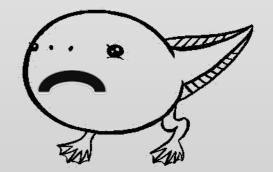


A History of Supra-Arcade Downflows & Their Connection to Reconnection

Sabrina Savage Marshall Space Flight Center



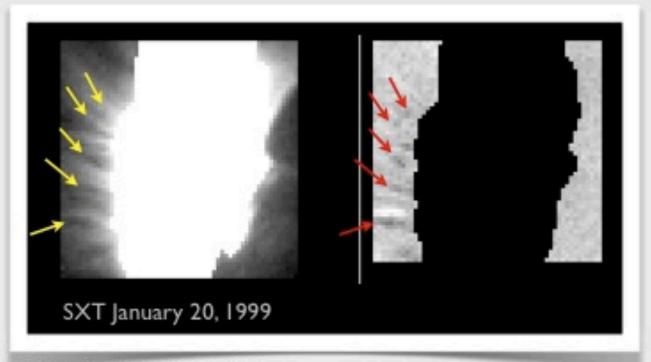
"Sadpoles"

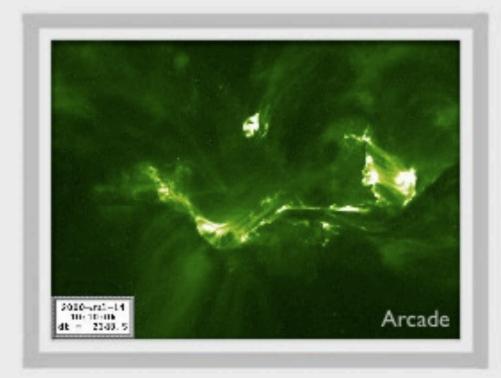


Collaborators: Gordon Holman (GSFC), David McKenzie (MSU), Katharine Reeves (SAO), Dan Seaton (ROB-SIDC)

