



University of Groningen

The	effects	of	OXV	vtocine	in	autism
		•		,		~~

Groen, Yvonne; Althaus, Monika; Oosterhoff, Menno; van Balkom, Ingrid; Hoekstra, Pieter J.

IMPORTANT NOTE: You are advised to consult the publisher's version (publisher's PDF) if you wish to cite from it. Please check the document version below.

Publication date:

Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database

Citation for published version (APA):

Groen, Y., Althaus, M., Oosterhoff, M., van Balkom, I., & Hoekstra, P. J. (2017). The effects of oxytocine in autism: De werking van oxytocine bij autisme. Poster session presented at Symposium on Interpersonal Dynamics, Zwolle, Netherlands.

Copyright

Other than for strictly personal use, it is not permitted to download or to forward/distribute the text or part of it without the consent of the author(s) and/or copyright holder(s), unless the work is under an open content license (like Creative Commons).

If you believe that this document breaches copyright please contact us providing details, and we will remove access to the work immediately and investigate your claim.

Downloaded from the University of Groningen/UMCG research database (Pure): http://www.rug.nl/research/portal. For technical reasons the number of authors shown on this cover page is limited to 10 maximum.

Download date: 11-02-2018

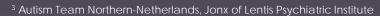
The effects of oxytocin in autism



Yvonne Groen¹, Monika Althaus², Menno Oosterhoff³, Ingrid D.C. van Balkom³, Pieter J. Hoekstra²

university of groningen ¹ University of Groningen, Department of Clinical and Developmental Neuropsychology

² University of Groningen, University Medical Center Groningen, Department of Child- and Adolescent Psychiatry





Objective

A randomized controlled crossover trial with oxytocin nasal spray (one dose of 24 EU) was conducted to investigate effects of oxytocin in young adult males with autism. Autism Spectrum Disorder is ...

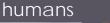
- A lifelong developmental disorder
- Characterized by deficits in social interaction and communication, and restricted interests and behavior patterns
- Associated with altered social cognition and emotion processing

Organ of smell Brain stem Nasal cavity

Oxytocin is ...

- Produced in the hypothalamus
 - A hormone influencing a.o. digestion and sex organs
- A neurotransmitter influencing social cognition and emotion processing
- Involved in calm, healing and love

Picture viewing task



scenes

neutral



positive





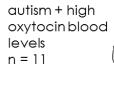
negative

Brain responses (EEG) to emotions in humans

placebo

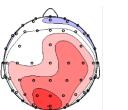


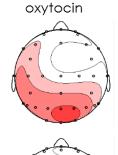


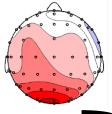


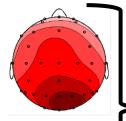
autism + high sensitivity to distress of others n = 16



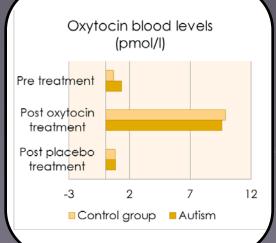












Sensitivity to distress of others, example items from the IRI:
"I sometimes feel helpless when I am in the middle of a very emotional situation"
"When I see someone who

"When I see someone who badly needs help in an emergency, I go to pieces"

Oxytocin enhances brain responses to positive emotions in humans in males with autism having:

- high sensitivity to distress of others
- ✓ high pre treatment oxytocin blood levels

Oxytocin nasal spray improves affective empathy in a select group of males with autism

E-mail: y.groen@rug.nl