Міністерство освіти і науки України Східноєвропейський національний університет імені Лесі Українки Факультет іноземної філології Кафедра іноземних мов гуманітарних спеціальностей

АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА. ПІДСУМКОВИЙ КОНТРОЛЬ У ФОРМІ КОМП'ЮТЕРНОГО ТЕСТУВАННЯ

Навчально-методична розробка для студентів III курсу факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи СНУ імені Лесі Українки

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Рецензенти: канд. філол. наук, доцент кафедри української та іноземної лінгвістики Луцького НТУ *Приходько В. Б.*;

канд. філол. наук, доцент кафедри іноземних мов та перекладу факультету міжнародних відносин СНУ ім. Лесі Українки *Печко Н. М.*

Колектив авторів: Гедз С. Ф., Воробйова Т. В., Гордієнко Ю. А., Гусак Л. Є., Кондрук А. Ю., Мельник О. М., Мельничук О. В., Передон Н. О., Семенюк Т. П., Смалько Л. Є., Сорокіна Л. Є., Яцишин Н. П.

Англійська мова. Підсумковий контроль у формі комп'ютерного А 64 тестування: навчально-методична розробка для студентів ІІІ курсу факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи СНУ імені Лесі Українки / [С. Ф. Гедз, Т. В. Воробйова, Ю. А. Гордієнко, Л. Є. Гусак та ін.]; за ред. Ю.А. Гордієнко. – Луцьк: Вежа-Друк, 2018. – 104 с.

Навчально-методична розробка включає завдання, які розподілені на три рівні відповідно до ступеня їх складності. Завдання складені з урахуванням обсягу матеріалу, вимог до знань і вмінь студентів, передбачених програмою. Запропоновані тести призначені для визначення рівня знань з дисципліни "Іноземна мова за професійним спрямуванням" студентів третього курсу факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи.

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ПЕРЕДМОВА

Ефективним засобом організації контролю у навчанні іноземної мови ϵ тестування, яке визнача ϵ рівень навчальних досягнень студентів.

Запропонована навчально-методична розробка орієнтована на забезпечення студентів третього курсу факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи матеріалом до складання заліку з дисципліни "Іноземна мова (за професійним спрямуванням)" у формі комп'ютерного тестування.

Посібник спрямований допомогти студентам у повторенні вивченого лексичного та граматичного матеріалу та перевірити рівень їхньої загальної іншомовної комунікативної компетенції. Завдання складені з урахуванням обсягу матеріалу, вимог до знань і вмінь студентів ІІІ курсу факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи, передбачених програмами. Тести включають завдання, які розподілені на три рівні відповідно до ступеня їх складності.

Змістове наповнення першого та другого рівнів складається з тестів, які відповідають таким граматичним темам: часові форми активного і пасивного станів, пряма / непряма мова, узгодження часів, інфінітив, герундій. Тести третього рівня утворюють лексичні завдання, які відповідають навчальним програмам дисципліни "Іноземна мова (за професійним спрямуванням)" для факультету педагогічної освіти та соціальної роботи факультету, та складені згідно з вимогами програми Зовнішнього Незалежного Оцінювання для вступу до магістратури (Multiple Choice Questions, Filling in the Gaps, Definitions, Use of English).

До уваги студентів представлено тести двох типів: 1) завдання закритої форми із запропонованими відповідями, з котрих потрібно вибрати одну або декілька правильних відповідей, або встановити відповідність; 2) завдання відкритої форми.

Навчально-методична розробка складається з передмови, комплексу тестових завдань та списку рекомендованої літератури.

Рівень 1

Themes: Tense Forms (Active Voice / Passive Voice)

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HOW LONG IS IT SINCE YOU (TO FIND OUT) ABOUT IT?

found out

had found out

will findout

has found out

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

IT'S AGES SINCE WE (TO GO OUT).

had gone out

was going out

went out

go out

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I DIDN'T TELL HER ANYTHING ABOUT IT BECAUSE I (NOT TO WANT) TO UPSET HER.

didn't want

haven't wanted

won't want

doesn't want

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

WHAT'S THAT NOISE? – THE PEOPLE NEXT DOOR (TO HAVE) A PARTY.

are having

have

has had

has been having

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HE (TO BE) VERY QUIET TODAY, ISN'T HE? – YES, IT'S NOT LIKE HIM. I THINK HE HAS SOME PROBLEMS.

is being

is

have been

had been

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

IT (TO RAIN) FOR HOURS. I WISH IT WOULD STOP.

rained

has been raining

raining

rains

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HAVE YOU BEEN FOR A WALK? – YES. I OFTEN (TO GO) FOR WALKS IN THE EVENINGS.

go

have gone

will go

going

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

NOONE (TO TAKE) MY ORDER YET. I'M STILL WAITING.

doesn't take

didn't take

hasn't taken

has taken

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

BEFORE YOU (TO LEAVE) DON'T FORGET TO SHUT THE WINDOWS.

was leaving

will leave

leave

has left

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

KEN (TO SMOKE) FOR 30 YEARS WHEN HE FINALLY GAVE IT UP.

smoked

had been smoking

has been smoking

was smoking

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

AFTER MANY YEARS AWAY, HE (TO ARRIVE) BACK IN ENGLAND A MONTH AGO.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

OUR FLIGHT WAS DELAYED. WE (TO HAVE) TO WAIT FOR FOUR HOURS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I DIDN'T FEEL VERY WELL WHEN I WOKE UP, SO I (TO STAY) IN BED.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

IN MOST COUNTRIES PEOPLE (TO DRIVE) ON THE RIGHT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE BOOK YOU ARE LOOKING FOR (TO BE) ON THE TOP SHELF.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WE WERE BOTH ASTONISHED WHEN WE (TO HEAR) THE NEWS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THIS FABRIC IS SO SOFT. IT (TO FEEL) LIKE SILK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I FEEL FULL OF ENERGY TODAY. I (TO SLEEP) LIKE A LOG LAST NIGHT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I (TO LEARN) HOW TO PLAY CHESS FOR THREE MONTHS NOW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WE'VE BEEN FRIENDS SINCE WE (TO START) COLLEGE.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

ARE THEY MARRIED? - YES, THEY (TO BE) MARRIED FOR TWO YEARS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

DON'T TOUCH THAT! YOU (TO HURT) YOURSELF!

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'M SURE YOU (TO BE) VERY SURPRISED WHEN YOU MEET HIM.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

HE WILL NOT DO ANYTHING BEFORE YOU (TO TELL) HIM TO.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I DIDN'T FEEL WELL YESTERDAY BUT NOBODY (TO COME) TO SEE ME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I (TO UNDERSTAND) WHAT HE WAS TRYING TO SAY BUT PAT DIDN'T.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'M SURE THEY (TO FIND) NEW YORK MORE EXCITING THAN HOUSTON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): HURRYUP! IT (TO BE) TIME TO GO!

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I (TO SEE) JILL THREE MONTHS AGO. I HOPE TO SEE HER NEXT WEEK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

IT (TO RAIN) WHEN I GOT UP YESTERDAY MORNING.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

SHE WAS COOKING DINNER WHEN WE (TO ARRIVE).

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

SHE (TO COME) HOME LATE YESTERDAY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

PETE (TO INVITE) HIS NEW FRIENDS TO HIS HOUSE-WARMING PARTY LAST WEEK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE HOUSE WAS VERY QUIET WHEN I GOT HOME. EVERYBODY (TO GO) TO BED.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WHEN I CAME BACK TO MY HOME TOWN AFTER MANY YEARS MOST OF MY FRIENDS WERE NO LONGER THERE. THEY (TO LEAVE).

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

MAGNET (TO ATTRACT) IRON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

CAN YOU LOOK AFTER THE CHILDREN WHILE I (TO BE) OUT?

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'LL PHONE YOU AS SOON AS I (TO ARRIVE) IN LONDON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

JANE (TO HAVE) A VERY BAD DAY YESTERDAY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I HOPE SHE (TO BE) BACK SOON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

ACCORDING TO THE WEATHER FORECAST IT (TO RAIN) TOMORROW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

EXCUSE ME, I (TO LOOK) FOR A HOTEL. IS THERE ONE NEAR HERE?

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'M NOT SURE IF THIS DRESS REALLY (TO FIT) ME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE RIVER NILE (TO FLOW) INTO THE MEDITERRANEAN SEA.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

CAN YOU DRIVE? - NO BUT I (TO LEARN) NOW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I (TO BREAK) A BOWL YESTERDAY MORNING WHEN I WAS WASHING THE DISHES.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WHEN JOHN WAS WALKING HOME, HE (TO FEEL) A SHARP PAIN IN HIS BACK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

WE WERE WATCHING TV WHEN SOMEONE (TO KNOCK) AT THE DOOR.

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

ADAM (TO WORK) FOR THREE DIFFERENT COMPANIES SO FAR.

had worked

work

has worked

have worked

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

JASON (TO WORK) AT CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY FOR MORE THAN 5 YEARS BEFORE HE LEFT FOR ASIA.

worked

had been working

has worked

works

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO BELIEVE) IT'S GOING TO RAIN.

believed

was believing

believe

had believed

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO TAKE) A KEEN INTEREST IN THE HISTORYOF ART SINCE MY CHILDHOOD.

have been taken

have taken

was taken

has taken

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE ARRIVAL OF THE MOBILE PHONE (TO TRANSFORM) OUR LIFE STYLES VERY MUCH.

was transformed

transform

has transformed is transform

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO READ) POSITIVE REVIEWS ABOUT THAT FILM IN THE PAPERS SO I AM GOING TO SEE IT.

was read

readed

have read

had read

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

WE (NOT TO BE) TO THE CINEMA FOR WEEKS.

haven't been

were not

was not

hadn't been

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE NEWS (TO BE) A SHOCK TO US.

have been

was

were

had been

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HE EXPLAINED WHY HE (TO REFUSE) THE OFFER.

has refused

had refused

has been refused

refuses

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

IN RECENT YEARS, THERE (TO BE) GROWING INTEREST IN LEARNING ENGLISH ACADEMIC WRITING.

are

has been

is being

were

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HERE'S MY REPORT. I (TO FINISH) IT AT LAST.

had finished

have finished

was finishing

finish

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

ROBERT (TO BE) ILLFORTWOWEEKS. HE'S STILL IN HOSPITAL.

is

was

has been

have been

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO KNOW) THEM FOR ALMOST FIVE YEARS.

know

have been knowing

had been knowing

have known

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO SEE) JAMESTONIGHT. WE HAVE ARRANGED IT.

had seen

had been seeing

am seeing

saw

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

AFTER LARRY (TO SEE) THE FILM ON TV, HE DECIDED TO BUY THE BOOK.

was seen

had seen

was seeing

has seen

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE PROBLEM OF POLLUTION (TO GET) WORSE THESE DAYS had got

have got get is getting

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I USUALLY (TO READ) A BOOK BEFORE I GO TO SLEEP.

have read

read

was reading

have been reading

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

KATE (TO STUDY) HARD RECENTLY. SHE IS TAKING HER EXAM NEXT. N

has been studying

studies

were studying

study

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HELEN (TO WORK) ALL DAY. SHE LOOKS VERY TIRED.

has been working

shall beworking

working

work

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

ALICE COMPLAINED THAT THEY (TO QUARREL) SINCE MORNING.

will quarrel

had been quarreling

is quarreling

quarrel

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I'M SO TIRED. I (TO PREPARE) FOR MY EXAM THE WHOLE DAY.

shall preparing

prepare

have been preparing

were preparing

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

EDWARD IS A WRITER. HE (TO WRITE) MYSTERY NOVELS SINCE HE WAS 26.

writes

written

has been writing

was written

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

ADAM (TO LOOK) FOR A JOB SINCE EASTER.

looks

are looking

has been looking

is looked

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

IT (TO RAIN) FOR THREE DAYS.

has been raining

has raining

raining

rains

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

LOOKATHEREYES! I'M SURE SHE (TO CRY).

have cried

cry

shall cry

has been crying

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

WE (TO WORK) DAY AND NIGHT ON THIS PROJECT, SO NOW IT'S TIME TO RELAX AND HAVE SOME FUN.

work

had worked

has been working

have been working

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

WHEN THE CHILDREN CAME BACK HOME, THEY WERE TIRED. THEY

(TO SWIM) IN THE POOL ALL AFTERNOON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WE CAN USE THE CAR NOW, I (TO REPAIR) IT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WHEN I GOT TO THE AIRPORT I REALIZED I (TO FORGET) MY PASSPORT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

HE WAS WALKING DOWN THE STREET WHEN HE (TO RUN) INTO HIS OLD FRIEND.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

WHAT IS SAM BUSY WITH? – HE IS TALKING ON THE PHONE NOW. HE (TO TALK) ON THE PHONE FOR HALF AN HOUR.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THIS OLD ARMCHAIR LOOKS BRAND NEW BECAUSE HE (TO FIX) IT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THIS TIME NEXT WEEK DON AND JILL WILL BE IN A PLANE. THEY (TO FLY) TO PARIS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

SHE (TO DELIVER) ALL THE NEWSPAPERS BY 8 O'CLOCK TOMORROW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

HE (TO TRANSLATE) THIS ARTICLE BY 7 P.M. TOMORROW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

TOM FELT EXHAUSTED WHEN HE CAME BACK HOME. HE (TO DRIVE) FOR TEN HOURS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

I WAS COOKING LUNCH WHILE HE (TO TALK) OVER THE PHONE.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

SHE HASN'T SEEN JIM SINCE SHE (TO LEAVE) SCHOOL.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

CLAIRE IS VERY SOCIABLE. SHE (TO KNOW) LOTS OF PEOPLE.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

THE TEMPERATURE (TO REACH) 35° C TOMORROW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

PLEASE, CALL ME WHEN JACK (TO COME) BACK HOME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

HAVE YOU PHONED PAUL YET? – NO, I'LL PHONE HIM WHEN I (TO GET) HOME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

IF WE (TO WORK) HARD, WE'LL FINISH THE PROJECT ON TIME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

IS JANE COMING TO THE PARTY? – I DON'T THINK SO. SHE (TO GET) FLU.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

THEY (TO WAIT) HERE FOR OVER AN HOUR BUT THE CONCERT HASN'T STARTED YET.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

WE HADN'T ARRANGED TO MEET. WE (TO MEET) BY CHANCE.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

THE TRAIN WAS LATE BUT NOONE (TO KNOW) THE REASON FOR THE DELAY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

IT BEGAN TO RAIN WHEN I (TO WALK) HOME.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

HURRY UP! ANN WILL BE ANNOYED IF WE (TO BE) LATE AGAIN.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

SHE IS GOING AWAY FOR A FEW DAYS. BUT SHE (TO PHONE) YOU WHEN SHE GETS BACK.