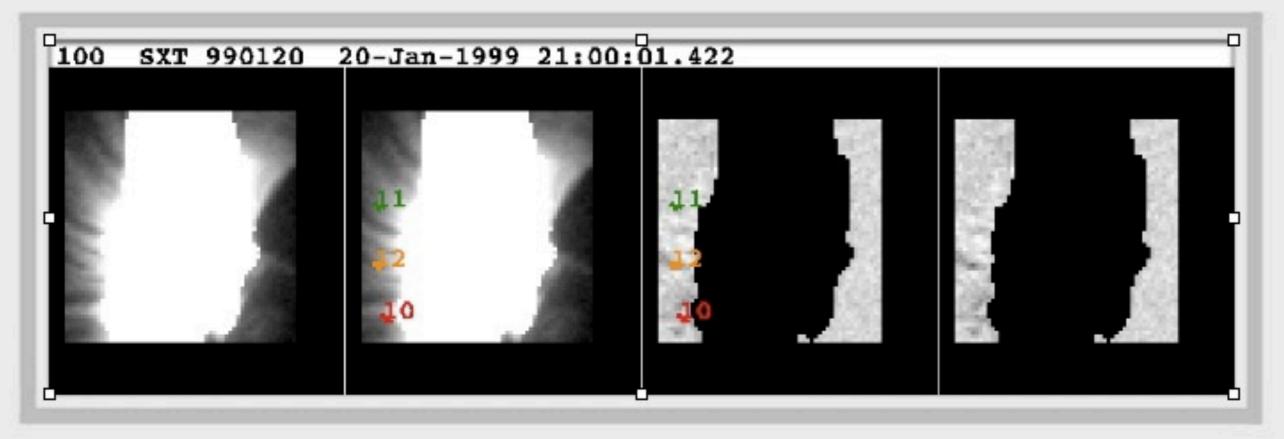


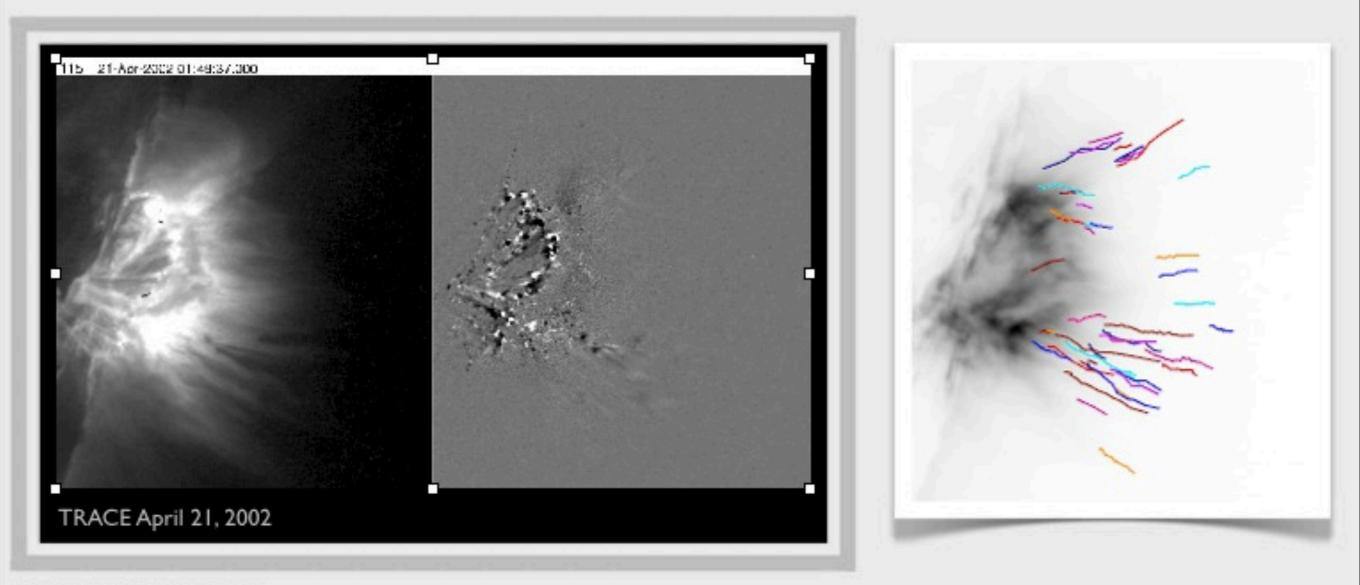
SADs - Some Early Observations



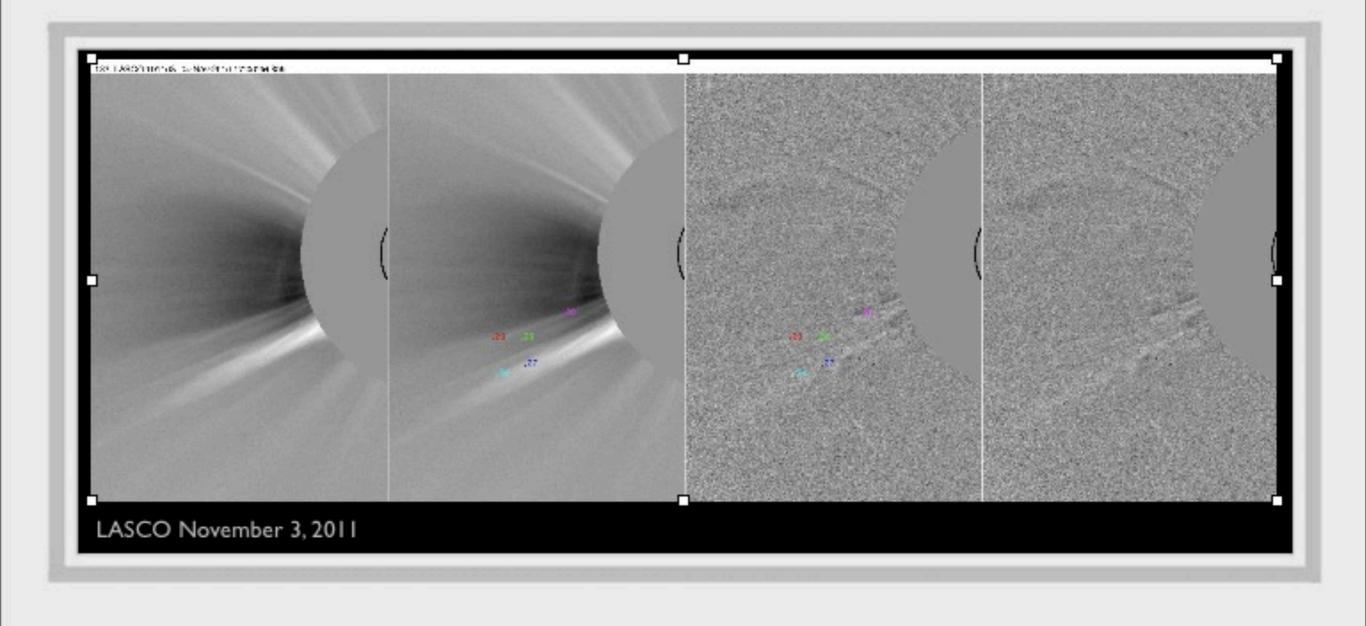


McKenzie & Hudson 1999

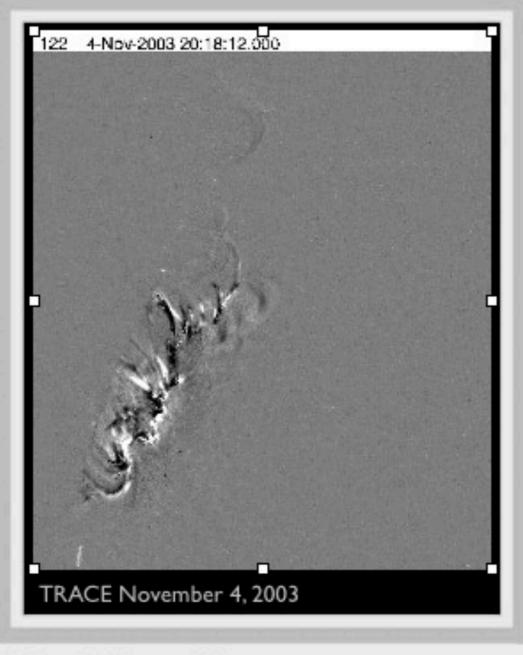




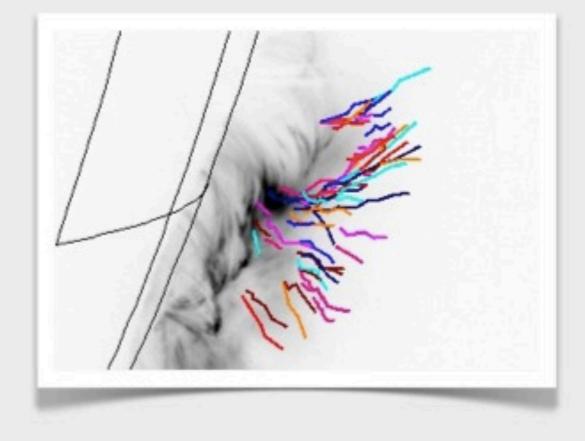
McKenzie & Savage 2009



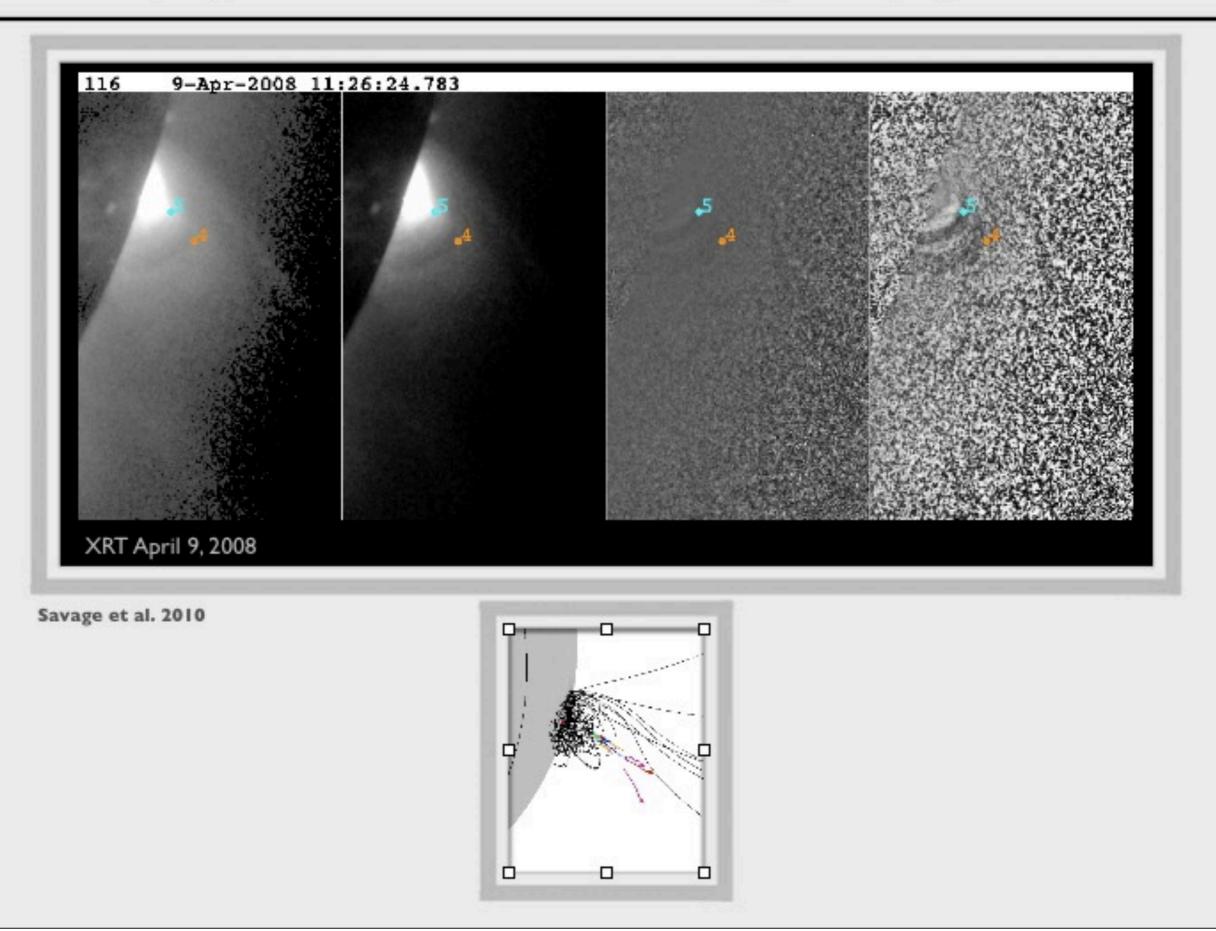
And SADLs (Supra-Arcade Downflowing Loops)



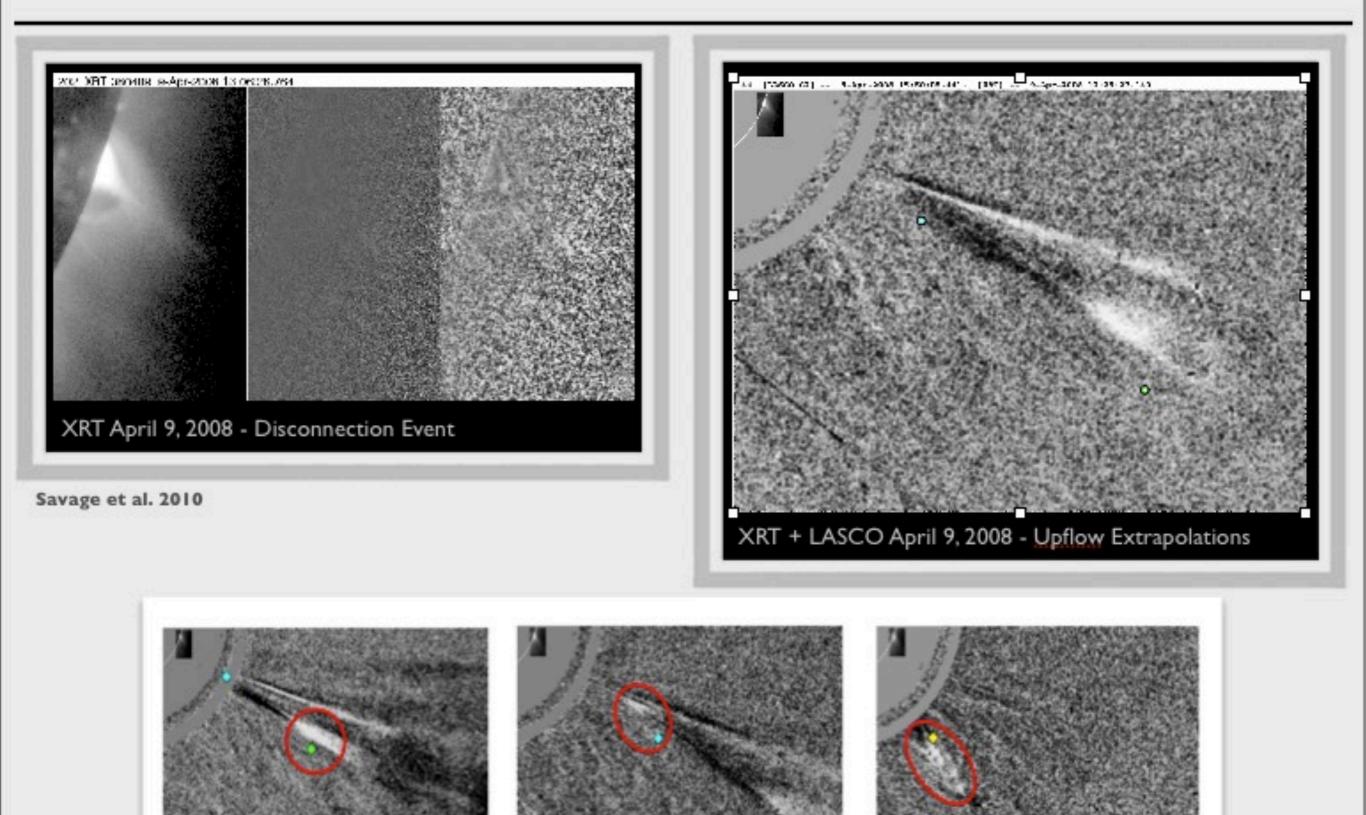
McKenzie & Savage 2009



SADLs (Supra-Arcade Downflowing Loops) / Plasmoids



SADLs / Plasmoids



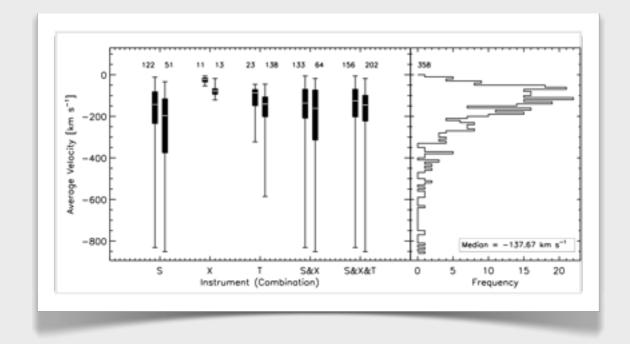
Friday, September 7, 12

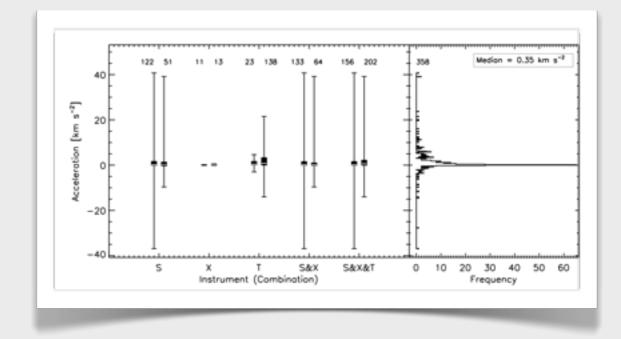
Analysis

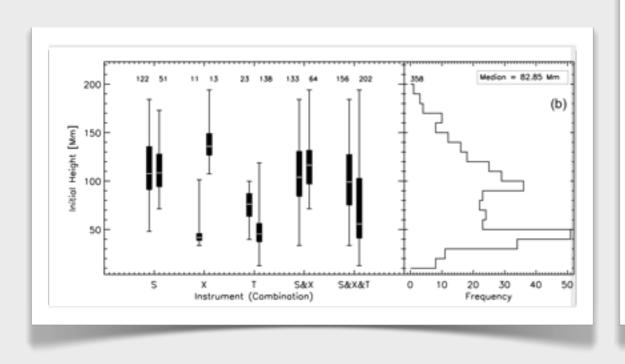
Table 1: List of flares exhibiting downflow signatures.

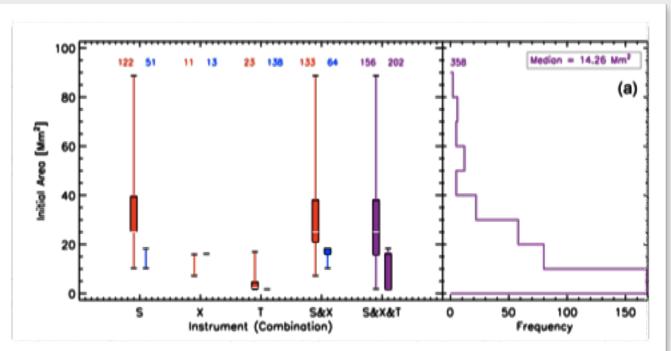
#	YYYYMMDD	Approx. Time	AR	GOES	FOV Coords	Instrume	ent				
1	19911216	12:30 - 14:30	06972	M3.2							
2	19920731	00:45 - 05:30	07244		Table 1 Conti	nued					
3	19921102	05:00 - 11:00	07321	X1.9	Table I Collin	nueu.					
4	19930514	22:00 - 00:00	07500	M4.4	# YYYYI	MMDD	Approx. Time	AR	GOES	FOV Coords	Instrument
5	19930624	07:45 - 08:30	07529	M9.7							
6	19940227	09:00 - 10:00	07671	M2.8	32 2000 33 2000		06:30 - 07:30 14:00 - 18:00	09193 09199	M2.5 C2.1	N05 W75 W69 N10	SXT SXT
7	19980420	09:15 - 11:00	08202	M1.4	33 2000 34 2000		23:15 - 00:15	09199	M7.5	W90 N10	SXT
8	19980423	05:30 - 07:15	08210	X1.2			01:00 - 02:30	09213	M8.3	E51 N08	SXT
9	19980427	09:30 - 12:00	08210	X1.0					M8.5 M1.2		SXT
10	19980506	07:30 - 10:00	08210	X2.7	36 2001 37 2001		17:15 - 18:15 21:15 - 22:00	09313 09393	X20	E58 S08 W70 N16	SXT
11	19980509	03:00 - 06:00	08210	M7.7			23:45 - 02:30	09393	M1.2	W70 N16	SXT
12	19980816	18:30 - 19:30	08306	M3.2	38 2001 39 2001		23:45 - 02:50 03:30 - 07:15	09393	X1.2	E89 S22	SXT
13	19980818	22:15 - 00:30	08306	M5.4			10:00 - 12:00				
14	19980920	02:30 - 03:30	08340	M1.9	40 2001 41 2001		20:45 - 23:30	$09415 \\ 09415$	M1.6 M5.1	E59 S22 E47 S21	$_{\rm SXT}$
15	19980930	13:15 - 14:15	08340	M2.9	41 2001		15:00 - 19:00	09410	WIJ.1	E90 S20	SXT
16	19981123	11:00 - 12:30	08392	M3.2	42 2001		16:30 - 17:00	09591	X5.4	E28 S18	SXT
17	19981223	05:45 - 07:45	08421	M2.3	43 2001		10:00 - 15:00	09628	M1.0	W39 S18	SXT
18	19990120	19:00 - 23:00	08446	M5.2	45 2001		04:30 - 11:30	09632	M9.1	W75 S18	SXT
19	19990216	13:15 - 04:15	08458	M3.3	46 2001		11:00 - 11:30	09653	M1.4	E11 S22	SXT
20	19990503	06:00 - 07:00	08530	M4.4	40 2001 47 2001		19:00 - 21:00	09687	C5.0	E90 S19	SXT
21	19990508	11:15 - 11:30	08541	M1.6	48 2001		14:00 - 17:30	09687	M1.8	E90 S19	SXT
22	19990508	14:30 - 15:00	08526	M4.7	49 2001		18:30 - 19:15	09687	M1.9	W31 S19	SXT
23	19990511	21:45 - 22:15	08542	C1.6	50 2001		09:45 - 10:15	09742	M3.6	E90 N09	SXT
24	19990725	13:00 - 14:00	08639	M2.4	51 2002		01:00 - 03:00	09906	X1.5	W91 S14	TRACE
25	19991128	18:15 - 22:15	08771	M1.6	52 2002		00:15 - 01:30	10039	X4.8	E54 S12	TRACE
26	19991207	01:00 - 01:30	08781	C8.7	53 2002		19:45 - 23:45	10486	X28	W89 S17	TRACE
27	20000101	15:00 - 00:00			54 2005		20:00 - 23:00	10430	A20	W21 S05	XRT
28	20000222	20:15 - 21:30	08882	M1.1	55 2006		02:30 - 05:00	10930	X3.4	W35 S06	XRT
29	20000712	02:30 - 03:45	09087	C5.3	56 2007		01:00 - 11:00	10946	A0.4	W86 N07	XRT
30	20000712	21:00 - 22:00	09066	M1.9	57 2007		03:00 - 06:00	10940		W91 S11	XRT
31	20000930	17:45 - 18:45	09178	M1.0	58 2007		19:45 - 20:30	10955		W21 N02	XRT
					59 2007		06:00 - 10:00	10950	C2.2	W79 S10	XRT
					60 2007		06:00 - 10:00	10978	02.2	W91 S09	XRT
vag	e & McKenzie 20	11			61 2008		08:00 - 18:00	10978		W90 S18	XRT
					62 2010		02:00 - 05:30	11081		W72 N24	XRT
					2010	0010	02.00 - 00.00	11001		112 1124	AILI

