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## A clinical records survey

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## A clinical records survey

#### **Abstract**

A clinical records survey

#### Degree Type

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Master of Science in Vision Science

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#### A CLINICAL RECORDS SURVEY

A THESIS PRESENTED

TO

THE COLLEGE OF OPTOMETRY

OF

PACIFIC UNIVERSITY

FOREST GROVE, OREGON

IN PARTIAL FULFILLMENT
OF THE
REQUIREMENTS FOR THE
DEGREE
DOCTOR OF OPTOMETRY

Prepared By

HEPWORTH, JUNE A. ROWE, LE ROY L. RUBEL, RONALD L.

1960

#### TABLE OF CONFENTS

|                                   | Page Number      |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| Acknowledgement                   | 1                |
|                                   |                  |
| Statement of Problem              | 1                |
| Procedure                         | 2 - 4            |
| Results - Original Examination    |                  |
| Table I (Sex)                     | 5                |
| Table II (Occupation)             | 5                |
| Table III (Avocation)             | 5<br>5<br>6<br>6 |
| Table IV (Therapy)                | 6                |
| Table V (Therapy-accepted)        | 6                |
| Table VI (Visual Training)        | 6 - 7            |
| Table VII (Sphere power)          | 7                |
| Table VIII (Astigmatism)          | 7 - 8            |
| Table IX (Anisometropia)          | 8                |
| Table X (Pathology observed)      | ŭ                |
|                                   | <b>6</b><br>8    |
| Table XI (Pathology-area)         | ō                |
| Table XII (Pathology-referred)    | 9                |
| Graph I (Age)                     | 10               |
| Graph II (Major complaint)        | 11               |
| Graph III (Greakdown of Graph II) | 12               |

#### TABLE OF CONTENTS

|                                 | Page Number |
|---------------------------------|-------------|
| Results - Progress Evaluation   |             |
| Table I (Complaints)            | 15          |
| Table II (Therapy)              | 13          |
| Table III (Therapy-accepted)    | 14          |
| Table IV (Visual Training)      | 14          |
| Table V (Sphere power)          | 15          |
| Table VI (Astigmatiom)          | 15          |
| Table VII (Anisometropia)       | 15 - 16     |
| Table VIII (Pathology observed) | 16          |
| Table IX (Pathology-area)       | 16          |
| Table X (Pathology-referred)    | 16 + 17     |
| Discussion                      | 18          |
| Conclusion                      | 19          |
| Appendix A                      | 20 - 23     |
| Appendix B                      | 24 - 25     |

#### STATEMENT OF PROBLEM

This paper is a survey of clinic records of outpatients receiving their first clinical examinations at Pacific University Optometric Clinic during the calendar year 1958.

#### PROCEDURE

The survey was designed to include only those patients who appeared in the clinic for the first time and to exclude all former patients and contact lens patients. A sample of 400 cases was selected out of a sample of 595 patient's records which were originally listed as new patients. The total number of new patients listed was 1787. Approximately every third patient listed was used to obtain the sample of 595 records. Later in this section the rejection of 195 cases is explained.

The clinic files show the number of outpatients for each clinician for each semester. Each clinician's patients are listed on a separate page for each semester that he was in the clinic. Therefore, two classes of clinicians may have had three listings of outpatients, if they attended the summer session. The sampling was taken from all the separate clinician listing of outpatients.

The study of the records was governed by the statements as follows:

- A. New patient -- those patients appearing at Pacific University
  Optometric Clinic for the first time.
- B. Progress evaluation -- a subsequent examination on the new outpatient providing the examination was conducted during the year 1958.
- C. Pathology -- those conditions of the patient observed and recorded by the clinician. Progress evaluation pathology refers to

those conditions not observed at the original examination.

- D. Case history -- those responses of the patient recorded by the clinician.
  - 1. Major visual complaint -- this is the patient's statement of his visual complaint as recorded by the clinician. In some cases there was a multiple complaint and so recorded.
- E. Therapy -- all patient therapy is listed as that recorded by the clinician on the final disposition form.

#### 1. First examination

- a. Those outpatients already wearing lenses and requiring no change of lenses as listed under "no change".
- b. Accepted Rx for fulltime and near only refers to single vision lenses.
- c. Number recommended and accepted for visual training applies only to office visual training. Home visual training is listed as a separate form of therapy where recommended as distinct from office visual training.
- d. The Rx is listed in minus cylinder form only.
- e. Anisometropia refers to a difference in sphere power in minus cylinder form.

#### 2. Progress evaluation

- a. No change in original therapy is listed as no change.
- b. Change in therapy from original is listed only as to what was given, not the amount of change.

