

EQUIVARIANT STABLE HOMOTOPY GROUPS OF SPHERES WITH INVOLUTIONS, II

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Introduction. This note is the second paper in a series of papers with the same title, in which we aim at computing of the equivariant stable homotopy groups of spheres with linear involutions. In the present paper we give the computation of $\pi_{p,q}^S$ for $p+q=9, 10$ and 11 . At the end of this paper we list the tables of $\pi_{p,q}^S$ for $0 \leq p+q \leq 13$ and $-1 \leq q \leq p$, and $\lambda_{p,q}^S$ for $0 \leq p+q \leq 13$. The computations of 12 and 13 stems are similar situations to 4 and 5 stems since $\pi_{12}^S=0$ and $\pi_{13}^S=\mathbf{Z}/3$, hence they are easily obtained by the forgetful exact sequence.

We quote the part I of this series by [I]. All other references are listed at the end of [I].

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1. 9 stem

The equivariant Toda bracket

$$\langle 120\sigma^\circ, 2, \xi_{3,2}^* \omega_2^{2n+1} \rangle^\tau$$

is well-defined. By parallel arguments to the case of $[\nu^2 \omega_1^{4n+3}]_3$ (see [I], (15.2)), there exists an element

$$(1.1) \quad [120\sigma\omega_1^{4n+3}]_3 \in \langle 120\sigma^\circ, 2, \xi_{3,2}^* \omega_2^{2n+1} \rangle^\tau \subset \pi_S^{4n+3, -4n-10}(S_+^{3,0})$$

such that

$$(1.1') \quad \psi(\delta_3[120\sigma\omega_1^{4n+3}]_3) = \mu.$$

Put

$$(1.1'') \quad \hat{\mu}_{4n} = \delta_3[120\sigma\omega_1^{-4n+3}]_3 \in \langle 120\sigma^\circ, 2, \eta_{4n}^\circ \rangle^\tau \subset \pi_{4n, -4n+9}^S.$$

Then we have

Proposition 1.2. i) $\eta_{1,3}^*[120\sigma\omega_1^{4n+3}]_3 = 120\sigma\omega_1^{4n+3}$ and $[120\sigma\omega_1^{4n+3}]_3$ is of

order 2.

ii) $\beta_1(\hat{\mu}_{4n}) = \mu\omega_1^{-4n}$ and $\mathcal{X}^2\hat{\mu}_{4n} = 120\sigma\delta_{1,\omega_1}^{-4n+3}$.

By parallel arguments to the computations in [I] we easily obtain

Proposition 1.3. $(\pi_S^{10-p,-q-1}(S_+^{10,0}), p+q=9)$

- i) $\pi_S^{32n,-32n}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \omega_{10}^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot (1+\rho)\omega_{10}^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu}\hat{\xi}_{10,4}^* \omega_4^{4n-1}$,
- ii) $\pi_S^{32n+16,-32n-16}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{32n+17} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \hat{\eta}\hat{\xi}_{10,9}^* \omega_9^{2n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu}\hat{\xi}_{10,4}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \omega_4^{4n+1}$,
- iii) $\pi_S^{16n+8,-16n-8}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{16n+9} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \hat{\eta}^2\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{n+1} \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu}\hat{\xi}_{10,4}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \omega_4^{2n}$,
- iv) $\pi_S^{8n+1,-8n-1}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}\hat{\eta}_{-8n}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X}\hat{\nu}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\xi}_{5,10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1}$,
- v) $\pi_S^{8n+2,-8n-2}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{8n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu\hat{\nu}\hat{\xi}_{10,4}^* \omega_4^{n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta\sigma\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho\eta\sigma\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho\xi_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-5}]_3 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho\xi_{10,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-5}]_3$,
- vi) $\pi_S^{8n+3,-8n-3}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}^3\hat{\nu}_{-8n}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,1}^* (\mu\omega_1^{8n-6})$,
- vii) $\pi_S^{8n+4,-8n-4}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{8n+5} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \hat{\eta}\hat{\xi}_{10,7}^* [\eta^2\omega_1^{8n+2}]_7$,
- viii) $\pi_S^{8n+5,-8n-5}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}\hat{\eta}_{-8n-4}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\xi}_{5,10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1}$,
- ix) $\pi_S^{8n+6,-8n-6}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{8n+7} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta\sigma\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (1+\rho)\eta\sigma\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-1}]_3 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho\xi_{10,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-1}]_3$,
- x) $\pi_S^{16n+7,-16n-7}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}^7\hat{\sigma}_{-16n}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \hat{\nu}_{35,10,4}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \omega_4^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,1}^* (\mu\omega_1^{16n-2})$,
- xi) $\pi_S^{32n+15,-32n-15}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \omega_8^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \hat{\nu}_{35,10,4}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \omega_4^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,1}^* (\mu\omega_1^{32n+6})$,
- xii) $\pi_S^{32n-1,-32n+1}(S_+^{10,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{2n} \omega_8^{2n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot (\mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{2n} \omega_8^{2n-1} - \hat{\nu}_{35,10,4}^* \omega_4^{4n} \omega_4^{4n-1}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{10,1}^* (\mu\omega_1^{32n-10})$

for any integer n .

Proposition 1.4. *There holds the relation*

$$(1+\rho)\xi_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} = (1+\rho)\eta\sigma\hat{\xi}_{10,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1}$$

for any integer n .

Computation of $\pi_S^{11-p,-q-1}(S_+^{11,0})$ for $p+q=9$.

- Proposition 1.5.** i) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{64n} = 0$, ii) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{64n+32} = 4\mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{4n+2} \omega_8^{4n+1}$,
- iii) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{32n+16} = 2\mathcal{X}^5\hat{\sigma}\hat{\xi}_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \omega_8^{2n}$, iv) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{16n+8} = \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}^7\hat{\sigma}_{-16n})$, v) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{8n+4} = \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}^3\hat{\nu}_{-8n})$, vi) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{4n+2} = \beta_{10}(\mathcal{X}\hat{\eta}_{-4n})$, vii) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{64n+1} = 2\omega_{10}^{2n} - (1+\rho)\omega_{10}^{2n}$ and
- viii) $\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{64n+33} = 2\omega_{10}^{2n+1} - (1+\rho)\omega_{10}^{2n+1}$.