Analysis

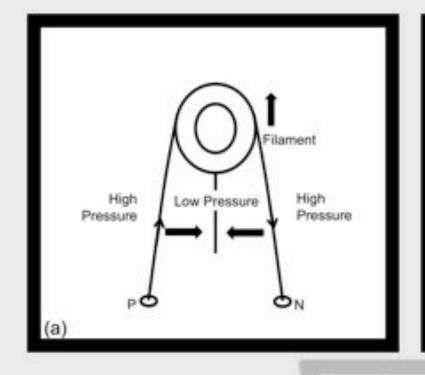


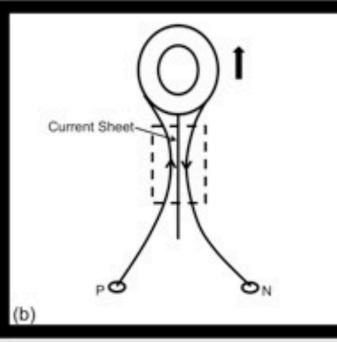


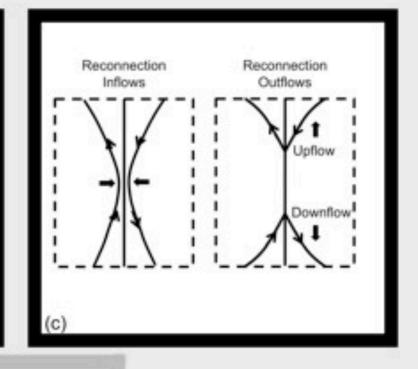




Simple Model(s)

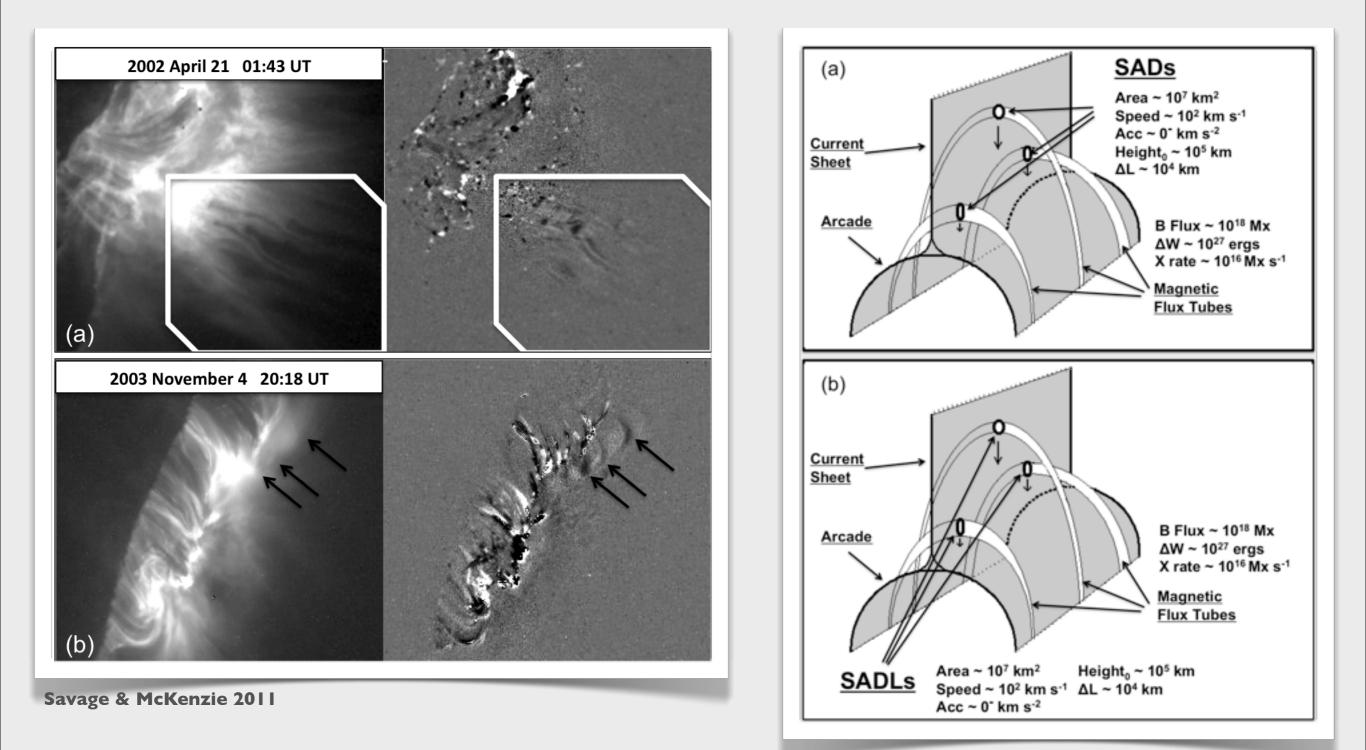




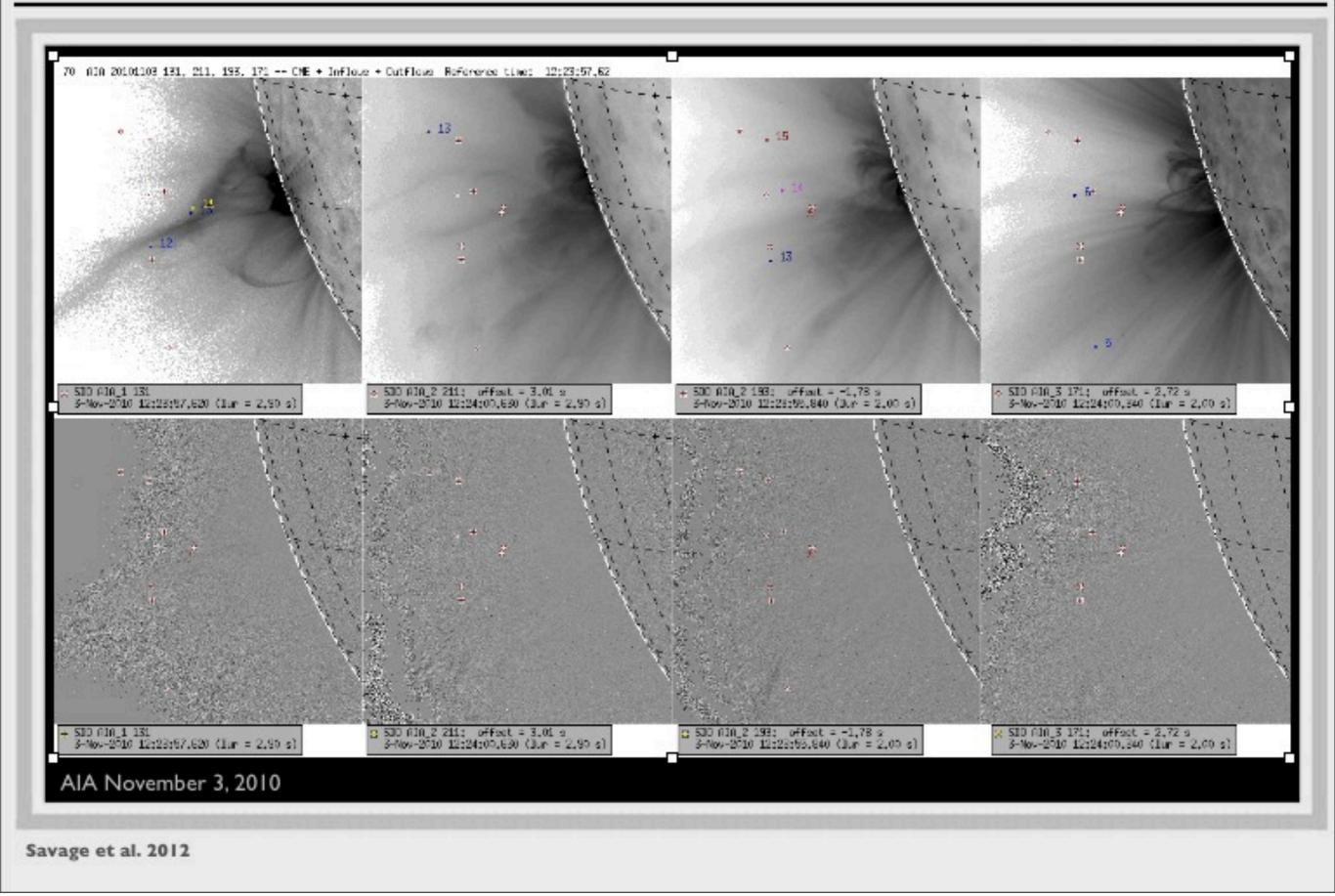




Original Interpretation: Geometry-based

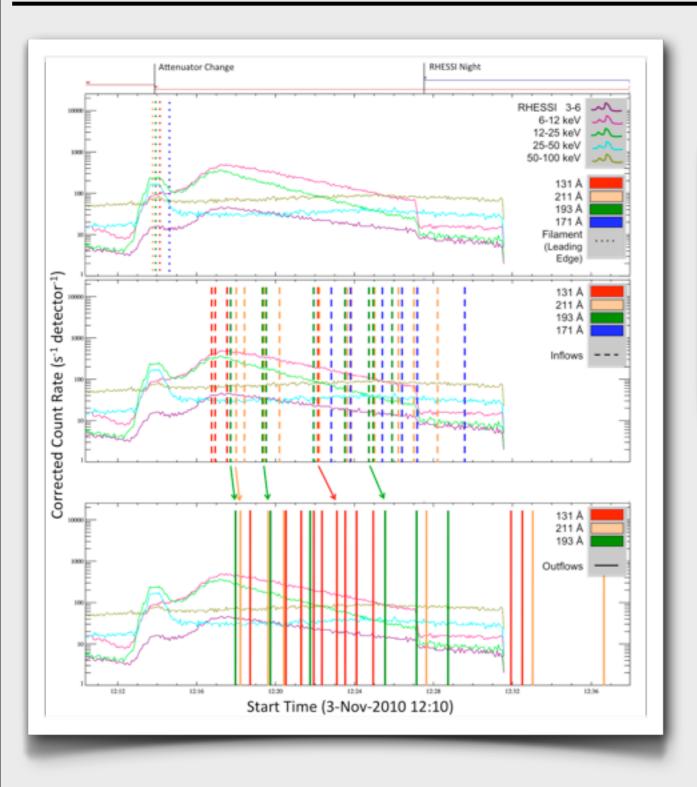


Newer Supporting Observations



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Newer Supporting Observations

