

"Light, Light, The visible reminder of invisible light" – T.S. Eliot



AM

Radio

Microwave

Infrared

Visible

Ultraviolet

X-ray

Gamma-ray

AM radio

Amateur radio



Aircraft communication



Microwave



TV Remote Control



Night vision goggles



UV light from the Sun



Airport security scanner



PET scan



Terrestrial gamma-ray

THE INVISIBLE UNIVERSE





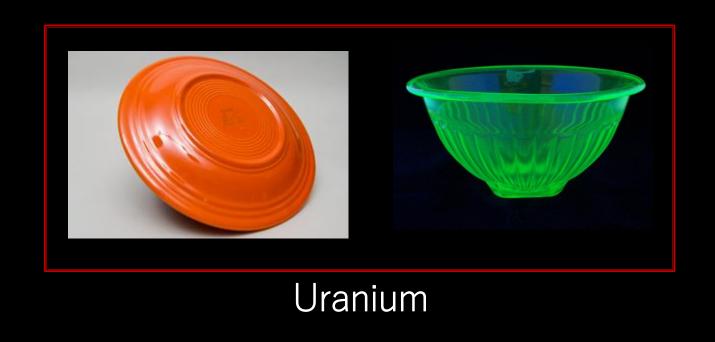
Each wavelength provides different information.



X-RAYS FROM EARTH



We are surrounded by naturally-occurring radioactive elements in the soil and stones.





Radium

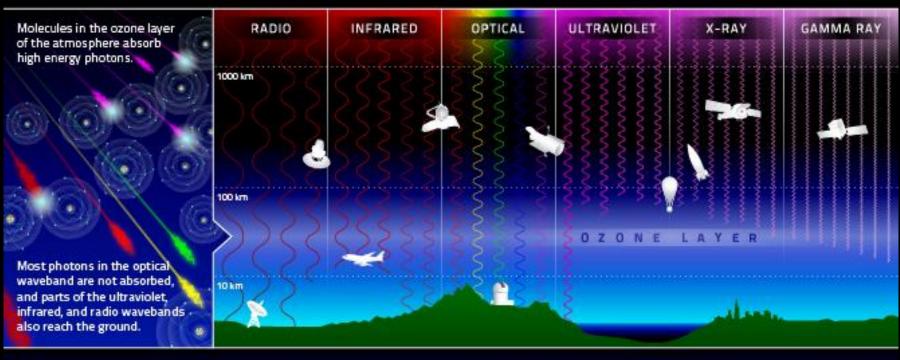
We have radioactive elements (Potassium 40, Carbon 14, Radium 226) in our blood or bones.



OUR UNIVERSE IS BRIGHT



MULTIWAVELENGTH LAND & SPACE BASED OBSERVATORIES



The atomspheric effects on incoming light in each waveband determines the placement of telescopes.



is detectable using large dish antenae on the ground.



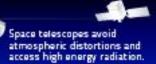
Most of the Radio waveband The infrared waveband can be detected from airplanes.



Ground telescopes observe most optical light, and some infrared and ultraviolet.



Balloons and rockets are used to test out new telescope technologies.



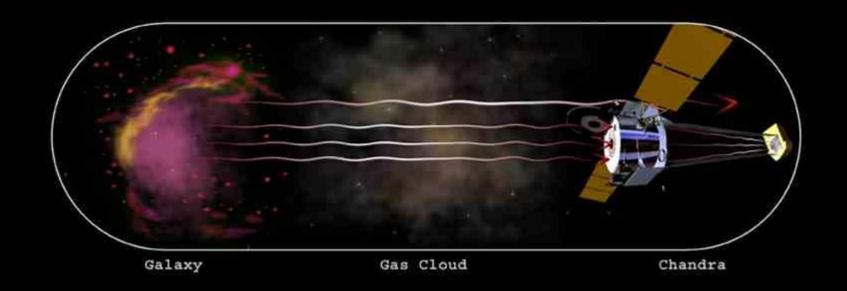
Staying Alive!







If our atmosphere blocks out X-Rays, how can we see them?



