SilvaCarbon

Leveraging the Power of SAR Observations for Forest Monitoring Systems





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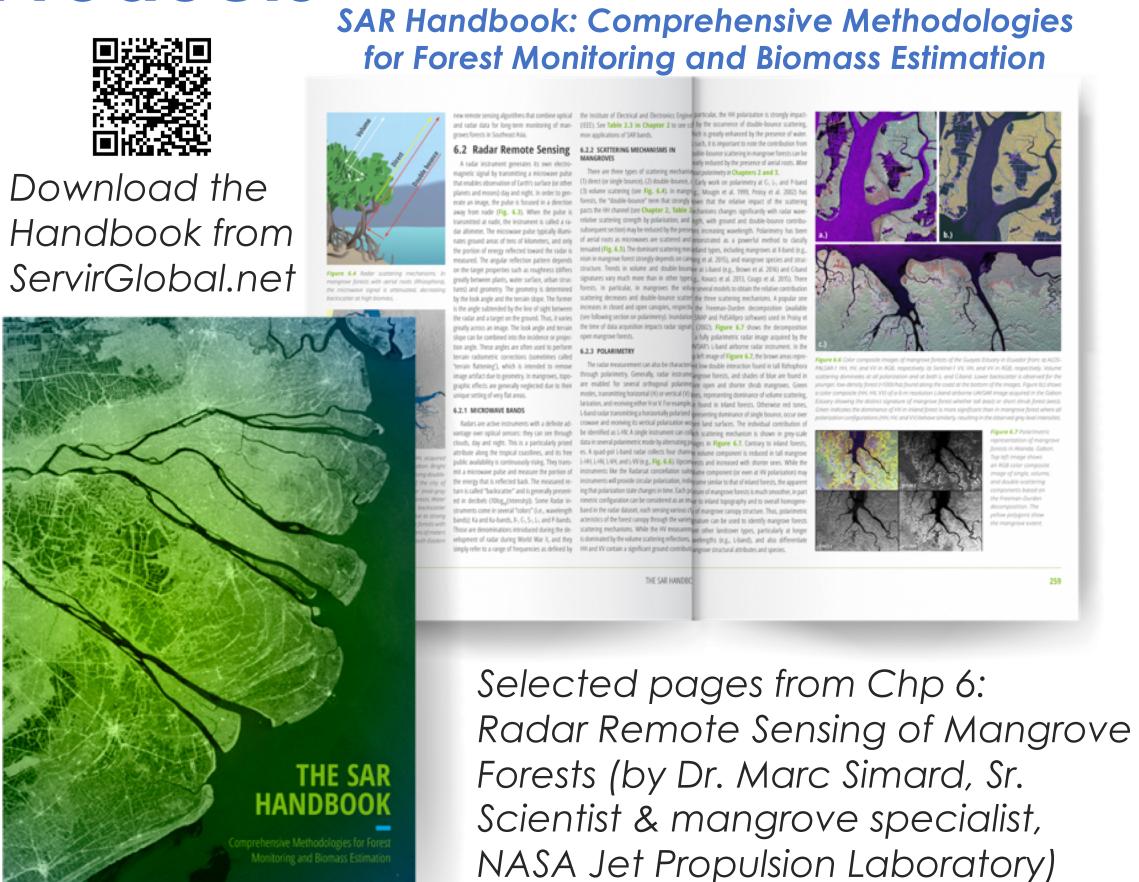
Abstract

works.