- c. Items El (b) (c) (d) and (e) apply in progress evaluation therapy.
- F. Number of records screened.
  - 1. Total number of cases 595
  - 2. Cases rejected 195
    - a. Contact lenses 17
    - b. Cases incomplete 5
    - Failure to appear for completion of examination 2
    - d. No records found 56
    - e. Previous patients 115
  - 3. Number of cases used in the sampling 400
- G. Number of clinicians handling the outpatients during the period covered:
  - 1. Spring semester 1957-58
    - a. Fifth year II 19 including one graduate assistant
    - b. Fifth year I 24
    - c. Fourth year II 30
  - 2. Summer session 1953
    - a. 32 consisting of b & c above
  - 3. Fall semester 1958-59
    - a. Fifth year II 19 including one graduate assistant
    - b. Fifth year I 30
    - c. Fourth year II 21

#### RESULTS

#### TABLE I

Table I shows a breakdown of the patient's sex as to frequency of N and the percentage of N for each sex.

|        | Ľ   | % of N        |  |
|--------|-----|---------------|--|
| Male   | 181 | 45.2 <b>5</b> |  |
| Female | 219 | 54.7 <b>5</b> |  |

#### TABLE II

Table II shows a frequency of N and percentage of N of occupations listed or not listed on the case record form. If the occupation did not appear in the space allocated for the case history, it was recorded as not listed.

| Occupation | F    | 3 of N |
|------------|------|--------|
| Listed     | 187  | 46.75  |
| Not listed | 23.3 | 53.25  |

#### TABLE III

Table III shows the frequency of N and the parcentage of N as pertains to avocation listed or not listed.

| Avocation  | F   | % of N |
|------------|-----|--------|
| Listed     | 58  | 14.50  |
| Not Listed | 342 | 85.50  |

TABLE IV

Table IV shows a breakdown of the type of therapy recommended at the original study.

| Therapy          | <u>F</u> | % of H |
|------------------|----------|--------|
| Glasses only     | 255      | 63.8   |
| Visual Training  | 30       | 7.5    |
| YP and Glasses   | 39       | 9.25   |
| Referred-therapy |          |        |
| MD               | 6        | 1.5    |
| OD               | 3        | .75    |
| No therapy       | 25       | 6.25   |
| No change        | 37       | 9,25   |

TABLE V

Table V shows a breakdown of the therapy given and accepted as to frequency of N and percentage of N.

| Therapy accepted | 1   | % of N | % of Total # of Br |
|------------------|-----|--------|--------------------|
| Single vision    |     |        |                    |
| Full time        | 82  | 20.5   | 27.85              |
| Near only        | 40  | 10.0   | 13.6               |
| Bifocal          |     |        |                    |
| Under age 42     | 66  | 16.5   | 22.2               |
| Over age 42      | 105 | 25.5   | 34.8               |
| Trifocal         | 4   | 1.0    | 1.36               |
| Multiple Rx      | 2   | 0.5    |                    |
| Sun glasses      | 2   | 0.5    |                    |
| Deferred therapy | 5   | 1.25   |                    |
| Refused therapy  | 4   | 1.0    |                    |

#### TABLE VI

Table VI shows component parts and breakdown of the visual training given at the original case study. The table shows that two persons recommended for training refused therapy at that time and nine patients deferred the training. The home training was not counted as part of the

of the number recommended. The figures show only those recommended for office training.

| 174    | al Training    | P  | of of H | % of #<br>Recommended |
|--------|----------------|----|---------|-----------------------|
| 4 T Su | at Haining     | -  | % of N  | <u>Veccommentited</u> |
| #      | Recommended    | 69 | 17.25   |                       |
| *      | Accepted       | 37 | 9.25    | 53.6                  |
| #      | Dismissed      | 30 | 7.25    | 43.5                  |
| #      | Strabismic     | 11 | 2.75    | 15.9                  |
| #      | Non-strabianic | 58 | 14.5    | 84.1                  |
| #      | Home training  | 35 | 8.75    |                       |
| #      | Deferred       | 9  | 2.25    | 13.30                 |

#### TABLE VII

Table VII shows the spherical power of the lens, in minus cylinder form, prescribed in the recommended therapy after the first examination. It does not reflect the amount of change from the habitual Rx, if any.