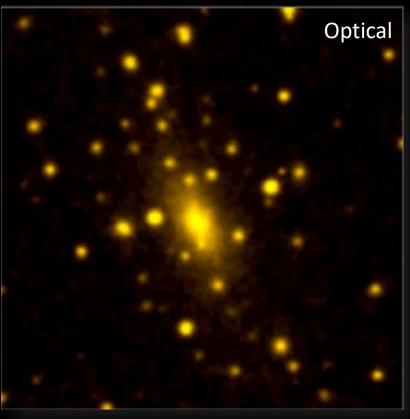


THE IMPORTANCE OF X-RAY ASTRONOMY



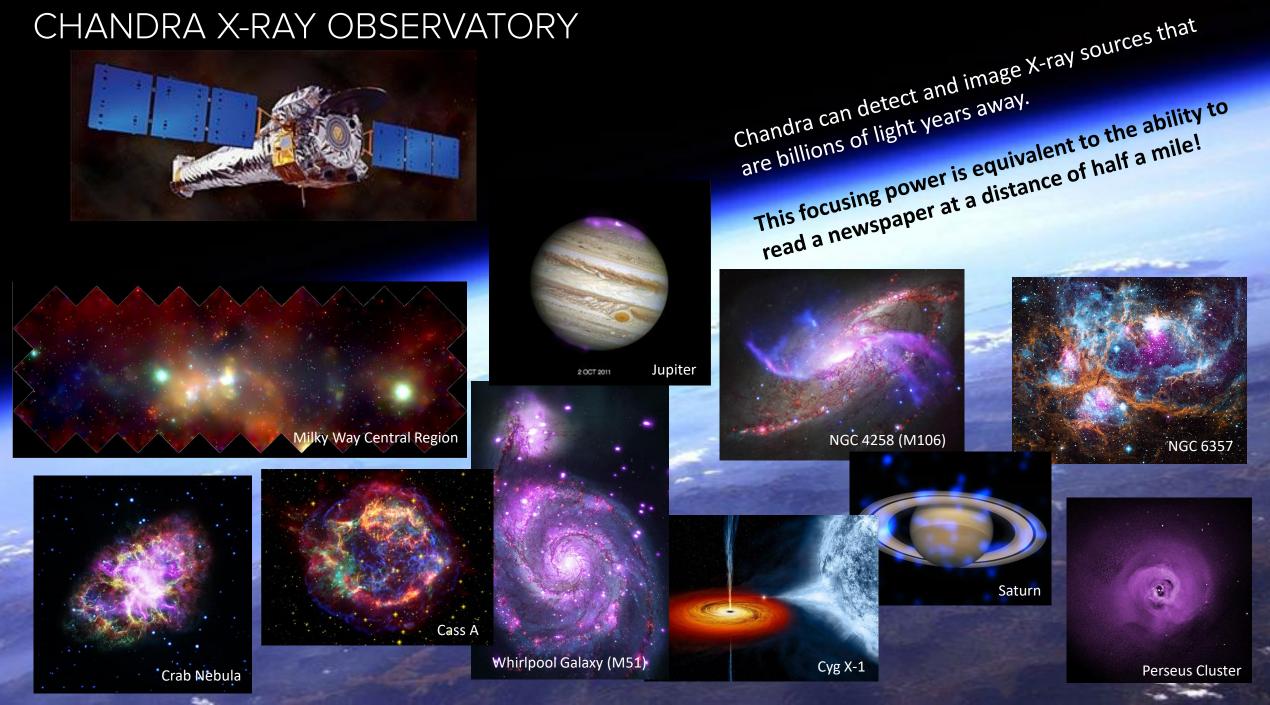






- Most of the matter that we "see" in the universe is via its X-ray emission
- The bulk of this matter is the hot, X-ray-emitting gas in the great galaxy clusters
- Every known class of astronomical object, from comets to quasars, is also an X-ray source

