

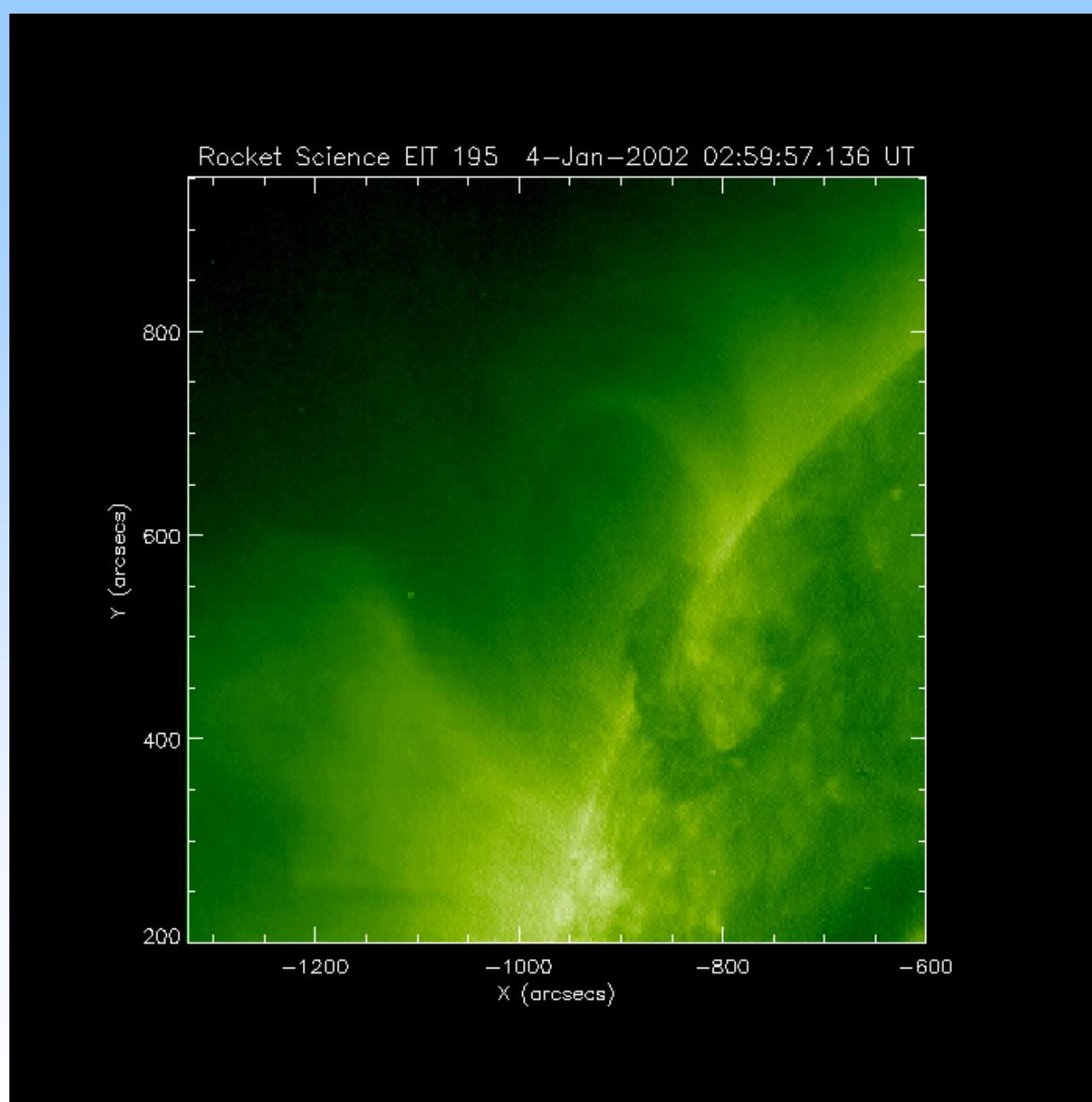
# Triggering of Solar Magnetic Eruptions on Various Size Scales

