# NAG C Library Function Document nag_dtrexc (f08qfc) 

## 1 Purpose

nag_dtrexc (f08qfc) reorders the Schur factorization of a real general matrix.

## 2 Specification

void nag_dtrexc (Nag_OrderType order, Nag_ComputeQType compq, Integer n,
double t[], Integer pdt, double q[], Integer pdq, Integer *ifst, Integer *ilst, NagError *fail)

## 3 Description

nag_dtrexc (f08qfc) reorders the Schur factorization of a real general matrix $A=Q T Q^{T}$, so that the diagonal element or block of $T$ with row index ifst is moved to row ilst.
The reordered Schur form $\tilde{T}$ is computed by an orthogonal similarity transformation: $\tilde{T}=Z^{T} T Z$. Optionally the updated matrix $\tilde{Q}$ of Schur vectors is computed as $\tilde{Q}=Q Z$, giving $A=\tilde{Q} \tilde{T} \tilde{Q}^{T}$.

## 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F (1996) Matrix Computations (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

## 5 Parameters

1: order - Nag_OrderType Input
On entry: the order parameter specifies the two-dimensional storage scheme being used, i.e., rowmajor ordering or column-major ordering. $C$ language defined storage is specified by order $=$ Nag_RowMajor. See Section 2.2.1.4 of the Essential Introduction for a more detailed explanation of the use of this parameter.
Constraint: order = Nag_RowMajor or Nag_ColMajor.
2: compq - Nag_ComputeQType
Input
On entry: indicates whether the matrix $Q$ of Schur vectors is to be updated, as follows:
if $\mathbf{c o m p q}=$ Nag_UpdateSchur, the matrix $Q$ of Schur vectors is updated;
if compq = Nag_NotQ, no Schur vectors are updated.
Constraint: $\mathbf{c o m p q}=\mathbf{N a g}$ _UpdateSchur or Nag_NotQ.
3: $\quad \mathbf{n}$ - Integer
Input
On entry: $n$, the order of the matrix $T$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.
4: $\quad \mathbf{t}[\mathrm{dim}]$ - double
Input/Output
Note: the dimension, dim, of the array $\mathbf{t}$ must be at least $\max (1, \mathbf{p d t} \times \mathbf{n})$.
If order $=$ Nag_ColMajor, the $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix $T$ is stored in $\mathbf{t}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{p d t}+i-1]$ and if order $=$ Nag_RowMajor, the $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix $T$ is stored in $\mathbf{t}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{p d t}+j-1]$.

On entry: the $n$ by $n$ upper quasi-triangular matrix $T$ in canonical Schur form, as returned by nag_dhseqr (f08pec).

On exit: $T$ is overwritten by the updated matrix $\tilde{T}$. See also Section 8 .
pdt - Integer
Input
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of order) in the array $\mathbf{t}$.

Constraint: $\mathbf{p d t} \geq \max (1, \mathbf{n})$.
6: $\quad \mathbf{q}[d i m]-$ double
Input/Output
Note: the dimension, dim, of the array $\mathbf{q}$ must be at least
$\max (1, \mathbf{p d q} \times \mathbf{n})$ when $\mathbf{c o m p q}=\mathbf{N a g}$ _UpdateSchur;
1 when compq = Nag_NotQ.
If $\boldsymbol{o r d e r}=$ Nag_ColMajor, the $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix $Q$ is stored in $\mathbf{q}[(j-1) \times \mathbf{p d q}+i-1]$ and if order = Nag_RowMajor, the $(i, j)$ th element of the matrix $Q$ is stored in $\mathbf{q}[(i-1) \times \mathbf{p d q}+j-1]$.
On entry: if compq $=$ Nag_UpdateSchur, $\mathbf{q}$ must contain the $n$ by $n$ orthogonal matrix $Q$ of Schur vectors.

On exit: if compq = Nag_UpdateSchur, $\mathbf{q}$ contains the updated matrix of Schur vectors.
$\mathbf{q}$ is not referenced if compq = Nag_NotQ.
7: $\quad \mathbf{p d q}$ - Integer
Input
On entry: the stride separating matrix row or column elements (depending on the value of order) in the array $\mathbf{q}$.