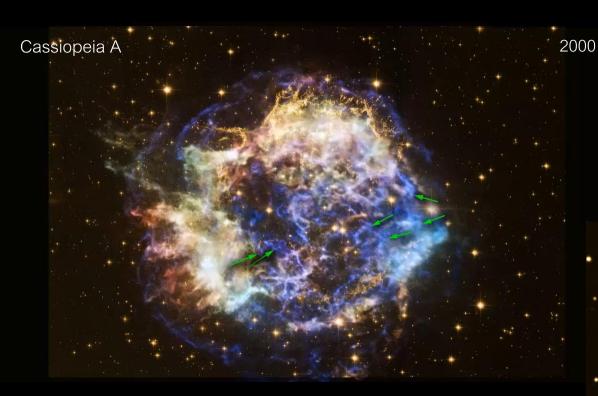
CHANDRA X-RAY OBSERVATORY





CHANDRA'S 20 YEAR ANNIVERSARY





Cassiopeia A

The Chandra data shows how 10-million-degree gas is expanding outward after the explosion that destroyed the star. The movie spans 2000-2013.

[credit: NASA/CXC/SAO]

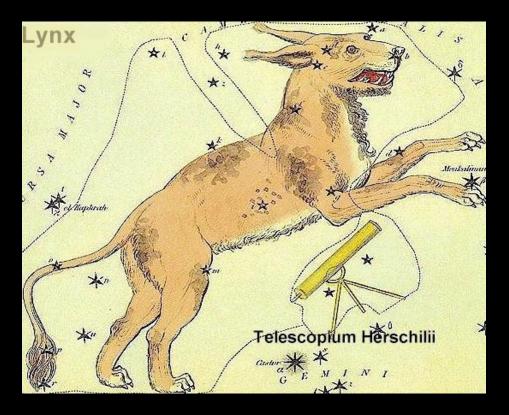
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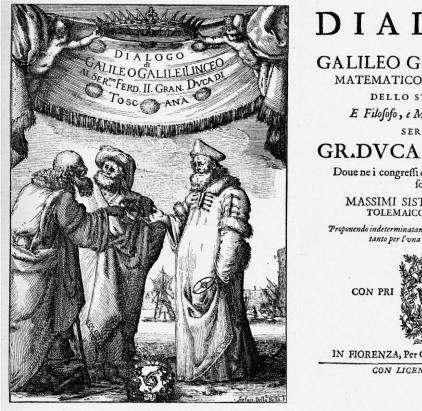
LYNX: THE NEXT GREAT OBSERVATORY





A symbol of great insight in many cultures - with the ability to see through solid objects to reveal the true nature of things.

Academy of the 'Lynx-Eyed' was founded in 1603 by Federico Cesi. Perform incisive and penetrating investigations of the natural world.

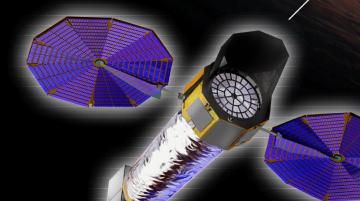


DIALOGO GALILEO GALILEI LINCEO MATEMATICO SOPRAORDINARIO DELLO STVDIO DI PISA. E Filosofo, e Matematico primario del SERENISSIMO GR.DVCA DITOSCANA. Doue ne i congressi di quattro giornate si discorre MASSIMI SISTEMI DEL MONDO TOLEMAICO, E COPERNICANO; Proponendo indeterminatamente le ragioni Filosofiche, e Naturali tanto per l'una, quanto per l'altra parte. IN FIORENZA, Per Gio:Batista Landini MDCXXXII. CON LICENZA DE' SYPERIORI.

A NEW GREAT OBSERVATORY

X-RAY MIRROR ASSEMBLY

0.5" Point-Spread Function, stable over a 20 arcminute FoV



HIGH DEFINITION X-RAY IMAGER

LYNX X-RAY MICROCALORIMETER

X-RAY GRATINGS SPECTROMETER

HIGH DEFINITION X-RAY IMAGER

Designed for exquisite imaging and wide surveys, the HDXI is an active pixel array covering a 20' x 20' field of view with subarcsecond imaging.

LYNX X-RAY MICROCALORIMETER

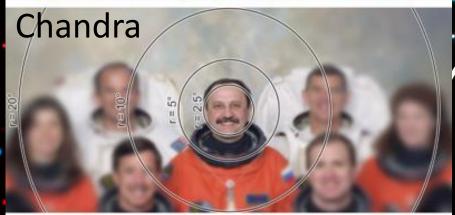
Spatially resolved 3 eV spectroscopy across a 5'x5' field of view, sampled with 1" pixels. Two subarrays optimized for finer imaging and higher spectral resolution.