Proof. We prove only the relation iii). The other relations can be proved by similar arguments to [I], Proposition 10.7.

Since $\delta_{9,1}\omega_1^{32n+16} = 2\mathcal{X}^6 \circ \xi_{9,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^{2n}$, there exists $\alpha \in \pi_9^S$ satisfying

$$\delta_{10,1}\omega_1^{32n+16} = 2\mathcal{X}^5 \circ \xi_{10,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^{2n} + \xi_{10,1}^*(\alpha\omega_1^{32n+6}).$$

Therefore there exists $\beta \in \pi_{10}^S$ satisfying

$$\delta_{11,1}\omega_1^{32n+16} = 2\mathcal{X}^4 \circ \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^{2n} + \xi_{11,2}^*(\alpha\omega_2^{16n+3}) + \xi_{11,1}^*(\beta\omega_1^{32n+5}).$$

Apply $\delta_{1,11}$ to both sides of this equality. Then

$$(\eta\alpha + 2\beta)\omega_1^{32n+4} = 0$$

Hence $\alpha \in \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta^2 \rho \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \varepsilon$, which implies $\xi_{10,1}^*(\alpha\omega_1^{32n+6}) = 0$. This completes the proof. \square

Thus we obtain

Proposition 1.6. $(\pi_S^{11-p, -q-1}(S_+^{11,0}), p+q=9)$

- i) $\pi_S^{64n+1, -64n}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \mathcal{X}\omega_{11}^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{8n} \bar{\omega}_4^{8n-1}$,
- ii) $\pi_S^{64n+33, -64n-32}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \xi_{11,10}^* \omega_{10}^{2n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{8n+4} \bar{\omega}_4^{8n+3}$,
- iii) $\pi_S^{32n+17, -32n-16}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \eta \xi_{11,9}^* \omega_9^{2n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \bar{\omega}_4^{4n+1}$,
- iv) $\pi_S^{16n+9, -16n-8}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \hat{\eta} \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_4^{2n}$,
- v) $\pi_S^{8n+2, -8n-1}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X} \nu \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \delta \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{5\xi_{11,2}^*}^* \omega_2^{4n-1}$,
- vi) $\pi_S^{8n+3, -8n-2}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^n \bar{\omega}_4^{n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \sigma \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \eta \sigma \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \varepsilon \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \varepsilon \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-5}]_3 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \xi_{11,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-5}]_3$,
- vii) $\pi_S^{8n+4, -8n-3}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5 \delta \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,1}^*(\mu\omega_1^{8n-6})$,
- viii) $\pi_S^{8n+5, -8n-4}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \hat{\eta} \xi_{11,7}^* [\eta^2 \omega_1^{8n+2}]_7$,
- ix) $\pi_S^{8n+6, -8n-5}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \delta \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{5\xi_{11,2}^*}^* \omega_2^{4n+1}$,
- x) $\pi_S^{8n+7, -8n-6}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \sigma \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \varepsilon \xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (1+\rho)\eta\sigma\xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-1}]_3 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \xi_{11,3}^* [120\sigma\omega_1^{8n-1}]_3$,
- xi) $\pi_S^{16n+8, -16n-7}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_4^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,1}^*(\mu\omega_1^{16n-2})$,
- xii) $\pi_S^{32n+16, -32n-15}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5 \circ \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \bar{\omega}_4^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,1}^*(\mu\omega_1^{32n+6})$,
- xiii) $\pi_S^{64n+32, -64n-31}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5 \circ \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{4n+2} \bar{\omega}_8^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{8n+4} \bar{\omega}_4^{8n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,1}^*(\mu\omega_1^{64n+22})$,
- xiv) $\pi_S^{64n, -64n-1}(S_+^{11,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \mathcal{X}^5 \circ \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{4n} \bar{\omega}_8^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot (\mathcal{X}^5 \circ \xi_{11,8}^* \omega_8^{4n} \bar{\omega}_8^{4n-1} - \nu \hat{\nu} \xi_{11,4}^* \omega_4^{8n} \bar{\omega}_4^{8n-1}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{11,1}^*(\mu\omega_1^{64n-10})$

for any integer n .

Proposition 1.7. *There hold the relations $(1+\rho)\varepsilon\xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1} = (1+\rho)\eta\sigma\xi_{11,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1}$ and $\rho\xi_{11,10}^* \omega_{10}^{2n+1} = \xi_{11,10}^* \omega_{10}^{2n+1}$ for any integer n .*

Proposition 1.6 describes $\lambda_{p,q}^S$ for $p+q=9$. By [I], Proposition 4.8, the groups $\pi_{p,q}^S$ for $p+q=9$ are determined if $(p,q) \neq (5,4), (6,3), (7,2), (8,1), (9,0)$ or $(10, -1)$.

Consider the following exact sequence

$$\dots \rightarrow \pi_S^{-8,-1}(S_+^{1,0}) \xrightarrow{\delta_1} \pi_{9,0}^S \xrightarrow{\chi} \pi_{8,0}^S \xrightarrow{\beta_1} \pi_S^{-8,0}(S_+^{1,0}) \rightarrow \dots$$

