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Storm water management for little lehigh and cedar creek drainage basins, December 1976

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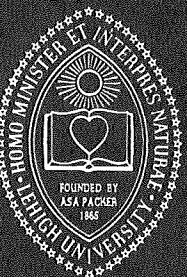
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STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FOR LITTLE LEHIGH AND CEDAR CREEK DRAINAGE BASINS

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DECEMBER 1976

FRITZ ENGINEERING LABORATORY REPORT 416.2

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT FOR LITTLE LEHIGH
AND CEDAR CREEK DRAINAGE BASINS

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LEHIGH UNIVERSITY

PREPARED UNDER THE SUPPORT OF THE CITY OF
ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA URBAN OBSERVATORY

DECEMBER, 1976

The research and studies forming the basis for the report were conducted pursuant to a contract between the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the National League of Cities. The substance of such research is dedicated to the public. The author and publisher are solely responsible for the accuracy of statements or interpretations contained herein.

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ALLENTOWN URBAN OBSERVATORY

The Allentown Urban Observatory is a joint enterprise between the City of Allentown and several colleges and universities in the Allentown area. The program is designed to utilize university research capabilities to solve problems of local government. Research topics are adopted each year by the Policy Board, and results of the activities are disseminated to City Council, the Mayor and his staff, and other interested persons and organizations.

Funding for the Observatory is provided by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development, the City of Allentown, and the university or college where the research is performed.

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PROJECT SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Extensive field surveys and data collection were used to develop a first level calibration of the Storm Water Management Model (SWMM) as released by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency. The calibration accomplished was for both quantity and quality aspects of storm water runoff. Initial steps have been taken by City of Allentown engineering and planning personnel to develop understanding and operational competence to use the computer simulation model for both design and planning efforts in the suburban areas of Allentown.

The College Heights Boulevard drainage system, which was used to calibrate the SWMM, is upstream of the major water supply intake for Allentown. Thus, the ability to predict quality of storm water runoff is an important end result of this study. The field surveys and data collection also brought out some potential water quality problems for Allentown. Algal nutrients, nitrogen and phosphorous, are present in appreciable quantities and can cause excessive growth of algae with potential taste and odor problems in the water supply. In particular, the nitrate levels, as high as 6 mg/l as N, could exceed the U. S. Drinking Water Standard limit of 10 mg/l as N, if further urbanization causes any increase in nutrient levels.

The second quality item concerns the duck ponds in the area upstream of the water supply intake. The limited data available shows a definite degradation of the Cedar Creek water quality due to the duck ponds, particularly with regard to the coliform bacteria levels. It is strongly recommended that further study and evaluation be made of the impact, both real and potential, of these duck ponds.

During the calibration of the SWMM for the College Heights Boulevard drainage system, it was established that appreciable impervious areas of the drainage basin did not discharge their storm runoff into the storm drainage system. Instead, they discharged onto lawns and other pervious areas which allowed the water to infiltrate into the soil. The impact of this observation could be appreciable since this rather drastically reduces the amount and rate of storm runoff. By continuing this practice and encouraging new development areas to do the same or more, the design of future storm sewers would be affected since much smaller and less costly systems could be installed. On the other hand, the increased infiltration of storm water in this particular geological area could contribute to sink hole development.

It is recommended that the City of Allentown address the problem of roof drains, driveways and other impervious areas for storm water discharge and establish a policy of where the storm water from these areas should go. This will be essential to allow the engineering and planning personnel to properly design and evaluate the impact of urban developments. The use of SWMM for this will be of prime importance since the simulation model was calibrated for the Allentown area.

It should be clearly established that the present SWMM has only a first level calibration. To allow optimum use of the planning and design capabilities in SWMM, the City of Allentown should continue collection of storm rainfall data and establish a permanent storm water flow measuring installation to develop a finer calibration of the SWMM computer model. The refined calibration of the SWMM will allow greater confidence in the application of the computer model for planning and engineering design problems.

STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PROBLEMS

On any given summer day, one might expect a sudden thundershower in the afternoon. What happens to the rain water when the skies open up to dump an inch or more of water on the land in a relatively short length of time?

Initially, a small amount of water will be intercepted by trees, plants and grass. With any but the smallest shower, this is only the start. The subsequent quantities of rain will infiltrate into the ground at a rate dependent on the type of soil, ground cover and previous rainfall. If the storm intensity is high, the ability of the ground to assimilate the water will be exceeded. Rainfall in excess of the infiltration rate will become storm water runoff. What happens to this excess precipitation is the concern of this study. In undeveloped areas the amount of runoff will generally be contained within natural channels, but even when there are great quantities of storm runoff, it will not cause extensive damage to man due to flooding. The natural runoff will not degrade the receiving water body and it will not increase background pollution levels.

In contrast, excess rainfall on developed urban and suburban communities can lead to several undesirable effects. On this developed land varying portions of the soil will be covered by many types of impervious material; asphalt or concrete, for example. This fact alone will lead to increased runoff. In addition, developed land often has a much greater hydraulic efficiency. The combination of more rain water runoff and smoother channels will cause larger flows to be delivered to receiving streams sooner. Thus the stage is set for increased flooding of small streams and low lying areas. Communities often install storm water drainage systems to protect homes and property. These are generally separate from the sanitary system but are often combined in older systems. When adequately sized, these systems will reduce flooding of homes and businesses. However, the hydraulic efficiency of the land is increased, often causing larger floods downstream. Continued urbanization generally leads to more impervious land and a bigger storm water problem.

Another point to note is the large reduction (2,3,4,10) in quality that occurs when rainwater falls onto the land, flows over this land to the nearest channel, and into the receiving water body (20). The quality of storm water will often be comparable to raw sewage. The biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) can range upwards of 50 mg/l, coliform bacteria counts range from 10^3 to 10^6 per 100 ml and phosphates and suspended solids will increase. If the receiving water also happens to be a water supply, as is the case with Allentown, large quantities of storm water input will be detrimental to that water supply.

Most people agree that storm water runoff in urban areas is a problem. But, what can be done about it? It would be a great benefit to cities and the suburbs if they could predict, via models, both the quantity and quality of storm runoff.

Such a model would help many communities. First, it would help to size storm drainage systems. While a pipe network needs to be large enough to prevent most flooding, cities do not want to pay excessive costs for a drainage system designed to prevent flooding during an exceptional storm that may occur only once in 25 or 100 years. Secondly, a storm water model would predict quality changes in receiving water. Such a prediction would provide information to planners such as: How much damage will occur to the receiving stream? Will it be usable for fishing or as a water supply? Should storm water be treated? What effect will increased land development have?

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, through Water Resources Engineers, Metcalf & Eddy, Inc., and the University of Florida, has developed such a model (12,13). This model, commonly referred to as SWMM (Storm Water Management Model), when properly calibrated, has the capability of providing to the City of Allentown both planning and engineering information needed for making sound decisions to deal with storm water problems of the future.

During the past year, the Water Resources Division of the Fritz Engineering Laboratory at Lehigh University has laid the groundwork for the use of SWMM by the City of Allentown. As a first step towards modeling the effect of storm water of the Little Lehigh Creek, various water quality parameters have been monitored over a period of eight months. The results from these many analyses will provide a measure of background data on this stream which is a major drinking water source for Allentown. A major effort in the sampling program was directed towards defining the quality of storm water from Allentown urban areas. Even though the summer portion of the year was quite dry, storm water samples were collected and analyzed during the period from May through September. These storm water quality analyses, together with rainfall and runoff flow measurements from the College Heights Boulevard drainage basin have allowed a first level calibration of the SWMM computer model.

The SWMM computer program is large and complex. The program is separated into four computational blocks entitled: RUNOFF, TRANSPORT, STORAGE/TREATMENT, and RECEIVE. The blocks model the rainfall and runoff, the piping network, various storage and/or treatment alternatives, and the storm water effect on the receiving water. Simply stated, SWMM takes a specified rainfall intensity and duration, one or more drainage areas with associated piping together with any storage and/or treatment facility, and predicts the quantity and quality of runoff including the effect of storage and treatment on the storm water quality. The changes in water flow and quality in the receiving stream can be predicted using the RECEIVE block.

To accomplish this rather extensive simulation task, SWMM requires appreciable input data of the physical system involved. For successful simulation, the drainage basin must be divided into representative sub-catchments and the slope of the contributing land and conveyance channels determined. Land use must be defined along with the portion of hydraulically efficient impervious areas (6). Surface depression and retention storage together with the infiltration capacity of the soil-vegetative cover are needed to define the response of the land and cover to hydrologic events.

Adaption of the SWMM program to the Lehigh University Computer Center CDC 6400 computer was a demanding task in itself. As released by EPA for public use, the SWMM program requires approximately 800,000 octal words of computer storage. The CDC 6400 system at the LUCC has only about 120,000 octal words available to the user. Sophisticated computer operating systems together with reduction of program size were necessary to make SWMM operational. The details of this effort are given in Fritz Engineering Laboratory Report 416.1 (21).

Calibration of SWMM for the Allentown conditions was accomplished by measuring the rainfall and runoff quantity and quality from the College Heights Boulevard drainage basin for several storms and comparing with the SWMM output time sequences of predicted runoff quality and quantity using the observed rainfall data. If there were differences between predicted and observed values, the calibration factors were numerically modified in the model and SWMM was run again to obtain a new set of predicted values. Through repeated comparison between measured and predicted values, a first level calibration was obtained.

The final phase in the project was the introduction of the SWMM to the engineers and planners from the City of Allentown. This was accomplished by assisting the City personnel to develop SWMM for the prediction of runoff through the proposed Salisbury Township Planned Residential Development.

PROJECT APPROACH

Stream sampling locations were chosen on the Little Lehigh Creek and the tributary Cedar Creek after a field survey of the streams. Sampling stations were located at three points on the main stream of the Little Lehigh Creek Between Pa. Route 100 in Macungie and the 15th Street Bridge in Allentown. The Cedar Creek, together with the tributary Little Cedar Creek, was selected for the remainder of the sampling points for two reasons. First, the Cedar Creek Basin is highly developed and receives storm water input at many points. Secondly, the initial field surveys indicated increased turbidities on the Cedar Creek and, in particular, the Little Cedar Creek during storm water runoff periods. Table 1 gives the exact location of each sampling station. Figure 1 is a map of the Little Lehigh Creek Watershed indicating both the sampling locations and the smaller drainage divisions of the basin.

Table 1
Stream Sampling Stations

Station	Description	Symbol ^a
Little Lehigh Creek	North Bank, 30 yards upstream from 15th Street Bridge (Ward Street)	WTP
Little Lehigh Creek	North Bank, 20 yards upstream from Route 29 Bridge (Cedar Crest Boulevard)	LLC-29
Little Lehigh Creek	North Bank, 400 yards downstream from junction with Schaefer Run	LLC-SR
Cedar Creek	North Bank, 100 yards upstream from junction with Little Lehigh Creek	CC1
Cedar Creek	25-50 yards upstream from junction with Little Cedar Creek, downstream from Cedar Crest Boulevard Bridge	CC2
Cedar Creek	Just upstream from fish hatchery at County Home, 50 yards upstream from Cedar Brook Road bridge	CC3
Little Cedar Creek	Midway between Cedar Crest Boulevard and junction with Cedar Creek	LCC1
Little Cedar Creek	Just downstream from Springhouse Road Bridge	LCC2

^aUsed on watershed map and on analysis sample sheets

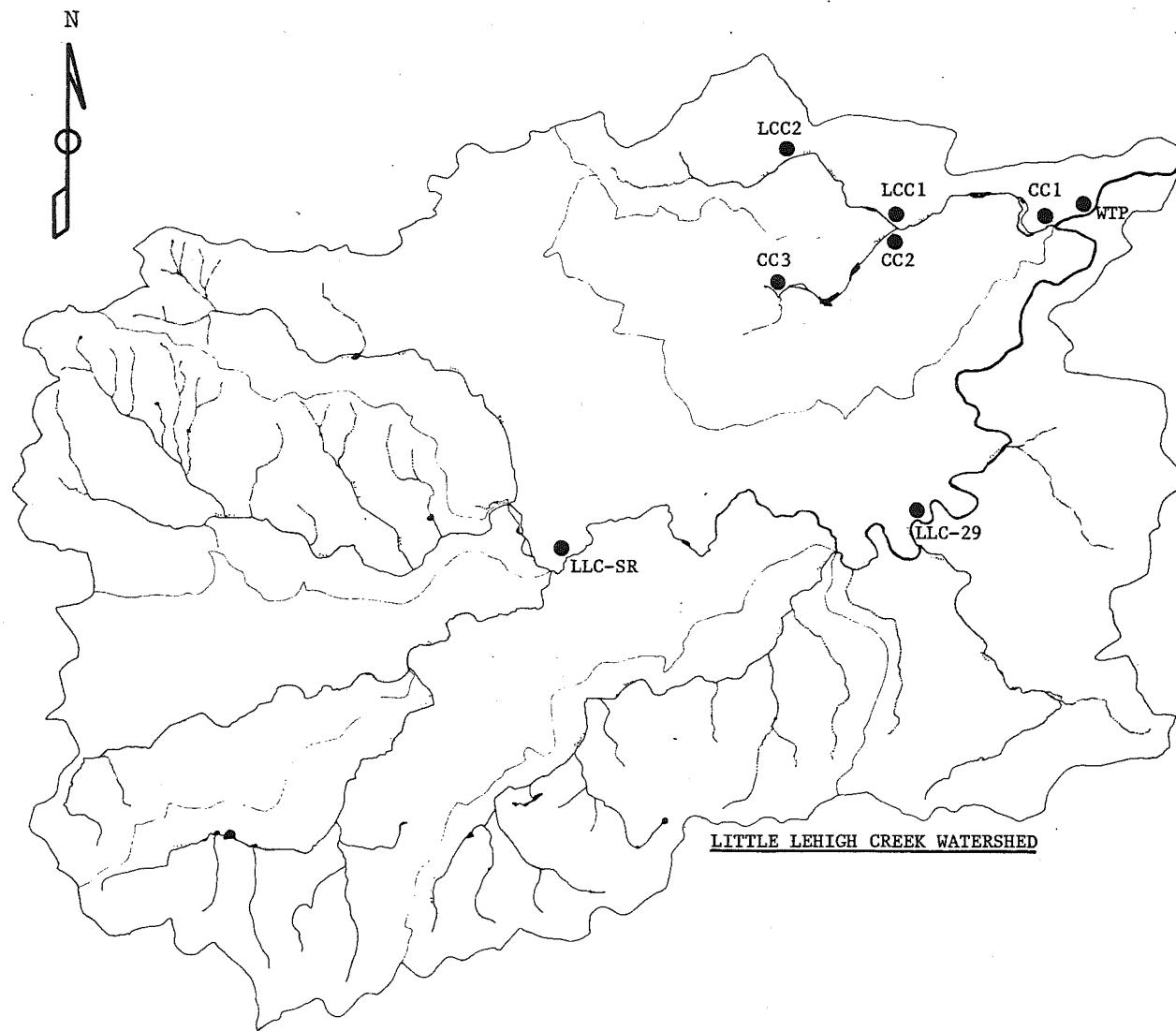


Fig. 1 STREAM WATER QUALITY SAMPLING SITES

Since the Cedar Creek and Little Cedar Creek had already been chosen for more intensive stream sampling, the vast majority of the stormwater sampling was also done in this area. In particular, the 24 inch storm sewer outfall downstream from the Ott Street Bridge and the Trexler Park storm sewer outfall of the College Heights Boulevard drainage network were singled out for the most intensive sampling. The storm runoff sampling points are located on Figure 2 and tabulated in Table 2.

Table 2
Storm Runoff Sampling Points

Sampling Point	Location	Symbol
Ott Street Storm Sewer Outfall	24" pipe: North Bank of Cedar Creek just downstream from Ott Street Bridge	OSS
College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer	3'x11' twin box sewer in Trexler Park; third manhole upstream from stilling basin	CHB
Trexler Park Apartments Storm Outfall	24" pipe: West Bank Little Cedar Creek; Trexler Park, 100 yards upstream from old springhouse	TAO
15th Street Storm Sewer Outfall	4.5'x8' box sewer North Bank of Little Lehigh just upstream from 15th Street Bridge	WTPSS
Muhlenburg Lake Outfall	15" pipe: South Bank of Lake Muhlenburg, below South Berks Street	LMO

Samples were collected and analyzed on a weekly basis from February through May, and thereafter on a monthly basis. Field tests and laboratory analysis were the two basic types of analyses performed.

The field tests were made at the time the samples were collected. Two 1-liter samples for physical and chemical parameter tests were collected in plastic sampling bottles for analysis in the laboratory, and a 150 ml sample was collected in a sterile bottle for coliform tests. Table 3 shows the tests performed, the methodology used, and any special equipment involved.

In addition to the quality parameters listed in Table 3, tests were performed for heavy metals in the streams, particularly for chromium, cadmium and lead. All of these analyses for heavy metals were performed by atomic absorption spectrophotometry.

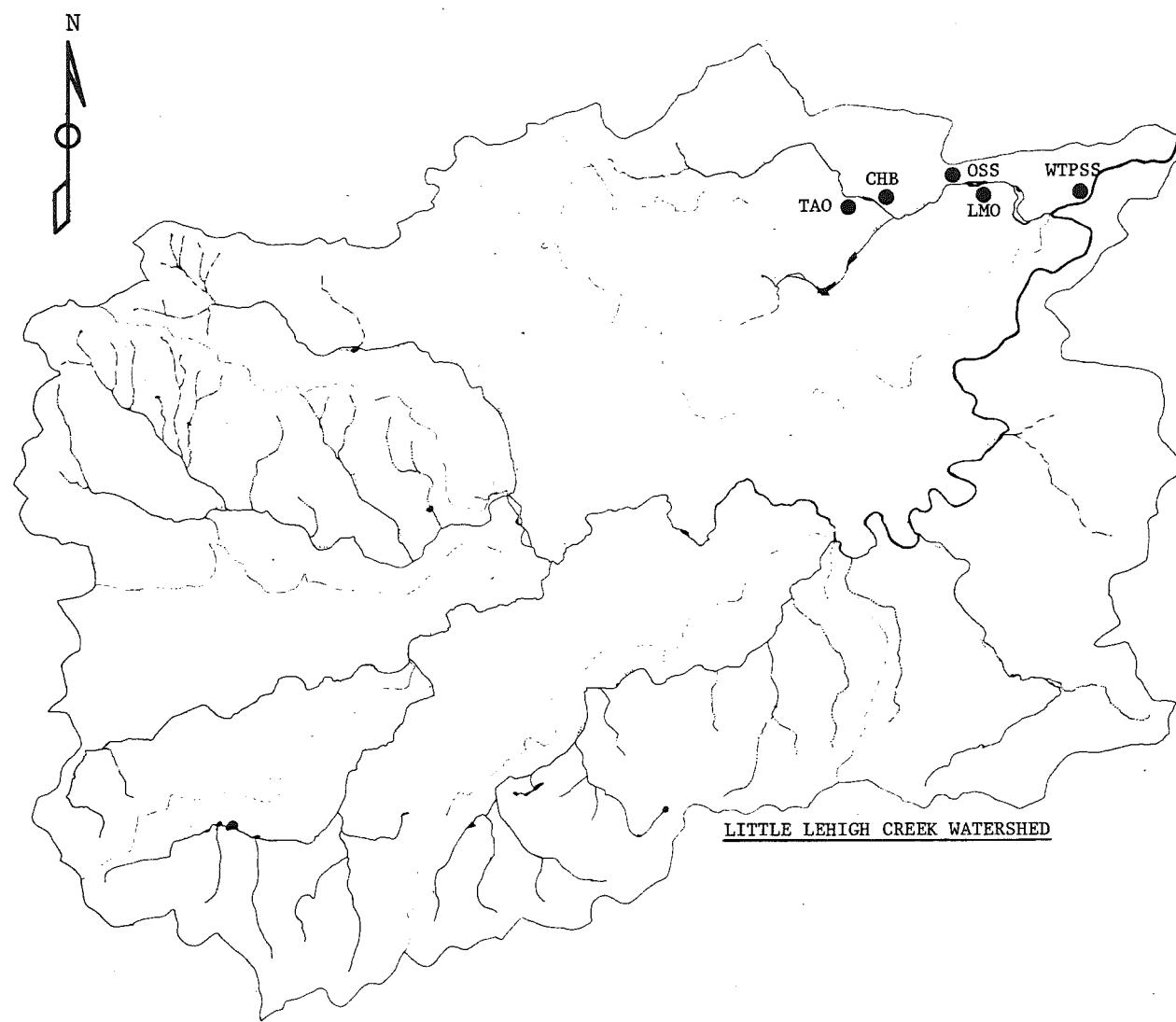


Fig. 2 STORM WATER SAMPLING SITES

Table 3
Water Quality Parameter Analyses

Analysis	Method	Equipment and/or Reagents	Major Interferences ^a
pH ^f	Hach Colorimetric	wide range pH indicator	turbidity, color
Temperature ^f	Standard Methods ^a	Mercury thermometer or Thermistor on D. O. Probe	
Alkalinity ^f	Standard Methods ^a colorimetric titration	0.02 N H ₂ SO ₄	interfering color or turbidity
CO ₂ ^f	Standard Methods ^a colorimetric titration	0.0454 N Na ₂ CO ₃	Al, Cr, Cu, Fe, high TDS, excess indicator
Dissolved ^f Oxygen	Standard Methods ^a membrane electrode	YSI Model D. O. meter w/field probe	
Hardness	Standard Methods ^a EDTA Titrimetric		Si, Al, Fe, Mn, PO ₄ , suspended solids, dilution water for Ca ⁺⁺
Ammonia	Specific Ion Electrode ^b	Orion Ammonia Electrode model 95-10	Volatile Ammonia
Nitrate	Standard Methods ^a (Tentative) Specific Ion Electrode ^c	Orion Model 93-07 Nitrate Electrode	HCO ₃ ⁻ , Cl ⁻ , NO ₂ ⁻ , HS, CN, SO ₄ ⁼ , CO ₃ ⁼
Ortho- Phosphate	Standard Methods ^a Colorimetric	Stannous Chloride, B&L Spec. 20	excess molybdate, F ⁻ , S
COD	Standard Methods ^a		Aliphatic, aromatic hydrocarbons, Cl ⁻ , NO ₂

Table 3 (Cont.)

Analysis	Method	Equipment and/or Reagents	Major Interferences ^a
Total, Suspended, Dissolved and Volatile Solids	Standard Methods ^a		volatile com- pounds, oil, grease, volatile minerals
Tannins and Lignins	Hach colorimetric	--	hydroxylated aromatics
BOD ₅	Standard Methods ^a		toxics
Total Coliforms	Standard Methods ^a	Membrane Filter	toxics, excess suspended matter
Turbidity	Standard Methods ^a	Hach Turbidimeter	Bubbles, dirty glassware, debris, coarse sediments
Color	Hach Colorimetric		interfering color or turbidity

^aReference 1^bReference 14^cReferences 8 and 11^fTest run in field

The storm flow measurements were made by two methods, neither of which was entirely satisfactory. Both methods were variations on depth of flow measurement. At Ott Street, where the stormwater runoff discharged from a circular 24 inch concrete pipe into the Cedar Creek, depth measurements were made at the outlet of the pipe. Flow was then calculated using the Manning Equation, assuming the roughness $n = 0.013$. Unfortunately, this method assumes that the depth of flow at the outlet is the normal depth of flow. In reality, there was an undetermined amount of drawdown at the outlet which introduced error into this determination. At the College Heights Boulevard storm sewer, flow in the twin 3'x11' concrete box sewer terminated in a stilling basin before entering the Little Cedar Creek. Since both barrels of the sewer are the same size, material and slope, it was assumed flow would be equal in either side. The depth of flow was manually recorded from a meter stick strapped to manhole steps in the south barrel several hundred feet upstream from the stilling basin. A backwater analysis of flow in the sewer from the stilling basin to the manhole was made to insure that the measurement site was not influenced by that factor.

Late in the study it was discovered that sedimentation in the unmonitored north barrel had caused the flow to be highly unsteady in that barrel. Velocity measurements also showed the Manning "n" in the north barrel to be several times larger than would be expected in a concrete pipe. This fact made the flow measurements also somewhat suspect. On the basis of 10 velocity-depth measurements in the north barrel, flow in that barrel was computed to be 1.8 times the flow in the south barrel.

Initial rainfall measurements were made with a digital recording rain gage with a resolution of 0.1 inch provided by the City of Allentown. Mechanical difficulties with this gage necessitated its return to the factory for repairs, and its use was lost for the remainder of this study. Subsequent rainfall measurements were recorded manually from a 2 inch diameter, plastic, 5 inch capacity Taylor rain gage attached to a stake in the center of a field next to the storm water outlets. This simple gage was marked in 0.05 inch increments. During the later stages of the study a U. S. Weather Bureau recording rain gage was made available for use by the National Weather Service of the Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton Airport in Allentown. This was not available soon enough to be an important factor in this phase of the study, but is and will be available for future monitoring of rainfall for refinement of the SWMM calibration.

In addition to the samples and field data collection for rainfall and storm runoff flow rates, it was necessary to obtain the information to adequately describe the physical system for the computer model SWMM. The initial step was to obtain a large scale ($1''=400'$) map of the area. This, along with physical data on the storm sewer pipes, was obtained from the City of Allentown engineering department. Next, the drainage area was divided into subcatchments. Every effort was made to keep the subcatchments generally rectangular in shape and to limit the area to land of uniform shape and land use characteristics (15). In the development of the model input data, the general procedure outlined in the SWMM user manual (7) was followed. The actual extent of the drainage basin was determined from topographic maps, aerial photos, and field observation when necessary. The measurements and the required data as outlined in the SWMM user manual such as area and slope, were obtained or calculated. Tables 5-7 and 6-6 of the SWMM user manual (7, p 74 & 154) and Figure 3 for the College Heights Boulevard drainage system provide additional information on the type of data required as input to the simulation model. The final step in data preparation was the physical representation and numbering of the drainage network. Again, the SWMM user manual or Figure 4 provide more information on this phase of the work.

By the end of October 1976, enough measured data had been acquired on four storms so that comparisons could be made with predicted values from SWMM. Then the required parameter changes were made, and a first calibration achieved. Table 4 shows the dates of the storms, the total rainfall modeled, the time increment in the measured values, and the time increment used in the SWMM computer model. The results of this first level calibration model will be discussed later.