|               | 7   | % of N | % of # of fix |
|---------------|-----|--------|---------------|
| Plane to 2.00 |     |        |               |
| Plus          | 185 | 46.3   | 63.0          |
| Hinus         | 69  | 17.25  | 23.5          |
| 2.25 to 4.00  |     |        |               |
| Plus          | 14  | 3.50   | 4.76          |
| Minus         | 21  | 5.25   | 7.14          |
| 4.25 to 9.00  |     |        |               |
| Plus          | 2   | 0.5    | 0.68          |
| Minus         | 3   | 0.75   | 1.02          |

#### TABLE VIII

Table VIII shows the cylindrical component of the lenses prescribed in the recommended therapy after the first examination. It does not reflect the amount of change, only the amount that was prescribed.

| Astigmatism                                  | £              | % of N                       | % of # of Rx           |
|--|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------|
| 0.25 to 0.75<br>0.87 to 2.00<br>2.25 or more | 131<br>36<br>8 | 32• <b>7</b> 5<br>9•0<br>2•0 | 44.50<br>12.25<br>2.75 |
| TOTAL  | 175            | 43 <b>.75</b>                | 59.47                  |

#### TABLE IX

Table IX shows the anismetropic factor in the lenses prescribed from the first examination. These values were computed from the spherical portion, in minus cylinder form.

| Anisometropia | F   | of N  | % of # of Rx |
|---------------|-----|-------|--------------|
| 0.25 to 0.75  | 97  | 24.25 | 33.00        |
| 0.87 to 2.00  | 17  | 4.25  | 5.80         |
| 2.25 or more  | 0   | 0     | 0            |
| TOTAL         | 114 | 28.50 | 38.80        |

#### TABLE X

Table X shows the amount of pathology observed at the time of the first examination. The observed pathology was broken down into three divisions: (a) observed in the right eye (b) observed in the left eye (c) observed in both eyes.

|       | 240 | % of n | % of Observed |
|-------|-----|--------|---------------|
| OD    | 5   | 1.25   | 16.10         |
| OS    | 3   | 0.75   | 9.70          |
| OU    | 23  | 5.75   | 74.20         |
| TOTAL | 31  | 7.75   |               |

TABLE XI

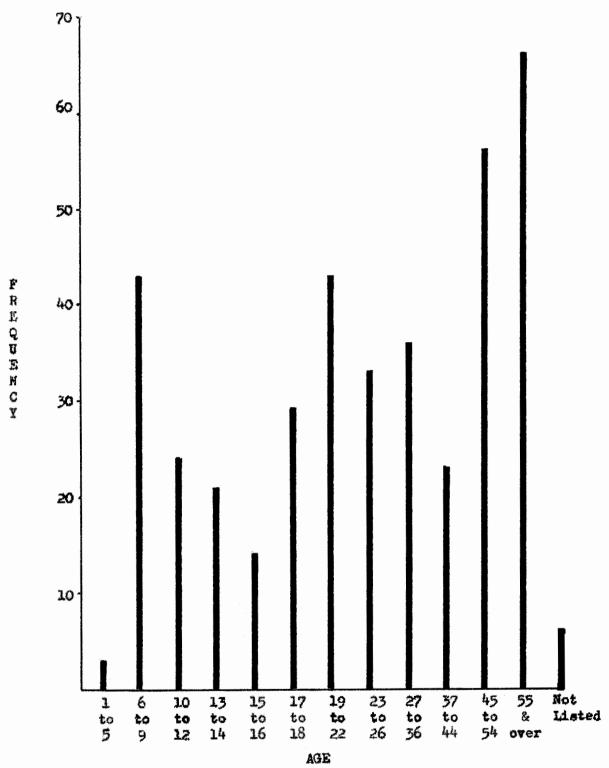
Table XI shows the areas in which pathology was observed at the time of the first examination. The areas listed are those that comprise the major divisions of the ocular media.

| Pathology Area  | F   | % of N | ½ of Observed |
|-----------------|-----|--------|---------------|
| Lid             | 2   | 0.50   | 6.45          |
| Cornea          | 1   | 0.25   | 3.25          |
| Anterior Chambe | r 3 | 0.75   | 9.70          |
| Lens            | 16  | 4.00   | 51.60         |
| Retina          | 5   | 1.25   | 16.10         |
| Vascular        | 2   | 0.50   | 6.45          |
| Field Defect    | 2   | 0.50   | 6.45          |
| TOTAL           | 31  | 7.90   | 100.00        |

