

Multi-wavelength and
multi-disciplinary approach to the
study of the emission from
accretion/ejection processes in
young stars with disks:
combining observations, numerical
models, and laboratory experiments

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GES collaboration

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Young star+disk+accretion+ejection



<https://www.facebook.com/boknito/>

Very complex systems:

- multi-band (optical, UV, X-rays)
- multi-disciplinary (observations, models, laboratory experiments)
- multi-technique (statistical samples, single object)

Large Synoptic Survey Telescope



- Expecting 10 million alerts, 15-30 Terabytes of data every night
- 10 year survey of the sky
(37 billion objects)
- FoV: 9.6 deg²
- 6 filters (ugrizy; r = 27.5)
- 8.4-m mirror

WIDE:

- Widest Digital Camera

FAST:

- Rapidly scan the sky

DEEP:

- To faint magnitudes



- Transients and Variable Stars Science Collaboration:
 - ✓ Primary contact of the Non-degenerate Eruptive Variables subgroup (FUor/EXor)
 - ✓ Spokesperson of the Deep Drilling Fields and mini-surveys proposals planning Task Force
- Stars, Milky Way & Local Volume Science Collaboration

LSST Team: Francesco Damiani (OAPa, PI 2018), Teresa Giannini (co-PI), Rosaria Bonito (OAPa), Simone Antoniucci (OAR), Loredana Prisinzano (OAPa)

External collaborators: Dario Lorenzetti (OAR), Katia Biazzo (OACT), Laura Venuti (OAPa), BUT: Alerts (brokers) public, possible spectroscopic follow-up

LSST

Main Survey/Special programs

- Impressive new instrument (Wide Fast Deep main survey)
- Some transients and variable objects will need different cadence, set of filters, exposure, field (e.g. GP)
- Therefore:
Special programs: MS & DDF (multiple pointings/single pointing)

LSST DDF & MS

(Stelzer, Giannini,
Bonito: e-Rosita
project on EXors)

- Call on June 30
- Deadline: late November
- “Young stars with variability” (Bonito, Damiani, Prisinzano, Giannini, Sacco, Antoniucci @INAF):
 - Investigate stellar variability of single objects or in statistical samples in stellar clusters
 - Analyze variability due to stellar activity , accretion process, also in eruptive burst (FUors and EXors), etc.
 - Take advantage of data collected in existing surveys and previous programs (Gaia-ESO Survey, Chandra) for a multi-band characterization

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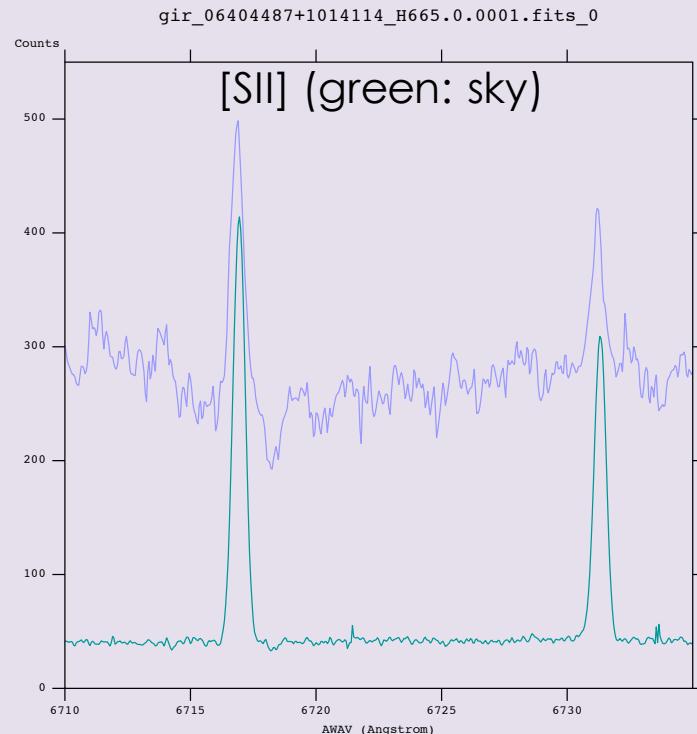
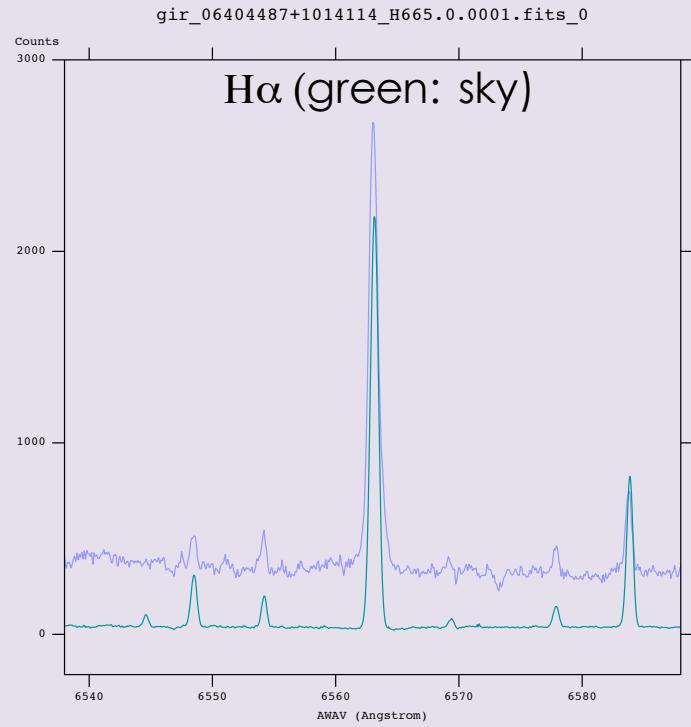
Very complex systems:

- optical
- observations
- statistical sample

NGC 2264: FLAMES (GES)

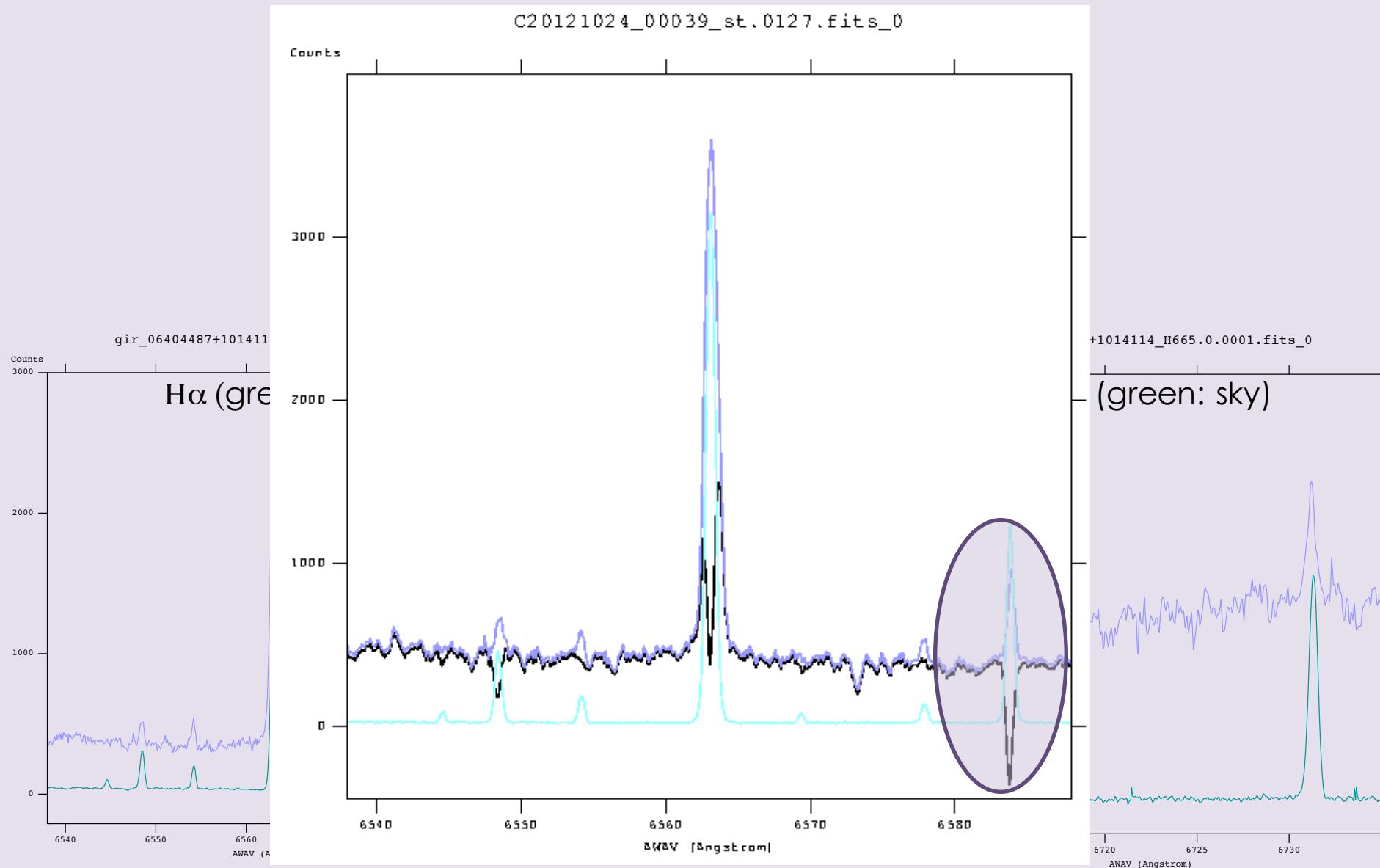
ACCRETION/OUTFLOW IN NGC 2264

- ◆ Nebular contribution to both H α and FELs
- ◆ Narrower than stellar (H α)



ACCRETION/OUTFLOW IN NGC 2264

FWZI method: EW and H $\alpha_{10\%}$ are not reliable



FELs AS A PROXY FOR SKY SUBTRACTION

- Tool to flag spurious absorption FELs
- Warning for a bad sky subtraction
- Use the original spectra
- FWZI measurement is reliable (EW and H $\alpha_{10\%}$ are not)

Flagged spectra:

over-subtracted sky contribution

avoid misinterpretation of the physical properties

- 20% flagged spectra: [SII] doublet in absorption
- 50% [SII] spurious absorption single line