Fig. 3 COLLEGE HEIGHTS BOULEVARD DRAINAGE SYSTEM SUBCATCHMENTS

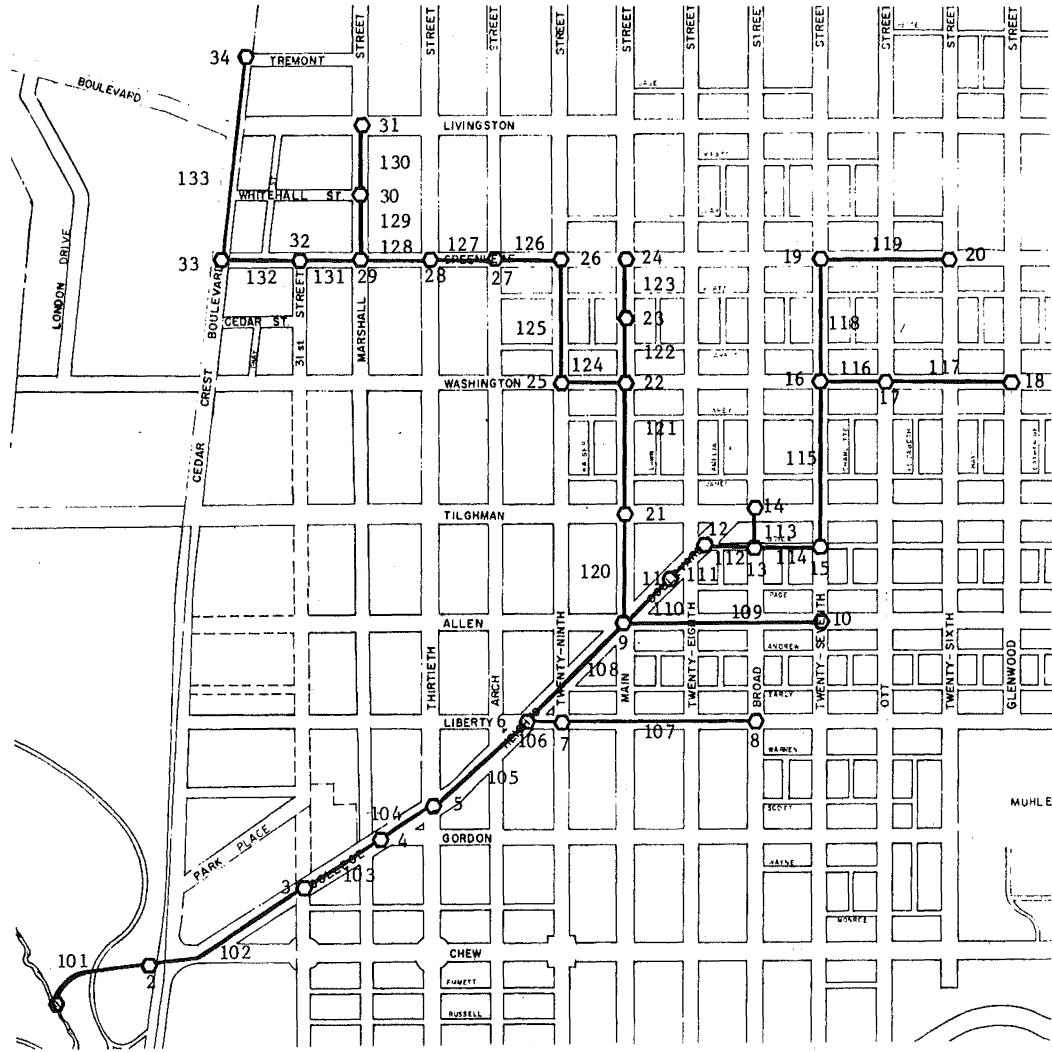


Fig. 4 PIPE SYSTEM FOR COLLEGE HEIGHTS BOULEVARD DRAINAGE SYSTEM

Table 4
Storm Events Modeled

Date	Rain Data									
	Year 1976	ABE (USWB) Data				Data Recorded at Sample Site				
		Start	End	Duration	Depth	Start	End	Duration ^a	Depth	
6/29	1400	1500	<1 hr	.03	1500	1530	30 min	0.31		
9/15-9/17	2000	0600	34 hr	2.74	2200	1500	17 hr ^b	0.65		
9/5-9/16	2000	1500	19 hr	1.41						
9/26-9/27	0900	0200	17 hr	0.79	1120	1530	4 hr ^c	0.20		
9/26	1100	1600	5 hr	0.18						
10/7-10/9	2100	1200	15 hr	1.48	2100	1200	15 hr ^d	1.96		
10/9										

^aRainfall recorded from start of storm until flow measurements were stopped.

^bFlow measurements and incremental rainfall measurements made from 0905-1510

^cFlow measurements and incremental rainfall measurements made from 1130-1530

^dFlow measurements and incremental rainfall measurements made from 0715-1500

In addition to the measured storm events, a theoretical storm of 1 in 10 year frequency (16,17,18,19) and 3 hour duration was derived to test the sensitivity to the SWMM model to various input and calibration parameters and to exhibit the use of the model in planning. The development of the 10-year 3-hour design storm event is shown in Appendix A.

For results of this study to be of lasting value for the City of Allentown, it is necessary that the city engineering and planning personnel be confident in their ability to use the computer model to produce valid predictions. One excellent way to understand a simulating model such as SWMM is to use it, and a latter portion of this project has been aimed at assisting the City personnel in applying the first level calibration model to a real life situation.

The drainage basin which includes the proposed Salisbury Township Planned Residential Development was chosen to be modeled as a learning exercise for city personnel as well as to help guide the City in evaluating this development. Lehigh University project personnel have worked closely with the Allentown planning and engineering department as the City personnel collected and organized the data for input to SWMM. Initial runs of SWMM on the CDC 6400 computer at Lehigh University are being made at the termination of this project.

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Stream Water Quality

The results of all the stream water quality analyses are tabulated in Appendix B. In addition, values of the dissolved oxygen, temperature and pH at several selected stations are plotted in Figure 5 through Figure 10. Figure 11 and Figure 12 show the nitrate nitrogen concentrations at the same stations.

The Little Lehigh Creek and Cedar Creek stream water quality was generally good. However, the streams did not have the highest quality one would ideally expect for a drinking water supply. The water is moderately hard, has high alkalinity, and has occasionally high nutrient levels, especially phosphorous. The sample analyses did point out three water quality parameters that should be of concern. The samples occasionally had high coliform counts, especially during the summer months. There were repeated problems with the coliform tests during the first part of the study, due to a batch of bad bacteriological culture media. The early reported results are suspect and probably low. The samples had nitrate concentrations ranging between 2 and 6 mg/l as N. Although this is of no immediate concern, it is undesirable in a drinking water since the U. S. Drinking Water Standards have a maximum permissible value of 10 mg/l as N. The stream samples often had quantities of phosphorous in excess of that needed to support excess algal growth. This could lead to excessive algal activity with resulting taste and odor problems.

During the course of this study two areas in the Cedar Creek basin other than the previously described storm sewer outfalls were found to be potentially large sources of nutrients and fecal coliforms. One area is the Trexler Park duck pond. The other area is Lake Muhlenberg. Both of these ponds attract large numbers of water fowl during much of the year. Apparently many of these have taken up full time residence there. Fecal discharge from ducks can be a significant source of bacteria. Geldreich and Kenner (5,9) have shown that the average duck excretes 336 g of feces per 24 hours. They have also found that the average fecal coliform count per gram is 33 million and the average fecal streptococci count is 4 million per gram. Simple calculations show that a flock of 100 ducks has the potential to add 3000 fecal coliform and 5000 fecal streptococci per 100 ml to the waters of Cedar Creek.

It should be noted that extensive measurements were not made to evaluate the duck pond problem, and this problem deserves further attention. Table 5 shows the comparison in water quality between the Trexler Pond effluent and the pond bypass on one occasion. Also, supersaturated dissolved oxygen concentrations observed in the Trexler Pond during most of the summer indicates the growth of algae in the ponds. The extent of effect on water quality by these ponds needs to be studied.