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NASA/MSFC

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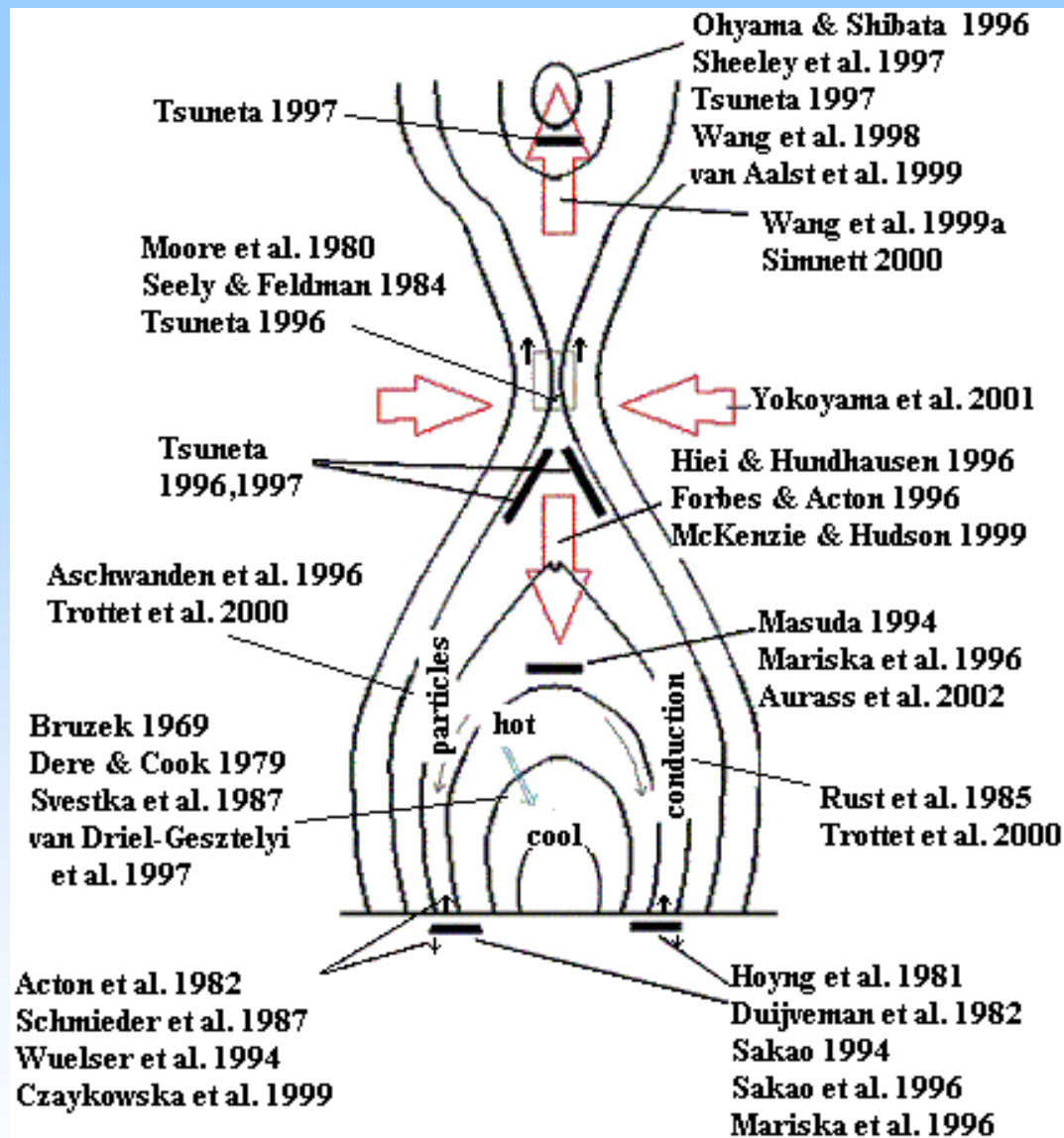
# Introduction

- Solar eruptions occur on various size scales
  - Flares and CMEs (AR  $L \sim 60''$ ;  $E_{\text{flare}} \sim 10^{29} - 10^{32}$ ;  $E_{\text{CME}} \sim 10 * E_{\text{flare}}$ )
  - Intermediate-scale (small CMEs, Puffs, etc.) (base  $L \sim 40''$ ?,  $E \sim$  Goes B- or C-class flare).
  - X-ray jets (base  $L \sim 30''$ ,  $E \sim 10^{25} - 10^{28}$  erg)
- Will present examples of eruptions on the different scales.
- What triggers the eruptions? No certain answer, but many of the pieces are likely there!

