## THEODORSEN'S AND GARRICK'S COMPUTATIONAL AEROELASTICITY, REVISITED

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## "Results of Theodorsen and Garrick Revisited"

by Thomas A. Zeiler<br>Journal of Aircraft<br>Vol. 37, No. 5, Sep-Oct 2000, pp. 918-920



Made known that -

- Some plots in the foundational trilogy of NACA reports on aeroelastic flutter by Theodore Theodorsen and I. E. Garrick are in error
- Some of these erroneous plots appear in classic texts on aeroelasticity

Recommended that -

- All of the plots in the foundational trilogy be recomputed and published


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- All of the plots in the foundational trilogy be recomputed and published

Cautioned that -

- "One does not set about lightly to correct the masters."


## Works Containing Erroneous Plots

1. Theodorsen, T.: General Theory of Aerodynamic Instability and the Mechanism of Flutter. NACA Report No. 496, 1934.
2. Theodorsen, T. and Garrick, I. E.: Mechanism of Flutter, a Theoretical and Experimental Investigation of the Flutter Problem. NACA Report No. 685, 1940.
3. Theodorsen, T. and Garrick, I. E.: Flutter Calculations in Three Degrees of Freedom. NACA Report No. 741, 1942.
4. Bisplinghoff, R. L., Ashley, H., and Halfman, R. L.: Aeroelasticity, Addison-WesleyLongman, Reading, MA, 1955, pp. 539-543.
5. Bisplinghoff, R. L. and Ashley, H.: Principles of Aeroelasticity, Dover, New York, 1975, pp. 247-249.

## Purpose of This Presentation

- Make known a multi-year effort to re-compute all of the example problems in the foundational trilogy of NACA reports
- Re-computations performed using the solution method specific to each NACA report
- Re-computations checked and re-checked using modern flutter solution methods
("One does not set about lightly to correct the masters.")
- NASA TP has been / will be published for each report in the trilogy
- Present outlines of Theodorsen's and Garrick's -
- Equations of motion
- Solution methods
- Present representative re-computations and comparisons with the originals


## Publications of Re-Computed Results



Available on NASA Technical Report Server https://ntrs.nasa.gov/

## Outline

- Background and Purpose
- Brief History
- Equations of Motion
- Solution Methods
- Re-Computations and Comparisons
- Concluding Remarks

1930's and 40's NACA Computing Environment

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- "Computers"


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Employees whose job function was to perform computations


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- Tools



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## 1930's and 40's NACA Computing Environment

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Employees whose job function
was to perform computations

- Tools
- Pencil and paper

- Slide rules

- Mechanical calculators
(comptometers - patented 1887)



## 1930's and 40's NACA Computing Environment

- "Computers"

Employees whose job function
was to Strong motivation to minimize

- Tools human time and effort required to
- Penci solve equations:
- Recast equations to eliminate -
- solution steps
- complex arithmetic
- Mechanical calculators
(comptometers - patented 1887)



## 1930's and 40's NACA Computing Environment

- "Computers"

Employees whose job function
was to

- Tools
- Penci

Unfortunately -
Human computers ...
... are prone to error

- Slide

- Mechanical calculators
(comptometers - patented 1887)



## Outline

- Background and Purpose
- Brief History
- Equations of Motion
- Solution Methods
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- Concluding Remarks


## Assumptions Made in NACA 496

- Flow is potential, unsteady, incompressible
- "Wing" is two-dimensional typical section
- Three degrees of freedom
- Torsion - $\alpha$
- Aileron deflection - $\beta$
- Vertical deflection (flexure) - $h$
- Wing motions are sinusoidal and infinitesimal
- Wing has no internal or solid friction, resulting in no internal damping


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- Torsion - $\alpha$
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- Wing motions are sinusoidal and infinitesimal
- Wing has no internalor solid friction, resulting in no internaldamping


## Equations of Motion Collected

(A) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta} \kappa \frac{v}{b}\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right]$

$$
+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{h}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{\bar{b}}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{\pi}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{\kappa}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{s} T_{10}\right)\right]+\check{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 \pi \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 x \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

$(A)=$ Sum of moments about the elastic axis

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{\dot{b}} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(A) = Sum of moments about the elastic axis
(B) = Sum of moments about the aileron hinge