X-RAY GRATINGS SPECTROMETER

Spectral resolving power of R > 5000 with ~ 4000 cm² of effective area across the critical X-ray emission and absorption lines of C, O, Mg, Ne, and Fe-L.







Created by David J. Marmor, MFA and Michael F. Marmor, MD © 2010 Archives of Ophthalmology

50x higher throughput while maintaining *Chandra's* angular resolution.

Like going from your 8" backyard telescope to a 10-m Keck.

What takes Chandra 8 weeks, Lynx can do in ~1 day for deep surveys.



FOCUSING X-RAY OPTICS









Like skipping stones off of a (calm) body of water

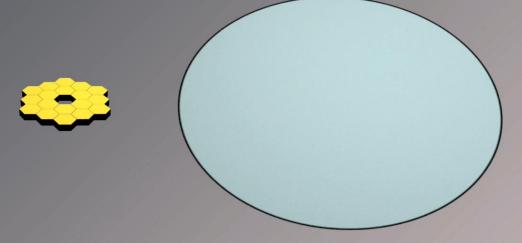


LYNX X-RAY OBSERVATORY





Lynx Mirror Assembly has a 3m diameter



JWST Primary Mirror: 6.5 m

Lynx Mirror: 25 m to 3 m diameter assembly



Lynx is designed to pursue three science pillars.

There are ample resources for many other programs, including those unexpected today.

It will be a discovery platform for all.

WWW.HIDDENCOSMOS.ORG



DRIVERS OF GALAXY EVOLUTION

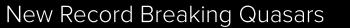
THE ENERGETIC SIDE OF STELLAR EVOLUTION



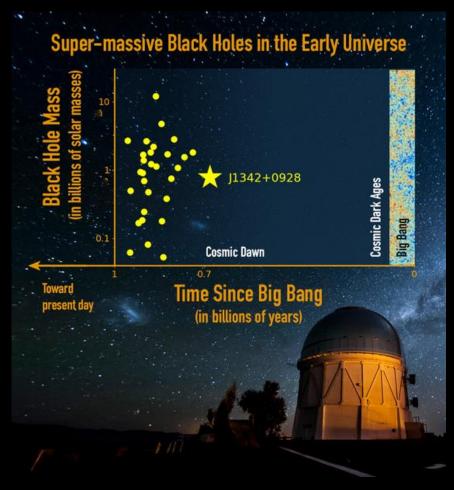
BLACK HOLE DAWN

Simulated Deep Fields Illustris-TNG

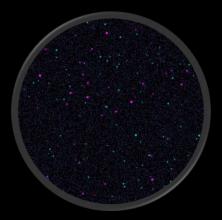




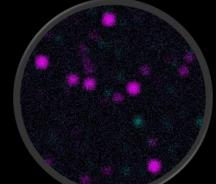
J1342+0928; z=7.54; 800 million Msun!