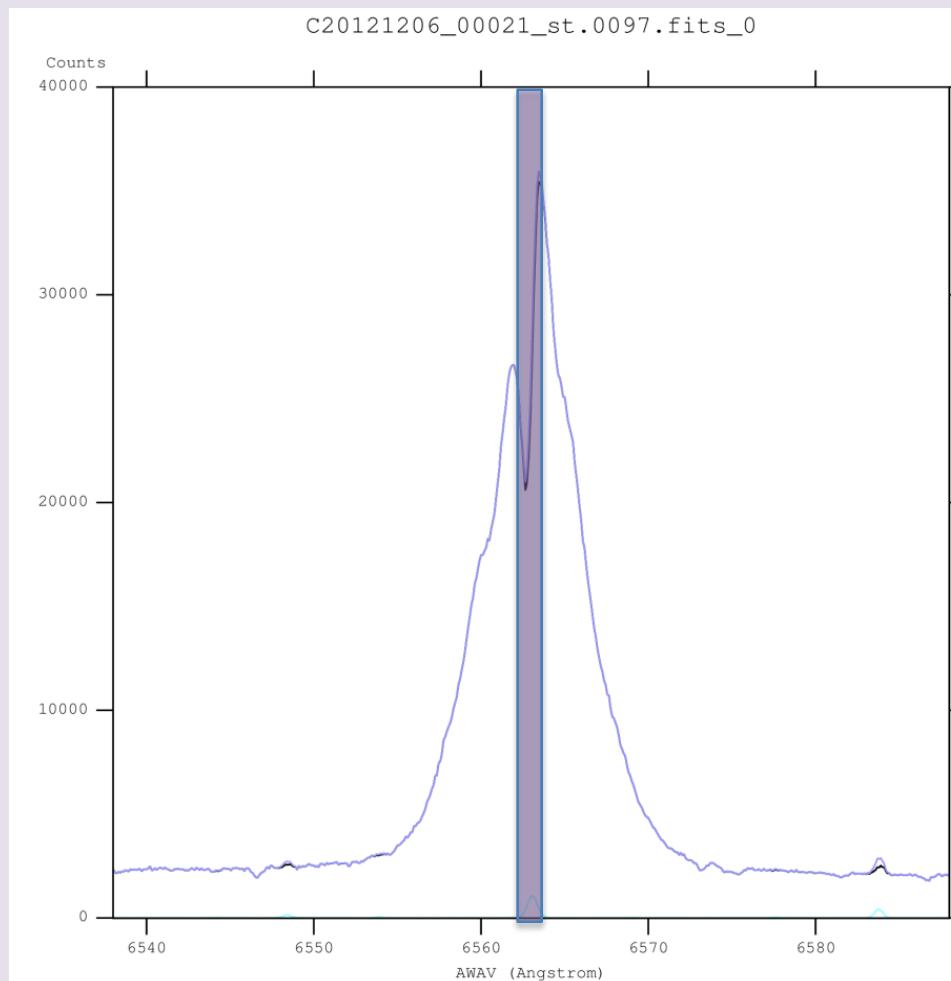
35 accretors (> 22%) in Venuti et al., 2017

Compare original spectra with sky subtracted spectra

NO FLAG + GOOD SPECTRA

- FWZI(H α) star >> FWZI(H α) sky
- Parameters released: reliable

(See also
the case of
NGC 6611,
Bonito et
al. 2013)



(Bonito et al. in prep.)

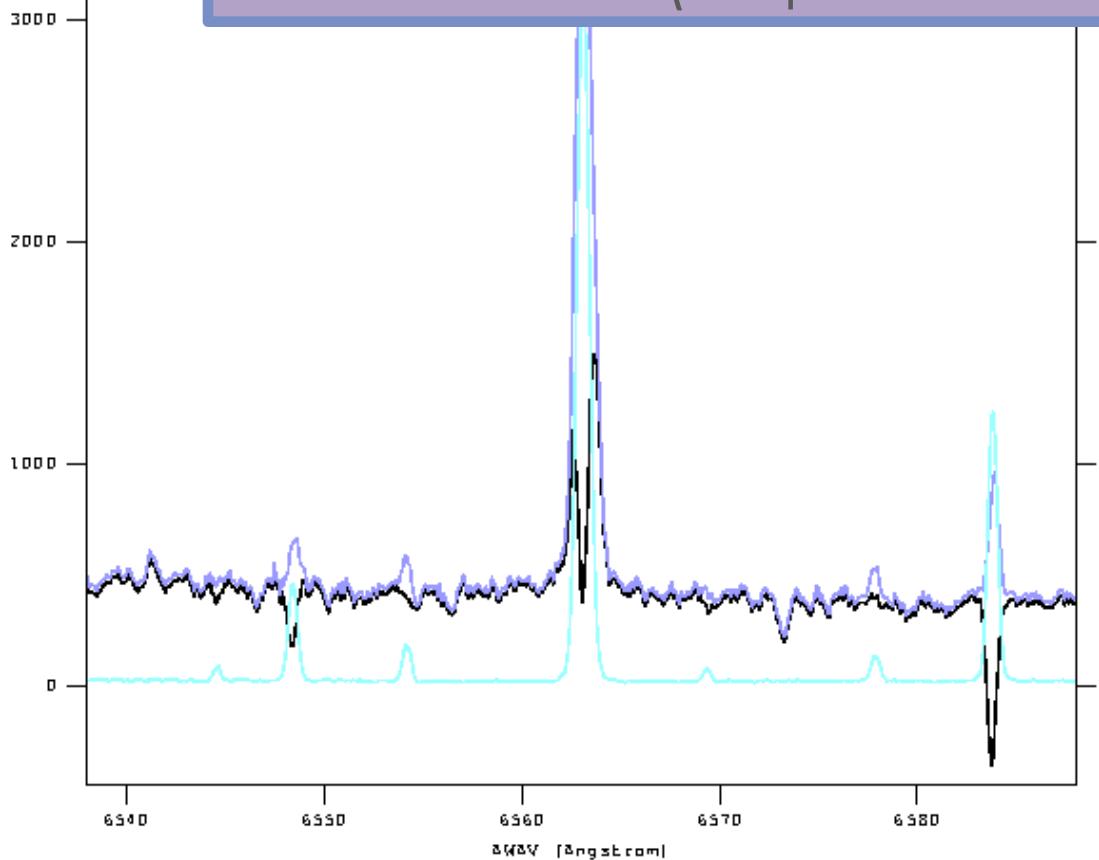
NGC 2264:
X-ray source
(06411678+0927301:
CSI877,
class II accreting
Venuti
et al., 2017)