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

SOMETIMES MISTAKES (TO MAKE). IT'S INEVITABLE.

are being made

are made

has been made

is made

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

BUYING HABITS (TO INFLUENCE) BY ADVERTISEMENTS.

are influenced

influence

are influencing

is influenced

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HAVE YOU ARRANGED THE PARTY YET? – YES. ALL THE INVITATIONS (TO SEND).

had been sent

have been send

have been sent

are send

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

CAN YOU SWIM? – OH YES. I (TO TEACH) HOW TO SWIM WHEN I WAS SEVEN.

have been taught

had been taught

was taught

am taught

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THIS ROOM IS A DISGRACE. IT (NOT TO CLEAN) FOR WEEKS.

hasn't been cleaned

wasn't cleaning

wasn't cleaned

hasn't been cleaning

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

HAS TOM GOT A JOB? - NO. HE (TO MAKE) REDUNDANT LAST MONTH.

had been made

has been made

makes

was made

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I AM TIRED. – SO AM I. BUT THESE REPORTS MUST (TO TYPE) BEFORE WE LEAVE.

type

be typed

have typed

typing

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

BAD NEWS ABOUT OUR LUGGAGE. IT (TO SEND) TO AUSTRALIA.

will send

has been sending

has been sent

sent

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE APARTMENT (TO SELL) LAST WEEK.

was sold

sold

had sold

had been sold

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THESE REMAINS (TO BELIEVE) TO DATE BACK TO THE BRONZE AGE.

are believed

was believed

have believed

believes

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THEY DIDN'T LEAVE THE RESTAURANT UNTIL THE BILL (TO PAY).

had been paid

has paid

had paid

will be paid

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE ACROPOLIS (TO BUILD) BY THE ANCIENT GREEKS.

built

has been built

had built

was built

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THIS CASTLE (TO VISIT) BY HUNDREDS OF PEOPLE EVERY DAY.

is visited

is being visited

have been visited is visiting

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

LAST YEAR HER DREAM CAME TRUE AND SHE (TO OFFER) A CHANCE TO STUDY IN AMERICA.

will be offered

was offered

have been offered

is offered

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

WE CAN'T USE THE FITNESS CENTRE YET BECAUSE IT (TO BUILD) NOW.

is still building

is still being built

is still build

builds

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE POSSIBILITY OF NEW NEGOTIATIONS (TO DISCUSS) AT THE PRESENT MOMENT.

has been discussing

was discussed

is being discussed

discussed

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

LAST YEAR HER DREAM CAME TRUE AND SHE (TO OFFER) A CHANCE TO STUDY IN AMERICA.

wasn't used

was not being used

didn't use

hasn't been used

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

GERMAN (TO SPEAK) IN AUSTRIA.

speaks

is being spoken

is spoken has been spoken

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE VILLA (TO BUILD) WHEN WE MOVED HERE.

was building
was being built
is being build
had built

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

EVERYTHING (TO DO) BY NEXT TUESDAY.

will be doing
would be doing
will have been done
has done

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE MEETING (TO PUT OFF).

have put off has been put off has being put off will put off

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I'M SURE YOU (TO TELL) ABOUT IT SOON.

has been told will be told will told had been told

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

OUR HOUSE (TO BREAK INTO) LAST NIGHT.

had broken into was broken into were broken into broke into

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

MY WALLET (TO STEAL) YESTERDAY.

was steal was stolen have been stolen stole

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THIS CHURCH (TO BUILD) IN 1815.

was built

was build

was building

were built

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE ANTIQUE ARTEFACT (TO RESTORE) BY AN EXPERT AT THE MOMENT.

is being restored

is being restore

were restoring

restored

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I REALIZED I (TO FOLLOW).

was being followed am being followed

following

has been followed

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

ARE YOU SURE THE DOOR (TO SHUT)?

had shut

has been being shut

has been shut

have shut

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

I (TO TELL) ABOUT THE ACCIDENT BEFORE YOU MENTIONED IT.

been told

had not been told

was not tell

has tell

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

PROFESSOR WISE'S THEORY (TO CHOOSE) AS A THEORETICAL FRAMEWORK OF THIS PAPER.

chose

has been chosen

chooses

was chosed

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

SORRY ABOUT THE NOISE – THE ROAD (TO MEND).

had been mending

was mending

is mending

is being mended

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

DON'T WORRY. I'M SURE YOU (TO TELL) WHERE TO GO.

had told

will told

has told

will be told

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE MEDICINE (TO BUY) BY AN OLD LADY WHEN WE ENTERED THE PHARMACY.

was being buyed

was buy

bought

was being bought

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE TAJ MAHAL (TO BUILD) AROUND 1640.

has been built

was being built

built

was built

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

AVATAR (TO MAKE) BY JAMES CAMERON.

will be made was making makes was made

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

A NEW SHOP (TO OPEN) THIS WEEK.

have been opened shall been open were opened has been opened

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE PIANO (TO TUNE) LONG BEFORE THE CONCERT.

had been tuning

had been tune

have been tuned

had been tuned

Оберіть правильну форму дієслова в дужках:

THE MAIN PROBLEMS (TO DISCUSS) AT THE SEMINAR BEFORE IT WAS OVER.

had been discussing

had been discuss

was discussed

had been discussed

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

LISA IS SENDING TIM AN INVITATION.

Tim is being sent an invitation.

Tim is sent an invitation.

Lisa is being sent an invitation.

An invitation is sent to Tim by Lisa.

An invitation is being sent to Tim by Lisa.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THE WAITER IS SERVING THEM DINNER NOW.

The waiter is served by them now.

Dinner is being served to them by the waiter now.

Dinner served to them now.

They being served dinner by the waiter now.

They are being served dinner by the waiter now.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані: THEY PAID HIM A LOT OF MONEY FOR THE JOB.

He was paid a lot of money for the job.

They were paid a lot of money.

He was payed a lot of money for the job.

A lot of money was paid to him for the job.

A lot of money were paid to him for the job.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані: SOME PASSERBY SHOWED ME THE WAY TO HER HOUSE.

I was shown the way to her house by some passerby.

Some passerby was shown the way to her house.

I was show the way to her house with some passerby.

The way to her house has been shown by some passerby.

The way to her house was shown to me by some passerby.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані: SOMEONE SENT HELEN SOME FLOWERS.

Helen sent some flowers.

Helen being sent some flowers.

Some flowers is sent to Helen.

Helen was sent some flowers.

Some flowers were sent to Helen.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані: THE CASHIER HAS JUST GIVEN ME A RECEIPT.

I have just been given a receipt by the cashier.

I have just given a receipt by the cashier.

A receipt has just been given to me by the cashier.

A receipt been given to me by the cashier.

The cashier has just been given a receipt.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

WE HOPE THEY WILL SEND US AN INVITATION.

We hope we will be sent an invitation.

We hope they will be sent an invitation.

We will be sended an invitation by them.

An invitation will sent by them.

We hope an invitation will be sent to us by them.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THEY HAVE OFFERED ME A NEW JOB.

I were offered a new job by them.

I have been offered a new job by them.

They have been offered a new job.

A new job has been offered to me by them.

A new job have been offered to me by them.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

BOB HAS SOLD TED A SECOND-HAND CAR.

Ted was sold a second-hand car.

Ted has been sold a second-hand car by Bob.

A second-hand car had been sold by Bob.

Bob has been sold a second-hand car.

A second-hand car has been sold to Ted by Bob.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THE TRAFFIC WARDEN HAD ALREADY GIVEN HIM A TICKET FOR ILLEGAL PARKING.

He had already been given a ticket for illegal parking by the traffic warden.

He has been given a ticket for illegal parking.

A ticket had already given to him for illegal parking

A ticket for illegal parking had already been given to him by the traffic warden.

The traffic warden had been given a ticket.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

MY DOCTOR HAS PRESCRIBED ME THIS MEDICINE.

My doctor has been prescribed this medicine.

I have been prescribed this medicine by my doctor.

This medicine has been prescribed to me by my doctor.

This medicine has prescribed to me.

I was prescribed this medicine by my doctor.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

JESSICA SHOWED ROD SOME PHOTOS.

Rod was shown some photos by Jessica.

Some photos were shown to Rod by Jessica.

Rod will shown some photos by Jessica.

Some photos is shown to Rod by Jessica.

Some photos shown to Rod by Jessica.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THE POLICE OFFICER GAVE ME A TICKET.

I was given a ticket by the police officer.

A ticket was given to me by the police officer.

The police officer was given a ticket.

I given a ticket by the police officer.

A ticket was gave to me by the police officer.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

KEN OFFERED JANET A RIDE.

Ken was offered a ride.

Janet offered a ride.

Janet was being offered a ride.

Janet was offered a ride by Ken.

A ride was offered to Janet by Ken.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

MRS. HARRIS SENT THE COMPANY A LETTER OF COMPLAINT.

The company has been sent a letter of complaint.

The company was sent a letter of complaint by Mrs. Harris.

Mrs. Harris was sent a letter of complaint.

A letter of complaint was sent to the company by Mrs. Harris.

A letter of complaint were sended to the company by Mrs. Harris.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

MY SISTER TOLD ME A JOKE.

I was tell a joke.

My sister was told a joke.

I was told a joke by my sister.

A joke was told to me by my sister.

A joke were told to me by my sister.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

LIZ SHOWED ME SOME HOLIDAY PICTURES.

Liz was shown some holiday pictures.

I shown some holiday pictures by Liz.

I was shown some holiday pictures by Liz.

Some holiday pictures was shown to me by Liz.

Some holiday pictures were shown to me by Liz.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

WE SENT THEM NOTHING.

Nothing was sent to them.

We were sent nothing.

Nothing was sended to them.

They were sent nothing.

They were not sent nothing.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

TOM GAVE US A COMPLETELY FALSE IDEA.

We were given a completely false idea by Tom.

Tom was given a completely false idea.

We gave a completely false idea by Tom.

A completely false idea was given to us by Tom.

A completely false idea has been given by Tom.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані: SHE PROMISED US AN INTERESTING ENTERTAINMENT.

We were promised an interesting entertainment by her.

She was promised an interesting entertainment.

An interesting entertainment is promised by her.

We promised an interesting entertainment.

An interesting entertainment was promised to us by her.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THE WAITER HAS JUST BROUGHT US THE BILL.

The bill been brought to us with the waiter.

The waiter have been brought the bill.

We have brought the bill.

We have just been brought the bill by the waiter.

The bill has just been brought to us by the waiter.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

WE HAVE JUST GIVEN HIM A NEW BOOK.

A new book has just given by us.

He has just been given a new book by us.

He have just been given a new book.

A new book has just been given to him by us.

A new book just been given to he by us.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THEY HAVE OFFERED HIM A NEW POSITION.

He has been offered a new position by them.

A new position was offered by him by them.

He have been offered a new position by they

A new position has been offered to him by them.

They have been offered a new position.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

JEFF HAS JUST SENT YOU A BUNCH OF FLOWERS.

You have just being sent a bunch of flowers by Jeff.

A bunch of flowers have just been send to you by Jeff.

Jeff has been sent a bunch of flowers to you.

A bunch of flowers has just been sent to you by Jeff.

You have just been sent a bunch of flowers by Jeff.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

THE WAITER IS SERVING US LUNCH AT THE MOMENT.

The waiter is served by us now.

Lunch is being served to us by the waiter now.

Lunch served to us now.

We being served lunch by the waiter now.