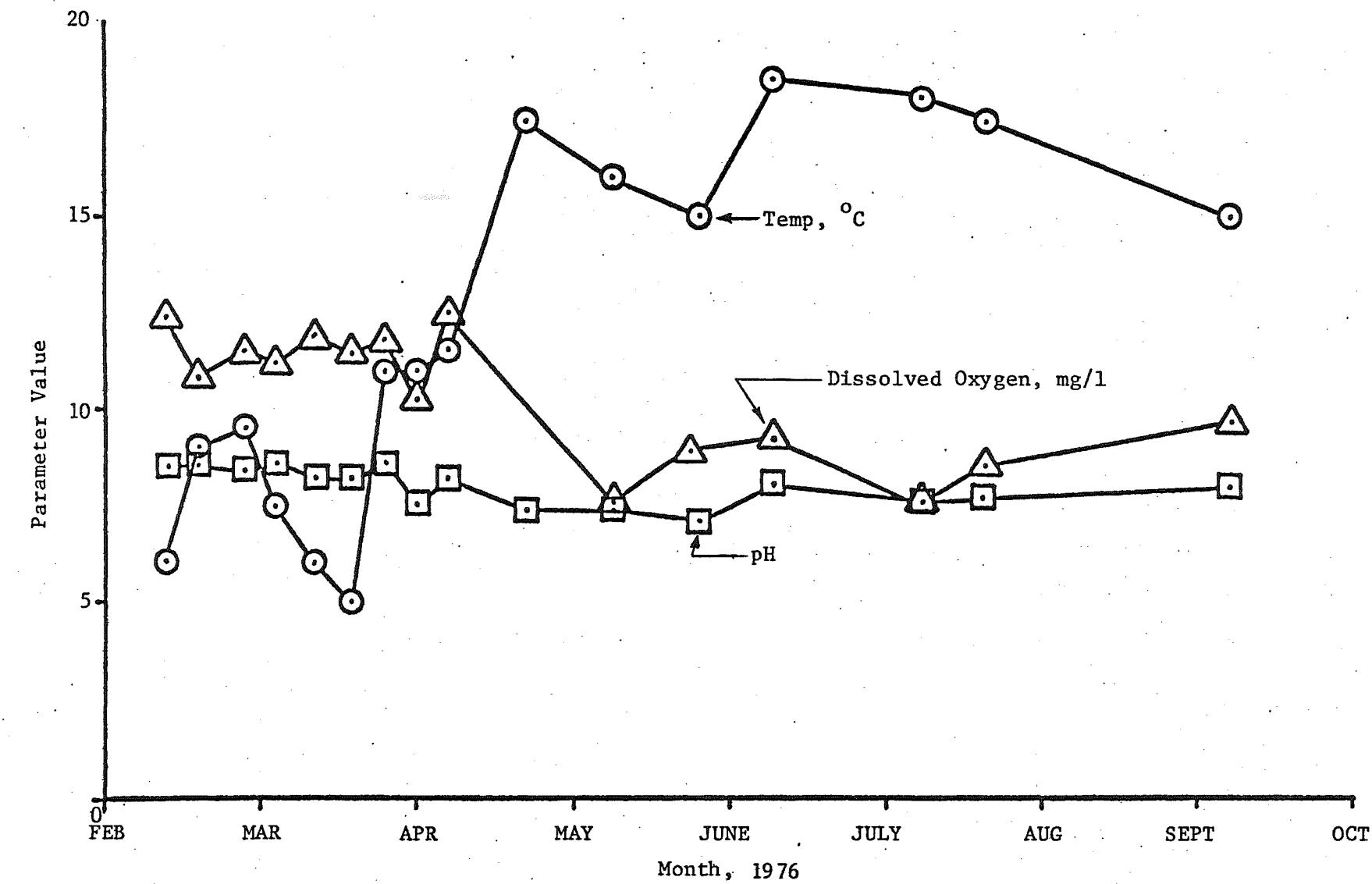


Fig. 5 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION WTP

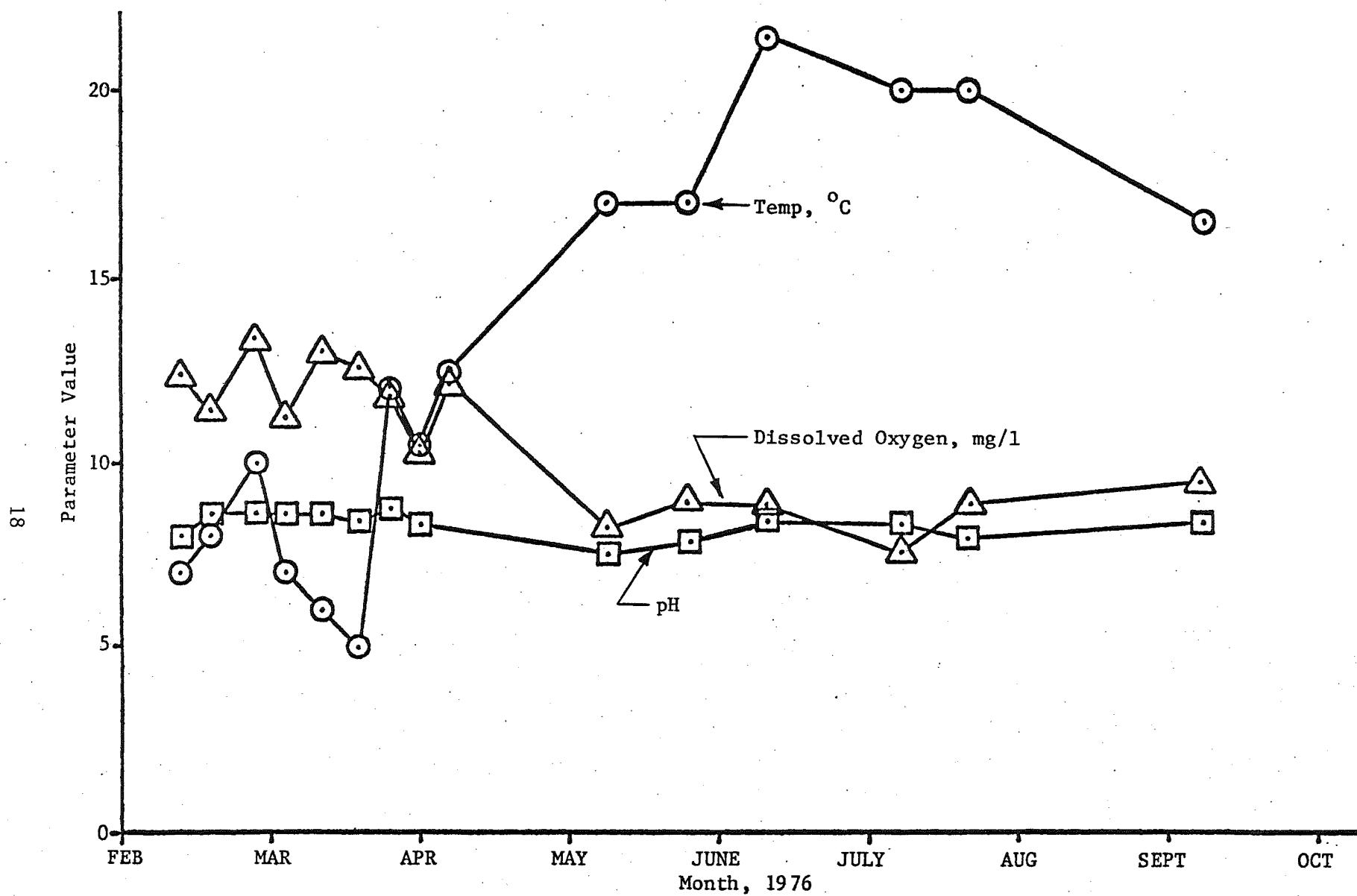


Fig. 6 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION CC1

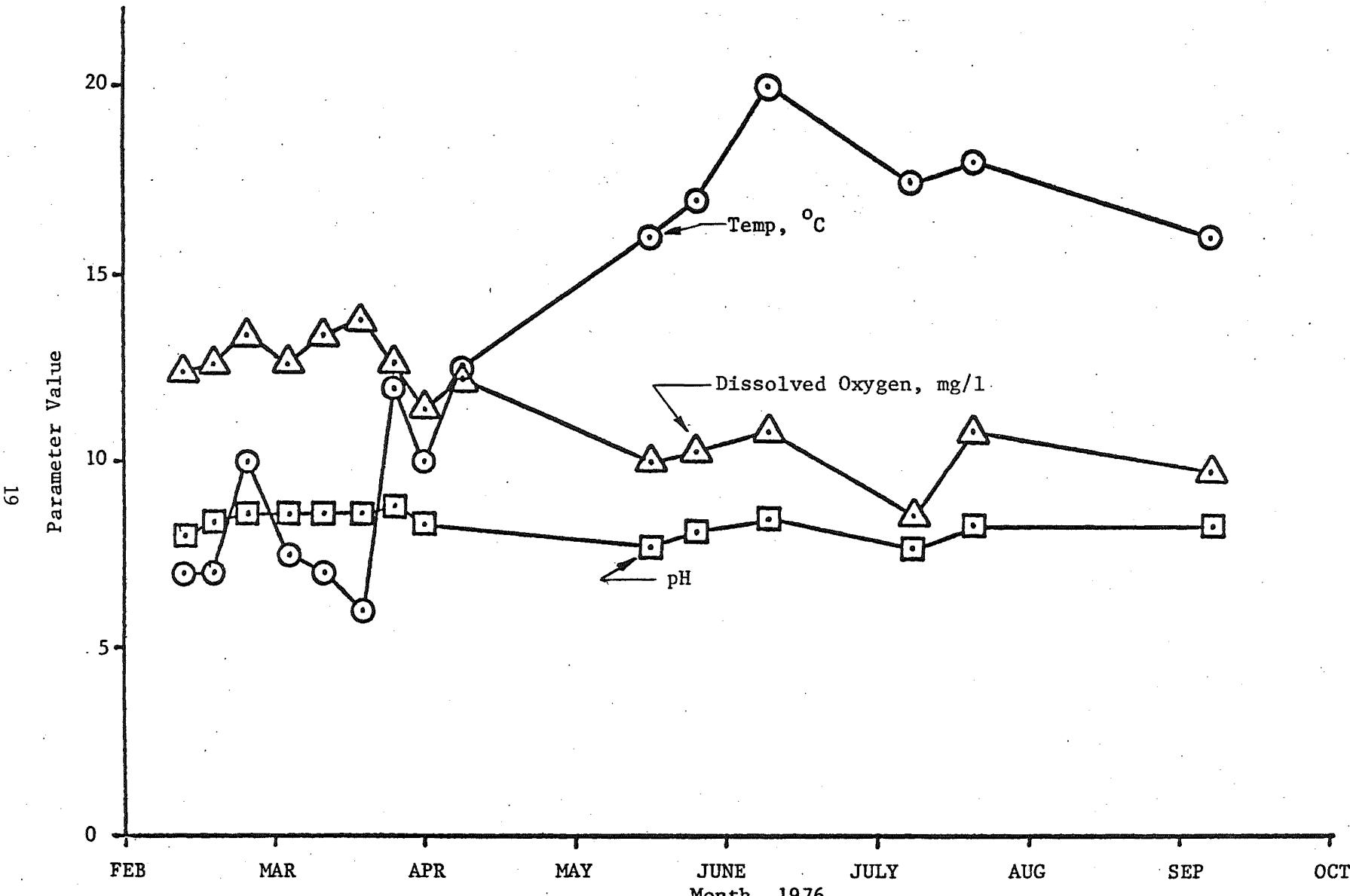


Fig. 7 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION CC2

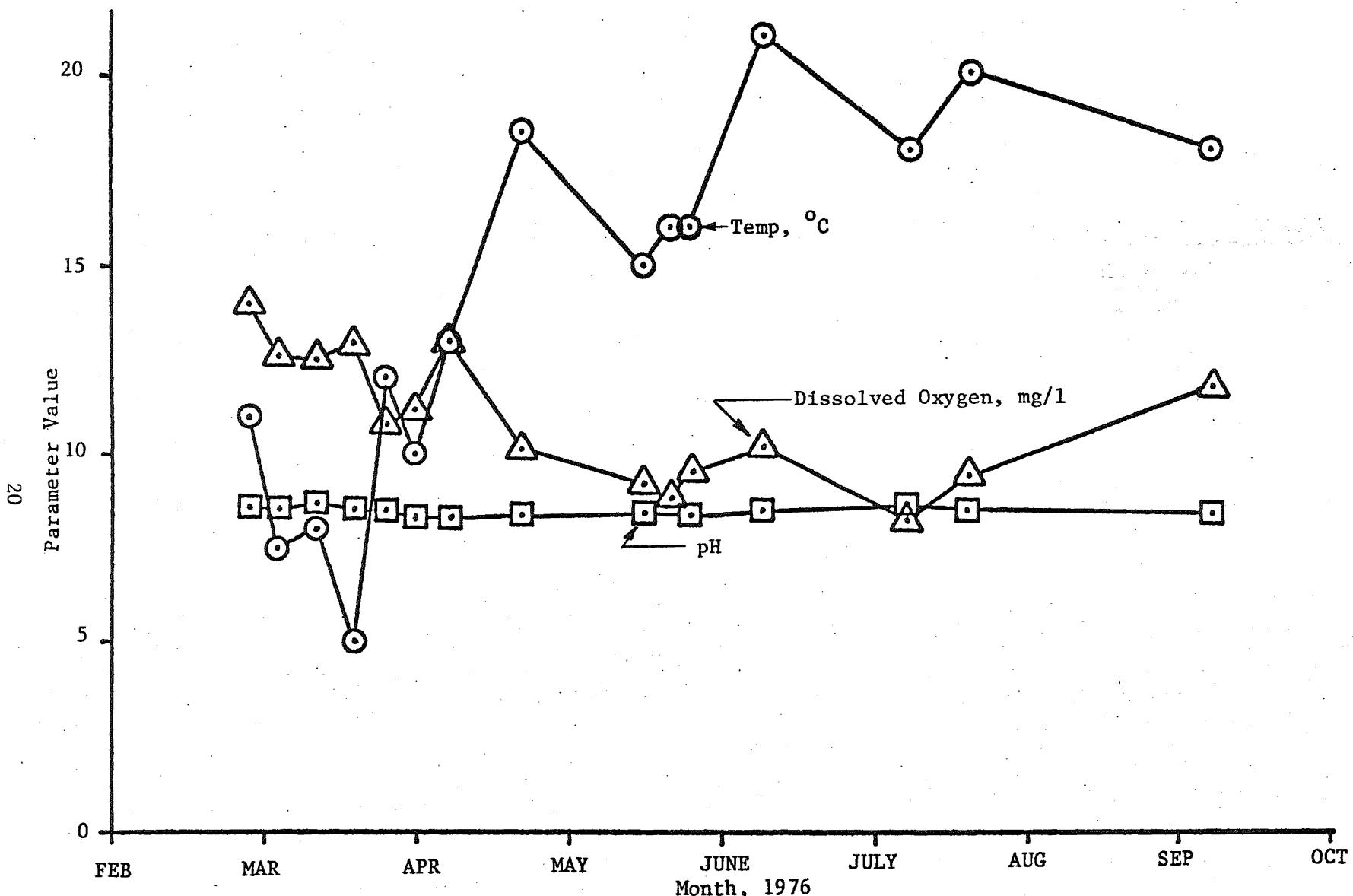


Fig. 8 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION LCC1

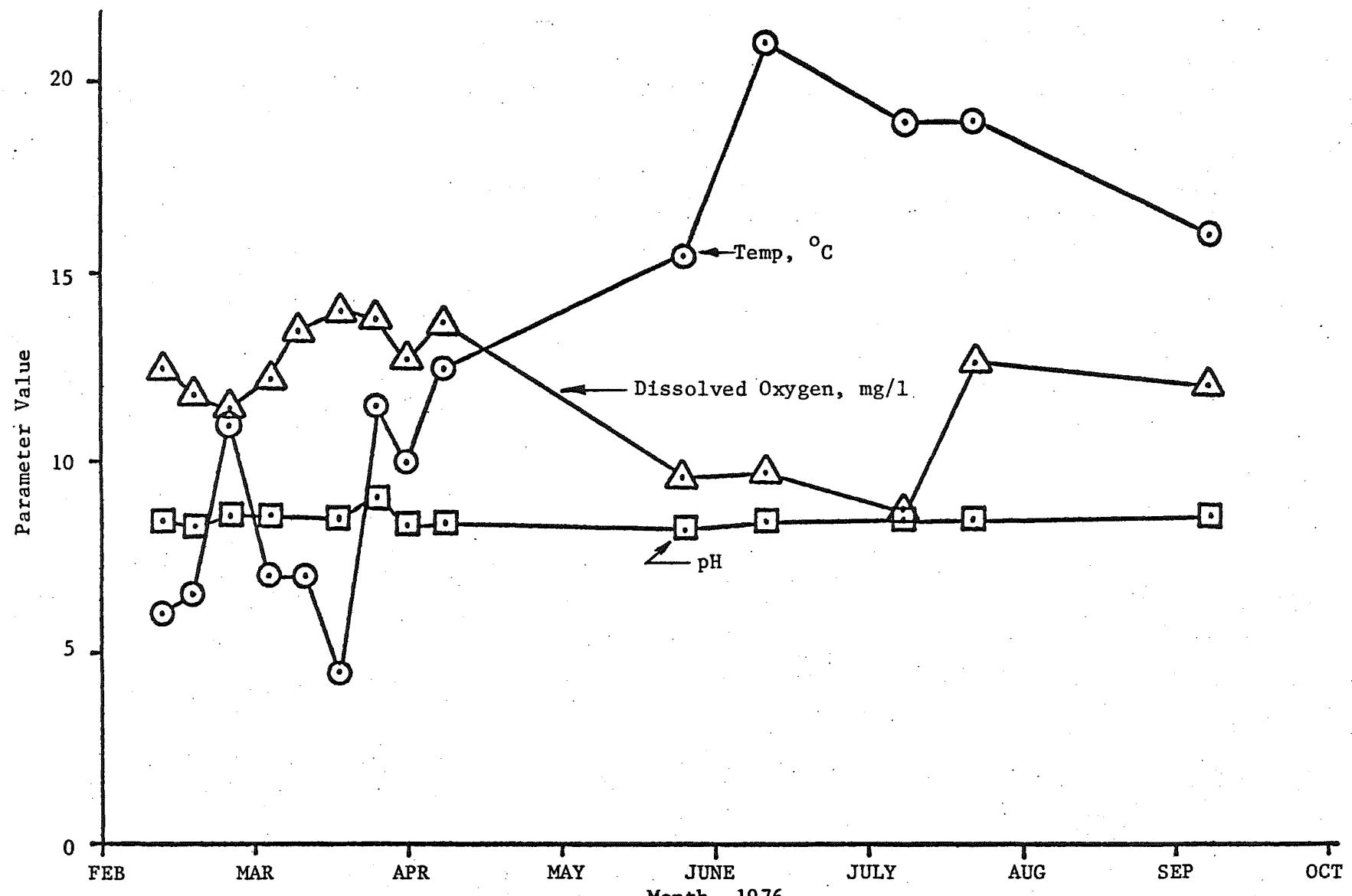


Fig. 9 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION LLC-29

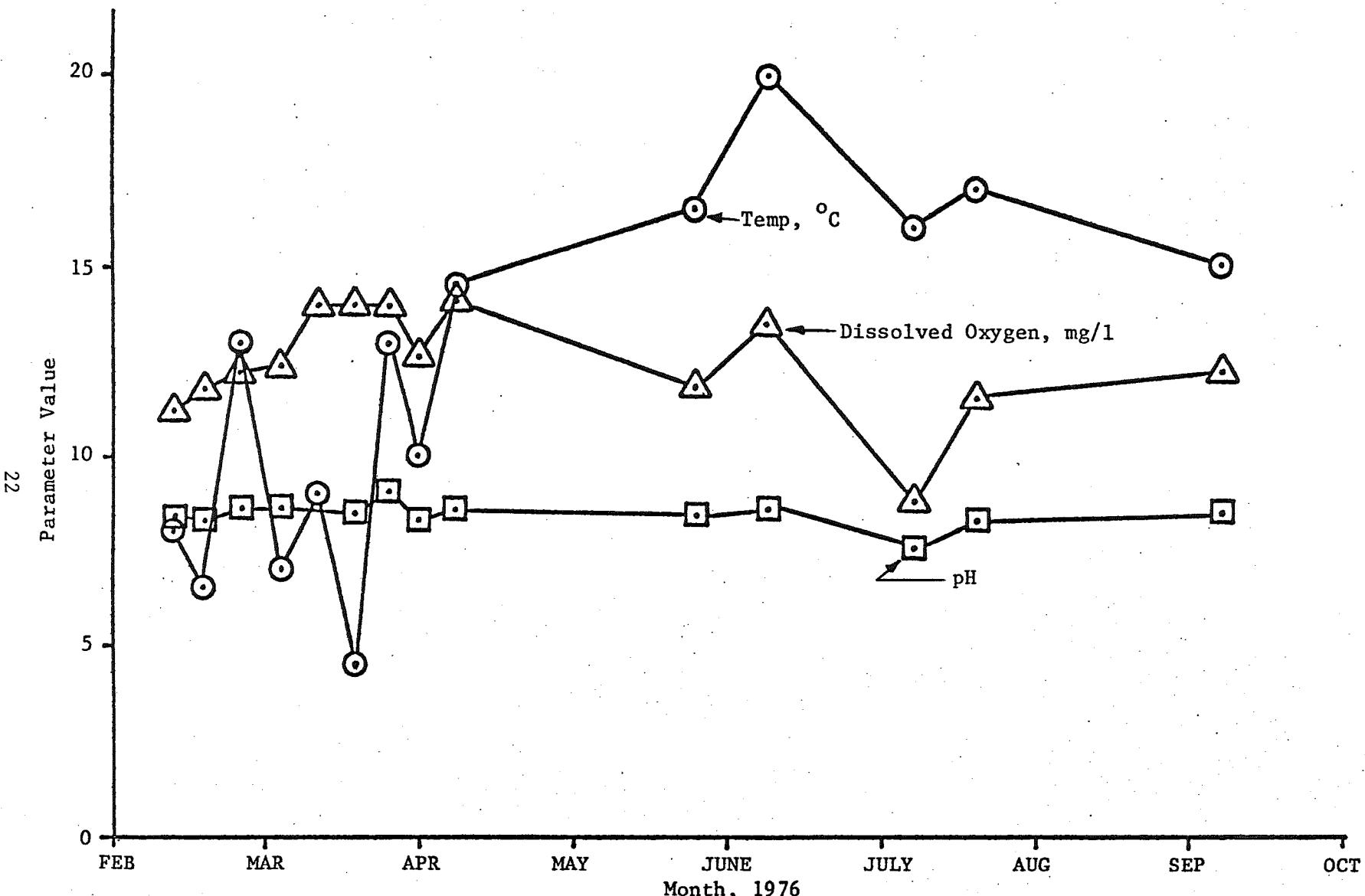


Fig. 10 SELECTED WATER QUALITY PARAMETERS: STATION LLC-SR

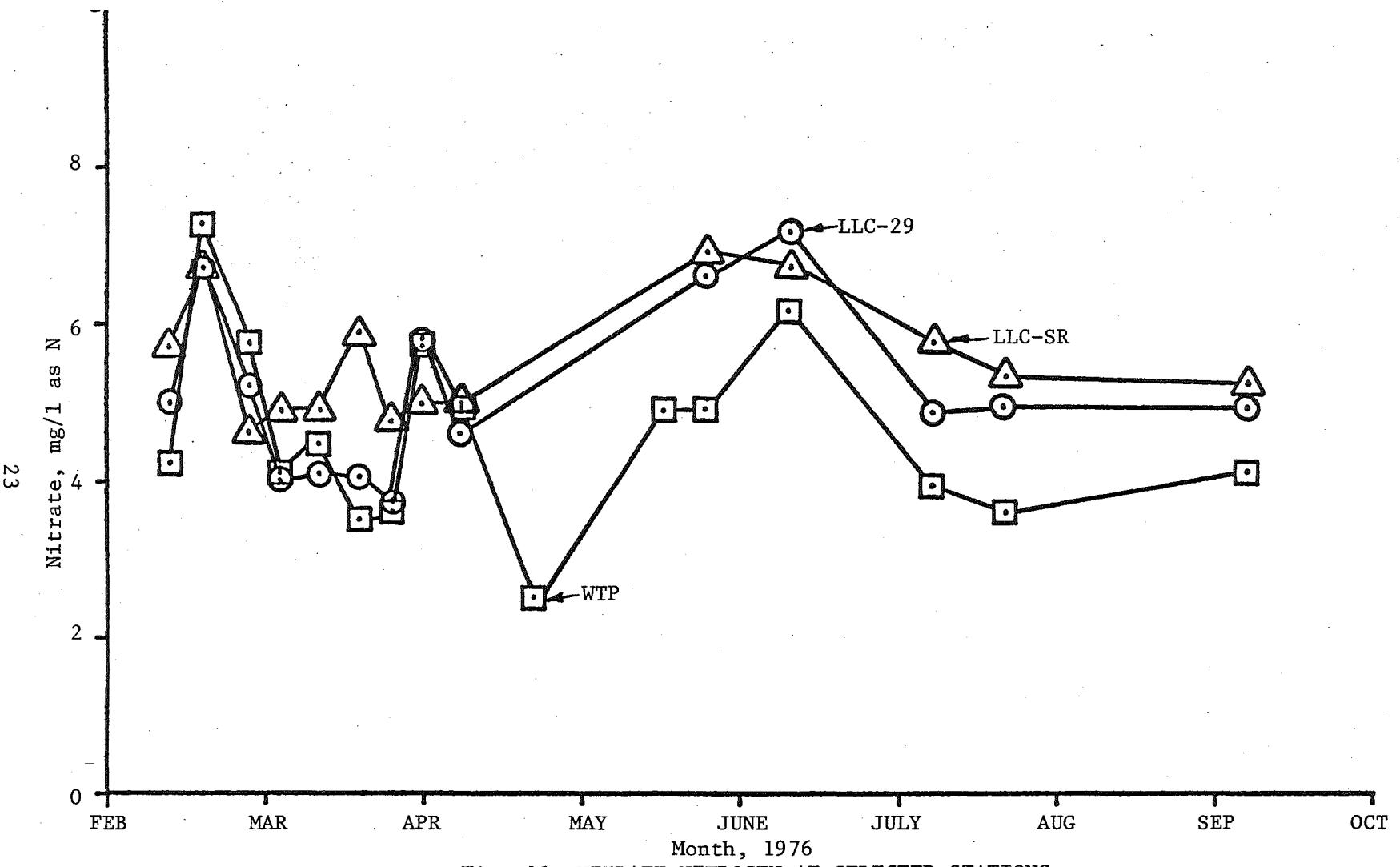


Fig. 11 NITRATE NITROGEN AT SELECTED STATIONS

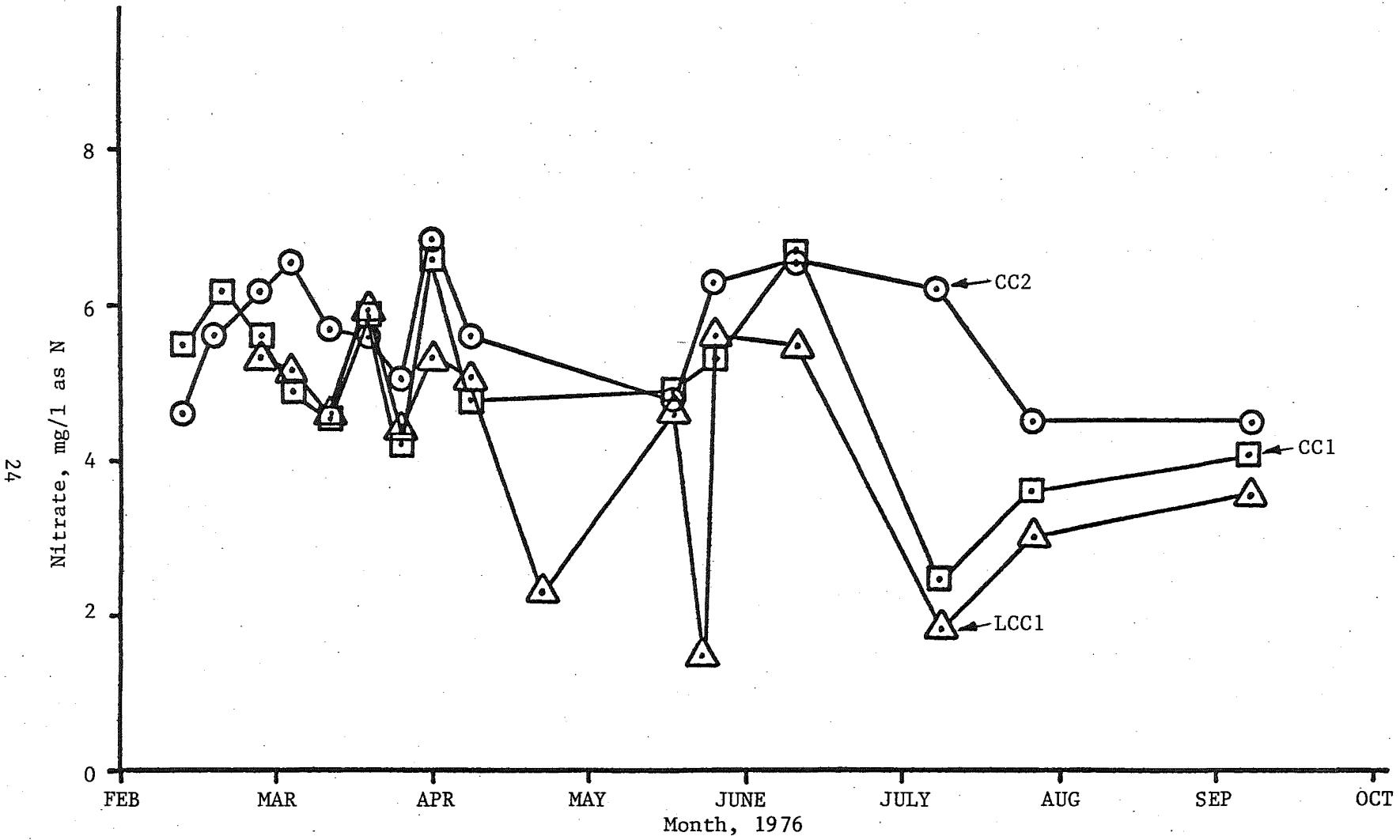


Fig. 12 NITRATE NITROGEN AT SELECTED STATIONS

Table 5

Water Quality Comparison

Trexler Pond and Pond Bypass

Little Cedar Creek 4/21/76 1350		
Parameter	Outlet Spillway from Trexler Park Pond	Pond Bypass
pH	8.35 (Lab)	8.19 (Lab)
Temperature	17.5	15.
Alkalinity		
Phenolphthalein	12.	3.
Total	176.	176.
D.O.	11.0	10.5
Hardness		
Calcium	160.	168.
Total	236.	236.
Ammonia-N	0.35	0.0
Nitrate-N	2.8	2.4
Ortho phosphate	0.033	0.007
Tannins & Lignins	1.6	0.8
BOD ₅	4.	2.6
Turbidity	27.	3.
Color	130.	10.0

Storm Runoff Water Quality

The results of the analysis performed on numerous storm water samples as a part of this study are tabulated in Appendix C.

Storm runoff water quality is as poor as raw sewage in many aspects and can be worse than sewage in others. The analyses shows storm water to have significant levels of biochemical oxygen demand (BOD), very high chemical oxygen demand (COD), very high coliform counts, high suspended solids, and high phosphorous concentrations. Table 6 shows some typical ranges of storm water quality values measured. Clearly storm water input to the Little Lehigh Creek and Cedar Creek do degrade the stream quality as shown in Table 7.

Table 6

Storm Water Characteristics

Parameter	Range	Average	Number Observations
BOD ₅	2-150	28.	26
COD	10-880	177.	35
Total Coliforms	$4 \times 10^3 - 1 \times 10^6$	2.1×10^5	15
Total Suspended Solids	7-524	115.	33

The extra water quality sampling and analyses that was performed during this project did not show any appreciable amounts of heavy metal concentrations. Several series of the stream water quality samples were analyzed for the heavy metal concentration and in each case, the levels were below those found in the analytical blank used.

Subsequent samples and analyses of the storm water runoff showed some heavy metals content, particularly lead. These results are shown in Table 8. It should be pointed out that even here, the heavy metal concentration was quite low and does not appear to present any particular problem.

Table 7
Effects of Storm Water on Stream Quality

Parameter	Little Cedar Creek		Cedar Creek - Ott St.			
	6/16 2100		6/16		6/29	
	Above Trexler Park Discharge	Below Trexler Park Discharge	1500 Before Storm	2050 During Storm	1500 Before Storm	1540 After Storm
Hardness:						
Total	192.	104.	136.	148.	144.	124.
Calcium	128.	64.	116.	83.	102.	68.
Ammonia-N	0.007	0.005	0.014	0.027	0.020	0.035
Nitrate-N	8.4	4.1	8.4	7.3	4.2	3.6
Ortho phosphate	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02	0.01	0.02
COD	9.	168.	4.	78.	8.	58.
Tannins & Lignins	--	2.4	0.2	0.9	0.4	0.8
BOD ₅	4.	>50.	0.8	33.	4.5	7.6
Total Coliforms			--	1.2x10 ⁴	3x10 ³	2.5x10 ⁴
Turbidity	34.	45.	7.	63.	23.	58.
Color	0	70.	--	30.	5.	30.
Solids:						
Total	330.	309.	254.	367.	297.	243.
Total Suspended	48.	108.	--	167.	18.	100.
Total Volatile	135.	220.	81.	139.	100.	75.

Table 8
Heavy Metals Analyses

Sample Site	Date & Time	Concentration - $\mu\text{g/l}$		
		Chromium	Cadmium	Lead
Trexler Park Spring	Jul 29	8.	3.5	< ^b
LCC1	Jul 29	3.5	4.5	<
CHB	Jul 29	3.	1.	<
CC-Ott St.	Jul 29	2.5	< ^b	3
CHB #1	Aug 9 - 1245	< ^b	<	<
CHB #2	Aug 9 - 1815	<	<	8
CHB #3	Aug 9 - 2035	<	<	4
CHB #4	Aug 9 - 2200	<	<	1
LCC	Aug 9 - 1000	<	<	<
CHB #1	Sep 2 - 1625	<		91 ^a
CHB #2	Sep 2 - 1640	<		7
CHB #3	Sep 2 - 1655	<		7
CHB #4	Sep 2 - 1710	<		9
CHB #5	Sep 2 - 1725	<		4.5
WTP	Sep 7	0.5		<
CC1	Sep 7	<		1
CC2	Sep 7	<		1
LCC1	Sep 7	14		1
LCC-SR	Sep 7	7		4
LLC-29	Sep 7	7		8
CHB #1	Sep 10 - 0925	<	<	32.5 ^a
CHB #2	Sep 10 - 1125	48 ^a	5	<

Table 8 (Cont)

Sample Site	Date & Time	Concentration - $\mu\text{g}/\text{l}$		
		Chromium	Cadmium	Lead
CHB #1	Sep 16 - 0910	<	<	8.5
CHB #2	Sep 16 - 1130	<	<	16.5 ^a
CHB #3	Sep 16 - 1150	<	<	7
CHB #4	Sep 16 - 1500	<	<	3.5
CHB #5	Sep 16 - 1500	<	<	7

^aExtrapolated, non linear region

bSymbol < signifies concentration less than blank sample

SWMM Model Calibration and Verification

Storms of June 6, September 16 and 26, and October 9, 1976, which were monitored, provided adequate flow data to allow comparison between SWMM predictions and the actual flow as measured and estimated. The storms of September 26 and October 9, 1976 were used to calibrate the model. This calibration was verified by comparison with the storm flow data from June 6 and September 16, 1976.

The predicted flow using the calibrated model is shown with the observed flows for the four storm events in Figure 13 through Figure 16. Good agreement between predicted and observed rates was obtained for this first level calibration.

Values of the storm water quality indicators such as BOD or suspended solids are strongly dependent upon the rate of runoff. After achieving the first level calibration of the quantity aspects, the calibration of the quality prediction portion of the SWMM computer model was addressed. Using the "normal" default values of the quality calibration parameters in the SWMM computer model, it was found that the predicted storm water quality agreed well with the observed values. As an example, Figure 17 and Figure 18 show BOD and suspended solids comparisons for the September 26, 1976 storm event. There is a slight time phase shift, but the magnitude of the parameter is well modeled, consequently the program default values were used to serve as the first level calibration of the quality predictions. It will take many more seasons of data to provide a calibration that is appreciably better than is provided with current values with regard to the quality parameters.

Several of the input parameters to the RUNOFF block were difficult to determine precisely. These parameters, dealing with infiltration rates and surface characteristics which affect the hydraulic efficiency, and listed in Table 9, were varied to obtain calibration. The three most important of these factors are 1) the percent of impervious area, 2) maximum and minimum infiltration rates, and 3) subcatchment lengths and widths.