Constraints:

```
if compq \(=\) Nag_UpdateSchur, \(\mathbf{p d q} \geq \max (1, \mathbf{n}) ;\)
if \(\operatorname{compq}=\) Nag_NotQ, \(\mathbf{p d q} \geq 1\).
```

8: ifst - Integer * Input/Output
9: ilst - Integer * Input/Output
On entry: ifst and ilst must specify the reordering of the diagonal elements or blocks of $T$. The element or block with row index ifst is moved to row ilst by a sequence of exchanges between adjacent elements or blocks.
On exit: if ifst pointed to the second row of a 2 by 2 block on entry, it is changed to point to the first row. ilst always points to the first row of the block in its final position (which may differ from its input value by $\pm 1$ ).

Constraint: $1 \leq \mathbf{i f s t} \leq \mathbf{n}$ and $1 \leq \mathbf{i l s t} \leq \mathbf{n}$.
10: fail - NagError *
Output
The NAG error parameter (see the Essential Introduction).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

## NE_INT

On entry, $\mathbf{n}=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: $\mathbf{n} \geq 0$.
On entry, pdt $=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: pdt $>0$.

On entry, $\mathbf{p d q}=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: pdq $>0$.

## NE_INT_2

On entry, pdt $=\langle$ value $\rangle, \mathbf{n}=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: pdt $\geq \max (1, \mathbf{n})$.

## NE_INT_3

On entry, $\mathbf{n}=\langle$ value $\rangle$, ifst $=\langle$ value $\rangle$, ilst $=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: $1 \leq \mathbf{i f s t} \leq \mathbf{n}$ and $1 \leq \mathbf{i l s t} \leq \mathbf{n}$.

## NE_ENUM_INT_2

On entry, compq $=\langle$ value $\rangle, \mathbf{n}=\langle$ value $\rangle, \mathbf{p d q}=\langle$ value $\rangle$.
Constraint: if compq $=$ Nag_UpdateSchur, $\mathbf{p d q} \geq \max (1, \mathbf{n})$;
if $\mathbf{c o m p q}=\mathbf{N a g}$ NotQ, $\mathbf{p d q} \geq 1$.

## NE_EXCHANGE

Two adjacent diagonal elements or blocks could not be successfully exchanged. This error can only occur if the exchange involves at least one 2 by 2 block; it implies that the problem is very illconditioned, and that the eigenvalues of the two blocks are very close. On exit, $T$ may have been partially reordered, and ilst points to the first row of the current position of the block being moved; $Q$ (if requested) is updated consistently with $T$.

## NE_ALLOC_FAIL

Memory allocation failed.

## NE_BAD_PARAM

On entry, parameter $\langle v a l u e\rangle$ had an illegal value.

## NE_INTERNAL_ERROR

An internal error has occurred in this function. Check the function call and any array sizes. If the call is correct then please consult NAG for assistance.

## $7 \quad$ Accuracy

The computed matrix $\tilde{T}$ is exactly similar to a matrix $T+E$, where

$$
\|E\|_{2}=O(\epsilon)\|T\|_{2}
$$

and $\epsilon$ is the machine precision.
Note that if a 2 by 2 diagonal block is involved in the re-ordering, its off-diagonal elements are in general changed; the diagonal elements and the eigenvalues of the block are unchanged unless the block is sufficiently ill-conditioned, in which case they may be noticeably altered. It is possible for a 2 by 2 block to break into two 1 by 1 blocks, that is, for a pair of complex eigenvalues to become purely real. The values of real eigenvalues however are never changed by the re-ordering.

## 8 Further Comments

The total number of floating-point operations is approximately $6 n r$ if $\mathbf{c o m p q}=\mathbf{N a g}$ _NotQ, and $12 n r$ if compq $=$ Nag_UpdateSchur, where $r=\mid$ ifst - ilst $\mid$.
The input matrix $T$ must be in canonical Schur form, as is the output matrix $\tilde{T}$. This has the following structure.
If all the computed eigenvalues are real, $T$ is upper triangular and its diagonal elements are the eigenvalues.

