECTURE AND IMPLEMENTATION

1.  Description

In the FDSS system environment, which is an Oracle environment, the FDSS application and the FDSS database are separated into two parts: the front-end or client portion, and the back-end or server portion. The client runs the FDSS application that accesses the FDSS database information and interacts with the user through the keyboard, screen, and mouse. The server runs the Oracle software and handles the functions required for concurrent, shared data access to the database. Figure 23 illustrates the architecture of the system where the client and server are located on different computers, and these computers are connected through a network. The server and clients communicate through Oracle Net Services, Oracle's network interface.

Figure 23.  FDSS Client/Server Architecture (From: [13])
2. **The Use of Oracle Net Services in the FDSS System**

   a. **Support Network**

   Oracle Net Services enables a network session from the client FDSS application to the FDSS database. It is responsible for establishing and maintaining the connection between the application and database server.

   b. **How Oracle Net Services Works in the FDSS System**

   Oracle's support network protocols provides an interface between Oracle processes running on the database server and the FDSS application running on other computers of the network. Oracle protocols take SQL statements from the interface of the FDSS application and package them for transmission to Oracle through the supported higher level protocols. The protocols also take replies from Oracle and package them for transmission to the application through the same higher level communications mechanism [14].

   c. **Stack Communication for the FDSS Client/Server Application Connections**

   Figure 24 illustrates the various layers on the client and on the database server after a connection has been established.

![Figure 24. Identification of Layers used in the FDSS Client/Server Application Connection (After [14])](image-url)
During a session with the database, the FDSS client uses Oracle Call Interface (OCI) to interact with the database server. OCI is a software component that provides an interface between the FDSS client application and the SQL language that the database server understands.

The presentation layer used by the FDSS client/server application is Two-Task Common (TTC). TTC provides character set and data type conversion between different character sets or formats on the client and database server.

The Oracle Net foundation layer is responsible for establishing and maintaining the connection between the FDSS client application and database server, as well as exchanging messages between them [14].

3. Listener Architecture

The database server receives an initial connection from the FDSS client application through the listener. The listener is an application positioned on top of the Oracle Net foundation layer. The following figure (Figure 25) illustrates the various layers on the client and database server during an initial connection.

![Figure 25. Layers Used in an Initial Connection (After [14])](image)

The listener brokers the FDSS client requests, handing off the requests to the Oracle database server. Every time the FDSS client requests a network session with a database server, a listener receives the initial request [14].

Figure 26 shows the role of a listener during connection establishment with a client making a TTC connection:
(1) The database registers information about the services, instances, and service handlers with the listener.

(2) The client makes an initial connection with the listener.

(3) The listener parses the client request and forwards it to the service handler for the database service requested.

Figure 26. Listener Architecture (After [14])

B. OBJECT MODEL REPRESENTATION

The mapping from the Conceptual Data Model (CDM) to the Object Model consists to transform CDM objects into specified object language objects by applying the following rules.

1. **Independent One-to-Many Relationships**

   In independent one-to-many relationships, the primary identifier of the entity on the one side of the relationship becomes a:
   
   - Primary key in the entity on the one side of the relationship;
   - Foreign key in the entity on the many side of the relationship.

2. **Dependent One-to-Many Relationships**

   In dependent relationships, the primary identifier of the nondependent entity becomes a primary/foreign key in the dependent entity.
3. Independent Many-to-Many Relationships
In independent many-to-many relationships, the primary identifiers of both entities migrate to a join entity as primary/foreign keys.

4. Independent One-to-One Relationships
In independent one-to-one relationships, the primary identifier of one entity migrates to the other generated entity as a foreign key.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Conceptual Data Model</th>
<th>Object Oriented Model</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Entity</td>
<td>Class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Association</td>
<td>Relationship or association</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Binary association with attributes</td>
<td>Association class</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attribute</td>
<td>Attribute</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inheritance</td>
<td>Generalization</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Table 2. Transformation of a CDM to an OOM

Figure 27. Object Model: Registration
Figure 28. Object Model: Transfer

Figure 29. Object Model: Maintenance
C. DATABASE SQL SCRIPT

CREATE TABLE lecat (    
cod_lin VARCHAR(15) PRIMARY KEY,  
lab_lin VARCHAR(50),  
cod_usg VARCHAR(3),  
cod_sust VARCHAR(3),  
FOREIGN KEY (COD_USG) REFERENCES UCLASS (COD_USG),  
FOREIGN KEY (COD_SUST) REFERENCES SCLASS(COD_SUST));