FLAG: “BAD” SKY SUBTRACTION

C20121024_00039_st.0127.fits_0

Counts

Misinterpretation of physical properties
(Reipurth et al. 1996)



- GES spectrum
- Original spectrum
- SKY spectrum

Very complex systems:

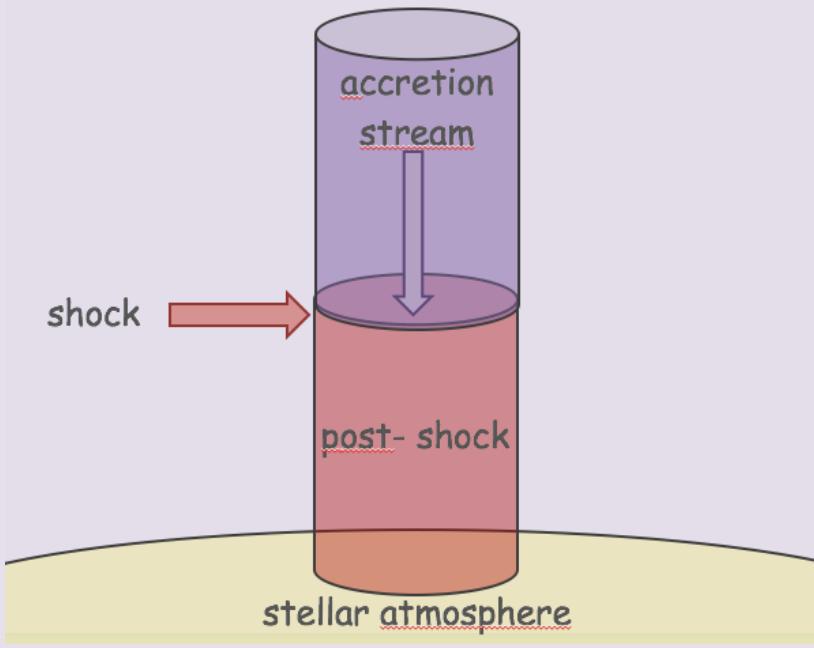
- multi-band (optical, UV, X-rays)
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Very complex systems:

- UV/X-rays
- observations + model + laboratory experiments
- single object

TW Hya: Chandra

ACCRETION AND X-RAYS



Accretion on classical T Tauri stars generate shocks at the stellar surface:

$$v_{ff} = 400 \text{ km/s}$$

$$v_{ps} = 100 \text{ km/s}: T = 1-3 \text{ MK}$$

soft X-rays

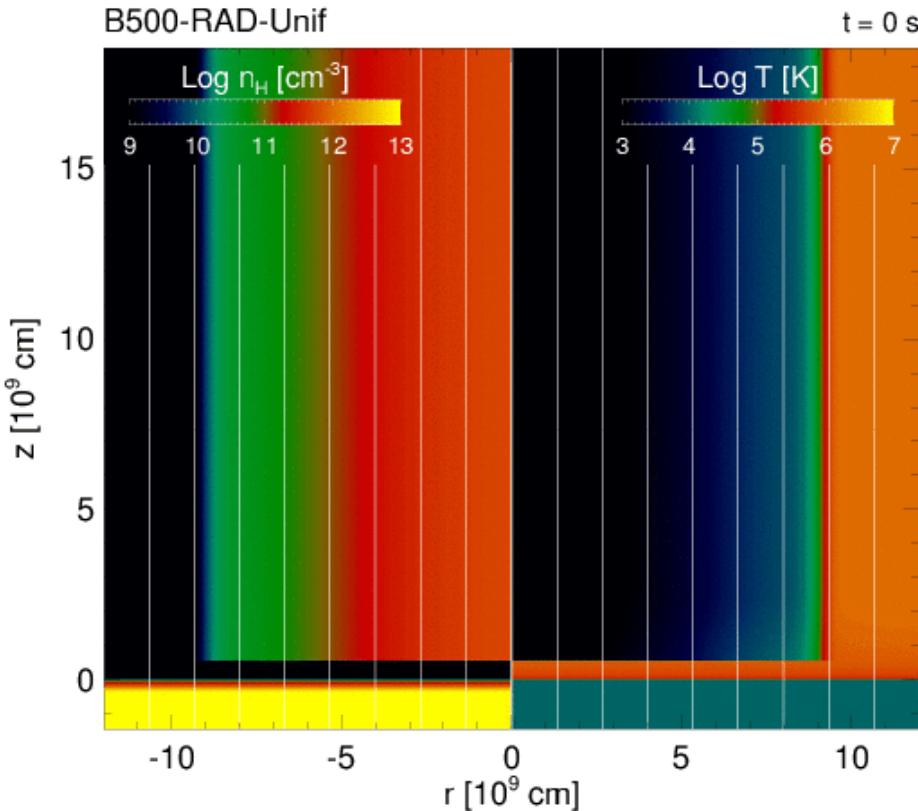
(high resolution spectra of CTTSs with XMM and Chandra)

X-rays from YSOs:

- influence on the physics, chemistry, and lifetime of circumstellar disks (heating, ionization)
- inhibit exo-planets formation
- investigate the properties of the accreting material and of the shock

NUMERICAL SIMULATIONS:

(Orlando et al. 2013;
Bonito et al. 2014)



