https://ntrs.nasa.gov/search.jsp?R=20200001719 2020-03-28T19:08:48+00:00Z

STEReO

combining NASA technologies and partnerships to transform current-day emergency response operations

joey mercer

ASSC, 2020.02.20



STEReO

<u>S</u>calable <u>Traffic</u> <u>Management for</u> <u>Emergency</u> <u>Re</u>sponse</u> <u>Operations</u>



outline



- short history lesson
- UTM overview
- STEReO concept

history

NASA's research mission directorates:

- aeronautics (ARMD)
- human explorations and operations (HEOMD)
- science (SMD)
- space technology (STMD)

ARMD

- air traffic management technologies
- vehicle design
- integrated aviation systems

airspace operations laboratory (AOL @ NASA Ames)

UTM overview



Introduction to UTM Services & communication

Lauren Claudatos, NASA

Overview

• UAS Traffic management (UTM)

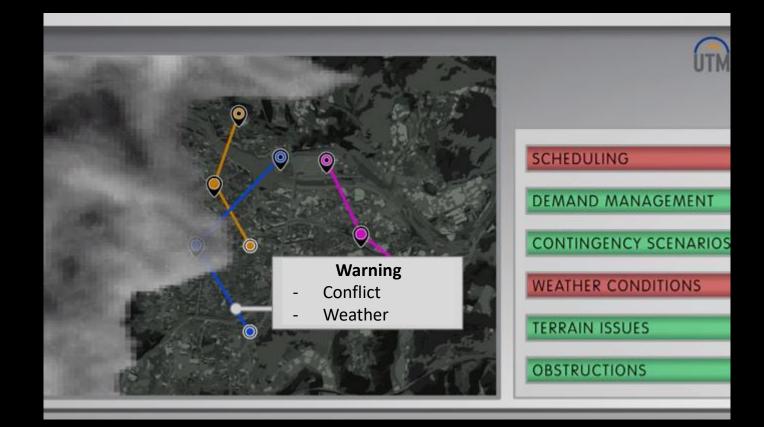
- Day in the life of a future UTM operator
- Definition and key concepts
- UTM Research Effort
 - Technical Capability Levels
- Questions



- Grid flight path
 - Line of sight
 - Popular brand UAS
 - Mission planning platform of my choice

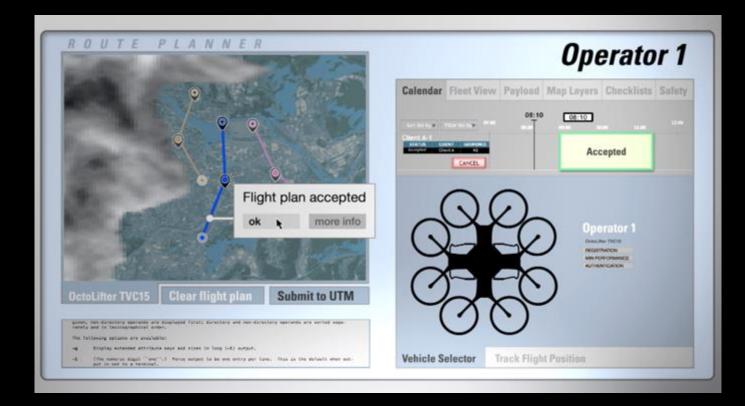


- Plan my operation
 - Warning:
 - Conflict with another operation
 - Expected weather exceeds vehicle capabilities
 - Deconflict by rescheduling

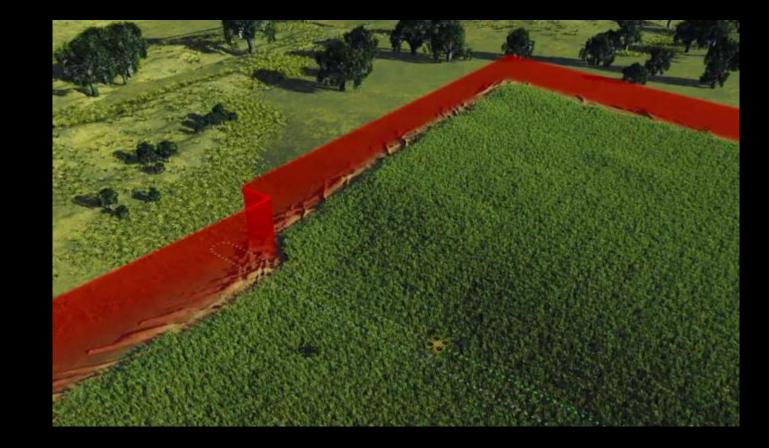


Pre-flight

- Frequented by manned aircraft
 - NOTAM
 - Contact information of nearby tower
 - Channels to monitor
- Offers to publish my contact information
- Bad coverage
 - moves satellite to provide coverage (SDSP-triggered)



- Fly the mission
 - Monitor conformance
 - Airspace changes
- Display of surveillance and ADS-B
 - All clear!



