



Agenda



- Introduction
- IADS system architecture
- IADS system capabilities
- Partnership opportunities

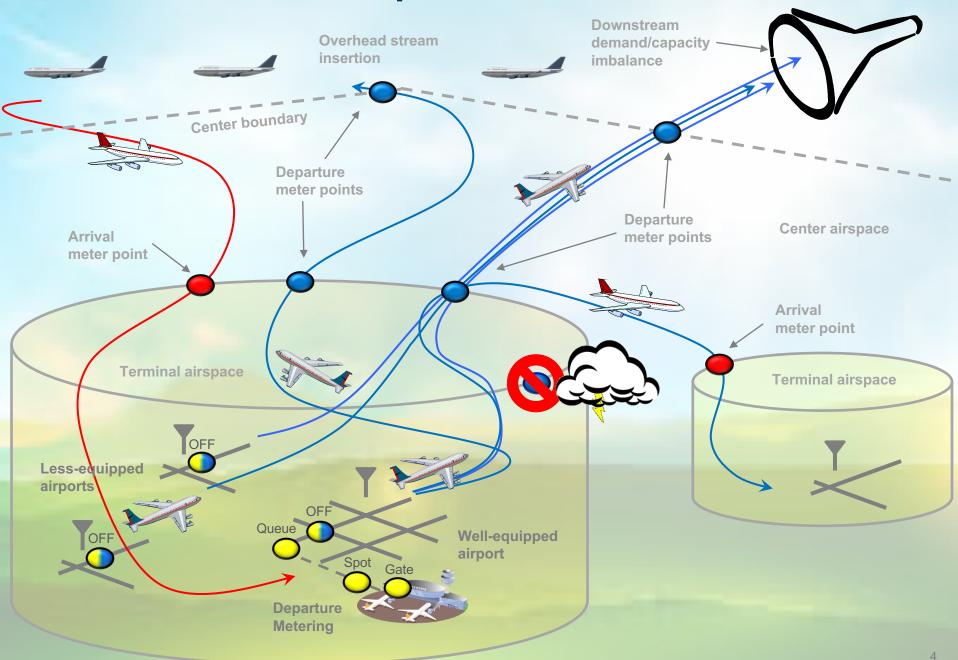


Project Objectives†



- DEVELOP an integrated arrival/departure/surface (IADS) prediction, scheduling and management system for a metroplex environment
- ENABLE use of collaborative decision-making that is consistent with FAA's Surface Collaborative Decision Making (CDM) ConOps
 - through increased information sharing of prediction and scheduling information between airport, flight operator, and ATC
- QUANTIFY current day shortfalls and evaluate the system-level performance for benefits in terms of predictability, efficiency, and throughput
 - using metrics established by NASA and stakeholders
- DEMONSTRATE the ATD-2 technologies in an operationally relevant environment with system capable of performing under continuous daily use
- TRANSFER an integrated set of technologies to the FAA, airlines, airports, and suppliers

