FieldML

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Modelling approaches

- Distributed parameter modelling at organ level:
 - Anatomy;
 - Constitutive relationships (typically nonlinear hereditary equations);
 - Mathematical description of physics (typically nonlinear partial differential equations).
- Lumped parameter modelling at the cellular level:
 - Typically systems of nonlinear ordinary differential equations.
 - Hierarchically embedding CellML models in distributed parameter descriptions.
- Stochastic modelling at the subcellular level:
 - Discrete particle/time simulations.





Hunter PJ, Nielsen PMF 2005. A strategy for integrative computational physiology. Physiology 20(5):

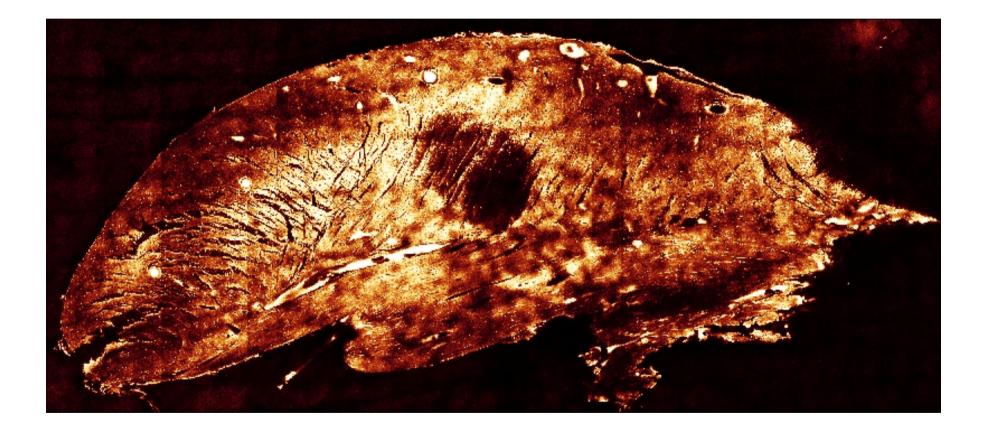
Research interests

- Soft tissue mechanics
 - Breast mechanics
 - Mechanics of childbirth
 - Skin
 - Shaken baby
- Bioinstrumentation
 - Micromechanocalorimetry
 - MRI exercise
 - Microrobotics
 - Wireless motion sensing
- Knowledge representation
 - CellML
 - FieldML





