https://ntrs.nasa.gov/search.jsp?R=20200000435 2020-03-11T12:39:23+00:00Z

# LEVERAGING SATELLITE REMOTE SENSING FOR THE MONITORING OF THE 2019 SPRING FLOODS

LORI A SCHULTZ, JORDAN R. BELL, ANDREW L. MOLTHAN,

RONAN LUCEY, JEREMY KIRKENDALL, GARRETT W. LAYNE,

DALIA KIRSCHBAUM, DAVID S. GREEN

#### EVENT BACKGROUND

- HEAVY AND CONSISTENT SNOWFALL THROUGH THE UPPER MIDWEST CULMINATING WITH A BOMB CYCLONE ON 3 MARCH 2019.
- MARCH 13<sup>TH</sup>: UNSEASONABLY WARM TEMPERATURES CAUSES RAPID SNOW MELT AND RUNOFF. ICE JAMS TRAVEL DOWNSTREAM CAUSING FLOODING AND DAMAGE TO LEVEES, DAMS AND PROPERTY
- MARCH 14<sup>TH</sup>: HEAVY RAINS AND SEVERE WEATHER HIT THE AREA, CAUSING RIVER GAUGES TO SHOW AT OR ABOVE FLOOD STAGE
- 2019 US SPRING FLOOD OUTLOOK WAS ISSUED 21 MARCH 2019







Suomi NPP-VIIRS

False color Recipe (Snow/Cloud)

- R: Blue (M3)
- G: Short Wave IR (13)
- B: Short Wave (M11)

False Color Recipe (Natural Color)

- R: Short Wave (M11)
- G: Near IR (12)
- B: Red (11)

Aqua MODIS Corrected Reflectance

Bands 7-2-1(SWIR, NIR, Red)



Aqua MODIS Corrected Reflectance

Bands 3-6-7 (Blue, SWIR, SWIR)



# WATCH THE EVENT UNFOLD...

Animated gifs of both the Natural color and Snow/Cloud RGBS as seen in NASA Worldview (worldview.earthdata.nasa.gov)

Animations span from 10 – 30 March 2019 over the Missouri River region. MSFC 2019, Sentinel-2 (ESA) data courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey <u>ASF DAAC</u> 2019, contains modified <u>Copernicus</u> Sentinel data 2019 and contains modified <u>Copernicus</u> Sentinel data 2019

18 March 2019: FEMA Region VII sends an RFI to FEMA-HQ concerning ice jams and flooding in Iowa, Nebraska, Missouri and Illinois. This RFI was shared with FEMA partner agencies

13 March 2019: Heavy Snowfall hits the Midwest Interagency Coordination calls begin



NASA Disasters produced imagery products from Sentinel 1 A/B, Sentinel 2 and Landsat 8 as well as shared MODIS and VIIRS false color RGBs and MODIS flood detection maps from GSFC from early March to early April and then again from mid-May through early June

Early to Mid-June

20 March 2019: All available layers provided to the NGB DAART system



26 March 2019: Coordinated with USDA National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) on the use of the geotiff and vector forms

> of the data for their in-house analyses. Provided by FTP download





https://www.nass.usda.gov/Research\_and\_Science/Disaster-Analysis/2019/Missouri-Illinois-Flooding/2019\_Missouri\_Illinois\_Floods\_Inundation\_Map.png

Unseasonable warm weather and heavy rainfall caused rapid melting along the Missouri River from South Dakota south to Kansas City in the coming weeks

Early to

Mid-March

## HOW BAD WAS IT?

Imagery produced or made available by the NASA Disasters team from Sentinel 1A/B (in cooperation with the Alaska Satellite Facility), Sentinel 2A/B, Landsat 8, Aqua/Terra MODIS to multiple partners through the NASA Disasters mapping portal (https://arcg.is/OTWjqK)