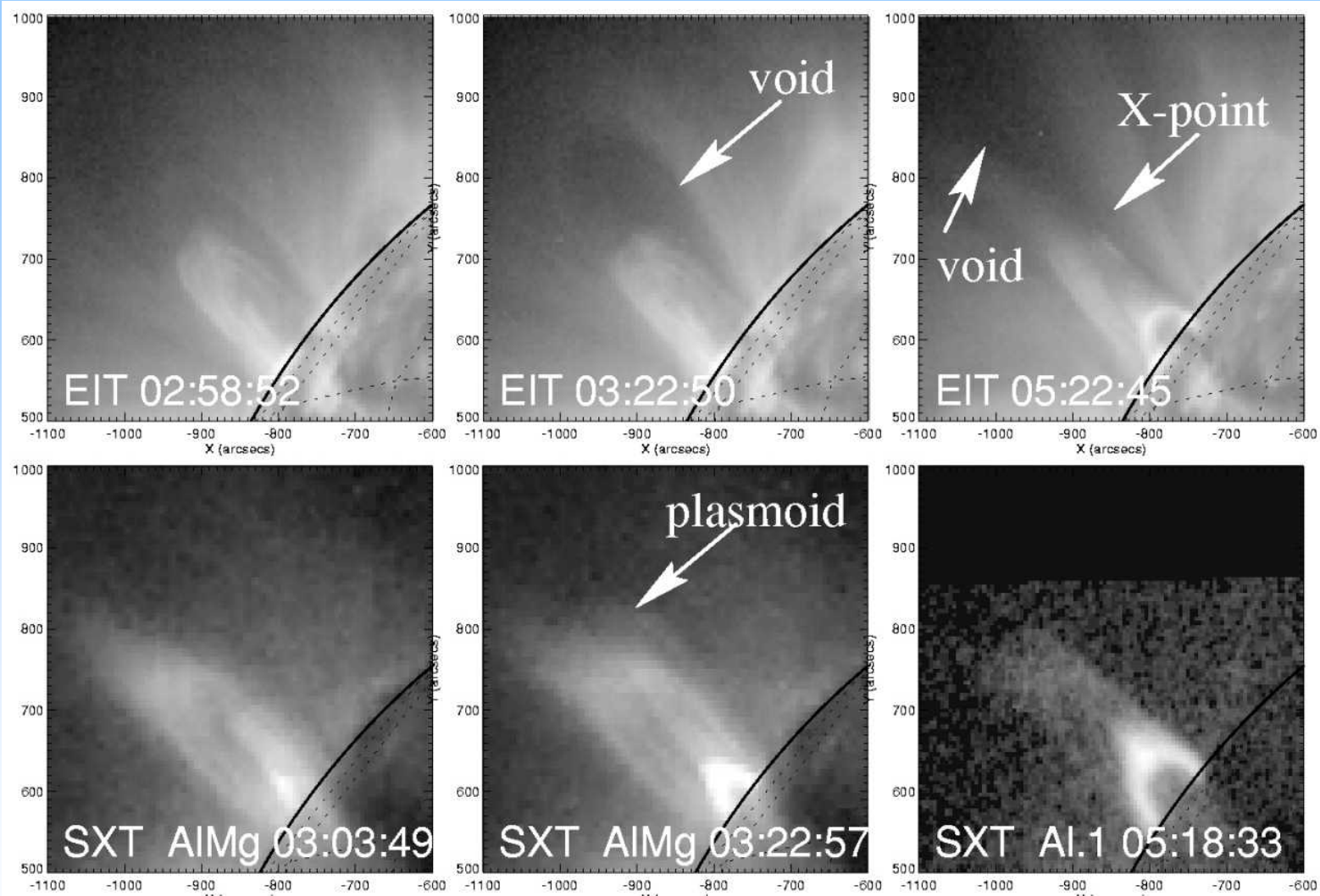


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Yurchyshyn (2002), Sterling & Moore (2004), Gibson et al. (2006),...



## McKenzie (2002)

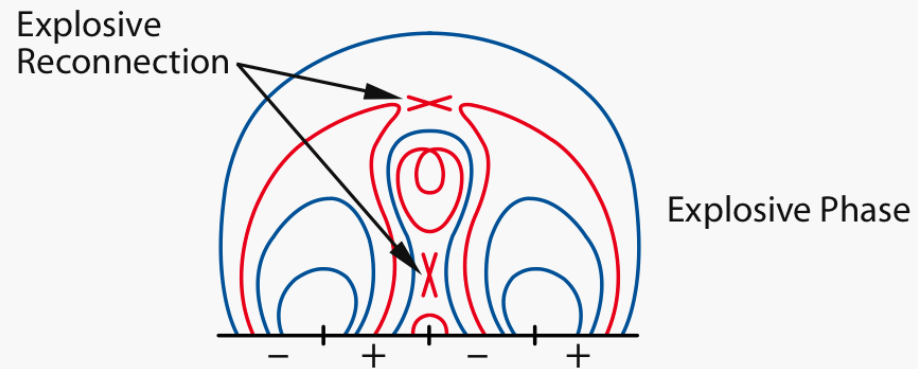
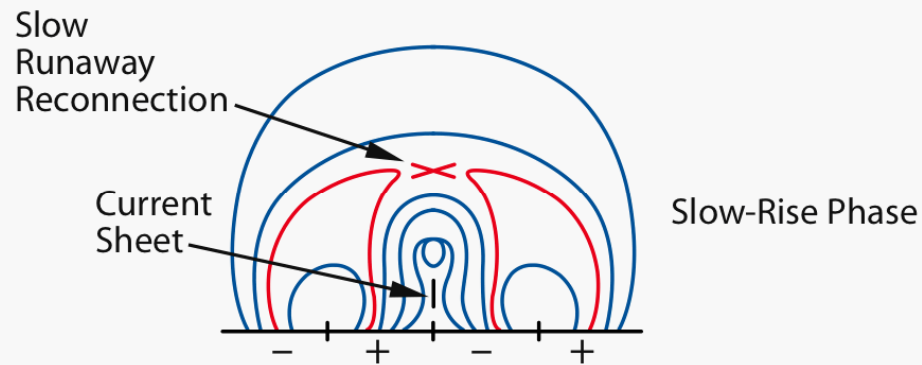
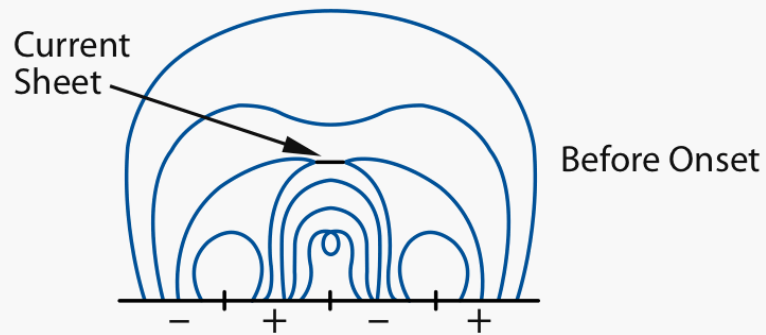