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{\pi}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{\dot{b}} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 x \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(A) = Sum of moments about the elastic axis
(B) = Sum of moments about the aileron hinge
(C) = Sum of forces in the vertical direction

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}\right.$
(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}\right.$
(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}\right.$


$$
\left.\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right]
$$

$\left.\frac{1}{r} \dot{\beta}\right]=0$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta} \kappa \frac{v}{b}\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right]$

$$
+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{h}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{\bar{b}}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{\pi}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{\kappa}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{s} T_{10}\right)\right]+\check{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{4} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 \pi \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\check{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{\bar{b}}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \tilde{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{\dot{b}} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\kappa} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{\bar{b}}$

$$
+2 \pi \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(1) Make substitutions

$$
\begin{aligned}
\alpha & =\alpha_{0} e^{i k \frac{v}{b} t} \\
\beta & =\beta_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{1}\right)} \\
h & =h_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{2}\right)}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\alpha \frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\quad \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}+\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\check{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{\bar{b}}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \tilde{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{\tilde{b}}+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\mu} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{\hbar}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+h \frac{C_{n}}{M} \frac{1}{\bar{b}}$

$$
+2 \pi \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(1) Make substitutions

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
\alpha & =\alpha_{0} e^{i k \frac{v}{b} t} \\
\beta & =\beta_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{1}\right)} \\
h & =h_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{2}\right)}
\end{array}\right\} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \begin{aligned}
& \dot{\alpha}=i k \frac{v}{b} \alpha \\
& \quad \ddot{\alpha}=-\left(k \frac{v}{b}\right)^{2} \alpha \\
& \text { etc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{\dot{b}} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}_{\kappa} \frac{v}{b}\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-\lambda-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{x}} T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa \tag{B}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\left.+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}\right) \frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}}\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{B}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \pi \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\frac{C_{n} 1}{M T} \frac{1}{b} \tag{C}
\end{equation*}
$$

After substitutions all terms, except these terms, contain $v^{2}$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(1) Make substitutions

$$
\left.\begin{array}{rl}
\alpha & =\alpha_{0} e^{i k \frac{v}{b} t} \\
\beta & =\beta_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{1}\right)} \\
h & =h_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{2}\right)}
\end{array}\right\} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \begin{aligned}
& \dot{\alpha}=i k \frac{v}{b} \alpha \\
& \ddot{\alpha}=-\left(k \frac{v}{b}\right)^{2} \alpha \\
& \text { etc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \dot{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\left(\frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}\right)+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta} \kappa \frac{v}{b}\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\tilde{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a_{\kappa}\right) \frac{1}{\hbar}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10} v}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi}{ }^{\kappa}\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{\pi}} \kappa T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \vec{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{C_{n}}{\frac{1}{b}}$

$$
+2 x \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(1) Make substitutions

$$
\left.\begin{array}{l}
\alpha=\alpha_{0} e^{i k \frac{v}{b} t} \\
\beta=\beta_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{1}\right)} \\
h=h_{0} e^{i\left(k \frac{v}{b} t+\varphi_{2}\right)}
\end{array}\right\} \quad \longrightarrow \quad \begin{aligned}
& \dot{\alpha}=i k \frac{v}{b} \alpha \\
& \quad \ddot{\alpha}=-\left(k \frac{v}{b}\right)^{2} \alpha \\
& \text { etc. }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}\right)+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}_{\kappa} \frac{v}{b}\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a_{\kappa}\right) \frac{1}{\bar{b}}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

(B) $\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-T_{1}-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{\alpha}} T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa$

$$
+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}-\frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \kappa\left(T_{5}-T_{4} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

(C) $\quad \bar{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{1} \kappa\right)-\dot{\beta} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha} \kappa \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{C_{\lambda}}{1} \frac{1}{b}$

$$
+2 \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(2) Normalize all equations by $\left(\frac{v}{b} k\right)^{2} \kappa$