CREATE TABLE sclass (    
cod_sust VARCHAR(3) PRIMARY KEY,  
lab_sust VARCHAR(40));

CREATE TABLE uclass (    
cod_usg VARCHAR(3) PRIMARY KEY,  
lab_usg VARCHAR(20));
CREATE TABLE cent_reg (  
nbr_reg VARCHAR(15) PRIMARY KEY,  
cent_dat DATE,  
hol_reg VARCHAR(40));

CREATE TABLE vehicle (  
nbr_lic VARCHAR(15) PRIMARY KEY,  
id_veh VARCHAR(25),  
cod_lin VARCHAR(15),  
ful_typ VARCHAR(20),  
cod_unit VARCHAR(15),  
um_tsht VARCHAR(20),  
nbr_reg VARCHAR(15),  
unit_prc DECIMAL(12,3),  
geo_pos VARCHAR(40),  
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FOREIGN KEY (COD_UNIT) REFERENCES UNIT(COD_UNIT),  
FOREIGN KEY (NUM_TSHT) REFERENCES TECH_SHT(NUM_TSHT),  
FOREIGN KEY (NBR_REG) REFERENCES CENT_REG (NBR_REG));

CREATE TABLE tech_sht (  
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dat_sht DATE,  
pro_sht VARCHAR(30));

CREATE TABLE reg_dept (  
cod_dept VARCHAR(8) PRIMARY KEY,  
lab_dept VARCHAR(40),  
adr_dept VARCHAR(40),  
tel_dept VARCHAR(15));
CREATE TABLE unit (  
cod_unit VARCHAR(15) PRIMARY KEY,  
nam_unit VARCHAR(40),  
cod_dept VARCHAR(8),  
cod_arm VARCHAR(8),  
adr_unit VARCHAR(50),  
tel_unit VARCHAR(15),  
FOREIGN KEY (COD_DEPT) REFERENCES REG_DEPT (COD_DEPT));

CREATE TABLE transf_bl (  
num_bul VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,  
dat_bul DATE,  
um_tdec VARCHAR(20),  
cod_unit VARCHAR(15),  
FOREIGN KEY (NUM_TDEC) REFERENCES TRS_DEC (NUM_TDEC),  
FOREIGN KEY (COD_UNIT) REFERENCES UNIT (COD_UNIT));

CREATE TABLE trans_rq (  
num_t_rq VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,  
cod_unit VARCHAR(15),  
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CREATE TABLE tr_rq_li(  
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tr_r_obs VARCHAR(50),  
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FOREIGN KEY (NUM_T_RQ) REFERENCES TRANS_RQ (NUM_T_RQ),

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FOREIGN KEY (COD_LIN) REFERENCES LCAT (COD_LIN),
PRIMARY KEY (NUM_T_RQ, COD_LIN));

CREATE TABLE `trs_dec`
(
  num_tdec VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
  t_dec_dt DATE,
  d_trs_obs VARCHAR(50)
);

CREATE TABLE `dec_ln`
(
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  num_t_rq VARCHAR(20),
  cod_lin VARCHAR(15),
  obj_tdec VARCHAR(50),
  qte_tdec INTEGER,
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  FOREIGN KEY (NUM_T_RQ) REFERENCES TRANS_RQ (NUM_T_RQ),
  FOREIGN KEY (COD_LIN) REFERENCES LCAT (COD_LIN),
  PRIMARY KEY (NUM_TDEC, NUM_T_RQ, COD_LIN)));

CREATE TABLE `hy_trans`
(
  num_bul VARCHAR(20),
  nbr_lic VARCHAR(15),
  FOREIGN KEY (NUM_BUL) REFERENCES TRANSF_BL (NUM_BUL),
  FOREIGN KEY (NBR_LIC) REFERENCES VEHICLE (NBR_LIC),
  PRIMARY KEY (NUM_BUL, NBR_LIC)));

CREATE TABLE `main_req`
(
  num_mreq VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
  nbr_lic VARCHAR(15),
  PRIMARY KEY, 
CREATE TABLE rep_bul(
    num_rbul VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    r_bul_dt DATE,
    num_mreq VARCHAR(20),
    FOREIGN KEY (NUM_MREQ) REFERENCES MAIN_REQ (NUM_MREQ));

