

Heterogeneous Flocculation Combining the Biological and Mineralogical Populations in a Marine and Coastal Environment

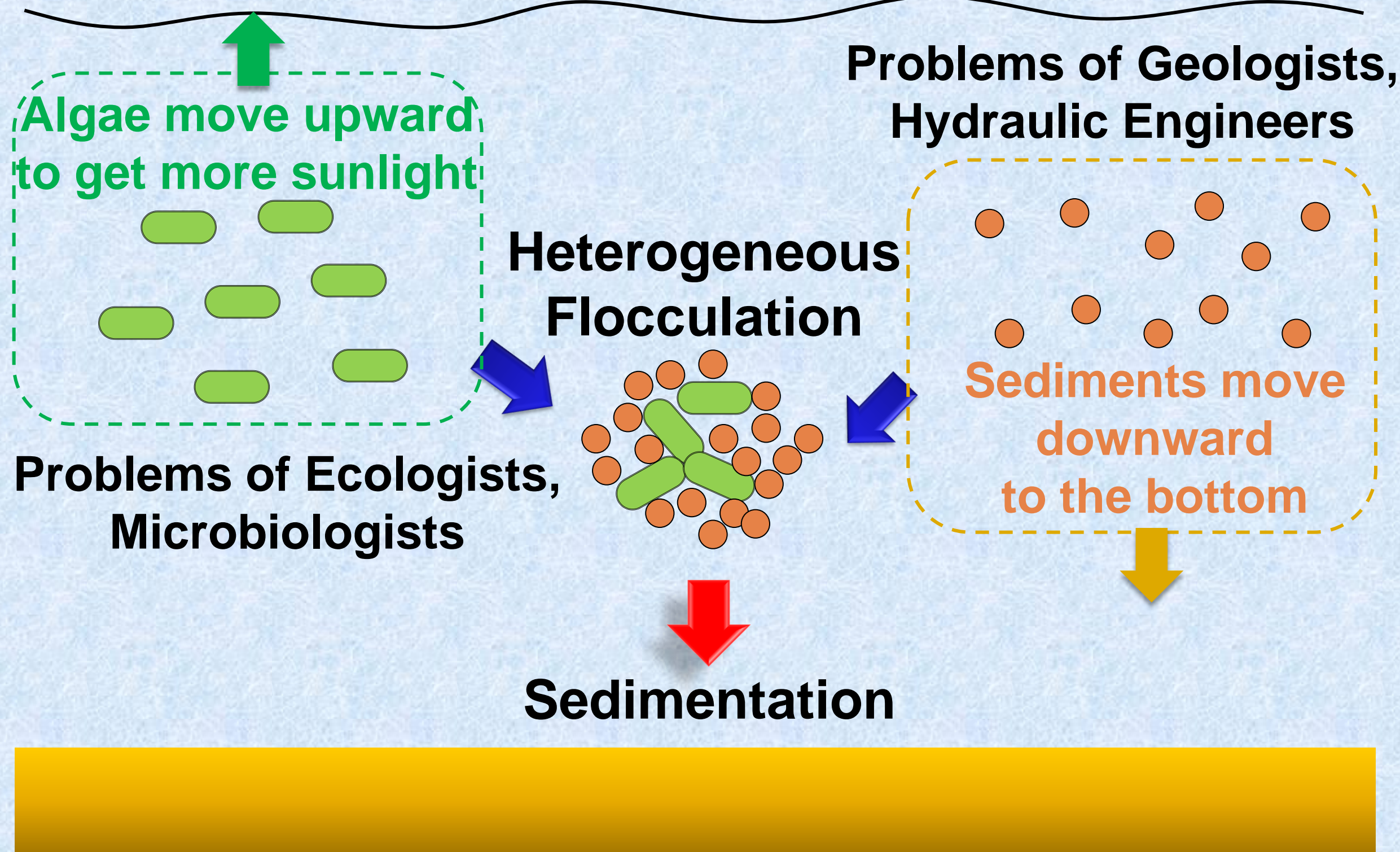
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1 Heterogeneous Flocculation

Flocculation:
is a reversible floc-size growth and decay process, due to particle aggregation and breakage.

Heterogeneous Flocculation:
is flocculation combining heterogeneous fractions of the biological and mineralogical populations into a bio-mineral floc, thereby bridging the biological and mineralogical worlds.



2 Transparent Exopolymer Particles (TEP)

TEP is an organic particles formed by aggregation of polysaccharides excreted by microorganisms (Alldredge et al., 1993).