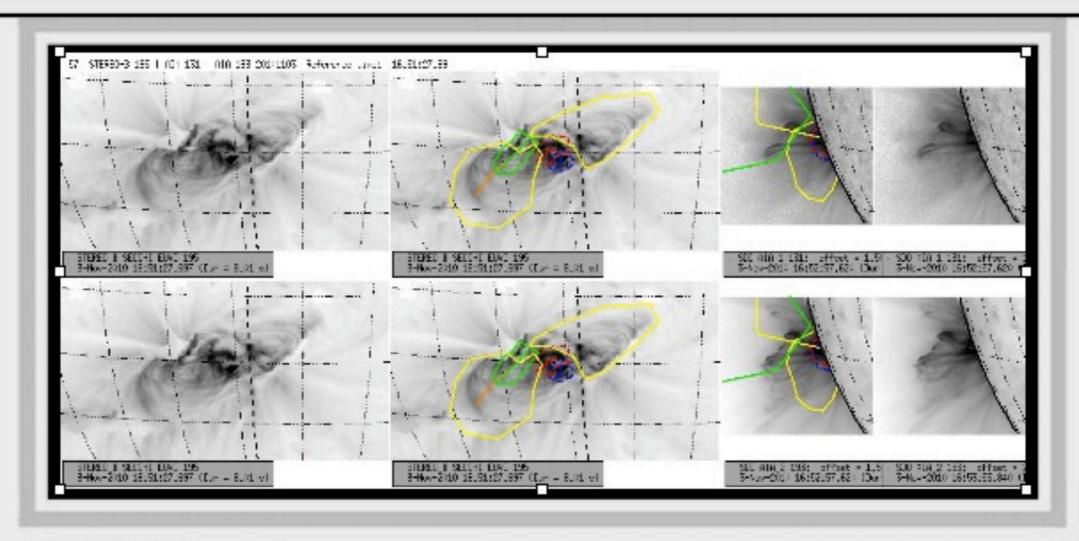


CME to Inflows to Outflows

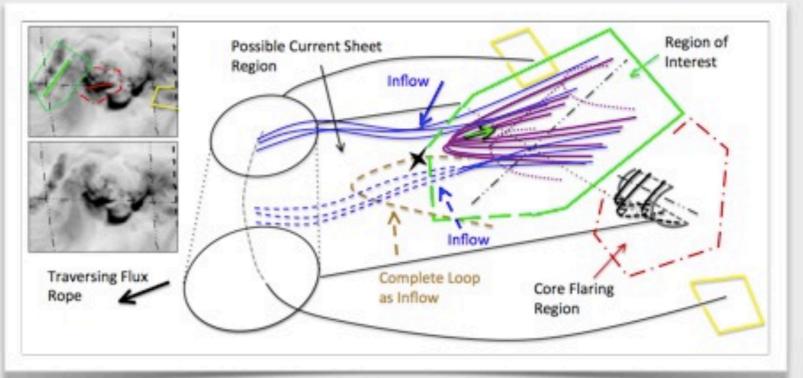
Pair [#]	Wavelength [Â]	Inflow [#]	Outflow [#]	In Speed [km/s]	Out Speed [km/s]	Max Delay [sec]
1	131	8	12	260	310	60
2	211	3	6	130	1000	12
3	193	4	8	150	930	12
4	193	6	10	110	1470	12
5	193	13	16	144	1400	48

Savage et al. 2012

Newer Supporting Observations



Savage et al. 2012



- Patchy & Bursty
- Sizes & fluxes of post-reconnection flux tubes
- Impulsive & decay phases
- Shrinkage energy
- Speeds & decelerations
- Hot fan: current sheet sheath

Still true, but....

Now we have AIA ...

With continuous full-sun coverage...

Plus high resolution...

Plus high cadence...

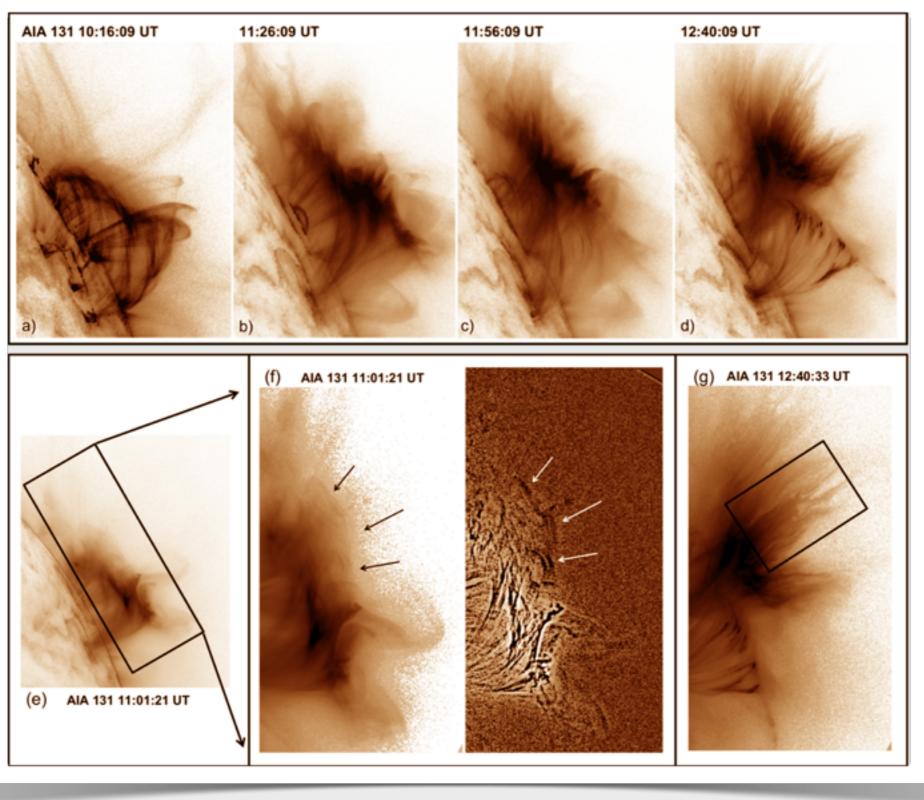
Plus off-limb coverage + STEREO...

Plus a large selection of temperature bands...

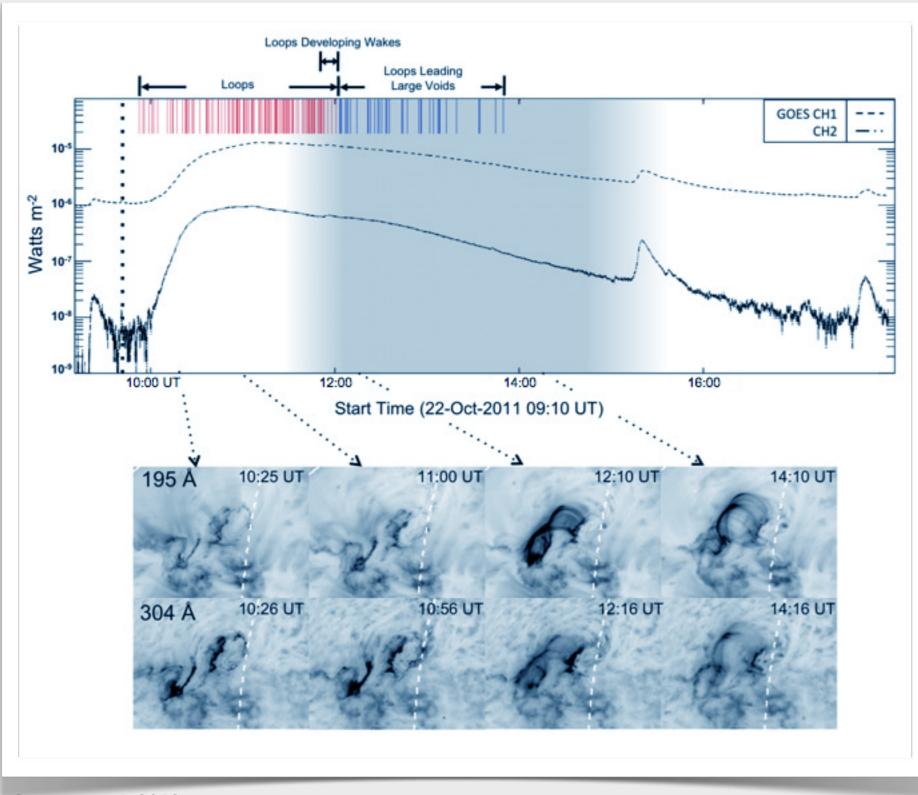
Including nice hot ones with high resolution...

And more flares!

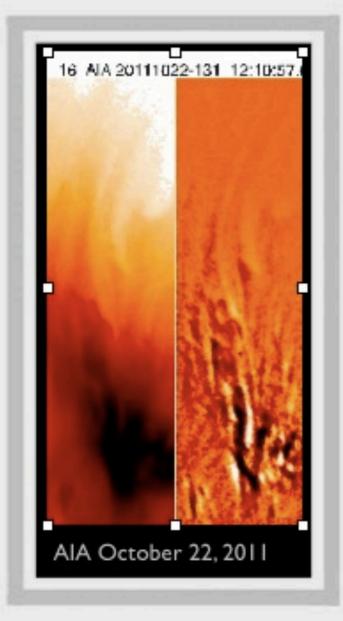




Savage et al. 2012



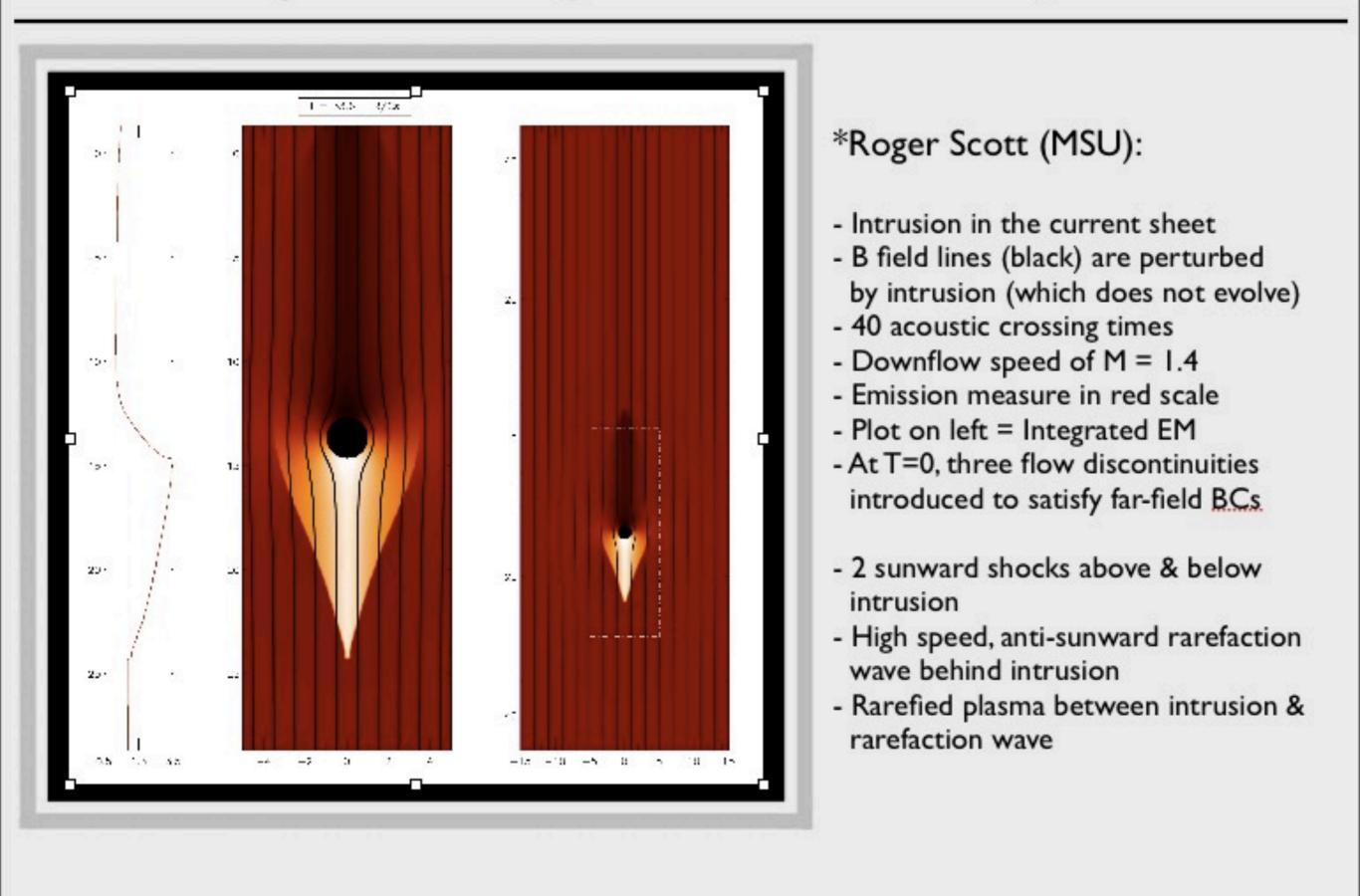
Savage et al. 2012



The large voids appear to be <u>rarefied</u> regions behind thin shrinking loops!