Since $\pi_S^{-8,-1}(S_+^{1,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{-8} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \varepsilon \omega_1^{-8} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \omega_1^{-8}$, $\delta_1(\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{-8}) = \delta_1 \beta_1(\dot{\eta}_8 \eta \sigma) = 0$, $\delta_1(\eta \varepsilon \omega_1^{-8}) = \delta_1 \beta_1(\dot{\eta}_8 \varepsilon) = 0$ and $\delta_1(\mu \omega_1^{-8}) = \delta_1 \beta_1(\dot{\mu}_8) = 0$, we have $\text{Im}[\delta_1: \pi_S^{-8,-1}(S_+^{1,0}) \rightarrow \pi_{9,0}^S] = 0$. Hence $\pi_{9,0}^S \approx \text{Ker}[\beta_1: \pi_{8,0}^S \rightarrow \pi_S^{-8,0}(S_+^{1,0})]$. By [I], Theorem 15.26,iv), we have

$$\pi_{9,0}^S = \mathbf{Z} \cdot y_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \dot{\varepsilon}_8$$

where $\chi y_9 = \dot{\eta} y_7$. Since $\chi: \pi_{9,0}^S \rightarrow \pi_{8,0}^S$ is a monomorphism, we see that $\rho y_9 = y_9$. By the fixed-point exact sequence [I], (1.12) and Proposition 1.2, i), we have $\pi_{10,-1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_8$. This implies that $\beta_1: \pi_{9,0}^S \rightarrow \pi_S^{-9,0}(S_+^{1,0})$ is an epimorphism. Hence

$$\psi(y_9) \in \mu + \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta^2 \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \varepsilon.$$

Thus we obtain

Proposition 1.8. i) $\pi_{9,0}^S = \mathbf{Z} \cdot y_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \dot{\varepsilon}_8$,

ii) $\chi y_9 = \dot{\eta} y_7$ and $\rho y_9 = y_9$,

iii) $\psi(y_9) \in \mu + \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta^2 \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \varepsilon$.

It is now easy to compute the groups $\pi_{p,q}^S$ for $(p,q) = (5,4), (6,3), (7,2)$ and $(8,1)$, and we obtain

Theorem 1.9. ($\pi_{p,q}^S, p+q=9$)

- i) $\pi_{5,4}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_4 \dot{\varepsilon}_4 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_4 \sigma$,
- ii) $\pi_{6,3}^S = \mathbf{Z}/24 \cdot \dot{\eta}^2 \dot{\sigma} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu}^3$,
- iii) $\pi_{7,2}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_8 \mu$,
- iv) $\pi_{8,1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\eta}_8 \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\eta}_8 \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\mu}_8 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\mu}_8$,
- v) $\pi_{9,0}^S = \mathbf{Z} \cdot y_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_8 \dot{\varepsilon}_8$,
- vi) $\pi_{10,-1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_8$,
- vii) $\pi_{8n,-8n+9}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \nu \dot{\nu}_{8n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\eta}_{8n} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n} \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\eta}_{8n} \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\mu}_{8n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\mu}_{8n} \oplus \pi_{-8n+9}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- viii) $\pi_{8n+1,-8n+8}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\nu} \dot{\delta}_8 \omega_8^{1-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n-4} \dot{\eta} \dot{\sigma} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n-4} \dot{\varepsilon}_5 \oplus \pi_{-8n+8}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- ix) $\pi_{16n+2,-16n+7}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \dot{\eta}^2 \dot{\sigma}_{16n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_{16n} \oplus \pi_{-16n+7}^S$ for any integer n ,
- x) $\pi_{32n-6,-32n+15}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \dot{\eta} \dot{\delta}_9 \omega_9^{1-2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_{32n-8} \oplus \pi_{-32n+15}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xi) $\pi_{64n-22,-64n+31}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \delta_{10} \omega_{10}^{1-2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_{64n-24} \oplus \pi_{-64n+31}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xii) $\pi_{64n+10,-64n-1}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \chi \delta_{11} \omega_{11}^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \dot{\nu}_{64n+8} \oplus \pi_{-64n-1}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xiii) $\pi_{16n+3,-16n+6}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \dot{\nu}_3 \dot{\nu}_{16n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_{16n+4} \mu \oplus \pi_{-16n+6}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xiv) $\pi_{32n-5,-32n+14}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^5 \dot{\sigma}_{32n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \dot{\nu}_3 \dot{\nu}_{32n-8} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_{32n-4} \mu \oplus \pi_{-32n+14}^S$ for any integer n ,

- xv) $\pi_{64n-21, -64n+30}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \chi^5 \circ \sigma_{64n-16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \nu_3 \nu_{64n-24} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_{64n-20} \mu \oplus \pi_{-64n+30}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xvi) $\pi_{64n+11, -64n-2}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^5 \circ \sigma_{64n+16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot (\chi^5 \circ \sigma_{64n+16} - \nu_3 \nu_{64n+8}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_{64n+12} \mu \oplus \pi_{-64n-2}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xvii) $\pi_{8n+4, -8n+5}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n+4} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n+4} \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (1 + \rho) \dot{\eta}_{8n+4} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\mu}_{8n+4} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \dot{\mu}_{8n+4} \oplus \pi_{-8n+5}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xviii) $\pi_{8n+5, -8n+4}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n} \dot{\eta} \delta \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta}_{8n} \dot{\varepsilon}_5 \oplus \pi_{-8n+4}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xix) $\pi_{8n+6, -8n+3}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \dot{\eta} \dot{\varepsilon}_{8n+5} \oplus \pi_{-8n+3}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xx) $\pi_{8n+7, -8n+2}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^5 \delta \delta_8 \omega_8^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \dot{\eta}_{8n+8} \mu \oplus \pi_{-8n+2}^S$ for $n \neq 0$.

Proposition 1.10. *There hold the relations $(1 + \rho) \dot{\eta}_{8n+4} \varepsilon = (1 + \rho) \dot{\eta}_{8n+4} \eta \sigma$ and $\rho \delta_{10} \omega_{10}^{2n+1} = \delta_{10} \omega_{10}^{2n+1}$ for any integer n .*

2. 10 stem

Routine computations yield the followings.