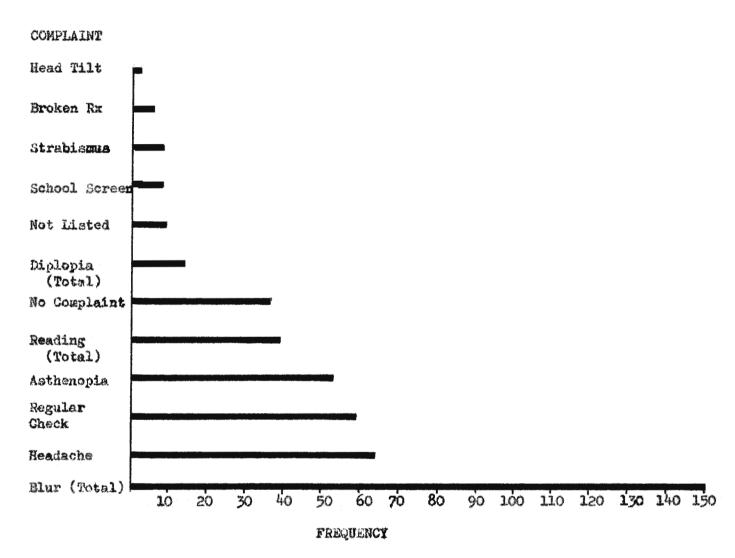
#### TABLE XII

Table XII shows the number of pathology cases referred to an outside practitioner as a result of the first examination, and includes the classification as to whom referred.

| Pathology Referred           | £      | % of N       |
|------------------------------|--------|--------------|
| Physician<br>Ophthalmologist | 3<br>1 | 0.75<br>0.25 |
| TOTAL                        | 4      | 1.00         |



Graph I
Shows frequency, or actual #, per each age group.
Reference: Appendix A page 20
Item # 2



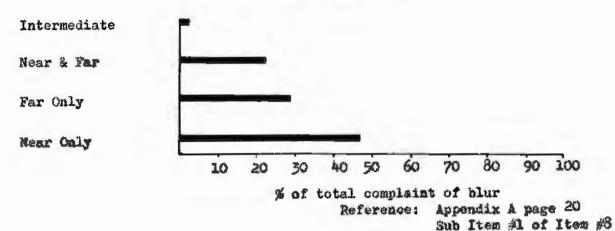
Graph II

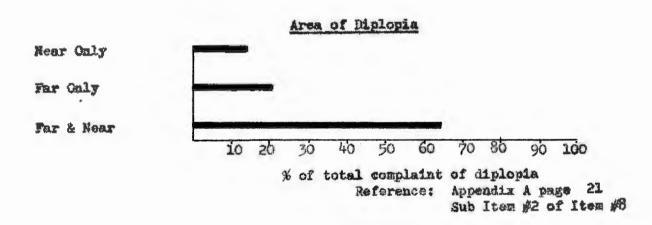
Shows the frequency of the various visual complaints recorded on the case record form.

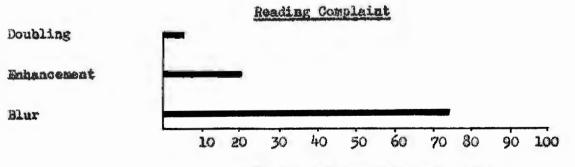
Reference: Appendix A pages 20 & 21 Item # 8

#### GRAPH III

#### Area of Blur







% of total complaint of reading
Reference: Appendix A page 21
Sub Item #6 of Item #8

# PROGRESS EVALUATION OF ORIGINAL EXAMINATIONS TAKEN APPROXIMATELY THIRTY DAYS LATER

#### TABLE I

Table I shows the frequency or number, and the percentage of N<sub>pe</sub> of the progress evaluation examinations conducted in the calendar year, and the complaints taken on the case history of that examination. The complaints are listed only as to the number complaining, and whether the complaint is a new one, or the same complaint listed in the original examination and not eliminated by the original therapy.

| F   | % of N    | % of # of PE'e                |
|-----|-----------|-------------------------------|
| 130 | 32.5      |                               |
| 20  | 5.0       | 15.38                         |
|     |           |                               |
| 11  | 2.75      | 8.45                          |
| 9   | 2.25      | 6,93                          |
|     | 130<br>20 | 130 32.5<br>20 5.0<br>11 2.75 |

#### TABLE II

Table II shows the type of therapy given from the progress evaluation examination. The glasses given were either original therapy with the progress evaluation, or a change in the original therapy as modified by the progress evaluation. The visual training can be considered to be original with the progress evaluation examination.

| Therapy-type Given      | F       | % of Npe    |
|-------------------------|---------|-------------|
| Glasses only<br>VT only | 27<br>6 | 20.8<br>4.6 |
| VT and glasses          | . 4     | 3.1         |
| No change               | 93      | 71.5        |
| # of Rx                 | 31      | 23.9        |