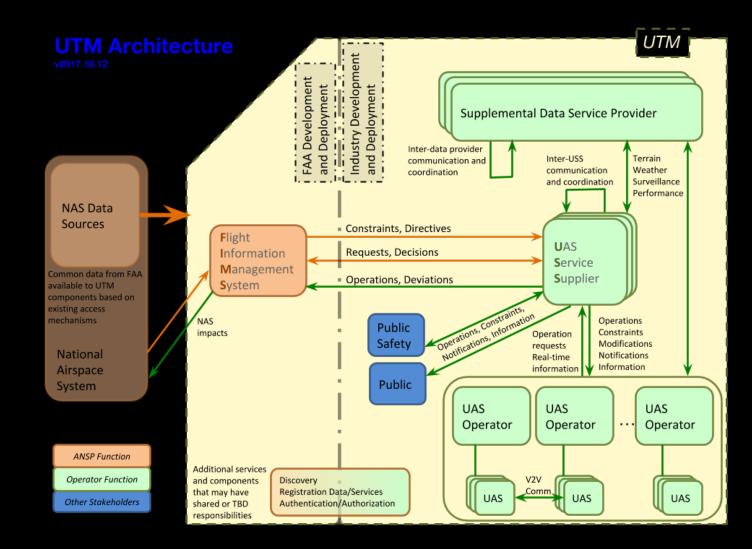
- High-priority delivery to nearby hospital
 - Notified of incoming operation
- Initiate contingency plan
 - Hoover in place as it passes through field
- All-clear resume mission



Definition and key concepts

UTM Network

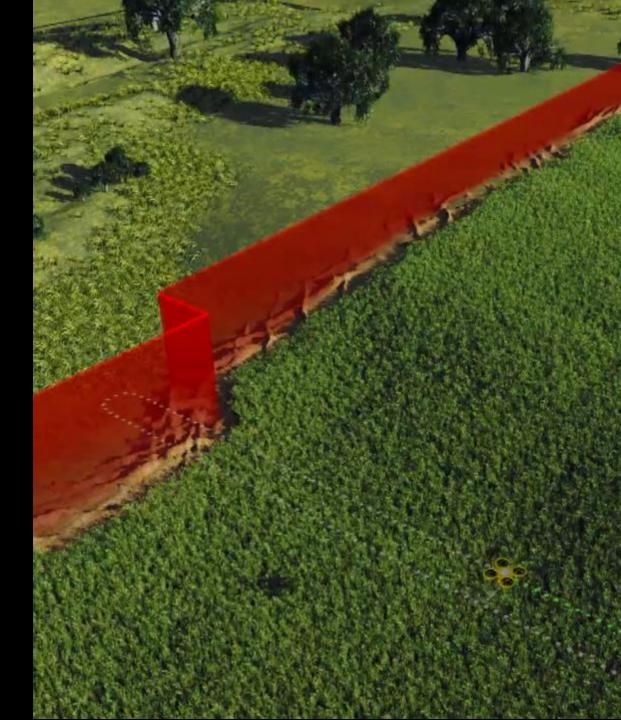
- UAS Service Suppler (USS)
- USS Network
- UAS Supplemental Data Service Suppliers (SDSP)
- Flight Information Management System (FIMS)



UAS Service Supplier (**USS**)

"... support Operators' abilities to meet the regulatory and operational requirements for UAS operations"

- Connects the operator with the UTM system
- Connects operator with other supplemental data services
- Tracks rules and conformance, among other things

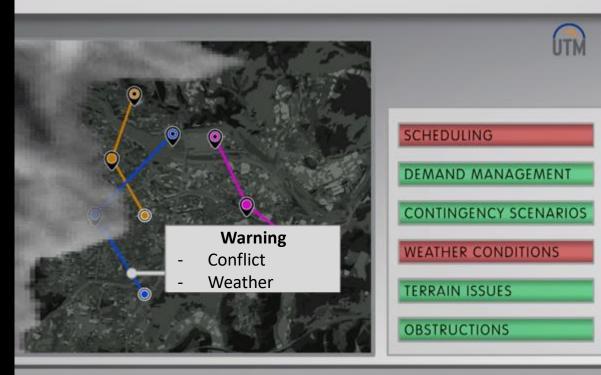


USS Network

"...allow for a network of USSs to provide cooperative management of low altitude operations without direct FAA involvement."