We are being served lunch by the waiter now.

Оберіть правильні варіанти даного речення у пасивному стані:

MY DOCTOR HAS PRESCRIBED ME THESE PILLS.

My doctor has been prescribed these pills.

I have been prescribed these pills by my doctor.

These pills have been prescribed to me by my doctor.

These pills have prescribed to me with my doctor..

I was prescribed these pills by my doctor.

Рівень 2

Themes: Tense Forms (Passive Voice), Direct / Indirect Speech, Sequence of Tenses, The Infinitive, The Gerund

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): LAST WEEK SHE (TO EMPLOY) BY AN INTERNATIONAL COMPANY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): WE HOPE THAT THE MISSING MONEY (TO FIND) SOON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): JOHN'S FLAT (TO BREAK) INTO LAST WEEK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THE ROOF OF THE BUILDING (TO DAMAGE) IN A STORM A FEW DAYS AGO.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): JACK AND HIS BROTHER (TO ADOPT) BY THEIR AUNT TEN YEARS AGO.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THE PRESIDENT (TO ELECT) EVERY FOUR YEARS IN OUR COUNTRY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): I THINK THESE CHEQUES (TO PAY) TOMORROW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): AS A RULE MY CAR (TO SERVICE) TWICE A YEAR.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): MANY DIFFERENT LANGUAGES (TO SPEAK) IN INDIA.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): A TEENAGER (TO INJURE) IN A CAR ACCIDENT LAST NIGHT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THE HOUSE (TO BUILD) LAST YEAR.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THE GARDEN FENCE (TO REPAIR) NOW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): EVERYONE KNOWS THAT PAPER (TO MAKE) FROM WOOD.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THECAR (TO REPAIR). YOU CAN USE IT NOW.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): YOU CAN'T USE THIS ROAD. IT (TO REPAIR) AT THE MOMENT

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THIS IDEA (TO PROPOSE) BY JEFF SEVERAL MINUTES AGO. EVERYONE THINKS IT'S GREAT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): EVERYONE KNOWS THAT BUTTER (TO MAKE) FROM MILK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):
THE CRIMINAL (TO CATCH) YESTERDAY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

TWENTY PERCENT OF THE WORLD'S OIL (TO OWN) BY SAUDI ARABIA.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): I CAN'T FIND MY KEY. IT (TO LOSE) TODAY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): TELEVISION (TO INVENT) IN THE 1920s.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі): THE PRESIDENT (TO INTERVIEW) NOW. Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'M SURE THIS WORK (TO FINISH) NEXT WEEK.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE QUESTION (TO ANSWER) AT THE MOMENT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE PYRAMIDS (TO BUILD) THOUSANDS OF YEARS AGO.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

MY CAR (TO REPAIR) THIS WEEK SO I HAVE TO GET TO WORK BY BUS.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I AM SURE THESE REFUGEES (TO SAVE) SOON.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I THINK THE ROOM (TO REDECORATE) NEXT MONTH.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

I'M SURE THIS HOUSE (TO SELL) NEXT MONTH.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE HOUSE (TO SELL) BY THE END OF THE LAST YEAR.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE CAR (TO FIX) BEFORE TERRY PAID FOR IT.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE CLIENT (TO CONSULT) BEFORE THE OFFICE CLOSED.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

THE BOY (TO INTERRUPT) BEFORE HE MANAGED TO EXPLAIN EVERYTHING.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE VILLA (TO BUY) BEFORE THEY MOVED TO THIS CITY.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках (усі літери маленькі):

THE NEWS (TO SPREAD) BEFORE THEY COULD STOP PAPARAZZI.

Впишіть правильну часову форму дієслова у дужках

(усі літери маленькі):

THE PRICE (TO DETERMINE) BEFORE THE EXPERTS ARRIVED.

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I'LL SEE YOU LATER," HE SAID

He said he would see me later

He said he see me later

He said he is seeing me later

He said he seen me later

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"SHE'S SPEAKING TO JOE," HE SAID

He said she was speaking to Joe

He said she speaking to Joe

He said she had spoken to Joe

He said she speaks to Joe

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I'LL GO TO LONDON," SHE SAID

She said she go to London

She said she would go to London

She said she went to London

She said she is gone to London

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HE'S WATCHING TV," SHE SAID

She said he was watching TV

She said he watching TV

She said he is watching TV

She said he watched TV

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HE LEFT AN HOUR AGO," SHE SAID

She said he had left an hour before

She said he leave an hour before

She said he is left an hour before

She said he has left an hour before

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HE LIKES WALKING," SHE SAID

She said he like walking

She said he liked walking

She said he has liked walking

She said he liking walking

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"TOM IS LEAVING TOMORROW, " SHE SAID

She said Tom leaving the next day

She said Tom will leave the next day

She said Tom was leaving the next day

She said Tom would left the next day

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

LAURA SAID, "THE HOT DOGS ARE DELICIOUS"

Laura said that the hot dogs is delicious

Laura said that the hot dogs have been delicious

Laura said that the hot dogs had been delicious

Laura said that the hot dogs were delicious

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

MARY SAID, "I WANT TO GO OUT WITH MY FRIENDS"

Mary said that she want to go out with her friends

Mary said that she has wanted to go out with her friends

Mary said that she wanted to go out with her friends

Mary said that she wanted to go out with my friends

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

BOB AND MARIE SAID, "WE ARE TAKING OUR DOG FOR A WALK"

Bob and Marie said they were taking their dog for a walk

Bob and Marie said they were taking our dog for a walk

Bob and Marie said they took their dog for a walk

Bob and Marie said they have taken our dog for a walk

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"IT'S NICE TO BE HOME," TOM SAID

Tom said that it's nice he has been at home

Tom said that it had been nice to be home

Tom said that it would be nice to be home

Tom said that it was nice to be home

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

HE ASKED ME, "HOW OLD IS SHE?"

He asked me how old she has been

He asked me how old she was

He asked me how old is she

He asked me how old was she

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"DO YOU WORK HARD ENOUGH?" SHE ASKED HIM

She asked him if he worked hard enough

She asked him if he work hard enough

She asked him if he is working hard enough

She asked him if he has worked hard enough

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I AM GOING OUT." HE SAID

He said that he went out

He said that he was going out

He said that he has gone out

He said that he had gone out

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

HE SAID, "DID YOU ENJOY THE PARTY?"

He asked if I has enjoyed the party

He asked did I enjoy the party He asked if I had enjoyed the party He asked if I was enjoying the party

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

HE ASKED ME, "WHAT TIME IS IT?"

He asked me what time it has been

He asked me what time is it

He asked me what time it is

He asked me what time it was

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

HE SAID, "I'LL HAVE SOME TEA"

He said he will have some tea

He said I would have some tea

He said he would have some tea

He said he will be having some tea

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"WHAT DO YOU WANT TO KNOW?" SHE ASKED ME

She asked me what I want to know

She asked me what I wanted to know

She asked me what do I want to know

She asked me what did I want to know

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I HAVE A LOT OF WORK TO DO TODAY," SHE SAID

She said that she has a lot of work to do today

She said that she is having a lot of work to do that day

She said that she has had a lot of work to do today

She said that she had a lot of work to do that day

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I'VE ORDERED A PIZZA FOR DINNER," HE SAID

He said that he ordered a pizza for dinner

He said that he has ordered a pizza for dinner

He said that he would order a pizza for dinner

He said that he had ordered a pizza for dinner

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HE'LL BE BACK IN AN HOUR," SHE SAID

She said he will back in an hour

She said he would back in an hour

She said he is back in an hour

She said he would be back in an hour

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I HAD A BRILLIANT TIME," MR JONES SAID

Mr Jones said that he had had a brilliant time

Mr Jones said that he has had a brilliant time

Mr Jones said that I had a brilliant time

Mr Jones said that he was having a brilliant time

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

SOPHIE SAID, "I BOUGHT A NEW CAMERA YESTERDAY"

Sophie said that she has bought a new camera yeaterday

Sophie said that she had bought a new camera the day before

Sophie said that she have bought a new camera yesterday

Sophie said that she was buying a new camera yesterday

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"DO YOU WANT ME TO WAIT FOR YOU?" SHE ASKED ME

She asked did I want she to wait for me

She asked if I wanted her to wait for me

She asked whether I would want she to wait for me

She asked if I have wanted her to wait for me

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"JACK LEFT THE COUNTRY," THEY SAID

They said Jack had left the country

They said Jack has left the country

They said Jack would leave the country

They said Jack is left the country

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

TOM SAID. "I HAVE LOST MY BOARDING PASS"

Tom said that he has lost my boarding pass

Tom said that he had lost his boarding pass

Tom said that he lost my boarding pass Tom said that he lost his boarding pass

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"IT WAS A FRIGHTENING EXPERIENCE," HE SAID

He said it has been a frightening experience

He said it had been a frightening experience

He said it would be a frightening experience

He said it were a frightening experience

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"IT IS A VERY OLD CASTLE," SHE SAID

She said it has been a very old castle

She said it was a very old castle

She said it had been a very old castle

She said it would been a very old castle

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I WAS PLANNING TO CALL YOU LATER," SHE SAID

She said she has been planning to call me later

She said she had planned to call you later

She said she had been planning to call me later

She said she was planning to call you later

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"WHERE DID HE STAY?" SHE ASKED

She asked where did he stay

She asked where he had stayed

She asked where he has stayed

She asked where he stays

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"DID YOU HAVE A NICE TIME?" HE ASKED ME

He asked me if I had had a nice time

He asked me if I has had a nice time

He asked me whether I was having a nice time

He asked me whether I've been having a nice time

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

SHE ASKED ME, "WHERE HAS HE GONE?"

She asked me where he has gone She asked me where has he gone She asked me where he went She asked me where he had gone

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I'VE FINISHED ALL MY WORK," SHE SAID

She said that she had finished all her work

She said that she had finished all my work

She said that she finished all her work

She said that she has finished all my work

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HOW MUCH OF THIS LUGGAGE IS YOURS?" SHE ASKED

She asked how much of the luggage was mine

She asked how much of the luggage was my

She asked how much of the luggage has been mine

She asked how much of the luggage had been my

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I HAVE BEEN WORKING HARD," HE SAID

He said he had been working hard

He said he was working hard

He said he had worked hard

He said he has worked hard

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"WHAT ARE YOU DOING?" HE ASKED ME

He asked me what are you doing

He asked me what I was doing

He asked me what I did

He asked me what I have been doing

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"WHERE DID HE STAY?" SHE ASKED ME

She asked me where he has stayed

She asked me where he had stayed

She asked me where did he stay

She asked me where he has been staying

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"WHAT TIME WILL YOU ARRIVE?" HE ASKED ME

He asked me what time will I arrive

He asked me what time I would arrive

He asked me what time would I arrive

He asked me what time I would have arrived

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"HAVE YOU SEEN THIS MAN BEFORE?" HE ASKED ME

He asked me if I saw the man before

He asked me if I had seen the man before

He asked me if I had to see the man before

He asked me if have I seen the man before

Оберіть правильний варіант речення з непрямою мовою:

"I'VE ALREADY SEEN THIS FILM," HE SAID

He said he already saw the film

He said he had already seen the film

He said he would have already seen this film

He said I have already seen this film

Оберіть правильну відповідь:

SHE WENT TO THE BANK ____ SOME MONEY.

to get

get

getting

got

Оберіть правильну відповідь:

HE ADVISED ME ___ FOR THE JOB.

applying

applied

apply

to apply

Оберіть правильну відповідь:

I CAN'T DECIDE WHERE ___.

going

go
goes
to go
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE IS GLAD BACK.
being
to be
was
be
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE IS TOO SHY TO THE MANAGER.
talk
talking
talks
to talk
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT WAS NICE OF HIM
help
to help
helping
is helping
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I WOULD LIKE A FOREIGN LANGUAGE.
learning
to learn
learn
learns
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE RUSHED TO THE BACK DOOR ONLY THAT IT WAS LOCKED.
to discover
discover
discovering
discovered

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
STUDENTS MUST HARD.
studying
study
to study
are studying
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THEY MADE HIM FOR THE DAMAGE.
paying
paid
pay
to pay
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
YOU HAD BETTER THE CONTRACT.
signing
sign
signed
to sign
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I WOULD RATHER HOME NOW.
going
go
is going
to go
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SANDRA WANTS TO A NEW HOUSE NEXT YEAR.
move
to move
moving
will move
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I DON'T WANT YOU A MESS.
make
makes

to make
making
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I WANT JOHN THIS RULE.
explain
to explain
explained
explaining
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TIM IS TOO OLD THE BASKETBALL TEAM.
join —
joining
joins
to join
3
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THEY RUN TOO FAST FOR ME WITH THEM.
catch up
catching up
to catch up
am catching up
3 1
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THIS RING IS TOO EXPENSIVE FOR ME
buying
buy
bought
to buy
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE IS CLEVER ENOUGH THE PROBLEM.
solving
solved
to solve
solves
301103

Оберіть правильну відповідь:

WE'VE GOT ENOUGH MONEY ON HOLIDAY THIS YEAR.
to go
go
goes
going
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE IS COMPLAINING ABOUT A HEADACHE.
having
to have
have
has
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MARCUS WENT OUT INSTEAD OF HIS HOMEWORK.
do
did
to do
doing
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TRACY WAS VERY EXCITED ABOUT TO THE PARTY.
go
to go
went
going
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I HOPE YOU HAVE A GOOD EXCUSE FOR SO LATE.
be
being
to be
are
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SAM IS INTERESTED IN FRENCH LESSONS.
take up
to take up

takes up
taking up
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
YOU CAN'T STOP HIM FROM THE JOB IF HE WANTS.
take
taking
to take
took
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SUSIE RAN BECAUSE SHE WAS WORRIED ABOUT THE BUS.
miss
missing
to miss
misses
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THANK YOU FOR ME WITH MY HOMEWORK.
helping
help
helps to help
to help
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE FELT TIRED BECAUSE SHE WASN'T USED TO SO HARD.
work
working
works
is working
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HIS BOSS BLAMED HIM FOR THE DEAL.
to lose
lose
losing
lost

Оберіть правильну відповідь:

I AM IN CHARGE OF THE CHRISTMAS DELIVERIES. to make making makes make
Оберіть правильну відповідь: WE ARE THINKING OF A NEW CAR NEXT MONTH. buy buying to buy bought
Оберіть правильну відповідь: SANDRA APOLOGISED FOR THE PERFORMANCE. ruin ruining to ruin ruined
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IAN WAS TALKING ABOUT A SHOP IN YORK. to open open opening is opening
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IT'S NO USE TO BOB, HE WON'T CHANGE HIS MIND. talk talking talked to talk
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IT WAS GOOD OF YOU ME FIX MY BICYCLE. help helped

helping
to help
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE MAN SUGGESTED THE POLICE, TO INVESTIGATE to call call calling called
Оберіть правильну відповідь: I CAN'T GET USED TO IN SUCH A HOT COUNTRY. live lived am living living
Оберіть правильну відповідь: HE ADMITTED THE BANK. to rob rob robbing has robbed
Оберіть правильну відповідь: YOU HAD BETTER, OR YOU'LL BE LATE FOR WORK. hurry hurrying to hurry hurried
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THEY REFUSED ME MY MONEY BACK. to give gives give giving

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE IS TOO SHORT A FASHION MODEL.
become
becomes
becoming
to become
Оберіть правильну відповідь: MY PARENTS LET ME UP LATE AT WEEKENDS. staying to stay stays stays
Оберіть правильну відповідь: OUR TEACHER MAKES US HOMEWORK EVERY EVENING. doing do did to do
Оберіть правильну відповідь: HE ADVISED HER TO HER BOSS. speaking spoke speak to speak
Оберіть правильну відповідь: I DISLIKE TO THE THEATRE ALONE. go going am going went
<i>Оберіть правильну відповідь:</i> MY SISTER CAN'T STAND HORROR FILMS. SHE GETS TERRIBLY SCARED. watch

watching	
to watch	
watches	
Оберіть пр	авильну відповідь:
CAN YOU I	MAGINE YOUR HOLIDAYS ON THE MOON?
spending	
spend	
spends	
to spend	
Оберіть пр	авильну відповідь:
THERE IS N	NO POINT IN AGAIN. THERE IS NOONE AT HOME.
call	
calling	
to call	
are calling	
	авильну відповідь:
	LY OF YOU TO LOCK THE DOOR.
forget	
forgets	
to forget	
forgetting	
	авильну відповідь:
_	HIS WALLET WHEN HE LEAVES IT ON HIS DESK.
lose	
losing	
lost	
to lose	
	авильну відповідь:
	DECIDED WHERE YOUR HOLIDAY?
spending	
to spend	
spent	
spend	

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I WISH I COULD AFFORD A CLEANER.
employ to employ
employing
employs
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TOM SUGGESTED TO THE SEASIDE.
drive
to drive
driving
drove
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT WAS NICE OF JOHN US YESTERDAY.
visiting
to visit
visits
visit
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THERE'S NO POINT IN UNTIL YOU GET YOUR RESULTS.
worry worries
to worry
worrying
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WE SHOULD SUE ABOUT THE PARTY.
telling
told
tell
to tell
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE CAN'T GET USED TO FOR SUCH A LARGE COMPANY.
work
is working

works
working
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT'S NO USE PAUL. HE WON'T BE ABLE TO HELP YOU.
to ask
ask
asking
is asking
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
PETER DENIED THE CLASSROOM WINDOW.
breaking
to break
broke
break
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WE HAD BETTER OR WE WILL MISS THE TRAIN.
run
ran
running
to run
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT WAS KIND OF HIM ME TIDY THE HOUSE.
help
helped
helping
to help
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE REFUSED HIS QUESTIONS.
answer
answering
answers
to answer

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE IS FAR TOO YOUNG OUT LATE AT NIGHT.
stay
to stay
stayed
staying
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HER TEACHER LET HER HER LUNCH INTO CLASSROOM.
bringing
to bring
brings
bring
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I DON'T MIND YOU WITH YOUR HOMEWORK.
help
helping
to help
am helping
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT WAS A MISTAKE THE DOOR UNLOCKED.
leave
to leave
leaving
leaves
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I ADVISE YOU A NEW JOB.
to look for
look for
looks
looking
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THERE IS NO POINT IN ANGRY WITH HIM. IT'S NOT HIS FAULT.
get
getting

to get got
got
Оберіть правильну відповідь: I'LL TAKE A BOOK ON THE PLANE. reading
read to read reads
Оберіть правильну відповідь: SUE DECIDED FOR A NEW JOB. apply to apply
applying applied
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE POLICE MADE THE BANK ROBBERS THEMSELVES UP. to give give gave giving
Oберіть правильну відповідь: SHE HAD BETTER A GOOD EXCUSE FOR BEING SO LATE. had have to have
having
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THEY HOPE A LOT OF MONEY IN THEIR NEW BUSINESS. making makes to make make
Оберіть правильну відповідь:

IMAGINE IN A BIG HOUSE LIKE THAT!
to live
living
live
is living
Ožanima ungavaja un aidusaida
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I'D RATHER NOT MY PARENTS THIS WEEKEND.
visited
to visit
visiting
visit
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE'S TOO TIRED ON HER WORK TODAY.
concentrate
concentrating
to concentrate
concentrates
Concentrates
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
ANN WOULD LOVE ON A BEACH NOW, INSTEAD OF TYPING
REPORTS.
lie
lying
lies
to lie
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE DOCTOR WORKED FOR FIFTEEN HOURS WIYHOUT A BREAK.
take
took
taking
to take
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
JOHN'S FATHER LET HIM HIS CAR FOR THE WEEKEND.
borrow
borrows

borrowing	
to borrow	
Оберіть правильну від	повідь:
	THERE EARLY, BECAUSE THE GATES DON'T
OPEN TILL 10 A.M.	
getting	
get	
to get	
gets	
<i>Оберіть правильну від</i> JIM DOESN'T HAVE F	noвідь: ENOUGH PATIENCE A TEACHER.
to be	
being	
is	
be	
<i>Оберіть правильну від</i> HE IS USED TO W	
coping	
cope	
coped	
copes	
Оберіть правильну від	повідь:
I SUGGEST THE C	INEMA TO FIND OUT WHAT TIME THE FILM
BEGINS.	
calling	
is calling	
call	
to call	
Оберіть правильну від	
	D THE ARTWORK IN THE MUSEUM'S LATEST
EXHIBITION.	
seeing	
see	

seen
Оберіть правильну відповідь: FRED ENJOYS TO CLASSICAL MUSIC AS IT HELPS HIM RELAX. to listening listen listening listens
Оберіть правильну відповідь: TO TELL YOU THE TRUTH, I DON'T KNOW HOW dancing dance danced to dance
Оберіть правильну відповідь: WE WERE HAPPY THAT MARY IS COMING TO VISIT US. hear to hear heard hearing
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE COUPLE PLAN THEIR ENGAGEMENT LATER TODAY. to announce announcing announced announced
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IT WAS SO NICE OF HIM ME FLOWERS. send sent to send sending
Оберіть правильну відповідь: WE RUSHED TO THE STATION ONLY AS THE TRAIN WAS LEAVING

saw

arrive
to arrive
arrives
arriving
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
YOU MAY THE PHONE.
using
to use
used
use
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WILL YOU LET ME IN THE GARDEN?
play
to play
plays
playing
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I'D BE HAPPY YOU AT THE AIRPORT.
collect
collects
to collect
collecting
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
YOU CAN THE PARTY WHENEVER YOU WANT.
leaving
leave
leaves
to leave
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE DOCTOR ADVISED ME MORE WATER.
to drink
drank
drinking
drink

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TOM DENIED THE LAST BISCUIT.
eat
to eat
is eating
eating
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WHY DO YOU KEEP HIM MONEY IF HE NEVER PAYS YOU BACK?
lend
lending
lends
to lend
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I CAN'T HELP EVERY TIME I SEE THAT FILM.
crying
am crying
cry
to cry
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
PHILIP DOESN'T MIND TO SCHOOL EVERY MORNING.
to walk
walk
walking
walked

Рівень 3

Themes: Lexical Tasks (General Topics. Topics on the basis of the syllabus)

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

HUMANS LOVE BEING [2] BY HORROR FILMS AND BEING [4] IN SUSPENSE BY THRILLERS. AND THIS UNIQUE ABILITY TO [1] WITH FEAR COULD BE THE KEY TO TREATING PHOBIAS.WHEN WE GET SCARED, THE BODY [3] TO FEAR BY INCREASING THE HEART RATE, MAKING US BREATHE FASTER, AND [5] OUR ATTENTION ON WAYS TO BEAT THE THREAT.

- 1. deal
- 2. scared
- 3. responds
- 4. kept
- 5. focusing
- 6. behave
- 7. stranger

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

DEAR SALLY, WE'VE BEEN REALLY GOOD [4] WITH EMMA SINCE WE STARTED IN THE SAME CLASS TWO YEARS AGO BUT RECENTLY WE [2] OVER A BOY THAT WE BOTH LIKE. I KNEW EMMA LIKED HIM BUT WHEN STEVE [3] ME OUT I ACCEPTED. EMMA WAS REALLY ANGRY AND WE HAD A TERRIBLE [5]. NOW SHE ISN'TSPEAKING TO ME. I LIKE STEVE BUT I DON'T WANT TO [1] MY BEST FRIEND. WHAT SHOULD I DO?

- 1. lose
- 2. fell out
- 3. asked
- 4. friends
- 5. row
- 6. stay
- 7. angry

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

PETER HAD NEVER HAD A [1]. ANNA HAD NEVER HAD A [5]. WHEN THEY STARTED [4] TOGETHER, THEY WERE BOTH VERY NERVOUS. FOR THEIR FIRST [3] PETER WANTED TO TAKE HER SOMEWHERE [2], SO HE BOOKED A TABLE AT AN ITALIAN RESTAURANT.

- 1. girlfriend
- 2. romantic
- 3. date
- 4. going out
- 5. boyfriend
- 6. girl
- 7. match

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

THE TWO PEOPLE GETTIN GMARRIED ARE THE BRIDE AND THE [1]. THEY ARE BEING MARRIED BY THE [3]. THE TWO LITTLE GIRLS ARE THE [5]. THE MAN STANDING ON THE GROOM'S RIGHT IS HIS [2]. THE WEDDING [4] ARE WATCHING THE CEREMONY.

- 1. groom
- 2. bestman
- 3. clergyman
- 4. guests
- 5. bridesmaids
- 6. place
- 7. friend

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

ALTHOUGH I'M KEEN [3] LEADING A HEALTHY LIFE, I'M NOT MAD [5] HEALTH FOOD SHOPS AND I'M CERTAINLY NOT [1] ALTERNATIVE MEDICINE. I'M TOO FOND [4] SWEET THINGS AND GOOD WINE! I GET A LOT OF ENJOYMENT [2] SPORT.

- 1. into
- 2. from
- 3. on
- 4. of

- 5. about
- 6. out
- 7. in

WHEN I WAS A STUDENT, I DECIDED TO [5] A FLAT WITH A COUPLE OF GOOD FRIENDS. WE DIDN'T HAVE ANY STUFF OF OUR OWN, SO WE TRIED TO FIND A NICE [1] FLAT. WE SOON FOUND SOMEWHERE THAT WE ALL LIKED AND WE DECIDED TO TAKE IT. WE HAD TO PAY A [4] OF £ 500 AND ONE MONTH'S RENT IN [3] – A TOTAL OF £ 1, 000. WE WERE LUCKY BECAUSE THE PREVIOUS [2] HAD LEFT THE PLACE REALLY CLEAN AND TIDY, SO WE MOVED IN THE NEXT DAY.