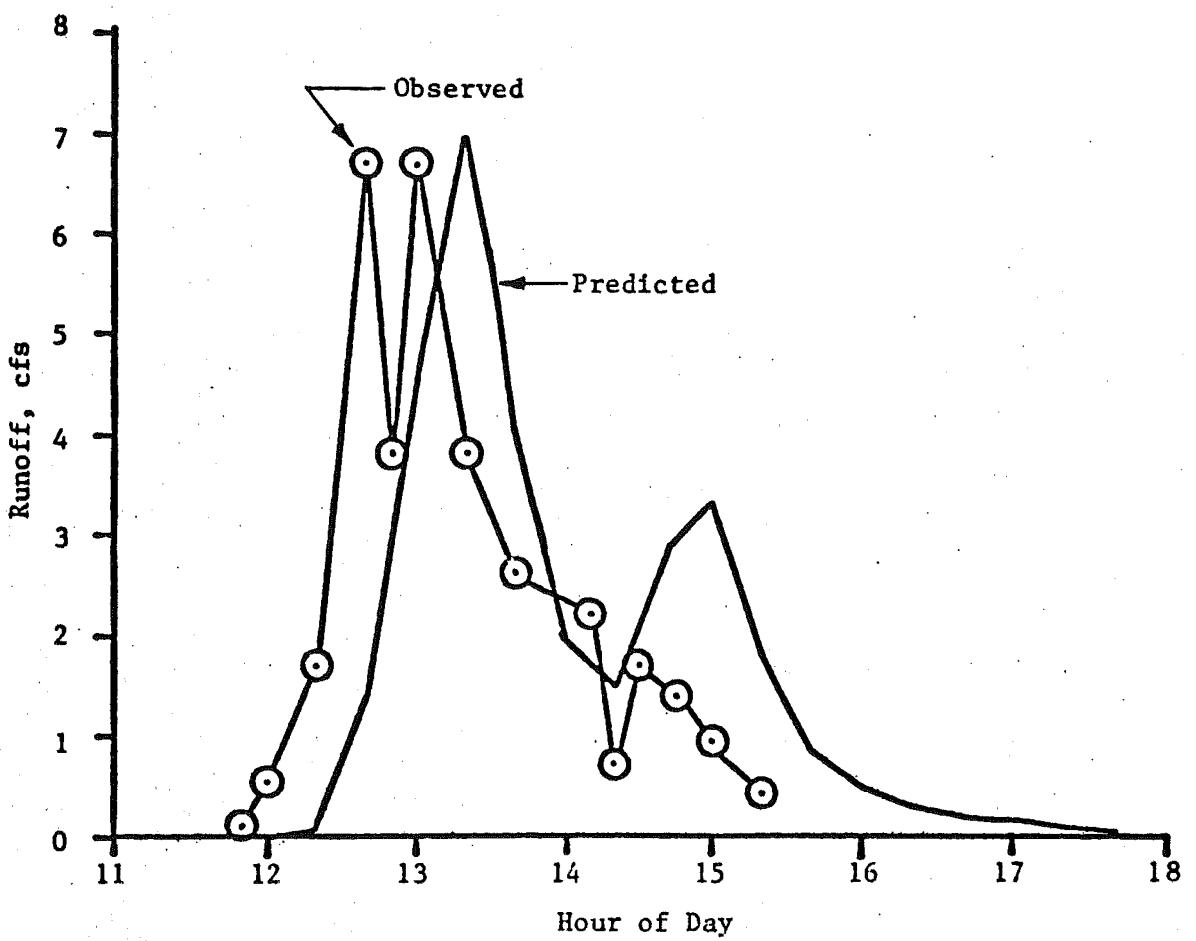


Fig. 13 OBSERVED AND SWMM PREDICTED RUNOFF
September 26, 1976

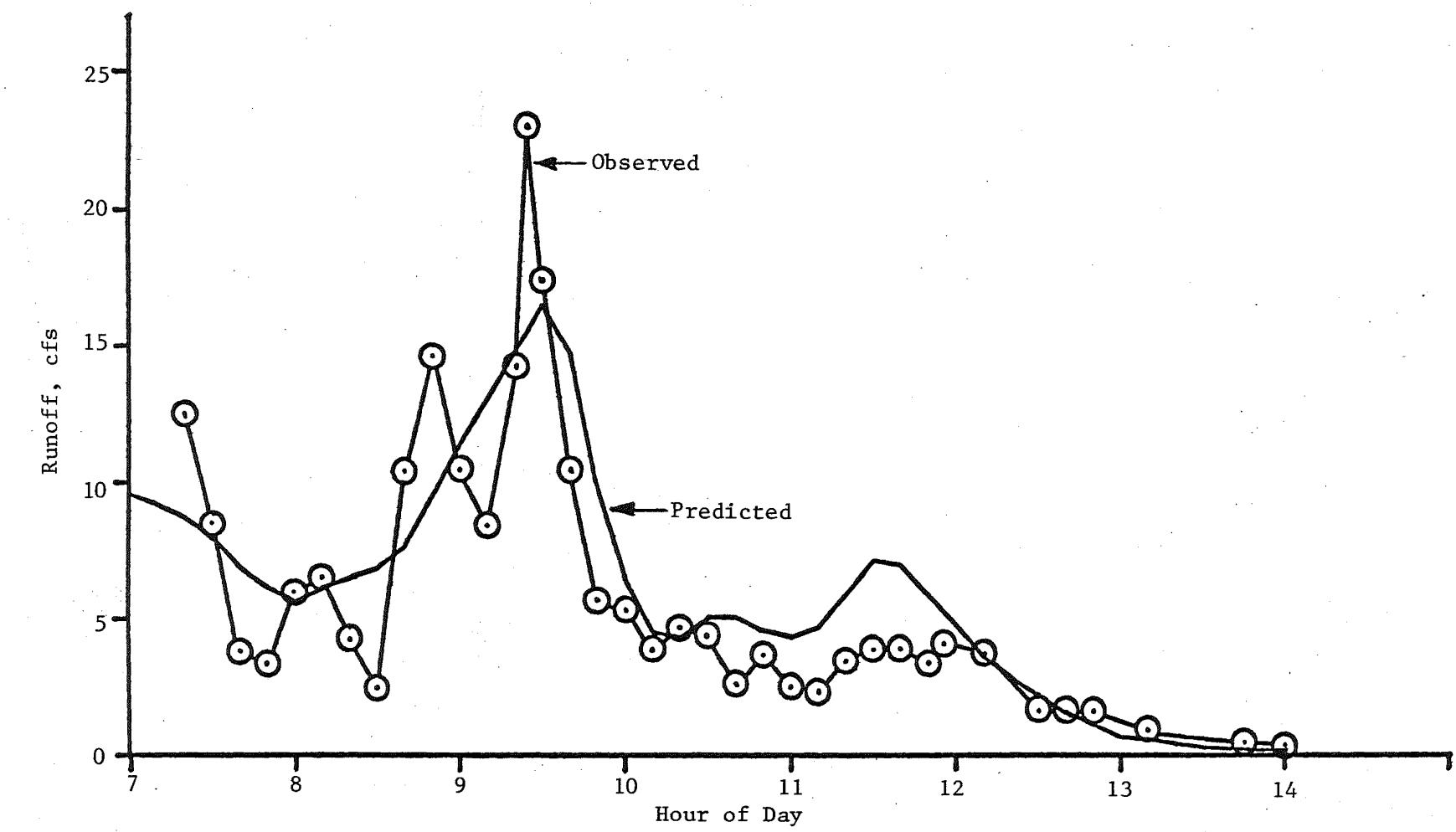


Fig. 14 OBSERVED AND SWMM PREDICTED RUNOFF
October 9, 1976

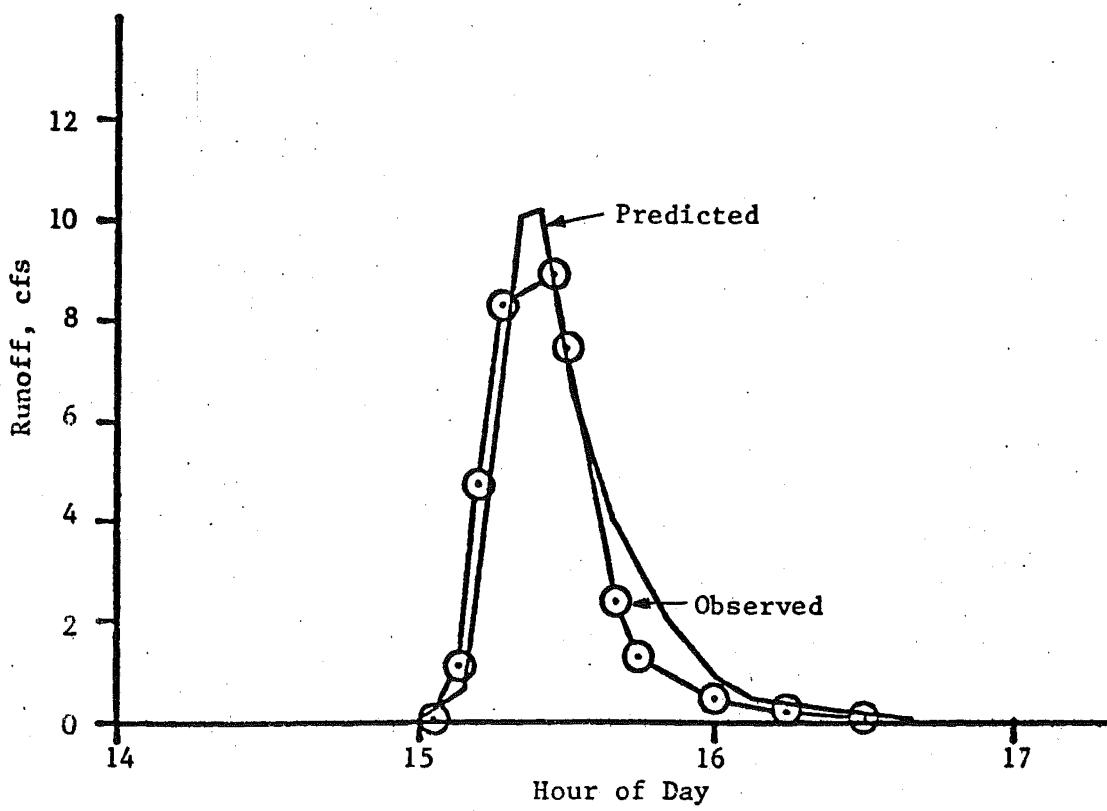


Fig. 15 OBSERVED AND SWMM PREDICTED RUNOFF
June 29, 1976

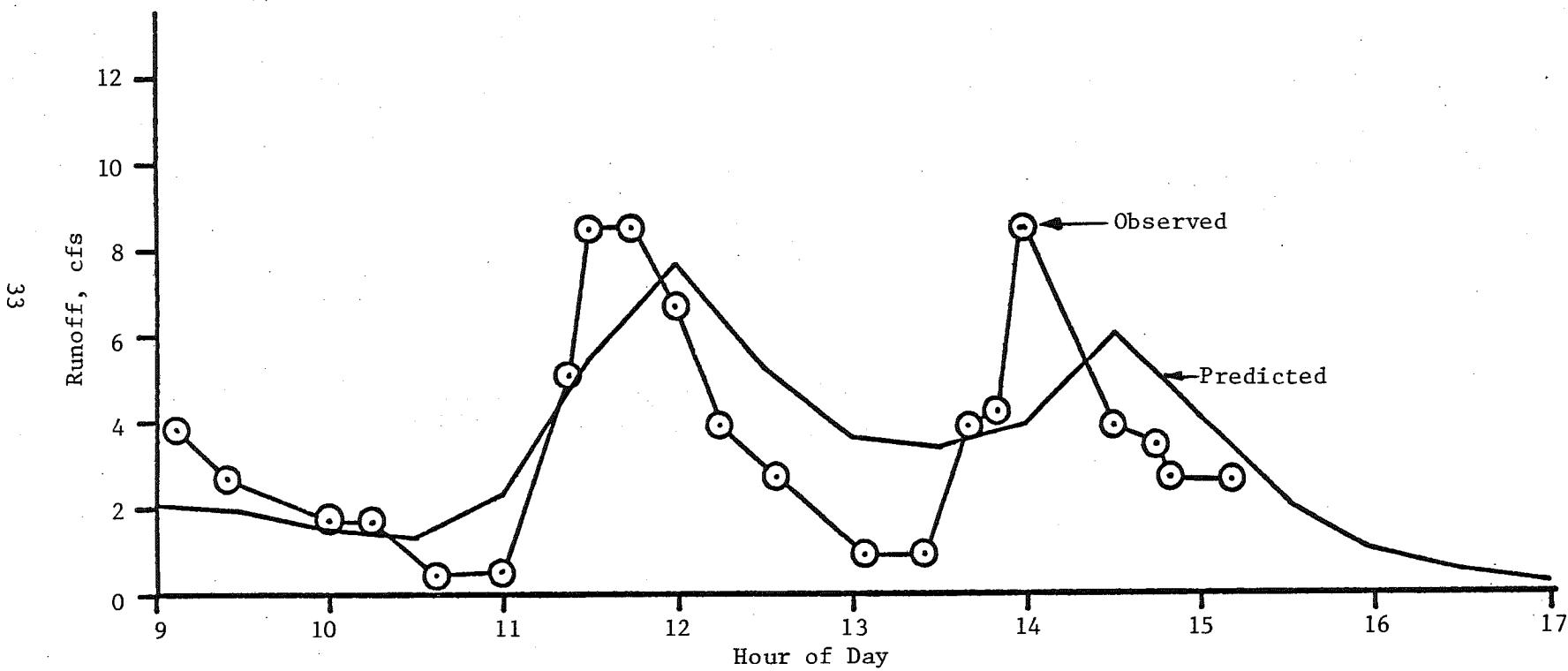


Fig. 16 OBSERVED AND SWMM PREDICTED RUNOFF
September 16, 1976

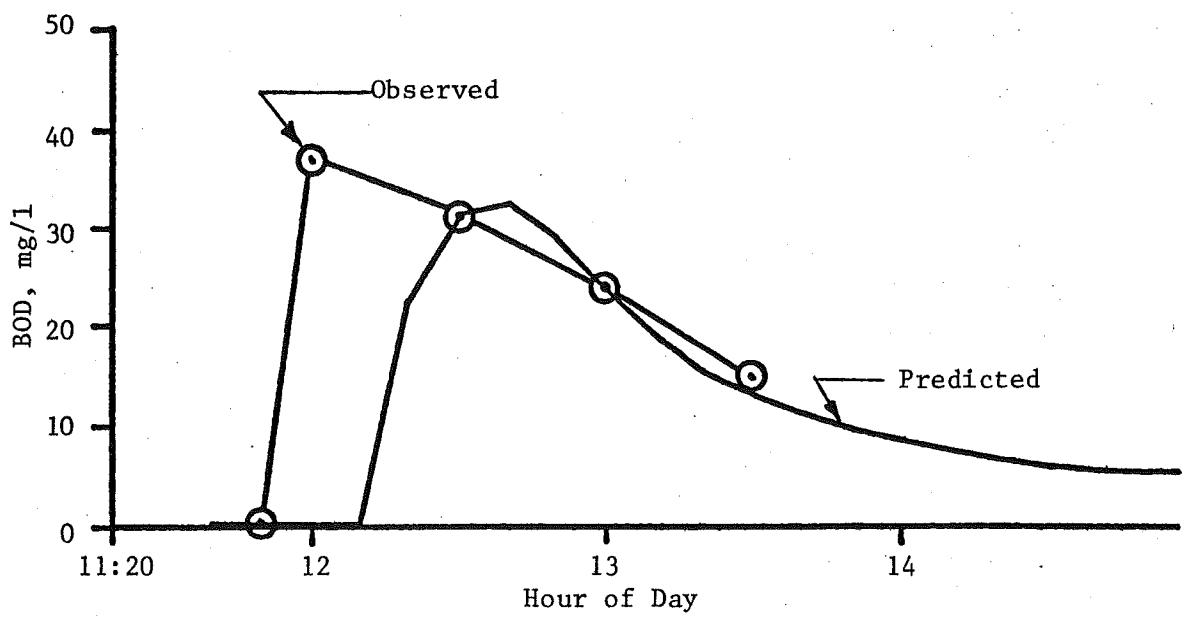


Fig. 17 STORM WATER QUALITY COMPARISON
BOD: September 26, 1976

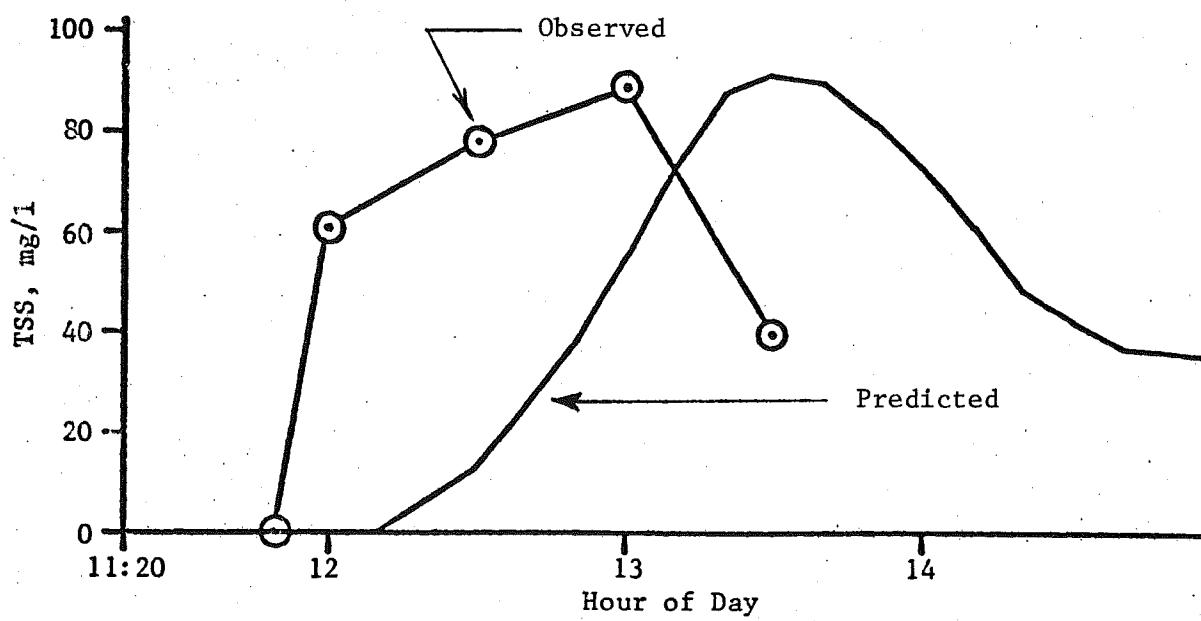


Fig. 18 STORM WATER QUALITY COMPARISON
TOTAL SUSPENDED SOLIDS: September 26, 1976

The percent of impervious land factor deserves special attention. Initial attempts were made to measure this factor from aerial photos and maps, but this proved virtually impossible to do accurately because of insufficient detail available on the maps and aerial photos. As a result, the values were estimated for each subcatchment, and then varied in the model until agreement was found between actual and predicted runoff. The calibrated percent imperviousness or effective imperviousness is much less than the actual percentage of impervious area. This apparent anomaly occurs because many rooftops, patios and sidewalks drain onto open land where the water infiltrates into the ground. If the above items were to drain into the streets and into the storm drainage system, the value for percent imperviousness used in the model would have to be increased.

Table 9
SWMM Model Calibration Parameters

	SWMM Default Value	Suggested Calibration Value as of 12/31/76
Maximum infiltration rate	3.00	2.00
Minimum infiltration rate	0.52	0.70
Infiltration decay constant	0.00115	0.00115
Manning's "n" for pervious areas	0.250	0.200
Manning's "n" for impervious areas	0.013	0.012
Surface storage for pervious areas	0.184	0.200
Surface storage for impervious areas	0.062	0.062
% impervious area w/zero detention	25%	35%
Concentration of BOD of the stored water in each catch basin	0.0	100.0 ^a

^aValue of 30.0 mg/l measured
but 100 mg/l gives better results

This aspect of storm water management has several important ramifications. If Allentown requires that all roofs, sidewalks and driveways drain into the street, there will be two immediate impacts. First, the volume of storm water will increase and second, the rate of storm water runoff will increase, both of which mean larger and more extensive storm sewer systems. Other, longer term considerations, that must be addressed are the loss of an appreciable volume of rainfall that can never reach the groundwater via infiltration and percolation, and the potential reduction in the problems of sink hole development due to the infiltration of precipitation.

It would appear necessary that Allentown address itself directly to this aspect of storm water management since 1) there are sink hole problems in this geological area, 2) part of the Allentown water supply comes

from ground water aquifers and 3) there are areas of flooding problems within the city confines.

An additional observation to make from this project is the stilling basin problem. When large capacity storm sewer systems empty into natural watercourses of much smaller capacity, stilling basins or energy dissipators are needed to prevent severe stream erosion. However, stilling basins can also be efficient sediment traps. Stilling basins must be periodically cleaned of trapped silt in order to prevent clogging of the storm sewer. The Trexler Park stilling basin, if not cleaned, will fill the College Heights Boulevard sewer with sediment to the point where it will no longer have the desired capacity and thus not serve the intended function of storm water carriage. At the current rate this stilling basin will be filled in a few more years.

The present calibration of the SWMM is only a first level calibration for two reasons. First, rainfall and flows during this study was measured very crudely. A finer calibration of the SWMM model needs to be done using at least one recording rain gauge in the basin under study, with accuracy to 1/100 of an inch and at least one continuous recording flow meter located in the storm sewer in a location where there is uniform flow. A continuing program for refinement of the calibrated SWMM computer model should be initiated by the planning and engineering personnel of the City of Allentown. This program will encourage the use of the SWMM in decision making, and will also build confidence in the applicability of the model as greater numbers of actual field observations are compared to SWMM predictions. In addition to the continuous recording instruments, better determination of the unknown parameters is needed. The effective percentage of imperviousness and the infiltration rates of the soils should be determined. Maximum and minimum rates and decay factors should be measured.

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APPENDIX A

DEVELOPMENT OF 10-YEAR 3-HOUR DESIGN STORM EVENT

A decision was made to check the SWMM model predictions of flow and quality in the College Heights Boulevard storm sewer system resulting from a 10-year design storm event. The total rainfall in a 10-year storm of 3-hour duration was found to be 2.7 inches from the National Weather Service Technical Paper No. 40 (19). This total was then divided into 10 minute intervals for input into the SWMM model using a modification of the SCS method (16). This is more representative of an actual storm event than assuming a uniform rainfall for 3 hours (17,18).

The total rainfall was first found for 30 minute increments as follows:

<u>Total Precipitation</u>	<u>Increment</u>
0-30 min = $0.43 \times 2.7 = 1.15$ in	1.15
0-60 min = $0.58 \times 2.7 = 1.56$ in	0.41
0-90 min = $0.73 \times 2.7 = 1.96$ in	0.40
0-120 min = $0.84 \times 2.7 = 2.26$ in	0.30
0-150 min = $0.93 \times 2.7 = 2.50$ in	0.24
	0.20

These rainfall increments were then rearranged in the following order: 6-4-3-1-2-5. This gives the precipitation pattern as:

<u>30 Min Interval</u>	<u>Precipitation (inches)</u>
0-30	0.20
30-60	0.30
60-90	0.40
90-120	1.15
120-150	0.41
150-180	0.24

These 30-minute incremental rainfalls were then divided into 10-minute intervals in a stepwise fashion to provide smooth transitions. This is done for better data input into the SWMM model. The precipitation data was also converted to intensity in inches/hour.

<u>Time Starting hour:min</u>	<u>Precipitation inches</u>	<u>Intensity inches/hour</u>
0:00	0.05	0.30
0:10	0.07	0.42
0:20	0.08	0.48
0:30	0.09	0.54
0:40	0.10	0.60
0:50	0.11	0.66
1:00	0.12	0.72
1:10	0.13	0.78
1:20	0.15	0.90
1:30	0.25	1.50
1:40	0.54	3.24
1:50	0.36	2.16
2:00	0.18	1.08
2:10	0.13	0.78
2:20	0.10	0.60
2:30	0.09	0.54
2:40	0.08	0.48
2:50	0.07	0.42

APPENDIX B

STREAM WATER QUALITY DATA

The units for the observed data on the subsequent pages are:

pH:	None
Temperature:	°C
P-Alkalinity:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
T-Alkalinity:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Carbon Dioxide:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Dissolved Oxygen:	mg/l
Calcium Hardness:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Total Hardness:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Ammonia:	mg/l as N
Nitrate:	mg/l as N
Ortho Phosphate:	mg/l as P
COD:	mg/l
Solids:	mg/l
Tannins and Lignins:	mg/l as Tannic Acid
BOD ₅ :	mg/l
Total Coliforms:	Count per 100 ml (TNTC = Too numerous to count)
Turbidity:	FTU
Color:	mg/l

STATION: WTP

Description: Little Lehigh Creek upstream from the 15th Street Bridge

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/25	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	13:15	12:40	12:55	12:40	11:45	10:00
pH		8.5	8.6	8.4	8.6	8.2	8.2
Temperature		6.	9.	9.5	7.5	6.	5.
P - Alkalinity		-	-	-	4.0	-	-
T - Alkalinity		116.	292.	164.	148.	140.	140.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	T	T
Dissolved Oxygen		12.4	10.8	11.5	11.2	11.9	11.4
Calcium Hardness			100.	112.	112.	104.	108.
Total Hardness			176.	192.	204.	184.	184.
Ammonia		0.22	0.073	0.052	0.014	0.046	0.021
Nitrate		4.2	7.3	5.7	4.1	4.5	3.5
Ortho Phosphate					0.008		0.010
COD			0.			8.	21.
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.		0.3	
BOD ₅		2.2		1.8	1.7	2.8	3.1
Total Coliforms		10.	36.	3.	26.	47.	1400
Turbidity			18.	4.		6.5	5.5
Color							

STATION: WTP

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	4/22	5/16	5/24
	Time	13:10	12:30				
pH		8.6	7.5	8.2	7.4	7.4	7.1
Temperature		11.	11.	11.5	17.5	16.	15.
P - Alkalinity		12.	-	-	-	-	-
T - Alkalinity		140.	156.	148.	160.	160.	112.
Carbon Dioxide		-	T	T	4.0	T	T
Dissolved Oxygen		11.8	10.2	12.5		7.6	8.9
Calcium Hardness		128.	120.	116.	112.	112.	108.
Total Hardness		196.	212.	200.	192.	188.	184.
Ammonia		0.024	0.024	0.025	0.1		0.044
Nitrate		3.6	5.7	4.9	2.5	4.9	4.9
Ortho Phosphate				0.016	0.010		0.030
COD		5.	10.	3.		6.	8.
Solids:							
Total		140.				260.	255.
Total Suspended						28.	6.
Total Dissolved						232.	249.
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							0.
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.4	0.8		
BOD ₅		0.5	0.8	0.7	5.4	2.2	
Total Coliforms		71.	TNTC	280			
Turbidity		3.2	2.4	3.0	4.0	20.	
Color				0.	25.	0.	

STATION: WTP

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	6/10	7/7	7/20	9/7		
	Time						
pH		8.0	7.6	7.7	8.0		
Temperature		18.5	18.0	17.5	15.		
P - Alkalinity		-	-	-	-		
T - Alkalinity		144.	138.	156.	160.		
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	T	T		
Dissolved Oxygen		9.3	7.5	8.5	9.7		
Calcium Hardness		102.	96.	108.	100.		
Total Hardness		176.	176.	192.	196.		
Ammonia		0.035	0.19	0.028	0.046		
Nitrate		6.2	3.9	3.6	4.1		
Ortho Phosphate		0.030	0.180	0.0	0.01		
COD		2.	0.	0.	0.		
Solids:							
Total		251.	264.	244.	269.		
Total Suspended			30.	3.	1.		
Total Dissolved			234.	241.	268.		
Total Volatile			104.	97.	98.		
Volatile Suspended			8.	0.			
Volatile Dissolved			96.	97.			
Tannins & Lignins			0.4	0.3	0.4		
BOD ₅		0.6	1.7	0.8	0.9		
Total Coliforms		50.	1.2X10 ⁴	1100	200		
Turbidity		5.5	26.	8.5	3.6		
Color		10.	0.	10.	5.		

STATION: LLC-29

Description: Little Lehigh Creek upstream from Route 29

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/25	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	15:45	14:30	14:40	14:20	14:45	12:45
pH		8.5	8.3	8.6	8.6		8.5
Temperature		6.	6.5	11.	7.	7.	4.5
P - Alkalinity		-	-	4.	12.	8.	T
T - Alkalinity		60.	96.	112.	108.	100.	96.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		12.5	11.8	11.4	12.2	13.5	14.0
Calcium Hardness			92.	100.	92.	88.	84.
Total Hardness			136.	148.	152.	148.	136.
Ammonia		0.15	0.085	0.022	0.014	0.036	0.020
Nitrate		5.0	6.7	5.2	4.1	4.1	4.1
Ortho Phosphate					0.016		0.028
COD			20.	0.			24.
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.		0.2	
BOD ₅		0.5		2.1	1.8	1.7	2.4
Total Coliforms			12.	44.	110	120	62.
Turbidity			18.	5.6		6.2	6.8
Color							

STATION: LLC-29

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	5/24	6/10	7/7
	Time	15:00	15:35				
pH		9.1	8.3	8.4	8.2	8.4	8.5
Temperature		11.5	10.0	12.5	15.5	21.	19.
P - Alkalinity		16.	8.	16.	8.	10.	-
T - Alkalinity		120.	128.	116.	122.	132.	120.
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	-	-	-	T
Dissolved Oxygen		13.8	12.7	13.7	9.6	9.7	8.6
Calcium Hardness		96.	96.	92.	112.	96.	88.
Total Hardness		152.	164.	148.	176.	162.	164.
Ammonia		0.024	0.021	0.021	0.028	<0.014	0.029
Nitrate		3.6	5.9	4.6	6.6	7.1	4.8
Ortho Phosphate				0.026	0.030	0.06	0.03
COD		12.	6.	3.		1.	0.
Solids:							
Total		140.			195.	238.	250.
Total Suspended					13.		61.
Total Dissolved					182.		189.
Total Volatile							81.
Volatile Suspended					2.		10.
Volatile Dissolved							71.
Tannins & Lignins				0.3	0.		0.4
BOD ₅		1.1	0.1	1.1	0.8	0.6	0.6
Total Coliforms		17.	TNTC	24.	230		1.1X10 ⁴
Turbidity		2.3	2.4	3.5	6.2	5.6	52.
Color				10.	10.	20.	15.

STATION: LLC-29

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/20	9/7				
	Time		14:15				
pH		8.4	8.5				
Temperature		19.	16.				
P - Alkalinity		12.	8.				
T - Alkalinity		136.	144.				
Carbon Dioxide		-	-				
Dissolved Oxygen		12.6	12.0				
Calcium Hardness		100.	94.				
Total Hardness		176.	172.				
Ammonia		0.034	0.022				
Nitrate		4.9	4.9				
Ortho Phosphate		0.	0.015				
COD		0.	0.2				
Solids:							
Total		221.	247.				
Total Suspended		6.	1.				
Total Dissolved		215.	246.				
Total Volatile		99.	80.				
Volatile Suspended		5.					
Volatile Dissolved		94.					
Tannins & Lignins		0.2	0.3				
BOD ₅		1.0	0.6				
Total Coliforms		1600	1000				
Turbidity		5.7	3.4				
Color		0.	5.				

STATION: LLC-SR

Description: Little Lehigh Creek several hundred yards downstream from junction with Schaefer Run

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/25	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	15:15	14:00	14:25	14:00	14:10	12:30
pH		8.4	8.4	8.6	8.6		8.6
Temperature		8.	7.	13.	7.	9.	6.
P - Alkalinity		-	-	4.	12.	4.	4.
T - Alkalinity		104.	100.	112.	116.	108.	108.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		11.2	11.4	12.2	12.4	14.0	13.8
Calcium Hardness			88.	100.	100.	96.	96.
Total Hardness			160.	152.	164.	144.	140.
Ammonia		0.08	0.070	0.054	0.059	0.056	0.035
Nitrate		5.7	6.7	4.6	4.9	4.9	5.9
Ortho Phosphate					0.025		0.025
COD				0.		24.	2.
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.		0.2	
BOD ₅		0.7		1.9	1.3	3.2	2.0
Total Coliforms			24.	16.	84.	20.	25.
Turbidity			47.	4.5		7.5	6.1
Color							

STATION: LLC-SR

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	5/24	6/10	7/7
	Time	14:30	15:15				
pH		9.1	8.3	8.6	8.4	8.6	7.5
Temperature		13.	10.	14.5	16.5	20.	16.
P - Alkalinity		20.	8.	8.	20.	16.	-
T - Alkalinity		120.	128.	104.	118.	126.	132.
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	-	-	-	T
Dissolved Oxygen		14.0	12.6	14.1	11.8	12.5	8.8
Calcium Hardness		100.	104.	96.	116.	100.	100.
Total Hardness		152.	156.	140.	160.	160.	176.
Ammonia		0.035	0.039	0.039	0.036	0.154	0.070
Nitrate		4.8	5.5	4.9	6.9	6.7	5.7
Ortho Phosphate				0.049	0.10	0.050	0.050
COD		5.	8.	4.	2.	4.	0.
Solids:							
Total		80.			220.	222.	212.
Total Suspended					9.		16.
Total Dissolved					211.		196.
Total Volatile							97.
Volatile Suspended					1.		5.
Volatile Dissolved							92.
Tannins & Lignins				0.4	0.1		0.4
BOD ₅		0.7	1.2	1.9	1.0	1.0	0.4
Total Coliforms		10.	80.	14.	50.		6200
Turbidity		4.5	4.5	4.8	6.5	9.2	15.
Color				10.	15.	20.	5.

STATION: LLC-SR

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/20	9/7				
	Time		13:40				
pH		8.3	8.5				
Temperature		17.	15.				
P - Alkalinity		12.	16.				
T - Alkalinity		132.	128.				
Carbon Dioxide		-	-				
Dissolved Oxygen		11.6	12.3				
Calcium Hardness		104.	100.				
Total Hardness		164.	168.				
Ammonia		0.034	0.084				
Nitrate		5.3	5.2				
Ortho Phosphate		0.025	0.050				
COD		2.	0.				
Solids:							
Total		217.	225.				
Total Suspended		8.	1.				
Total Dissolved		209.	224.				
Total Volatile		78.	72.				
Volatile Suspended		4.					
Volatile Dissolved		74.					
Tannins & Lignins		0.2	0.4				
BOD ₅		0.4	0.6				
Total Coliforms		2900	300				
Turbidity		8.3	4.1				
Color		0.	5.				

STATION: CC1

Description: Cedar Creek 50 yards upstream from the Little Lehigh Creek

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/26	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	13:40	12:55	13:15	13:00	12:20	10:40
pH		8.0	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.4
Temperature		7.0	8.0	10.0	7.0	6.0	5.0
P - Alkalinity		-	-	12.	12.	-	4.
T - Alkalinity		144.	152.	168.	168.	156.	152.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	T	-
Dissolved Oxygen		12.4	11.4	13.4	11.2	13.0	12.6
Calcium Hardness			136.	140.	136.	132.	132.
Total Hardness			216.	224.	220.	220.	216.
Ammonia		0.06	0.073	0.025	0.025	0.045	0.028
Nitrate		5.5	6.2	5.6	4.9	4.5	5.9
Ortho Phosphate					0.013		0.010
COD			90.		7.	6.	9.
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.2		0.7	
BOD ₅		1.3		2.6	1.9	3.0	2.5
Total Coliforms					100	TNTC	220
Turbidity			25.	6.0		14.	7.3
Color							

STATION: CCI

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	5/16	5/24	6/10
	Time	13:30	13:10				
pH		8.7	8.3		7.5	7.8	8.4
Temperature		12.	10.5	12.5	17.0	17.0	21.5
P - Alkalinity		12.	4.	-	-	8.	8.
T - Alkalinity		164.	172.	172.	160.	152.	150.
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	T	T		
Dissolved Oxygen		11.8	10.2	12.2	8.2	9.0	8.8
Calcium Hardness		136.	132.	136.	116.	112.	106.
Total Hardness		216.	216.	220.	192.	204.	190.
Ammonia		0.025	0.025	0.028		0.036	0.017
Nitrate		4.2	6.6	4.8	4.9	5.3	6.7
Ortho Phosphate				0.016		0.03	0.02
COD		2.	19.	8.		2.	2.
Solids:							
Total		230.			270.	281.	300.
Total Suspended					30.	11.	
Total Dissolved					240.	270.	
Total Volatile		40.					
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.6		0.1	
BOD ₅		1.2	0.8	1.5	3.9	1.7	1.1
Total Coliforms		44.	TNTC	10.		1100	160
Turbidity		4.2	6.0	4.5	22.	9.7	9.
Color				20.	0.	5.	15.