Radiative losses
Thermal conduction
Gravity
Stellar atmosphere

MHD
(PLUTO code, Mignone et al. 2007)

Radial profile:

$n = 5 \times 10^{10} \text{ cm}^{-3} - 5 \times 10^{11} \text{ cm}^{-3}$
(as suggested by
Romanova et al. 2004)

(Bonito et al. in prep.)
Spectral synthesis of
the
UV and X-ray
emission

Exploring the effects of:

- local absorption
- geometry
- Doppler shift

ACCRETION SHOCKS: UV/X

Figure 1

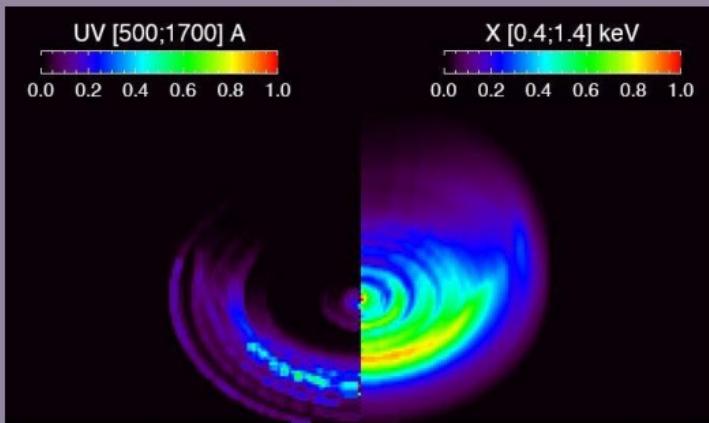


Figure 3

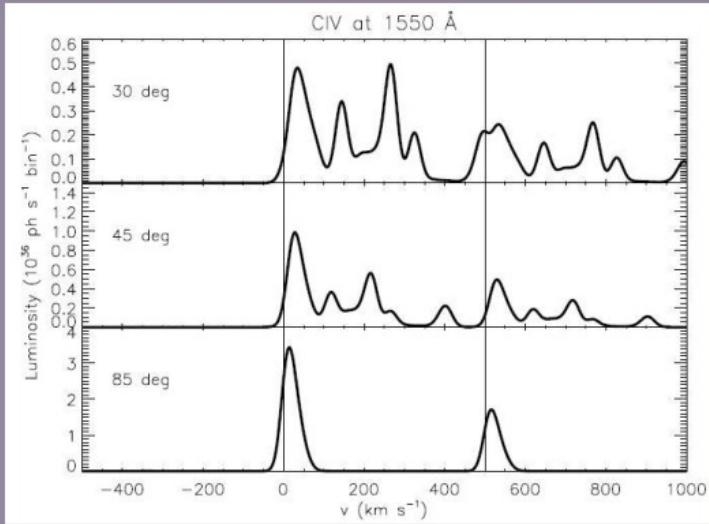
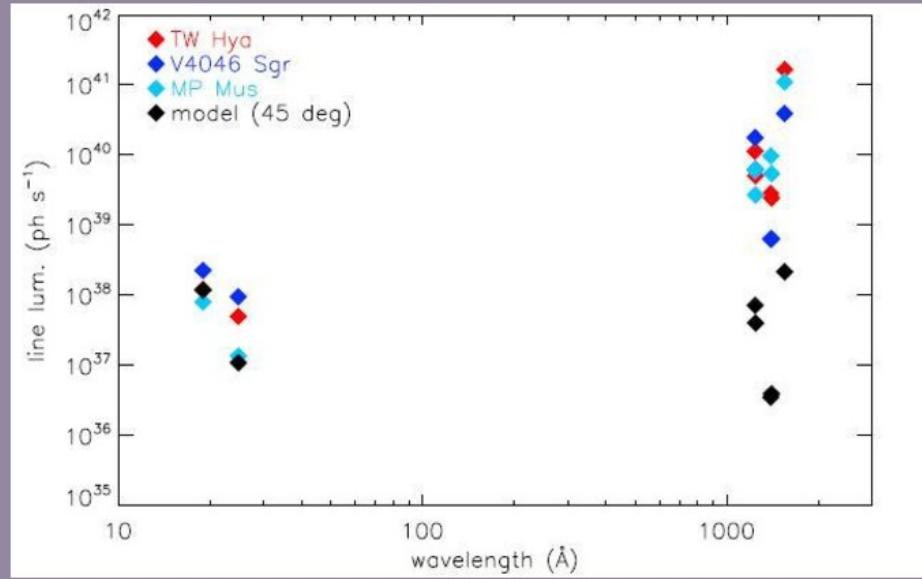