ATD-2 IADS Operational Environment

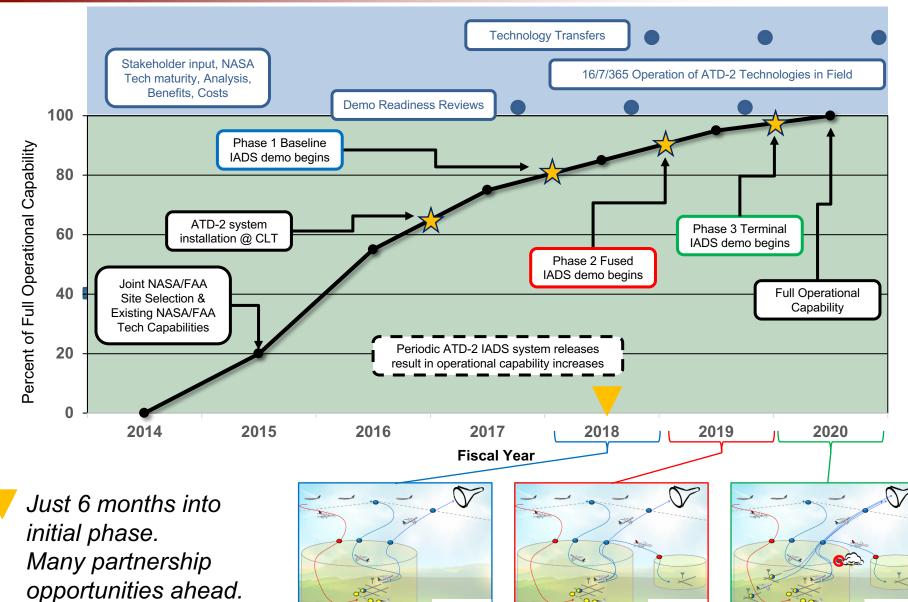




Field Demo Timeline



Phase 3



Phase 1

Phase 2



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ATD-2 IADS System





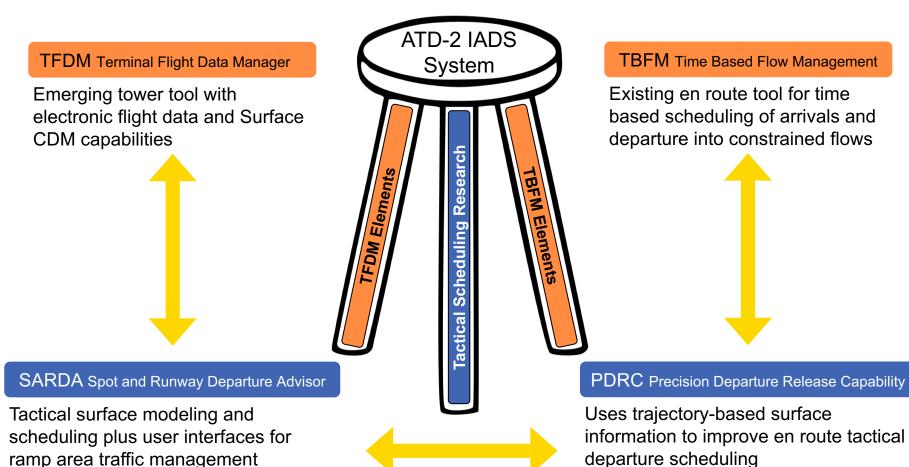
giving traffic managers the tools to reduce congestion.



ATD-2 is Technology Integration



ATD-2 combines existing and emerging FAA technologies with technologies developed through NASA research to create an Integrated Arrival/Departure/Surface (IADS) traffic management system for the metroplex.





Resource

ATD-2 IADS Logical Architecture







Management
Surface
Surface
Modeler
Scheduler

Strategic
Planning
Tools
Electronic
Flight Data

Traffic Flow Data

IDST Web
Services
Proxy
Situational
Display

TFDM SWIM
Engine
Comm.
Manager

Planning & Multi-System Metrics, Restriction Reporting & Restriction

Manager

Schedule Multi-airport
Orchestrator Web Display

Engine

Metrics,
Reporting & Surface
Analysis Scheduler

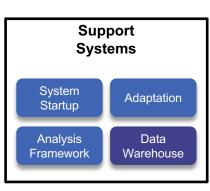
Terminal
Resource
Manager

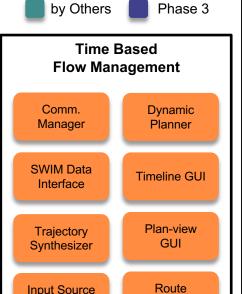
Event Based
Surface
Surface
Scheduler

What-If
Resolver

by NASA

Real-time Infrastructure Message Bus Real-time Repository DASH





IDAC Web Services Routing

Tool

Manager



External interfaces via SWIM and SWIM extensions

by FAA

ATD-2 External Systems

Air Carriers

EOBT SWIM Airline RTC Display

Airport Authority

SWIM Airport

Ingest

Airport Processing Industry

SWIM
Ingest

What If

Stakeholders

SWIM
Ingest

Analyzer



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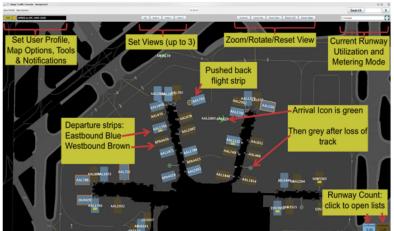


ATD-2 IADS User Interfaces

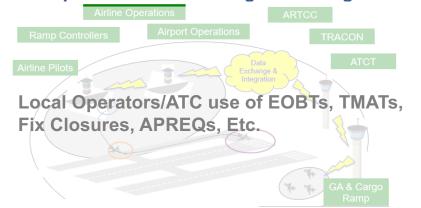


ATD-2 is a *field demonstration* that evaluates the benefits of *wholistic consideration* of arrival, departure and surface (*IADS*) traffic flows while introducing new technologies and procedures into its *collaborative operational environment*

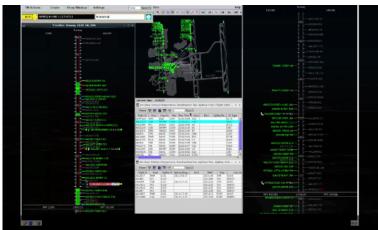
Collaborative Surface Metering w/Ramp Tool