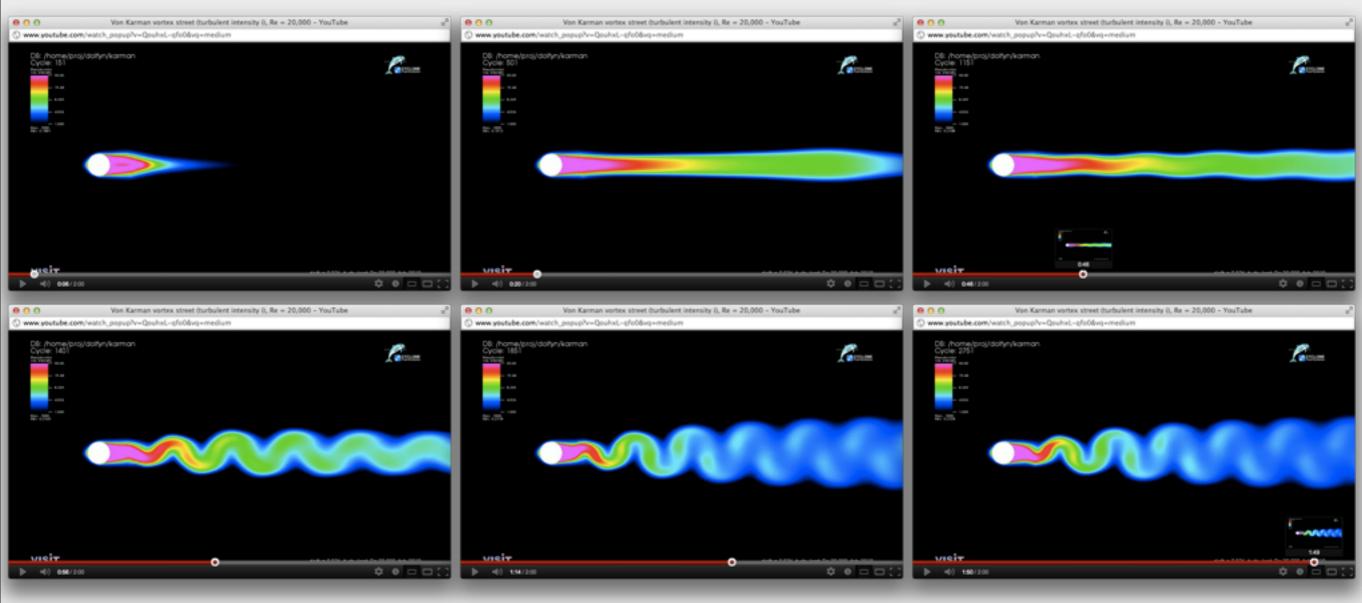
("wakes" -> disturbances in the density of the current sheet, apparently resulting from the passage of the shrinking loops)

Preliminary Remodeling: "Primitive Initial Investigation"



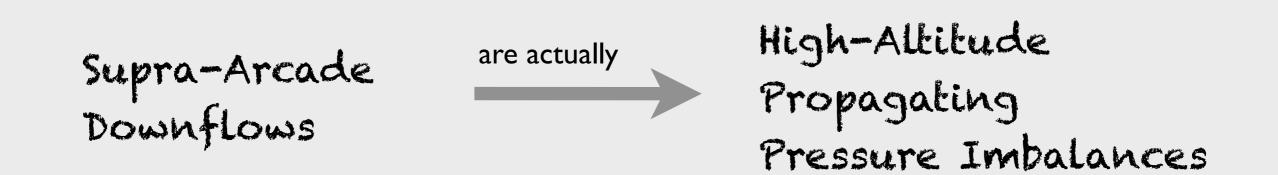
Von Karman vortex street (turbulent intensity i), Re = 20,000

http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QouhxL-qfo0&feature=youtu.be

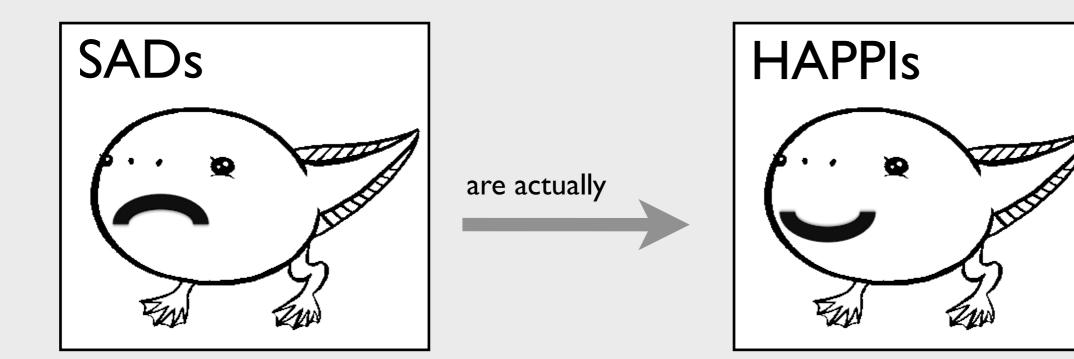


*Disclaimer: I know nothing about the creation of this simulation; however, qualitatively speaking, the results of several related simulations are similar to the appearance of SADs. This is merely included as a qualitative guide.

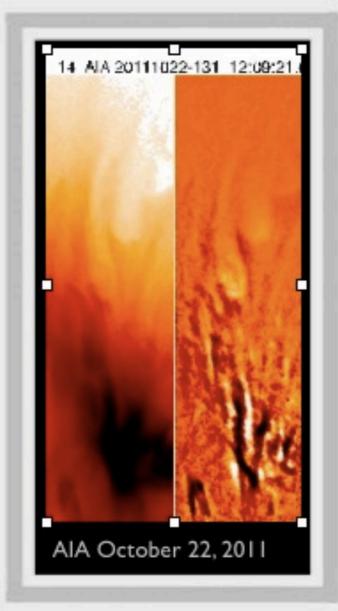
Friday, September 7, 12



Graphically speaking...

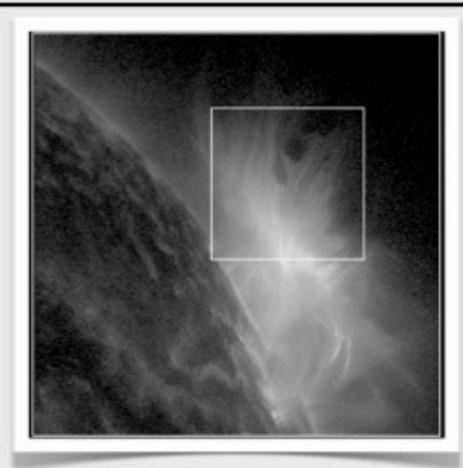


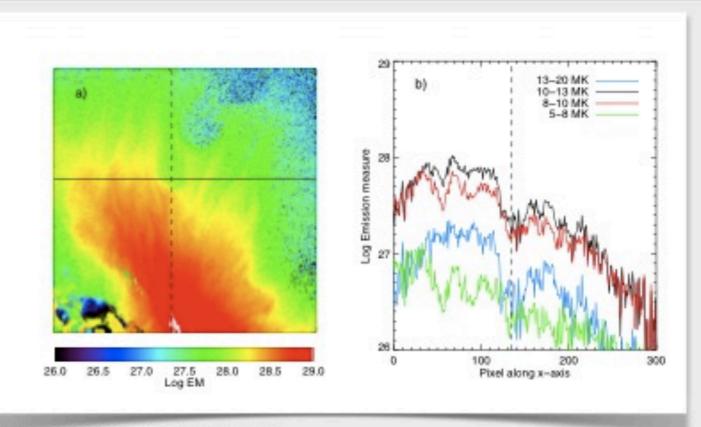
Supra-Arcade Downflows High-Altitude Propagating Pressure Imbalances



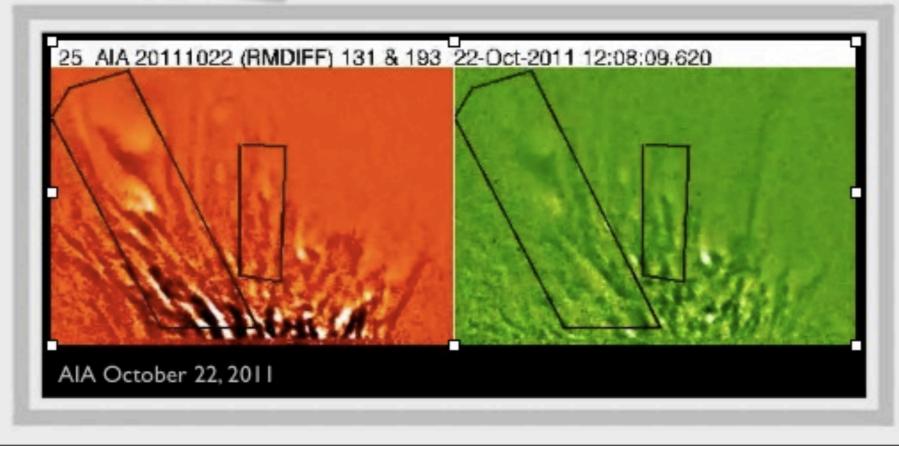
Leading edge of the void has enhanced EUV intensity that evolves to reveal two loop-shaped extensions.

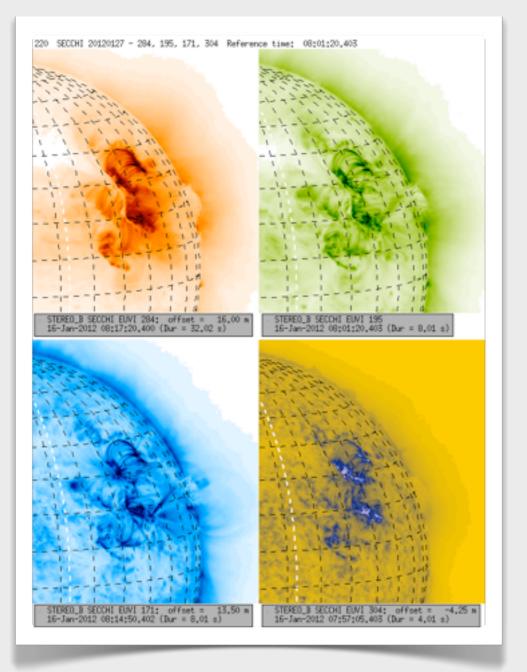
Because the loops are so much smaller than their wakes, only a few can be resolved in the images. Here we have shown only 2 thin loops with a large wake. Smaller voids also show the enhanced leading edges, with linear extensions; but they are difficult to resolve.