Figure 2

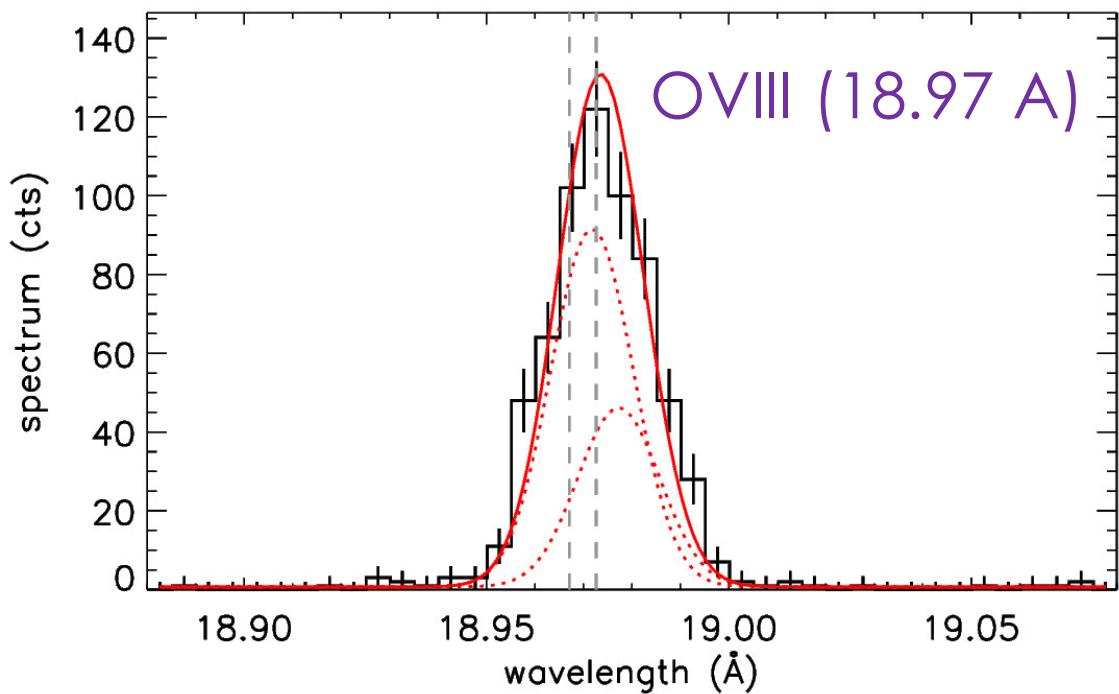
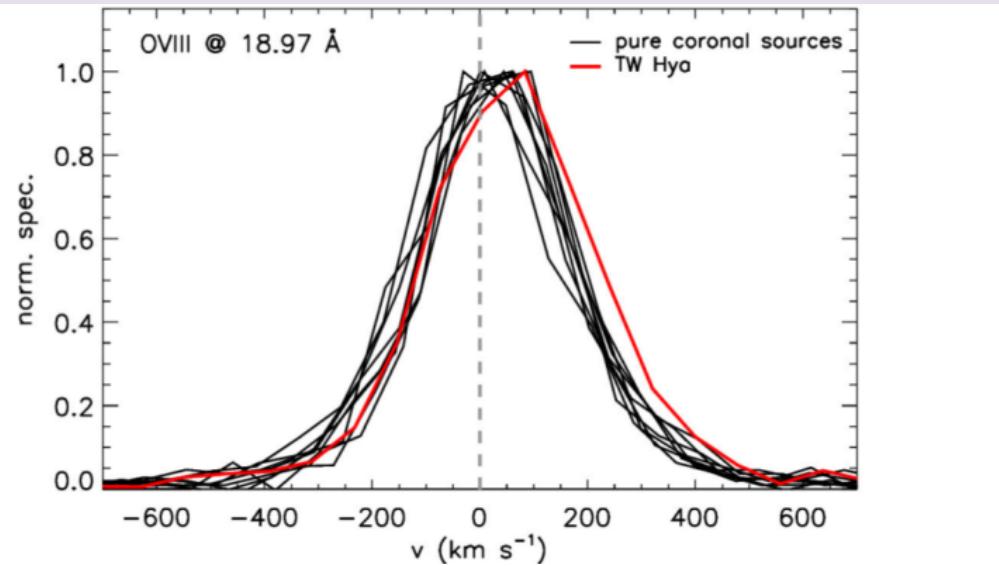


(Bonito et al. in prep.)

(Argiroffi, Drake, Bonito et al. 2017)

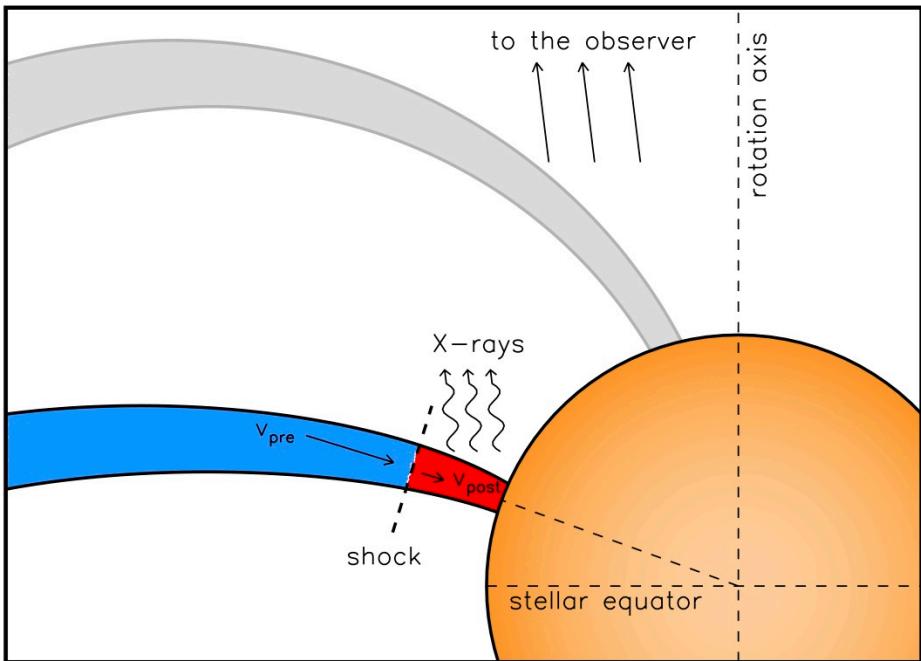
(Consistent with Ardila et al. 2013)