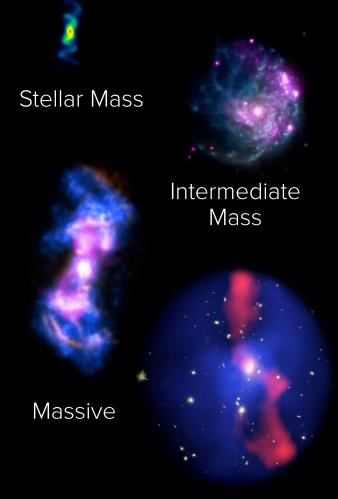
JWST



Lynx



ATHENA



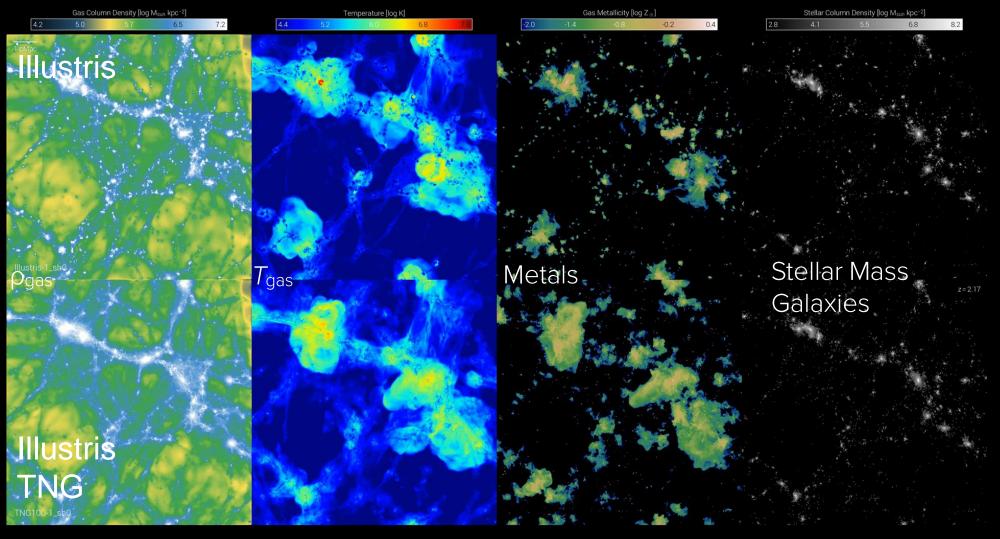
Supermassive

Image credit: Jinyi Yang/UA; Reidar Hahn/Fermilab; M. Newhouse/NOAO/AURA/NSF



ENGINES OF CHANGE



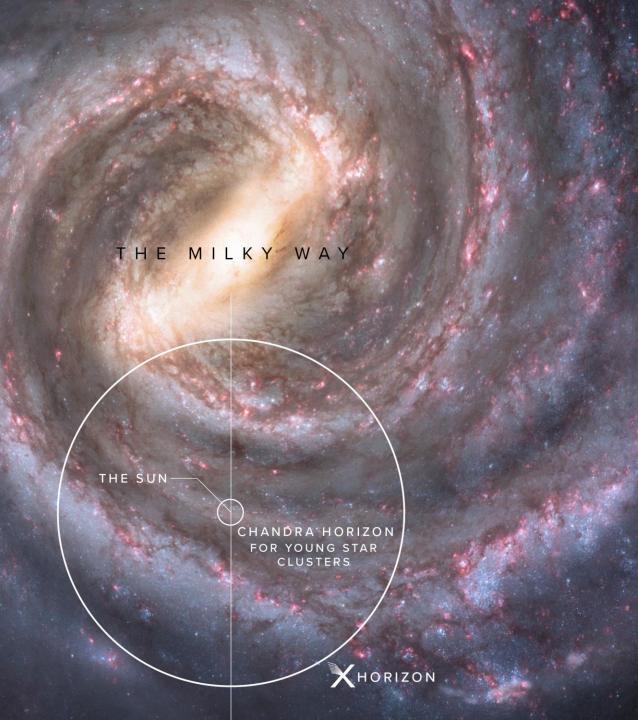


Same Numerics, Different Physics

Indistinguishable Galaxies

THE DISTANT LIGHT OF INFANT SUNS

WORLDS BEYOND OUR OWN





HIDDEN LIGHT OF SUNS

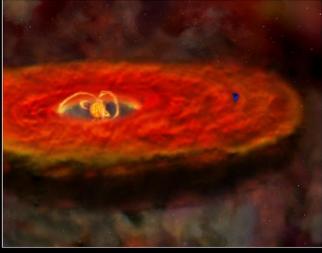


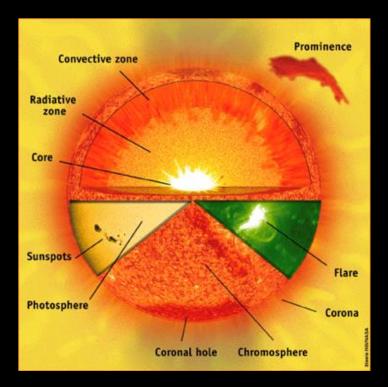
Where do planets form? Where do they migrate?