ATC/Operator Data Exchange and Integration



Overhead Stream Operational Integration



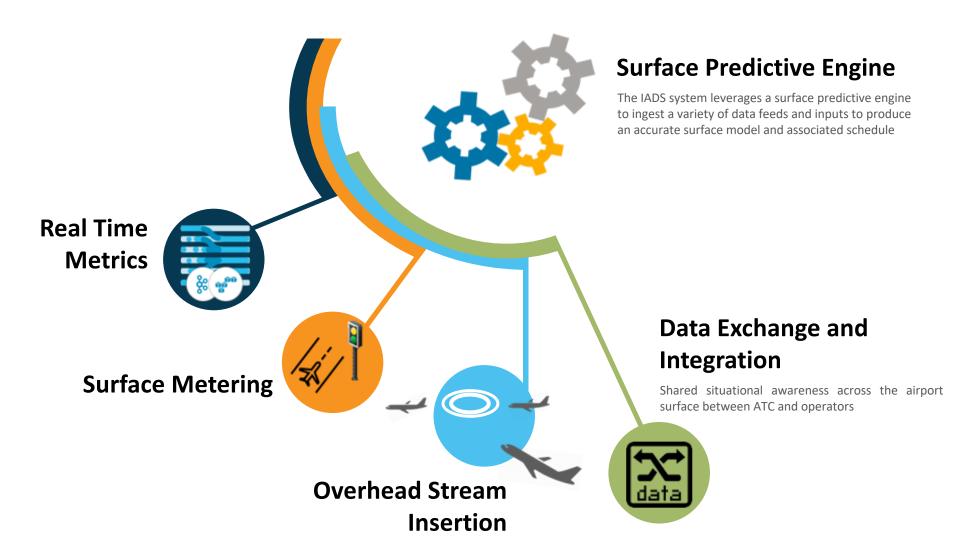
Collaborative Planning the Real-Time Flow





IADS Phase 1 Capabilities

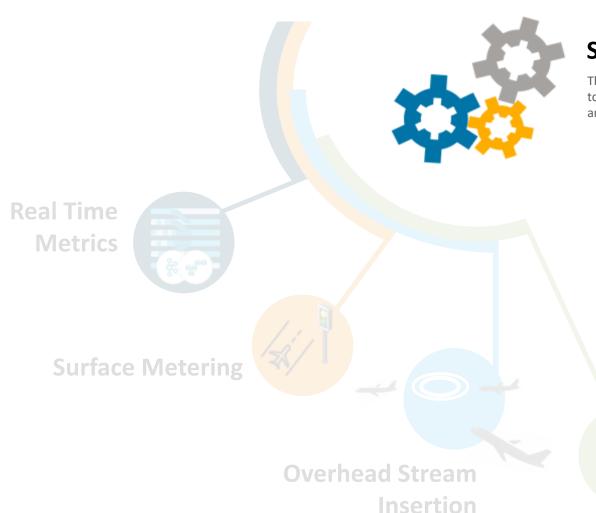






IADS Phase 1 Capabilities





Surface Predictive Engine

The IADS system leverages a surface predictive engine to ingest a variety of data feeds and inputs to produce an accurate surface model and associated schedule

Data Exchange and Integration

Shared situational awareness across the airport surface between ATC and operators



Automation Assisted Capacity Prediction



ATC TMC Runway
Utilization Intent

TRACON controller runway intent

Highly accurate
TBFM de-conflicted
ON time estimate

TFM SWIM ETAs

TMIs. Controlled Take Off Times (CTOT)

Carrier provided EOBTs

Tactical airline intent___(ramp controller)

Surface

Automation

Assisted

Capacity

Predictions



Surface modeling logic

- Earliest IN time estimate
- Earliest OFF time estimate
- Latest OUT estimate
- Pushback duration model
- Ramp and AMA taxi time
- Hovering logic

Scheduling Logic:

- Converging runways
- Flight spacing requirements
- Dual use runways
- Runway crossing delays
- Departure fix separation
- Use of flight state

Capacity predictions are calculated and automatically used in surface metering calculations without required manual user ADR input.



Helps answer the questions:

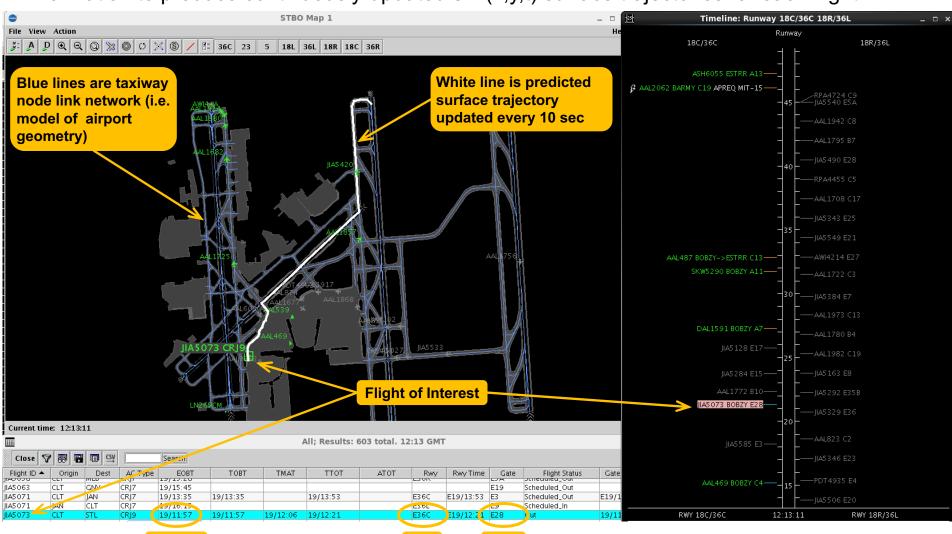
- How much runway capacity do I have for a specific flight, on a specific runway, at a specific time given the current runway utilization strategy?
- What queue time/length should this flight expect?



IADS Surface Modeling



The IADS surface modeler combines airport geometry with flight-specific intent and status information to produce continuously-updated 3D (x,y,t) surface trajectories for each flight.



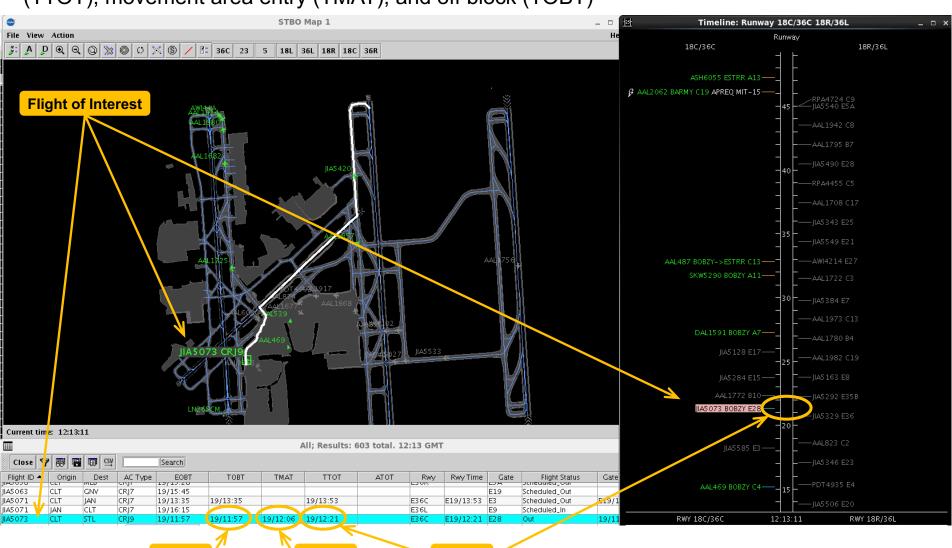


TOB1

IADS Surface Scheduling



The IADS surface scheduler uses surface modeler inputs to produce target times for takeoff (TTOT), movement area entry (TMAT), and off block (TOBT)



