



ASSESSMENT OF GRID CONNECTIVITY QUALITY AND ENHANCEMENTS ON AUTOMATIC ESTIMATES ON HOLE BOUNDARY PLACEMENT

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12th Symposium on Overset Composite Grids and Solution Technology, Atlanta, Georgia, October 6 - 9, 2014





OVERVIEW

- Overset grid connectivity quality
 - Review of quality measures that point to sources of orphan points and degradation of solution accuracy
 - Visualization tools in latest OVERGRID
- Hole boundary offset from minimum hole
 - Automatic variable distance estimate (work in progress)
- Summary and conclusions



GRID CONNECTIVITY QUALITY

Fringe points: grid points at outer boundaries and hole boundaries that require interpolation data from another grid

N_F = Number of layers of fringe points requested

| Fringe point | Donor stencil | Treatment | Quality |
|-----------------|----------------------------|---|--|
| Orphan | None | Averaged from neighbors | Poor |
| Mixed | < N _F layers | Fringe points with no donor stencils converted to field points (reduced accuracy) Fringe points with donor stencils get trilinear interpolation | Accepted in most standard practices if number of converted points is a small fraction of total |
| Regular | N _F layers | All fringe points receive trilinear interpolation | Okay – Excellent (varies depending on fringe point / donor stencil compatibility) |



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FRINGE POINTS AND DONOR STENCILS SCENARIOS









OVERGRID (2.3t) DIAGNOSTICS MODULE

| Iblank Analysis | Orphan Analysis | | | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Compute All Compute Selected | Total Display 100000 | | | | |
| Points Total No. % of Total | None All Selected Table | | | | |
| Blanked | Color Black/White Grid # | | | | |
| Fringe | Hole Boundaries Display | | | | |
| Total | None All Selected | | | | |
| Interpolation Stencil Analysis | Converted Fringe Points | | | | |
| Read Show | Total 0 Nfringe 2 | | | | |
| Fringe Pt. / Interp. Stencil Compatibility | None All Selected Table | | | | |
| 0.0 <= Vol. ratio <= 0.01 Show | Color 💿 Grey 💿 Grid # | | | | |
| Color • Grey • Grid # Table | Cut Plane | | | | |
| Negative Jacobians | • 0 • x • y • z Coord 0.0 | | | | |
| Compute Show | Show Cut cells Cut edges Comp | | | | |

- Neighboring grid planes of selected orphan point
- 3-D hole boundaries
- Cut plane over curvilinear and Cartesian cells
- Converted fringe points
- Donor stencil compatibility





ORPHAN POINTS ANALYSIS

Orphan Points Display



Orphan Points Count

Grid # Count

| 5 | 21 | Δ |
|-------|-----|----------|
| 7 | 13 | |
| 8 | 86 | |
| 10 | 2 | |
| 12 | 7 | |
| 13 | 6 | |
| 14 | 13 | |
| 15 | 1 | |
| 18 | 1 | |
| 19 | 1 | |
| 23 | 9 | |
| Total | 160 | |

Previous procedure: Manually select grid planes to display

Current procedure: Mouse pick orphan point

Neighboring Grid Slices Display

| | et w | | 1 | I Slic | s | 22 | ne | | 20 | ale | S- 🗆 🔊 |
|----------------------------|--------|---|----------|--------|---|-----|------|---|-----|------|--------|
| Neighboring Slices Display | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reighboring bloce bisplay | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Grid # | | J | Jmax | | к | Kmax | 1 | L | Lmax | Hide |
| Orphan point | 8 | | 31 | 49 | | 1 | 97 | | 54 | 63 | |
| Orphan grid | 8 | ۰ | 31 | 49 | • | 1 | 97 | • | 54 | 63 | |
| Neighboring grid | 5 | • | 289 | 329 | • | 96 | 96 | • | 53 | 63 | ٠ |
| | 7 | • | 84 | 84 | ٠ | 9 | 97 | • | 54 | 63 | |
| | 10 | • | 205 | 331 | • | 87 | 93 | • | 55 | 63 | ٠ |
| | 11 | • | 39 | 49 | • | 1 | 49 | • | 55 | 63 | ٠ |
| | 12 | • | 1 | 97 | • | 1 | 97 | • | 54 | 63 | • |
| | 18 | • | 119 | 239 | • | 72 | 94 | • | 63 | 63 | • |
| | 23 | • | 55 | 252 | • | 286 | 365 | • | 103 | 195 | • |
| | 24 | • | 53 | 99 | • | 18 | 57 | • | 41 | 81 | • |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