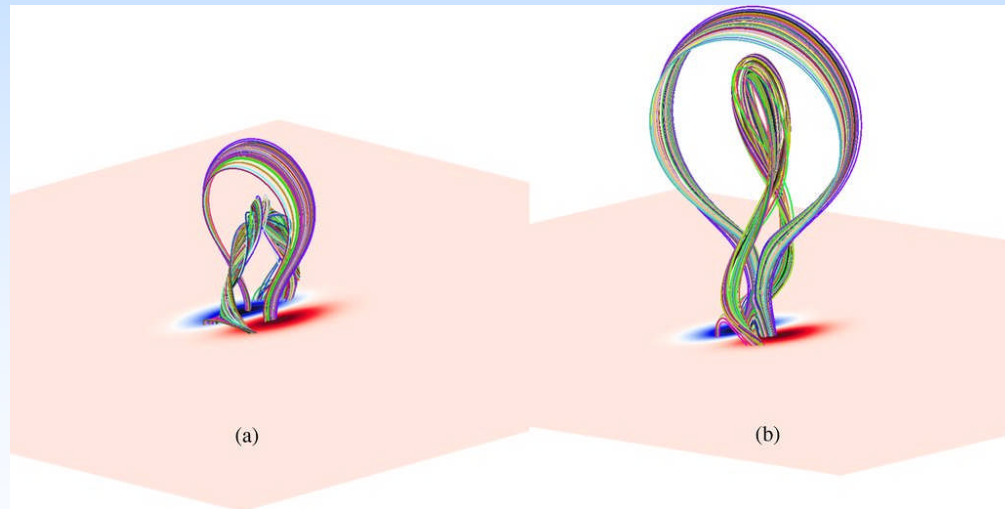
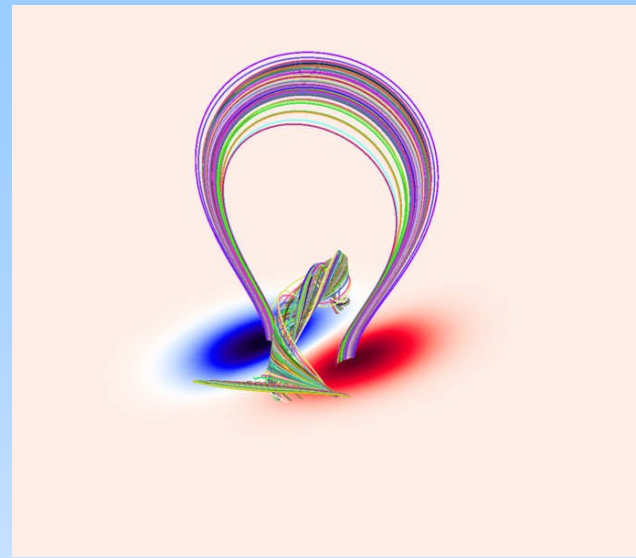
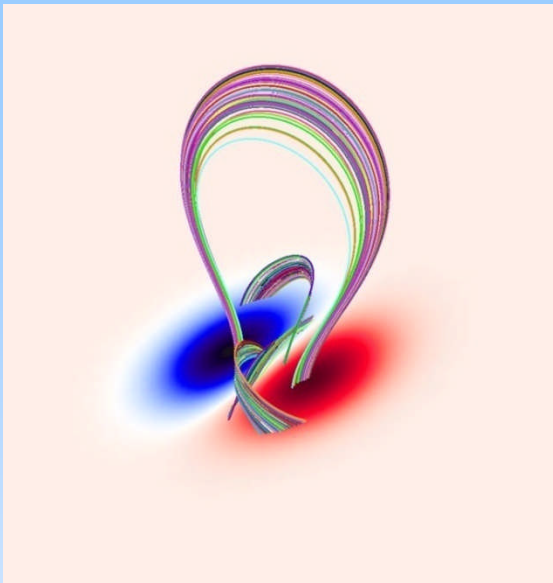
Yokoyama et al. (2001)

# Large eruptions are well-seen; what triggers them?

Basic problem: Magnetic balance must be disrupted in favor of the upward-directed pressure force.