#### TABLE III

Table III shows a breakdown in the glasses given at the progress evaluation. It states only what was given, not the type changed to or from. Those types of lenses not listed here and found in the original study, such as multiple pairs, were found to be zero and were not entered.

| Therapy Accepted | F | % of Npe | % of # of Rox |
|------------------|---|----------|---------------|
| Single vision    |   |          |               |
| Full time        | 8 | 6.2      | 25.8          |
| Near only        | 3 | 2.3      | 9.7           |
| Bifocal          |   |          |               |
| Under age 42     | 9 | 7.0      | 29.0          |
| Over age 42      | 7 | 5.4      | 22.5          |
| Trifocal         | 1 | 0.7      | 3.2           |
| Deferred therapy | 1 | 0.7      | 3.2           |
| Refused therapy  | 2 | 1.5      | 6.4           |
|                  |   |          |               |

#### TABLE IV

Table IV shows component parts and breakdown of the visual training given at the progress evaluation. The table shows that two persons recommended for training refused therapy at that time. The home training was not counted as part of the number recommended, that figure shows only those recommended for office training.

| Visual Training  | Ē   | S of R      | % of VT Recommended |
|------------------|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| # recommended    | 10  | 7.0         |                     |
| # accepted       | 7   | 5.4         | 70.0                |
| # new patients   | · 0 | 0.0         | 00.0                |
| # dismissed      | 5   | <b>3.</b> 8 | 50.0                |
| # strabismic     | 1   | 0.7         | 10.0                |
| # non-strabismic | 9   | 6.2         | 90.0                |
| # home VT        | 4   | 3.1         | 40.0                |
| # deferred       | 1   | 0.7         | 10.0                |

TABLE V

Table V shows the spherical power of the lens, in minus cylinder form, prescribed in the recommended therapy of the progress evaluation. It does not reflect the amount of change:

|                                |          | % of N      | % of # of Rx                |
|--------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Plano to 2.00<br>Plus<br>Minus | 14<br>12 | 10.7<br>9.2 | <b>45.1</b><br>38 <b>.6</b> |
| 2.25 to 4.00<br>Plus<br>Minus  | 2<br>3   | 1.5<br>2.3  | 5.4<br>9.7                  |

#### TABLE VI

Table VI shows the cylinder component of the lenses prescribed at the progress evaluation. Once again, it does not reflect the amount of change, but only what was given.

| Astigmati <b>es</b> | F  | % of N | b of g of Rx |
|---------------------|----|--------|--------------|
| 0.25 to 0.75        | 8  | 6.20   | 25.80        |
| 0.87 to 2.00        | 5  | 3.80   | 16.20        |
| 2.25 or more        | 0  | 0.00   | 0.00         |
| TOTAL               | 10 | 7.70   | 32,10        |

#### TABLE VII

Table VII shows the anisometropic factor in the lenses prescribed at the progress evaluation. These values were computed from the spherical portion, in minus cylinder form, of the prescribed lenses.

| Anisometropia                                | ľ           | % of N               | % of 7 of Rx          |
|--|-------------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| 0.25 to 0.75<br>0.87 to 2.00<br>2.25 or more | 7<br>2<br>1 | 5.40<br>1.30<br>0.70 | 22.50<br>6.40<br>3.20 |
| TOTAL  | 10          | 7.70                 | 32.10                 |

#### TABLE VIII

Table VIII shows the amount of pathology observed in the progress evaluation that was not observed in the original examination. If pathology was observed in the original examination, and also in the progress evaluation, it was not counted as pathology observed in the progress evaluation. Therefore, all pathology observed was either recent in origin or overlooked in the original examination.

| Pathology Observed | ŗ | % of N |
|--------------------|---|--------|
| OD                 | 0 | 0      |
| os                 | O | 0      |
| OU                 | 1 | 0.77   |

#### TABLE IX

Table IX shows that areas in which pathology was observed in the progress evaluation. Since there was only one area that contained any pathology, it was the only one listed. The other areas listed in the original study can be considered to be negative.

| Fathology Area |   | % of N |
|----------------|---|--------|
| Lens           | 1 | 0.77   |

#### TABLE X

Table X shows the number of pathology cases referred to an outside

practitioner, as a result of the progress evaluation.

| Pathology Referred | F | % of N |
|--------------------|---|--------|
| TOTAL.             | 0 | O      |

#### DISCUSSION

There were a few cases where a patient's name was listed by the clinic office as having been in for an examination, but the case records could not be found. This can be explained by (1) the case in process of training and record in possession of the clinician responsible, (2) case misfiled, (3) cases taken out for review by responsible clinicians, and (4) lost.

