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## Tuning of physical-chemical properties of TiO<sub>2</sub> nanotubes for multifunctional applications

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Luisa Baudino,<sup>a</sup> Mara Serrapede,<sup>b</sup> Alessandro Pedico,<sup>a</sup> Andrea Lamberti,<sup>a,b</sup> and C. Fabrizio Pirri<sup>a,b</sup>

 <sup>a</sup> DISAT Dipartimento di Scienza Applicata e Tecnologia, Politecnico di Torino, corso Duca degli Abruzzi 24, 10129-Torino, Italy
<sup>b</sup> Istituto Italiano di Tecnologia, Center for Sustainable Future Technologies, Via Livorno 60, 10144-Torino, Italy
E-mail: <u>luisa.baudino@polito.it</u>

Titanium dioxide nanotubes (TiO<sub>2</sub> NTs) have been widely investigated in the past twenty years due to the variety of possible applications of this material. Important characteristics of TiO<sub>2</sub> NTs are their high surface area and tuneable morphology. These can be combined with key features of TiO<sub>2</sub>, such as biocompatibility and photo and electrocatalytic properties. This combination makes TiO<sub>2</sub> NTs perfect candidates for multifunctional applications ranging from biomedical application to sensing and energy devices [1].

Herein, we present  $TiO_2$  NTs grown by anodic oxidation on top of a titanium foil in an EG-based electrolyte with NH<sub>4</sub>F [2]. The as-grown amorphous nanotubes were morphologically characterized, as shown in Figure 1a-b. Additionally, the tuneable electronic properties (such as the bang gap, Figure 1c) were investigated varying the post-processing temperatures, while maintaining their amorphous nature.



**Figure 3:** FESEM (a) top view and (b) cross view, (c) UV-VIS curves of the amorphous TiO<sub>2</sub> NTs.

[1] P. Roy, S. Berger, and P. Schmuki, Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. 50 (2011) 2904-2939.

[2] A. Lamberti, N. Garino, A. Sacco, S. Bianco, A. Chiodoni, and C. Gerbaldi, *Electrochim. Acta* **151** (2015) 222-229.