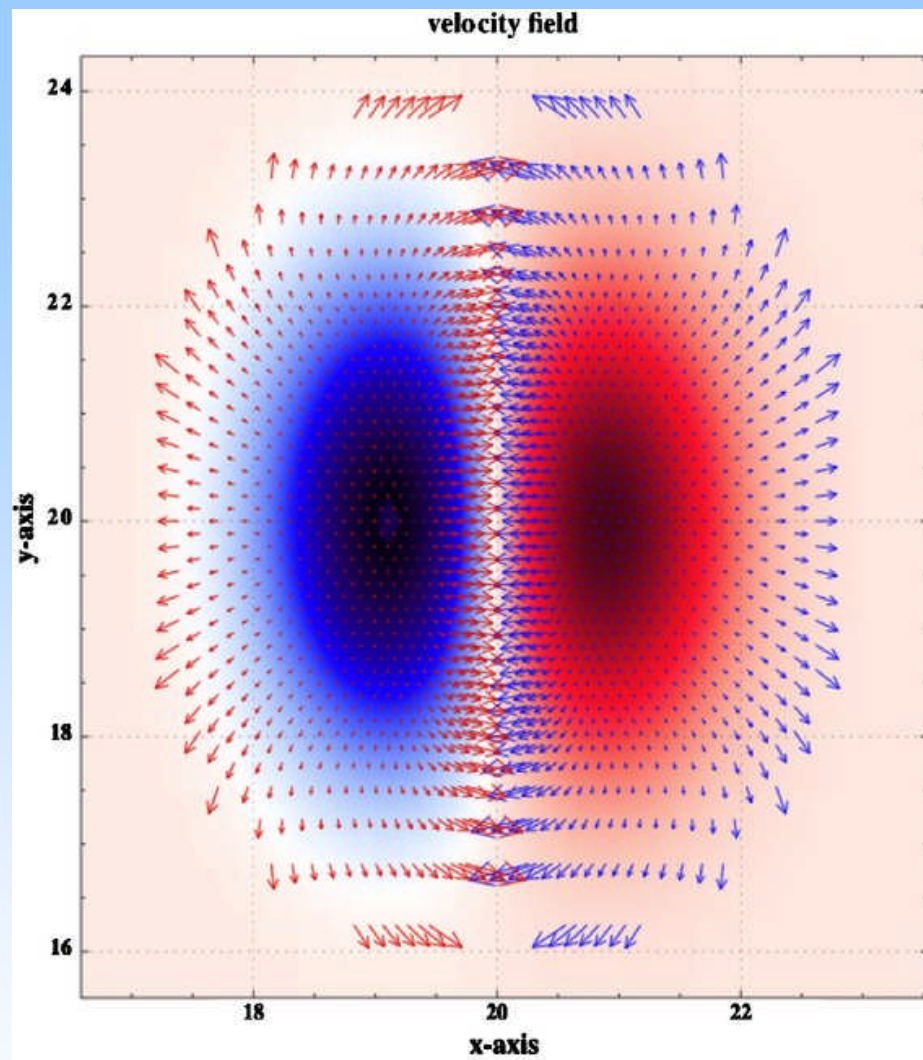
- Tether cutting (Moore et al. 1980, 1992, 2001)
- Breakout (Antiochos 1998; Antiochos et al. 1999)
- Ideal MHD instability (e.g., Isenberg et al. 1993; Linker & Mikic 1995; Titov & Demoulin 1999; Kliem & Torok 2006; Fan & Gibson 2007....)
- Flux Cancellation (e.g., Martin et al. 1985; van Ballegoijen & Martens, 1989; Wang & Shi 1993,....)
- Flux emergence (e.g., Chen & Shibata, 2000)
- Current increase (e.g., Leka et al. 1996, Okamoto et al. 2009; Amari et al. 2004)
- “No signature” eruptions (Hudson et al. 1998, Robbrecht et al. 2009)