It is felt that the tabulation of the cylinder and anisometropia could have been handled differently, and if this experiment were to be done again, these items would be recorded from the 90th meridian or the spherical equivalent in all cases.

This sampling reveals quite vividly that an adequate case history is not being taken and if being taken, is not being recorded in the designated place on the case record. This is borne out by the occupation and avocation tabulations which are important items when considering therapy for a given case.

Another area which has apparently been eadly ignored is that of multiple Rr's and sun glasses. While we realize that it is difficult for a young clinician to mention these areas to the patient, it is felt that this is part of the service we can and should give our patients. We feel that the reluctance on the part of the clinician to mention these additional services to the patient is due to fear of being branded a "spec paddler".

#### CONCLUSION

A survey of clinic records of outpatients receiving their first clinical examinations at Pacific University Optometric Clinic during the calendar year 1958.

#### APPENDIX A

| 32.50<br>0.75<br>10.75          |
|---------------------------------|
| 10.75                           |
| 10.75                           |
| 10.75                           |
|                                 |
| 6.00                            |
| 5.25                            |
| 3.50                            |
| 7.25                            |
| 16.25                           |
| 8,25                            |
| 9,00                            |
| 5.75                            |
| 14,00                           |
| 16,50                           |
| 1.50                            |
| 54.75                           |
|                                 |
| % of # of PE                    |
| 15.00 15.38                     |
| 8.45                            |
|                                 |
| 46.75                           |
| 53.25                           |
| 14.50                           |
| 85,50                           |
|                                 |
| % of Blur                       |
| 37.50 47.4                      |
| The second second second second |
| 28.0                            |
| 3 2.0<br>4 22.6                 |
|                                 |

| 20                      | Diplopia  |                         | % of N                   | % of Diplopia  |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| All ac-                 | a. Near only                                    | 14 2                    | 3.5                      | and the second s |
| SA.                     | D. Ter only                                     | 3                       |                          | 21.2   |
|                         | c. both   | 9                       |                          | 64.5   |
| 3.                      | Asthenopia                                      | - 53                    | 13.25                    |  |
| 4.                      | Headache  | 64                      | 16.0                     |  |
| 50                      | Regular check up                                | 59                      | 14.75                    |  |
| 6.                      | Reading<br>a. asthenopia Blur                   | 39                      | 9.75                     | % of Reading   |
|                         | Doubling  | 2                       |                          | 5.1  |
|                         | b. retarded or req. enhan                       | cement 5                |                          | 20.5   |
| 8.                      | No complaint                                    | 27                      | 9.25                     | 20.7   |
| 8.                      | Not listed                                      | 36                      | 2.25                     | eth-polytophob. Projetomor resolve.  |
| 9.<br>10.<br>11.<br>12. | Rx broken School Screening Head Tilt Strabismus | <b>6</b><br>8<br>2<br>8 | 1.5<br>2.0<br>0.5<br>2.0 |  |

## Therapy

| Type given   | 2  | s of H   | ,  |
|--|--|--|--|
| 2. glasses only  | 255  | 63.0   |  |
| o. v. t. only  | 30   | 7.5  |  |
| c. visual training and glass   | es 39  | 9.25   |  |
| i. contact lens  |  |  |  |
| e. referred (M.D.)   |  | 1.5  |  |
| (O.D.)   | 3  | 1.5<br>0.75  | A PARTY OF THE PAR |
| f. subnormal   | ō  | 0  |  |
|  | 25   | 6.25   |  |
| g. no glasses therapy<br>h. not listed   | ^  | <u> </u>   |  |
| 1. No change   | 37   | 9.25   |  |
| Accepted Rx  | 2.   | ,,,,   |  |
| - full time  |  | 4.00   | % of # offix   |
| a, full time Single Victor   |  | 20.5   | 27.85  |
| b. near only single victor c. bifocal (under 42)   | 10   | 10.0   |  |
| c. bifocal (under 42)<br>(over 42)   |  | 16.5   | 22.2   |
|  | 105  | 25.5   | 34.8   |
| d. trifocal  |  |  | alester respective such a respective such a second such as the second  |
| e. multiple  |  |  | er kalan da karanan da karan baran da kalan da karan da k  |
| f. sun glasses   | 2  | 0.5  | A STATE STATE STATE OF THE STATE STA |
| g. Not listed  | an an opposite an annual   | ermania De garante   | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·  |
| h. Refused Thorapy   | 3  | 1:25   | 1  |
| 4 . 1  |  | 100  | % of # Rec.  |
| a. # recommended   | 69   | - 17.25  | ness statement and the second  |
| b. faccepted   |  | 39.85  | 53.6   |
| c. Amendelisate  | 1  |  |  |
| d. # dismissed   | 30   | 7.5  | 10.5   |
| e. # strebismic  | <u> II</u>   | 2.75   | 15.9   |
| f. f non-strabismic  | 58   | Щ.5  | 84.1   |
| g. # home visual training  | 35   | 8.75   | Marie Control of the second  |
| . # Deferred   | ,  | 2.25   | 13,0   |
| Distance Rx<br>a sphere minus cyl)   | 1  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Saff of he   |
| 6 <del>22</del> - 2.00   | 185  | b6.3   |  |
|  | 185  | 46.3   | 63.0   |
|  | 69   | 17.25  | 23.5   |
| 2.25 - 4.00  | Service Control of the Control of th |  |  |
|  | Th.  | 3.50   | 4.76   |
| •  | 21   | 5.25   | 7.14   |
| 4.25 - 9.00  | To the last of the | transfer and trans |  |
| entrology and the second control of the seco | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •  | 0.5  | 0.68   |
|  |  | 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1  | 1.00   |
| 9.00   |  |  |  |
| +  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|  |  | . 0  |  |