- Standardized platform for sharing <u>operation</u> <u>information & data</u>
 - Operator intention, contingency plans, equipage
 - Airspace constraints, manned operations, terrain, weather, & other supplemental data
 - Enables coordination between operators & other stakeholders across multiple platforms
- Goal: safe and efficient use of airspace
 - Safe separation, performance requirements, highly-automated authorization
 - Shared awareness

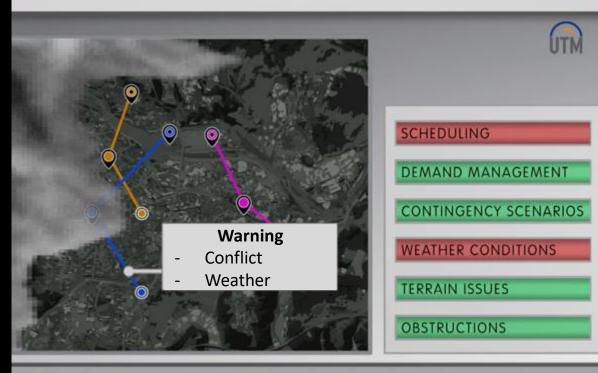




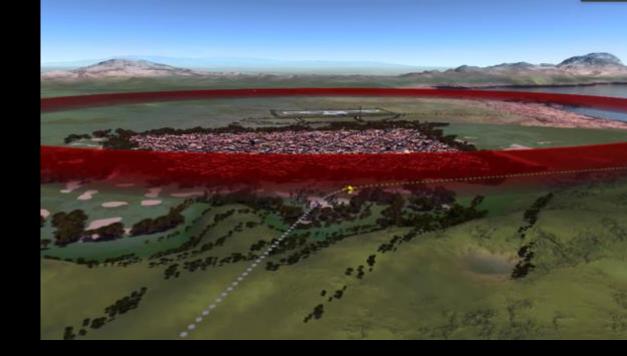
Supplemental Data Service Providers SDSP

- At the USS level or directly to operator
- Examples:
 - Surveillance feeds
 - Manned operations
 - Terrain
 - Weather
 - Flight planning
- Can be shared in a USS network





Flight Information Management System FIMS



Gateway between the FAA and UTM world

- How airspace/NAS information can be input to the UTM world
- How the FAA can access UTM information

"The FAA interacts with UTM for information/data exchange purposes as required, and has access to data at any time (via FIMS) to fulfill its obligations to provide regulatory and operational oversight. "

Under the hood

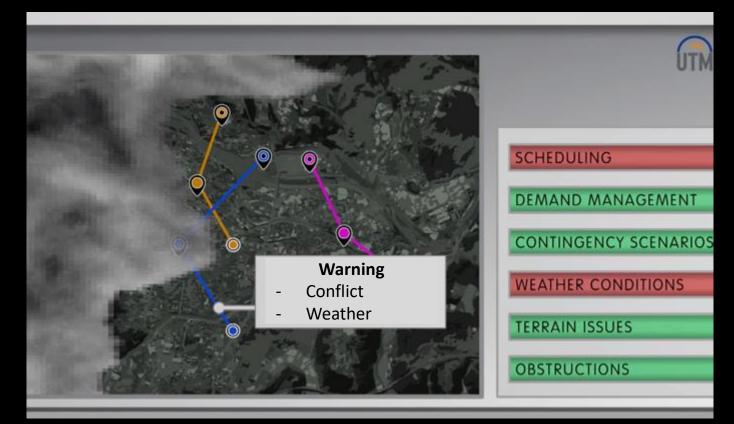
How UTM supports a day in the life

- Grid flight path
 - Line of sight
 - Popular brand UAS
 - Mission planning platform of my choice



- Enables coordination between operators & other stakeholders across multiple platforms
- Standardized communication of operator intention
 - Before & during operation

- Plan my operation
 - Warning:
 - Conflict with another operation
 - Expected weather exceeds vehicle capabilities
 - Deconflict by rescheduling

