

Spot and Runway Departure Advisor (SARDA) Technical Overview

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- Research Background
- Technical Approach
- Concept
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Topography of Airport and Surface Managemer



Consequences:

- Excessive taxi time and taxi delay
- Excessive fuel consumption and emissions
- Missed opportunities in merging departures into overhead stream
- Increased block time due to poor predictability

Today's Airport Surface Operations:

Demand-Capacity imbalance

4/28

- Huge uncertainties in surface events
- Lack of common situational awareness and coordination

Intelligent Scheduling is the Key to Efficient Surface Management

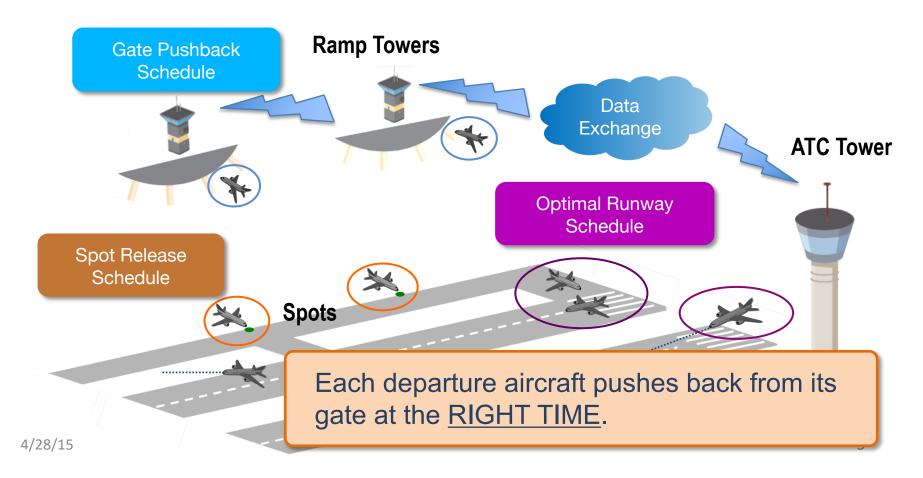
SARDA is NASA's approach for solving this problem.

- Optimizes at a system level by minimizing overall delay
- Plans for aircraft movement at various flow control points (gates, spots, and runways)
- Accounts for departures and arrivals
- Incorporates constraints at individual aircraft level
- Provides connectivity with airport tower, airlines, and en route facility
- Adaptable to other airports with different configurations and operating procedures

SARDA Concept



- Builds an optimal runway schedule
- Generates spot release sequence and timing
- Determines when to push back from gates



Anticipated Benefits



Increased Efficiency

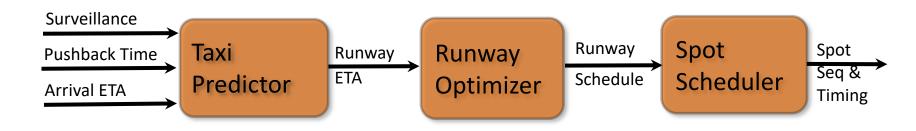
- Reduced taxi time and taxi delay
- Reduced runway queue length
- Reduced fuel burn

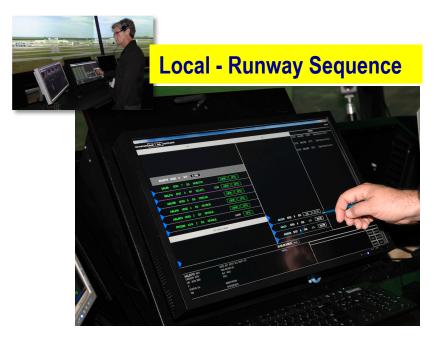
Improved Predictability

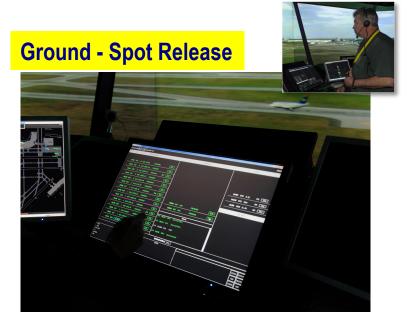
- Reduced variation in efficiency metrics
- Accurate OFF time prediction
- Maintain Throughput
 - Number of runway operations