- X-ray spectra of young stars show more than accretion plus magnetic activity
- X-rays implicated in rapid heating of protoplanetary disks
- After stars lose their disks X-ray surveys are the only way to find young stellar objects

How do the characteristics of flares change with time and what impact does this have on exoplanet conditions?



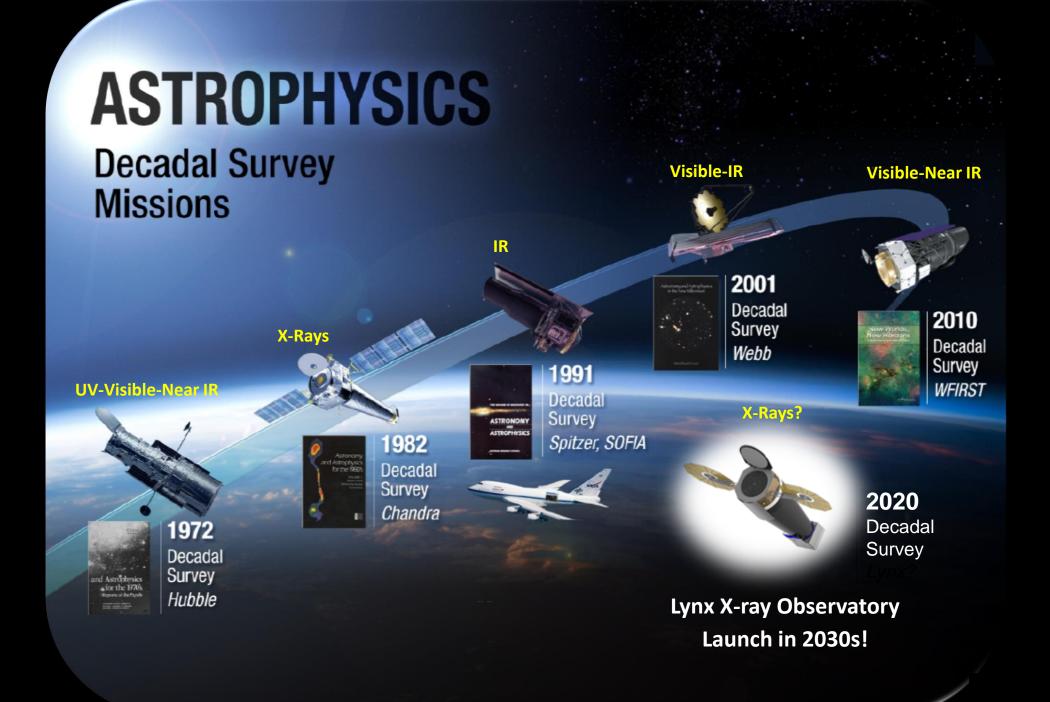




The star's magnetic field creates an ecosystem which helps to set the environment that planets (and life) experience (Lingam & Loeb 2018) Stellar magnetospheres influence the inner edge of the traditional habitable zone (Garaffo et al. 2016, 2017).

- Systematic change of T_{max} , E_{flare} , $L_{x,max}$ on flares of stars with varying mass, age, magnetic configuration as input to evolution of planetary irradiation
- Influence of energetic particles inferred from line profiles

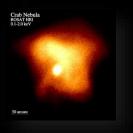
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THE CRAB NEBULA.





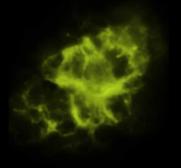
ROSAT (X-ray) Resolution: 5 arcsec



Chandra (X-ray) Resolution: 0.5 arcsec



Hubble (visible)
Resolution: 0.05 arcsec



Spitzer (IR)