| Astigmatism Rx Minu  | ıs cyl. 🕏  | % of N<br>43.75  | 50 of 8 of Rx<br>59-117  |
|--|------------|--|--|
| - 0.25 - 0.75  | 131        | 32-75  | 144.5  |
| - 0.87 - 2.00  | 36         | 9.0  | 12,25  |
| ) - 2.25   | 8          | 2.0  | 2,72   |
| Anisometropia Minu   | as cyl. nh | 28.5   | 36.8   |
| 0 - 75   | 97         | 21.25  | 33.0   |
| 0.87 - 2.00  | 17         | 4.25   | 5.8  |
| 2.25   | 0          | 0  | 0  |
| chology  |            |  | & of Observed  |
| Observed .   |            | 7-75   |  |
| O.D.   | . 5        | 1.25   | 16.1   |
| 0.5.   | •          | 0.75   | 9.7  |
| 0.U.   | 23         | 5.75   | 74.2   |
| V: V.  |            |  |  |
| Area   |            | .6.  | 10.15  |
| 142  |            | 0.5  | 6.45   |
| L <u>ld</u><br>Conjunctiva   | 0          | 0  | 0  |
| Cornea   | 7          | 0.25   | 3,22   |
| Anterior Chamber   | 3          | 0.75   | 9.7  |
| Iris   |            | 0  | 0  |
| Lens   | 16         | 4.0  | 51.6   |
| Vitreous   | 0          | 0  | and asserting the design appropriate of the color conference of the color colo |
| Retina   | Κ.         | 1.25   | 16.1   |
| Retinitie  | . 0        | 0  | 0  |
| Choroiditis  | 0          | Ō  | · ·  |
| Optic Atrophy  | 0          | 0  | 0  |
| Vascular Dist.   | 2          | 0.5  | 6.15   |
| Field Defect   |            | 2.5  | 6.45   |
| Motility   |            |  | 2  |
|  |            | •  |  |
| Paralytic  | anh) G     | 0  |  |
| Non paralytic (Non-concert   | ins)       | Washington and the second and the se |  |
| Glaucoma   | 0 '        | 0 .  |  |
| Referred .   | <u>t</u>   | 1.0  |  |
| Physician  |            | 0.75   |  |
| Ophthalmologist  |            | 0.25   | en e   |
| Not listed   | 0          | 0  | 1  |
| The second secon |            |  |  |
| THE UNIVERSAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF THE P | •          |  |  |