SARDA as ATC Tower Tool

SARDA takes inputs from multiple sources and computes advisories for runway usage and spot release







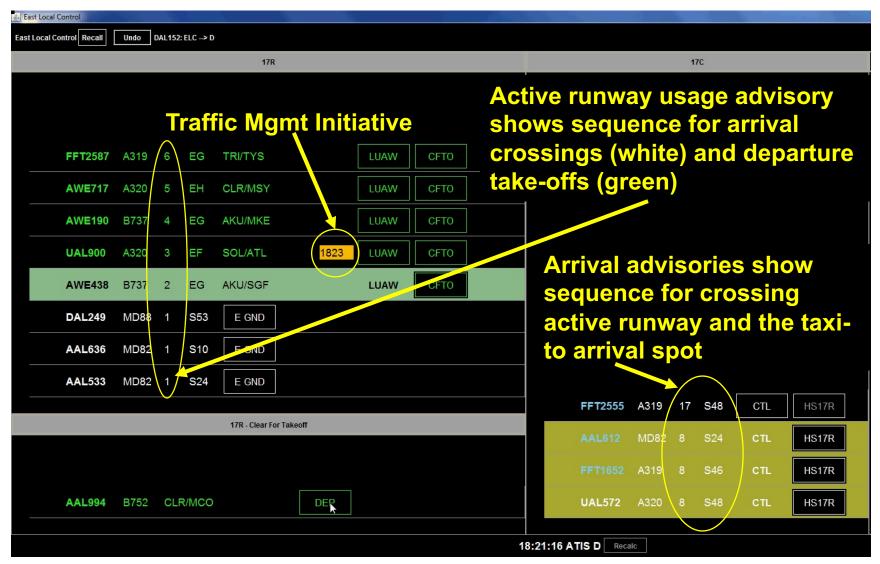
SARDA Ground Controller Advisories



1:21:54 und Control				
East Ground Control Recall FFT1873 E Local Undo FFT1873: TX-D		18:21:53		
East Ramps - Departure	Taxi - Departure	Arrival		
FFT1384 A319 15 11:15 S47/KEF 17R/SOL/ATL 1843 TX-D				
AAL1502 MD83 14 10:15 S7/JYEH 17R/CLR/MSY TX-D		Arrivals going		
AWE558 A320 13 08:01 S42/ELEH 17R/CLR/BTR TX-D	Handoff sequence to			
UAL121 A320 12 06:38 S45/KEF 17R/SOL/ATL 1838 TX-D	Local controller at	to ramp		
AAL2282 MD83 11 06:12 S15/K6EG 17R/AKU/XNA TX-D		DAL249 MD88 M7.B S53 TX-A		
DAL415 B737 10 06:06 S47/K.EG 17R/GRA/BLE TX-D	departure queue	AAL636 MD82 M4K5 S10 TX-A		
AAL575 B752 9 05:29 S7/JYEH 17R/ARD/MSY TX-D	FFT1873 A319 K.EG 17R/NOB/EWR E.Loc	AAL533 MD82 M3EK S24 TX-A		
DAL974 B737 8 04:52 S42/ELEG 17R/AKU/MSN TX-D	FFT2137 A319 KEG 17R/TR/SJT E Loc	Taxi - Arrival		
AAL1286 MD83 7 04:41 S9/K.EG 17R/AKU/PIA TX-D	AAL332 MD82 K.EG 17R/TRI/BWI E.Loc			
FFT2078 A319 6 04:39 S47/KEH 17R/CLR/BTR TX-D	UAL891 B772 K.EG 17R/AKU/MSN E.Loc			
FFT1264 A319 5 03:50 S45/KEH 17R/ARD/MSY TX-D	Drop List			
AWE439 A320 4 03:26 S33/KEF 17R/SOL/ATL 1833 TX-D				
AWE954 A320 3 02:20 S31/KEH 17R/CLR/MCO TX-D				
AAL943 MD82 2 81.39 S254EK EH 17R/CLR/BTR TX-D				
AAL1374 MD81 00:58 S7/JYEF 17R/SOL/ATL 1828	Traffic Mgmt Initiative	AAL56 B763 S10 RAMP		
Spot rologo odvicery chowe	18:21:53 ATIS D Recalc			
Spot release advisory shows s	SARDA: 2 00:55 1821@SPOT 0803@RWY			
release sequence & time, taxi		ENTER DETECT		
route, departure runway queue		ADD DELETE		
Toute, departure runway queue		CODED MAP		