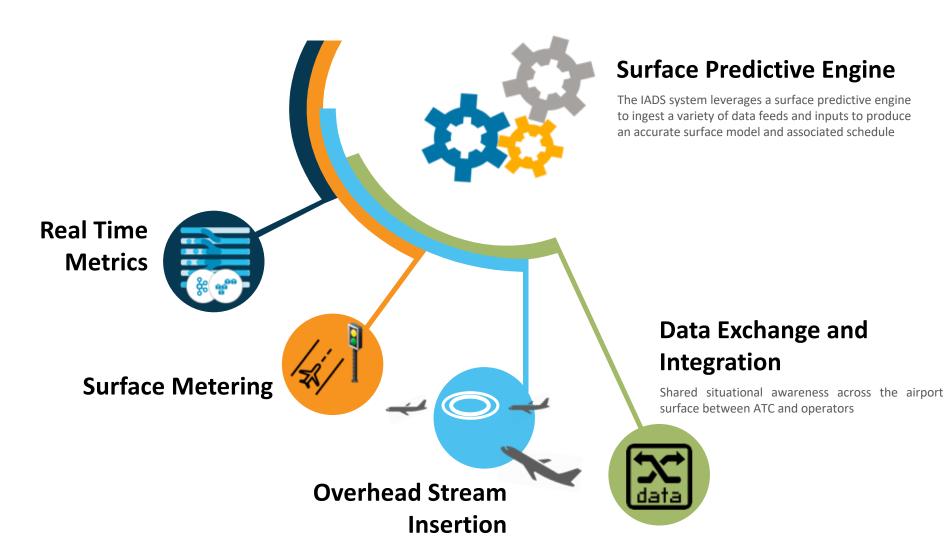
TTOT

TMAT



IADS Phase 1 Capabilities



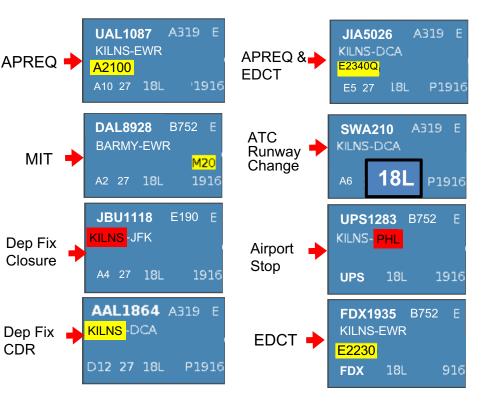




ATC/Operator Data Exchange and Integration AT 12 Foundational for Advanced Surface Capability

ATC to Operator

Displayed in Ramp Operations



Better gate conflict information

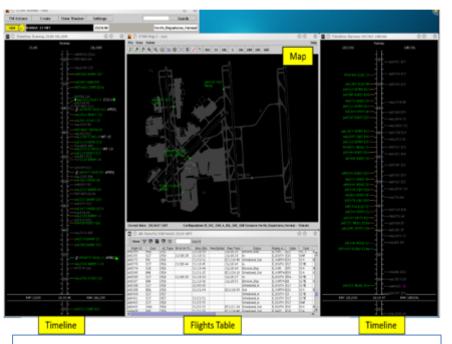
Better runway intent information

Operator to ATC

ATC Use of Earliest OFF Block Times (EOBT)

EOBT prediction accuracy increases at:

- 10m prior. 40.9% more accurate w/17.6% more predictability
- 15m prior. 27.8% more accurate w/8.7% more predictability
- 20m prior. 35.1% more accurate w/6.7% more predictability
- For 25 minutes and greater. EOBTs are same as legacy

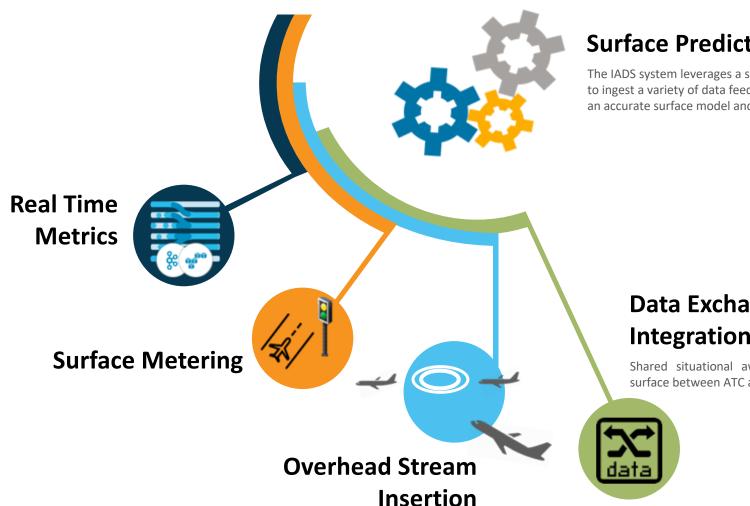


TMC Planning Display with Traffic Forecast



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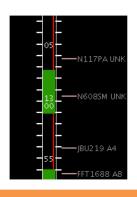
Data Exchange and Integration

Shared situational awareness across the airport surface between ATC and operators



Collaborative Nature of Overhead Stream Insertion

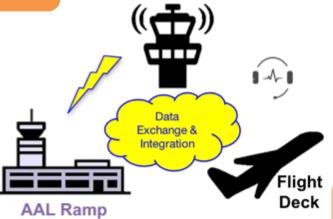




2) TMC electronically negotiates with ZDC for a time based on red/green space

IDAC-style scheduling between IADS at CLT and TBFM at ZDC

CLT ATCT & TRACON



Washington ARTCC (ZDC)