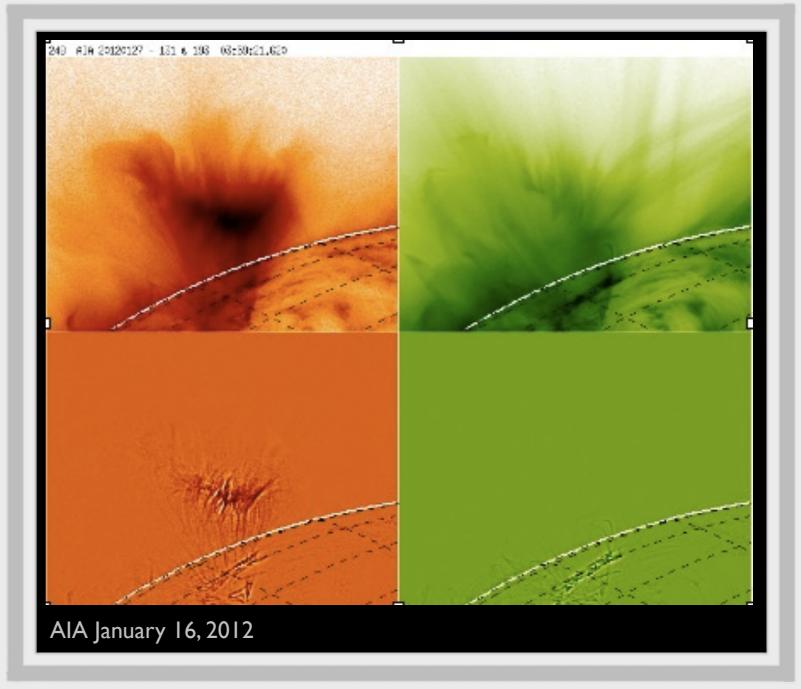


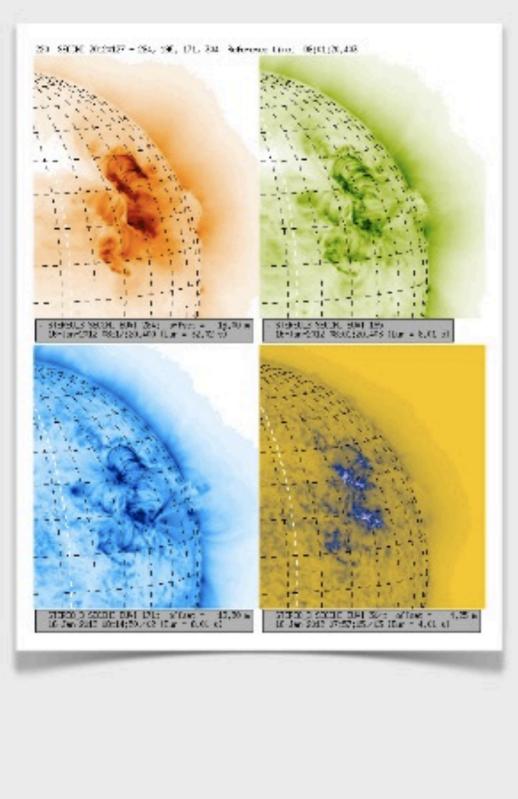


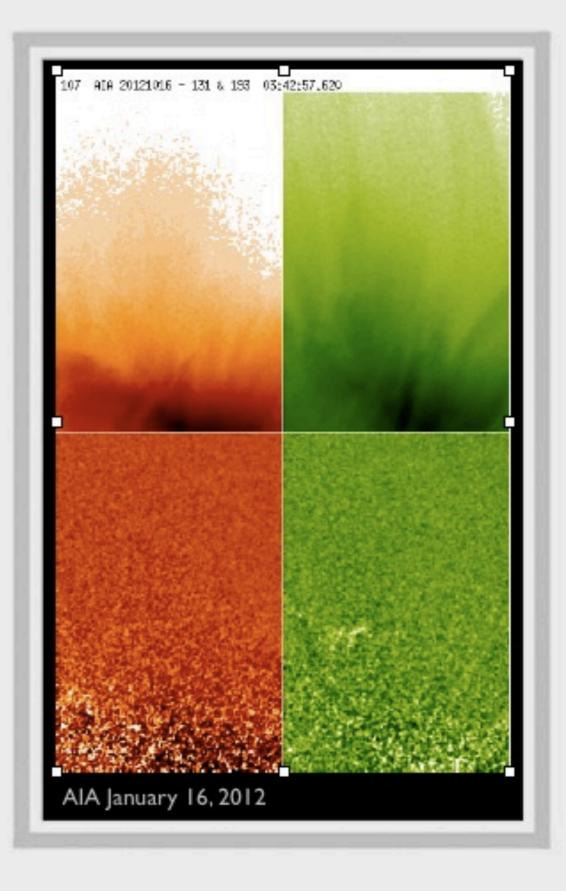
Savage, McKenzie, Reeves 2012

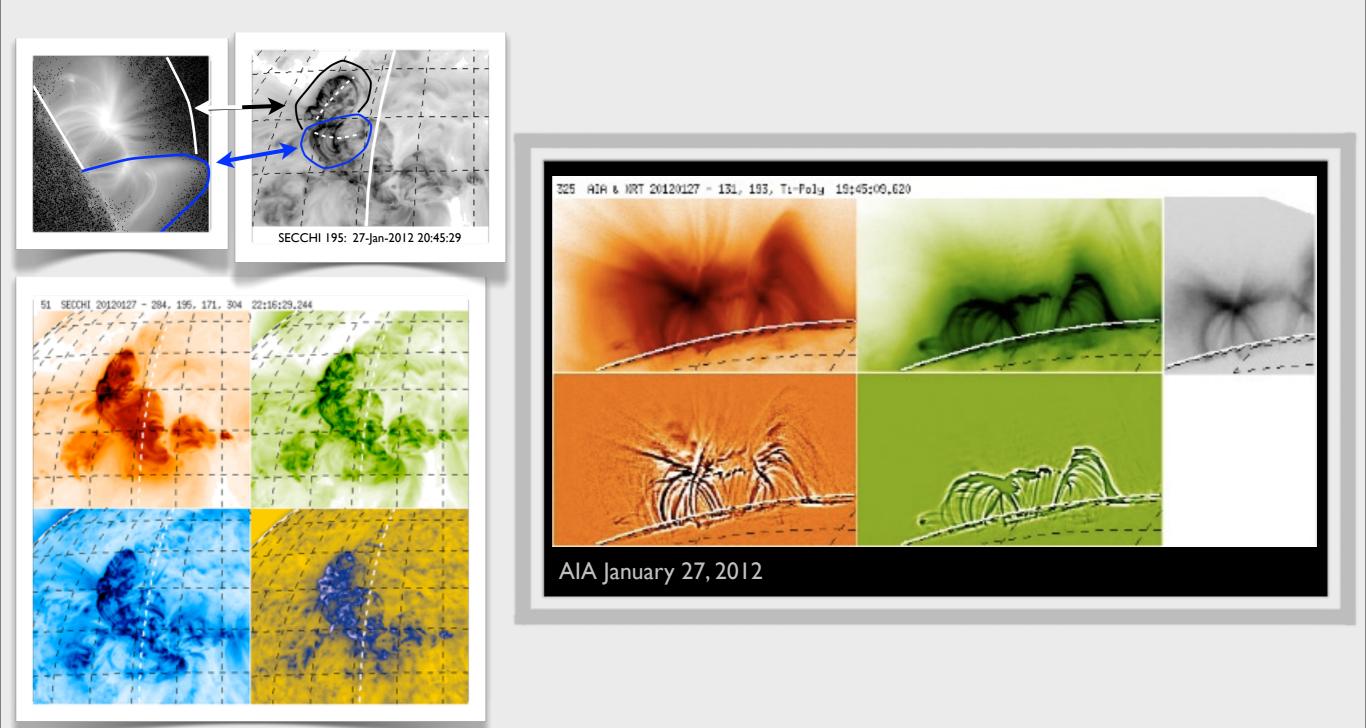


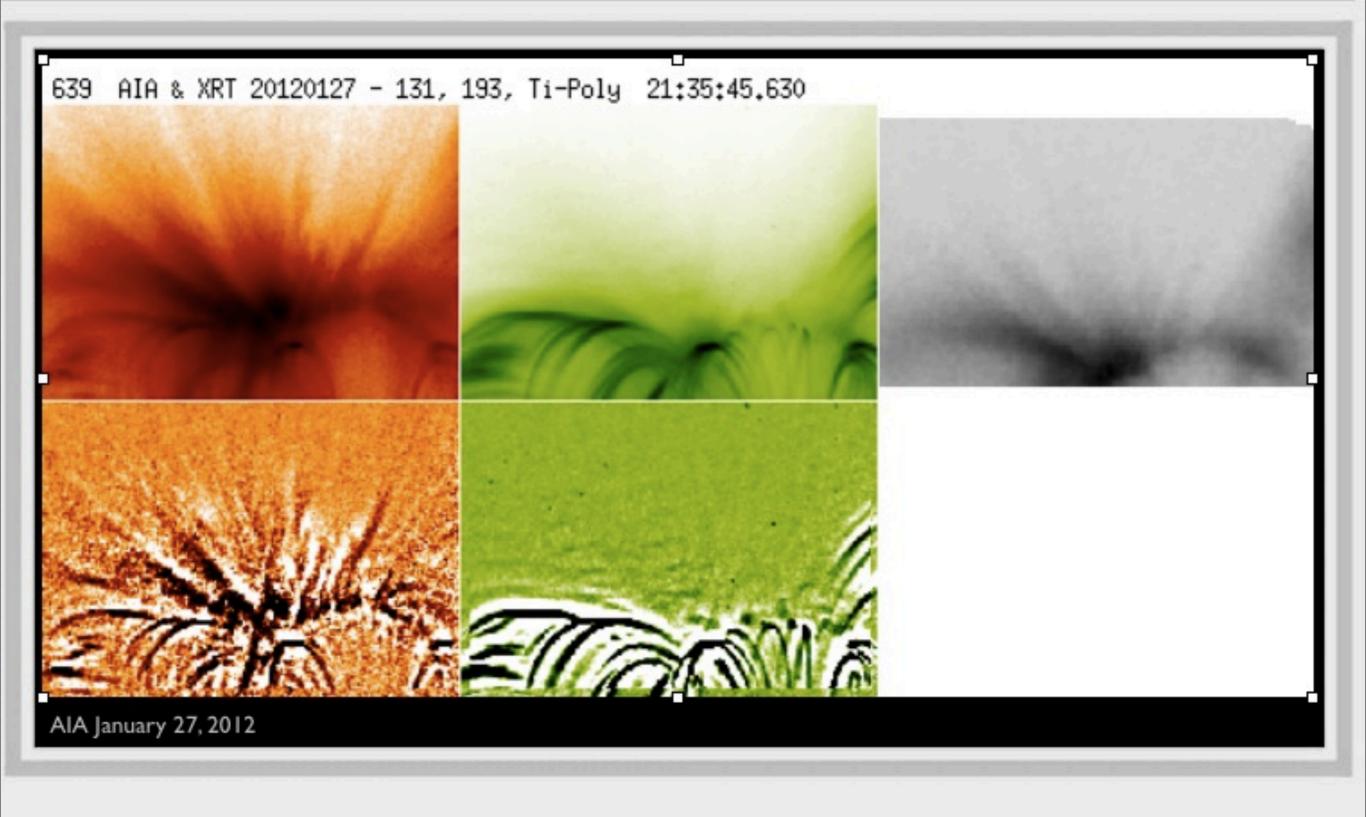




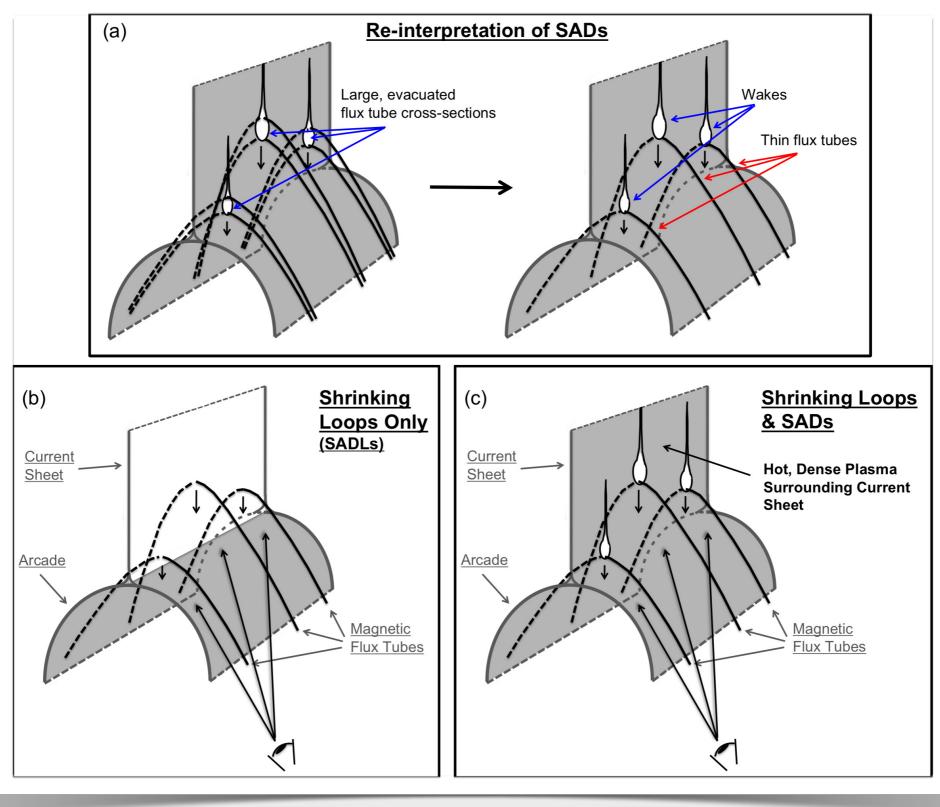








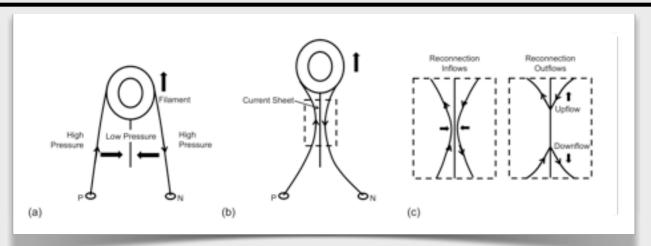
Re-interpretation: Much Better Match to Observations