SARDA Local Controller Advisories





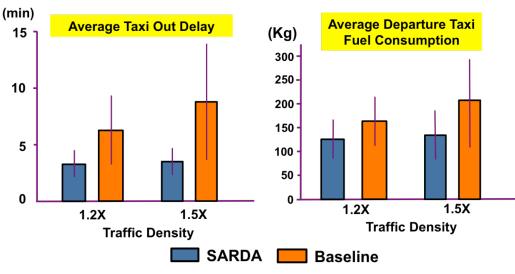
SARDA Benefits – DFW ATC Tower Tool



- Reductions in departure taxiing delay (45% - 60%) and variability
- Reductions in fuel consumption (23 - 33%) and variability
- Consistent and accurate prediction of takeoff time
- Decreased controllers workload, less sensitive to the traffic load



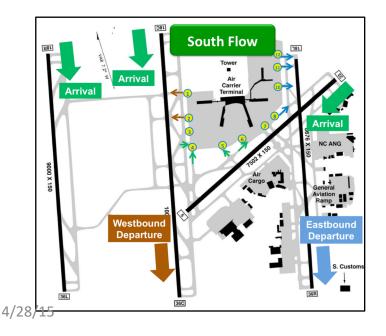
Human-in-theloop Simulation for Dallas-Ft. Worth Airport (2012)



Ramp Management Tool



- NASA-US Airways Collaboration (Space Act Agreement, 2013)
- Goal: Develop and test a prototype decision support tool for Charlotte International Airport (CLT) ramp operators
- Conduct a series of human-in-the-loop (HITL) simulations in 2014 & 2015
- Conduct field evaluations in 2016





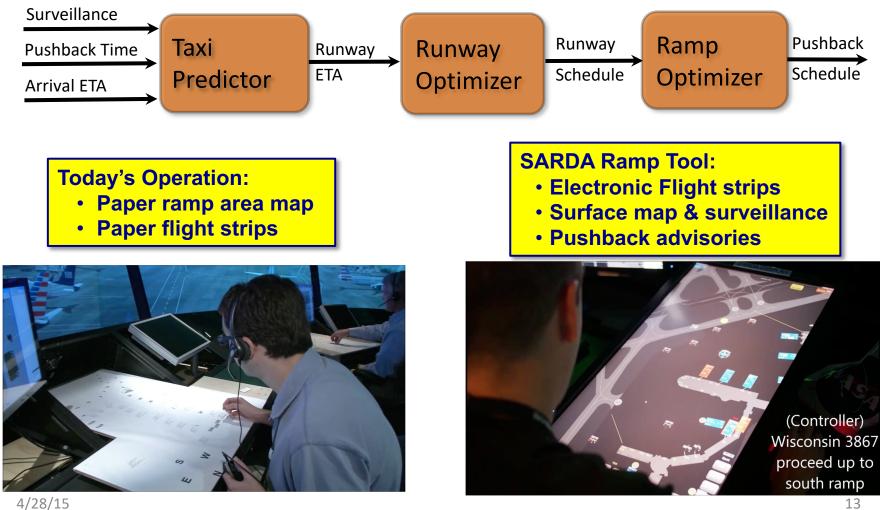


- Over 20% of time departure demand exceeds airport capacity
- Over 80% of passengers are connecting flight passengers
- Multiple banks of arrivals and departures with overlaps
- Over 35% of departures are destined to airports in north east
- Complexity in ramp area geometry (gates, taxiways)