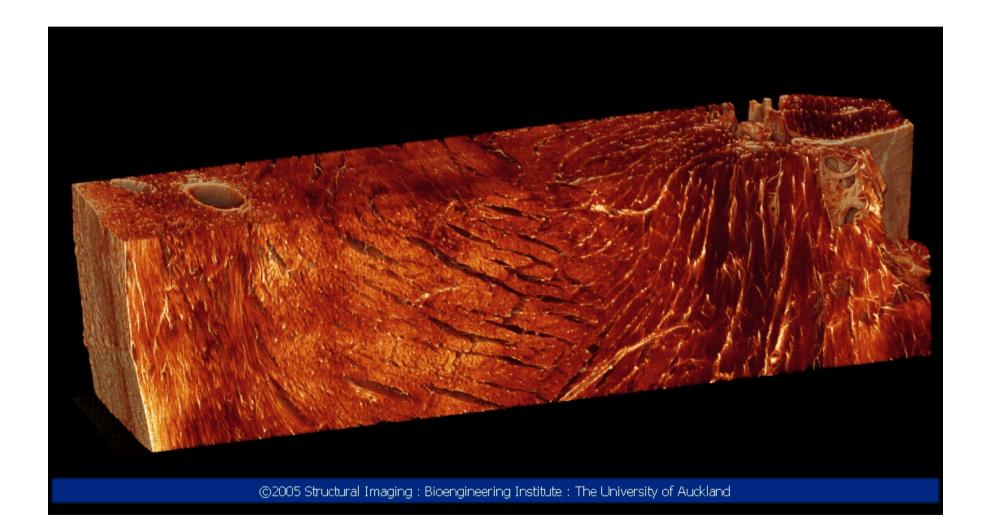
High resolution 3D imaging







Structural anisotropy and inhomogeneity

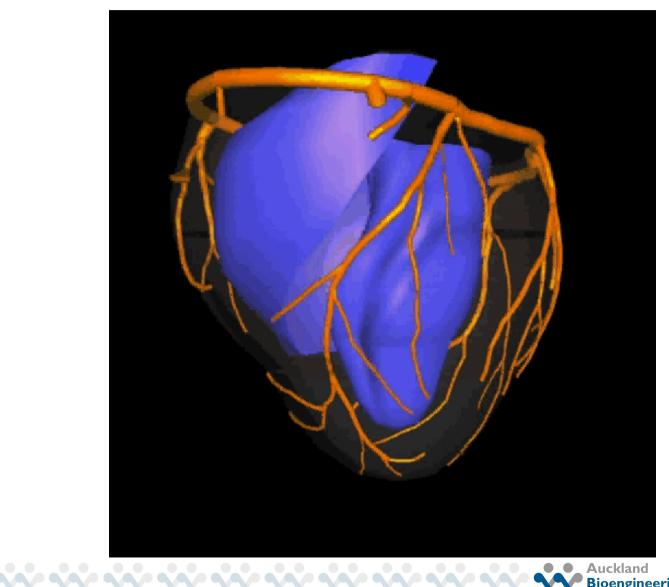








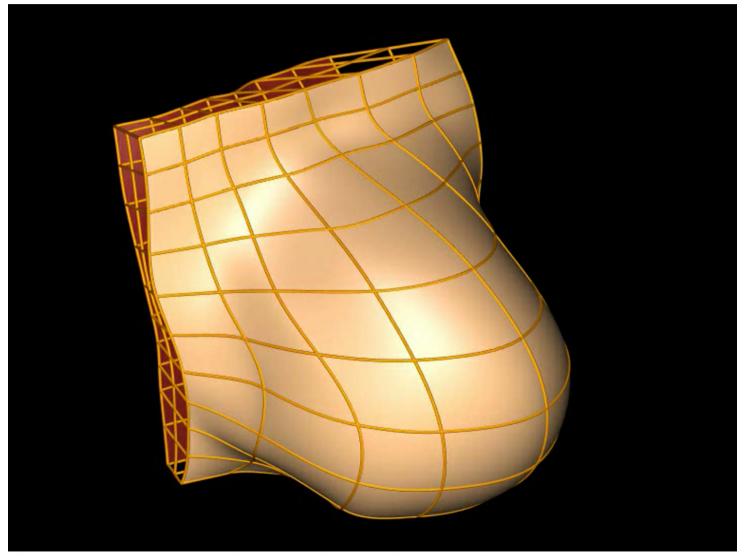
Blood vessels embedded in heart







3D co-location from 2D mammograms



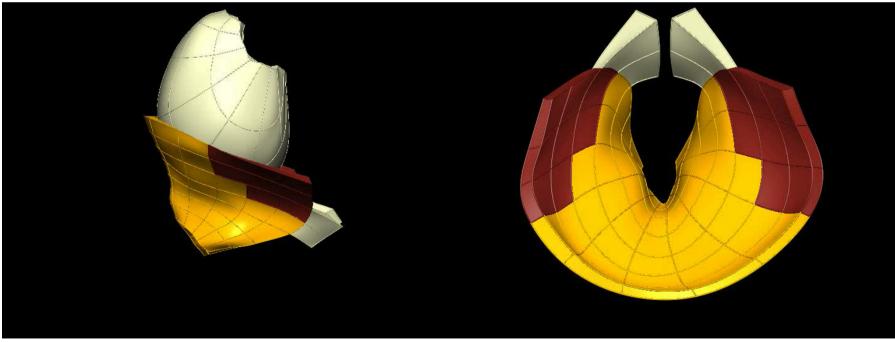
Chung J-H, Rajagopal V, Nielsen PMF, Nash MP 2008. A biomechanical model of mammographic compressions. *Biomechanics and Modeling in Mechanobiology* 7(1): 43-52.