Proposition 2.1. $(\pi_S^{12-p, -q-1}(S_+^{12,0}), p+q=10)$

- i) $\pi_S^{64n+1, -64n}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/128 \cdot \chi \omega_{12}^n$,
- ii) $\pi_S^{64n+33, -64n-32}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \dot{\eta} \xi_{12,10}^* \omega_{10}^{2n+1}$,
- iii) $\pi_S^{32n+17, -32n-16}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \dot{\eta}^2 \xi_{12,9}^* \omega_9^{2n+1}$,
- iv) $\pi_S^{16n+9, -16n-8}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \dot{\eta}^3 \xi_{12,8}^* \omega_8^{n+1} \omega_8^n$,
- v) $\pi_S^{8n+2, -8n-1}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\nu} \xi_{12,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{8n-9})$,
- vi) $\pi_S^{8n+3, -8n-2}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^3 \dot{\nu}^2 \xi_{12,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \eta \sigma \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \varepsilon \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot y_9 \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n+1}$,
- vii) $\pi_S^{8n+4, -8n-3}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^4 \delta \xi_{12,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{8n-7})$,
- viii) $\pi_S^{8n+5, -8n-4}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot y_7 \xi_{12,4}^* \omega_4^{n+1} \omega_4^n$,
- ix) $\pi_S^{8n+6, -8n-5}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{8n-5})$,
- x) $\pi_S^{8n+7, -8n-6}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \eta \sigma \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \varepsilon \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-1}$,
- xi) $\pi_S^{16n+8, -16n-7}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \nu_3 \xi_{12,4}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \omega_4^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{8n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{8n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{16n-3})$,
- xii) $\pi_S^{32n+16, -32n-15}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^4 \circ \sigma_{12,8}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \omega_8^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \nu_3 \xi_{12,4}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \omega_4^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{16n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{16n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{32n+5})$,
- xiii) $\pi_S^{64n+32, -64n-31}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \chi^4 \circ \sigma_{12,8}^* \omega_8^{4n+2} \omega_8^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \dot{\eta} \nu_3 \xi_{12,4}^* \omega_4^{8n+4} \omega_4^{8n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{32n+11} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{32n+11} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{64n+21})$,
- xiv) $\pi_S^{64n, -64n-1}(S_+^{12,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^4 \circ \sigma_{12,8}^* \omega_8^{4n} \omega_8^{4n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^4 \circ \sigma_{12,8}^* \omega_8^{4n} \omega_8^{4n-1} - \dot{\eta} \nu_3 \xi_{12,4}^* \omega_4^{8n} \omega_4^{8n-1}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{32n-5} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \mu \xi_{12,2}^* \omega_2^{32n-5} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \xi_{12,1}^* (\beta_1 \omega_1^{64n-11})$

for any integer n .

Theorem 2.2. $(\pi_{p,q}^S, p+q=10)$

- i) $\pi_{6,4}^S = \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1 (\beta_1 \omega_1^{-5})$,
- ii) $\pi_{7,3}^S = \mathbf{Z}/24 \cdot \dot{\eta}^3 \delta$,

- iii) $\pi_{8,2}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_8 \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_8 \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-7})$,
- iv) $\pi_{9,1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_9 \gamma_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \hat{\eta}_8 \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \hat{\eta}_8 \varepsilon$,
- v) $\pi_{10,0}^S = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \hat{\eta}_9 \gamma_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-9})$,
- vi) $\pi_{11,-1}^S = 0$,
- vii) $\pi_{8n,-8n+10}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^4 \delta_8 \omega_8^{1-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{8n} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_{8n} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{1-8n})$
 $\oplus \pi_{-8n+10}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- viii) $\pi_{8n+1,-8n+9}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^3 \hat{\nu}^2 \delta_8 \omega_8^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n} \varepsilon \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{8n-8} \gamma_9$
 $\oplus \pi_{-8n+9}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- ix) $\pi_{8n+2,-8n+8}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu} \delta_8 \omega_8^{1-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-8n-1}) \oplus \pi_{-8n+8}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- x) $\pi_{16n+3,-16n+7}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma}_{16n} \oplus \pi_{-16n+7}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xi) $\pi_{32n-5,-32n+15}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \hat{\eta}^2 \delta_9 \omega_9^{1-2n} \oplus \pi_{-32n+15}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xii) $\pi_{64n-21,-64n+31}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \hat{\eta} \delta_{10} \omega_{10}^{1-2n} \oplus \pi_{-64n+31}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xiii) $\pi_{64n+11,-64n-1}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/128 \cdot \chi \delta_{12} \omega_{12}^{-n} \oplus \pi_{-64n-1}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xiv) $\pi_{16n+4,-16n+6}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\nu}_3 \hat{\nu}_{16n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{16n+4} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_{16n+4} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-16n-3})$
 $\oplus \pi_{-16n+6}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xv) $\pi_{32n-4,-32n+14}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^4 \hat{\sigma} \hat{\sigma}_{32n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\nu}_3 \hat{\nu}_{32n-8} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{32n-4} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_{32n-4} \mu$
 $\oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-32n+5}) \oplus \pi_{-32n+14}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xvi) $\pi_{64n-20,-64n+30}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \chi^4 \hat{\sigma} \hat{\sigma}_{64n-16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\nu}_3 \hat{\nu}_{64n-24} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{64n-20} \mu$
 $\oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_{64n-20} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-64n+21}) \oplus \pi_{-64n+30}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xvii) $\pi_{64n+12,-64n-2}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^4 \hat{\sigma} \hat{\sigma}_{64n+16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^4 \hat{\sigma} \hat{\sigma}_{64n+16} - \hat{\eta} \hat{\nu}_3 \hat{\nu}_{64n+8}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta}_{64n+12} \mu$
 $\oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \rho \hat{\eta}_{64n+12} \mu \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-64n-11}) \oplus \pi_{-64n-2}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xviii) $\pi_{8n+5,-8n+5}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n+4} \eta \sigma \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \gamma_9 \hat{\eta}_{8n-4} \oplus \pi_{-8n+5}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xix) $\pi_{8n+6,-8n+4}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot \delta_1(\beta_1 \omega_1^{-8n-5}) \oplus \pi_{-8n+4}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xx) $\pi_{8n+7,-8n+3}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \gamma_7 \hat{\nu}_{8n} \oplus \pi_{-8n+3}^S$ for $n \neq 0$.