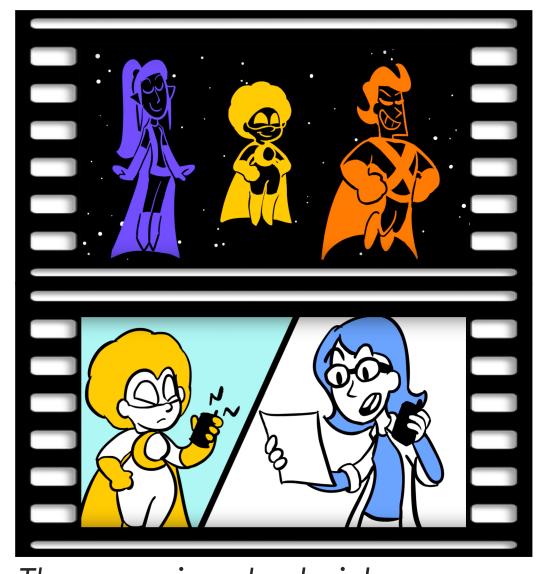
Earth observations from Synthetic Aperture Radar (SAR) can provide unique information related to forest structure and condition. Despite the many advantages of SAR, particularly where clouds impede optical observations, a knowledge gap has prevented the applied remote sensing community from harnessing its full potential. Here, we discuss the results of a collaboration between SERVIR, a joint program between NASA and the U.S. Agency for International Development (USAID), and SilvaCarbon, the United States' contribution to the Global Forest Observation Initiative, to build global capacity in using SAR for forest monitoring and biomass estimation. This includes primarily the creation of 1) The SAR Handbook: Comprehensive Methodologies for Forest Monitoring and Biomass Estimation, 2) a series of international hands-on trainings and training materials, 3) quick-reference guides illustrating SAR concepts, and 4) animated videos explaining how SAR

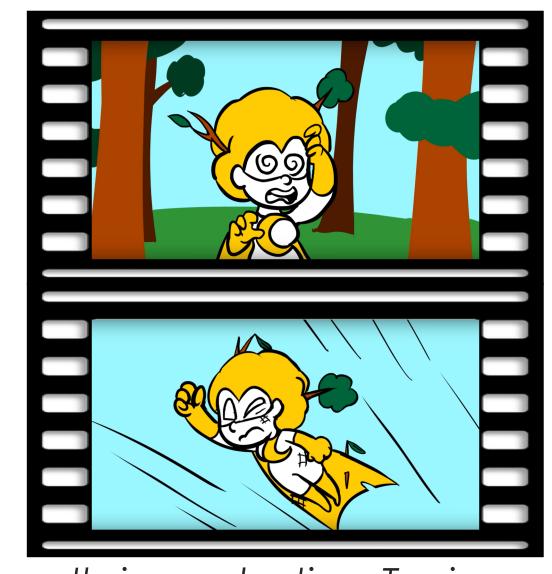
The SERVIR-Global community joined efforts to develop a hands-on guide to support decision-makers in the forestry community to leverage the power of SAR technology to better protect and manage forest resources. We worked with world-renowned SAR experts to provide targeted trainings and develop the SAR Handbook. This handbook consists of approachable theoretical background and applied content that contributes to filling the knowledge gap in the applied use of SAR technology for forestry applications. We hope that forest managers and remote sensing specialists will use these materials to benefit from currently available SAR datasets, as well as prepare for future SAR missions, such as NISAR and BIOMASS. Since its release on April 11, 2019, the SAR Handbook has been accessed more than 100,000 times in less than a month, demonstrating the remote sensing community's urgent need and interest to learn and use SAR.

Products



Animated Videos





Three animated videos are currently in production. Topics include SAR basics, SAR and biomass, and forest stand height.

