Clinicopathological study of peripheral odontogenic fibromas (WHO-type) in Malaysians (1967-95)

Type:
Article

Abstract:
Analysis of case records of 46 patients with peripheral odontogenic fibroma (1967-95) diagnosed in the Division of Stomatology, Institute for Medical Research, Kuala Lumpur, disclosed a relatively young age of onset (mean, 32.2 Sears; range 5 months-64 years; peak incidence second decade of life), a slight female preponderance (M:F ratio 1:1.3), no racial predilection, a slight bias towards location in the mandible (52%) and a wide histomorphological range. All cases were treated by simple excision, Follow-up records mere generally not available, so we do not know what the recurrence rate is.

Keyword:
Adolescent, adult, article, child, clinical article, female, fibroma, human, incidence, infant, Malaysia, male, mandible, odontogenic tumor, onset age, sex difference, Age of Onset, Animals, Child, Preschool, Ethnic Groups, Humans, Jaw Neoplasms, Middle Aged, Odontogenic Tumors, Sex Ratio

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