If some of the computed eigenvalues form complex conjugate pairs, then $T$ has 2 by 2 diagonal blocks. Each diagonal block has the form

$$
\left(\begin{array}{cc}
t_{i i} & t_{i, i+1} \\
t_{i+1, i} & t_{i+1, i+1}
\end{array}\right)=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
\alpha & \beta \\
\gamma & \alpha
\end{array}\right)
$$

where $\beta \gamma<0$. The corresponding eigenvalues are $\alpha \pm \sqrt{\beta \gamma}$.
The complex analogue of this function is nag_ztrexc (f08qtc).

## 9 Example

To reorder the Schur factorization of the matrix $T$ so that the 2 by 2 block with row index 2 is moved to row 1, where

$$
T=\left(\begin{array}{rrrr}
0.80 & -0.11 & 0.01 & 0.03 \\
0.00 & -0.10 & 0.25 & 0.35 \\
0.00 & -0.65 & -0.10 & 0.20 \\
0.00 & 0.00 & 0.00 & -0.10
\end{array}\right)
$$

### 9.1 Program Text

```
/* nag_dtrexc (f08qfc) Example Program.
    * Copyright 2001 Numerical Algorithms Group.
    *
    * Mark 7, 2001.
    */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagf08.h>
#include <nagx04.h>
int main(void)
{
    /* Scalars */
    Integer i, ifst, ilst, j, n, pdq, pdt;
    Integer exit_status=0;
    NagError fail;
    Nag_OrderType order;
    /* Arrays */
    double *q=0, *t=0;
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
#define T(I,J) t[(J-1)*pdt + I - 1]
    order = Nag_ColMajor;
#else
#define T(I,J) t[(I-1)*pdt + J - 1]
    order = Nag_RowMajor;
#endif
    INIT_FAIL(fail);
    Vprintf("f08qfc Example Program Results\n\n");
    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    Vscanf("%ld%*[^\n] ", &n);
#ifdef NAG_COLUMN_MAJOR
    pdq = 1;
    pdt = n;
#else
    pdq = 1;
    pdt = n;
#endif
```

    /* Allocate memory */
    ```
    if ( !(q = NAG_ALLOC(1 * 1, double)) ||
        !(t = NAG_ALLOC(n * n, double)) )
        {
        Vprintf("Allocation failure\n");
        exit_status = -1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Read T from data file */
    for (i = 1; i <= n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = 1; j <= n; ++j)
            Vscanf("%lf", &T(i,j));
    }
    Vscanf("%*[^\n] ");
    Vscanf("%ld%ld%*[^\n] ", &ifst, &ilst);
    /* Reorder the Schur factorization T */
    f08qfc(order, Nag_NotQ, n, t, pdt, q, pdq, &ifst, &ilst, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
        {
        Vprintf("Error from f08qfc.\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
    }
    /* Print reordered Schur form */
    x04cac(order, Nag_GeneralMatrix, Nag_NonUnitDiag, n, n,
        t, pdt, "Reordered Schur form", 0, &fail);
    if (fail.code != NE_NOERROR)
        {
        Vprintf("Error from x04cac.\n%s\n", fail.message);
        exit_status = 1;
        goto END;
        }
END:
    if (q) NAG_FREE(q);
    if (t) NAG_FREE(t);
    return exit_status;
}
```


### 9.2 Program Data

f08qfc Example Program Data
4
$0.80-0.11 \quad 0.01 \quad 0.03$
$\begin{array}{llll}0.00 & -0.10 & 0.25 & 0.35\end{array}$
$0.00-0.65 \quad-0.10 \quad 0.20$
$0.00 \quad 0.00 \quad 0.00 \quad-0.10$

```
:End of matrix T
:Values of IFST and ILST
```


### 9.3 Program Results

f08qfc Example Program Results

| Reordered Schur form |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| 1 | -0.1000 | -0.6463 | 0.0874 | 0.2010 |
| 2 | 0.2514 | -0.1000 | 0.0927 | 0.3505 |
| 3 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.8000 | -0.0117 |
| 4 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | -0.1000 |

