The investigation psychosocial status of 6-16 people in Ardabil city and family APGAR of them in 1382 years

**Backgrounds and Objective**: Investigations show that 12-25% of school aged children effect to a behavioral disorder that this levels in low-income family and single-parent families are higher.

This study was performed in order to investigation psychosocial status of 6-16 years-old peoples in Ardabil city and family APGAR of them in 1382 years.

**Methods**: This study was cross-sectional and descriptive analytical research, were selected using cluster sampling method, from primary and school’s girl and son students and sampling from clusters performed by Random’s sampling. The Data were collected using pediatric symptoms checklist in clued 35 standard questions. APGAR questionnaire included 25 questions and 5 questions regarding demographic specification. This collected data were analyzed using SPSS and descriptive analytic last and data reported in 9 tables.

**Results**: The findings indicated that (51.5%) of samples had 6-11 years-old, (63.9%) were male and (36.1%) were female (17.9%) samples were 2 levels of primary school, (14.7%) were in 3 levels of schools, (92.1%) had psychosocial disorders. Investigate APGAR of family status showed that in (89.7%) was good.

**Conclusions**: Therefore others studies show psc checklist for investigate psychosocial status of 6-16 years students in favorable but it is possible psychosocial disorders on have significant’s related that this study showed this result.