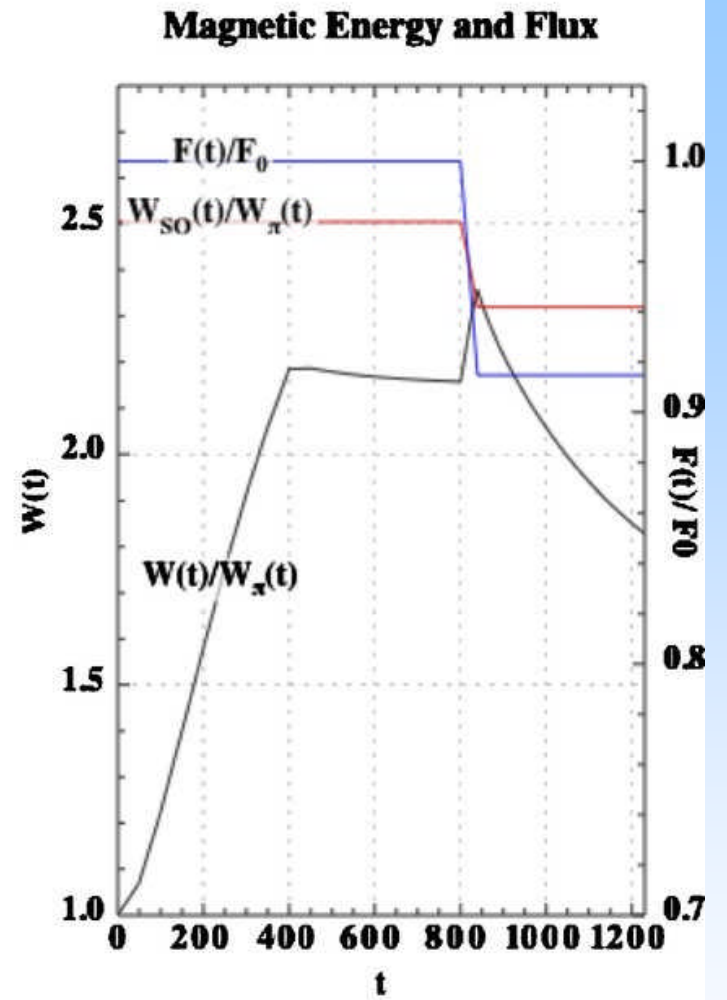


Amari et al. (2010) -- Flux Cancellation





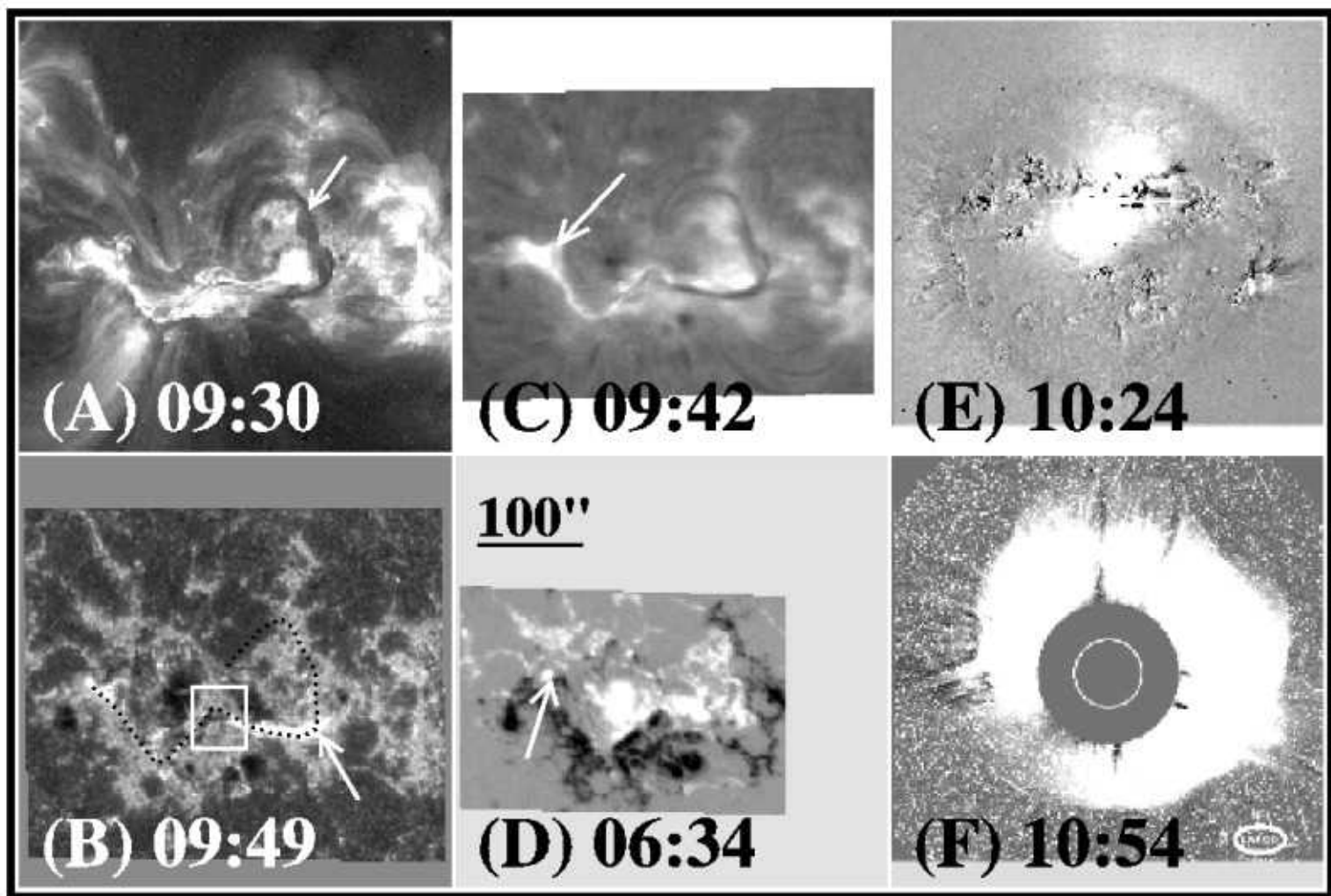
(a)



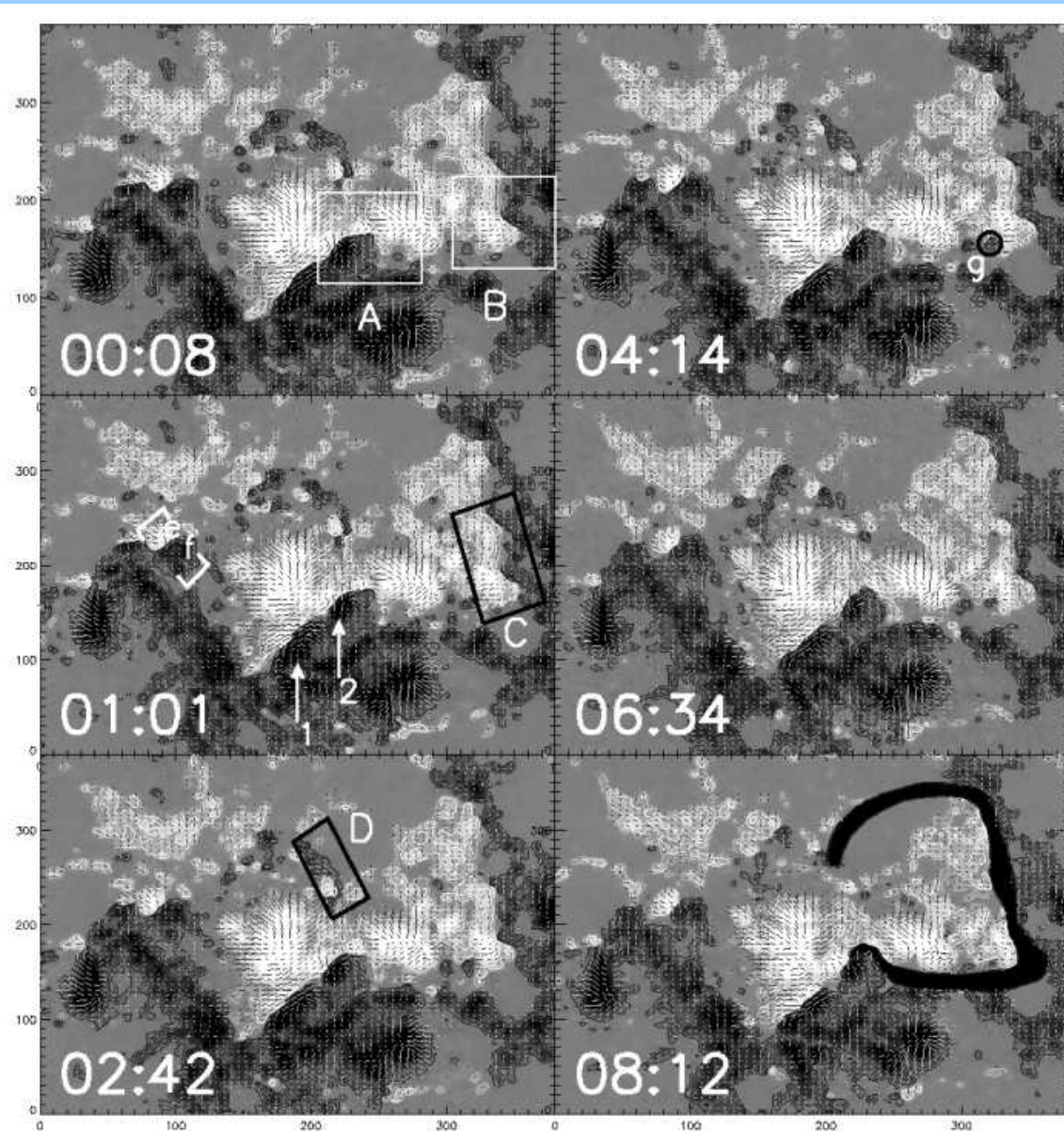
(b)