Modelling childbirth

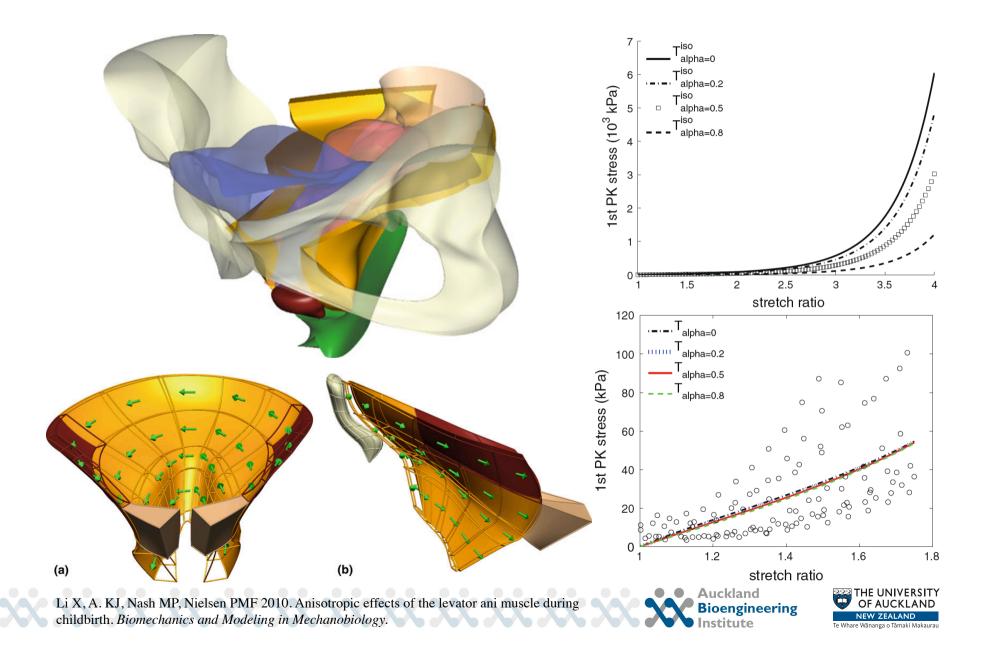
- Model second stage of labour:
 - Complicated geometry, fetal head moulding;
 - Very large deformations;
 - Nonlinear anisotropic tissue;
 - Soft/soft and soft/hard tissue contact mechanics;







Effects of tissue anisotropy



FieldML

- A format for storing and interchanging field descriptions and data between different software.
- Extensible and able to describe fields of arbitrary complexity...
- ... defined over arbitrary domains: spatial, temporal, continuous, discrete..., and their product spaces.
- Reusable model components.
- Efficient.
- XML serialization.





- Abstraction based on concepts of differential geometry.
- Domains are generalised spaces over which fields are defined.
- Have a fixed dimension (0, 1, 2, 3, 4, ...).
- Have a set of coordinate charts that cover the domain to uniquely identify locations.
- Domains can embed subdomains of same or lower dimension.
- Can thus create hierarchies of domains within domains essential for reuse and preservation of spatial relationships.
- Domains may be constructed as unions, intersections, projections, and outer products of other domains.



• Multiple atlases/meshes covering the same domain

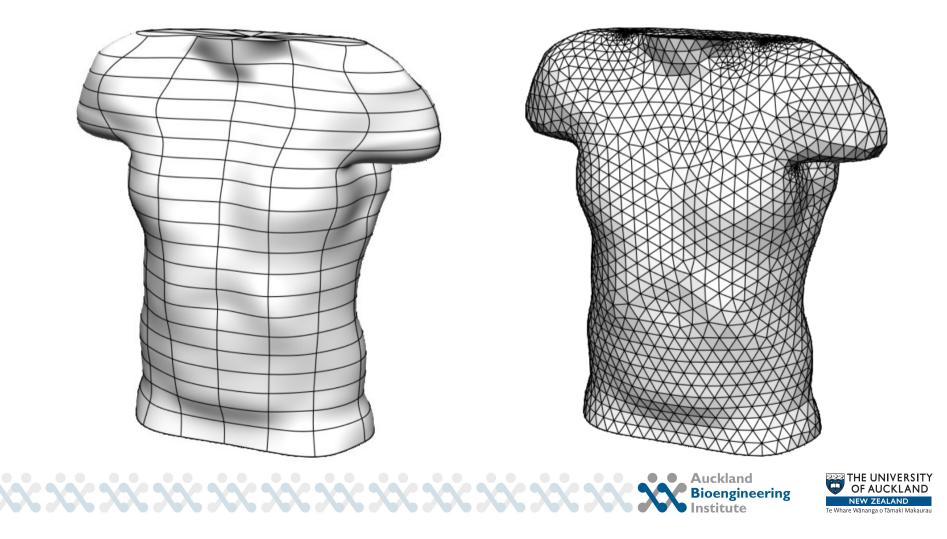
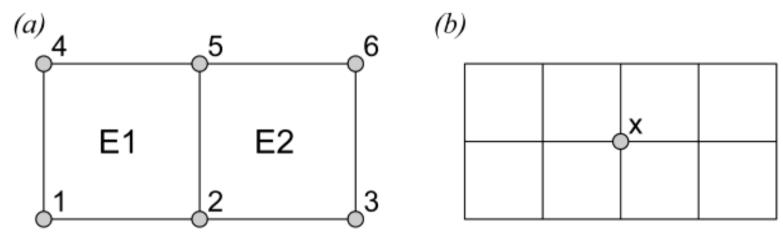
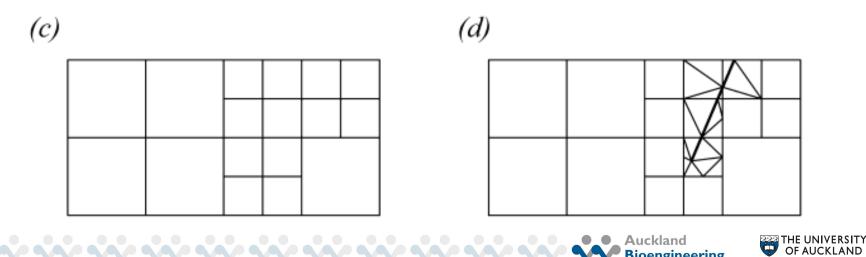