☐ Hide All Slices

Auto display of grid planes from neighboring grids that may cover point







CONSTANT CARTESIAN CUTPLANE

Display options:

- Edges formed by intersection of Cartesian plane and hex cells
- Complete cells cut by Cartesian plane





CONVERTED FRINGE POINTS



Display of level 2 or higher fringe points that have been converted to field points due to insufficient overlap – reduction in solution solver differencing stencil



| Converted Fringe Points | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-------|---|----------|-------|--|--|
| Total 0 Nfringe 2 | | | | | | |
| None | • All | ٠ | Selected | Table | | |
| Color Grey Grid # | | | | | | |

Fringe Repair Points Count

| ana | # 00um | |
|-------|--------|---|
| 4 | 81 | |
| 5 | 65 | |
| 6 | 13 | |
| 7 | 49 | |
| 8 | 223 | |
| 9 | 98 | |
| 10 | 193 | |
| 12 | 241 | |
| 13 | 48 | |
| 14 | 48 | |
| 15 | 65 | |
| 16 | 160 | |
| 18 | 2 | |
| 22 | 1119 | |
| 23 | 1063 | |
| Total | 3468 | |
| | | V |







Vr = ratio of cell volume of fringe point and cell volume of donor stencil Range: 0 < Vr <= 1.0 (smaller volume / larger volume) Display fringe points with Vr inside specified range



| ringe Pt. / Interp. Stencil Compatibility | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|--------------|--|
| 0.0 | <= Vol. rat | tio <= | 0.01 | | now | |
| Color | Grey | 🔿 Gr | id # | Table | | |
| | f | compat | | | - - × | |
| Fringe P | oints and Inte | rpolation | Stencil | Compatib | oility | |
| Grid # | 0.0 <= Vol. rat | tio <= 0.0 | 01 Fracti | on of tot | al | |
| 3 | 271 | | 0.001115 | 5 | | |
| 4 | 160 | | 0.002431 | L | | |
| 8 | 812 | | 0.007737 | 7 | | |
| 11 | 15 | | 0.000425 | 5 | | |
| 12 | 122 | | 0.00438 | 7 | | |
| 16 | 175 | | 0.00121 | 4 | | |
| 17 | 2954 | | 0.01901 | 11 | | |
| 18 | 513 | | 0.00479 | 0 | | |
| 19 | 22251 | | 0.2055 | 12 | | |
| 20 | 493 | | 0.01255 | 9 | | |
| 21 | 1123 | | 0.02860 |)8 | | |
| 22 | 828 | | 0.00342 | 2 | | |
| 23 | 830 | | 0.00649 | 8 | | |
| 24 | 12308 | | 0.1303 | 55 | | |
| 26 | 1291 | | 0.00150 | 00 | | |
| 30 | 28 | | 0.000159 |) | | |
| 34 | 20 | | 0.000173 | 3 | | |
| 36 | 1 | | 0.000002 | | | |
| 37 | 1 | | 0.000008 | _ | | |
| 38 | 198 | | 0.00035 | 8 | | |
| 41 | 473 | | 0.00202 | 6 | | |
| Total | 44867 | | | | | |



HOLE-CUTTING METHODS BEYOND MINIMUM HOLE



Minimum hole

- Blank all points that are inside solid bodies

Offset from Minimum Hole

- Perturb hole boundary points away from solid surface
- Many acceptable solutions

| Hole cut | Implicit | Explicit |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | Find donor stencils for ALL points in volume grid. Use cell attribute criteria to settle on final hole boundary location | User specifies minimum hole cut and offset distance |
| User time | Low | High |
| CPU time | High | Low |