Proposition 2.3. i) $\hat{\sigma} \hat{\nu} = 0$, ii) $\hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n+4} \varepsilon = \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n+4} \eta \sigma$.

3. 11 stem

To give generators of $\pi_S^{r-p,-q-1}(S_+^{r,0})$ for $p+q=11$ we prepare new elements which are given by the equivariant Toda brackets.

Since $\psi: \pi_{2,1}^S \rightarrow \pi_3^S$ is isomorphic by [I], Theorem 10.11, i), we see that $\hat{\eta}^2 \eta = 12 \hat{\nu}$, hence $\hat{\eta}^2 \eta \hat{\sigma} = 12 \hat{\nu} \hat{\sigma} = 0$ by Theorem 2.2, ix). Thus the equivariant Toda brackets

$$(3.1) \quad \langle \hat{\sigma}, \hat{\eta}^2 \eta, \xi_{3,1}^* \omega_1^{4n-3} \rangle^\tau,$$

$$(3.2) \quad \langle \hat{\eta}^2, \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n-1} \rangle^\tau,$$

$$(3.3) \quad \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{10,1}^* \omega_1^{32n+7} \rangle^\tau,$$

and

$$(3.4) \quad \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{11,1}^* \omega_1^{64n+23} \rangle^\tau$$

are well-defined. Then by [I], Proposition 6.8,

$$\begin{aligned} \eta_{2,3}^* \langle \hat{\sigma}, \hat{\eta}^2 \eta, \xi_{3,1}^* \omega_1^{4n-3} \rangle^\tau &= \{ \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n-1} \}, \\ \eta_{8,9}^* \langle \hat{\eta}^2, \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n-1} \rangle^\tau &\ni \hat{\eta}^3 \omega_8^{n+1} \omega_8^n, \\ \eta_{9,10}^* \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{10,1}^* \omega_1^{32n+7} \rangle^\tau &\ni \hat{\eta}^2 \omega_9^{2n+1} \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\eta_{10,11}^* \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{11,1}^* \omega_1^{64n+23} \rangle^\tau \ni \hat{\eta} \omega_{10}^{2n+1}.$$

By [14], Lemma 9.1, we see that

$$\begin{aligned} \psi(\delta_3 \langle \hat{\sigma}, \hat{\eta}^2 \eta, \xi_{3,1}^* \omega_1^{4n-3} \rangle^\tau) &= \langle \sigma, \eta^3, 2 \rangle = \zeta + 2\pi_{11}^S, \\ \psi(\delta_9 \langle \hat{\eta}^2, \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n-1} \rangle^\tau) &= \langle \eta^2, \eta \sigma, 2 \rangle = \zeta + 2\pi_{11}^S, \\ \psi(\delta_{10} \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{10,1}^* \omega_1^{32n+7} \rangle^\tau) &= \langle \eta, \eta^2 \sigma, 2 \rangle = \zeta + 2\pi_{11}^S \end{aligned}$$

and

$$\psi(\delta_{11} \langle \hat{\eta}, \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{11,1}^* \omega_1^{64n+23} \rangle^\tau) = \langle \eta, \eta^2 \sigma, 2 \rangle = \zeta + 2\pi_{11}^S.$$

Thus there exist elements

$$(3.1') \quad [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{4n-3}]_3 \in \pi_S^{4n-3, -4n-6}(S_+^{3,0}),$$

$$(3.2') \quad [\eta^3 \omega_1^{16n+5}]_9 \in \pi_S^{16n+5, -16n-8}(S_+^{9,0}),$$

$$(3.3') \quad [\eta^2 \omega_1^{32n+14}]_{10} \in \pi_S^{32n+14, -32n-16}(S_+^{10,0})$$

and

$$(3.4') \quad [\eta \omega_1^{64n+31}]_{11} \in \pi_S^{64n+31, -64n-32}(S_+^{11,0})$$

such that $\eta_{2,3}^* [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{4n-3}]_3 = \hat{\eta} \eta \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n-1}$, $\psi(\delta_3 [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{4n-3}]_3) = \zeta$, $\eta_{8,9}^* [\eta^3 \omega_1^{16n+5}]_9 = \hat{\eta}^3 \omega_8^{n+1} \omega_8^n$, $\psi(\delta_9 [\eta^3 \omega_1^{16n+5}]_9) = 63\zeta$, $\eta_{9,10}^* [\eta^2 \omega_1^{32n+14}]_{10} = \hat{\eta}^2 \omega_9^{2n+1}$, $\psi(\delta_{10} [\eta^2 \omega_1^{32n+14}]_{10}) = 63\zeta$, $\eta_{10,11}^* [\eta \omega_1^{64n+31}]_{11} = \hat{\eta} \omega_{10}^{2n+1}$ and $\psi(\delta_{11} [\eta \omega_1^{64n+31}]_{11}) = 63\zeta$, respectively.

The equivariant Toda bracket

$$\langle 30\sigma, 8, 3\xi_{5,4}^* \omega_4^{n+1} \omega_4^n \rangle^\tau$$

is well-defined and

$$\eta_{1,5}^* \langle 30\sigma, 8, 3\xi_{5,4}^* \omega_4^{n+1} \omega_4^n \rangle^\tau = \{120\sigma \omega_1^{8n+5}\}.$$

Thus there is an element

$$(3.5) \quad [120\sigma \omega_1^{8n+5}]_5 \in \langle 30\sigma, 8, 3\xi_{5,4}^* \omega_4^{n+1} \omega_4^n \rangle^\tau \subset \pi_S^{8n-3, -8n-4}(S_+^{5,0})$$

such that $\eta_{1,5}^* \langle 30\sigma, 8, 3\xi_{5,4}^* \omega_4^{n+1} \omega_4^n \rangle^\tau = 120\sigma \omega_1^{8n+5}$. Then $[120\sigma \omega_1^{8n+5}]_5$ is of order 8 and $\psi(\delta_5 [120\sigma \omega_1^{8n+5}]_5) = 63\zeta$.