Theoretical Chapters and **Trainings:**

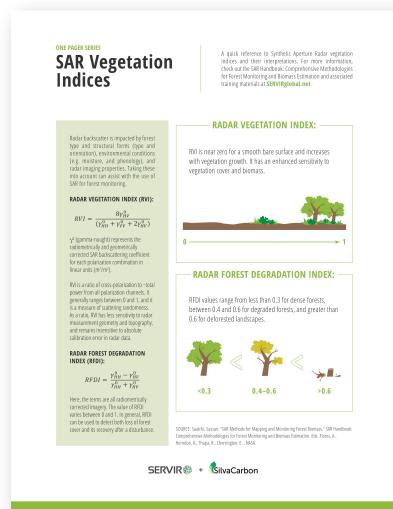
- Spaceborne Synthetic Aperture Radar - Principles, Data Access, and Basic Processing Techniques Author: Franz Meyer – ASF/UAF
- Use of SAR Data for Mapping **Deforestation and Forest** Degradation
- Author: Josef Kellndorfer Earth Big Data
- Forest Stand Height Author: Paul Siqueira – Univ. of Massachusetts Amherst, NISAR
- **SAR Methods for Mapping and Monitoring Forest Biomass**
- Author: Sassan Saatchi Caltech/ NASA JPL
- Radar Remote Sensing of **Mangrove Forests**
- Author: Marc Simard Caltech/ NASA JPL
- Sampling Design for SAR-Assisted Forest Biomass

Author: Hans Andersen – USFS

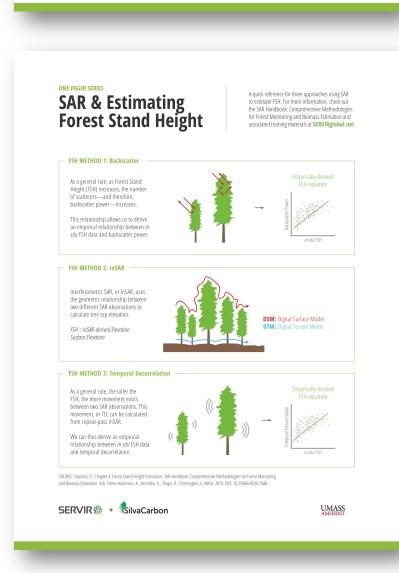
Objectives

- **BUILD CAPACITY** to monitor forests and estimate biomass using freely available SAR datasets
- ▶ PREPARE the remote sensing community to use existing and future SAR datasets, including NISAR and BIOMASS
- PRODUCE TRAINING MATERIALS on standard SAR processing techniques to monitor forests and estimate biomass using open source resources
- ► DETERMINE IMPROVEMENT AREAS for future SAR capacity building initiatives

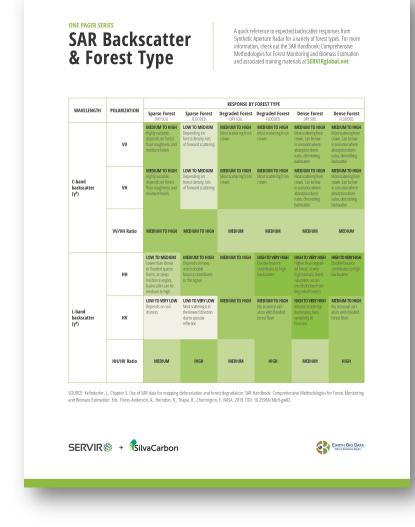
One-Pagers:











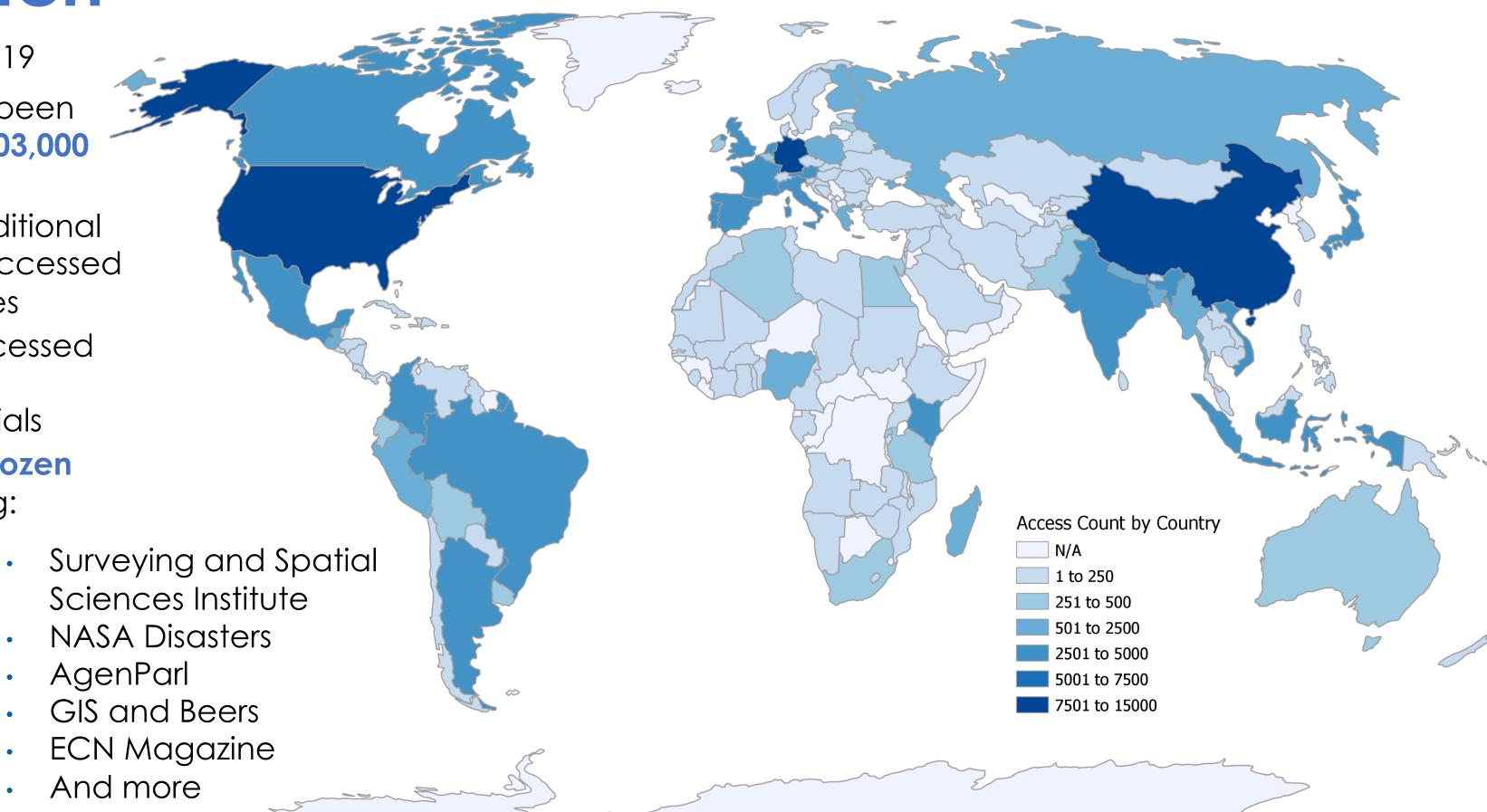
A series of one-pagers distill complex information and processes into an easy to understand format. The topics of these onepagers range from preprocessing to forest stand height estimation to SAR vegetation indices and more.

Global Reach

From April 10 – May 5, 2019

- The full Handbook has been accessed more than 103,000 times
- Full Handbook and additional materials have been accessed more than 136,000 times
- 149 countries have accessed SAR Handbook and complementary materials
- Shared across over a dozen organizations, including:

- GIS Lounge
- EO College UN SPIDER
- GeoSpatial World ECN Magazine
- JAXA NASA Disasters AgenParl
- NASA NTRS



Moving Forward

- ▶ The Handbook is a living document; there will be continual development of applied content and trainings
- There is a need for follow-on refresher courses and improved skills transfer processes to move from trainings to operational use
- Identified need to develop allometric equations to improve localized biomass estimation
- Focus on using open-source software is the right solution but brings additional challenges in terms of capacity building