SARDA as Ramp Tool



SARDA takes input from multiple sources and computes advisories for gate pushback



SARDA Ramp Controller Advisories

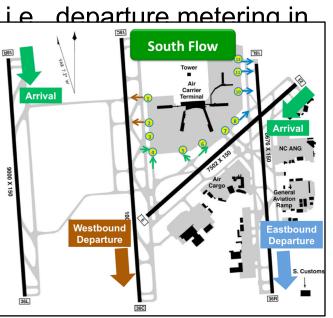


Ramp Traffic Console (RTC) displays SARDA advisories on ramp surface map



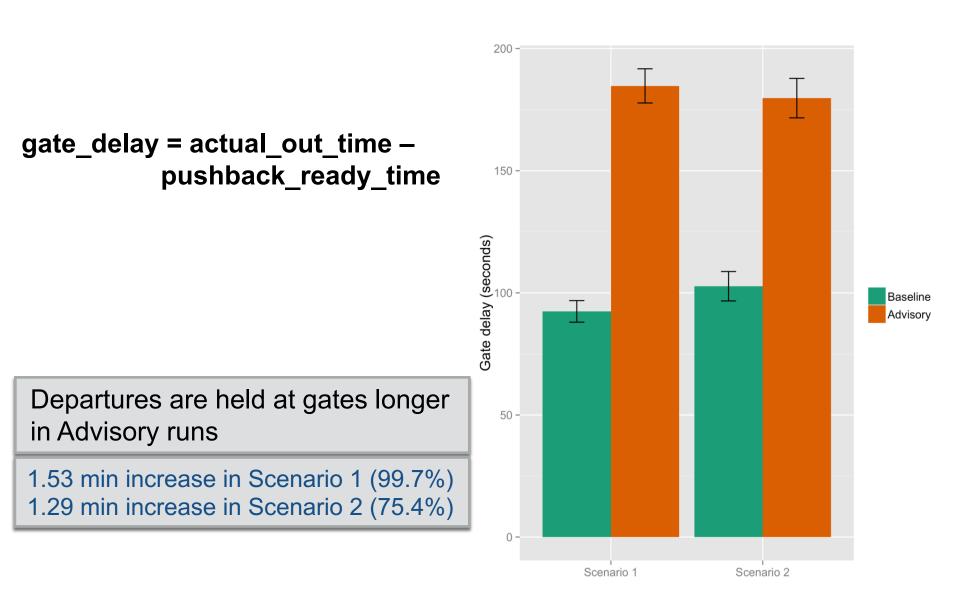
HITL Simulation Details (Oct 2014)

- Advisory runs Ramp controllers were asked to follow pushback advisory as much as possible
- Baseline runs Current day operations, i.e. departure metering in place (queue size < 15)
- 2 scenarios created based on actual tra compressed in time
 - Departure push with the first part of the
 - Each scenario is about 1 hour long
- Clear weather VFR
- TMIs (MIT @ MERIL 20 nm, EDCT) in e
- Four-sector configuration for ramp area
- South-flow configuration (Departing: 18L, 18C; arriving: 23, 18R) with the Arrival-Departure Window (ADW) rule enforced