Minimum Hole



Input: flow solver boundary conditions, component ID on solid walls

Automatic

- determination of grid points to be cut by each X-ray
- generation of adaptive X-rays to cut minimum hole
- initial hole boundary offset estimates using wall distance rules
- orphan points removal iterations by adjusting hole boundaries

Publication

Chan, W. M., Pandya, S. A., Rogers, S. E., Efficient Creation of Overset Grid Hole Boundaries and Effects of Their Locations on Aerodynamic Loads, AIAA Paper 2013-3074, AIAA 21st Computational Fluid Dynamics Conference, San Diego, CA, June, 2013

Deficiencies

- Hole boundary offset estimate based on assumption of constant outer boundary extent of near-body grids and iblanks are ignored

HOLE-CUTTING PROCEDURE IN C3P

and the day of the





(3) After 1 orphan removal iteration



(2) Initial hole boundary estimate using wall-distance heuristic rules

Deficiency: May result in many orphan points

(4) After 3 orphan removal iteratio<mark>ns</mark>





OBJECTIVES OF CURRENT WORK

1. Given minimum hole boundary, automatically determine spatially variable offset that results in as few orphan points as possible so that orphan removal iterations can be omitted

2. CPU time for auto offset needs to be no more expensive than orphan removal iterations





For each geometric component, use Cartesian map to determine

- distance to component wall
- local outer boundary extent of component near-body grids after (1) minimum hole cut, (2) near-body hole cut estimate

Distance to main-wing wall

Local outer boundary extent of main-wing near-body grids after near-body hole cut



Volume grid outer boundary of main-wing

HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE PROCEDURE (1) (Near-Body Grids Blanking)



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Starting point: minimum hole

- **D**_w = distance to wall of another component
- $D_n = distance to wall of own component$

 N_F = no. of layers of requested fringe points

Mid-distance rule:

- For each ray from surface, find first index L_{mid} in normal direction L where $D_w < D_n$

- Blank all points $L > L_{mid} + N_F$







HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE 69° Delta-wing / Body / Sting (AIAA Sonic Boom Workshop) 32.6 million points, 17 grids



Previous: 1674 orphans

New: 1042 orphans

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HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE Subsonic Wing/Body: Common Research Model (CRM) 17.8 million points, 14 grids



Previous: 513 orphans

New: 34 orphans





HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE

Tank and Booster 28.5 million points, 6 grids

Orphan point



New: 2 orphans





HOLE BOUNDARY ESTIMATE TEST CASE Fuselage with Slat, Wing, and Flap High Lift System (Trapwing) 50.6 million points, 24 grids



Previous: 85000 orphans

New: 32 orphans



156.5 million points, 66 grids



Previous: 61200 orphans

New: 693 orphans





TEST CASES AND RESULTS

CPU time to perform minimum hole cut, hole boundary estimate, donor stencil search, and I/O

Linux workstation, 8 OpenMP threads

| Test Case | # Grid pts (x10 ⁶) | Previous | | New | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|----------|--|
| | | # orphans | CPU time | # orphans | CPU time | |
| Delta Wing | 32.6 | 1674 | 30s | 1042 | 26s | |
| CRM | 17.8 | 513 | 25s | 34 | 24s | |
| Core/SRB | 28.5 | 112500 | 46s | 2 | 36s | |
| Trapwing | 50.6 | 85000 | 94s | 32 | 73s | |
| D8 blend nac. | 156.5 | 61200 651s | | 693 | 600s | |
| | | | | | | |

removal iterations

Can stop here for cases 2,3,4

New time ~ 77% – 96% of previous time





Overset grid connectivity quality visualization in OVERGRID (2.3t)

- Various displays related to grid connectivity
- Facilitate rapid location of
 - sources of orphan points
 - local degradation of solution accuracy due to reduction in differencing stencils, or large discrepancies in inter-grid cell sizes

Improved spatially variable hole boundary offset from minimum hole

- Successful use of distance rules requires local estimates enabled by Cartesian maps
 - Distance to wall
 - Outer boundary extent of near-body grids with iblanks accounting
- Rules for near-body grids, off-body grids, collar grids
- Compared to previous procedure
 - Significant reduction in number of orphan points (most cases)
 - Reduction in CPU time