Red-shift

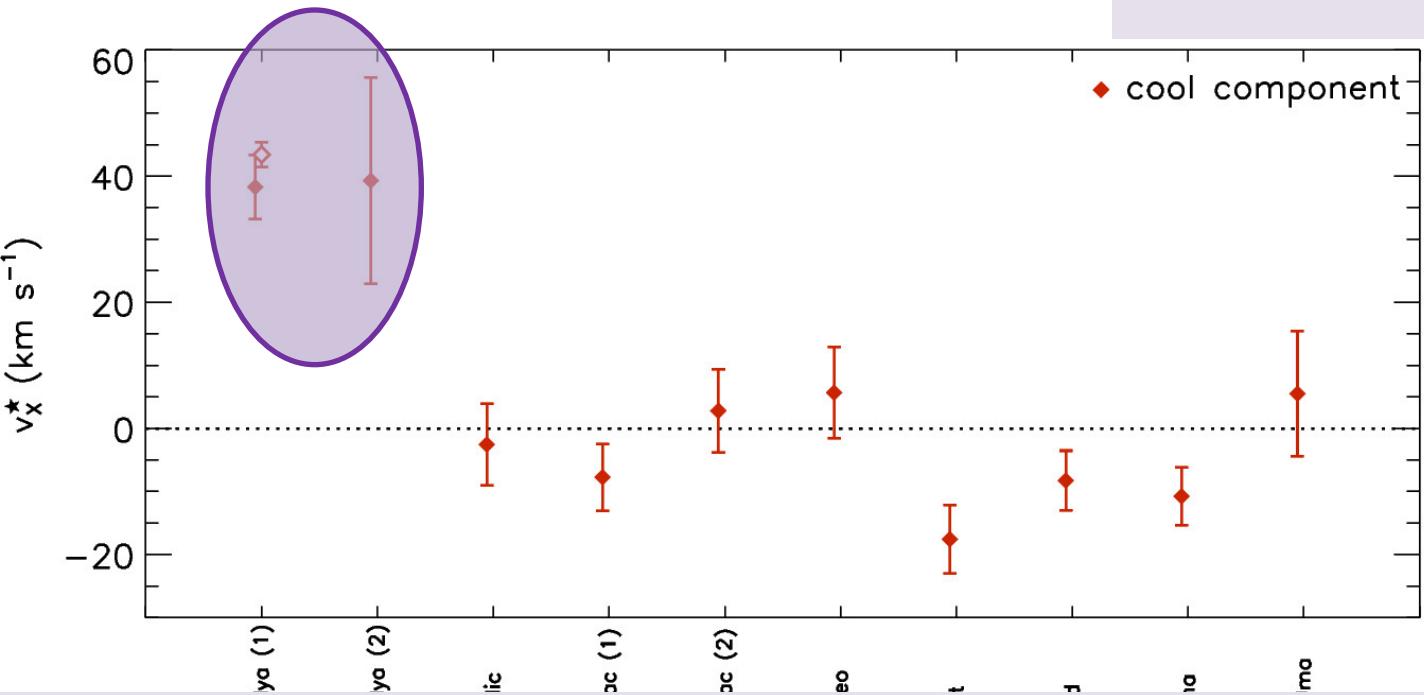


Observations
(Argiroffi, Drake,
Bonito et al. 2017)

Model prediction
(Bonito et al. in prep.)