## Equations of Motion Collected

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left.\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\alpha}^{2}+\kappa\left(\frac{1}{8}+a^{2}\right)\right]+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right)+\frac{C_{\alpha}}{M b^{2}}\right)+\ddot{\beta}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\frac{T_{7}}{\pi} \kappa-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\frac{1}{\pi} \dot{\beta}^{2} \kappa\left[-2 p-\left(\frac{v}{b}-a\right) T_{4}\right] \\
& \quad+\beta \kappa \frac{v^{2}}{b^{2}} \frac{1}{\pi}\left(T_{4}+T_{10}\right)+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\alpha}-a \kappa\right) \frac{1}{b}-2 \kappa\left(a+\frac{1}{2}\right) \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi}\right]=0
\end{aligned}
$$

$$
\begin{equation*}
\ddot{\alpha}\left[r_{\beta}^{2}+(c-a) x_{\beta}-\kappa \frac{T_{7}}{\pi}-(c-a) \frac{T_{1}}{\pi} \kappa\right]+\dot{\alpha}\left(p-\lambda-\frac{1}{2} T_{4}\right) \frac{v}{b} \frac{\kappa}{\pi}+\ddot{\beta}\left(r_{\beta}^{2}-\frac{1}{\pi^{x}} T_{3}\right)-\frac{1}{2 \pi^{2}} \dot{\beta} T_{4} T_{11} \frac{v}{b} \kappa \tag{B}
\end{equation*}
$$

$$
\left.+\beta\left[\frac{C_{\beta}}{M b^{2}}\right) \frac{1}{\pi^{2}} \frac{v^{2}}{b^{\kappa}}\left(T_{5}-T_{s} T_{10}\right)\right]+\ddot{\hbar}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} \kappa T_{1}\right) \frac{1}{b}+\frac{T_{12}}{\pi} \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{11}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& \check{\alpha}\left(x_{\alpha}-\kappa a\right)+\dot{\alpha} \frac{v}{b} \kappa+\ddot{\beta}\left(x_{\beta}-\frac{1}{\pi} T_{\pi}\right)-\dot{\dot{\beta}} \frac{v}{b} T_{\alpha \kappa} \frac{1}{\pi}+\ddot{h}(1+\kappa) \frac{1}{b} t  \tag{C}\\
& \quad+2 \kappa \frac{v C(k)}{b}\left[\frac{v \alpha}{b}+\frac{\dot{h}}{b}+\left(\frac{1}{2}-a\right) \dot{\alpha}+\frac{T_{10}}{\pi} \frac{v}{b} \beta+\frac{T_{*}}{2 \pi} \dot{\beta}\right]=0
\end{align*}
$$

$$
+\frac{C_{n} 1}{M \frac{1}{b}}
$$

After normalization only these terms contain $1 / v^{2}$

Steps taken to obtain "final" equations of motion:
(2) Normalize all equations by

$$
\left(\frac{v}{b} k\right)^{2} \kappa
$$

## Final 3DOF Equations of Motion

(A)

$$
\begin{align*}
& \left(A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha} X\right) \alpha+A_{a \beta} \beta+A_{a h} h=0 \\
& A_{b \alpha} \alpha+\left(A_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} X\right) \beta+A_{b h} h=0  \tag{B}\\
& A_{c \alpha} \alpha+A_{c \beta} \beta+\left(A_{c h}+\Omega_{h} X\right) h=0 \tag{C}
\end{align*}
$$

where $A_{a \alpha}=R_{a \alpha}+i I_{a \alpha}$, etc.

## Final 3DOF Equations of Motion

(A)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha} X\right) \alpha+A_{a \beta} \beta+A_{a h} h=0 \\
& A_{b \alpha} \alpha+\left(A_{b \beta}+\left(\Omega_{\beta} X\right) \beta+A_{b h} h=0\right. \\
& \left.A_{c \alpha} \alpha+A_{c \beta} \beta+A_{c h}+\Omega_{h} X\right) h=0 \\
& \underbrace{\left(\frac{\omega_{\alpha} r_{\alpha}}{\omega_{r} r_{r}}\right)^{2}}_{\Omega_{\alpha}} \underbrace{2}_{X}\left(\frac{b \omega_{r} r_{r}}{v k}\right)^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Final 3DOF Equations of Motion

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\left(A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha} X\right) \alpha+A_{a \beta} \beta+A_{a h} h=0  \tag{A}\\
A_{b \alpha} \alpha+\left(A_{b \beta}\right) \beta+A_{b h} h=0 \\
A_{c \alpha} \alpha+A_{c \beta} \beta+\left(\frac{\Omega_{\beta} X}{}=0\right. \\
\begin{array}{c}
\text { The } \Omega \text { s and } X \text { are central to } \\
\text { Theodorsen's solution methods }
\end{array} \Omega^{2} \frac{1}{\kappa}
\end{array}
$$

