Data Citation in the Wild

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Data attribution is important

- Rewards those who contribute
- Allows measurement of reuse to demonstrate value and evaluate policy

How is data reuse currently attributed?

We investigated the **policies**, **practices**, and **implications** of data attribution practices in the **environmental sciences**.

Policies

We reviewed policies of various stakeholders within the environmental sciences, looking for evidence of data citation policies and attribution suggestions.

Repository instructions varied. Several

When using data from Dryad, please cite the original article.

Sidlauskas, B. 2007. Testing for unequal rates of morphological diversification in the absence of a detailed phylogeny: a case study from characiform fishes. Evolution 61: 299–316.

or example:

Sidlauskas, B. 2007. Data from: Testing for unequal rates of morphological diversification in the absence of a detailed phylogeny: a case study from characiform fishes. Dryad Digital Repository. doi:10.5061/dryad.20

If you are using a large number of data sources, it may be appropriate to provide a list of referenced data packages, rather than citing each individually in the references section. This list of data packages can then

Data Product Citation Policy

To acknowledge the scientists who have provided products, we request that you include a bibliographic citation to all ORNL DAAC products that you use in your publications. Such citations will help others find the products and see how they have been used.

Citation information is provided in the documentation that accompanies all our data products. If you have questions about how to cite ORNL DAAC data products or services, please contact the ORNL DAAC User Services Office (USO).

An editorial "Citations to Published Data Sets" describes the rationale and advantages for data set citations.

Citation Style

On-Line Data Set

Turner, D.P., W.D.Ritts, and M. Gregory. 2006. BigFoot NPP Surfaces for North and South American Sites

GenBank Sequences

In the event that data distributed from the Land Processes DAAC are inc

In the event that data distributed from the Land Processes DAAC are incorporated into your research, please supply the following acknowledgment within your published work: "These data are distributed by the Land Processes Distributed Active Archive Center (LP DAAC), located at the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) Earth Resources Observation and Science (EROS) Center (Ipdaac.usgs.gov)." If possible, please e-mail or send us reprints/citations of papers or oral

Examples:
Dryad,
SDG/GenBank,
LPDAAC, ORNL

Policies in our sample that

mention data citation:

 Repositories
 8 of 26, 31%

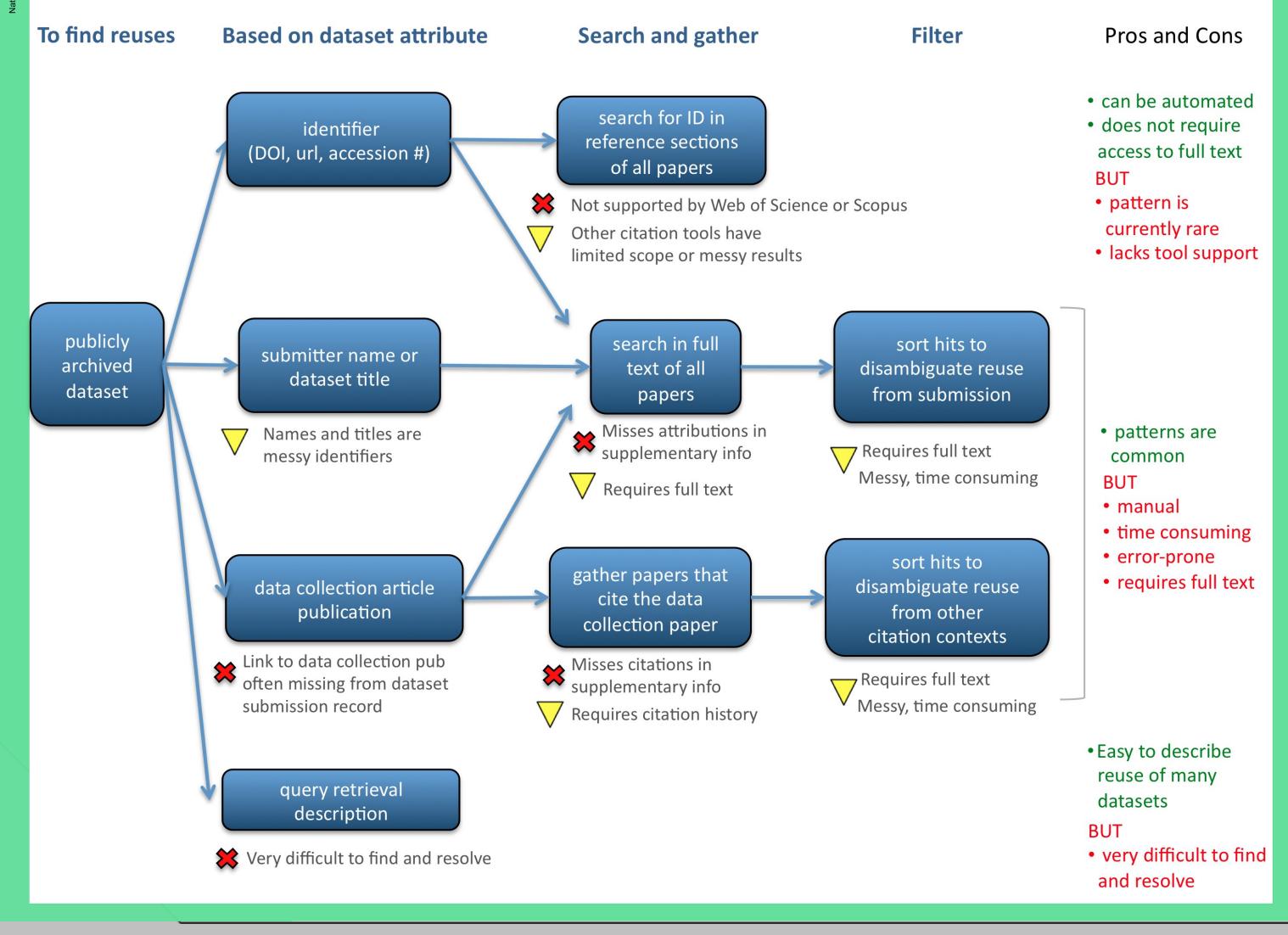
 Journals
 16 of 307, 6%

Funders 1 of 52, **2**%

Journal policies rarely included useful best practices. For example, some policies only discussed hyperlinks to datasets, others emphasized that only certain databases were permitted in their reference lists.

Implications

Because of tool limitations and these diverse data attribution practices, tracking dataset reuse is prohibitively complicated:



Practices

We reviewed 500 articles in six leading environmental science journals, 2000-2010. **Data attribution patterns** varied widely in the body of the articles that reused data (*n*=221):

Data

Cited data Mentioned Mentioned			Pattern
article	repository	dataset ID	frequency_
			17%
	✓		22%
✓			36%
✓	✓		12%
	✓	✓	7%
✓	√	✓	5%
53%	47%	13%	

The references used to build this database are available in the appendix.

cales and different scenarios of fossil calibrations. GenBank accession numbers tes can be found in the original publications.

We reanalyzed the Barro Colorado Island (BCI)

permanent forest plot data in order to learn about the

Cooper et al. 2005

Species 12S rDNA

.02 Cooper et al. 2005
2.40 Perry 2007
... Shaffer and Whitford
1981; Perry 2007

Species

Pezophaps solitaria
Raphus cucullatus
AF483300
AF483301
Alectroenas madagascariensis
AF483307
Calcenas nicobarica
AF483307
FE373289

(GenBank Accession nos EU873092–EU873150) were downloaded into BioEdit and compared to those in was obtained from Genbank, accession number L19324; Greenhalgh et al., 1993). Specimens sequenced are listed

Meteorological data were obtained from the North Carolina State Climate Service (North Carolina State Climate Office 2008) for the six weather stations surrounding Dur-

North Carolina State Climate Office. 2008. NC Climate Retrieval and Observations Network of the Southeast database. http://www.ncclimate.ncsu.edu/cronos. Accessed February 23, 2009. Novick, K., P. Stoy, G. G. Katul, D. S. Ellsworth, M. Siqueira, J. Juang,

We found that data citation policies are rarely articulated, lack standardization, and — even where commonly followed — may fail to

As a result of diverse practices and tool limitations, data citations are currently very difficult to track.

Call to action

support attribution discovery.

For scholars to receive credit for reuse of their data:

- 1.Publishers and repositories need to standardize data citation policies
- 2.Data citations need to facilitate attribution inference (e.g. through unique dataset identifiers)
- 3. Automated tools for tracking data citations need to be developed

Until there is a widely adopted standard for data citations that enables automated tracking of data reuse, scholars will lack a key incentive for sharing their data publicly.

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10: Data Conservancy