Amari et al. (2010) -- Flux cancelation

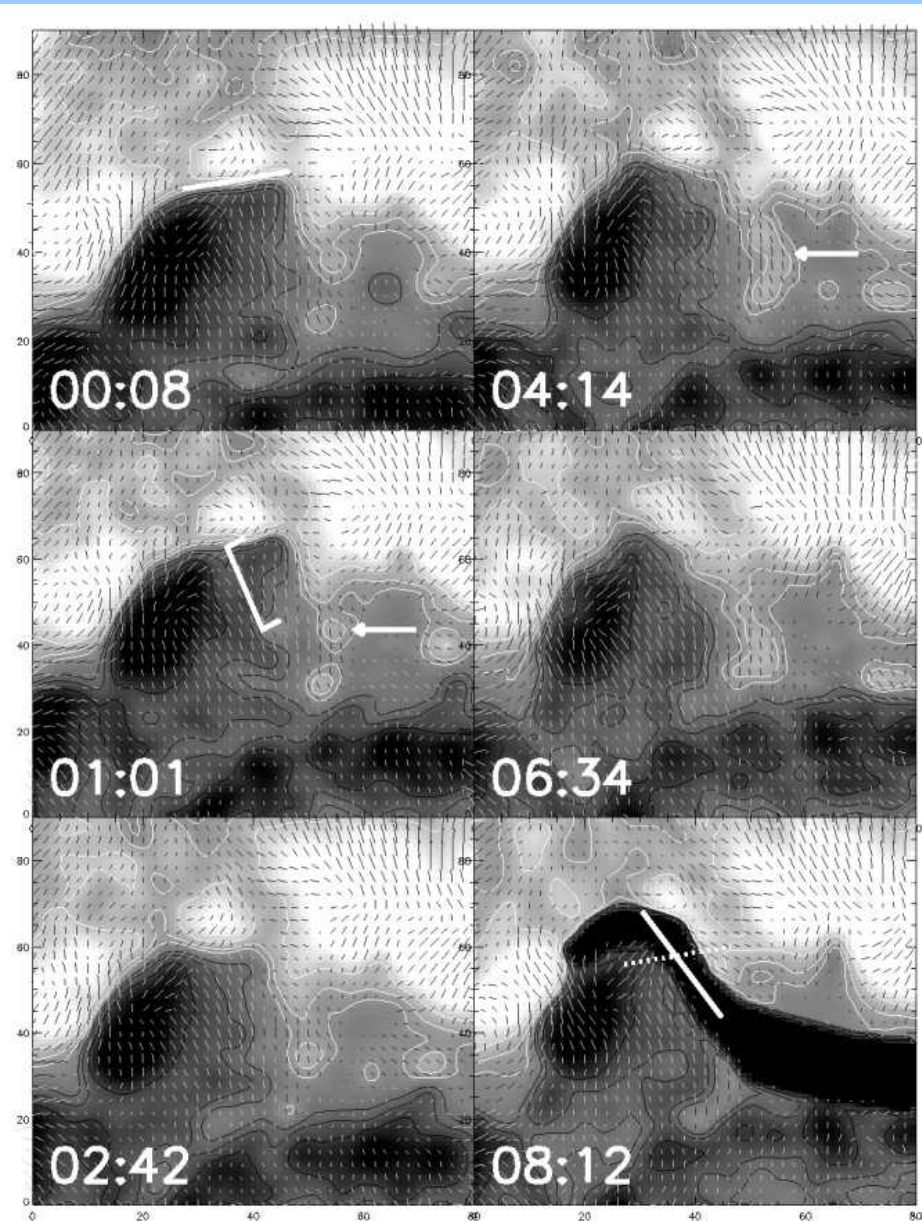
# Flux cancelation observation example



Jun Zhang et al. (2001)