## Final 3DOF Equations of Motion

-- with addition of structural damping terms --
(A)

$$
\left(A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha}\left(1+i g_{\alpha}\right) X\right) \alpha+A_{a \beta} \beta+A_{a h} h=0
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& A_{b \alpha} \alpha+\left(A_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta}\left(1+i g_{\beta}\right) X\right) \beta+A_{b h} h=0  \tag{B}\\
& A_{c \alpha} \alpha+A_{c \beta} \beta+\left(A_{c h}+\Omega_{h}\left(1+i g_{h}\right) X\right) h=0
\end{align*}
$$

## Final 3DOF Equations of Motion

-- with addition of structural damping terms --
(A)

$$
\left(A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha}\left(1+i g_{\alpha}\right) X\right) \alpha+A_{a \beta} \beta+A_{a h} h=0
$$

$$
\begin{align*}
& A_{b \alpha} \alpha+\left(A_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta}\left(1+i g_{\beta}\right) X\right) \beta+A_{b h} h=0  \tag{B}\\
& A_{c \alpha} \alpha+A_{c \beta} \beta+\left(A_{c h}+\Omega_{h}\left(1+i g_{h}\right) X\right) h=0
\end{align*}
$$

For all equations of motion, 2DOF and 3DOF, solution is obtained when their determinant is zero

## Outline

- Background and Purpose
- Brief History
- Equations of Motion
- Solution Methods
- Re-Computations and Comparisons
- Concluding Remarks


## Solution Methods

Solution Method 1
Employed in NACA 496
2DOF only
No $g$, allows $\xi$

Solution Method 2<br>Employed in NACA 685<br>2DOF or 3DOF<br>Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Solution Method 3
Employed in NACA 741
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

## Solution Methods

| Solution Method 1 | Solution Method 2 | Solution Method 3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employed in NACA 496 | Employed in NACA 685 | Employed in NACA 741 |
| 2DOF only | 2DOF or 3DOF | 2DOF or 3DOF |
| No $g$, allows $\xi$ | Allows $g$ and $\xi$ | Allows $g$ and $\xi$ |

## Solution Methods

Solution Method 1
Employed in NACA 496
2DOF only
No $g$, allows $\xi$

Solution Method 2
Employed in NACA 685
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Solution Method 3
Employed in NACA 741
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

## Expand complex determinant

Separate into real and imaginary equations; set both to zero
2DOF Example - Torsion-Aileron $(\alpha, \beta)$

$$
\left|\begin{array}{cc}
A_{a \alpha}+\Omega_{\alpha} X & A_{a \beta} \\
A_{b \alpha} & A_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} X
\end{array}\right|=0 \quad \text { where } A_{i j}=R_{i j}+i I_{i j}
$$

Real equation

$$
\Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0
$$

Imaginary equation

$$
\left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
$$

## Solution Methods

Solution Method 1
Employed in NACA 496
2DOF only
No $g$, allows $\xi$

Solution Method 2
Employed in NACA 685
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Solution Method 3
Employed in NACA 741
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Expand complex determinant
Separate into real and imaginary equations; set both to zero

2DOF Example - Torsion-Aileron $(\alpha, \beta)$
Solution is obtained when real and imaginary equations are both satisfied for the same values of $X$ and $k$

Real equation
$\Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0$
Imaginary equation

$$
\left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
$$

## Solution Methods

Solution Method 1
Employed in NACA 496
2DOF only
No $g$, allows $\xi$

Solution Method 2
Employed in NACA 685
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Solution Method 3
Employed in NACA 741
2DOF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Expand complex determinant
Separate into real and imaginary equations; set both to zero

2DOF Example - Torsion-Aileron $(\alpha, \beta)$


## Solution Methods

Solution Method 1
Employed in NACA 496
2DOF only
No $g$, allows $\xi$

Solution Method 2
Employed in NACA 685 2DOF or 3DOF

Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Straightforward PF or 3DOF
Allows $g$ and $\xi$

Expand complex determinant
Separate into real and imaginary equations; set both to zero