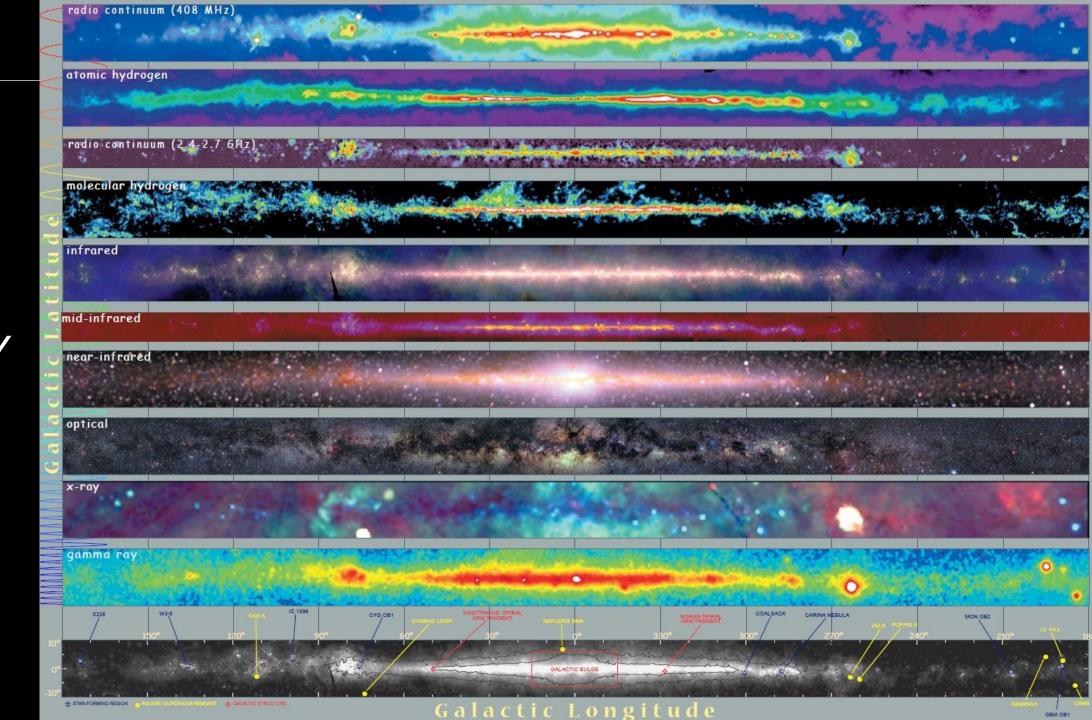
VLA (radio)







THE MILKY WAY





Gravitational Waves

Gamma-rays (magenta)

Ultraviolet (violet)

Optical & Infrared (blue-white to red)

X-Ray Jet (blue)









The right answer is seldom as important as the right question.

K. Thorne

The Renaissance of Multi-wavelength Astronomy has Begun!



COMPELLING LYNX QUESTION



Are Cats Spies Sent by Aliens?

