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Introduction

In late 2006, the Mission Operations Directorate (MOD) at NASA began looking at ways to make training more efficient for the flight controllers who support the International Space Station. The average certification times for flight controllers spanned from 18 months to three years and the MOD, responsible for technical training, was eager to develop creative solutions that would reduce the time to 12 months. Additionally, previously trained flight controllers sometimes participated in more than 50 very costly, eight-hour integrated simulations before becoming certified. New trainees needed to gain proficiency with far fewer lessons and training simulations than their predecessors.



Resulting Training

Several model-based training options were proposed, including a classroom portion, paper-based simulations, mini-simulations with facilitated debriefs, and problem solving-focused mentoring sessions.
 Model can be used to help debrief and learn generalizable problem solving skills (rather than specific solutions unique to that particular case).

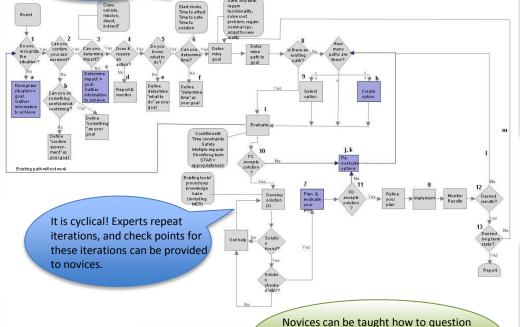
The Problem: How do we help novices quickly become expert problem solvers?

Solving Model for Training

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The Solution? Explicitly model how experts solve problems in our context.

like in Mission Control?



Does model-based instruction really reduce resources required to certify a flight controller? Work to be continued...

critical circum risks? different situations. stances? (what at are the ch To whom do you What is your need to talk/ dis)confirm th next goal? mmediate goal? coordinate? failure? How have you What are the What are your What is your checked your impacts? thought process? Are there any What are the immediate imes-to-Effect? benefits/ costs/ if your plan is safety actions working? required?

What are the

What are the

and "re-sort" problem solving steps for

Approach

- •Semi-structured critical incidents interviews conducted with seven experienced flight controllers.
- •Model extracted from interviews by SME group.
- •Model compared to nine existing models in literature and refined by SME group.
- •Model tested and verified in reverse back to interviews by a research group.



Conclusions (to date)

- •The modeling process promoted interest and learning within the organization.
- •Having an explicit model increased the flexibility and fidelity of training plans.

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