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Ecological risk assessment of microplastics in the marine environment

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The presence of microplastics in the marine environment has been an issue of concern for over a decade now, but the environmental risks of microplastics in marine environments have, to date, not been addressed and quantified. The environmental risk assessment of microplastics presented here quantifies, based on a regulatory framework for assessing environmental risks of pollutants, safe concentrations for the marine pelagic and marine benthic compartment. Above these safe concentrations adverse biological effects are likely to occur. At most locations, the in situ concentrations in the upper pelagic compartment remain below the safe concentration. However, even today, we found a potential risk in sites that are heavily polluted with buoyant microplastics. As human populations continue to grow, and if our dependence on plastic does not change under a business as usual approach, we may expect a steady and substantial increase in microplastics are to be expected on highly polluted beaches and in coastal ecosystems as of the second half of this century if plastics emissions are not reduced.

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Risk perception of microplastics. An explorative study identifying aspects potentially influential in risk perception of microplastics

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Although microplastics result from human activities and concern human societies and nat- ural environments, public risk perception has gained rather little scientific attention from social