- 1. furnished
- 2. tenants
- 3. advance
- 4. deposit
- 5. share
- 6. old
- 7. school

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

I WOULDN'T SAY I'M A GREAT [2] BUT I HAD SOME FRIENDS ROUND FOR DINNER RECENTLY AND IT WENT QUITE WELL. I'D SEEN A [4] FOR FISH CURRY IN A MAGAZINE THE WEEK BEFORE AND IT SOUNDED [5] – SO I THOUGHT I'D TRY IT. I WENT TO THE MARKET AND BOUGHT ALL THE [3] AND THEN SPENT THE DAY IN THE KITCHEN. EVERYBODY SAID THEY REALLY LIKED IT, I THINK THEY WERE TELLING THE TRUTH BECAUSE EVERYONE WANTED A SECOND [1]!

- 1. helping
- 2. cook
- 3. ingredients
- 4. recipe
- 5. delicious
- 6. sauce
- 7. advert

EVERYBODY SEEMS TO BE HAVING PROBLEMS WITH COMPUTERS THESE DAYS. GOVERNMENTS AND BIG COMPANIES ARE WORRIED ABOUT [4] WHO FIND THEIR WAY INTO THEIR SYSTEMS AND READ CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION. THEY ARE EVEN MORE WORRIED ABOUT [3] WHICH CAN DESTROY ALL THEIR PROGRAMS. IT'S NOT MUCH BETTER FOR ORDINARY PEOPLE EITHER — I BOUGHT A PROGRAM MYSELF LAST MONTH AND I SUPPOSE IT MUST HAVE HAD A [1] OF SOME KIND. MY COMPUTER SUDDENLY [2] AND I [5] TWO HOURS' WORK.

- 1. bug
- 2. crashed
- 3. viruses
- 4. hackers
- 5. lost
- 6. abandoned
- 7. failed

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

ACCORDING TO MOST PROFESSORS, MATURE STUDENTS ARE [4] STUDENTS BECAUSE THEY ARE HARD-WORKING AND BECOME ACTIVELY [1] IN ALL ASPECTS OF THE LEARNING PROCESS. THE MAJORITY OF MATURE STUDENTS HAVE A POOR EDUCATIONAL BACKGROUND BUT THEY [2] TO DO EXCEPTIONALLY WELL AT TERTIARY LEVEL. [3] MANY OF THEM HAVE A MORTGAGE, A JOB AND CHILDREN TO [5], THEY ARE ALWAYS PRESENT AT SEMINARS AND LECTURES AND ALWAYS HAND IN ESSAYS ON TIME.

- 1. involved
- 2. manage
- 3. although
- 4. ideal
- 5. raise
- 6. regret
- 7. promise

WHEN I GOT TO 16, SOMEOFMYFRIENDS [1] SCHOOL TO GET JOBS, BUT MOST [4]. I WANTED TO [5] SOCIOLOGY, BUT IT WASN'T POSSIBLE AT MY SCHOOL, SO I [3] TO THE LOCALTECHNICALCOLLEGE. THERE WERE OVER FIFTY APPLICANTS FOR ONLY TWENTY PLACES, SO I WAS REALLY PLEASED WHEN I [2]. I REALLY ENJOYED THE COURSE.

- 1. left
- 2. gotin
- 3. applied
- 4. stayed on
- 5. do
- 6. failure
- 7. dropped

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

VIOLENCE IN THE FAMILY IS A SERIOUS PROBLEM NOWADAYS. VICTIMS OF [2] AT HOME ARE USUALLY CHILDREN WHO ARE BEING CRUELLY OR WRONGLY [4] BY THEIR OWN PARENTS. ABOUT 80 PERCENT OF ADULT UKRAINIANS BELIEVE THAT IT IS IMPOSSIBLE [7] A CHILD WITHOUT BEATING. THE [5] OF VIOLENCE AT HOME ARE NOT ONLY CHILDREN BUT ALSO WOMEN. ACCORDING TO [6], EVERY THIRD WOMAN IN OUR COUNTRY IS BEING ILL-TREATED BY HER HUSBAND.

- 1. spouses
- 2. brutality
- 3. shame
- 4. to bring up
- 5. victims
- 6. statistics
- 7. treated

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

BODY LANGUAGE IS A VERY [3] FORM OF COMMUNICATION. SOME [4] EXPRESSIONS, CAN BE UNDERSTOOD ALL AROUND THE WORLD. FOR EXAMPLE, IF WE FIND SOMETHING [1] WE WRINKLE UP OUR NOSES. THE EXPRESSIONS WE MAKE WHEN WE ARE ANGRY, SAD AND SCARED ARE ALSO [5] TO MOST CULTURES. DESPITE ALL THE DIFFERENT LANGUAGES SPOKEN IN THE WORLD, WE CAN STILL COMMUNICATE USING THIS [6] LANGUAGE OF FACIAL EXPRESSIONS.

- 1. disgusting
- 2. easy
- 3. effective
- 4. facial
- 5. common
- 6. universal
- 7. positive

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

ARE YOU AN ELDEST CHILD? IF SO, YOU COULD BE A [5] LEADER. ELDEST CHILDREN ARE OFTEN AMBITIOUS, PUNCTUAL AND [3], AND REGULARLY SCORE HIGHER MARKS ON [2] TESTS. ON THE NEGATIVE SIDE, ELDEST CHILDREN OFTEN FEEL [6] OF THEIR YOUNGER SIBLINGS, WHO OFTEN SEEM TO GET BETTER [1] FROM THEIR PARENTS.

- 1. treatment
- 2. achievement
- 3. hard-working
- 4. improvement
- 5. natural
- 6. jealous
- 7. greedy

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

IF YOU LIKE THE IDEA OF AN OUTDOOR JOB BUT [7] SOMETHING A LITTLE MORE ARTISTIC, PERHAPS YOU COULD [6] YOUR LIVING AS A HUMAN STATUE? 'IT'S NOT [5] TO STAY STILL HOUR AFTER HOUR,

ESPECIALLY WHEN A MOSQUITO LANDS ON YOUR NOSE,' SAYS TERESA PARKS, AN [3] ACTRESS WHO HAS WORKED AS A HUMAN STATUE FOR NEARLY TWO YEARS. 'BUT THE REACTIONS YOU GET - ESPECIALLY FROM KIDS – CAN BE REALLY [2]!'

- 1. effective
- 2. rewarding
- 3. unemployed
- 4. work
- 5. easy
- 6. earn
- 7. prefer

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

MANY PEOPLE ARE UNDER THE [3] THAT BRITISH FOOD IS AWFUL. IT IS SAID TO BE [7] AND COOKED BADLY, SO THE IDEA THAT BRITAIN HAS SOME OF THE BEST RESTAURANTS IN THE WORLD IS USUALLY MET WITH ROARS OF LAUGHTER. HOWEVER, PERHAPS THIS IS A LITTLE [1]. THERE HAVE BEEN SOME WONDERFUL [5] IN RECENT YEARS. THERE ARE NOW MANY EXCELLENT RESTAURANTS SERVING HIGH QUALITY DISHES THAT HAVE BEEN VERY [6] PREPARED.

- 1. unfair
- 2. rewarding
- 3. impression
- 4. unusual
- 5. improvements
- 6. skillfully
- 7. tasteless

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

SOME EXCEPTIONAL [6] ARE SAID TO BE "GREAT" RATHER THAN "GOOD." THESE WORKS OF [5] ARE CALLED *MASTERPIECES*. A MASTERPIECE IS MORE THAN A PICTURE OF SOMETHING. IT ALSO TELLS A STORY AND EXCITES STRONG EMOTIONS IN THE [1]. A MASTERPIECE AFFECTS ALL THE [4]. VIEWERS MIGHT SMELL THE SEA, TASTE A PEACH, OR EVEN FEEL MOTION. LONELINESS, JOY,

HOPE, AND COURAGE ARE SOME OF THE EMOTIONS GREAT [2] CALL UPON IN CREATING THEIR MASTERPIECES.

- 1. viewers
- 2. artists
- 3. picture
- 4. senses
- 5. art
- 6. paintings
- 7. attitudes

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

IN THE PAST WOMEN GOT MARRIED AT A VERY EARLY AGE, [3] THE HOUSEHOLD AND LOOKED AFTER THE CHILDREN. NOWADAYS, MOST WOMEN WORK PROFESSIONALLY AND THEY HAVE TO [5] A JOB AND A FAMILY. THIS, HOWEVER, IS NOT EASY AND [7] A LOT OF EFFORT. THE MAN IS STILL REGARDED AS THE BREADWINNER WHOSE ONLY ROLE IS TO EARN MONEY AND [4] THE FAMILY. HENCE, HE CAN [1] HIMSELF ENTIRELY TO HIS CAREER WHILE HIS WIFE HAS TO PLAY A DOUBLE ROLE.

- 1. devote
- 2. doubt
- 3. ran
- 4. support
- 5. combine
- 6. needs
- 7. requires

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

IT IS COMMONLY BELIEVED THAT HAPPY PEOPLE LIVE [6]. IF SO, WE SHOULD ALWAYS TRY TO BE IN A GOOD MOOD AND LOOK ON THE [7] SIDE OF EVERYTHING. WE SHOULD NOT WAIT FOR SOME [1] EVENTS WHICH MAY NEVER HAPPEN BUT TRY TO ENJOY OUR EVERYDAY LIFE. EVERYONE NEEDS SOMETHING DIFFERENTTO BE HAPPY. USUALLY COUPLES ARE HAPPIER THAN PEOPLE WHO LIVE [4]. THEY ARE ALSO HEALTHIER AND CAN COPE WITH THEIR PROBLEMS MORE

- [2].
- 1. unusual
- 2. easily
- 3. lucky
- 4. alone
- 5. immediately
- 6. longer
- 7. bright

NOWADAYS, WE LIVE AT A GREAT [3], WHICH HAS MADE US ADOPT A VERY STRESSFUL [6]. IT HAS BEEN PROVED THAT SOME PEOPLE ARE MORE SUBJECT TO STRESSTHAN OTHERS. THESE ARE USUALLY PEOPLE WHO ARE VERY AMBITIOUS, UNFRIENDLY, DRIVEN BY A [4] TO ACHIEVE SUCCESS AND TO DOMINATE OTHER PEOPLE. ANOTHER GROUP IS PEOPLE WHO HAVE BEEN BROUGHT UP IN STRICT [5] OR NEGLECT AND WHO HAVE NEVER TASTED REAL LOVE IN THEIR [2].

- 1. treatment
- 2. childhood
- 3. pace
- 4. desire
- 5. discipline
- 6. life
- 7. impression

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному слову в тексті:

WITHOUT A [5], TEACHING IS ONE OF THE OLDEST PROFESSIONS AND ONE OF THE MOST CHALLENGING. TO BE A GOOD TEACHER, YOU NEED CERTAIN [3] SUCH AS MATURITY, UNDERSTANDING AND PATIENCE. TEACHERS MUST ALSO BE GOOD [1] IF THEY ARE TO CONVEY KNOWLEDGE TO THEIR STUDENTS. AS WELL AS BEING SENSITIVE TO STUDENTS' [7], TEACHERS ALSO NEED TO BE HELPFUL AND APPROACHABLE WHILE AT THE SAME TIME MAINTAINING HIGH STANDARDS OF [2] IN THE CLASSROOM.

1. communicators

- 2. discipline
- 3. qualities
- 4. achievement
- 5. doubt
- 6. relations
- 7. needs

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

I WAS IN THE CROWD ON THE PARADE IN CAPE TOWN THAT DAY. IT WAS A HOT DAY, AND [1] TO SEE MANDELA WALK FREE FROM THE PRISON. [4] FOR TWENTY-SEVEN YEARS. AT ONE POINT [3] BUT MOST PEOPLE STAYED CALM. PEOPLE [5] AND SINGING SONGS. THERE WAS A GREAT FEELING OF SOLIDARITY. THERE WAS A LARGE TREE IN THE MIDDLE OF THE PARADE, AND [2] TO GET A BETTER VIEW.

- 1. 50.000 people were waiting
- 2. many people had climbed into it
- 3. we heard some shots
- 4. he had been in prison
- 5. were talking to each other

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

[2] THAT MONEY, IN THE FORM THAT WE KNOW IT TODAY, IS WHAT KEEPS MODERN ECONOMIC LIFE FUNCTIONING. YET, THROUGHOUT HISTORY, MONEY, IN WHATEVER FORM, [4] WITH THE ABILITY TO SELL GOODS. **THOUSANDS** OF BUY AND/OR **YEARS** AGO. CIVILISATIONS [1] THE BARTER SYSTEM AS A WAY OF EXCHANGING GOODS. WITHIN THIS SYSTEM A PERSON HAD TO EXCHANGE [3]. THIS MEANT THAT THE TWO PARTIES INVOLVED HAD TO MAKE AN AGREEMENT AS TO WHAT THEY THOUGHT THEIR PRODUCTS WERE WORTH. ITEMS SUCH AS [5] HAVE ALL BEEN USED AS MONEY AT ONE TIME OR ANOTHER.

- 1. used to rely on
- 2. there is no doubt

- 3. one thing for another
- 4. has provided people
- 5. wheat, tobacco and livestock

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

AS [4] IN THE WORKPLACE, [5] WHEN THEIR PCS BREAK DOWN, SAY RESEARCHES. WHEN FACED WITH TECHNICAL PROBLEMS, MOST PEOPLE [1], HIT THE PC OR EVEN THROW PARTS OF THE COMPUTERS. THE MOST FRUSTRATING PROBLEM WAS WHEN [3] AFTER THEIR COMPUTER CRASHED OR FROZE. THE STUDY FOUND THAT NEARLY [2] HAD BECOME ANGRY AT SOME TIME.