2DOF Example - Torsion-Aileron $(\alpha, \beta)$


## Solution Methods



2DOF Example - Torsion-Aileron $(\alpha, \beta)$


## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$


## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

## Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$




## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

## Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$



## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$

Solution Method 2

- Define $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $\Omega_{\beta}$
- Treat $X$ as a parameter
- Solve polynomial equations for $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$


## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

## Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$


## Solution Method 2

- Define $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $\Omega_{\beta}$
- Treat $X$ as a parameter
- Solve polynomial equations for $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$



## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
\end{aligned}
$$

Solution Method 1

- Treat $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$ as parameters
- Solve 2 equations in 2 unknowns, $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $X$

Solution Method 2

- Define $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $\Omega_{\beta}$
- Treat $X$ as a parameter
- Solve polynomial equations for $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$


## Solution Method 3

- Define $\Omega_{\alpha}$ and $\Omega_{\beta}$
- Treat $X$ as a parameter
- Employ method of elimination

$$
\longrightarrow\left\{\begin{array}{l}
a_{1} X+a_{0}=0 \\
b_{1} X+b_{0}=0
\end{array}\right.
$$

- Solve linear equations for $X_{1}$ and $X_{2}$


## Solution Methods

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \Omega_{\alpha} \Omega_{\beta} X^{2}+\left(\Omega_{\alpha} R_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} R_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} R_{b \beta}-I_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}-R_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}+I_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}\right)=0 \\
& \left(\Omega_{\alpha} I_{b \beta}+\Omega_{\beta} I_{a \alpha}\right) X+\left(R_{a \alpha} I_{b \beta}+R_{b \beta} I_{a \alpha}-R_{a \beta} I_{b \alpha}-I_{a \beta} R_{b \alpha}\right)=0
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## Outline

- Background and Purpose
- Brief History
- Equations of Motion
- Solution Methods
- Re-Computations and Comparisons
- Concluding Remarks


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1 From NACA 496; Case 1

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{h}}{\omega_{\alpha}}$ on Flutter Velocity, $v$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1 From NACA 496; Case 1

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{h}}{\omega_{\alpha}}$ on Flutter Velocity, $v$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1

 From NACA 496; Case 1Effect of $x_{\alpha}$ on $F$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1 From NACA 496; Case 1

Effect of $x_{\alpha}$ on $F$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1 From NACA 496; Case 1

Effect of $x_{\alpha}$ on $F$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 1 From NACA 496; Case 1

Effect of $x_{\alpha}$ on $F$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 2 <br> From NACA 685; 2DOF



## Comparisons for Solution Method 2 From NACA 685; Case 1

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{h}}{\omega_{\alpha}}$ on $\frac{v}{b \omega_{\alpha}}$ for various $g_{h}$ and $g_{\alpha}$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 2 From NACA 685; Case 2

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{\beta}}{\omega_{h}}$ on $\frac{v}{b \omega_{h}}$ for various quantities


## Comparisons for Solution Method 2 From NACA 685; Case 2

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{\beta}}{\omega_{h}}$ on $\frac{v}{b \omega_{h}}$ for various quantities In parts (b) and (d)
-
$\boldsymbol{x}_{\beta}=\frac{1}{60} \quad r_{\beta}^{2}=\frac{1}{120}$


## Comparisons for Solution Method 3 From NACA 741; Case 2

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{\beta}}{\omega_{\alpha}}$ on $\frac{v}{b \omega_{a}}$ for various $x_{\beta}$


# Comparisons for Solution Method 3 From NACA 741; Case 2 

Effect of $\frac{\omega_{\beta}}{\omega_{\alpha}}$ on $\frac{v}{b \omega_{a}}$ for various $x_{\beta}$



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## Concluding Remarks

- In an AIAA Engineering Note Thomas A. Zeiler -
- Made known that numerical errors exist in three foundational reports on aeroelastic flutter and on early aeroelasticity texts
- Recommended that all of the plots in NACA 496, NACA 685, and NACA 741 be re-computed and published
- Current work is following Zeiler's recommendation by -
- Re-computing and checking all numerical examples in these foundational reports
- Comparing original and re-computed results
- Publishing and making known the existence of the re-computations
- This paper has presented -
- Theodorsen's and Garrick's equations and solution methods
- Representative examples of re-computations and comparisons
- Overall good agreement between original and re-computed results (with some notable discrepancies)