3) ZDC TMC approves or adjusts the time based on center constraints

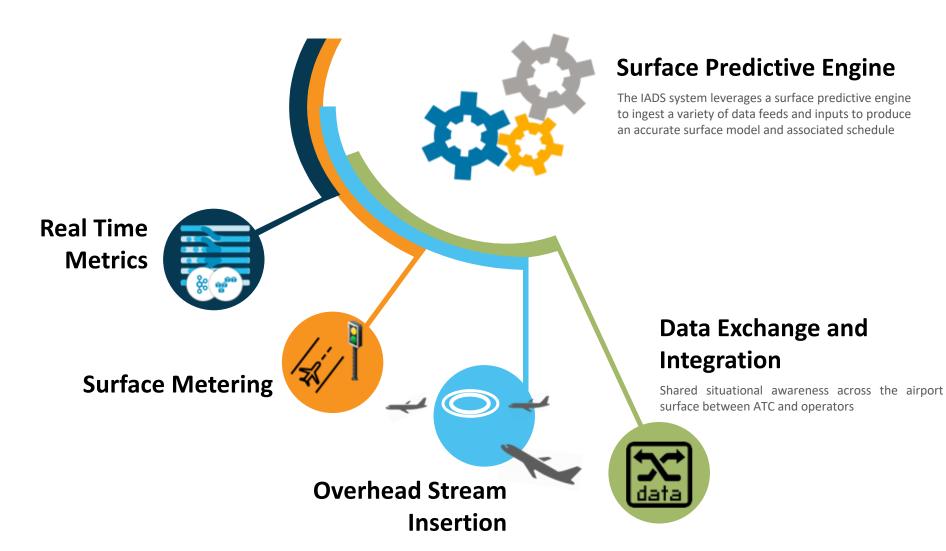
4) Ramp utilizes the now visible APREQ time on their strips and pushback advisories

1) Pilot calls into clearance delivery approximately 10 min prior to push back for APREQ



IADS Phase 1 Capabilities



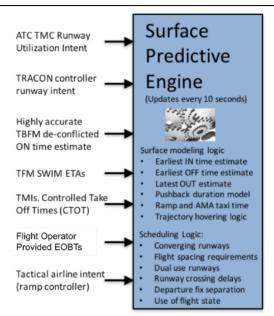




ATT Surface Metering Process Flow Overview



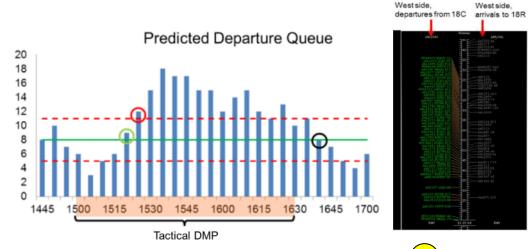
Generate Demand and Capacity Predictions



Enable Metering. Set Hold 3 Level



Monitor Surface Demand Capacity Imbalances



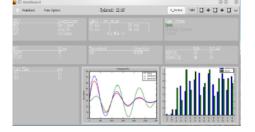
"What If" available. If Surface Metering, Go to Step

Honor TOBT and TMAT advisories



18C

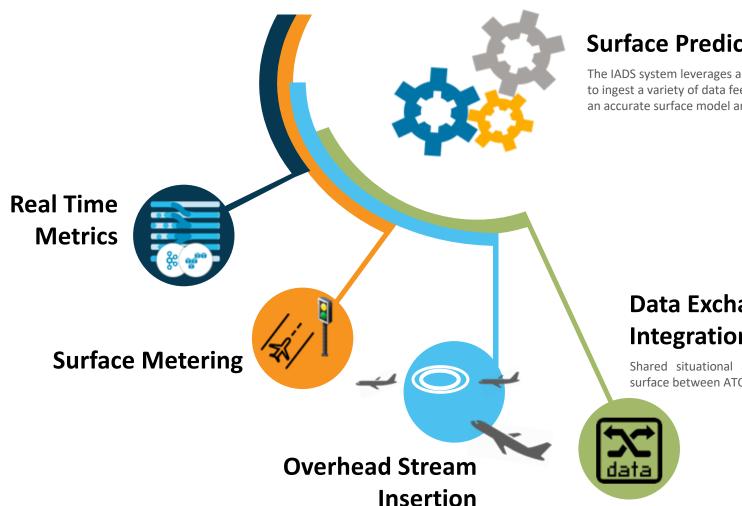
Evaluate Metering Effectiveness





IADS Phase 1 Capabilities





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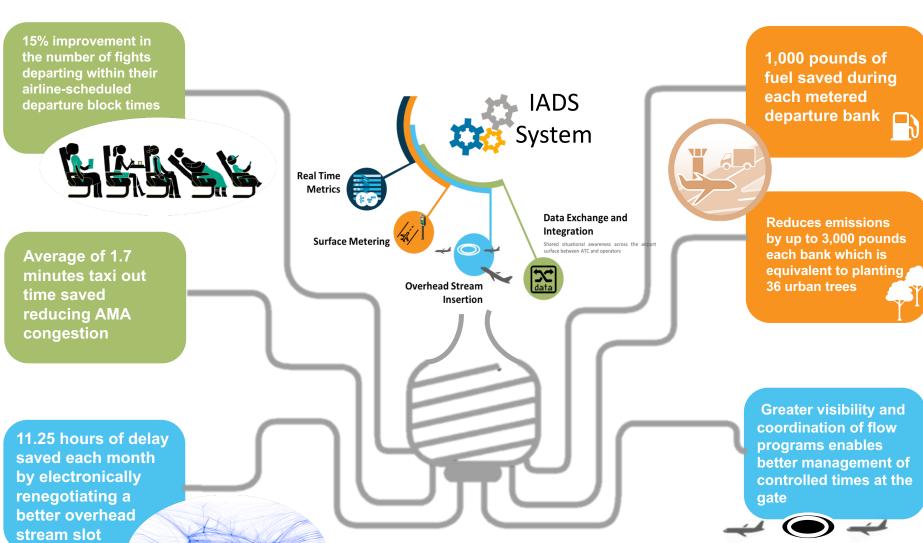
Data Exchange and Integration