STATION: CC1

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/7	7/20	9/7		
	Time			12:00		
pH		8.3	7.8	8.2		
Temperature		20.0	20.0	16.5		
P - Alkalinity		-	-	4.		
T - Alkalinity		88.	156.	160.		
Carbon Dioxide		T	4.	-		
Dissolved Oxygen		7.5	8.8	9.4		
Calcium Hardness		68.	112.	80.		
Total Hardness		120.	160.	208.		
Ammonia		0.165	0.050	0.024		
Nitrate		2.4	3.6	4.1		
Ortho Phosphate		0.18	0.	0.005		
COD		12.	1.	10.		
Solids:						
Total		273.	269.	291.		
Total Suspended		120.	14.	8.		
Total Dissolved		153.	255.	283.		
Total Volatile		75.	101.	95.		
Volatile Suspended		24.	4.			
Volatile Dissolved		51.	97.			
Tannins & Lignins		0.5	0.3	0.4		
BOD ₅		3.3	0.7	0.6		
Total Coliforms		3.4X10 ⁴	1300	500		
Turbidity		65.	18.	7.4		
Color		15.	10.	5.		

STATION: CC2

Description: Cedar Creek above junction with Little Cedar Creek

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/25	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	13:30	13:10	13:30	13:20	13:50	11:30
pH		8.5	8.4	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6
Temperature		8.	7.	11.	7.5	7.	6.
P - Alkalinity		-	-	12.	12.	8.	8.
T - Alkalinity		148.	140.	164.	160.	148.	156.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		13.0	12.6	12.4	12.6	13.4	13.8
Calcium Hardness			152.	144.	148.	128.	132.
Total Hardness			216.	224.	212.	208.	208.
Ammonia		0.009	0.062	0.015	0.10	0.036	0.020
Nitrate		4.6	5.6	6.2	6.6	5.7	5.6
Ortho Phosphate			0.		0.004		
COD				50.	9.	2.	0.
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.		0.4	
BOD ₅		0.4		2.8	2.0	2.0	2.7
Total Coliforms		4.	24.	11.	150	31.	200
Turbidity			28.	2.3		2.3	2.7
Color							

STATION: CC2

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	5/16	5/24	6/10
	Time	13:30	13:40	13:30			
pH		8.8	8.3	8.3	7.7	8.1	8.4
Temperature		12.	10.	12.5	16.	17.	20.
P - Alkalinity		28.	4.	8.	-	10.	12.
T - Alkalinity		160.	124.	164.	156.	144.	152.
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	-	T		-
Dissolved Oxygen		12.6	11.4	12.5	10.0	10.3	10.8
Calcium Hardness		144.	120.	132.	120.	112.	110.
Total Hardness		220.	212.	208.	196.	196.	194.
Ammonia		0.021	0.022	<0.014		0.031	0.036
Nitrate		5.0	6.9	5.6	4.8	6.3	6.6
Ortho Phosphate				0.016		0.13	0.02
COD		5.	11.	1.	9.	2.	6.
Solids:							
Total		160.			260.	257.	288.
Total Suspended		100.				3.	
Total Dissolved		60.				254.	
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended						3.2	
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.6		0.1	
BOD ₅		1.3	1.5	0.5	1.6	0.5	1.1
Total Coliforms		110	TNTC			140	
Turbidity		4.8	7.5	4.0	12.	4.4	6.6
Color				20.	0.	0.	15.

STATION: CC2

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/7	7/20	9/7			
	Time						
pH		7.6	8.2	8.2			
Temperature		17.5	18.	16.			
P - Alkalinity		-	8.	-			
T - Alkalinity		166.	156.	160.			
Carbon Dioxide		T	-	T			
Dissolved Oxygen		8.5	10.8	9.7			
Calcium Hardness		112.	116.	78.			
Total Hardness		188.	208.	204.			
Ammonia		0.081	0.031	0.084			
Nitrate		6.2	4.5	4.5			
Ortho Phosphate		0.02	0.	0.005			
COD		0.	0.	1.			
Solids:							
Total		262.	262.	279.			
Total Suspended		10.	3.	2.			
Total Dissolved		252.	259.	277.			
Total Volatile		123.	86.	90.			
Volatile Suspended		5.	0.				
Volatile Dissolved		118.	86.				
Tannins & Lignins		0.3	0.3	0.4			
BOD ₅		0.3	1.1	0.9			
Total Coliforms		1.6X10 ⁴	500	3000			
Turbidity		8.0	4.0	4.2			
Color		0.	5.	0.			

STATION: CC3

Description: Cedar Creek above the Fish Hatchery near the County Home

PARAMETER	Date	2/12	2/18	2/26	3/3	3/10	3/17
	Time	13:45	13:30	14:00	13:40	13:40	11:55
pH		8.4		8.6	8.6	8.7	8.6
Temperature		9.0	8.0	13.5	8.0	11.0	7.0
P - Alkalinity		-	-	8.0	8.0	12.0	12.0
T - Alkalinity		148.	164.	160.	160.	148.	152.
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	-	-	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		11.6	11.4	11.0	11.4	12.8	13.2
Calcium Hardness			144.	144.	144.	140.	152.
Total Hardness			224.	224.	216.	220.	220.
Ammonia		0.01	0.031	0.047	0.046	0.031	0.021
Nitrate		4.8	7.3	5.6	5.2	5.2	5.0
Ortho Phosphate					0.01		<0.004
COD							8.8
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.1		0.5	
BOD ₅		0.7		1.9	1.5	2.0	2.4
Total Coliforms				26.	27.	23.	100
Turbidity			4.0	3.6		5.6	2.6
Color							

STATION: LCC1

Description: Little Cedar Creek between Cedar Creek and Cedar Crest Boulevard

PARAMETER	Date	2/25	3/3	3/10	3/17	3/24	3/31
	Time	13:30	13:20	13:50	11:30	13:30	13:45
pH		8.6	8.5	8.7	8.5	8.5	8.3
Temperature		11.	7.5	8.0	5.	12.	10.
P - Alkalinity		12.	8.	-	T	8.	8.
T - Alkalinity		164.	156.	144.	148.	168.	180.
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	T	-	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		14.0	12.6	12.5	13.0	10.8	11.2
Calcium Hardness		156.	160.	152.	160.	164.	164.
Total Hardness		224.	236.	216.	224.	232.	240.
Ammonia		0.018	0.021	0.031		0.026	0.038
Nitrate		5.3	5.2	4.6	5.9	4.3	5.3
Ortho Phosphate			0.006		0.010		
COD			24.	13.	1.	6.	
Solids:							
Total						230.	
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile						40.	
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins		0.5		1.2			
BOD ₅		2.0	1.6	3.3	2.3	0.5	0.2
Total Coliforms			150	430.	100	29.	300
Turbidity		9.5		32.	12.	6.8	4.8
Color							

STATION: LCC1

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	4/7	4/21	5/16	5/20	5/24	6/10
	Time	13:30	13:50				
pH		8.3	8.4	8.4	-	8.4	8.5
Temperature		13.	18.5	15.	16.	16.	21.
P - Alkalinity		8.	-	8.	-	6.	16.
T - Alkalinity		172.	184.	156.	64.	168.	172.
Carbon Dioxide		-	T	-	T	-	-
Dissolved Oxygen		12.9	10.1	9.2	8.8	9.5	10.2
Calcium Hardness		160.	168.	132.	64.	156.	124.
Total Hardness		228.	236.	212.	92.	236.	228.
Ammonia		0.028	0.18		0.31	0.023	<0.014
Nitrate		5.0	2.3	4.6	1.5	5.6	5.5
Ortho Phosphate		0.013	0.016		0.033	0.030	0.020
COD		2.		6.	25.	5.	0.
Solids:							
Total				305.	256.	343.	351.
Total Suspended				35.	99.	25.0	
Total Dissolved				270.	157.	318.	
Total Volatile					138.		
Volatile Suspended						5.0	
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins		0.8	1.0		0.70	0.6	
BOD ₅		1.8	3.6	1.6	10.4	1.4	0.8
Total Coliforms		10.				300	
Turbidity		6.5	14.	30.	90.	24.	17.
Color		20.	60.	0.	30.	10.	15.

STATION: LCC1

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/7	7/20	9/7			
	Time		12:45				
pH		8.6	8.5	8.4			
Temperature		18.	20.	18.			
P - Alkalinity		-	-	-			
T - Alkalinity		118.	172.	172.			
Carbon Dioxide		T	T	T			
Dissolved Oxygen		8.2	9.4	11.8			
Calcium Hardness		100.	156.	44.			
Total Hardness		144.	248.	236.			
Ammonia		0.027	0.14	0.17			
Nitrate		1.8	3.0	3.6			
Ortho Phosphate		0.020	0.	0.007			
COD		3.	4.	8.			
Solids:							
Total		283.	362.	416.			
Total Suspended		96.	43.	96.			
Total Dissolved		187.	319.	320.			
Total Volatile		77.	126.	122.			
Volatile Suspended		16.	7.				
Volatile Dissolved		61.	121.				
Tannins & Lignins		0.3	0.8	0.8			
BOD ₅		2.5	0.9	1.6			
Total Coliforms		2.3X10 ⁴	900	4000			
Turbidity		74.	47.	76.			
Color		20.	5.	5.			

STATION: LCC2

Description: Little Cedar Creek at Spring House Road

PARAMETER	Date	3/24	3/31	4/7	4/21	5/16	5/24
	Time	14:05	14:15	14:00	14:15	16:00	Dry
pH		>9.2	8.5	8.9	8.4	8.0	
Temperature		13.	9.0	15.	24.5	18.5	
P - Alkalinity		20.	16.	16.	8.	8.	
T - Alkalinity		72.	100.	84.	88.	120.	
Carbon Dioxide		-	-	-	-	-	
Dissolved Oxygen		13.6	12.6	13.6	10.9	9.2	
Calcium Hardness		104.	132.	96.	116.	156.	
Total Hardness		156.	168.	148.	148.	196.	
Ammonia		0.018	0.026	0.022	0.05		
Nitrate		2.7	3.2	3.4	1.0	2.4	
Ortho Phosphate				0.013	0.24		
COD		4.	26.	7.		12.	
Solids:							
Total		230.				330.	
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile		10.					
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins				0.4	0.4		
BOD ₅		1.2	1.8	1.0	4.3	3.1	
Total Coliforms		23.	20.	2.			
Turbidity		2.	8.5	2.3	1.6	14.	
Color				10.	15.	20.	

STATION: LCC2

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	6/10	7/7	7/20	9/7		
	Time	Dry		Dry	Dry		
pH			8.5				
Temperature			22.				
P - Alkalinity			-				
T - Alkalinity			70.				
Carbon Dioxide			T				
Dissolved Oxygen			8.5				
Calcium Hardness			96.				
Total Hardness			128.				
Ammonia			0.015				
Nitrate			1.4				
Ortho Phosphate			0.02				
COD			11.				
Solids:							
Total			320.				
Total Suspended			43.				
Total Dissolved			277.				
Total Volatile			99.				
Volatile Suspended			11.				
Volatile Dissolved			88.				
Tannins & Lignins			0.9				
BOD ₅			3.9				
Total Coliforms			2.4X10 ⁴				
Turbidity			42.				
Color			20.				

APPENDIX C

STORM RUNOFF WATER QUALITY DATA

The units for the observed data on the subsequent pages are:

pH:	None
Temperature:	°C
P-Alkalinity:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
T-Alkalinity:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Carbon Dioxide:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Dissolved Oxygen:	mg/l
Calcium Hardness:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Total Hardness:	mg/l as CaCO ₃
Ammonia:	mg/l as N
Nitrate:	mg/l as N
Ortho Phosphate:	mg/l as P
COD:	mg/l
Solids:	mg/l
Tannins and Lignins:	mg/l as Tannic Acid
BOD ₅ :	mg/l
Total Coliforms:	Count per 100 ml (TNTC = Too numerous to count)
Turbidity:	FTU
Color:	mg/l

STATION: Ott Street Sewer

Description: North bank of Cedar Creek just downstream from Ott Street

PARAMETER	Date	6/16	6/16	6/16	6/16	
	Time	15:00	19:55	20:30	21:00	
pH						
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness	120.	36.	32.	28.		
Total Hardness	180.	48.	48.	36.		
Ammonia	0.137	0.076	0.048	0.013		
Nitrate	6.4	2.5	2.2	1.8		
Ortho Phosphate	0.08	0.47	0.10	0.06		
COD	7.	670.	207.	200.		
Solids:						
Total	247.	911.	262.	293.		
Total Suspended	-	324.	64.	103.		
Total Dissolved	-	587.	193.	190.		
Total Volatile	79.	610.	173.	182.		
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins	0.	4.2	3.4	2.8		
BOD ₅	0.2	>50.	>50.	>50.		
Total Coliforms		2.0X10 ⁴				
Turbidity	0.35	62.	27.	30.		
Color	0.	75.	80.	75.		

STATION: Ott Street Sewer

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	6/21	6/21	6/21		
	Time	9:50	10:55	11:55		
pH						
Temperature	22.	24.	23.			
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen	8.3	8.6	7.9			
Calcium Hardness	24.	22.	40.			
Total Hardness	40.	26.	56.			
Ammonia	0.020	0.098	0.027			
Nitrate	0.14	1.3	1.4			
Ortho Phosphate	0.26	0.02	0.03			
COD	48.	131.	19.			
Solids:						
Total	143.	277.	127.			
Total Suspended	34.	191.	7.			
Total Dissolved	109.	86.	120.			
Total Volatile						
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins	1.3	1.0	1.2			
BOD ₅	22.	17.	6.			
Total Coliforms						
Turbidity	27.	58.	15.			
Color	40.	32.	45.			

STATION: Ott Street Sewer

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	6/29	6/29	6/29	6/29		
	Time	15:08	15:12	15:25	15:40		
pH							
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness	46.	26.	22.	22.			
Total Hardness	54.	36.	34.	34.			
Ammonia	0.27	0.11	0.28	0.22			
Nitrate	4.1	1.6	1.6	1.5			
Ortho Phosphate	0.04	0.06	0.07	0.07			
COD	239.	162.	93.	81.			
Solids:							
Total	434.	246.	218.	182.			
Total Suspended	341.	211.	145.	105.			
Total Dissolved	93.	35.	73.	77.			
Total Volatile	180.	122.	90.	69.			
Volatile Suspended	137.	114.	54.	37.			
Volatile Dissolved	43.	8.	36.	32.			
Tannins & Lignins	2.7	1.8	1.3	1.4			
BOD ₅	20.	40.	19.	12.			
Total Coliforms		1.2X10 ⁴	4.0X10 ³	3.4X10 ⁴			
Turbidity	53.	42.	44.	46.			
Color	80.	40.	40.	45.			

STATION: Ott Street Sewer

Description:

PARAMETER	Date	7/23	7/23	7/23	7/23		
	Time	12:30	12:35	12:55	1:30		
pH		6.4	6.7	6.9	6.9		
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness	104.	92.	68.	64.			
Total Hardness	136.	112.	84.	80.			
Ammonia	0.33	0.70	0.46	0.27			
Nitrate	13.6	10.2	9.8	5.2			
Ortho Phosphate	0.65	0.27	0.16	0.13			
COD	281.	351.	185.	151.			
Solids:							
Total	651.	475.	276.	259.			
Total Suspended	185.	163.	35.	31.			
Total Dissolved	466.	312.	241.	228.			
Total Volatile	257.	216.	141.	109.			
Volatile Suspended	59.	55.	21.	16.			
Volatile Dissolved	198.	161.	120.	93.			
Tannins & Lignins	7.2	5.8	5.0	3.9			
BOD ₅	43.	58.	34.	26.			
Total Coliforms	-	-	-	-			
Turbidity	56.	51.	30.	34.			
Color	210.	180.	170.	160.			

STATION: Cedar Creek

Description: Below Ott Street Storm Sewer

PARAMETER	Date	6/16	6/16		6/29	6/29	
	Time	15:00	20:50		15:00	15:40	
pH							
Temperature		21.					
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen		9.5					
Calcium Hardness		116.	83.		102.	68.	
Total Hardness		156.	148.		144.	124.	
Ammonia		0.014	0.027		0.020	0.035	
Nitrate		8.4	7.3		4.2	3.6	
Ortho Phosphate		0.01	0.02		0.01	0.02	
COD		4.	78.		8.	58.	
Solids:							
Total		254.	367.		297.	243.	
Total Suspended		--	167.		18.	100.	
Total Dissolved			200.		279.	143.	
Total Volatile		81.	139.		100.	75.	
Volatile Suspended					10.	27.	
Volatile Dissolved					90.	48.	
Tannins & Lignins		0.2	0.9		0.4	0.8	
BOD ₅		1.0	33.			7.6	
Total Coliforms			1.2x10 ⁴		3.x10 ³	2.5x10 ⁴	
Turbidity		7.	63.		23.	58.	
Color			30.		5.	30.	

STATION: Cedar Creek

Description: Below Ott Street Storm Sewer

PARAMETER	Date	6/21	6/21		6/23	6/3	
	Time	9:55	12:00		10:35	13:55	
pH					8.3	8.2	
Temperature		19.	24.				
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen		7.9	7.9				
Calcium Hardness		102.	94.		124.	124.	
Total Hardness		158.	150.		180.	196.	
Ammonia		0.021	0.018		0.09	0.08	
Nitrate		4.6	4.1		5.5	5.5	
Ortho Phosphate		0.01	0.01		0.005	0.005	
COD		13.	13.		18.	26.	
Solids:							
Total		274.	253.		303.	312.	
Total Suspended		26.	20.		5.	7.	
Total Dissolved		248.	233.		298.	305.	
Total Volatile					110.	107.	
Volatile Suspended					2.	4.	
Volatile Dissolved					108.	103.	
Tannins & Lignins		0.4	0.4		0.	0.1	
BOD ₅		5.	5.		<2	<2	
Total Coliforms		22.	24.		1.6x10 ³	1.1x10 ³	
Turbidity		15.	22.		7.	6.5	
Color					5.	10.	

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: From Stilling Basin

PARAMETER	Date	6/16	6/16				
	Time	20:10	21:00				
pH							
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness	72.	48.					
Total Hardness	88.	76.					
Ammonia	0.005	0.005					
Nitrate	7.3	3.1					
Ortho Phosphate	0.02	0.01					
COD	880.	213.					
Solids:							
Total	1289.	282.					
Total Suspended	524.	86.					
Total Dissolved	765.	196.					
Total Volatile	973.	243.					
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins	-	2.9					
BOD ₅	>50.	>50.					
Total Coliforms							
Turbidity	80.	35.					
Color	160.	80.					

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: South Barrel, third manhole upstream from stilling basin

PARAMETER	Date	8/9	8/9	8/9	8/9	
	Time	12:45	18:75	20:35	22:00	
pH		6.5	6.5	6.6		
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness	44.	56.	38.	18.		
Total Hardness	62.	70.	44.	24.		
Ammonia	0.052	0.045	0.18	0.054		
Nitrate	0.66	2.1	0.81	0.45		
Ortho Phosphate	0.10	0.03	0.05	0.06		
COD	10.	80.	48.	13.		
Solids:						
Total	107.	336.	174.	85.		
Total Suspended	7.	211.	92.	43.		
Total Dissolved	100.	125.	82.	42.		
Total Volatile	32.	86.	50.	26.		
Volatile Suspended	7.	47.	29.	13.		
Volatile Dissolved	25.	39.	21.	13.		
Tannins & Lignins	1.1	1.3	1.2	0.8		
BOD ₅	2.5	6.8	<2	<2		
Total Coliforms	4.2×10^4	$>10^5$	$>10^5$	$>10^5$		
Turbidity	13.	200.	96.	38.		
Color	40.	80.	65.	45.		

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: South Barrel, third manhole upstream from stilling basin

PARAMETER	Date	9/2	9/2	9/2	9/2		
	Time	16:25	16:40	16:55	17:10		
pH							
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness							
Total Hardness							
Ammonia							
Nitrate							
Ortho Phosphate	0.36	0.41	0.34	0.40			
COD	178.	128.	97.	95.			
Solids:							
Total	353.	259.	227.	213.			
Total Suspended	114.	77.	44.	33.			
Total Dissolved	239.	182.	183.	180.			
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins							
BOD ₅	34.	24.	19.	20.			
Total Coliforms							
Turbidity							
Color	210.	165.	150.	170.			

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: South Barrel, third manhole upstream from Stilling basin

PARAMETER	Date	9/10	9/10			
	Time	9:25	11:25			
pH						
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness						
Total Hardness						
Ammonia						
Nitrate						
Ortho Phosphate						
COD	422.	110.				
Solids:						
Total						
Total Suspended						
Total Dissolved						
Total Volatile						
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins						
BOD ₅	150.	29.				
Total Coliforms	1.X10 ⁶	2X10 ⁵				
Turbidity	33.	31.				
Color						

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: South Barrel, third manhole upstream from Stilling basin

PARAMETER	Date	9/16	9/16	9/16	9/16		
	Time	9:10	11:30	11:50	15:00		
pH							
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness							
Total Hardness							
Ammonia							
Nitrate							
Ortho Phosphate							
COD	78.	69.	66.	31.			
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended	42.	67.	76.	16.			
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins							
BOD ₅	13.	14.	9.	<6.			
Total Coliforms	3.X10 ⁵	4.X10 ⁵	2.X10 ⁵	2.X10 ⁵			
Turbidity							
Color							

STATION: College Heights Boulevard Storm Sewer

Description: South Barrel, third manhole upstream from stilling basin

PARAMETER	Date	9/26	9/26	9/26	9/26	
	Time	12:00	12:30	13:00	13:30	
pH						
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness						
Total Hardness						
Ammonia						
Nitrate						
Ortho Phosphate	0.40	0.37	0.28	0.26		
COD	210.	170.	125.	70.		
Solids:						
Total						
Total Suspended	61.	78.	89.	40.		
Total Dissolved						
Total Volatile						
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins						
BOD ₅	37.	31.	24.	15.		
Total Coliforms	2×10^5	2×10^5	3×10^5	6×10^4		
Turbidity	36.	43.	35.	25.		
Color	190.	145.	120.	90.		

STATION: Trexler Park Apartment Storm Sewer Outfall

Description: West bank of Little Cedar Creek in Trexler Park

PARAMETER	Date	5/1				
	Time					
pH		7.2				
Temperature		12.0				
P - Alkalinity		-				
T - Alkalinity		40.				
Carbon Dioxide		T				
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness		92.				
Total Hardness		116.				
Ammonia						
Nitrate		1.7				
Ortho Phosphate		0.11				
COD		269.				
Solids:						
Total		410.				
Total Suspended		150.				
Total Dissolved		260.				
Total Volatile		250.				
Volatile Suspended		67.				
Volatile Dissolved		183.				
Tannins & Lignins						
BOD ₅		>10.				
Total Coliforms						
Turbidity		45.				
Color		120.				

STATION: Little Cedar Creek

Description: At Trexler Park Apartment Outfall

PARAMETER	Date	5/1				
	Time					
pH		7.5				
Temperature		11.5				
P - Alkalinity		-				
T - Alkalinity		176.				
Carbon Dioxide		4.				
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness		176.				
Total Hardness		240.				
Ammonia						
Nitrate		4.5				
Ortho Phosphate		0.053				
COD		4.				
Solids:						
Total		310.				
Total Suspended		4.				
Total Dissolved		306.				
Total Volatile						
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins						
BOD ₅		<2.				
Total Coliforms						
Turbidity		2.2				
Color		0.				

STATION: WTP Storm Sewer Outfall

Description: North bank of Little Lehigh, upstream from 15th Street

PARAMETER	Date	4/22					
	Time						
pH		7.0					
Temperature		11.0					
P - Alkalinity		-					
T - Alkalinity		188.					
Carbon Dioxide		4.					
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness		152.					
Total Hardness		272.					
Ammonia		0.					
Nitrate		2.7					
Ortho Phosphate		0.					
COD							
Solids:							
Total							
Total Suspended							
Total Dissolved							
Total Volatile							
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins		0.7					
BOD ₅		1.					
Total Coliforms							
Turbidity		0.24					
Color		0..					

STATION: Little Cedar Creek

Description: Above College Heights Boulevard Outfall

PARAMETER	Date	8/9				
	Time	10:00				
pH		6.4				
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness		92.				
Total Hardness		126.				
Ammonia		0.11				
Nitrate		2.2				
Ortho Phosphate		0.025				
COD		13.				
Solids:						
Total		358.				
Total Suspended		151.				
Total Dissolved		207.				
Total Volatile		81.				
Volatile Suspended		20.				
Volatile Dissolved		61.				
Tannins & Lignins		0.7				
BOD ₅		2.8				
Total Coliforms		2.X10 ³				
Turbidity		130.				
Color		35.				

STATION: Little Cedar Creek

Description:

1.

2.

PARAMETER	Date		6/16			6/16	
	Time		21:00			21:00	
pH							
Temperature							
P - Alkalinity							
T - Alkalinity							
Carbon Dioxide							
Dissolved Oxygen							
Calcium Hardness		128.				64.	
Total Hardness		192.				104.	
Ammonia		0.007				0.005	
Nitrate		8.4				4.1	
Ortho Phosphate		0.01				0.02	
COD		9.				168.	
Solids:							
Total		330.				309.	
Total Suspended		48.				108.	
Total Dissolved		282.				201.	
Total Volatile		135.				220.	
Volatile Suspended							
Volatile Dissolved							
Tannins & Lignins		-				2.4	
BOD ₅		4.				>50.	
Total Coliforms							
Turbidity		34.				45.	
Color		0.				70.	

