Early Action on HFCs Mitigates Future Atmospheric Change



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HFCs Replace the CFCs and HCFCs

- Second-generation replacements for the CFCs and HCFCs, the ozone-depleting substances that caused the 'ozone hole'
- Strong radiative forcers (GWPs of 1,000-10,000)
- Long-lived (atmospheric lifetimes ~20 years)



WMO Scientific Assessment of Ozone Depletion, 2010

What might the climate and ozone impacts of HFCs be by 2050?



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HFCs Effects Simulated with an Atmospheric CCM

- 2000-2050 simulations with an atmospheric chemistry-climate model (NASA GSFC 2D model, Fleming et al., 2011)
- Includes effects of HFCs on atmospheric temperature, circulation and stratospheric chemistry



HFCs Contribute to 2050 Atmospheric Change

Mitigation Scenarios Reduce Future HFC Emissions

SSP3 and SSP5 scenarios, Velders et al. (2015) & Business-as-usual scenario, Miller and Kuijpers (2011)

Mitigation Scenarios Reduce Future HFC Impacts

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Kigali Amendment Reduces HFC Radiative Forcing

Calculations courtesy of Paul Newman & Guus Velders

HFC Proxy Suggests Response Similar to CO₂

• Sensitivity simulations with the ocean-atmosphere GEOS chemistryclimate model (updated from Li et al., 2016)

HFC Mitigation Scenarios

HFC Proxy Suggests Response Similar to CO₂

- Sensitivity simulations with the ocean-atmosphere GEOS chemistryclimate model (updated from Li et al., 2016)
- Interactive stratospheric chemistry
- No HFCs **CFC-11 Without Polar** $2xCO_2$ **Ozone Depletion** 17ppb CFC-11 Annual Cycle of Ozone [ppmv] S 5 45 8 **Response** at **70hPa** CFC-11 \sim 200 **Response pattern indicates enhanced Brewer-Dobson circulation**

GEOSCCM simulations with fully coupled HFCs are in progress ...

Summary

- HFCs could contribute substantially to anthropogenic climate change by the mid-21st century, particularly in the upper troposphere and lower stratosphere
- HFC mitigation scenarios demonstrate the benefits of taking early action in avoiding future atmospheric change
 - More than 90% of the climate change impacts of HFCs can be avoided if emissions stop by 2030

Hurwitz, M. M., E. L. Fleming, P. A. Newman, F. Li, and Q. Liang (2016). Early action on HFCs mitigates future atmospheric change. Environmental Research Letters, 11, 114019, doi:10.1088/1748-9326/11/11/114019.