Shared situational awareness across the airport surface between ATC and operators



IADS System Benefits







Looking Ahead











Phase 2 Development

Fused IADS Demonstration

Agile Development Process

Continued engagement with field demo partners to evolve the system

Foundational Groundwork for Phase 3

Leveraging IADS in North Texas

Leveraging Operational Data

Iterating with Field Demo Partners to address metrics needs



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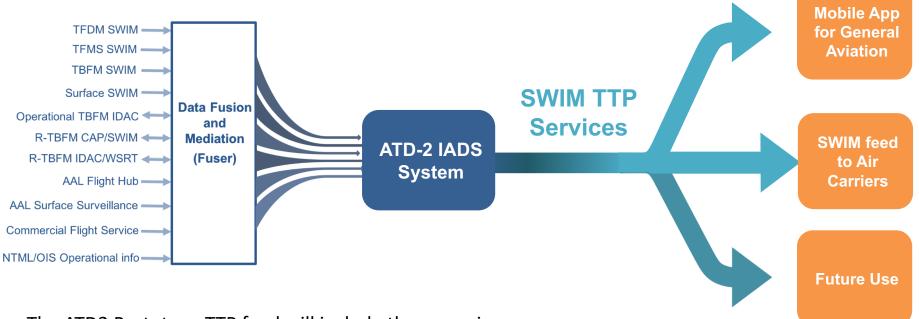


IADS Data Sharing via Prototype TTP



NASA and the FAA are collaborating to provide a prototype TFDM Terminal Publication (TTP) feed via SWIM R&D network as part of the ATD-2 Field Demonstration

Applications that Leverage the TTP Prototype Feed



The ATD2 Prototype TTP feed will include these services:

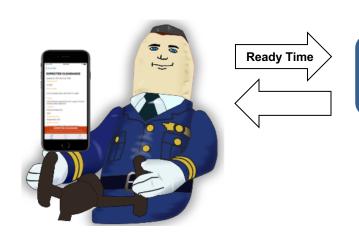
- Flight Data
- Airport Information
- Traffic Management Restrictions
- Flight Delay
- Operational Metrics



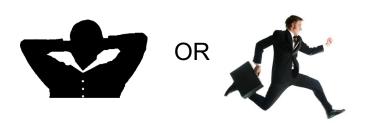
IADS Data Sharing via Mobile App

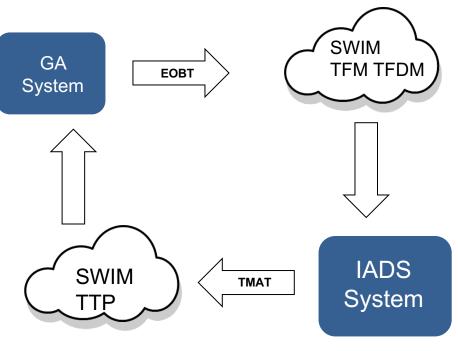


Pilots submit a *Ready-to-Taxi Time (RTT) / Earliest Off-Block Time (EOBT)* for each flight via Mobile App



Pilot can now tell passengers to either relax or get ready to leave





- NASA, the FAA, and MITRE are collaborating to provide a prototype Mobile App for use during the ATD-2 Field Demo
- Objective is to refine concept and transfer to industry for further development



ATD-2 Notice of Opportunity





https://www.fbo.gov/spg/NASA/ARC/OPDC20220/ATD-2 Industry Technology Evolution Collaboration/listing.html

ATD-2 has posted a Notice of Opportunity on FedBizOpps

- Objective: Identify requirements for a successful technology transfer to industry
- Opened on Apr 6th
- Closes on May 11th
- May lead to collaboration enabled via Space Act Agreement (SAA)
- Not exclusive technology transfer is not limited to partners entering into SAA



Remote Demos / Webinars



- Approximately one webinar per month
- Routinely host 60-80 attendees
- Six sessions recorded and available for replay
- Latest schedule, access info, and recorded sessions online at:

https://aviationsystemsdivision.arc.nasa.gov/research/atd2/remote_demos.shtml

ATD-2 Remote Demos

To Join...

