# **Nuclear Thermal Propulsion (NTP) and Power A New Capability for Outer Planet Science and Exploration**



 Imagine Cassini class mission at Uranus or Neptune Curiosity class rover possible on Triton • Cut trip times









NTP SLS Combination Provides New Capability for Science at the Ice Giants and Beyond

### How best to use NTP?





- Ground Rules & Assumptions:
- Direct flight to target planets
- NTP engine (3.5 mT engine mass, 850 s lsp, 25,000
- lbf thrust, LH2 propellant)
- ◆ All Earth Departures take place from a C3 = -10
  - km2/s2

#### Fission products produced in one week at a LEU university research reactor = 1 entire Roundtrip Mars mission using NTP



The use of LEU reduces cost, lowers the risk and should dramatically decrease the regulatory burden.



• SLS to C3 =  $-10 \text{ km}^2/\text{s}^2$ : 42.8 mt

Length in 62.7ft SLS fairing for S/C: 17.8 m

• Falcon Heavy to C3 = -10 km2/s2: 15 mt

Length in 13.1m FH fairing for S/C: <13 m</p>

NTP is dropped off after departure burn

Captures at outer planets are into elliptical orbits w/ apoapses at moons' distances

Capture is done w/ storable prop (lsp = 320 sec)

SLS + SRM comparison case done with a STAR 63F-derived motor (Isp = 295 sec)

# **On-going Work**

The goal of current NTP project is to determine the feasibility and affordability of a Low **Enriched Uranium** (LEU)-based NTP engine with solid cost and schedule confidence.



Exhaust Capture









Current NTP systems can

be designed to use Low

Enriched Uranium (LEU)

impact on performance.

Past NTP systems used

security

Highly Enriched Uranium

(HEU) requiring maximum

with minimal (or no)





🛧 Project Lead

Other Gov't Agency

## **Other Future Possibilities?**

 Using NTP for braking at mission destination using advancements in **Cryogenic Fluid Management**  NTP reactor providing multiple kWe electric power for entire mission • Other potential users showing interest



"Specific investments include development of .... and rapid transit nuclear thermal propulsion technology utilizing low-enriched uranium that could potentially provide 20 percent shorter travel time to Mars while substantially improving mission flexibility."