Gate Hold

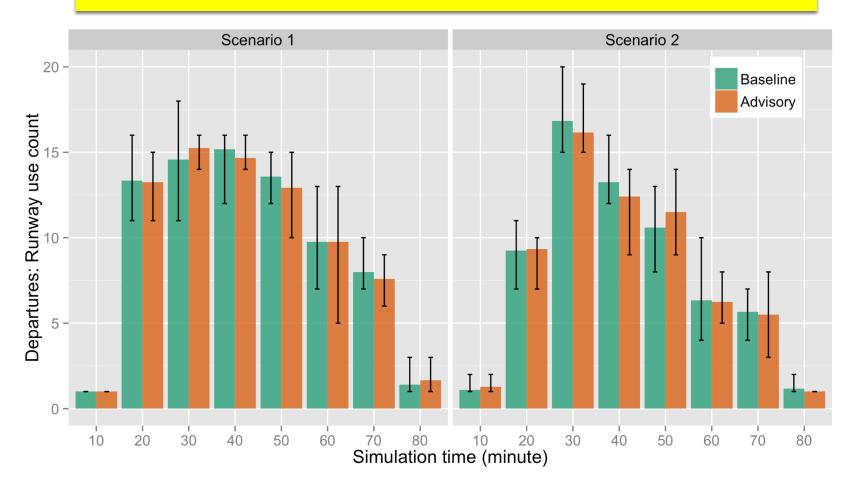


NASA

Runway Usage

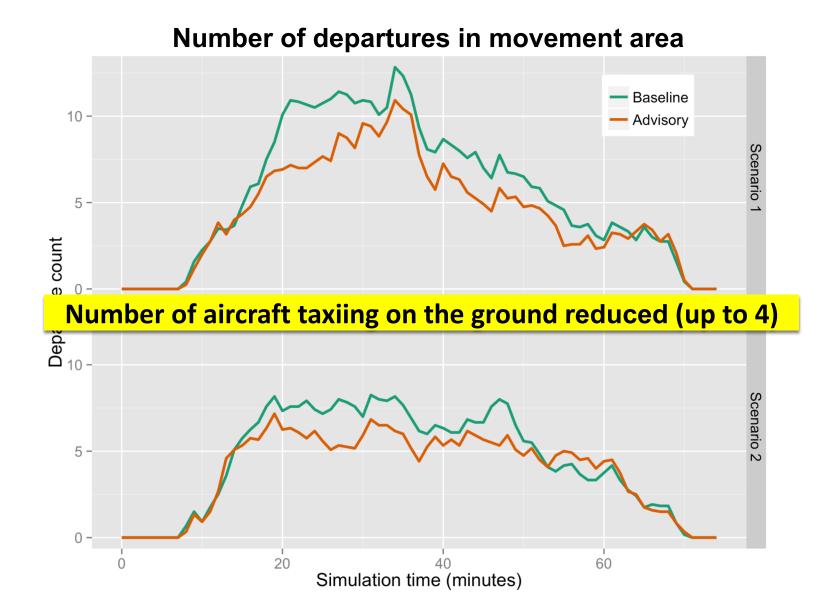


No observable reduction in runway usage with advisory



Surface Congestion





Taxi Times



taxi-out_time = actual_off_time - actual_out_time

taxi-in_time = actual_in_time - actual_on_time



Arrival Departure 600 -400 -Scenario 200 -Taxi time (seconds) 400 -Scenario 2 200 -0 Baseline Advisory Baseline Advisory

Departures

1.1 min reduction in Scenario 1 (10.5%)0.8 min reduction in Scenario 2 (8.3%)