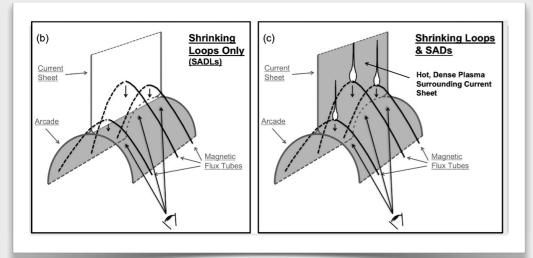
Savage, McKenzie, Reeves 2012

- Patchy & Bursty
- Sizes & fluxes of post-reconnection flux tubes
- Impulsive & decay phases
- Shrinkage energy
- speeds & decelerations
- Hot fan: current sheet sheath

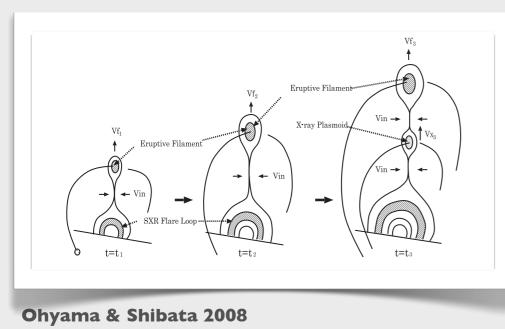
Revised Model

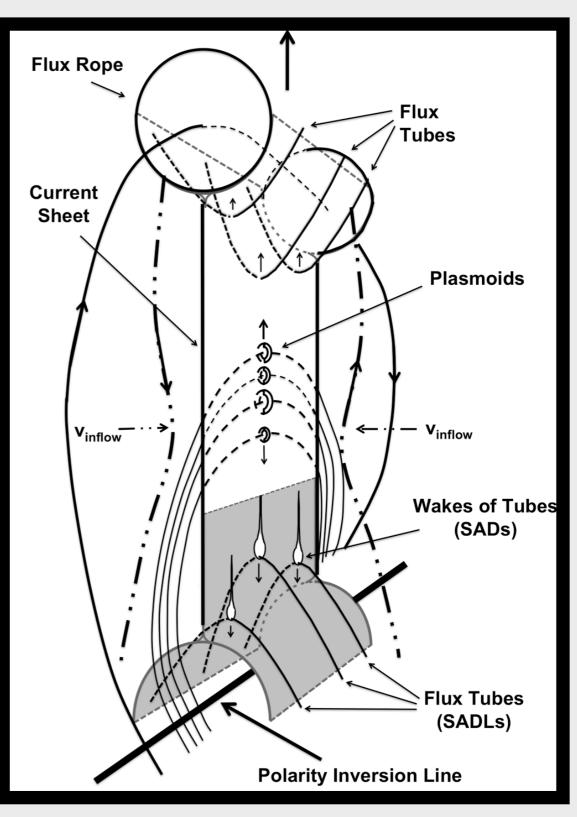


Savage et al. 2012



Savage, McKenzie, Reeves 2012

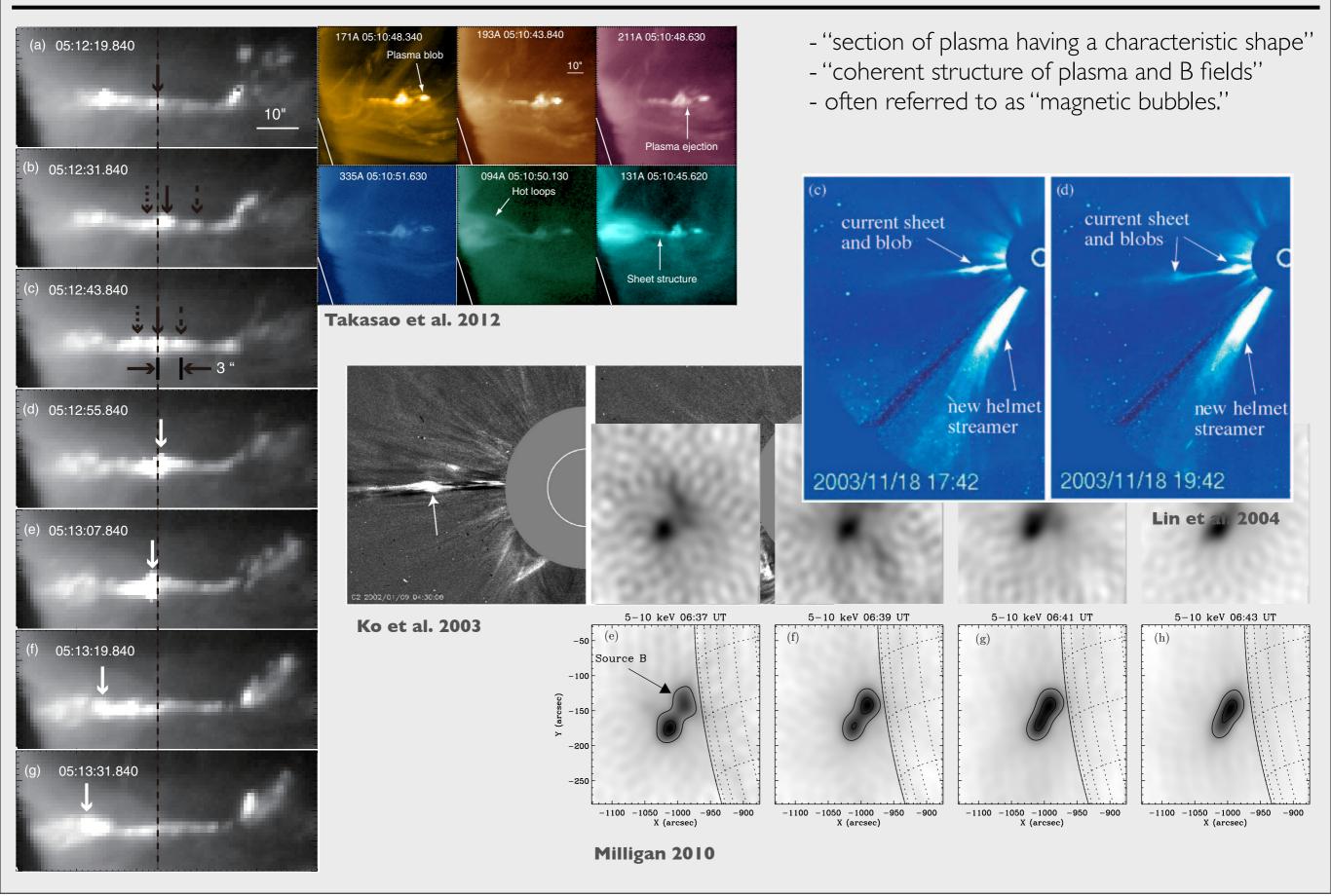




Savage et al. 2012

SADs != "Plasmoids"