1. Above College Heights Boulevard Sewer

2. Below College Heights Boulevard Sewer

STATION: Storm Sewer Catchbasins

Description: 24th and Washington Avenue 29th Street and Tilghman

PARAMETER	Date		7/30	7/30		
	Time					
pH						
Temperature						
P - Alkalinity						
T - Alkalinity						
Carbon Dioxide						
Dissolved Oxygen						
Calcium Hardness						
Total Hardness						
Ammonia						
Nitrate						
Ortho Phosphate						
COD		65.	100.			
Solids:						
Total						
Total Suspended						
Total Dissolved						
Total Volatile						
Volatile Suspended						
Volatile Dissolved						
Tannins & Lignins						
BOD ₅		7.0	29.			
Total Coliforms						
Turbidity						
Color						

APPENDIX D

OBSERVED RAIN DATA

<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Accumulative Precipitation (inches)</u>
June 29, 1976	3:00	0.00
	3:05	0.03
	3:10	0.12
	3:15	0.22
	3:20	0.27
	3:25	0.30
	3:30	0.31
September 15, 1976	21:40	0.00
September 16, 1976	9:05	0.28
	9:25	0.29
	9:40	0.30
	11:00	0.35
	11:10	0.36
	11:20	0.38
	11:30	0.41
	11:45	0.42
	12:15	0.48
	13:05	0.50
	13:25	0.51
	13:40	0.55
	13:50	0.57
	14:00	0.60
	14:30	0.63
	14:45	0.65

APPENDIX D (Cont)

OBSERVED RAIN DATA

<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Accumulative Precipitation (inches)</u>
September 26, 1976	10:30	0.00
	11:50	<0.05
	12:00	0.03
	12:10	0.05
	12:15	0.06
	12:25	0.07
	12:35	0.08
	12:45	0.10
	12:50	0.12
	12:55	0.13
	13:05	0.15
	13:20	0.15
	13:40	0.15
	14:15	0.18
October 9, 1976	14:25	0.20
	15:25	0.20
	7:15	1.45
	7:30	1.46
	7:45	1.47
	7:50	1.49
	7:55	1.50
	8:00	1.51
	8:15	1.53
	8:25	1.54
	8:35	1.60
	8:40	1.61
	8:50	1.63
	8:55	1.64
	9:05	1.67
	9:15	1.73

APPENDIX D (Cont)
OBSERVED RAIN DATA

<u>Date</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Accumulative Precipitation (inches)</u>
October 9, 1976	9:20	1.78
(Cont)	9:50	1.80
	10:00	1.82
	10:20	1.85
	11:05	1.90
	11:10	1.92
	11:25	1.94
	11:50	1.95
	11:55	1.96

APPENDIX E

SWMM COMPUTER OUTPUT
FOR OCTOBER 9, 1976 STORM EVENT

ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA

STORM OF 09 OCTOBER 1976

BASIN NUMBER 1

NUMBER OF TIME STEPS 100

INTEGRATION TIME INTERVAL (MINUTES), 10.00

35.0 PERCENT OF IMPERVIOUS AREA HAS ZERO DETENTION DEPTH

FOR 80 RAINFALL STEPS, THE TIME INTERVAL IS 10.00 MINUTES

FOR RAINGAGE NUMBER 1, RAINFALL HISTORY IS

.00	.09	.09	.09	.09	.09	.09	.09	.04	.04	.04
.04	.04	.04	.12	.12	.12	.12	.12	.12	.12	.30
.30	.30	.30	.30	.30	.35	.35	.35	.35	.35	.35
.35	.08	.08	.08	.08	.08	.08	.03	.03	.03	.03
.03	.03	.03	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.15	.12
.12	.06	.05	.12	.12	.12	.06	.12	.30	.30	.12
.18	.24	.48	.03	.03	.05	.12	.09	.09	.09	.00
.09	.09	.06	.18	.12	.05	.05	.05	.00	.00	.00

\$\$\$ GUTTER AND PIPE DATA \$\$\$

GUTTER NUMBER	GUTTER CONNECTION	WIDTH (FT)	LENGTH (FT)	SLOPE (FT/FT)	SIDE SLOPES L	SIDE SLOPES R	MANNING N	OVERFLOW (IN)
1 *	101	3	1.0	.026	-0	-0	.015	10.00
2 \$	102	4	1.6	.036	-0	-0	.015	10.00
3	103	3	4.0	.031	-0	-0	.015	6.00
4	104	4	4.0	.036	-0	-0	.015	6.00
5	107	7	4.0	.027	-0	-0	.015	6.00
6 \$	108	8	2.3	.024	-0	-0	.015	10.00
7	109	9	4.0	.014	-0	-0	.015	6.00
8	110	10	4.0	.010	-0	-0	.015	6.00
9 *	113	15	2.0	.010	-0	-0	.015	10.00
10 \$	114	19	2.5	.005	-0	-0	.015	10.00
11	115	15	4.0	.006	-0	-0	.015	6.00
12	116	14	4.0	.019	-0	-0	.015	6.00
13	117	15	4.0	.020	-0	-0	.015	6.00
14 *	118	20	1.3	.018	-0	-0	.015	10.00
15	119	19	4.0	.004	-0	-0	.015	6.00
16	120	19	4.0	.037	-0	-0	.015	6.00
17	121	24	4.0	.036	-0	-0	.015	6.00
18 *	123	21	1.3	.020	-0	-0	.015	10.00
19	124	25	4.0	.028	-0	-0	.015	6.00
20 \$	125	25	1.8	.030	-0	-0	.015	10.00
21 *	126	27	1.7	.023	-0	-0	.015	10.00
22 \$	127	28	2.4	.015	-0	-0	.015	10.00
23	128	28	4.0	.023	-0	-0	.015	6.00
24	129	29	4.0	.019	-0	-0	.015	6.00
25	130	29	4.0	.007	-0	-0	.015	6.00
26 *	131	31	2.0	.038	-0	-0	.015	10.00
27 \$	132	34	2.0	.023	-0	-0	.015	10.00
28	133	33	4.0	.034	-0	-0	.015	6.00
29	134	33	4.0	.034	-0	-0	.015	6.00
30	135	33	4.0	.019	-0	-0	.015	6.00
31	136	33	4.0	.019	-0	-0	.015	6.00

TOTAL NUMBER OF GUTTERS/PIPES, 31

ASTERICK (*) DENOTES CIRCULAR PIPE, DIAMETER= WIDTH.

3 3 9 9 6 3 3 2 0 T R I B U T A R Y S U B C A T C H M E N T S

SUBCATCH- MENT NO.	BUTTON OR INLET	DEPTH (FT)	DEPTH (IN)	PERCENT THREE%	SLOPE (FT/FT)	RESISTANCE FACTOR TOPTRI.	SURFACE STOKE FACTOR TOPTRI.	TINFILTRATION RATE (IN/HOUR) MAXIMUM MINIMUM	DECAY RATE (1/SEC)	CAGE NO.
1	1	111	3150.0	15.	13.0	.050	.012	.200	.70	.00115
2	2	112	2700.0	15.	12.0	.050	.012	.200	.70	.00115
3	3	113	1700.0	15.	10.0	.050	.012	.200	.70	.00115
4	4	114	2900.0	20.	9.0	.050	.012	.200	.70	.00115
5	5	115	1900.0	10.	14.0	.040	.012	.200	.70	.00115
6	6	5	2700.0	7.	13.0	.050	.012	.200	.70	.00115
7	7	117	1500.0	11.	16.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
8	8	118	3100.0	11.	18.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
9	9	119	1400.0	13.	15.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
10	10	110	2400.0	18.	17.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
11	11	6	3500.0	9.	15.0	.017	.012	.200	.70	.00115
12	12	12	1300.0	5.	15.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
13	13	113	2500.0	18.	17.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
14	14	114	2500.0	25.	17.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
15	15	115	1800.0	27.	16.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
16	16	113	2700.0	10.	16.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
17	17	117	1800.0	5.	15.0	.017	.012	.200	.70	.00115
18	18	118	1500.0	11.	12.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
19	19	119	9500.0	13.	12.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
20	20	120	2100.0	22.	14.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
21	21	121	4500.0	17.	13.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
22	22	22	1100.0	13.	17.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
23	23	123	3700.0	15.	15.0	.017	.012	.200	.70	.00115
24	24	124	3200.0	11.	15.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
25	25	125	3300.0	15.	11.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
26	26	125	4100.0	17.	11.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
27	27	127	4200.0	17.	11.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
28	28	128	2400.0	10.	12.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
29	29	129	1700.0	21.	10.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
30	30	130	1300.0	9.	11.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
31	31	171	2800.0	14.	11.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
32	32	132	2800.0	18.	12.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
33	33	173	1100.0	13.	9.0	.010	.012	.200	.70	.00115
34	34	174	3700.0	5.	13.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
35	35	135	1200.0	7.	22.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115
36	36	136	1200.0	11.	17.0	.020	.012	.200	.70	.00115

TOTAL NUMBER OF SUBCATCHMENTS, 21

TOTAL TRIBUTARY AREA (ACRES), 482.87

ARRANGEMENT OF GUTTERCATCHMENTS AND GUTTERS/PIPES

GUTTER OR PIPE	TRIBUTARY GUTTER/PIPE	TRIBUTARY SUBAREA
101		1
102		2
103		3
104		4
107		7
108		8
109		9
110		10
113		13
114		14
115		15
116		16
117		17
118		18
119		19
120		20
121		21
123		23
124		24
125		25
126		26
127		27
128		28
129		29
130		30
131		31
132		32
133		33
134		34
135		35
136		36

INLET	TRIBUTARY GUTTERS AND/OR STREAMS	TRIBUTARY SURFACES
3	101 103	
4	102 104	
7	107	
8	108	
9	109	11
10	110	
15	113	
18	114	
16	115 117	
14	116	
20	118	
19	119 120	
24	121	
21	123	
25	124	
26	125	
27	126	
28	127 128	
29	129 130	
31	131	
34	132	
33	133 134 135 136	
6		5 5

12

22

12

22

HYDROGRAPHS WILL BE STORED FOR THE FOLLOWING 25 INLETS

3	4	7	8	9	10	15	18	16	14
20	19	24	21	25	26	27	28	29	31
34	33	6	12	22					

.....QUALITY SIMULATION INCLUDED IN THIS RUN.....

INPUT PARAMETERS AS FOLLOWS

NUMBER OF CONSTITUENTS 8

NUMBER OF DRY DAYS 10.0

STREET CLEANING FREQ 14.0 DAYS

PASSES PER CLEANING 1

STD CATCHBASIN VOLUME 5.30 FT3

CATCHBASIN CONTENTS BOD 100.0 MG/L

METHOD FOR CALCULATING SS

SPECIAL TECHNIQUE.

SAME AS IN ORIGINAL

RELEASE I OF THE SWMM.

ISS = 1

WATERSHED QUALITY DEFINITIONS

SUBAREA NUMBER	LAND USE CLASS.	TOTAL GUTTER LENGTH* 10^{**2}	NUMBER OF CATCHBASINS
1	1	64.00	15.00
2	2	55.00	22.00
3	3	73.00	4.00
4	4	48.00	10.00
5	5	34.00	14.00
6	6	11.00	2.00
7	7	36.00	16.00
8	8	55.00	14.00
9	9	60.00	22.00
10	10	84.00	22.00
11	11	31.00	5.00
12	12	28.00	11.00
13	13	84.00	32.00
14	14	169.00	34.00
15	15	101.00	19.00
16	16	57.00	11.00
17	17	30.00	6.00
18	18	53.00	14.00
19	19	51.00	12.00
20	20	116.00	33.00
21	21	59.00	5.00
22	22	52.00	16.00
23	23	45.00	22.00
24	24	55.00	9.00
25	25	53.00	18.00
26	26	51.00	14.00
27	27	53.00	14.00
28	28	34.00	4.00
29	29	56.00	18.00
30	30	25.00	7.00
31	31	58.00	14.00
32	32	35.00	10.00
33	33	20.00	6.00
34	34	25.00	6.00
35	35	26.00	6.00
36	36	20.00	6.00

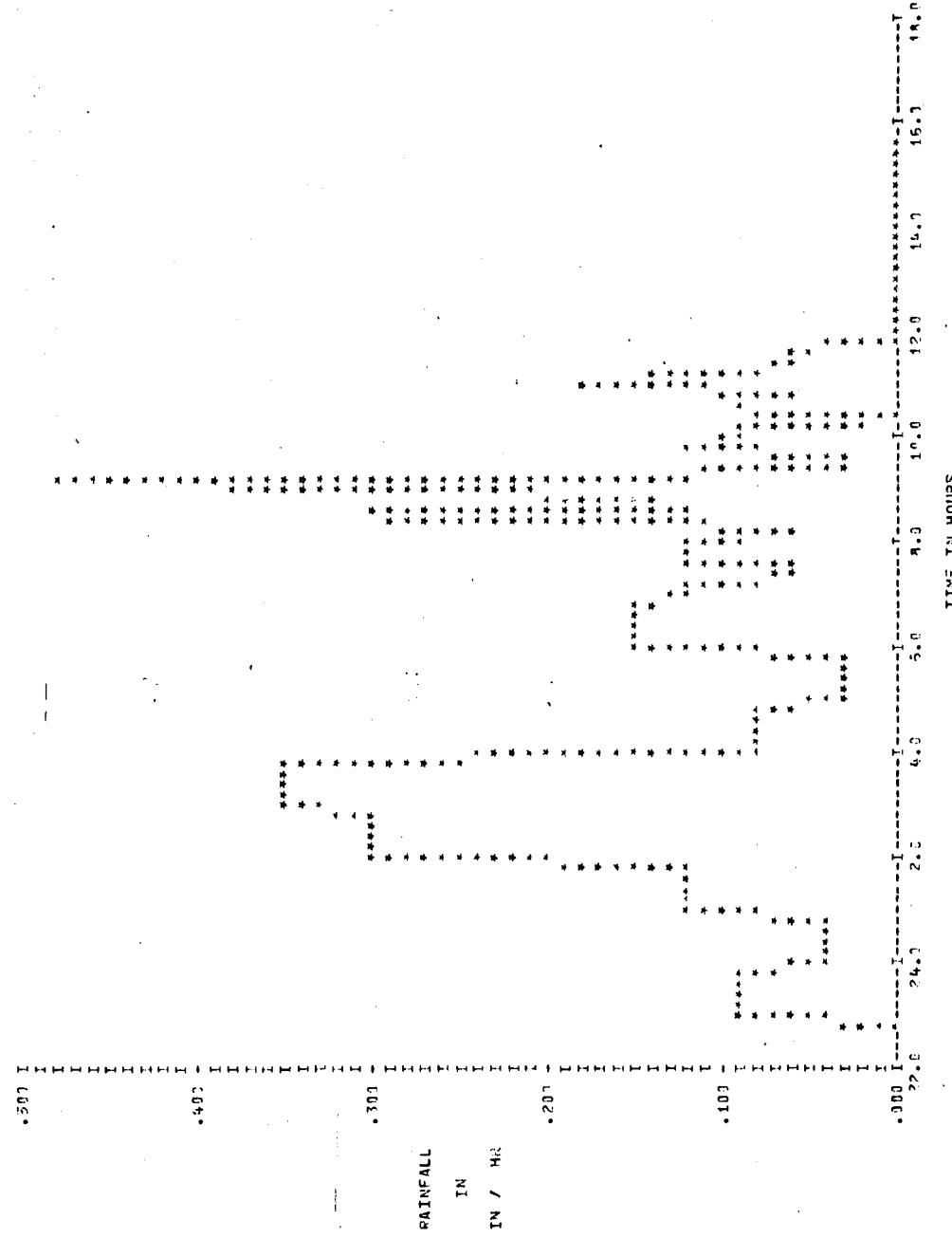
HYDROGRAPHS WILL BE LISTED FOR THE FOLLOWING 5 GUTTERS OR INLETS

3 4 10 19 33

TOTAL RAINFALL (CU FT) .301441E+07
TOTAL INFILTRATION (CU FT) .261967E+07
TOTAL GUTTER FLOW AT INLET (CU FT) .385397E+06
TOTAL SURFACE STORAGE AT END OF STORM (CU FT) .925387E+04
ERROR IN CONTINUITY, PERCENTAGE OF RAINFALL, .00276

RAINFALL MEASUREMENT

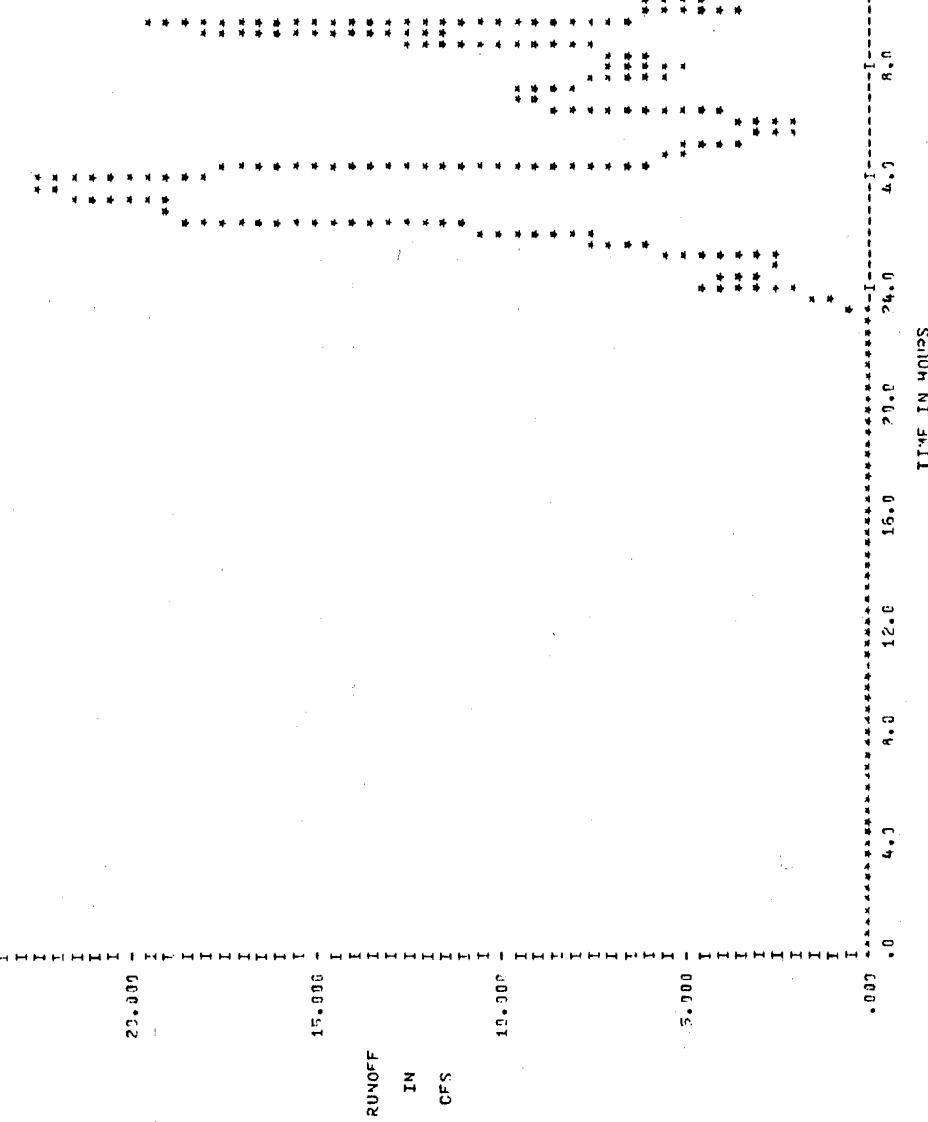
STATION NO. 1



INLET - YARD

25.000

0.000



ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA
STORM OF 19 OCTOBER 1976

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY AND QUALITY RESULTS AT LOCATION 3

FLOW IN CFS AND QUALITY IN MG/L (AND COLIF IN MPN/L). VALUES ARE AVERAGES OVER PRECEDING TIME STEP.

TIME	FLOW	BOD	SUS-S	COLIF	COD	SET-S	NIT	PO4	GREASE
23 -0.3	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 10.0	.01	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 20.0	.03	36.74	13.50	.52E+06	121.45	1.11	.81	.03	.40
23 30.0	.07	40.99	18.41	.53E+06	136.24	1.54	1.09	.11	.55
23 40.0	.08	34.54	19.25	.51E+06	115.50	1.79	1.12	.11	.64
23 50.0	.11	26.21	21.60	.54E+06	89.92	1.98	1.22	.12	.78
24 -0.3	.17	19.03	38.66	.58E+06	65.05	2.09	2.00	.20	.74
24 10.0	.22	14.05	45.44	.55E+06	48.39	2.21	2.29	.23	.77
24/20.0	.18	16.41	36.57	.49E+06	37.81	2.39	1.87	.13	.84
24 30.0	.13	8.34	23.02	.45E+06	32.98	2.54	1.25	.12	.89
24 40.0	.17	7.39	20.75	.46E+06	30.50	2.51	1.15	.12	.88
24 50.0	.13	6.73	19.73	.47E+06	24.72	2.49	1.11	.11	.87
25 -0.3	.13	5.26	18.73	.47E+06	27.44	2.49	1.07	.11	.85
25 10.0	.16	6.01	24.90	.50E+06	26.02	2.39	1.35	.14	.82
25 20.0	.27	6.53	44.56	.52E+06	24.90	2.31	2.24	.23	.79
25 30.0	.33	6.94	55.30	.51E+06	24.22	2.36	2.72	.27	.80
25 40.0	.35	6.91	53.89	.48E+06	23.96	2.44	2.65	.27	.82
25 50.0	.37	6.74	50.49	.46E+06	23.73	2.48	2.40	.25	.93
26 -0.3	.37	6.50	48.29	.45E+06	23.49	2.49	2.39	.24	.82
26 10.0	.68	7.35	56.92	.47E+06	22.99	2.44	3.23	.33	.79
26 20.0	.75	9.29	108.73	.47E+06	22.44	2.44	5.11	.31	.75
26 30.0	.91	10.06	123.59	.44E+06	22.12	2.53	6.78	.58	.76
26 40.0	.92	9.50	113.87	.41E+06	21.77	2.59	5.33	.54	.77
26 50.0	.93	9.10	105.22	.40E+06	21.29	2.60	4.93	.50	.76
27 -0.3	.93	8.54	97.41	.39E+06	20.80	2.60	4.57	.46	.74
27 10.0	.97	8.27	92.03	.38E+06	20.27	2.60	4.33	.44	.72
27 20.0	1.04	8.17	96.03	.37E+06	19.71	2.61	4.50	.45	.70
27 30.0	1.08	8.47	99.40	.35E+06	19.21	2.63	4.65	.47	.69
27 40.0	1.04	8.35	99.48	.34E+06	18.73	2.64	4.60	.46	.58
27 50.0	1.03	8.25	97.92	.33E+06	18.22	2.64	4.57	.45	.56
28 -0.3	1.02	8.15	97.47	.31E+06	17.73	2.64	4.55	.45	.54
28 10.0	.90	7.40	81.89	.29E+06	17.52	2.65	3.84	.39	.55
28 20.0	.52	6.02	49.65	.25E+06	17.85	2.77	2.38	.24	.70
28 30.0	.29	4.95	28.67	.23E+06	18.37	2.87	1.30	.12	.73
28 40.0	.27	4.46	22.43	.27E+06	17.24	2.67	1.16	.12	.56
28 50.0	.25	4.20	20.27	.28E+06	16.83	2.54	1.06	.11	.53
29 -0.3	.25	4.04	18.42	.28E+06	15.53	2.51	.98	.10	.51
29 10.0	.23	3.94	15.14	.28E+06	16.29	2.57	.87	.09	.52
29 20.0	.17	3.92	12.40	.25E+06	16.90	2.64	.70	.07	.55
29 30.0	.12	3.90	9.28	.24E+06	17.16	2.73	.56	.06	.58
29 40.0	.10	3.71	7.90	.25E+06	16.36	2.65	.50	.05	.65
29 50.0	.10	3.54	7.19	.26E+06	16.54	2.57	.47	.05	.53
30 -0.3	.10	3.45	6.71	.27E+06	16.37	2.53	.45	.05	.51
30 10.0	.15	3.34	11.05	.30E+06	15.63	2.34	.65	.07	.58
30 20.0	.31	3.88	25.52	.32E+06	15.15	2.24	1.30	.12	.51

LENTON, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA
STO 1.0E 03 OCTOBER 1972

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY AND QUALITY RESULTS AT LOCATION 4

FLOW IN CFS AND QUALITY IN MG/L (AND CONC IN MPH/L). VALUES ARE AVERAGES OVER PRECEDING TIME STEP.

TIME	FLOW	BOD	SUS-5	COLIF	POD	SET-5	NIT	PPN	CHARGE
23 -0.3	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 10.3	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 20.0	.03	40.53	12.72	.64E+05	131.21	.04	.74	.07	.34
23 30.0	.07	45.81	16.96	.54E+05	140.45	1.15	.07	.10	.41
23 40.0	.09	41.70	17.92	.55E+05	135.86	1.20	1.02	.11	.43
23 50.0	.12	34.38	19.72	.76E+05	113.91	1.21	1.11	.11	.47
24 -0.3	.10	26.02	32.06	.56E+05	85.04	1.22	1.70	.17	.67
24 10.0	.26	19.32	39.77	.55E+05	64.31	1.22	2.01	.21	.43
24 20.0	.22	14.20	35.35	.54E+05	44.71	1.20	1.80	.18	.42
24 30.0	.17	10.56	27.05	.53E+05	39.70	1.19	1.35	.14	.41
24 40.0	.15	8.53	21.93	.54E+05	33.77	1.19	1.19	.12	.41
24 50.0	.13	7.12	19.89	.54E+05	29.03	1.19	1.11	.11	.41
25 -0.3	.17	6.05	19.49	.54E+05	25.32	1.20	1.04	.11	.41
25 10.0	.19	5.39	22.57	.54E+05	23.27	1.21	1.23	.12	.41
25 20.0	.31	5.33	19.42	.54E+05	20.93	1.23	1.94	.10	.42
25 30.0	.41	5.29	4.87	.53E+05	16.91	1.22	2.41	.24	.41
25 40.0	.43	4.91	4.93	.52E+05	17.30	1.21	2.45	.24	.40
25 50.0	.43	4.59	47.90	.52E+05	15.48	1.21	2.34	.24	.40
26 -0.3	.44	4.39	46.01	.51E+05	16.14	1.21	2.27	.23	.39
26 10.0	.56	5.14	6.30	.51E+05	15.78	1.23	2.02	.22	.30
26 20.0	.27	6.93	27.11	.50E+05	15.70	1.26	4.57	.45	.39
26 30.0	1.08	7.54	114.58	.49E+05	15.08	1.27	4.30	.54	.39
26 40.0	1.02	7.33	113.11	.48E+05	14.93	1.27	5.14	.52	.37
26 50.0	1.09	5.91	1.02.71	.46E+05	14.27	1.27	4.77	.43	.30
27 -0.3	1.17	6.48	94.37	.45E+05	14.93	1.27	4.42	.46	.35
27 10.0	1.13	F.13	98.55	.44E+05	13.58	1.27	4.18	.42	.34
27 20.0	1.23	6.24	91.12	.43E+05	13.24	1.29	4.27	.43	.33
27 30.0	1.24	6.37	94.71	.42E+05	17.36	1.29	4.43	.44	.32
27 40.0	1.24	6.31	4.42	.41E+05	12.49	1.23	4.41	.46	.31
27 50.0	1.23	6.24	93.88	.39E+05	12.13	1.23	4.39	.44	.30
28 -0.3	1.24	6.17	93.37	.38E+05	11.79	1.29	4.38	.44	.29
28 10.0	1.27	5.59	87.46	.37E+05	11.47	1.25	7.70	.38	.29
28 20.0	.62	4.13	54.20	.36E+05	11.15	1.20	2.50	.25	.29
28 30.0	.34	2.84	29.67	.36E+05	10.95	1.15	1.48	.15	.27
28 40.0	.33	2.49	21.82	.35E+05	11.21	1.18	1.13	.11	.28
28 50.0	.30	2.33	19.55	.36E+05	13.39	1.19	.93	.17	.27
29 -0.3	.29	2.22	16.52	.35E+05	10.32	1.12	.89	.07	.27
29 10.0	.27	2.11	14.84	.35E+05	10.34	1.19	.80	.03	.27
29 20.0	.20	1.35	11.68	.35E+05	10.71	1.17	.67	.07	.27
29 30.0	.14	1.79	9.98	.34E+05	10.61	1.15	.54	.07	.27
29 40.0	.12	1.77	7.31	.35E+05	11.52	1.15	.47	.06	.27
29 50.0	.12	1.54	6.49	.35E+05	10.55	1.17	.43	.14	.27
30 -0.3	.11	1.65	5.99	.35E+05	10.53	1.19	.41	.06	.27
30 10.0	.17	1.33	9.32	.35E+05	11.73	1.20	.56	.04	.27
30 20.0	.35	2.44	21.53	.35E+05	11.72	1.22	1.11	.11	.27

ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA
STORM OF 09 OCTOBER 1976

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY AND QUALITY RESULTS AT LOCATION 10

FLOW IN CFS AND QUALITY IN MG/L (AND COLIF IN MPN/L). VALUES ARE AVERAGES OVER PRECEDING TIME STEP.