- 1. shout at colleagues
- 2. half of all computer users
- 3. people lost their work
- 4. we rely more on computers
- 5. people are starting to use violence

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

GIANNI VERSACE WAS [2] OF THE 1980S AND 1990S. HE WAS BORN IN 1946, IN REGGIO, [4], WHERE HE LEARNT HOW TO MAKE CLOTHES. IN THE BEGINNING, HE SOLD HIS CLOTHES TO A MANUFACTURER IN MILAN, BUT HE [1]. VERY QUICKLY HE DEVELOPED A PERSONAL STYLE, WHICH MADE HIM FAMOUS. HE USED BRIGHT COLOURS AND, OVER TIME, HIS CLOTHES [3]. [5], THE MORE HIS TALENT WAS ACKNOWLEDGED.

- 1. was not as popular then as he was in later years
- 2. one of the most successful fashion designers
- 3. became more and more extravagant
- 4. a rather small town in Italy
- 5. the more successful his collections were

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженнюречення в тексті:

IN ORDER TO BRING UP CHILDREN, [2]. AS WELL AS THE USUAL REQUIREMENTS SUCH AS LOVE, PATIENCE AND UNDERSTANDING, A SENSE OF HUMOUR IS [1]. IN FACT, IT'S QUITE AN ART TO TRANSFORM A CHILD'S BAD MOOD INTO BEHAVIOUR EVERYONE IN THE FAMILY [3].ANOTHER ASPECT OF CHILD REARING IS [5]. THIS MEANS THE CHILD NEEDS TO BE AWARE OF WHAT HIS OR HER RIGHTS ARE AND WHAT OTHER PEOPLE'S ARE, TOO. SETTING LIMITS ON CHILDREN MUST [4].

- 1. an important feature of any parent's personality
- 2. many qualities are required
- 3. can live with
- 4. occur on a daily basis
- 5. teaching children limits and rules

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

ALTHOUGH WE ARE ALL NATURAL BORN LIARS, MOST OF US [2]. HOWEVER, PSYCHOLOGISTS ARGUE THAT LYING IS JUST AS IMPORTANT AS [1]. WE LEARN THE ART OF DECEPTION VERY EARLY IN LIFE; BY THE AGE OF FIVE, WE HAVE NOT ONLY BECOME QUITE EFFICIENT AT LYING, BUT WE HAVE ALSO LEARNT HOW [5].FOR EXAMPLE, IF SOMEONE IS AVOIDING DIRECT EYE CONTACT WITH US, THIS MAKES US THINK THAT [3]. A PERSON'S SMILE IS ALSO A GIVEAWAY. A GENUINE SMILE MAKES THE SKIN NEAR THE EYES CREASE, WHEREAS A "PUT ON" SMILE DOESN'T HAVE [4].

- 1. any other social skill we possess
- 2. seem to take it for granted that lying is bad
- 3. we're being lied to so we might lie, too
- 4. the same effect on the facial features as a real one
- 5. to read people's reactions and act accordingly

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

SPEAKING A FOREIGN LANGUAGE HAS BECOME [3] THAN EVER BEFORE. GLOBALISATION MEANS THAT MORE PEOPLE ARE DOING

BUSINESS IN OTHER COUNTRIES, AND MORE OF US [1]. ALTHOUGH IT MAY BE DIFFICULT TO LEARN ANOTHER LANGUAGE, IN MY OPINION, IT IS NECESSARY AND [5]. TO BEGIN WITH, BUSINESS IS INTERNATIONAL AND IT IS NECESSARY FOR BUSINESS PEOPLE TO [4]. ENGLISH IS THE MAIN LANGUAGE OF BUSINESS, BUT CHINESE AND SPANISH HAVE ALSO BECOME MORE IMPORTANT [2].

- 1. are travelling for pleasure
- 2. in recent years
- 3. more important
- 4. communicate effectively
- 5. worth the effort

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

MY FIRST JOB WAS ASA SALES ASSISTANT AT [5]. I [2], BECAUSE I WAS STILL STUDYING AT UNIVERSITY AND I WAS ONLY ABLE TO WORK A FEW NIGHTS A WEEK. [4] IN THE LOCAL NEWSPAPER. I REMEMBER THE INTERVIEW AS THOUGH IT WERE YESTERDAY. THE PERSONNEL MANAGER [3].HE ASKED ME VARIOUS QUESTIONS [1] BECAUSE ALL I WANTED WAS TO WORK IN SALES.

- 1. which surprised me
- 2. wanted to work part-time
- 3. sat behind a large desk
- 4. I came across the advertisement
- 5. a large department store

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

GOING TO THE THEATRE [4], AS IT REMINDS STAGE, WHICH WAS THIRTY YEARS AGO. PARTS OF THAT PARTICULAR NIGHT ARE SO VIVID THAT [5] AS THOUGH IT WERE YESTERDAY. THE EXCITEMENT AMONGST THE ACTORS, THE AUDIENCE'S APPLAUSE AND THE PARTY AFTER THE OPENING NIGHT ARE MEMORIES WHICH [3].I DON'T KNOW HOW WE [1]. THE REHEARSALS WERE FAR FROM SATISFACTORY BECAUSE WE THOUGHT THAT WE COULD JUST HAVE TWO

REHEARSALS A WEEK WHEN IN FACT [2].

- 1. managed to do so well
- 2. we needed more
- 3. will remain with me for life
- 4. brings back happy memories
- 5. I can still picture myself

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

[3] TO BE THE MOST IMPORTANT RELATIONSHIP THEY CAN HAVE.IT IS WONDERFUL TO HAVE A FRIEND YOU CAN [5]. HOWEVER, IT IS IMPORTANT [1]. AN IDEAL FRIEND SHOULD BE THOUGHTFUL AND [4], HOPEFULLY BE THERE FOR US.OF COURSE, THERE WILL BE TIMES WHEN [2]. BUT, WE SHOULD ALWAYS TALK THINGS THROUGH IN A SENSIBLE WAY AND FIND A SOLUTION TO OUR PROBLEMS.

- 1. to choose friends carefully
- 2. we might be doubtful of our friends
- 3. many people consider friendship
- 4. when any difficulties arise
- 5. talk to and share valuable experiences with

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

THE TERM "ADOPTION" MEANS [3] AND BECOMING ITS LEGAL PARENTS. FOR MANY CHILDLESS COUPLES ADOPTION IS [1], AND FOR ABANDONED OR ORPHANED CHILD IT IS [2]. HOWEVER, OBTAINING ADOPTION RIGHTS IS NOT ALWAYS EASY. FIRSTLY, THEY HAVE TO PROVE THAT THEY ARE ABLE TO [4]. SECONDLY, THEY HAVE TO BE IN GOOD HEALTH AND CANNOT HAVE A CRIMINAL RECORD. THIRDLY, THEY MUST NOT BE TOO YOUNG OR TOO OLD. STILL, THE DECISION WHETHER [5] OR NOT LIES WITH THE COURT.

- 1. the only way to become a mother and father
- 2. a great chance to have a normal life
- 3. taking somebody else's child

- 4. provide a child with a high standard of living and security
- 5. the child can be adopted by a particular couple

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

LIFELONG LEARNING IS THE CONCEPT THAT IT'S NEVER TOO SOON OR [3], A WAY OF THINKING THAT MANY DIFFERENT ORGANISATIONS [5]. ALBERT EINSTEIN, THE FAMOUS SCIENTIST, SAID, 'LEARNING IS NOT A PRODUCT OF SCHOOLING, BUT [2].' LIFELONG LEARNING PROVIDES ADULTS [1] AT ALL AGES AND IN VARIOUS CONTEXTS: AT WORK, AT HOME AND THROUGH LEISURE ACTIVITIES, NOT JUST THROUGH SCHOOL AND HIGHER EDUCATION. IN RECENT YEARS, PARTICIPATION IN ADULT EDUCATION [4].

- 1. with learning opportunities
- 2. the lifelong attempt to acquire it
- 3. too late for learning
- 4. has increased in most European countries
- 5. now believe in

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

THE ENTRANCE [5] NEARLY SEVEN METRES TALL. AS YOU WALK PAST THEM, [2] WITH TROPICAL PLANTS AND FOUNTAINS. WHEN YOU GO INSIDE THE HOUSE THE FIRST ROOM IS THE SPACIOUS AND AIRY LIVING ROOM. HERE FRIDA AND HER HUSBAND, THE PAINTER DIEGO RIVERA, [4]. NOW THE ROOM IS A GALLERY WHERE SOME OF [1].IN THE KITCHEN YOU CAN FIND A LONG YELLOW TABLE AND A YELLOW DRESSER HOLDING [3].

- 1. Frida's paintings can be seen
- 2. you enter a garden
- 3. traditional green and brown Mexican dishes
- 4. entertained their famous friends
- 5. is guarded by two giant statues

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

DESIGNER BRANDS, IN GENERAL, ARE FOR PEOPLE WHO ARE TOO INSECURE [5]. THESE PEOPLE DECIDE THAT EVERYTHING AT PRADA MUST BE 'COOL', SO IF YOU SHOP THERE, [2]. I FIND IT MUCH MORE SATISFYING TO POP INTO ONE OF THE CHEAP CHAIN STORES ON THE HIGH STREET AND BUY A COPY OF THE DESIGNER'S [3]. OK, YOU HAVE TO USE YOUR SKILLTO FIND THE CLOTHES THAT LOOK GREAT. BUT [1]: IT'S LIKE FINDING A PIECE OF GOLD IN A RIVER. THE FIND GIVES YOU [4].

- 1. it's worth it
- 2. you can't go wrong
- 3. clothes for a tenth of the price
- 4. immense satisfaction
- 5. to trust their own tastes

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

CULTURE SHOCK IS A FEELING OF CONFUSION [4] AND BEING CONFRONTED WITH AN UNFAMILIAR CULTURE. IT IS EXPERIENCED BY MANY OF THE THOUSANDS OF STUDENTS WHO LEAVE HOME [5]. THESE STUDENTS [2] IN WEATHER, FOOD, LANGUAGE AND BEHAVIOUR. RESEARCHERS HAVE FOUND THAT ADJUSTING TO LIFE IN A NEW COUNTRY IS [1]. ONCE THE NOVELTY OF BEING IN A FOREIGN PLACE WEARS OFF, FEELINGS OF ANXIETY, DEPRESSION AND HOMESICKNESS MAY ARISE, AND [3].

- 1.an ongoing and gradual process
- 2.have to cope with changes
- 3.homesick students may call home repeatedly
- 4.experienced by someone visiting a new country
- 5.to study English in an English-speaking country

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

WHAT IS THE WORST THING YOU COULD IMAGINE [2]? IN HIS TWENTIES, [5]. HE BROKE PIANO STRINGS BY POUNDING HARD

ENOUGH [1]. THE DEAF COMPOSER BECAME EVEN MORE ECCENTRIC. WHEN CONDUCTING AN ORCHESTRA, [4]. IN HIS LAST PERFORMANCE, BEETHOVEN [3]. WHEN SOMEONE TURNED HIM AROUND TO MAKE HIM AWARE OF THE APPLAUSE, BEETHOVEN BEGAN TO CRY.

- 1. to hear the notes
- 2. happening to a musician
- 3. could not hear the audience
- 4. he'd shout without realizing it
- 5. Beethoven began to lose his hearing

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

EVERY YEAR THOUSANDS OF PEOPLE TRAVEL TO BRITAIN IN ORDER [4]. FOR MANY, HOWEVER, THIS CAN BE A PAINFUL EXPERIENCE DUE TO THE FACT THAT IT INVOLVES ATTENDING A STRANGE SCHOOL AND [2]. ONE ANSWER TO THESE PROBLEMS IS THE HOMESTAY METHOD. THE IDEA BEHIND HOMESTAY IS FOR STUDENTS TO BE TOTALLY [1]. STUDENTS ARE ALSO EXPECTED [5]. THE STUDENTS SPEAK ENGLISH AT ALL TIMES AND THEREFORE [3].

- 1. immersed in English language and culture
- 2. living in an unfamiliar culture
- 3. learn how to use the language in everyday situations
- 4. to improve their ability of English
- 5. to join in the family's daily activities

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

BEING SLIM HAS BECOME A RECENT OBSESSION. OF COURSE IT IS TRUE THAT BEING FAT IS UNHEALTHY BUT EVEN UNHEALTHIER IS STARVING, TAKING 'WONDERFUL' SLIMMING PILLS AND [3]. IN EXTREME CASES, APPLYING SUCH METHODS MAY LEAD TO [4]. STILL, THERE ARE MANY SAFE WAYS TO [1]. UNHEALTHY EATING -FAST FOODS, SNACKS, DESSERTS AND BEVERAGES – ARE [5]. DIETING IS AN IDEAL OPPORTUNITY TO ADOPT GOOD EATING HABITS BUT [2].