## Therapy-PE

| 1. | Type given N= 130  | 1  | % of W   | % of # of R  |
|----|--|--|--|--|
|    | a. glasses only  | 27   | 20,8   |  |
|    | b. v. t. only  | 6  | + 4.6  |  |
|    | c. visual training and glasses   | 4  | - 1 1 1  |  |
|    | d. contact lens  | 0  | 0  | and the same of th |
|    | e. referred (M.D.)   | 0  | 0  |  |
|    | (O.D.)   | 0  | 0  | and the state of t |
|    | f, subnormal   | 0  | 60   | there a distribution is a separated a second   |
| 4  | g. no girana change  | 93   | 71.5   |  |
|    | h. not listed  | 0  | es more marco marco marco proprio de la companya de | antere an communicación de conserva de acontes de Conserva de Cons |
| 2. | Accepted Rx  |  |  |  |
| ŷ. | a, full time   |  | 6,2  |  |
|    | b. near only   | 3  | 2,3  | 9:9  |
|    | c. bifocal (under 42)  | 9  | 7:0  | 29:0   |
|    | (over 42)  | 7  | 5,4  | 22,5   |
|    | d. trifocal  |  |  | mousement and a second   |
|    | e, multiple  | 0  | anem assistantialist artist specialise to transferies in the action of the control of the contro | namentus estat aparte apart  |
|    | f. sum glasses   | 0  | States . Jane  | the state of the s |
| 3. | g. Not listed  | Q  | - and the contract of the second state of the  | with warmanian and a second of the second of |
| 3. | Refused<br>Visual graing   | f  | ō: 7   | 3. 2   |
| +  | a. f recomended  | 10   | 7.0  | % V. T. REC  |
|    | b. # accepted  | I district   | THE REPORT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN THE PERS | entranterial (medicales) video reprises; se sus senso puede de la compresentación de la  |
|    | c. f new patients  | The state of the s | Serginal Procedure accompanies of the Constitution of the Constitu | 70.0   |
|    | d. # dismissed   | E  | 3:8  | EO. O  |
|    | e. # strabismic  |  |  | 50: 0<br>10: 0   |
|    | f. f non-strabismic  | Ď.   | 0; 7<br>6; 2   | 90:0   |
| ,  | 8. # home visual training  | and the second s | TOTAL STATE OF THE SECOND  | 40:0   |
|    |  | The same of the sa | 3,1  | 10.0   |
| 4. | h. #deferred<br>Distance Rx  | 1  | 0.7  | 10.0   |
| (  | a sphere minus cyl) 0.25 - 2.00  |  |  | % of # of Rx   |
|    |  | 41.  | 10.0   | 45:1   |
|    | The second secon | 16   | 10:7   | 38.6   |
|    | 2.25 - 4.00  | entropy and the same  |  | 349  |
|    | THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY  |  |  |  |
| į. | A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE |  |  | 91 9   |
|    | 4.25 - 9.00  |  |  | 7,7  |
|    |  | ۵  | AT AN ANDER & BROWN AND AN AND AN AND ADDRESS OF THE ANALYSIS  |  |
| 1) |  | - 0  |  |  |
|    | 9.00   | s-   |  |  |
| ,  | +  | 0  |  |  |
|    |  |  |  |  |

| . Astignatism Ra   | Minus cyl,   | 8 of N   | S of J of Rx   |
|--|--|--|--|
| - 0.25 - 0.75  | 8  | 6,20   | 25.8   |
| 0.87 - 2.00  |  | 3.8  | 16.2   |
| - 0.87 - 2.00<br>- 2.25  |  | <u> </u>   | Ö  |
|  |  |  | The second secon |
| Anisometropia  | Minus cyl. 10  | 7.7  | 32.1   |
| 0 - 75   | 7  | 13   | 2.5  |
| 0.87 - 2.00  | 2  | 1.5  | 6.4  |
| 0.87 - 2.00<br>2.25  | 1  | 0.7  | 3.2  |
| hology   |  |  | & of Observed  |
| Observed   | 1  | 0.77   |  |
| O.D.   | . 0  | 0  | 0  |
| 0.8.   | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| 0.Ü.   |  | 0.77   | 100.0  |
| Area   |  |  |  |
| Lid  | 0  | 0  |  |
| Conjunctiva  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Cornea   | Ō  | 0  | 0  |
| Anterior Chamber   |  |  | And the street of the street o |
| Iris   |  |  | Ò  |
| Lens   | 1  | 0.77   | 100,0  |
| Vitreous   |  | 0  | 0  |
| Retina.  | 9  |  | 101  |
| Retinitia  | . 0  | . 0  | . 0  |
| Choroiditis  | . 0  | 0  | 9  |
| Optic Atrophy  | 0  | ð  | 0.   |
| Vascular Dist.   | . 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Pield Defect<br>Motility   | 9  |  |  |
| Paralytic  |  |  | Ď.   |
| Non paralytic (Non-Co  | neonitant)   | Ŏ  | 0 .  |
| ALEGO BASE CONT. ASSET   | Property and the section people distribution was also property and referring distributions and submitted the section of the se | Mayor the State of the Comment of th |  |
| Glaucoma   | •  | •  | 0  |
| Referred   | <u>, 0</u>   | 0  | 0  |
| Physician  |  |  | •  |
| Ophthalmologist  | 0  | 0  | Ō  |
| The state of the s | U  |  |  |
| Not listed   | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Noncontinuous successions.   | * *  | Control of the Contro |  |
| A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR | •  |  |  |