Since $\psi \hat{\sigma} = 0$ by Proposition 2.3, the equivariant Toda bracket

$$\langle \psi, \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n+4} \rangle^\tau$$

is well-defined and

$$\eta_{8,9}^* \langle \hat{\nu}, \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n+4} \rangle^\tau \ni \hat{\nu} \omega_8^{n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^n.$$

Thus there exists an element

$$(3.6) \quad [\nu \omega_1^{16n+6}]_9 \in \langle \hat{\nu}, \hat{\sigma}, \xi_{9,1}^* \omega_1^{16n+4} \rangle^\tau \subset \pi_S^{16n+6, -16n-9} (S_+^{9,0})$$

such that $\eta_{8,9}^* [\nu \omega_1^{16n+6}]_9 = \hat{\nu} \omega_8^{n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^n$.

Proposition 3.7. *There hold the relations*

$$\hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+3} = \hat{\eta}^2 \hat{\xi}_5 \omega_2^{2n+3} = \hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+1} = \beta_2 (\hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{-4n} \eta \hat{\sigma}) = \xi_{2,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{4n-2}) \text{ in } \pi_S^{4n-1, -4n-9} (S_+^{2,0}).$$

Proof. By (3.1') we see that $\xi_{2,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{4n-2}) = \xi_{2,1}^* \delta_{1,3} [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{4n+1}]_3 = \delta_{2,2} \eta_{2,3}^* [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{4n+1}]_3 = \delta_{2,2} (\hat{\eta} \hat{\eta} \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+1}) = \beta_2 (\hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{-4n} \eta \hat{\sigma})$. Since $\beta_2(\hat{\sigma}) - \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{-2} \in \text{Im} [\xi_{2,1}^*: \pi_S^{-5, -3} (S_+^{1,0}) \rightarrow \pi_S^{-4, -3} (S_+^{2,0})]$ and $\eta^2 \pi_8^S = 0$, we have $\hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+3} = \hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+1}$. By Theorem 1.9, ii), we see that $\hat{\eta} \hat{\xi}_5 = a \cdot \hat{\eta}^2 \hat{\sigma} + \hat{\nu}^3$ for some $a \in \mathbf{Z}/24$. Since $4\hat{\xi}_5 = 12\hat{\eta} \hat{\sigma}$ by [I], Proposition 15.24, we see that a is of order 8. Thus $\hat{\eta}^2 \hat{\xi}_5 \omega_2^{2n+3} = \hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma} \omega_2^{2n+3}$, which completes the proof. \square

By the same arguments as [I] using the elements (3.1'), (3.2'), (3.3'), (3.4') and Proposition 3.7, we obtain the following.

Proposition 3.8. $(\pi_S^{13-p, -q-1} (S_+^{13,0}), p+q=11)$

- i) $\pi_S^{128n+1, -128n} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/256 \cdot \chi \omega_{13}^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (32 \chi \omega_{13}^n + \xi_{13,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{128n-11}))$,
- ii) $\pi_S^{128n+65, -128n-64} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/(256 \cdot 63) \cdot \xi_{13,12}^* \omega_{12}^{n+1} \bar{\omega}_{12}^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot (63(17\rho - 15) \xi_{13,12}^* \omega_{12}^{n+1} \bar{\omega}_{12}^n)$,
- iii) $\pi_S^{64n+33, -64n-32} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/128 \cdot \xi_{13,11}^* [\eta \omega_1^{64n+31}]_{11} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (16 \xi_{13,11}^* [\eta \omega_1^{64n+31}]_{11} + \xi_{13,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{64n+11}))$,
- iv) $\pi_S^{32n+17, -32n-16} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \xi_{13,10}^* [\eta^2 \omega_1^{32n+14}]_{10} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (8 \xi_{13,10}^* [\eta^2 \omega_1^{32n+14}]_{10} + \xi_{13,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{32n+5}))$,
- v) $\pi_S^{16n+9, -16n-8} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \xi_{13,9}^* [\eta^3 \omega_1^{16n+5}]_9 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (4 \xi_{13,9}^* [\eta^3 \omega_1^{16n+5}]_9 + \xi_{13,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{16n-3}))$,
- vi) $\pi_S^{16n+2, -16n-1} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu} \xi_{13,9}^* \omega_9^n$,
- vii) $\pi_S^{16n+10, -16n-9} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_{13,9}^* [\nu \omega_1^{16n+6}]_9$,
- viii) $\pi_S^{8n+3, -8n-2} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^2 \hat{\nu}^2 \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi \hat{\nu}_3 \hat{\nu} \xi_{13,4}^* \omega_4^n \bar{\omega}_4^{n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \xi_{13,3}^* [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{8n-7}]_3$,
- ix) $\pi_S^{8n+4, -8n-3} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^n \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu \xi_{13,2}^* \omega_2^{4n-3}$,
- x) $\pi_S^{8n+5, -8n-4} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \xi_{13,5}^* [120 \sigma \omega_1^{8n-3}]_5 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \xi_{13,1}^* (\zeta \omega_1^{8n-7})$,
- xi) $\pi_S^{8n+6, -8n-5} (S_+^{13,0}) = 0$,
- xii) $\pi_S^{8n+7, -8n-6} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \xi_{13,3}^* [\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{8n-3}]_3$,
- xiii) $\pi_S^{128n, -128n+1} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^{8n-1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^{8n-1} \pm \hat{\xi}_5 \xi_{13,4}^* \omega_4^{16n-16n-1}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu \xi_{13,2}^* \omega_2^{64n-5}$,
- xiv) $\pi_S^{128n+64, -128n-63} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^{8n+4} \bar{\omega}_8^{8n+3} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^{8n+4} \bar{\omega}_8^{8n+3} - \hat{\xi}_5 \xi_{13,4}^* \omega_4^{16n+8-16n+7}) \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu \xi_{13,2}^* \omega_2^{64n+27}$,
- xv) $\pi_S^{64n+32, -64n-31} (S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \chi^3 \hat{\sigma} \xi_{13,8}^* \omega_8^{4n+2} \bar{\omega}_8^{4n+1} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\xi}_5 \xi_{13,4}^* \omega_4^{8n+4} \bar{\omega}_4^{8n+3}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu_{\xi_{13,2}^*}^* \omega_2^{32n+11}, \\
 \text{xvi)} \quad & \pi_S^{32n+16, -32n-15}(S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X}^3 \delta_{\xi_{13,8}^*}^* \omega_8^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_8^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\xi}_{\xi_{13,4}^*}^* \omega_4^{4n+2} \bar{\omega}_4^{4n+1} \\
 & \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu_{\xi_{13,2}^*}^* \omega_2^{16n+3}, \\
 \text{xvii)} \quad & \pi_S^{16n+8, -16n-7}(S_+^{13,0}) = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\xi}_{\xi_{13,4}^*}^* \omega_4^{2n+1} \bar{\omega}_4^{2n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \mu_{\xi_{13,2}^*}^* \omega_2^{8n-1}
 \end{aligned}$$