<u> https://earthobservatory.nasa.gov/images/144691/historic-floods-inundate-nebrask</u>





data 2019

MSFC 2019, Sentinel-2 (ESA) data courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey and contains modified <u>Copernicus</u> Sentinel data 2019

ASF DAAC 2019, contains modified Copernicus Sentinel data 2019



"Because of the magnitude and extent of the Spring 2019 Floods, NASS was able to **successfully utilize NASA Disaster Program's web services and water extent products** to provide quantitative and qualitative data products for a near real-time response at the request of the NASS Nebraska Regional Field Office as well as the NASS Agricultural Statistics Board in preparation for the March Prospective Plantings Report."

Rick Mueller, USDA NASS

Sentinel-1A/B Red-Green-Blue False Color Product, Midwest Flooding, Nebraska, 18 March 2019



Sentinel 1 RGB (above) and Sentinel 2 mNDWI imagery used by the Kansas Air National Guard's Processing, Assessment and Dissemination (PAD) unit in support of the State of Nebraska





MSFC 2019, Sentinel-2 (ESA) data courtesy of the U.S. Geological Survey and contains modified <u>Copernicus</u> Sentinel data 2019



Red Roof BLDG

ANALYST COMMENT: Flooded image is from 16MAR2019. The following slide shows 5 days later.

.011111111 -95.88

66667

ANALYST COMMENT: The waters are beginning to recede in this image; the road begins to reappear and the grounds around the facility are showing again.

SOURCE: DAART

Red Roof BLDG

#### Satellite and Modeled Flood Extents Dashboard





Pacific Northwest National Laboratory (PNNL) https://apps.pnnl.gov/portal/home/webmap/viewer.html?webmap=ac691715c08b4ee3b196f20fe7575140 http://fema.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=dfef88a4b3 d14f4288795312bde7366c

From the Leadership briefing by the Region 7 GIS ORR Reponses Geospatial Office/Mapping Analysis Center, 3/26/2019/

#### LESSONS LEARNED AND CONCLUSIONS

- LARGE SCALE EVENT OVER A LONG PERIOD OF TIME MADE THE USE OF SATELLITE IMAGERY AND DERIVED PRODUCTS (10-30 M) A COMPLEMENTARY OPTION TO CAP AND AIRCRAFT DAMAGE SURVEYS
  - MOST SEVERELY DAMAGED AREAS WILL ALWAYS REQUIRE HIGH-RES OR GROUND SURVEYS BUT MEDIUM RESOLUTION SATELLITE DATA CAN OFFER A LARGE SCALE VIEW
- SATELLITE AGNOSTIC APPROACH ALLOWED FOR GREATER SPATIAL COVERAGE AND QUICKER REPEAT TIMES

- TRAINING AND FEEDBACK IS IMPERATIVE TO ENSURE THE PRODUCTS ARE BEING USED CORRECTLY AND MEETING THE EXPECTATIONS OF EACH USER
  - ONE USER'S FLOOD IS ANOTHER USERS' NOISE
  - USERS WILL HAVE A WIDE RANGE OF SKILLS
- NEAR-REAL-TIME IMAGERY IS REQUIRED BY ALL BUT GIS FORMATS REQUIRED BY USERS VARY GREATLY
  - BE PREPARED TO ADJUST ON THE FLY

### THANK YOU!

- MSFC DISASTER EVENT COORDINATOR
  - LORI SCHULTZ: LORI.A.SCHULTZ@NASA.GOV
- MSFC DISASTERS LEAD:
  - ANDREW MOLTHAN: ANDREW.MOLTHAN@NASA.GOV
- NASA DISASTERS WEB MAPPING PORTAL/ GIS LEAD:
  - JEREMY KIRKENDALL: JEREMEY.J.KIRKENDALL@NASA.GOV
- NASA EARTH SCIENCE DISASTERS PROGRAM MANAGER:
  - DAVID GREEN: DAVID.S.GREEN@NASA.GOV