CREATE TABLE rep (
    num_rbul VARCHAR(20),
    c_cu_act VARCHAR(20),
    nbr_hr INTEGER,
    FOREIGN KEY (NUM_RBUL) REFERENCES REP_BUL (NUM_RBUL),
    FOREIGN KEY (C_CU_ACT) REFERENCES CU_ACT (C_CU_ACT),
    PRIMARY KEY (NUM_RBUL, C_CU_ACT));

CREATE TABLE cu_act (
    c_cu_act VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
    m_cu_lab VARCHAR(40),
    mth_r_act DECIMAL(12,3));

CREATE TABLE pre_bul(
    num_pr_b VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    nbr_lic VARCHAR(15),
    pr_bt_dt DATE,
    nwpr_dat DATE,
FOREIGN KEY (NBR_LIC) REFERENCES VEHICLE (NBR_LIC));

CREATE TABLE perform(
    num_pr_b  VARCHAR(20),
    cd_p_act  VARCHAR(10),
    pact_qty  INTEGER,
FOREIGN KEY (NUM_PR_B) REFERENCES PRE_BUL (NUM_PR_B),
FOREIGN KEY (CD_P_ACT) REFERENCES PREV_ACT(CD_P_ACT),
PRIMARY KEY (NUM_PR_B, CD_P.ACT));

CREATE TABLE prev_act(
    cd_p_act  VARCHAR(10) PRIMARY KEY,
    l_pr_act  VARCHAR(40),
    p_prt_mt  DECIMAL(12,3));

CREATE TABLE ref_req(
    num_r_rq  VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    nbr_lic
    cod_unit  VARCHAR(15),
    r_req_dt  DATE,
    mot_rf   VARCHAR(20),
    r_rq_obs  VARCHAR(50),
FOREIGN KEY (COD_UNIT) REFERENCES UNIT (COD_UNIT),
FOREIGN KEY (NBR_LIC) REFERENCES VEHICLE (NBR_LIC));

CREATE TABLE ref_dec(
    nm_rf_dec  VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    num_r_rq  VARCHAR(20),
    r_dec_dt  DATE,
    o_rf_dec  VARCHAR(50),
FOREIGN KEY (NUM_R_RQ) REFERENCES REF_REQ(NUM_R_RQ);

CREATE TABLE alie_bul(
    nm_bl_al VARCHAR(20) PRIMARY KEY,
    a_bul_dt DATE,
    nm_rf_dec VARCHAR(20),
    cod_a_dest VARCHAR(10),
    FOREIGN KEY (NM_RF_DEC) REFERENCES REF_DEC (NM_RF_DEC);
)
IV. PROTOTYPE

A. COMMON FUNCTIONALITIES

1. Connection

To start the FDSS application the authorized user needs to connect to the system. He must enter his user name and password. Figure 31 shows the process of connection to the system.

![Connection Screen](image)

**Figure 31. Connection Screen**

2. Common Functionalities

For all functionalities of the system the standard screen shown in Figure 32 is implemented.

![Standard Screen](image)

**Figure 32. Standard Screen**

Each option of the standard screen presents a set of functions that are available depending on the selected option, an example of which is shown in Figure 33.
Under the Menu Bar, the tools bar displays a set of icons representing the different functionalities available to use by simple clicking using the mouse (Figure 34).

Besides the Tool Bar, the standard screen presents a Status Bar on the bottom of the screen that indicates the current option in use, shown below in Figure 35.

The following menu (Figure 36) presents the software developed to cover the different functionalities of the FDSS system.
1. Registration Module
   
a. Catalog Screen
   
The screen shown in Figure 37 presents the management of categories of vehicles.

Figure 36. FDSS Main Menu

Figure 37. Catalog Screen
b. **Usage Class Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 38 allows add, query, update, and delete a usage class of a vehicle.

![Usage Class Screen](image)

Figure 38. Usage Class Screen

c. **Sustain Class Screen**

The screen below in Figure 39 allows the user to add, query, update, and delete a sustain class of a vehicle.

![Sustain Class Screen](image)

Figure 39. Sustain Class Screen


d. **Edit Catalog Screen**

The following screen (Figure 40) presents the option for editing of categories of vehicles.

![Edit Criteria Screen](image)

**Figure 40. Edit Criteria Screen**

e. **Vehicle Identification Screen**

The vehicle identification is accessible via the screen shown in Figure 41.