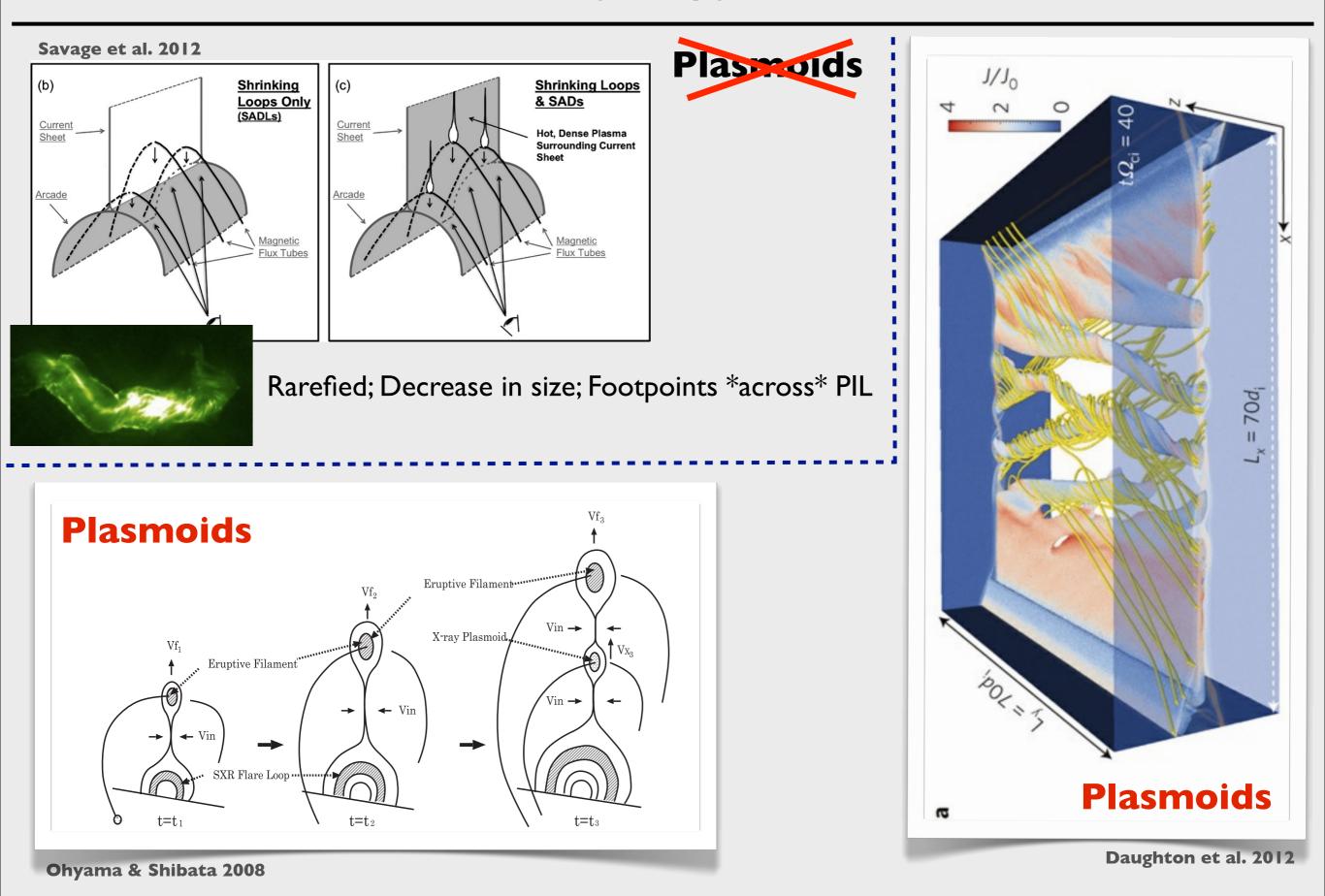
Plasmoid Observations

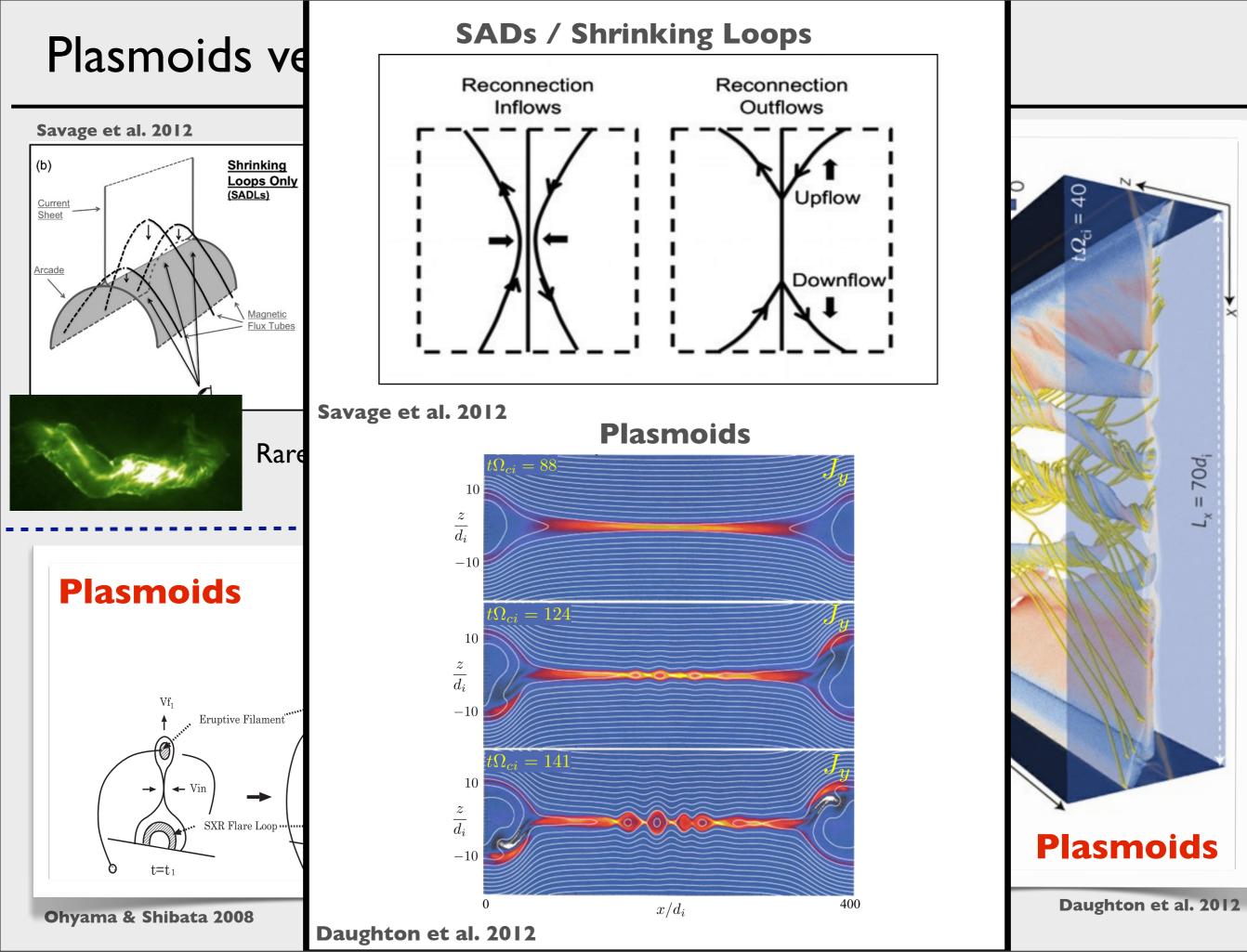


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25-Jan-2007 06:37:00.000 UT

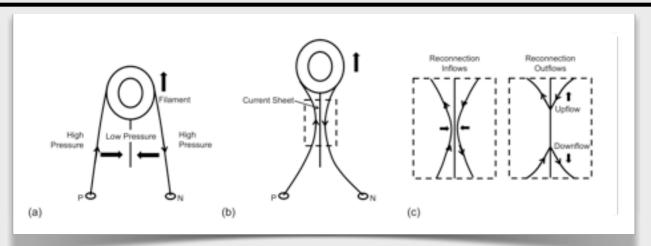
Plasmoids versus Down (& Up) Flows



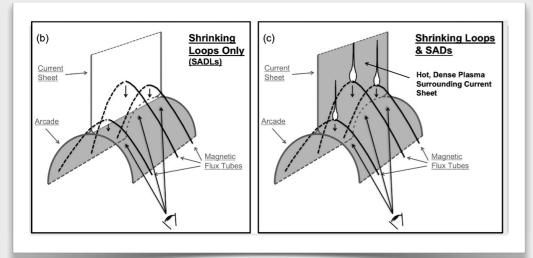


Friday, September 7, 12

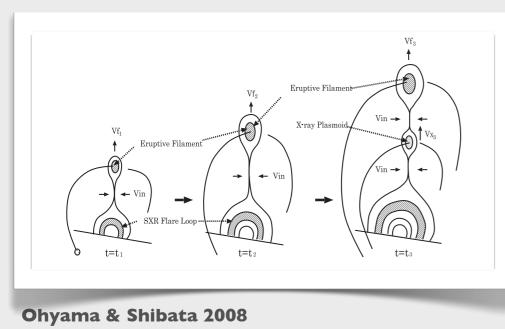
Revised Model

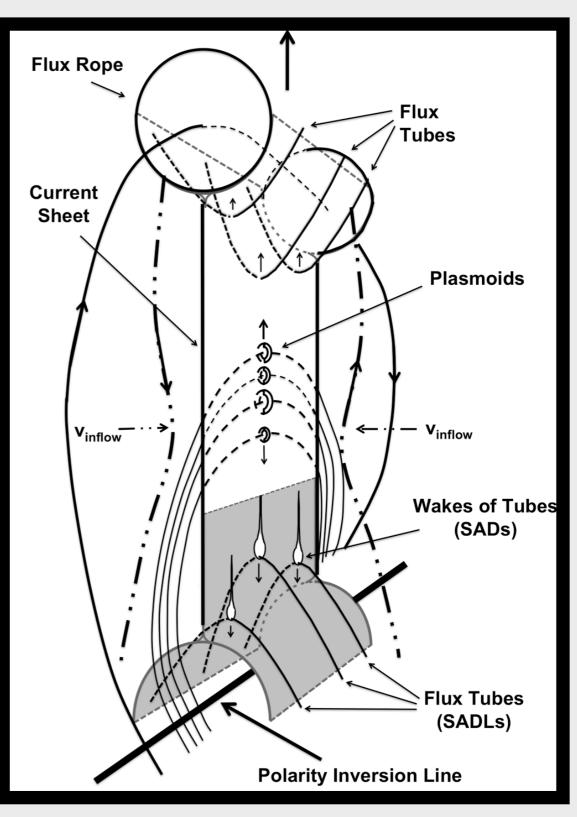


Savage et al. 2012



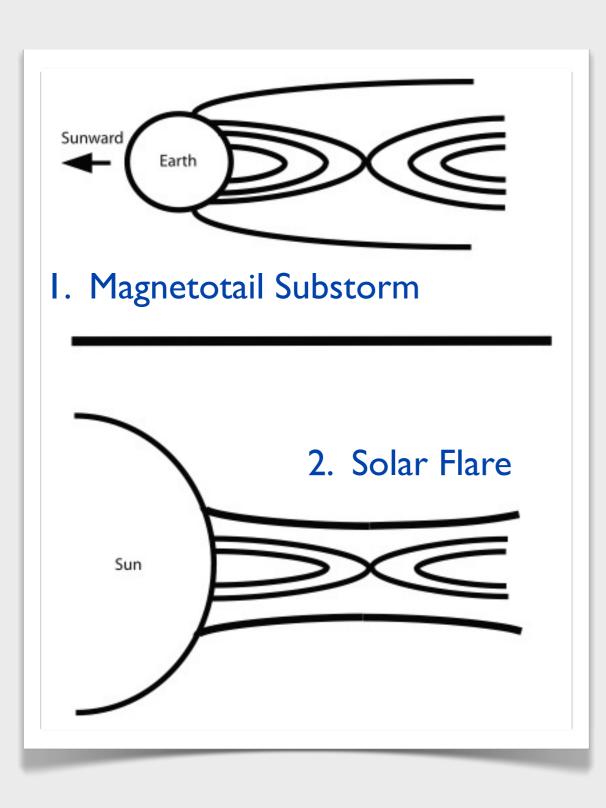
Savage, McKenzie, Reeves 2012





Savage et al. 2012

Compare with Magnetotail Observations?



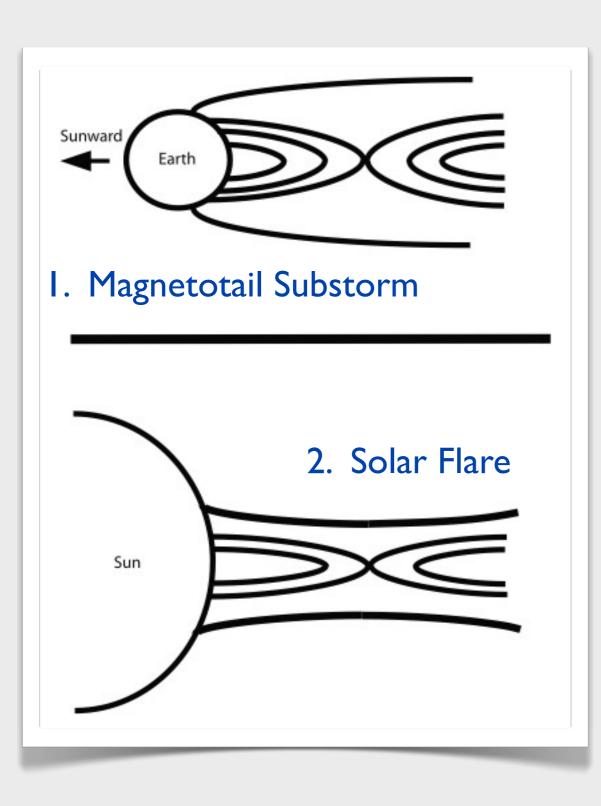
Posteruptive phenomena in coronal mass ejections and substorms: Indicators of a Universal Process? K.K. Reeves et al. 2008, JGR, 113, A00B02

Competing notation I: Dipolarization 2: Field Line Shrinkage

Different available measurements

- I: In situ measurements of B fields
 & local plasma parameters. Inferred dipolarization.
- 2: Global context & interactions. Inferred local fields. Limited local plasma parameters. Observed shrinkage.

Compare with Magnetotail Observations?



Posteruptive phenomena in coronal mass ejections and substorms: Indicators of a Universal Process? K.K. Reeves et al. 2008, JGR, 113, A00B02

Similar speeds & decelerations (acting over different scale heights)

- I: Braking from pressure gradient
- 2: Stop at top of arcade

Double footpoint ribbons for both from electron acceleration

- I: Auroral ribbons in dense ionosphere
- 2: Chromospheric evaporation (ablation)

Compare with Magnetotail Observations?

Sunward	arth	
	etotail Substorm	
I. Magn		
	Parameters for the Magneto Corona	sphere and the Corona
Table 1. Plasma	Parameters for the Magneto Corona 10 ⁶ K	sphere and the Coron: Magnetosphere 10 ⁷ K
Table 1. Plasma I Temperature Density	Parameters for the Magneto Corona 10 ⁶ K 10 ¹⁰ cm ⁻³	sphere and the Corons Magnetosphere 10 ⁷ K 1 cm ⁻³
Table 1. Plasma I Temperature Density Magnetic field	Parameters for the Magneto Corona 10 ⁶ K 10 ¹⁰ cm ⁻³ 10-100 G	sphere and the Coron: Magnetosphere 10 ⁷ K
	Parameters for the Magneto Corona 10 ⁶ K 10 ¹⁰ cm ⁻³	sphere and the Corons Magnetosphere 10 ⁷ K 1 cm ⁻³

Posteruptive phenomena in coronal mass ejections and substorms: Indicators of a Universal Process? K.K. Reeves et al. 2008, JGR, 113, A00B02

(1) BBFs (Bursty Bulk Flows) or DFs
(Dipolarization Fronts) ?=? (2) SADs
(Are DFs = global or local current sheets?)

- I: Plasma depleted flux tubes?
- 2. Not quite consistent with reinterpretation of SADs
- BBFs possibly faster than SADs
- Similar size to SADs but not to loops

Both indicate patchy reconnection.

Alfvén speeds are similar in both regimes!

- Dominant factor governing reconnection processes and responses

However, possibly differing reconnection scenarios per regime (resistive versus collisionless)?

References

Reeves et al. 2008 McKenzie & Savage 2009 Savage et al. 2010 McKenzie & Savage 2011 Savage, McKenzie, & Reeves 2012 Savage et al. 2012

Asai et al. 2004 Isobe et al. 2005 Sheeley, Warren, & Wang 2007 Ohyama & Shibata 2008 Warren et al. 2011 Reeves & Golub 2011 Cheng et al. 2011 Daughton et al. 2012

RHESSI NUGGET #168

