



University of Groningen

Synthese en	chemie van	4-azahomoad	lamantan-5-on
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Document Version Publisher's PDF, also known as Version of record

Publication date: 1969

Link to publication in University of Groningen/UMCG research database

Citation for published version (APA):

Korsloot, J. G. (1969). Synthese en chemie van 4-azahomoadamantan-5-on Groningen: s.n.

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Download date: 11-02-2018

SUMMARY

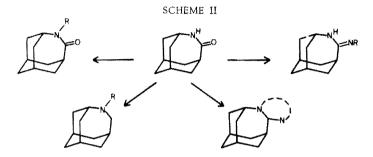
This thesis deals with the synthesis of 4-azatricyclo- $\begin{bmatrix} 4.3.1.1 \\ ^{3.8} \end{bmatrix}$ undecan-5-one (4-azahomoadamantan-5-one) and derivatives thereof. Moreover a new and convenient synthesis of 4-hydroxyadamantan-2-one is described.

After an introductory chapter, a review of the literature on variations of the adamantane skeleton and on the pharmacological and anti-viral properties of adamantane derivatives is given in chapter two.

The synthesis of 4-azahomoadamantan-5-one is the subject of chapter three. The Beckmann rearrangement of adamantanone oxime was shown to be a very complicated reaction, the product composition depending on the catalyst employed. With polyphosphoric acid the expected 4-azatricyclo [4.3.1.13,8] undecan-5-one was mainly obtained. With hydrogen chloride in acetonitrile adamantanone oxime also underwent rearrangement to the lactam, but in addition a fragmentation known as the "Beckmann fission" was observed. In this way bicyclo[3.3.1]non-6-ene-3-carbonitrile was obtained. Surprisingly a Ritter reaction of this unsaturated nitrile in concentrated sulfuric acid yielded 4-hydroxyadamantan-2-one as the main product. Isomerisation of the secondary hydroxy compound in the strongly acidic medium did not occur. A still more convenient synthesis of 4-hydroxyadamantan-2-one was possible by treating adamantanone oxime itself with concentrated sulfuric acid. The main reactions are shown in scheme I.

In chapter four the synthesis of derivatives of 4-azaho-moadamantan-5-one is described. Four types of products were prepared as is shown in scheme II:

- 1. alkylated or acylated 4-azahomoadamantan-5-ones.
- 2. substituted 5-imino-4-azahomoadamantanes.
- 3. alkylated 4-azahomoadamantanes.
- 4. heterocycles fused with 4-azahomoadamantane.



Furthermore the first synthesis of a diazadihomoadamantane was achieved by a Beckmann rearrangement of 4-azahomoadamantan-5-one oxime.

Finally the results of an investigation about the pharmacological and anti-viral properties of the synthesized compounds are given in chapter five. It was found that some of the compounds showed anti-viral and/or hypotensive activities.