Chart embedding for local mesh refinement, topology change. ullet



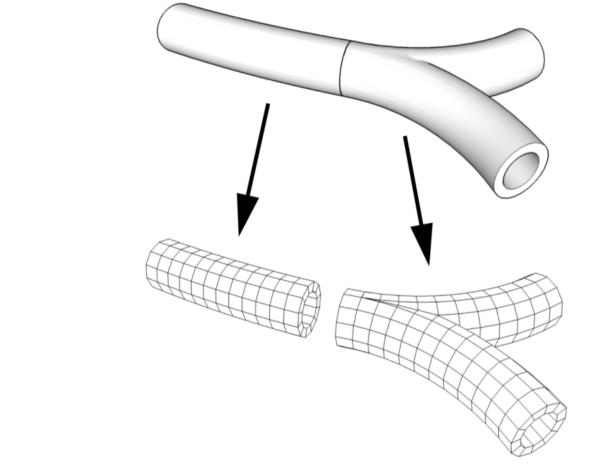


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• Domain composition to create new domain from union of domains







FieldML concepts - fields

- Fields are functions defined over domains.
- Types of fields are arbitrary (e.g. logical, real, vector, tensor, string, structure...).
- No fundamental distinction between geometric fields and any other field (same methods available for definition/evaluation).
- Few restrictions on how fields are evaluated, but must be defined explicitly (e.g. mathematical description).
- Many common basis functions are available in standard library (e.g. constant, *n*-linear, *n*-monomial, Lagrange, Hermite, spline, rational, radial, etc over simplex/rectangular domains).
- Fields may be defined as functions of other fields on the intersection of their domains, via evaluation pipelines.





FieldML concepts - fields

- Field operators available (algebraic and differential). e.g. gradient operator maps scalar real field over a domain to vector field over the tangent space of that domain.
- User-defined functions are created as compositions of field operators to create evaluation pipelines that produce new fields.
- Can create arbitrary basis functions over complicated domains – essential for principal component analysis of shapes and eigensolution model reduction.
- Large data sets may be stored efficiently by linking to external files in a similar fashion to how images are referenced in HTML. e.g. Hierarchical Data Format HDF5
 ">http://www.hdfgroup.org/HDF5/>





FieldML concepts

- Specification is currently at version 0.4
- Have API in C, but will shortly have C++ and support for other language bindings.
- API provides reader and writer objects for working with external or inline data resources.
- API validates XML documents against the XSD and reports both validation errors and a variety of FieldML logic errors.
- FieldML 0.4 support in CMGUI and OpenCMISS.
- Limited number of FieldML models available in Physiome Model Repository (PMR2).



FieldML developments

- Currently working on 0.5 specification.
- Concepts of domain calculus being added in this version.
- Keeping API release in synchrony with specification.
- Try to maintain generality, simplicity, and reusability (promote the creation of generic library components of useful topologies and field collections).
- Explicit definition of entities.
- Still evolving...





FieldML resources

- Latest documentation available on request: *"FieldML 0.4 Concepts and Serialisation"*
- Website: *www.fieldml.org*
- FieldML API releases: sourceforge.net/projects/fieldml/files
- FieldML source, prototypes, mock-ups: *code.google.com/p/fieldml*
- Model repository: *models.fieldml.org*
- E-mail: fieldml-developers@lists.sourceforge.net





People

- Chris Bradley
- Randall Britten
- Richard Christie
- Peter Hunter
- Caton Little
- Andrew Miller
- Poul Nielsen
- Martyn Nash
- Andrew Taberner.





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Where in the world?