Fuel & Emissions Calculation



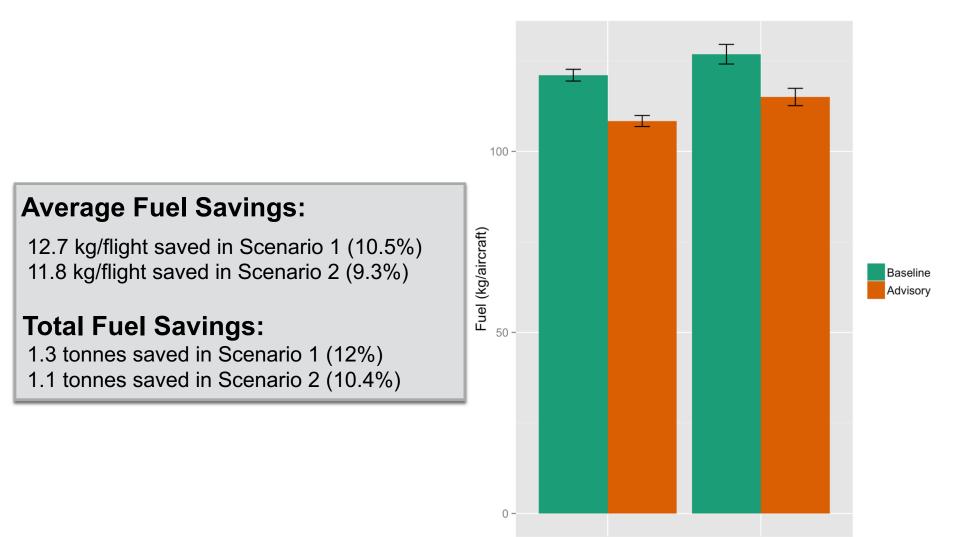
Assumptions:

- Engines are off if aircraft is held at the gate
- Engine thrust level: 7% during the entire taxi phase
- Both engines are running while taxiing

АС Туре	Assumed AC Model	Assumed Engine Type	EI HC (g/kg)	EI CO (g/kg)	El NOx (g/kg)	Fuel Flow (kg/sec)
Heavy	B772	Trent 892	1.59	29.62	8.88	0.57
B757	B752	RB211-535E4	0.56	19.40	7.33	0.34
Large	A319	CFM56-5A5	3.47	41.92	7.15	0.19

Fuel Savings



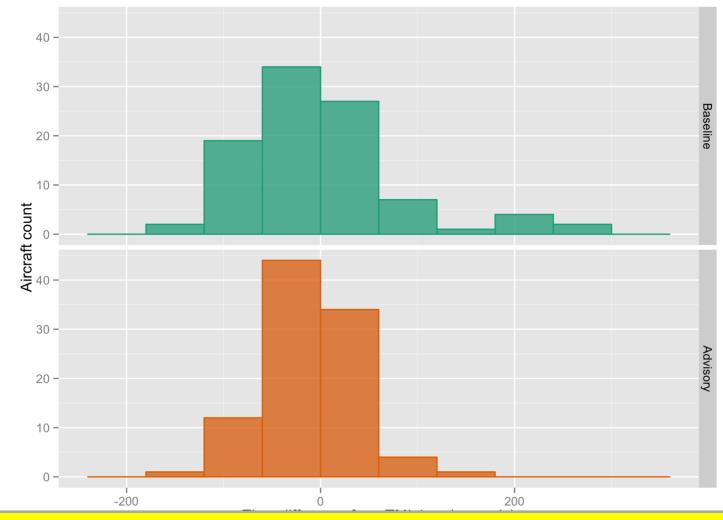


Scenario 1

Scenario 2

TMI Conformance





Advisory runs resulted in smaller variances in the TMI deviations than Baseline runs

Summary – Ramp Tool HITL Performance



- Aircraft were held at the gate longer with advisories.
- No significant differences in runway usage.
- Number of aircraft taxiing on the ground was reduced (up to 4).
- Taxi-out times were reduced (8-10%).
- Fuel savings for departures:
 - -1.3 tonnes in Scenario 1,
 - 1.1 tonnes in Scenario 2
- Better TMI conformance with advisories.



- SARDA provides an optimal schedule of departure aircraft for efficient surface operations.
- A prototype tower controller tool evaluated via HITL simulations showed promising results in taxi delay reduction and fuel saving for DFW.
- SARDA was applied to airline ramp operations to provide pushback advisories.
- HITL results of CLT ramp tower tool showed reduction in taxi time, queue size, and fuel savings.
- Currently, collaborating with American Airlines for field testing.





For more information go to: www.aiviationsystems.arc.nasa.gov



Backup Slides



SARDA Ramp Tool System Architecture