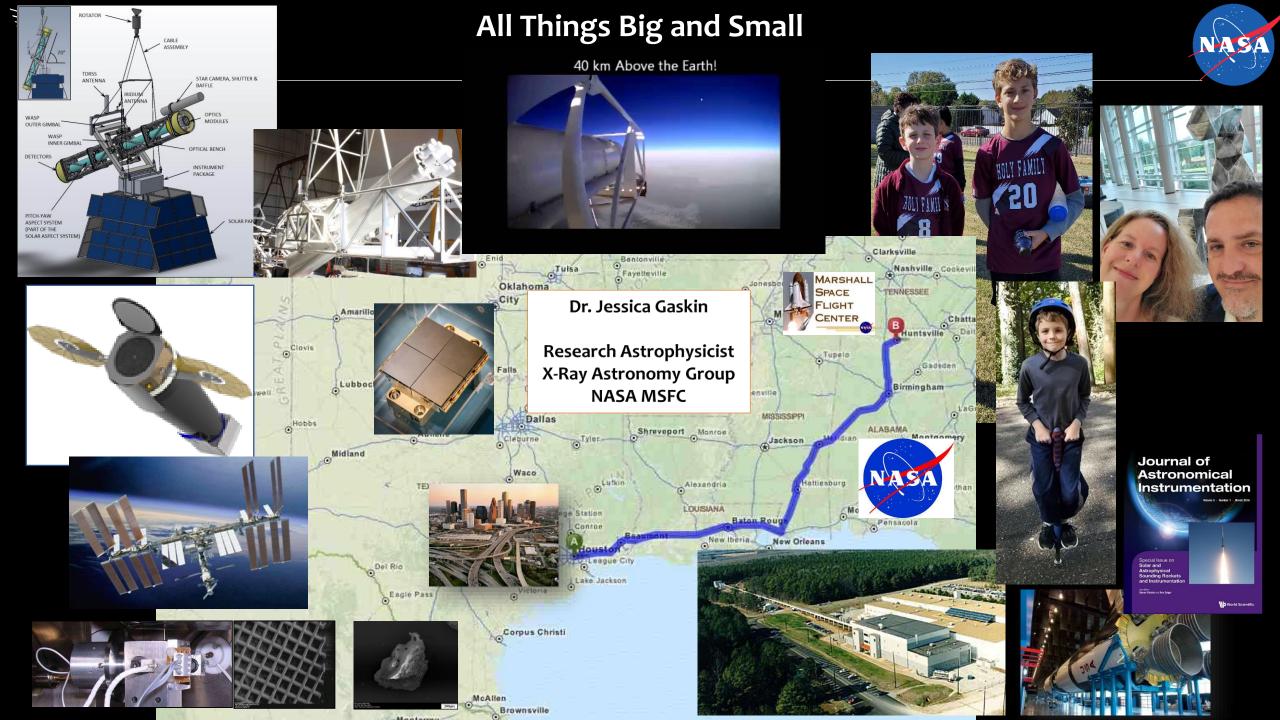
If you hold a cat's ears back and describe what you see, it is a perfect match to the classic "grey alien," with its almond-shaped eyes, small mouth, and small nose.

Obviously true. See below.

LEFT TO RIGHT, IMAGES VIA FLICKE AND WIKIMEDIA COMMON!





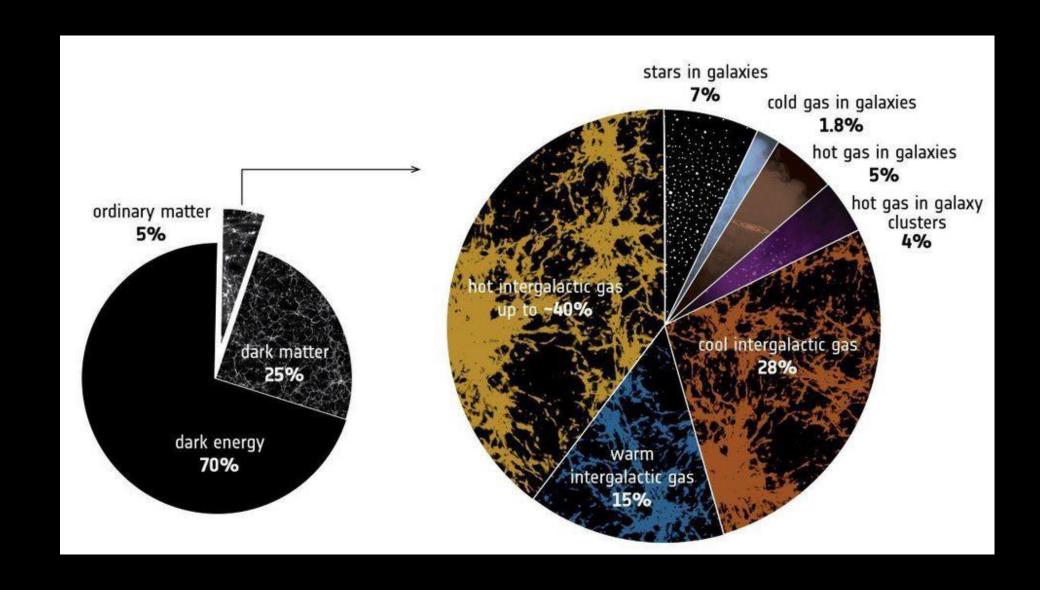


BACKUP SLIDES



DARK ENERGY & DARK MATTER







MAPPING THE COSMIC WEB



Illustrations and composition: ESA / ATG medialab; data: ESA / XMM-Newton / F. Nicastro et al. 2018; cosmological simulation: Princeton University/Renyue Cen)