TIME	FLOW	BOD	SUS-S	COLIF	COD	SET-S	NIT	PON	GEEASE
23 -.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 10.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 20.0	.01	43.32	15.77	.66E+06	144.14	1.42	.97	.17	.71
23 30.0	.03	46.28	22.56	.74E+06	154.55	1.69	1.32	.13	.50
23 40.0	.05	43.23	25.36	.82E+06	145.42	1.78	1.45	.15	.63
23 50.0	.07	37.73	27.90	.94E+06	128.48	1.82	1.58	.16	.65
24 -.0	.11	30.15	41.72	.45E+06	102.90	1.85	2.21	.22	.55
24 10.0	.17	23.51	56.14	.45E+06	90.10	1.55	2.56	.29	.65
24 20.0	.13	18.85	58.53	.95E+06	65.25	1.89	2.97	.38	.65
24 30.0	.16	15.38	51.79	.85E+06	55.50	1.89	2.66	.27	.65
24 40.0	.14	12.54	45.05	.94E+06	47.99	1.89	2.35	.24	.65
24 50.0	.13	10.46	39.84	.84E+06	41.96	1.89	2.12	.21	.55
25 -.0	.13	8.81	35.94	.84E+06	37.35	1.89	1.94	.21	.64
25 10.0	.14	7.54	36.73	.83E+06	33.22	1.89	1.98	.20	.54
25 20.0	.20	7.27	54.04	.82E+06	29.53	1.90	2.75	.28	.53
25 30.0	.29	7.59	74.00	.81E+06	27.25	1.91	3.65	.37	.63
25 40.0	.34	7.71	84.02	.80E+06	25.90	1.92	4.10	.41	.52
25 50.0	.35	7.59	85.98	.79E+06	25.01	1.92	4.14	.42	.51
26 -.0	.36	7.39	84.78	.78E+06	24.36	1.93	4.12	.41	.50
26 10.0	.42	7.89	97.05	.77E+06	23.72	1.94	4.67	.47	.59
26 20.0	.63	10.07	142.81	.75E+06	23.01	2.02	6.72	.57	.57
26 30.0	.84	11.72	177.77	.72E+06	22.30	2.10	8.29	.53	.56
26 40.0	.90	11.99	185.01	.70E+06	21.55	2.13	8.61	.55	.54
26 50.0	.91	11.47	176.56	.67E+06	20.75	2.14	9.22	.52	.52
27 -.0	.91	10.76	164.35	.65E+06	19.97	2.14	7.66	.77	.50
27 10.0	.93	10.07	152.58	.62E+06	19.19	2.15	7.12	.71	.48
27 20.0	1.00	9.84	149.99	.60E+06	19.40	2.18	6.99	.70	.46
27 30.0	1.07	9.39	152.89	.57E+06	17.51	2.21	7.11	.71	.44
27 40.0	1.06	9.52	153.35	.55E+06	16.95	2.22	7.13	.71	.42
27 50.0	1.06	9.57	152.16	.52E+06	15.10	2.22	7.06	.71	.40
28 -.0	1.05	9.50	150.71	.50E+06	15.39	2.22	6.99	.73	.38
28 10.0	.94	8.85	139.11	.48E+06	14.50	2.15	6.46	.65	.37
28 20.0	.64	7.51	113.42	.47E+06	14.38	2.09	5.30	.53	.26
28 30.0	.38	5.34	82.74	.46E+06	14.11	2.01	3.91	.39	.35
28 40.0	.28	4.79	60.29	.45E+06	13.58	1.96	2.99	.29	.35
28 50.0	.25	4.03	45.75	.44E+06	13.57	1.92	2.24	.22	.34
29 -.0	.25	3.57	36.96	.44E+06	13.49	1.90	1.84	.19	.34
29 10.0	.23	3.26	31.15	.43E+06	13.33	1.88	1.58	.16	.33
29 20.0	.19	3.00	26.16	.43E+06	13.22	1.87	1.35	.14	.33
29 30.0	.15	2.75	21.64	.43E+06	13.14	1.87	1.15	.12	.33
29 40.0	.12	2.57	17.91	.42E+06	13.07	1.85	.98	.10	.33
29 50.0	.10	2.41	14.96	.42E+06	12.99	1.85	.85	.09	.32
30 -.0	.10	2.29	12.75	.42E+06	12.92	1.85	.75	.08	.32
30 10.0	.12	2.31	13.48	.42E+06	12.82	1.85	.78	.10	.32
30 20.0	.21	2.97	25.94	.41E+06	12.67	1.87	1.38	.14	.32

ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA
STORM OF 29 OCTOBER 1975

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY AND QUALITY RESULTS AT LOCATION 19

FLOW IN CFS AND QUALITY IN MG/L (AND COLIF IN MPN/L). VALUES ARE AVERAGES OVER PRECEDING TIME STEP.

TIME	FLOW	POD	SUS-S	COLIF	COD	SET-S	NIT	PO4	GREASE
23 -0.3	.00	.00	.00	.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 10.0	.00	.00	.00	.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 20.0	.02	44.50	12.95	.67E+05	148.92	1.45	.85	.00	.52
23 30.0	.05	48.33	16.14	.50E+05	153.04	1.73	1.13	.11	.62
23 40.0	.11	46.18	20.29	.85E+05	155.45	1.83	1.24	.13	.65
23 50.0	.14	40.72	22.20	.87E+05	138.38	1.88	1.34	.14	.67
24 -0	.22	32.55	33.43	.57E+05	112.10	1.91	1.85	.13	.57
24 10.0	.31	25.26	44.51	.86E+05	97.40	1.93	2.35	.24	.67
24 20.0	.31	19.98	45.32	.57E+05	71.96	1.93	2.38	.24	.67
24 30.0	.25	15.71	37.85	.87E+05	59.12	1.93	2.04	.21	.57
24 40.0	.21	12.57	31.45	.87E+05	50.31	1.93	1.75	.18	.57
24 50.0	.20	10.25	27.37	.86E+05	43.73	1.93	1.57	.13	.66
25 -0	.20	8.61	24.68	.56E+05	38.35	1.93	1.45	.15	.56
25 10.0	.23	7.38	26.60	.86E+05	34.74	1.93	1.53	.15	.56
25 20.0	.35	7.13	42.51	.55E+05	31.07	1.94	2.25	.23	.55
25 30.0	.51	7.19	58.43	.84E+05	28.57	1.95	2.96	.32	.65
25 40.0	.58	6.38	65.14	.33E+05	27.10	1.95	2.26	.33	.64
25 50.0	.59	6.39	64.92	.82E+05	26.16	1.95	3.24	.33	.53
26 -0	.53	6.42	62.77	.51E+05	25.37	1.95	3.16	.32	.53
26 10.0	.71	6.89	74.41	.80E+05	24.78	1.97	3.66	.37	.52
26 20.0	1.09	8.86	115.77	.78E+05	24.18	2.03	5.52	.55	.50
26 30.0	1.43	10.19	140.08	.77E+05	23.57	2.08	6.79	.58	.59
26 40.0	1.48	10.23	145.48	.74E+05	22.59	2.09	5.83	.59	.57
26 50.0	1.47	9.53	136.37	.72E+05	22.19	2.09	6.42	.54	.55
27 -0	1.47	9.02	125.81	.70E+05	21.53	2.09	5.94	.50	.54
27 10.0	1.51	8.51	117.08	.68E+05	20.35	2.10	5.54	.56	.52
27 20.0	1.63	8.47	115.02	.66E+05	20.17	2.12	5.57	.56	.50
27 30.0	1.71	8.62	122.81	.63E+05	19.49	2.14	5.73	.54	.49
27 40.0	1.72	8.53	123.68	.61E+05	18.52	2.14	5.81	.58	.47
27 50.0	1.71	8.46	122.92	.59E+05	18.15	2.14	5.77	.53	.45
28 -0	1.72	8.34	122.19	.57E+05	17.51	2.14	5.73	.57	.46
28 10.0	1.49	7.67	110.12	.55E+05	15.99	2.10	5.18	.52	.42
28 20.0	.94	6.23	82.36	.54E+05	15.50	2.03	3.93	.39	.42
28 30.0	.51	4.59	49.96	.53E+05	16.35	1.97	2.46	.25	.41
28 40.0	.43	3.73	32.90	.53E+05	16.16	1.93	1.69	.17	.40
28 50.0	.41	3.31	25.47	.52E+05	16.00	1.92	1.35	.14	.40
29 -0	.39	3.12	27.02	.52E+05	15.85	1.91	1.20	.12	.40
29 10.0	.37	2.98	19.59	.51E+05	15.73	1.91	1.03	.11	.39
29 20.0	.29	2.92	16.46	.51E+05	15.54	1.91	.95	.17	.39
29 30.0	.21	2.54	13.04	.51E+05	15.57	1.90	.79	.08	.39
29 40.0	.17	2.59	10.45	.50E+05	15.50	1.90	.58	.07	.39
29 50.0	.16	2.41	9.77	.50E+05	15.43	1.90	.60	.15	.39
30 -0	.15	2.35	7.74	.50E+05	15.38	1.90	.55	.05	.38
30 10.0	.20	2.44	9.78	.50E+05	15.30	1.90	.54	.17	.38
30 20.0	.39	3.07	22.50	.49E+05	15.16	1.91	1.23	.12	.38

ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA
STORM OF 29 OCTOBER 1976

SUMMARY OF QUANTITY AND QUALITY RESULTS AT LOCATION 33

FLOW IN CFS AND QUALITY IN MG/L (AND COLIF IN MPN/L). VALUES ARE AVERAGES OVER PRECEDING TIME STEP.

TIME	FLOW	BOD	SUS-S	COLIF	COD	SET-S	NIT	PON	CREASE
23 -0	.03	.30	.00	.0	.00	.00	.00	.00	.00
23 10.0	.00	.30	.00	.0	.00	.00	.01	.01	.00
23 20.0	.02	13.76	3.84	.78E+05	43.50	.17	.20	.02	.06
23 30.0	.05	25.59	12.92	.73E+05	85.45	1.30	.79	.09	.46
23 40.0	.09	29.50	18.15	.12E+07	101.13	2.05	1.1E	.13	.73
23 50.0	.12	27.46	22.10	.14E+07	96.58	2.47	1.30	.15	.47
24 -0	.19	22.80	75.26	.15E+07	81.35	2.74	2.07	.23	.96
24 10.0	.28	18.79	48.71	.16E+07	67.70	2.90	2.65	.29	1.00
24 20.0	.28	16.09	50.13	.17E+07	59.54	3.00	2.72	.30	1.03
24 30.0	.22	14.06	43.26	.17E+07	54.56	3.05	2.42	.27	1.05
24 40.0	.28	12.42	76.92	.17E+07	53.39	3.07	2.13	.24	1.04
24 50.0	.19	11.13	32.43	.17E+07	47.15	3.05	1.93	.22	1.03
25 -0	.18	10.31	29.20	.17E+07	44.95	3.05	1.78	.20	1.03
25 10.0	.21	9.71	30.71	.16E+07	47.52	3.04	1.44	.21	1.01
25 20.0	.32	9.92	46.95	.16E+07	41.35	3.03	2.55	.23	.90
25 30.0	.45	10.46	63.42	.16E+07	39.30	3.09	3.30	.35	.99
25 40.0	.52	10.58	70.79	.16E+07	38.75	3.12	7.63	.39	.98
25 50.0	.53	10.57	71.43	.16E+07	34.11	3.14	3.66	.39	.97
26 -0	.53	10.34	69.78	.15E+07	37.38	3.15	3.58	.39	.95
26 10.0	.65	10.63	81.44	.15E+07	36.24	3.17	2.09	.43	.92
26 20.0	.98	12.46	121.84	.14E+07	34.92	3.33	5.90	.61	.19
26 30.0	1.29	13.59	150.03	.14E+07	33.93	3.52	7.16	.74	.35
26 40.0	1.34	13.59	153.91	.13E+07	32.82	3.61	7.32	.75	.84
26 50.0	1.34	13.30	145.45	.13E+07	31.43	3.63	5.92	.71	.90
27 -0	1.34	12.23	135.08	.12E+07	30.07	3.63	6.44	.65	.77
27 10.0	1.38	11.50	125.74	.12E+07	28.70	3.65	6.01	.62	.73
27 20.0	1.44	11.22	125.15	.11E+07	27.32	3.71	5.97	.51	.70
27 30.0	1.55	11.17	128.82	.11E+07	26.05	3.77	5.12	.53	.56
27 40.0	1.55	10.98	129.65	.10E+07	24.80	3.80	6.14	.53	.53
27 50.0	1.56	10.72	129.08	.96E+06	23.56	3.80	5.10	.62	.60
28 -0	1.56	10.47	128.40	.91E+06	22.39	3.79	6.05	.52	.57
28 10.0	1.36	9.78	117.74	.87E+06	21.54	3.71	5.57	.57	.55
28 20.0	.87	8.49	93.56	.85E+06	21.10	3.55	4.48	.46	.54
28 30.0	.49	6.38	64.51	.84E+06	20.77	3.34	3.16	.33	.53
28 40.0	.38	5.39	45.04	.81E+06	20.14	3.20	2.28	.24	.51
28 50.0	.37	5.25	34.37	.79E+06	19.59	3.11	1.79	.19	.50
29 -0	.36	4.30	28.55	.78E+06	19.40	3.06	1.53	.13	.49
29 10.0	.34	4.58	24.69	.77E+06	19.22	3.05	1.35	.17	.49
29 20.0	.27	4.49	20.92	.77E+06	19.19	3.06	1.14	.13	.49
29 30.0	.23	4.30	17.18	.77E+06	19.16	3.06	1.01	.11	.49
29 40.0	.15	4.11	14.05	.77E+06	18.38	3.04	.87	.10	.48
29 50.0	.15	3.95	11.73	.76E+06	18.76	3.01	.75	.09	.48
30 -0	.14	3.84	10.13	.75E+06	18.60	2.99	.69	.08	.47
30 10.0	.13	3.34	11.74	.73E+06	18.21	2.95	.75	.09	.45
30 20.0	.37	4.42	25.11	.71E+06	17.90	2.95	1.36	.16	.45

TOTAL FLOW = .38540E+06 CFS
TOTAL BOD = .15740E+03 LBS
TOTAL SUS = .18380E+04 LBS
TOTAL COL = .54602E+13 MPN

TRANSPOR BLOCK CALLED

ENTRY MADE TO TRANSPORT MODEL

TRANSPORT MODEL UPDATED BY UNIVERSITY OF FLORIDA FEBRUARY 1975

COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. SEWER - STORM OF 09 OCTOBER 1975

* * * * ELEMENT LINKAGES AND COMPUTATION SEQUENCE * * * *

ELEMENT NO. ZERO IS GIVEN INTERNAL NO. = NO. ELEMENTS + 1 = 68

ELEMENT NUMBER	INTERNAL NUMBER	TYPE	DESCRIPTION	UPSTREAM ELEMENTS (EXTERNAL NOS.)			ORDER OF COMPUTATIONS AT EACH TIME STEP (PROCEEDING DOWNSTREAM)					
				1	2	3	COMPUTATION SEQUENCE	EXTERNAL NUMBER	INTERNAL NUMBER	UPSTREAM ELEMENT NUMBERS		
101	1	2	RECTANGULAR	2	-0	-0	1	9	41	68	68	68
102	2	2	RECTANGULAR	3	-0	-0	2	107	7	41	68	68
103	3	2	RECTANGULAR	4	-0	-0	3	7	40	7	68	68
104	4	2	RECTANGULAR	5	-0	-0	4	105	6	40	68	68
105	5	1	CIRCULAR	6	-0	-0	5	10	43	68	68	68
106	6	1	CIRCULAR	7	-0	-0	6	109	9	43	68	68
107	7	1	CIRCULAR	8	-0	-0	7	14	47	68	68	68
108	8	1	CIRCULAR	9	-0	-0	8	113	13	47	68	68
109	9	1	CIRCULAR	10	-0	-0	9	18	51	68	68	68
110	10	1	CIRCULAR	11	-0	-0	10	117	17	51	68	68
111	11	1	CIRCULAR	12	-0	-0	11	17	50	17	68	68
112	12	1	CIRCULAR	13	-0	-0	12	116	16	50	68	68
113	13	1	CIRCULAR	14	-0	-0	13	20	53	68	68	68
114	14	1	CIRCULAR	15	-0	-0	14	119	19	53	68	68
115	15	1	CIRCULAR	16	-1	-0	15	19	52	19	68	68
116	16	1	CIRCULAR	17	-0	-0	16	118	18	52	68	68
117	17	1	CIRCULAR	18	-0	-0	17	16	49	16	18	68
118	18	1	CIRCULAR	19	-0	-0	18	115	15	49	68	68
119	19	1	CIRCULAR	20	-0	-0	19	15	48	15	68	68
120	20	2	RECTANGULAR	21	-0	-0	20	114	14	48	68	68
121	21	2	RECTANGULAR	22	-0	-0	21	13	46	13	14	68
122	22	1	CIRCULAR	23	-0	-0	22	112	12	46	68	68
123	23	1	CIRCULAR	24	-0	-0	23	12	45	12	68	68
124	24	2	RECTANGULAR	25	-0	-0	24	111	11	45	68	68
125	25	2	RECTANGULAR	26	-0	-0	25	11	44	11	68	68
126	26	2	RECTANGULAR	27	-0	-0	26	110	10	44	68	68
127	27	2	RECTANGULAR	28	-0	-0	27	24	57	68	68	68
128	28	2	RECTANGULAR	29	-0	-0	28	123	23	57	68	68
129	29	1	CIRCULAR	30	-0	-0	29	23	56	23	68	68
130	30	1	CIRCULAR	31	-0	-0	30	122	22	56	68	68
131	31	1	CIRCULAR	32	-0	-0	31	31	64	68	68	68
132	32	1	CIRCULAR	33	-0	-0	32	130	30	64	68	68
133	33	1	CIRCULAR	34	-0	-0	33	30	63	30	68	68
1	34	15	MANHOLE	101	-0	-0	34	129	29	63	68	68
2	35	15	MANHOLE	102	-0	-0	35	24	67	68	68	68
3	36	15	MANHOLE	103	-0	-0	36	133	33	67	68	68
4	37	15	MANHOLE	104	-0	-0	37	33	66	33	68	68
5	38	15	MANHOLE	105	-0	-0	38	132	32	66	68	68
6	39	15	MANHOLE	106	108	-0	39	22	65	32	68	68
7	40	15	MANHOLE	107	-0	-0	40	131	31	65	68	68
8	41	15	MANHOLE	-0	-0	-0	41	29	52	29	31	68
9	42	15	MANHOLE	109	110	120	42	129	29	62	68	68
10	43	15	MANHOLE	-0	-0	-0	43	28	61	28	68	68
11	44	15	MANHOLE	111	-0	-0	44	127	27	61	68	68

12.	45	15	MANHOLE	112	-0	-0	45	27	68	68
13	45	15	MANHOLE	113	114	-0	45	26	68	68
14	47	15	MANHOLE	115	-0	-0	47	25	68	68
15	48	15	MANHOLE	116	118	-0	48	25	68	68
16	49	15	MANHOLE	117	-0	-0	49	25	68	68
17	50	15	MANHOLE	119	-0	-0	50	24	68	68
18	51	15	MANHOLE	121	-0	-0	51	22	22	24
19	52	15	MANHOLE	122	124	-0	52	21	58	68
20	53	15	MANHOLE	123	-0	-0	53	21	58	68
21	54	15	MANHOLE	125	-0	-0	54	20	58	68
22	55	15	MANHOLE	126	-0	-0	55	9	42	9
23	56	15	MANHOLE	127	-0	-0	56	8	42	68
24	57	15	MANHOLE	128	-0	-0	57	6	39	68
25	58	15	MANHOLE	129	131	-0	58	5	39	68
26	59	15	MANHOLE	130	-0	-0	59	4	28	58
27	60	15	MANHOLE	132	-0	-0	60	4	38	68
28	61	15	MANHOLE	133	-0	-0	61	3	4	68
29	62	15	MANHOLE	134	-0	-0	62	3	37	68
30	63	15	MANHOLE	135	-0	-0	63	2	3	68
31	64	15	MANHOLE	136	-0	-0	64	2	36	68
32	65	15	MANHOLE	137	-0	-0	65	1	2	68
33	66	15	MANHOLE	138	-0	-0	66	1	35	68
34	67	15	MANHOLE	139	-0	-0	67	1	1	68

12	16	MANHOLE	-0.0002	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
13	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
14	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
15	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
16	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
17	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
18	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
19	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
20	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
21	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
22	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
23	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
24	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
25	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
26	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
27	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
28	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
29	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
30	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
31	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
32	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
33	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000
34	16	MANHOLE	-0.0000	-0.0	-0.0000	0.0	-0.0	-0.0	1.0	.000	.000	.000

EPSILON = .000100 NO. OF ITERATIONS IN ROUTING ROUTINE= 4

HYDROGRAPHS AND POLLUTOTOGRAPHS PROVIDED TO SUBSEQUENT PROGRAMS FOR THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS

1

INITIAL PFD OF SOLIDS (LBS) IN SEWER DUE TO
10.0 DAYS OF DRY WEATHER PRIOR TO STORM

ELEMENT NUMBER	SOLIDS IN BOTTOM (LBS)
107	.00000
106	.00000
109	.00000
117	.00000
117	.00000
115	.00000
119	.00000
118	.00000
115	.00000
114	.00000
112	.00000
111	.00000
110	.00000
123	.00000
122	.00000
130	.00000
129	.00000
133	.00000
132	.00000
131	.00000
128	.00000
127	.00000
126	.00000
125	.00000
124	.00000
121	.00000
120	.00000
108	.00000
105	.00000
104	.00000
103	.00000
102	.00000
101	.00000

ELEMENT FLOWS, AREAS, AND CONCENTRATIONS ARE INITIALIZED TO DRY WEATHER FLOW AND INFILTRATION VALUES.

ELE. NO.	TYPE	FLOW (CFS)	AREA (SQ. FT.)	INIT. VEL. (FPS)	SDS (LPS/CF)	S.S. (LBS/CF)	ECOLI. (MPN/ML)	CROLL NO.4
5	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
107	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
7	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
106	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
10	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
109	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
14	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
113	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0010	.0000	.0	
18	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
117	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
17	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
116	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
20	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
119	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
19	15	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
118	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
16	15	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
115	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
15	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
114	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
13	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
112	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
12	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
111	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
11	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
110	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
24	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
123	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
23	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
122	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
31	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
130	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
30	15	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
129	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
34	15	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
133	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
33	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
132	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
32	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
131	1	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
29	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
128	2	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
28	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
127	2	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
27	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
126	2	.000	.000	.0010	.0010	.0000	.0	
26	15	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
125	2	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
25	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
124	2	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
22	16	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	
121	2	.000	.000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0	

BED OF SOLIDS IN SEWER AT END OF STORM

ELEMENT
NUMBER

SOLIDS IN
BOTTOM
(LBS)

107	.00000
106	.00000
109	.00001
113	.00010
117	.00004
116	.00025
119	.00033
118	.00019
115	.00019
114	.00027
112	.00021
111	.00033
110	.00033
123	.00001
122	.00009
130	.00017
129	.00044
133	.00000
132	.00000
131	.00001
128	.00658
127	.01235
126	.01490
125	.01931
124	.00090
121	.01728
120	.00478
108	.00029
105	.00021
104	.01500
103	.01932
102	.00419
101	.04857

* * * * * RESULTS OF POLLUTANT MONITORING ROUTINE * * * * *

POLLUTANTS ASSOCIATED WITH MANHOLES (INLET POINTS) RANKED IN ORDER OF SIGNIFICANCE OF SUSPENDED SOLIDS.

RANK	INLET	SUSPENDED SOLIDS (LR)				5 - DAY BOD (LR)				TOTAL INFLOW (CF)
		RUNOFF	D.W.F.	P.SCOUR	TOTAL SS	RUNOFF	D.W.F.	TOTAL BOD		
1	18	.16E+03	.0	.00	.16E+03	13.34	.0	.13E+02	.43E+02	
2	19	.14E+03	.0	-.00	.14E+03	12.37	.0	.12E+02	.49E+02	
3	33	.14E+03	.0	-.00	.14E+03	14.11	.0	.14E+02	.45E+02	
4	15	.11E+03	.0	-.00	.11E+03	8.71	.0	.87E+01	.31E+02	
5	10	.11E+03	.0	-.00	.11E+03	8.29	.0	.83E+01	.31E+02	
6	16	.11E+03	.0	-.00	.11E+03	9.23	.0	.92E+01	.36E+02	
7	9	.99E+02	.0	-.01	.99E+02	8.03	.0	.80E+01	.32E+02	
8	4	.79E+02	.0	-.02	.79E+02	5.96	.0	.70E+01	.37E+02	
9	22	.77E+02	.0	-.00	.77E+02	6.01	.0	.60E+01	.22E+02	
10	8	.75E+02	.0	-.00	.75E+02	5.67	.0	.57E+01	.20E+02	
11	28	.74E+02	.0	-.01	.74E+02	5.97	.0	.60E+01	.32E+02	
12	3	.70E+02	.0	-.02	.70E+02	7.79	.0	.78E+01	.31E+02	
13	29	.62E+02	.0	-.00	.62E+02	5.61	.0	.56E+01	.30E+02	
14	24	.61E+02	.0	-.03	.61E+02	4.54	.0	.45E+01	.23E+02	
15	25	.60E+02	.0	-.02	.60E+02	4.66	.0	.47E+01	.18E+02	
16	14	.54E+02	.0	-.00	.54E+02	4.43	.0	.44E+01	.16E+02	
17	6	.50E+02	.0	-.00	.50E+02	4.09	.0	.41E+01	.18E+02	
18	21	.49E+02	.0	-.02	.49E+02	4.27	.0	.47E+01	.16E+02	
19	7	.46E+02	.0	-.00	.46E+02	3.57	.0	.37E+01	.16E+02	
20	31	.44E+02	.0	-.00	.44E+02	3.86	.0	.39E+01	.20E+02	
21	27	.42E+02	.0	-.01	.42E+02	3.55	.0	.35E+01	.19E+02	
22	26	.40E+02	.0	-.01	.40E+02	3.63	.0	.36E+01	.18E+02	
23	34	.36E+02	.0	-.00	.36E+02	2.80	.0	.28E+01	.18E+02	
24	20	.34E+02	.0	-.00	.34E+02	3.28	.0	.33E+01	.14E+02	
25	12	.29E+02	.0	-.00	.29E+02	2.52	.0	.25E+01	.93E+01	
26	32	.0	.0	-.00	-.16E-06	.00	.0	.0	.0	
27	23	.0	.0	-.00	-.67E-05	.00	.0	.0	.0	
28	17	.0	.0	-.00	-.45E-04	.00	.0	.0	.0	
29	30	.0	.0	-.00	-.17E-03	.00	.0	.0	.0	
30	5	.0	.0	-.00	-.21E-03	.00	.0	.0	.0	
31	11	.0	.0	-.00	-.33E-03	.00	.0	.0	.0	
32	13	.0	.0	-.00	-.37E-03	.00	.0	.0	.0	
33	2	.0	.0	-.00	-.42E-02	.00	.0	.0	.0	
34	1	.0	.0	-.05	-.49E-01	.00	.0	.0	.0	

ALLENTOWN, PENNSYLVANIA - COLLEGE HEIGHTS BLVD. DRAINAGE AREA

TOTAL SIMULATION TIME = 62000.0 SECONDS. TIME STEP = 600.0 SECONDS.