- 1. lose weight and to look good
- 2. a diet must be well-balanced
- 3. being on long-lasting, exhausting diets
- 4. serious disorders and illnesses
- 5. the main reason why many people are overweight

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

THE PERIOD OF ADOLESCENCE IS INSEPARABLY CONNECTED WITH [4], SUCH AS CHOOSING A CAREER PATH. [5] MAY LEAD TO SUCH SERIOUS PROBLEMS AS THE USE OF ALCOHOL OR DRUGS, THE REFUSAL TO ATTEND SCHOOL OR [1]. IN SUCH CASES SCREAMING AND YELLING [2]. IT SEEMS THAT THE BEST WAY TO PUT MATTERS STRAIGHT IS A [3], TREATING YOUNG PEOPLE AS EQUAL PARTNERS AND ACCEPTING THEIR IDEALS.

- 1. running away from home
- 2. usually does not work
- 3. serious discussion
- 4. making important life decisions
- 5. difficulties in the relationships with parents

Заповніть пропуски цифрами, які відповідають правильному продовженню речення в тексті:

WEARING FASHIONABLE CLOTHES CAN BE BAD FOR YOU! THIS MAY SURPRISE YOU, BUT IT IS SAID THAT [5]. RESEARCHERS HAVE DISCOVERED THAT FOLLOWING THE LATEST FASHION TRENDS [1]. FOR EXAMPLE, IF YOU TIE A SCARF OR TIE TOO TIGHTLY IT [3]. TIGHT JEANS AND TROUSERS, SHORT SKIRTS AND EVEN FLAT SHOES MAY ALL CAUSE ILLNESS. EXPERTS SAY THAT THINGS WE WEAR CAN ALSO [2], RASHES, BACKACHE AND PAINFUL FEET. YET HOW CAN WE EXPLAIN THIS? VERY TIGHT CLOTHES [4] AND THIS IS NOT GOOD FOR YOU.

- 1. can be unhealthy
- 2. lead to stomach problems
- 3. increases your blood pressure

- 4. can prevent people moving naturally
- 5. some clothes can cause a variety of problems

COLLEAGUE

WORKER

- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer
- a person that you work with, especially in a profession or a business
- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- someone who is walking, especially along a street or other place used by cars
- a person who is employed in a company or industry, especially somebody who does physical work rather than organizing things or managing people

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

ENVIRONMENT

WEATHER

- a covering for the hand, made of wool, leather, etc. with separate parts for each finger and the thumb
- the natural world in which people, animals and plants live
- a cover for a bed, usually made of wool
- a piece of clothing like a shirt, worn by women
- the condition of the atmosphere at a particular place and time, such as temperature, and if there is wind, rain, sun, etc.

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

JUDGE

COURT

- a person in a court who has the authority to decide how criminals should be punished or to make legal decisions
- someone who is walking, especially along a street or other place used by cars
- the place where legal trials take place and where crimes, etc. are judged
- a sudden shaking of the Earth's surface that often causes a lot of damage
- a piece of clothing like a shirt, worn by women

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

BLOUSE

GLOVE

- someone whose job is to look after people who are ill or injured, usually in a hospital
- a piece of clothing like a shirt, worn by women
- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer
- a doctor who does operations in a hospital
- acoveringforthehand, madeofwool, leather, etc. with separate parts for each finger and the thumb

SENSITIVE

BOSSY

- upset because something you hoped for has not happened or been as good, successful, etc. as you expected
- always telling other people what to do, in a way that is annoying
- feeling admiration for somebody or something because you think they are particularly good, interesting, etc.
- able to understand other people's feelings and problems
- having a strong desire to know about something

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

COTTAGE

CASTLE

- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- a small house in the country
- a job that is available for someone to start doing
- a very large strong building, built in the past as a safe place that could be easily defended against attack
- a piece of clothing like a shirt, worn by women

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

VACANCY

CURRICULUM VITAE(CV)

- a job that is available for someone to start doing
- a doctor who does operations in a hospital
- a sudden shaking of the Earth's surface that often causes a lot of damage

- a short written document that lists your education and previous jobs, which you send to employers when you are looking for a job
- a small house in the country

BUY

SELL

- a job that is available for someone to start doing
- to get something by paying money for it
- feeling admiration for somebody or something because you think they are particularly good, interesting, etc.
- a short written document that lists your education and previous jobs, which you send to employers when you are looking for a job
- to give something to someone in exchange for money

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

IMPRESSED

DISAPPOINTED

- not interesting, making you feel tired and impatient
- having a strong desire to know about something
- feeling admiration for somebody or something because you think they are particularly good, interesting, etc.
- upset because something you hoped for has not happened or been as good, successful, etc. as you expected
- done many times in the same way, and boring

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

CURIOUS

BORING

- continuing for only a limited period of time
- having a strong desire to know about something
- done many times in the same way, and boring
- not interesting, making you feel tired and impatient
- feeling admiration for somebody or something because you think they are particularly good, interesting, etc.

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

TEMPORARY

REPETETIVE

- continuing for only a limited period of time
- having a strong desire to know about something
- not interesting, making you feel tired and impatient
- upset because something you hoped for has not happened or been as good, successful, etc. as you expected
- done many times in the same way, and boring

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

PEDESTRIAN

LUGGAGE

- a doctor who does operations in a hospital
- someone who is walking, especially along a street or other place used by cars
- the cases, bags etc. that you carry when you are travelling
- a short written document that lists your education and previous jobs, which you send to employers when you are looking for a job
- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

QUEUE

RECEIPT

- a line of people waiting to enter a building, buy something etc., or a line of vehicles waiting to move
- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- a long period of dry weather when there is not enough water for plants and animals to live
- a piece of paper that you are given which shows that you have paid for something
- a cover for a bed, usually made of wool

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

BISCUIT

PIE

- a cover for a bed, usually made of wool
- a small thin dry cake that is usually sweet and made for one person to eat
- someone whose job is to look after people who are ill or injured, usually in a hospital

- a piece of paper that you are given which shows that you have paid for something
- fruit baked inside a pastry covering

EARTHQUAKE

DROUGHT

- a short film that is made by photographing a series of drawings
- a sudden shaking of the Earth's surface that often causes a lot of damage
- a brother or sister
- a long period of dry weather when there is not enough water for plants and animals to live
- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

SIBLING

COUSIN

- a brother or sister
- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- a doctor who does operations in a hospital
- the child of your uncle or aunt
- fruit baked inside a pastry covering

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

CARTOON

HORROR MOVIE

- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer
- a short film that is made by photographing a series of drawings
- a film in which strange and frightening things happen
- a piece of paper that you are given which shows that you have paid for something
- a sudden shaking of the Earth's surface that often causes a lot of damage

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

PILLOW

BLANKET

- a cover for a bed, usually made of wool
- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- a line of people waiting to enter a building, buy something etc., or a line of vehicles waiting to move
- a piece of paper that you are given which shows that you have paid for something
- a cloth bag filled with soft material that you put your head on when you are sleeping

NURSE

SURGEON

- a person in a court who has the authority to decide how criminals should be punished or to make legal decisions
- someone whose job is to look after people who are ill or injured, usually in a hospital
- a doctor who does operations in a hospital
- the child of your uncle or aunt
- someone who is walking, especially along a street or other place used by cars

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

MOUSE

SCREEN

- a small object that you move with your hand to give instructions to a computer
- a sudden shaking of the Earth's surface that often causes a lot of damage
- a cloth bag filled with soft material that you put your head on when you are sleeping
- the part of a television or computer where the picture or information appears
- a small thin dry cake that is usually sweet and made for one person to eat

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

SPOUSE

BRIDE

- a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc.
- a husband or wife, considered in relation to their partner
- way in which one acts, especially towards others

- a woman on her wedding day or just before and after the event
- a group of people born and living during the same time

COUPLE

GENERATION

- two people who are married or having a romantic relationship
- someone who produces art, especially paintings or drawings
- a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc.
- a group of people born and living during the same time
- a person who takes part in a sporting contest

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

GROOM

COMPETITOR

- someone who stands in front of a group of musicians or singers and directs their playing or singing
- someone who is watching an event or game
- a man on his wedding day or just before and after the event
- a person who takes part in a sporting contest
- a woman on her wedding day or just before and after the event

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

GENERATION GAP

BEHAVIOR

- the process of doing something, especially in order to achieve a particular thing
- the lack of understanding or the differences between older people and younger people
- a competition or a situation in which two or more people or groups are competing with each other
- way in which one acts, especially towards others
- the process of teaching or being taught the skills for a particular job or activity

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

SPOIL

BRING UP

- to invent or design something
- to win a victory over someone in a war, competition, game etc.
- to take part in a contest
- to have a bad effect on (someone) by allowing too many things or by not correcting bad behavior
- to look after and influence a child until he or she is grown up

EXAMINE

HEAL

- to inspect (someone or something) thoroughly in order to determine their nature or condition
- to stop trying to do something
- to have a bad effect on (someone) by allowing too many things or by not correcting bad behavior
- to look after and influence a child until he or she is grown up
- to become sound or healthy again

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

ARTIST

RIVAL

- a person who creates paintings or drawings as a profession or hobby
- a person whose profession is acting on the stage, in films, or on television
- a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc.
- someone who is watching an event or game
- someone who stands in front of a group of musicians or singers and directs their playing or singing

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

STRICT

FURIOUS

- demanding that people obey rules or behave in a certain way
- feeling annoyed and impatient
- about something
- extremely angry
- unhappy because something you hoped for did not happen, or because someone or something was not as good as you expected badly behaved; disobedient

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

OBEDIENT

NAUGHTY

- very pleased and happy
- always doing what you are told to do, or what the law, a rule etc.. says you must do
- feeling annoyed and impatient about something
- demanding that people obey rules or behave in a certain way
- badlybehaved; disobedient

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

CANVAS

ART

- a work of art, a piece of writing or music etc. that is of very high quality or that is the best that a particular artist, writer etc. has produced
- a public display of works of art or items of interest, held in an art gallery or museum
- a painting done with oil paints, or the piece of cloth it is painted on
- a room or building for the display or sale of works of art works produced by human creative skill and imagination

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

WATERCOLOUR

BRUSH

- a type of paint that you mix with water
- a work of art, a piece of writing or music etc. that is of very high quality or that is the best that a particular artist, writer etc. has produced
- a painting done with oil paints, or the piece of cloth it is painted on
- a picture representing an area of countryside
- an object that you use for cleaning, painting, made with a lot of hairs, bristles

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

MASTERPIECE

LANDSCAPE

- a work of art, a piece of writing or music etc. that is of very high quality or that is the best that a particular artist, writer etc. has produced
- a painting done with oil paints, or the piece of cloth it is painted on
- a public display of works of art or items of interest, held in an art gallery or museum
- a type of paint that you mix with water
- a picture representing an area of countryside

EXHIBIT

CREATE

- to show something in a public place so that people can go to see it
- to not win a game, argument, election, war etc.
- to describe (someone or something) in a particular way
- to invent or design something
- make up (an idea, name, story, etc.), especially so as to deceive someone

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

COACH

SPECTATOR

- someone who trains a person or team in a sport
- a person or thing that wins something
- someone who is watching an event or game
- a person whose profession is acting on the stage, in films, or on television
- a person, group, or organization that you compete with in sport, business, a fight etc.

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

DELIGHTED

IRRITATED

- very pleased and happy
- extremely angry
- badly behaved; disobedient
- demanding that people obey rules or behave in a certain way
- feeling annoyed and impatient about something

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

TREATMENT

PRESCRIPTION

- a small solid piece of medicine that you swallow whole
- medical care given to a patient for an illness or injury
- a wound or damage to part of your body caused by an accident or attack
- an illness which affects a person, animal, or plant
- a piece of paper on which a doctor writes what medicine a sick person should have, so that they can get it from a pharmacist

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

BAND

CONDUCTOR

- a group of musicians, especially a group that plays popular music
- someone who trains a person or team in a sport
- a person who takes part in a sporting contest
- someone who stands in front of a group of musicians or singers and directs their playing or singing
- a group of people born and living during the same time

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

INJURY

PILL

- a wound or damage to part of your body caused by an accident or attack
- a drug or other preparation for the treatment or prevention of disease
- a small solid piece of medicine that you swallow whole
- an illness which affects a person, animal, or plant
- a piece of paper on which a doctor writes what medicine a sick person should have, so that they can get it from a pharmacist

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

COMPETE

DEFEAT

- to engage in (a game or activity) for enjoyment
- to not win a game, argument, election, war etc.
- to take part in a contest
- to prepare for a sports event or tell someone how to prepare for it, especially by exercising
- to win a victory over someone in a competition, game etc.