for any integer n .

Put

$$(3.9) \quad \zeta_{4n+2}^{\circ} = \delta_3[\eta^2 \sigma \omega_1^{5-4n}]_3 \in \pi_{4n+2, -4n+9}^S,$$

$$(3.10) \quad \zeta_{8n}^{\circ'} = \delta_5[120 \sigma \omega_1^{5-8n}]_5 \in \pi_{8n, -8n+11}^S,$$

$$(3.11) \quad \zeta_{16n+4}^{\circ'} = \delta_9[\eta^3 \omega_1^{5-16n}]_9 \in \pi_{16n+4, -16n+7}^S,$$

$$(3.12) \quad \zeta_{32n-4}^{\circ'} = \delta_{10}[\eta^2 \omega_1^{14-32n}]_{10} \in \pi_{32n-4, -32n+15}^S,$$

$$(3.13) \quad \zeta_{64n-20}^{\circ'} = \delta_{11}[\eta \omega_1^{31-64n}]_{11} \in \pi_{64n-20, -64n+31}^S$$

and

$$(3.14) \quad \zeta_{128n-52}^{\circ} = \delta_{12} \omega_{12}^{1-n} \bar{\omega}_{12}^{-n} \in \pi_{128n-52, -128n+63}^S.$$

Then by definition we have

Proposition 3.15. i) $\psi(\zeta_{4n+2}^{\circ}) = \zeta$, $\mathcal{X}_{\zeta_{4n+2}^{\circ}}^{\circ} = \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{4n} \eta \hat{\sigma}$, ii) $\psi(\zeta_{8n}^{\circ'}) = 63\zeta$,
 iii) $\psi(\zeta_{16n+4}^{\circ'}) = 63\zeta$, $\mathcal{X}_{\zeta_{16n+4}^{\circ'}}^{\circ'} = \hat{\eta}^3 \hat{\sigma}_{16n}$, iv) $\psi(\zeta_{32n-4}^{\circ'}) = 63\zeta$, $\mathcal{X}_{\zeta_{32n-4}^{\circ'}}^{\circ'} = \hat{\eta}^2 \delta_9 \omega_9^{1-2n}$,
 v) $\psi(\zeta_{64n-20}^{\circ'}) = 63\zeta$, $\mathcal{X}_{\zeta_{64n-20}^{\circ'}}^{\circ'} = \hat{\eta} \delta_{10} \omega_{10}^{1-2n}$ and vi) $\psi(\zeta_{128n-52}^{\circ}) = \zeta$.

Thus we obtain

Theorem 3.16. ($\pi_{p,q}^S$ $p+q=11$)

- i) $\pi_{6,5}^S = \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \zeta_6^{\circ}$,
- ii) $\pi_{7,4}^S = 0$,
- iii) $\pi_{8,3}^S = \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \zeta_8^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \rho_{\zeta_8^{\circ'}}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/63 \cdot 8\zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{-7} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/3 \cdot 8\hat{\eta}^4 \hat{\sigma}$,
- iv) $\pi_{9,2}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_8 \mu$,
- v) $\pi_{10,1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X} \nu_3 \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}_8 \oplus \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \zeta_{10}^{\circ}$,
- vi) $\pi_{11,0}^S = \mathbf{Z} \cdot \hat{\eta}^2 y_9$,
- vii) $\pi_{12,-1}^S = \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot \zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{-11}$,
- viii) $\pi_{8n, -8n+11}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \zeta_{8n}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \rho_{\zeta_{8n}^{\circ'}}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/63 \cdot 8\zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{1-8n} \oplus \pi_{-8n+11}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- ix) $\pi_{8n+1, -8n+10}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \mathcal{X}^3 \hat{\sigma} \delta_{8\omega_8}^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\eta} \hat{\eta}_{8n} \mu \oplus \pi_{-8n+10}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- x) $\pi_{8n+2, -8n+9}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \zeta_{8n+2}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X}^2 \hat{\nu}^2 \delta_{8\omega_8}^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \mathcal{X} \nu_3 \hat{\nu} \hat{\nu}_8 \oplus \pi_{-8n+9}^S$ for $n \neq 1$,
- xi) $\pi_{16n+3, -16n+8}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \delta_9[\nu \omega_1^{6-16n}]_9 \oplus \pi_{-16n+8}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xii) $\pi_{16n+11, -16n}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \hat{\nu} \delta_9 \omega_9^{-n} \oplus \pi_{-16n}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xiii) $\pi_{16n+4, -16n+7}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/32 \cdot \zeta_{16n+4}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (4\zeta_{16n+4}^{\circ'} + \zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{-16n-3}) \oplus \pi_{-16n+7}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xiv) $\pi_{32n-4, -32n+15}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/64 \cdot \zeta_{32n-4}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (8\zeta_{32n-4}^{\circ'} + \zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{-32n+5}) \oplus \pi_{-32n+15}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xv) $\pi_{64n-20, -64n+31}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/128 \cdot \zeta_{64n-20}^{\circ'} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (16\zeta_{64n-20}^{\circ'} + \zeta \delta_{1\omega_1}^{-64n+21}) \oplus \pi_{-64n+31}^S$