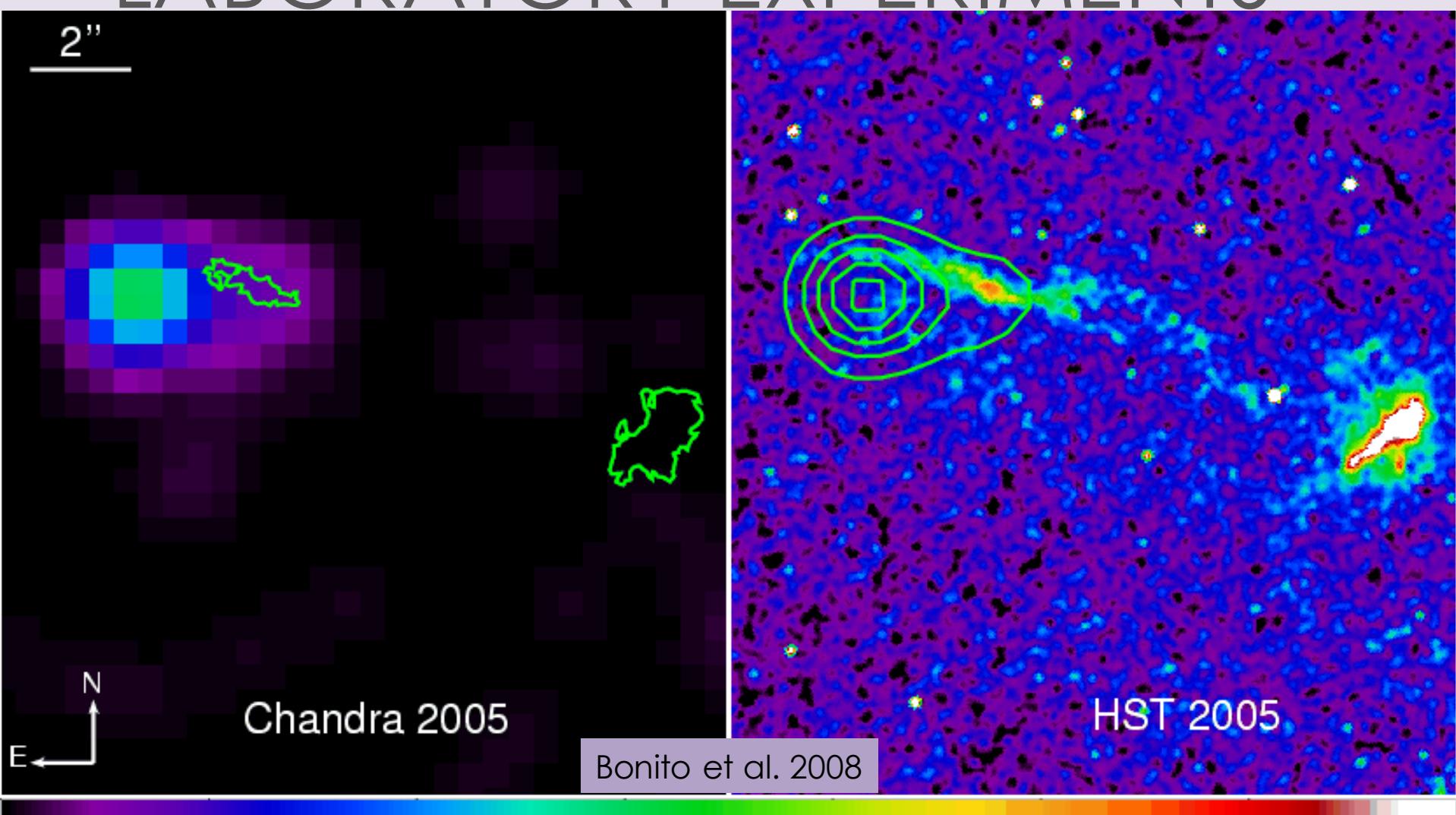


(Argiroffi, Drake,
Bonito et al. 2017)



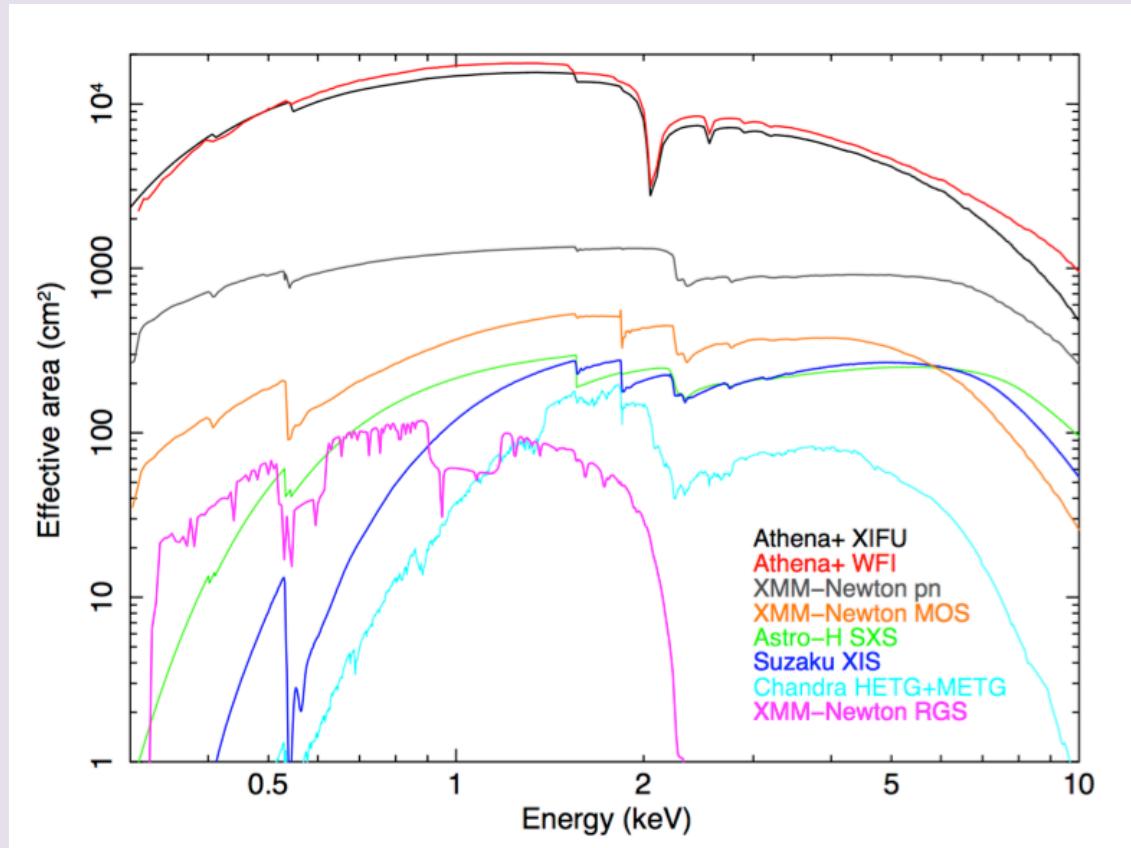
Redshift: 35 km/s
First detection
Infalling material
Geometry

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS



Revet, Chen, Bonito et al. 2017, Science Advances **HH 154 jet**
Albertazzi, Ciardi, Nakatsutsumi, Vinci, Beard, Bonito et al. 2014, Science

ATHENA



- Improve the statistics
- Different properties (age, mass, geometry, ...)

ATHENA

Exploring the Hot and Energetic Universe:

The second scientific conference dedicated
to the Athena X-ray observatory

24-27 September 2018, Palermo, Italy

<http://www.astropa.inaf.it/athena18/>

LSST

Large Synoptic Survey Telescope (LSST)
Special Programs workshop at INAF

October 8-10 2018, Palermo, Italy

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