![Vehicle Identification Screen](image)

**Figure 41. Vehicle Identification Screen**

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f. **Central Register Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 42 allows the search of the registers of vehicles and their holders.

![Central Register Screen](image)

**Figure 42. Central Register Screen**

g. **Technical Sheet Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 43 allows the identification of military wheeled and tracked vehicle technical sheet producers.
2. **Transfer Module**
   
   **a. Transfer Request Screen**
   
   The screen in Figure 44 allows the user to add records of the transfer request of military wheeled and tracked vehicles.
b. **Transfer Decision Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 45 allows for the creation of transfer decision records of categories of vehicles assigned to units.

![Figure 45. Transfer Decision Screen](image)

![Transfer Decision Details](image)


c. **Transfer Bulletin Screen**

The screen in Figure 46 allows the assignment of tracked and wheeled vehicles to units.
3. Maintenance Module
   
a. Preventive Acts Screen

   The screen shown in Figure 47 allows the user to add, search, update, and delete preventive maintenance acts.

Figure 46. Transfer Bulletin Screen

Figure 47. Preventative Maintenance Acts Screen
b. **Preventive Maintenance Bulletin Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 48 allows the user to record all preventive maintenances of tracked and wheeled vehicles.

![Preventive Maintenance Bulletin Screen](image)

Figure 48. Preventative Maintenance Bulletin Screen

c. **Curative Acts Screen**

The screen shown in Figure 49 allows the user to add, search, update, and delete curative maintenance acts.
The screen shown below in Figure 50 presents an application to start the process of curative maintenance of a vehicle.

**Figure 49. Curative Maintenance Acts Screen**

**d. Maintenance Request Screen**

The screen shown below in Figure 50 presents an application to start the process of curative maintenance of a vehicle.

**Figure 50. Curative Maintenance Request Screen**
4. Inquiry

a. Military Units Screen

The screen in Figure 51 shows the feature of searching for the unit’s data.

![Military Units Screen](image)

**Figure 51. Military Units Screen**

b. Regional Department Screen

The screen shown in Figure 52 allows the user to search for the regional Departments.
Figure 52. Regional Department Screen
V. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

A. SUMMARY

This thesis developed a solution to provide and make available instantaneous and accurate information that will be used to derive the right decision on time regarding the management of a military tracked and wheeled vehicle fleet. Chapter II stated the system requirements specification and analyzes these requirements. Chapter III presented the details of the system design and the database scheme. Chapter IV provided the system prototype, developed using the Oracle DBMS, and the necessary interfaces for the users to enhance the benefits of this software. This study will improve the decision-making ability of the leader of this department. It will make the routine tasks easier, and enforce the control process concerning the usage and maintenance of military vehicles.

B. INFORMATION SYSTEM

A major challenge in developing a thorough Fleet Decision Support System is finding what information is available. What information will be needed to meet the requirements? And how this information will be presented to the end-user? The best people to answer these questions are those who are knowledgeable about fleet management and are part of the information system. Moreover, the greatest success in implementing this kind of information system relies on an effective plan that provides an incremental but continuous integration of new functionalities. These new functionalities should apply to both the core fleet management information system and to ancillary tools that complement and enhance it.

C. PLATFORM AND NETWORK CONSIDERATIONS

Another major consideration in developing a Fleet Decision Support System relates to the platform that will be utilized to deliver tools to end users. There are a variety of platforms available today. However, client server architecture and the Intranet are clearly dominating the technology industry as the platforms of choice. The principal virtue of these platforms is that they facilitate the efficient and inexpensive distribution and maintenance of applications to multiple end users. They also support another trend
that promises to further change the definition of effective fleet management: providing real-time access for fleet users to the detailed information that historically has been available only to fleet managers.

D. RECOMMENDATIONS

Several future tasks that need to be completed are as follows:

• Development of the curative maintenance and retirement subsystems.
• Development of a module related to the inventory of tracked and wheeled vehicles of units.
• Test and integrate the newly developed subsystems and modules to the system.
• Test the entire system and verify the behavior of each subsystem.
• Train the users to use and interact with the system properly.
• The software maintenance phase will determine the success of this project.
## APPENDIX. DATA DICTIONARY

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<th>Field Name</th>
<th>Code Format</th>
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LIST OF REFERENCES


re.htm, (December 2006).


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