for any integer n ,

- xvi) $\pi_{128n-52, -128n+63}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/(256 \cdot 63) \cdot \xi_{128n-52} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot (63(17\rho - 15)\xi_{128n-52})$
 $\oplus \pi_{-128n+63}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xvii) $\pi_{128n+12, -128n-1}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/256 \cdot \chi \delta_{13} \omega_{13}^{-n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/252 \cdot (32\chi \delta_{13} \omega_{13}^{-n} + \zeta \delta_1 \omega_1^{-128n-11})$
 $\oplus \pi_{-128n-1}^S$ for $n \neq 0$,
- xviii) $\pi_{16n+5, -16n+6}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_5 \nu_{16n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \eta_{16n+4} \mu \oplus \pi_{-16n+6}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xix) $\pi_{32n-3, -32n+14}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{32n} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_5 \nu_{32n-8} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \eta_{32n-4} \mu \oplus \pi_{-32n+14}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xx) $\pi_{64n-19, -64n+30}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/4 \cdot \chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{32n-16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \xi_5 \nu_{64n-24} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \eta_{64n-20} \mu \oplus \pi_{-64n+30}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xxi) $\pi_{128n-51, -128n+62}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/8 \cdot \chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{128n-48} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{128n-48} - \xi_5 \nu_{128n-56})$
 $\oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \eta_{128n-52} \mu \oplus \pi_{-128n+62}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xxii) $\pi_{128n+13, -128n-2}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/16 \cdot \chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{128n+16} \oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot (2\chi^3 \sigma \sigma_{128n+16} \pm \xi_5 \nu_{128n+8})$
 $\oplus \mathbf{Z}/2 \cdot \eta \eta_{128n+12} \mu \oplus \pi_{-128n-2}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xxiii) $\pi_{8n+6, -8n+5}^S \approx \mathbf{Z}/504 \cdot \xi_{8n+6} \oplus \pi_{-8n+5}^S$ for any integer n ,
- xxiv) $\pi_{8n+7, -8n+4}^S \approx \pi_{-8n+4}^S$ for any integer n .

Proposition 3.17. i) $\rho \xi_{4n+2} = -\xi_{4n+2}$, ii) $\nu \xi_{8n+5} = 0$ for any integer n .

Finally we list the tables of $\pi_{p,q}^S$ for $0 \leq p+q \leq 13$ and $-1 \leq q \leq p$, and $\lambda_{p,q}^S$ for $0 \leq p+q \leq 13$. In the following tables $\infty + p^r + q^s$ indicates the direct sum

$$\mathbf{Z} \oplus \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}/p \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathbf{Z}/p}_r \oplus \underbrace{\mathbf{Z}/q \oplus \cdots \oplus \mathbf{Z}/q}_s.$$

Table 1. $\pi_{p,q}^S, 0 \leq p+q \leq 13, -1 \leq q \leq p$

$p+q \backslash q$	-1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	0	$\infty + \infty$						
1	0	∞						
2	0	∞	2^2					
3	12	∞	24					
4	0	∞	0	2				
5	0	∞	0	2				
6	2	$\infty + 2$	0	2	24+8			
7	120+2	$\infty + 2^2$	240	0	480+12+4			
8	2	$\infty + 2^4$	2^3	0	24+4	2^4		
9	2	$\infty + 2^2$	2^6	2	24+2	2^2		
10	0	$\infty + 3$	2^3	$2^2 + 3$	24	3	2^2	
11	252	∞	504+2	2	$8^2 + 63 + 3$	0	504	
12	0	∞	2	0	8+3	0	0	2^2
13	3	∞	2+3	0	8+3 ²	0	3	2^2

Table 2. $\lambda_{p,q}^S, 0 \leq p+q \leq 13$

$p+q \backslash q \equiv$	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	(8)
0	∞	2	∞	2	∞	2	∞	2	
1	0	2^2	2	4	0	2^2	2	4	
2	0	2	2^2	8	0	2	2^2	8	
3	2	12	2	$24+8$	2	12	2^2	$16+12$	
4	2	0	0	8	2	0	2	16	
5	2	0	0	8	2	0	2	16	
6	2^2	2	0	8	4	0	2^2	$16+2$	
7	2^3	$240+2$	2	$240+4$	2^2	240	$6(16)$ $14(16)$	2 2^2	$7(16)240+16+2$ $15(16)32+120+2$
8	2^5	2^4	4	8	2^4	2^3	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(32)$	4 $4+2$ 4^2	$7(16)$ $15(16)$ $32+2$
9	2^3	2^7	$8+2$	8	2^2	2^5	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(64)$ $62(64)$	$4+2$ $4+2^2$ 4^2+2 $8+4+2$	$7(16)$ $15(32)$ $31(32)$ $64+2$
10	$2+3$	2^4	$8+2^2+3$	8	3	2^2	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(64)$ $62(64)$	2^3+3 2^4+3 $4+2^3+3$ $8+2^3+3$	$7(16)$ $15(32)$ $31(64)$ $63(64)$ 16 32 64 128
11	2	$504+2^2$	$8+2$	8^2+63	0	504	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(64)$ $62(128)$ $126(128)$	2^2 2^3 $4+2^2$ $8+2^2$ $16+2^2$	$7(16)$ $15(32)$ $31(64)$ $63(64)$ $32+252$ $64+252$ $128+252$ $256+252$
12	2	2^2	8	8	0	0	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(64)$ $62(128)$ $126(128)$	2 2^2 $4+2$ $8+2$ $16+2$	$7(16)$ $15(32)$ $31(64)$ $63(128)$ $127(128)$ 16 32 64 128 256
13	2	2^2+3	8	$8+3$	0	3	$6(16)$ $14(32)$ $30(64)$ $62(128)$ $126(128)$	2 2^2 $4+2$ $8+2$ $16+2$	$7(16)$ $15(32)$ $31(64)$ $63(128)$ $127(128)$ $16+3$ $32+3$ $64+3$ $128+3$ $256+3$

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