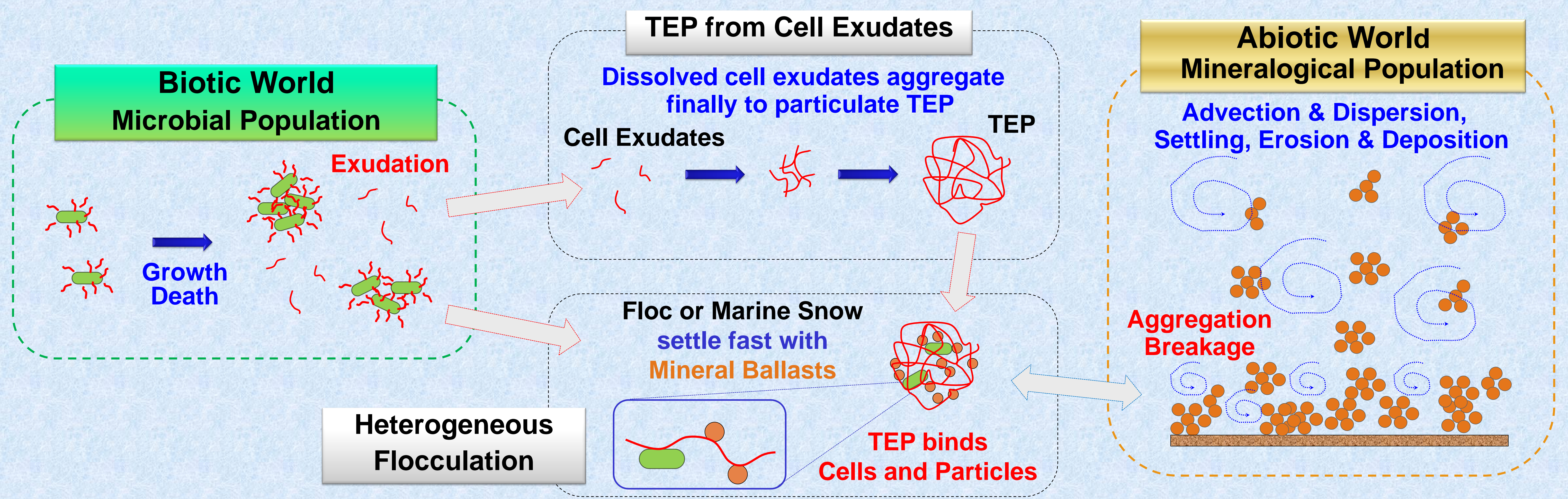
Polysaccharide Macromolecules → Colloids → TEP

Floc Marine Snow

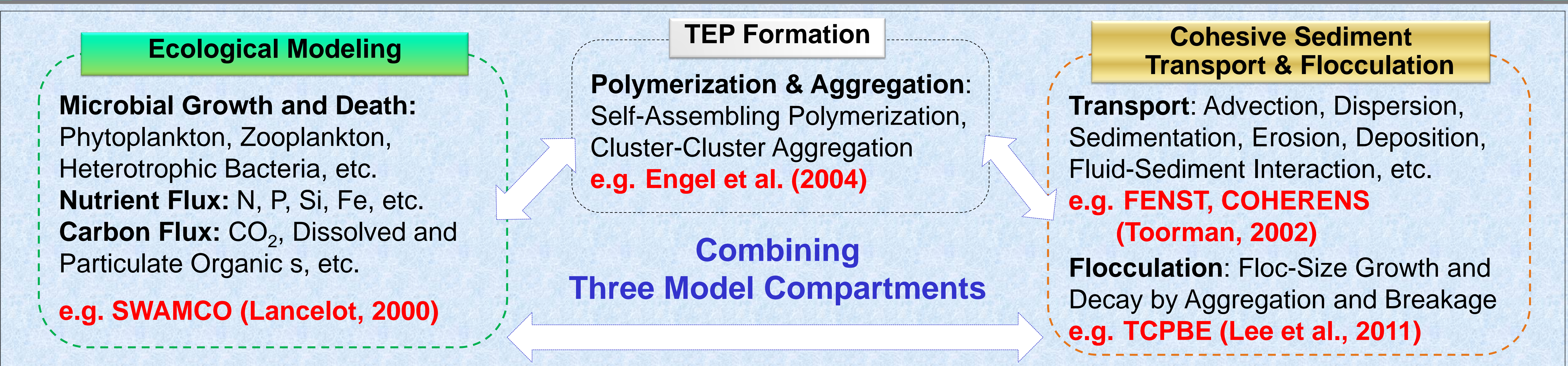
Sticky & Flexible TEP are able to build Heterogeneous Flocs

3 Conceptual Model: TEP-Mediated Heterogeneous Flocculation

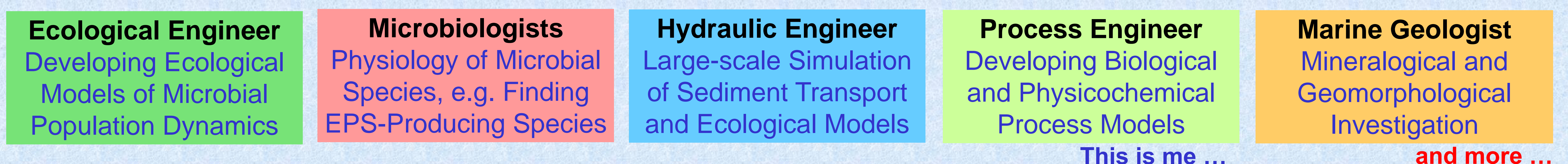
TEP combines the Biological and Mineralogical Populations into a Heterogeneous Floc.



4 Mathematical Model: Initiative Strategy



5 Multi-disciplinary Collaboration Required



References

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