INFLOW POLLUTOGRAPHS AND HYDROGRAPHS AT THE FOLLOWING EXTERNAL ELEMENT NUMBERS

3 34	4 33	7 6	8 12	9 22	10	15	18	16	14	20	19	24	21	25	26	27	28	29	71
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EXTERNAL ELEMENT NUMBER	TIME STEP	SELECTED INLET HYDROGRAPHS - CFS									
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
3	.010	.005	.032	.066	.079	.097	.155	.217	.178	.133	
	.129	.123	.126	.162	.265	.347	.350	.365	.371	.480	
	.750	.914	.918	.928	.932	.966	1.045	1.085	1.085	1.086	
	1.087	.904	.518	.289	.259	.262	.253	.228	.155	.117	
	.104	.101	.298	.170	.337	.430	.449	.456	.454	.445	
	.416	.346	.265	.237	.395	.352	.374	.288	.623	.621	
	.566	.541	.852	.961	.538	.182	.185	.283	.304	.237	
	.166	.191	.246	.284	.383	.385	.261	.203	.171	.103	
	.048	.025	.017	.012	.049	.057	.065	.004	.004	.003	
	.003	.002	.002	.002	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	
4	.003	.004	.030	.070	.093	.116	.102	.258	.222	.156	
	.153	.150	.148	.116	.303	.437	.432	.435	.438	.558	
	.873	1.035	1.094	1.094	1.098	1.135	1.227	1.279	1.279	1.278	
	1.279	1.073	.624	.337	.301	.299	.293	.257	.198	.140	
	.120	.115	.112	.168	.347	.507	.540	.563	.548	.528	
	.481	.409	.315	.275	.344	.422	.399	.344	.485	.723	
	.555	.639	.984	1.143	.658	.224	.139	.311	.353	.286	
	.200	.217	.281	.332	.446	.460	.322	.240	.203	.125	
	.060	.033	.019	.012	.009	.007	.005	.004	.003	.003	
	.002	.002	.002	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	.001	
10	.000	.003	.007	.025	.049	.072	.114	.169	.132	.157	
	.138	.129	.125	.140	.234	.249	.346	.355	.361	.425	
	.627	.875	.903	.907	.911	.932	.995	1.049	1.052	1.061	
	1.052	.944	.642	.376	.279	.257	.248	.232	.192	.146	
	.117	.104	.098	.119	.214	.348	.424	.445	.452	.444	
	.415	.355	.297	.250	.259	.322	.333	.353	.359	.521	
	.571	.543	.720	.992	.679	.323	.204	.235	.275	.256	
	.201	.183	.212	.252	.327	.359	.310	.275	.190	.138	
	.087	.054	.035	.025	.018	.014	.011	.008	.007	.006	
	.005	.004	.003	.003	.003	.002	.002	.002	.012	.011	
19	.000	.001	.018	.061	.107	.143	.219	.313	.312	.247	
	.212	.201	.198	.232	.361	.514	.579	.585	.598	.718	
	1.094	1.429	1.451	1.465	1.472	1.513	1.628	1.712	1.718	1.714	
	1.716	1.447	.936	.504	.401	.396	.393	.367	.292	.211	
	.170	.156	.151	.199	.395	.633	.727	.732	.735	.715	
	.658	.569	.450	.378	.438	.542	.547	.479	.403	.378	

	.947	.867	1.229	1.522	1.022	.305	.265	.374	.452	.409
	.300	.283	.351	.427	.563	.620	.480	.746	.230	.105
	.110	.061	.038	.025	.018	.013	.010	.008	.006	.005
	.004	.004	.003	.003	.002	.002	.002	.002	.001	.001
33	.000	.001	.015	.051	.038	.121	.102	.277	.277	.224
	.196	.186	.182	.212	.323	.456	.516	.529	.534	.645
	.930	1.278	1.339	1.335	1.341	1.378	1.480	1.555	1.554	1.562
	1.553	1.350	.873	.490	.384	.369	.301	.333	.263	.193
	.161	.147	.140	.182	.352	.558	.647	.561	.669	.651
	.502	.523	.417	.352	.402	.490	.494	.478	.548	.814
	.850	.791	1.111	1.366	.937	.390	.255	.349	.415	.371
	.277	.264	.320	.385	.505	.556	.438	.324	.253	.185
	.108	.062	.040	.028	.020	.015	.012	.009	.007	.006
	.005	.004	.004	.003	.003	.002	.002	.002	.002	.001

.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
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SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN LBS/MIN

33	.000	.003	.000	.002	.006	.010	.026	.050	.052	.036
	.027	.023	.020	.024	.057	.108	.137	.141	.140	.197
	.447	.718	.772	.728	.679	.649	.694	.750	.760	.755
	.752	.600	.306	.118	.065	.047	.039	.031	.021	.013
	.008	.006	.005	.008	.033	.078	.106	.113	.117	.113
	.098	.075	.050	.035	.041	.057	.060	.048	.030	.174
	.198	.176	.355	.521	.333	.103	.050	.048	.050	.039
	.024	.019	.024	.033	.060	.074	.052	.031	.020	.012
	.006	.004	.002	.001	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000
	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

*** COLIFORM IN MPN/MIN ***

33	.0	.0	2.03E+06	6.26E+07	1.74E+08	2.89E+08	5.03E+08	7.57E+08	7.81E+08	6.43E+08
	5.50E+08	5.29E+08	5.13E+08	5.88E+08	8.77E+08	1.23E+09	1.38E+09	1.40E+09	1.39E+09	1.63E+09
	2.38E+09	3.02E+09	3.06E+09	2.92E+09	2.80E+09	2.74E+09	2.80E+09	2.50E+09	2.68E+09	2.54E+09
	2.41E+09	2.01E+09	1.27E+09	6.99E+08	5.31E+08	4.98E+08	4.80E+08	4.42E+08	3.54E+08	2.60E+08
	2.09E+08	1.88E+08	1.78E+08	2.27E+08	4.26E+08	6.71E+08	7.74E+08	7.79E+08	7.71E+08	7.37E+08
	6.69E+08	5.72E+08	4.51E+08	3.76E+08	4.17E+08	4.99E+08	4.99E+08	4.39E+08	5.31E+08	7.67E+08
	7.93E+08	7.21E+08	9.64E+08	1.15E+09	7.83E+08	3.28E+08	2.15E+08	2.72E+08	3.19E+08	2.85E+08
	2.13E+08	1.98E+08	2.36E+08	2.80E+08	3.61E+08	3.94E+08	3.10E+08	2.27E+08	1.83E+08	1.28E+08
	7.55E+07	4.42E+07	2.84E+07	1.79E+07	1.18E+07	8.87E+06	3.43E+06	.0	.0	.0
	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0

.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000
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SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN LBS/MIN

25	.000	.000	.000	.003	.006	.018	.050	.102	.155	.163
	.139	.102	.082	.080	.121	.236	.393	.491	.592	.578
	1.052	2.007	2.777	2.82E	2.606	2.459	2.431	2.667	2.808	2.816
	2.795	2.502	1.699	.838	.373	.201	.149	.127	.099	.068
	.045	.031	.023	.023	.053	.149	.293	.385	.405	.404
	.377	.316	.237	.165	.134	.156	.193	.195	.219	.390
	.619	.692	.921	1.506	1.609	.908	.347	.170	.157	.164
	.129	.084	.074	.090	.144	.212	.223	.170	.106	.064
	.040	.026	.015	.009	.005	.003	.002	.002	.001	.001
	.001	.001	.001	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

*** COLIFORM IN MPN/MIN ***

25	.0	.0	1.33E+07	5.19E+07	1.22E+08	3.15E+08	6.56E+08	1.07E+09	1.49E+09	1.64E+09
	1.46E+09	1.22E+09	1.13E+09	1.19E+09	1.44E+09	2.05E+09	2.80E+09	3.17E+09	3.14E+09	3.32E+09
	4.34E+09	6.10E+09	7.24E+09	7.37E+09	5.72E+09	6.64E+09	6.72E+09	6.87E+09	6.84E+09	6.55E+09
	6.29E+09	5.71E+09	4.32E+09	2.66E+09	1.65E+09	1.30E+09	1.26E+09	1.25E+09	1.12E+09	8.05E+08
	5.93E+08	5.61E+08	4.93E+08	5.07E+08	7.23E+08	1.27E+09	1.92E+09	2.18E+09	2.12E+09	2.07E+09
	1.97E+09	1.75E+09	1.48E+09	1.20E+09	1.08E+09	1.21E+09	1.40E+09	1.39E+09	1.36E+09	1.73E+09
	2.25E+09	2.30E+09	2.41E+09	3.37E+09	3.04E+09	1.82E+09	8.61E+08	5.30E+08	7.58E+08	9.47E+08
	8.53E+08	6.44E+08	6.20E+08	7.34E+08	9.49E+08	1.16E+09	1.14E+09	9.16E+08	6.69E+08	5.02E+08
	3.79E+08	2.62E+09	1.59E+08	9.62E+07	6.05E+07	4.40E+07	3.34E+07	2.55E+07	1.95E+07	1.50E+07
	1.15E+07	8.82E+05	6.77E+06	5.20E+06	4.00E+06	3.16E+06	2.28E+06	1.99E+06	1.44E+06	1.26E+06

5.73E+04	5.33E+04	5.30E+04	5.21E+04	5.03E+04	4.88E+04	4.82E+04	4.84E+04	4.82E+04	4.81E+04
4.78E+04	4.37E+04	4.31E+04	4.17E+04	4.05E+04	3.98E+04	3.91E+04	3.89E+04	3.91E+04	3.81E+04
4.25E+04	4.20E+04	4.15E+04	4.09E+04	3.98E+04	3.91E+04	3.89E+04	3.81E+04	3.87E+04	3.87E+04
3.57E+04	3.57E+04	3.15E+04	3.39E+04	3.44E+04	3.48E+04	3.32E+04	3.11E+04	3.05E+04	3.12E+04
3.20E+04	3.14E+04	3.01E+04	2.96E+04	2.94E+04	2.97E+04	2.97E+04	2.98E+04	2.93E+04	2.93E+04
2.94E+04	2.94E+04	2.89E+04	2.93E+04	2.76E+04	2.75E+04	2.53E+04	2.41E+04	2.26E+04	2.14E+04
1.91E+04	1.72E+04	1.64E+04	1.58E+04	1.52E+04	1.46E+04	1.35E+04	1.32E+04	1.22E+04	1.13E+04

*** 300 IN MG/L ***

16	.000	.000	39.340	45.558	46.514	42.470	33.464	26.027	21.212	16.897
	12.415	10.871	9.561	7.402	7.034	7.459	7.725	7.535	7.250	7.477
	9.135	13.921	11.497	10.895	10.155	9.530	9.262	9.411	9.445	9.301
	9.154	8.685	7.510	5.591	4.104	3.565	3.430	3.294	3.159	2.940
	2.688	2.557	2.522	2.554	3.048	3.765	4.242	4.357	4.334	4.299
	4.151	3.874	3.539	3.157	3.032	3.238	3.419	3.724	3.477	4.337
	4.897	4.804	7.541	6.688	6.834	5.614	3.394	2.664	2.825	2.766
	2.566	2.275	2.252	2.447	2.139	3.127	3.126	2.713	2.291	2.104
	1.933	1.774	1.672	1.679	1.671	1.637	1.358	1.101	.678	.171
	.007	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000	.000

*** SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN MG/L ***

16	.000	.000	9.911	16.680	20.837	23.708	32.513	45.202	51.517	68.025
	37.115	30.286	27.389	27.712	40.865	58.899	71.369	74.150	71.769	78.097
	113.410	153.304	152.734	154.455	141.645	131.215	125.357	132.859	135.615	134.831
	133.810	125.973	123.651	67.029	38.295	27.668	24.632	22.194	19.714	15.837
	11.728	9.388	8.269	9.441	20.805	33.996	43.423	46.914	67.559	67.034
	44.333	39.653	32.315	26.229	24.419	26.722	32.199	30.928	35.095	52.459
	53.742	62.885	79.965	122.161	105.342	73.592	79.556	26.351	27.257	26.016
	22.333	17.347	17.206	20.834	28.652	34.932	34.667	27.425	19.445	15.454
	12.977	10.779	9.551	9.521	8.826	8.279	7.456	6.875	4.799	2.205
	1.577	1.295	1.109	.972	.858	.787	.723	.672	.629	.595

*** COLIFORM IN MPN/100ML ***

16	.0	.0	5.74E+04	8.63E+04	9.59E+04	9.93E+04	9.91E+04	9.93E+04	1.01E+05	1.01E+05
	3.75E+04	9.71E+04	9.75E+04	3.33E+04	9.49E+04	9.51E+04	9.53E+04	9.37E+04	9.17E+04	9.03E+04
	8.80E+04	3.57E+04	5.44E+04	3.39E+04	7.84E+04	7.57E+04	7.29E+04	7.04E+04	6.77E+04	6.50E+04
	6.28E+04	5.15E+04	5.32E+04	5.71E+04	5.68E+04	5.54E+04	5.58E+04	5.52E+04	5.51E+04	5.15E+04
	7.33E+04	5.32E+04	5.35E+04	5.27E+04	5.18E+04	5.23E+04	5.24E+04	5.09E+04	5.01E+04	4.93E+04
	4.86E+04	4.79E+04	4.74E+04	4.65E+04	4.58E+04	4.57E+04	4.55E+04	4.49E+04	4.36E+04	4.31E+04
	4.30E+04	4.19E+04	4.00E+04	3.97E+04	3.94E+04	3.78E+04	3.62E+04	3.58E+04	3.58E+04	3.48E+04
	3.54E+04	3.54E+04	3.49E+04	3.52E+04	3.47E+04	3.46E+04	3.44E+04	3.37E+04	3.31E+04	3.34E+04
	3.32E+04	3.14E+04	3.31E+04	3.04E+04	3.05E+04	2.95E+04	2.51E+04	1.98E+04	1.22E+04	2.77E+03
	1.38E+02	7.10E+00	7.77E-01	2.05E-02	1.14E-03	6.50E-05	2.88E-06	1.13E-06	.0	1.48E-08

*** 300 IN MG/L ***

25	.000	.000	45.398	43.138	34.149	32.178	30.102	24.708	19.671	15.576
	12.239	9.633	7.954	6.859	6.121	5.936	6.360	6.193	6.175	6.219
	7.092	8.321	9.176	9.245	8.710	9.159	7.843	7.773	7.917	7.761
	7.531	7.745	6.757	5.897	4.525	3.686	3.229	3.039	2.893	2.7F2
	2.656	2.515	2.390	2.316	2.458	2.425	3.139	3.478	3.537	3.579
	3.510	3.359	3.149	2.927	2.727	2.688	2.741	2.784	2.994	3.314
	3.721	3.977	4.335	5.049	5.657	5.317	4.356	3.149	2.649	2.680
	2.374	2.190	2.042	2.071	2.212	2.416	2.511	2.469	2.299	2.039
	1.932	1.921	1.924	1.872	1.776	1.751	1.725	1.680	1.614	1.527

1.421 1.303 1.180 1.069 .945 .916 .737 .646 .562 .492

*** SUSPENDED SOLIDS IN MG/L ***

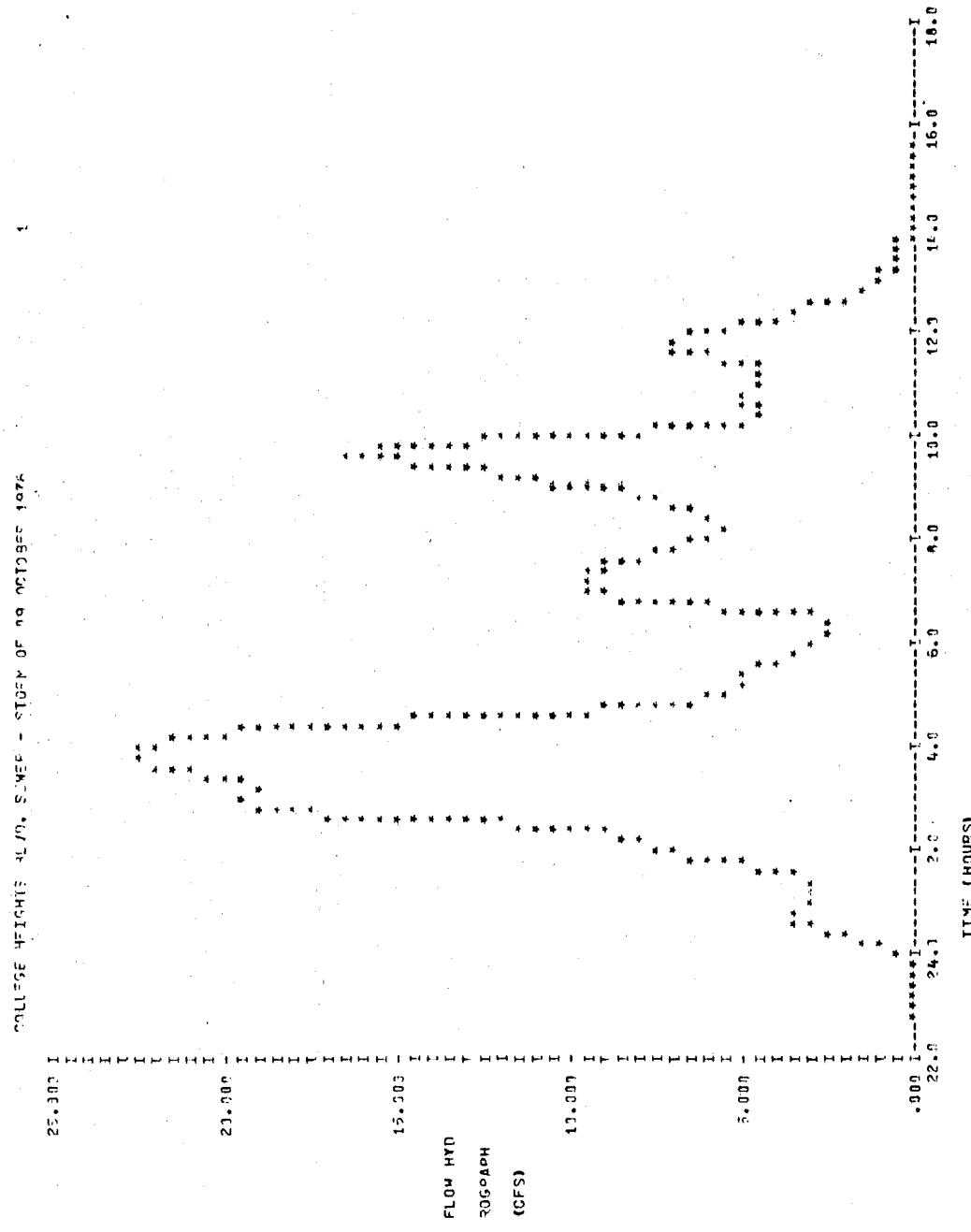
25	.000	.000	12.447	17.096	14.183	14.438	20.870	29.396	34.928	37.187
	36.035	51.742	27.449	25.522	30.323	40.357	49.414	55.301	55.998	60.517
	80.862	107.174	124.399	127.097	118.546	100.450	105.256	105.865	108.718	109.177
	108.736	103.843	32.392	73.577	51.262	33.915	25.443	21.811	18.998	16.241
	13.948	11.714	3.873	9.211	14.206	22.392	29.408	34.398	36.870	37.119
	35.010	33.429	29.530	25.112	22.071	22.302	23.739	24.351	27.242	36.8E5
	44.939	49.103	50.540	74.035	91.345	77.815	60.234	39.328	28.423	24.611
	21.727	18.185	15.216	16.476	20.302	24.440	26.121	24.953	21.056	16.697
	14.213	13.344	12.897	12.091	10.460	9.338	8.602	8.125	7.917	7.630
	7.530	7.492	7.498	7.539	7.599	7.727	7.715	7.751	7.772	7.848

*** COLIFORM IN MPN/100ML ***

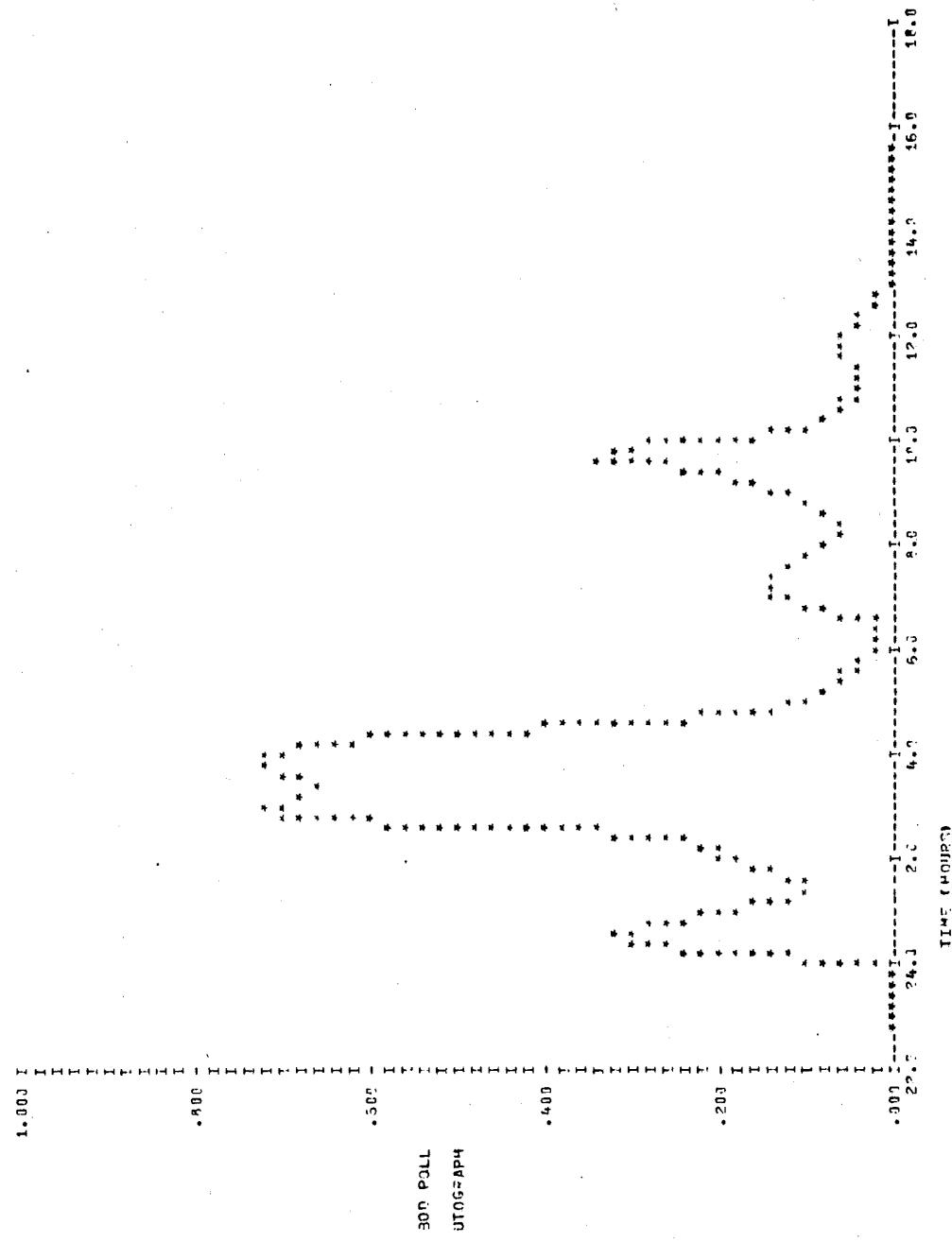
25	.0	.0	7.30E+04	7.69E+04	8.02E+04	8.42E+04	8.03E+04	8.73E+04	7.35E+04	7.97E+04
	8.33E+04	9.35E+04	8.34E+04	8.26E+04	7.92E+04	7.68E+04	7.72E+04	7.83E+04	7.81E+04	7.42E+04
	7.32E+04	7.14E+04	7.11E+04	6.97E+04	6.71E+04	6.49E+04	6.23E+04	5.99E+04	5.79E+04	5.57E+04
	5.35E+04	5.20E+04	5.15E+04	5.12E+04	4.98E+04	4.81E+04	4.73E+04	4.72E+04	4.69E+04	4.68E+04
	4.71E+04	4.65E+04	4.59E+04	4.49E+04	4.29E+04	4.18E+04	4.23E+04	4.28E+04	4.23E+04	4.18E+04
	4.14E+04	4.09E+04	4.04E+04	4.02E+04	3.92E+04	3.81E+04	3.79E+04	3.81E+04	3.72E+04	3.58E+04
	3.58E+04	3.59E+04	3.41E+04	3.31E+04	3.37E+04	3.42E+04	3.28E+04	3.11E+04	3.06E+04	3.12E+04
	3.16E+04	3.07E+04	2.99E+04	2.95E+04	2.93E+04	2.92E+04	2.93E+04	2.95E+04	2.91E+04	2.88E+04
	2.02E+04	2.99E+04	2.39E+04	2.04E+04	2.77E+04	2.73E+04	2.69E+04	2.63E+04	2.54E+04	2.51E+04
	2.25E+04	2.07E+04	1.98E+04	1.69E+04	1.51E+04	1.35E+04	1.19E+04	1.04E+04	9.07E+03	7.97E+03

TOTAL POUNDS OF SUSPENDED SOLIDS OUTPUT FROM ELEMENT 25 = 492.77

TOTAL POUNDS OF FTU-DAY 90D OUTPUT FROM ELEMENT 25 = 44.08



SATELLITE HEIGHTS, TLM, SWIFT - STORM OF 19 OCTOBER 1975



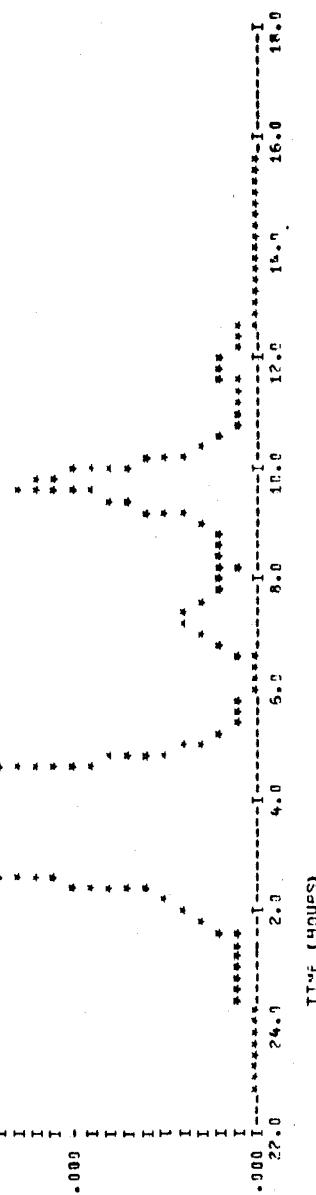
COLLECTIVE HEIGHTS - STATION - STOKE OCTOBER 1976

26.30"

15.00"

12.00"

SS POLLU
TOGRAPH



COLIFORM BACTERIA COUNT - STOCK OF 19 OCTOBER 1976

