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EMPOWER-lung 1: A randomized, open-label, multi-national, phase III trial of cemiplimab, a human PD-1 monoclonal antibody, versus chemotherapy in first-line treatment of advanced non-small cell lung cancer (NSCLC) with PD-L1 \geq 50%

<u>V. Sriuranponq</u>¹, O. Altundag², P. Clingan³, N. Rizvi⁴, O. Aren Frontera⁵, A. Sezer⁶, S. Paydas⁷, M. Shavdia⁸, I. Bondarenko⁹, O. Gladkov¹⁰, S. Lee¹¹, S. Li¹², P. Snodgrass¹¹, P. Rietschel¹¹

¹Division of Medical Oncology, Department of Medicine, Faculty of Medicine, Chulalongkorn University and the King Chulalongkorn Memorial Hospital, Bangkok, Thailand, ²Department of Medical Oncology, School of Medicine, Başkent University, Ankara, Turkey, ³Illawarra Health and Medical Research Institute, University of Wollongong/Illawarra Cancer Centre, Wollongong Hospital, Wollongong, Australia, ⁴Division of Hematology/Oncology, Columbia University Medical Center, New York, NY, USA, ⁵Centro Internacional, De Estudios Clinicos, Santiago, Chile, ⁶Department of Medical Oncology, Baskent University, Adana, Turkey, ⁷Department of Medical Oncology, Faculty of Medicine, Cukurova University, Adana, Turkey, ⁸Palliative Care, Cancer Prevention Center, Tbilisi, Georgia, ⁹Dnipropetrovsk State Medical Academy, City Clinical Hospital, Dnipropetrovsk, Ukraine, ¹⁰Department of Clinical Oncology, Chelyabinsk Regional Clinical Oncology Dispensary, Chelyabinsk, Russian Federation, ¹¹Clinical Sciences, Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Basking Ridge, NJ, USA

Background: Most patients (pts) with NSCLC present with advanced disease at diagnosis. Systemic therapy with platinum-based doublet chemotherapy regimens has been the standard first-line treatment for pts with advanced NSCLC whose tumours do not have EGFR, ALK, or ROS 1 mutations, but there is a need for effective treatments to improve long-term survival. With the recognition that NSCLC tumours express PD-L1, checkpoint inhibitors are being investigated in several clinical trials. There is currently only one PD-1 inhibitor approved as monotherapy in first-line treatment of NSCLC with PD-L1 expression \geq 50%. In a phase 1 dose escalation and NSCLC expansion cohort, cemiplimab (REGN2810), a human monoclonal anti-PD-1, has demonstrated antitumour activity with an acceptable safety profile in anti-PD-1 naïve, pretreated pts with NSCLC.

Trial design: This is a randomised (1:1), multicentre, open-label, phase 3 study of cemiplimab versus platinum-based doublet chemotherapy in systemic treatment-naïve pts (\geq 18 years) with stage IIIB, IIIC or IV squamous or non-squamous NSCLC whose tumours express PD-L1 in \geq 50% of tumour cells (NCT03088540). Pts will be stratified by histology and geographic region. Pts will receive cemiplimab 350 mg every 3 weeks intravenously (for up to 108 weeks) or 4–6 cycles chemotherapy with (i) paclitaxel + cisplatin or carboplatin, (ii) pemetrexed + cisplatin or carboplatin. The primary objective is to evaluate progression-free survival (PFS) as determined by blinded independent review committee. Key secondary objectives include assessment of overall survival and overall response rate. Assuming duration of study enrolment and follow-up of 28 months and 10 months, respectively, approximately 700 randomised pts are required to obtain 525 PFS events to yield approximately 90% power to detect a statistically significant change in median PFS between treatment arms, with the 2-sided type 1 error limited to 5%. An independent data monitoring committee will monitor safety data during study conduct.

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