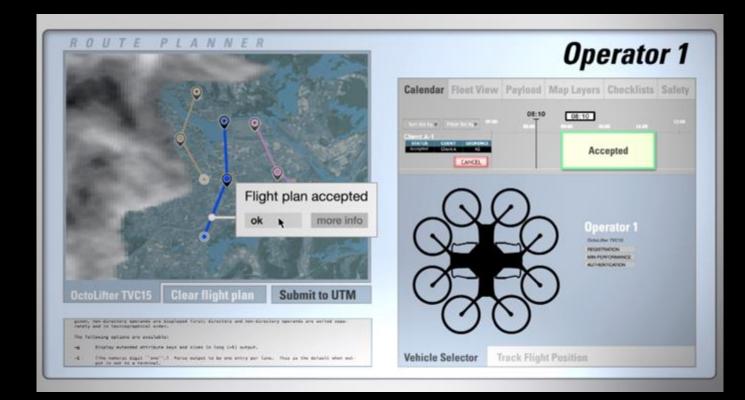


Participation in the UTM system enables

- Deconfliction of airspace
- Checks airspace constraints
- Connects operator with other supplemental data services
 - Vehicle capabilities compared to weather
 - Service recommends a good time to fly

Pre-flight

- Frequented by manned aircraft
 - NOTAM
 - Contact information of nearby tower
 - Channels to monitor
- Offers to publish my contact information
- Bad coverage
 - moves satellite to provide coverage (SDSP-triggered)



Supplemental Data Services

• Assists in tasks involved with flying in chosen airspace

- Fly the mission
 - Monitor conformance
 - Airspace updates
- Display of surveillance and ADS-B
 - All clear!



UTM System

• Enables operator to connect with proper authorities or other stakeholders

- High-priority delivery to nearby hospital
 - Notified of incoming operation
- Initiate contingency plan
 - Hoover in place as it passes through field
- All-clear resume mission



Participation in the UTM system enables

- Communication of priority
- Communication of contingency plan

UTM Mantra

"Flexibility where possible and structure where necessary"

"Risk based approach where geographical needs and use cases will dictate the performance requirements for airspace operations"



emergency response operations aren't easy:

- conducted under adverse conditions
- involve numerous organizations
- limited communication and infrastructure
- manual coordination to deconflict/use airspace
- challenges with timeliness of information

the result? safe procedures with minimal technological advances

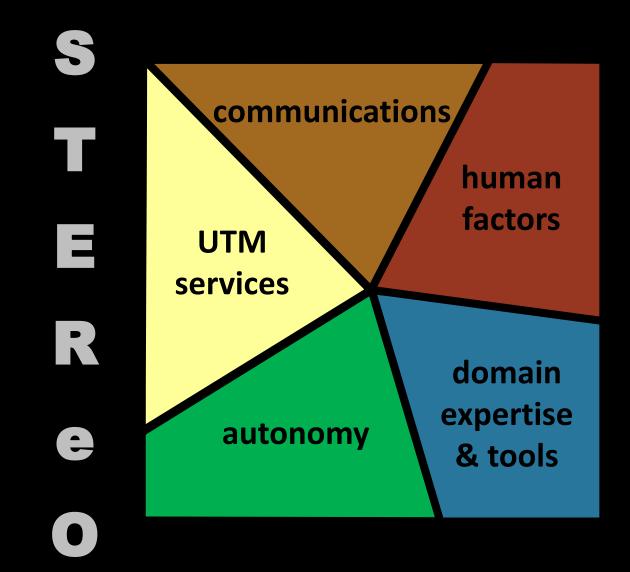


use innovative communication approaches to enable new traffic management and autonomous vehicle capabilities, providing a data-rich common operating picture

the result? responders can do more, know more, safely

STEReO as a product





autonomy



- how can state-of-the-art vehicle autonomy help UAS vehicles become a valuable part of emergency response operations?
 - what is the state-of-the-art?
 - what hurdles do we need to consider?
 - what are the ripe opportunities?



- how can UTM services be leveraged to support scalability of operations, and to provide improved awareness via an enhanced common operating picture?
 - what capabilities do UTM services provide?
 - how do they relate to today's procedures for airspace coordination?
 - what new capabilities can be added to UTM services that address the unique needs of emergency responders?



- how can advanced communication/connectivity technologies enable new data exchanges and information sharing?
 - what data do we want to send?
 - what infrastructure/techniques can we employ to send that data?
 - how can we support resilient operations/communications in challenging environments?



- how can data be delivered to best support operator awareness and decision-making?
 - what types of collaborations occur today?
 - what interfaces are the most appropriate for data-supported tasks?
 - what information must be included to support effective teamwork between operators, between systems, and between operators and systems?



- how can new processes, products, and options be integrated into existing workflows that are critical to established operations?
 - what things are used today?
 - where are there flexibilities and constraints?
 - what are the needs for interoperability/sharing?



flight test/demonstration

next steps

- spring/summer of 2021
- manned-unmanned interactions
- new data exchanges for partially automated air traffic management
- challenge comms dependencies
- enhance shared situation awareness
- integration with stakeholder systems/workflows

questions



joey.mercer@nasa.gov