- Go to: https://ac.arc.nasa.gov/atd2/
 Enter as a guest and type your name. NASA Employees can log-in with their email and
 password (NDC Credentials).
- Dial the Telecon Number: 1-844-467-6272, Passcode: 592382#

Demo Objectives

- Keep broad group of ATD-2 stakeholders informed of progress in an inexpensive and unobtrusive manner
- Demonstrate actual system capability and lessons learned (as opposed to documents/plans)
- Take input from stakeholders that can be used to improve the ATD-2 system, processes and/or outreach
- Identify areas where more detailed discussion is desired/warranted



Breakout Session Discussion



- Seeking input from industry regarding effective technology transfer
- What are the key barriers to effective technology transfer?
- What can NASA do to reduce these barriers?
- What specific collaboration topics are of value to industry?





Backup



Phase 1: Baseline IADS Demonstration





- CLT ATCT control positions
- Baseline electronic flight data capability via TFDM EFD



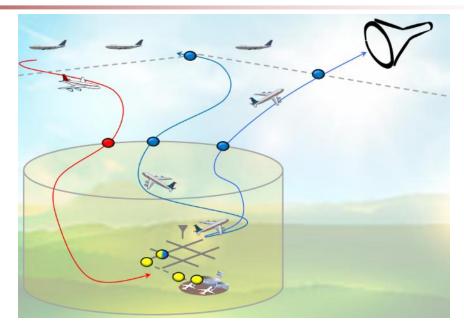
- AAL ramp controller and manager positions
- Tactical pushback advisories via RTC/RMTC display

Surface CDM



- All positions as needed
- Predictive mode: strategic metering info for situational awareness and analysis

Surface Components



Phase 1 Demonstration Goals

- Evaluate the Baseline IADS capability
- Enhance American Airlines CLT "departure sequencing" procedure with ATD-2 surface tactical metering
- Demonstrate improved compliance for a significant percentage of tactical TMIs
- Mature strategic Surface CDM capability via operational use, analysis, and feedback
- Reduce ATCT workload by replacing paper strips with EFD



- CLT ATCT TMU position
- Tactical departure scheduling capability via STBO display



- ZDC TMU
- Tactical departure scheduling via modified TBFM/IDAC

Airspace Components

Interfaces to external systems via SWIM plus ATD-2 SWIM extensions



★ = IADS user interface



Phase 2: Fused IADS Demonstration





- Phase 1 capability plus:
- Include IADS info on EFD



- · Phase 1 capability plus:
- Fused scheduler pushback advisories honor strategic TMATs

Surface CDM



- Phase 1 capability plus:
- Prescriptive mode: strategic TMATs applied as constraints in fused scheduler

Surface Components

Phase 2 Demonstration Goals

- Evaluate the Fused IADS system capability
- Demonstrate benefits of strategic surface metering during periods of significant demand/capacity imbalance
- Enhance tactical surface metering to improve *non movement* area predictability and throughput
- Evaluate inclusion of IADS data on EFD
- Expand to demonstrate more scheduling scenarios for Washington and Atlanta Centers



- Phase 1 capability plus:
- · Improvements as needed

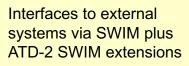


- Phase 1 capability plus:
- Expand to ZTL TMU
- · Integrate with arrival metering



- CLT TRACON TMU
- ATD-2 UI for TMI entry and situational awareness

Airspace Components









Phase 3: Metroplex IADS Demonstration





- Phase 2 capability plus:
- Integrate EFD with ATD-2 scheduling and metering



- Phase 2 capability plus:
- Improvements as needed

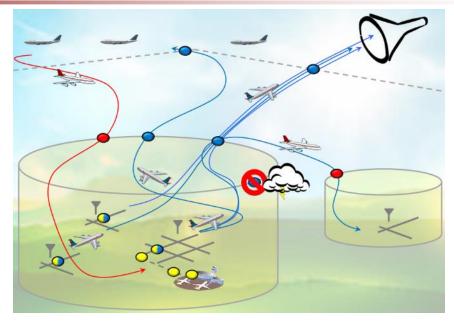
Surface CDM



- Phase 2 capability plus:
- · Improvements as needed

Surface Components

Interfaces to external systems via SWIM plus ATD-2 SWIM extensions



Phase 3 Demonstration Goals

- Evaluate the Metroplex IADS system capability
- Integrate EFD with ATD-2 scheduling
- Mature and enhance core ATD-2 capabilities
- Enhance CLT tactical surface metering to improve movement area predictability and throughput
- Reduce delay and increase throughput under Metroplex departure constraints [NOTE: Metroplex Coordinator to be demonstrated for DFW TRACON (D10) environment via HITL or field experiment]



- Phase 2 capability plus:
- · Improvements as needed



- Phase 2 capability plus:
- · Improvements as needed



- Phase 2 capability plus:
- Metroplex coordinator implemented for DFW TRACON (D10) environment

Airspace Components