Встановіть відповідність між дефініцією та словом:

SCORE

DRAW

- the number of points that each team or player has won in a game or competition
- the process of teaching or being taught the skills for a particular job or activity
- a game or contest that ends with the score even
- a person who takes part in a sporting contest
- a competition or a situation in which two or more people or groups are competing with each other

Оберіть правильну відповідь: IN THE 52 ND MINUTE ARGENTINA CAPTAIN SCORED a) a goal b) a fit c) a draw d) a medal
Оберіть правильну відповідь: UPSTAIRS FRIDA'S PALETTE AND ARE STILL ON THE WORK TABLE IN HER STUDIO. a) landscape b) masterpiece c) brushes d) still life
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
YOUR BIG EXAMS ARE JUST AROUND THE CORNER AND YOU HAVE
ONLY TWO OR THREE DAYS LEFT TO DO SOME SERIOUS
a) discussion
b) review
c) research
d) revision
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TELEVISION HAS AFFECTED THE WORLD OF SPORT AND THE
WAY THAT WE, AS SPECTATORS, GET TO ENJOY IT.
a) currently
b) significantly
c) immediately
d) partly
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TO BE SUCCESSFUL IN A SPORT A NUMBER OF THINGS
INCLUDING AMBITION AND DEDICATION.
a) suggestsb) provides
c) regards
d) requires
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SOME HAVE SCULPTED REALISTIC OF HUMAN BEINGS.
or normal banks and the second s

b) statues
c) spectators
d) conductors
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THEY CREATE AN OPTICAL ILLUSION – AN EFFECT SO CONVINCING
THAT TRULY CAN'T BELIEVE THEIR OWN EYES!
a) viewers
b) spectators
c) coaches
d) watchers
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WHEN BEETHOVEN AN ORCHESTRA, HE WOULD WAVE HIS
ARMS WILDLY.
a) was guiding
b) was starting
c) was leading
d) was conducting
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MYTHS AND LEGENDS ARE AMONG THE MOST FORMS OF
LITERATURE.
a) ancient
b) fictional
c) extraordinary
d) convincing
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT WAS A DIFFICULT AND IMPORTANT EXAM – I PASSED IT! WHAT A /
AN!
a) embarrassment
b) excitement
c) relief
d) guilt
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I FORGOT TO GIVE MY BROTHER AN INVITATION, AND HE MISSED HIS
FRIEND'S PARTY. I FEEL SO!
a) guilty b) relieved
b) relieved

a) watercolours

c) ex d) co	cited onfused				
Оберіт	ь правильну	відповідь:			
	IEAR EVER	TURN Y WORD. IT'		WALKMAN !	DOWN?
b) ar	nbarrassing moying onfusing rious				
_	<i>правильну</i> MEDICINES	відповідь: ARE ONLY A	AVAILABLE	ON	
	escription scription				
c) in	struction escription				
-	ь правильну				
IF YOU YOUR T		DIET, YOU	SHOULD _	HONEY FOR	SUGAR IN
a) ch	ange				
b) su c) re	bstitute place				
ŕ	nvert				
_	ь правильну				
THE SO TEACH		S VERY SM	IALL, WITH	A OF ON	LY THREE
a) sta					
b) te c) cr					
d) ca					
Оберіт	ь правильну	відповідь:			
			HER TO	INTO TEARS V	WHEN YOU
a) fa	CTED HER 1 11	MISTAKE.			
b) m					
c) bu d) br					
\mathbf{u}_{j} \mathbf{u}_{l}	Cuix				

Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE EXPECTS TO BE GIVEN EVERYTHING HE WANTSBECAUSE HIS
PARENTS HAVE HIM.
a) ruined
b) destroyed
c) damaged
d) spoiled
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THAT SCULPTURE IS A VERY INTERESTING OF ART, ACTUALLY.
a) part
b) bit
c) piece
d) unit
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MODERN PLAYS ARE EASY TO UNDERSTAND IN WITH THOSE
WRITTEN BY SHAKESPEARE.
a) comparison
b) point
c) contact
d) difference
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE KIND OF SCHOOL STUDENTS LIVE IN IS CALLED A
SCHOOL.
a) nursery
b) vocational
c) boarding
d) junior high
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I THE GIFT FROM MY SISTER.
a) stayed
b) accepted
c) left
d) abandoned
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE WAS GIVEN A PRIZE FOR HER IN TEXTILE DESIGN.
a) wastes
b) goals

c) rest d) achievements
Оберіть правильну відповідь: WHAT DO YOU MOST ABOUT HER? a) admire b) think c) miss d) proposed
Оберіть правильну відповідь: HE TO ME IMMEDIATELY BUT I WAS SO ANGRY AT HIM THAT WE LEFT. a) told b) promised c) apologised d) give
Оберіть правильну відповідь: I HAVEN'T FROM LISA FOR OVER TWO WEEKS NOW. a) listen b) heard c) said d) given
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE PARK WAS WITH ENTHUSIASTIC TEENAGERS CELEBRATING THE END OF THE SCHOOL YEAR. a) included b) accumulated c) crowded d) increased
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THERE MUST BE A TO YOUR PROBLEM. a) road b) result c) solution d) set
Оберіть правильну відповідь: "I'M A IN LIFE," DECLARED THE FAMOUS ACTOR TO HI ADORING FANS. a) key b) stone

c) arm d) failure
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IN SOME CULTURES AT PEOPLE IS CONSIDERED OFFENSIVE. a) watched b) staring c) singing d) adoring
Оберіть правильну відповідь: YOU ME OF MYSELF WHEN I WAS YOUR AGE. a) remind b) adore c) expect d) reflect
Оберіть правильну відповідь: ARE YOU WITH THE COMPANY'S NO SMOKING POLICY? a) ready b) afraid c) familiar d) busy
Оберіть правильну відповідь: DO YOU LIKE THE OF RED WINE MORE THAN THAT OF WHITE WINE? a) result b) sauce c) cook d) taste
Oберіть правильну відповідь: I'M REALLY ON THE IDEA OF SPENDING MY HOLIDAY ON AN ISLAND IN THE MEDITERRANEAN. a) relax b) keen c) discomfort d) wait
Оберіть правильну відповідь : SALES STAFF ARE OFTEN TOLD THAT "THE IS ALWAYS RIGHT."

a) dealer
b) employee
c) customer
d) stockist
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE TEACHER THE CLASS INTO FOUR GROUPS FOR THE ROLE-
PLAY.
a) combine
b) divided
c) gave
d) sold
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE'S VERY WITH HIS MONEY AND SUPPORTS VARIOUS
CHARITIES.
a) generous
b) jealous
c) well-plannedd) cheap
d) cheap
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THEY AT THE HOTEL AFTER MIDNIGHT.
a) went
b) kept
c) laid
d) arrived
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE BETWEEN THE RICH AND POOR IS STAGGERING IN MOST
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.
a) difference
b) result
c) stage
d) example
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MY SISTER A LOT OF MONEY ON CLOTHES SHE DOESN'T END UP
WEARING.
a) costs
b) leaves
c) wastes
d) fulfills

Оберіть правильну відповідь: THIS BROCHURE WILL BE TO ALL THE TOURISTS WHO VISIT THE SIGHTS. a) disappointed b) useful c) ugly d) handsome
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT TOOK US ALMOST FOUR HOURS TO TO LONDON.
a) reach
b) arrive
c) get
d) approach
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MARTIN FOUND AN COIN IN HIS GARDEN.
a) aged
b) ancient
c) elderly
d) old-fashioned
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT'S DIFFICULT TO THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN MARGARINE AND
BUTTER.
a) speak
b) tell
c) say
d) look
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
AFTER YOU'VE EATEN THOSE SWEETS, MAKE SURE YOU THROW THE
IN THE BIN.
a) waste
b) junk
c) litter
d) debris
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HOW CAN I YOU OF HER INNOCENCE?
a) convince
b) influence

d) prove
Оберіть правильну відповідь: EVERY MUST TAKE A DRUG TEST BEFORE THE RACE. a) contestant b) winner c) opponent d) rival
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THAT COAT IS FAR TOO; I'LL NEVER BE ABLE TO AFFORD IT. a) rich b) reasonable c) expensive d) precious
Oберіть правильну відповідь: SHE SPENDS A GREAT OF HER TIME INLONDON. a) period b) number c) quantity d) deal
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE SCIENTISTS THE BEHAVIOUR OF THE LABORATORY ANIMALS. a) observed b) recognised c) uncovered d) discovered
Оберіть правильну відповідь: MANY BIRDS SOUTH DURING THE WINTERMONTHS. a) emigrate b) originate c) immigrate d) migrate
Оберіть правильну відповідь: CERTAIN MEDICINES CAN NOW HELP TO LIFE. a) delay b) prolong

c) assume

c) stretch d) expand
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE OFTEN GETS LOST BECAUSE HE NEVER PAYS ATTENTION TO THE
ROAD
a) signals
b) signs
c) posts
d) symbols
<i>Оберіть правильну відповідь:</i> IF YOU YOUR GLOVES THERE, YOU'LL NEVER REMEMBER TO PICK THEM UP.
a) leave
b) misplace
c) forget
d) lose
Оберіть правильну відповідь: THE SUN IS TOO HOT - LET'S SIT IN THE
a) shadow
b) darkness
c) shade d) cover
d) cover
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE WAS SO TIRED THAT HE FELL DURING THE LECTURE.
a) sleeping
b) asleep
c) sleepy
d) sleepless
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WORKING IN THE BAR AT NIGHT PROVIDED ANOTHER SOURCE OF
FOR PAUL.
a) wageb) pay
c) salary
d) income
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MY FRIENDS AND I ARE GOING TO A HOUSE TOGETHER.

a) lend
b) hire
c) rent
d) borrow
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE PRINCESS HOPED ONE DAY TO MARRY A PRINCE.
a) handsome
b) pretty
c) beautiful
d) delightful
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
RUTH IS A VERY PERSON WHO ENJOYS GOING TO PARTIES.
a) solitary
b) communal
c) bold
d) sociable
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE MURDERER WAS TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT.
a) accused
b) sentenced
c) charged
d) tried
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
SHE HERSELF WITH HER NEW PERFUME.
a) showered
b) sprinkled
c) sprayed
d) scattered
d) seattered
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
THE CINEMA IS RIGHT ON THE CORNER - YOU CAN'T IT.
a) lose
b) miss
c) avoid
d) drop
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
WE ARRIVED EARLY AT THE AIRPORT AND WERE ABLE
TO CHECK FOR OUR FLIGHT STRAIGHT AWAY.

a) inb) out
c) up d) off
Оберіть правильну відповідь: IT TOOK US AGES TO GET HERE, BUT WE'RE HOME! a) lately b) eventually c) at last
d) in the end **Oберіть правильну відповідь:* SINCE I LIVE ON THE OF THE CITY, I HAVE A LONG DRIVE INTO TOWN EVERY DAY. a) suburbs b) outside c) outskirts d) border
Оберіть правильну відповідь:THE ONLY TOURIST IN THE TOWN WAS THE MEDIEVAL CHURCH.a) fascinationb) appealc) charmd) attraction
Oберіть правильну відповідь: SALLY DOWN ON EVERYONE WHO ISN'T AS CLEVER AS HER. a) puts b) pushes c) takes d) looks
Oберіть правильну відповідь: HIS INJURIES SEEMED MINOR AT FIRST, BUT IN THE END THEY WERE a) deathly b) lethal c) fatal d) terminal
<i>Оберіть правильну відповідь:</i> JULIE DECIDED TO BREAK WITH HER BOYFRIEND AFTER THEY'D BEEN TOGETHER FOR TWO YEARS.

a) down
b) out
c) up
d) away
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IHAVEN'TYETALL MY AMBITIONS.
a) managed
b) achieved
c) succeeded
d) reached
a) Tederica
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
HE GAVE A OF RELIEF WHEN THE EXAM WAS OVER.
a) yawn
b) sigh
c) cough
d) breath
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT'S EASIER TOA PILL IF YOU TAKE IT WITH WATER.
a) bite
b) chew
c) swallow
d) lick
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
MY RICH UNCLEA LARGE ESTATE IN ENGLAND.
a) belongs
b) owns
c) claims
d) holds
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
JAKE GOT UP EARLY AND LEFT QUIETLY WITHOUT ANYONE.
a) bothering
b) upsetting
c) annoying
d) disturbing
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
TOM BOUGHT A OF BANANAS AT THE SUPERMARKET
YESTERDAY.

a) group
b) pile
c) stack
d) bunch
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
IT'S YOUR THAT EVERYTHING HAS GONE WRONG.
a) mistake
b) blame
c) error
d) fault
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
DON'TFORGETTOOFF THE LIGHTS BEFORE YOU GO TO BED.
a) turn
b) put
c) make
d) close
Oберіть правильну відповідь: I GOT THE FOR GOULASH FROM MY COLLEAGUE. SHE'S HUNGARIAN. a) receipt b) recipe c) formula d) menu
Оберіть правильну відповідь:
I CAN'T EAT THIS APPLE, IT'S TOO
a) salty
b) peppery
c) sour
d) spicy
Obanima ungayayay aidu saida .
Оберіть правильну відповідь: CLARA HAS GOT PERFECT AND CAN EVEN SEE WELL IN THE
DARK.
a) view
b) eyesight
c) sight
d) site
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АНГЛІЙСЬКА МОВА. ПІДСУМКОВИЙ КОНТРОЛЬ У ФОРМІ КОМП'ЮТЕРНОГО ТЕСТУВАННЯ

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