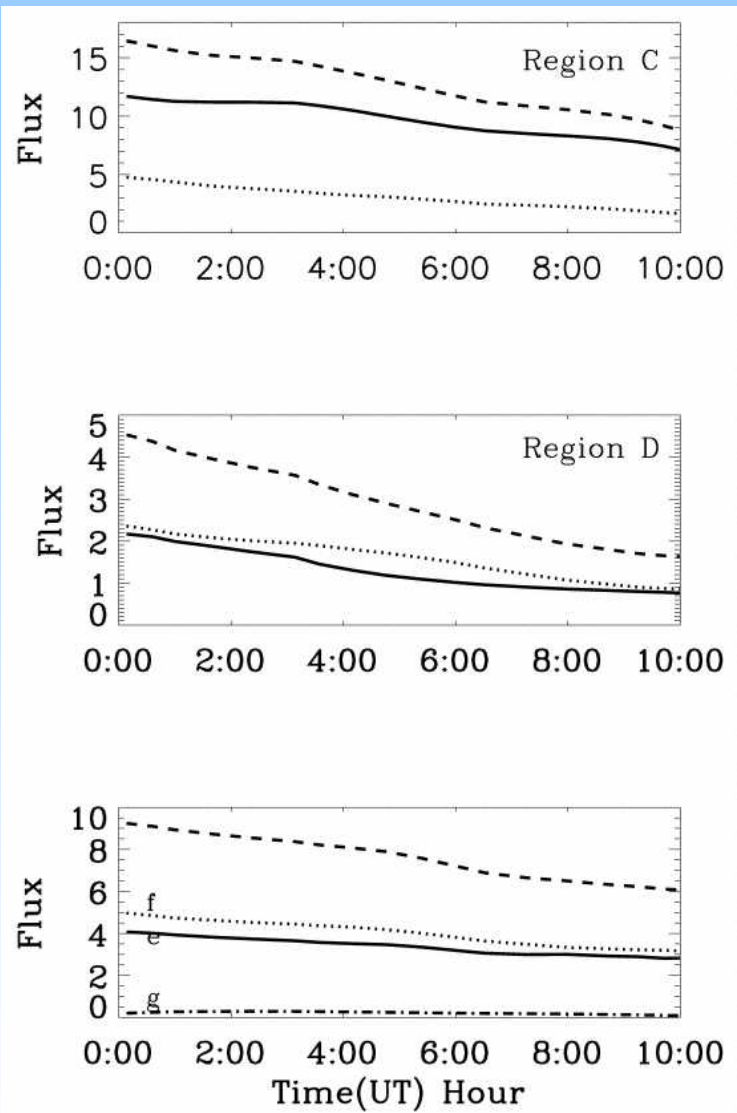






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Jun Zhang et al. (2001)



Jun Zhang et al. (2001)

## How much flux must cancel for eruption?

- Theory: ~6% from Amari et al. (2010) simulations.
- Observation: Sterling et al. (2007, 2010) found eruption to observe in two different events with 5% - 10% of total Flux canceled.

More observations (and theory?) needed.

# Which mechanism “responsible” for eruption? Hard to say!

- Moore & Sterling: Can't easily say whether TC, breakout, or ideal MHD is key trigger.
- Aulanier et al. (2010): Model based on flux cancelation, but eruption only occurred when torus instability (Kliem & Torok 2006; Isenberg & Forbes 2007) ensues.
- Observations of flux emergence --> eruption (many, e.g. statistical study by Feynman & Martin 1995), but also observations of cancelation w/o emergence (H. Chen et al. 2009).

Maybe any of several mechanisms can drive system  
“over the edge,” leading to eruption.

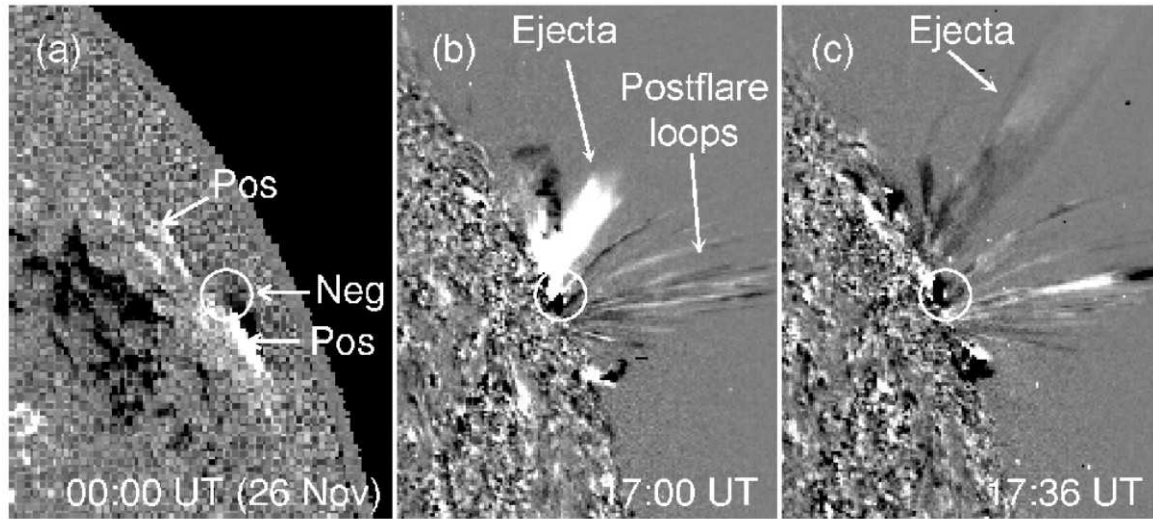
# Smaller-Scale Eruptive Events

- Streamer Puff CMEs: Bemporad et al. (2005), Yunchun Jiang et al. (2009)
- Quiet Sun Mini-CMEs (Innes et al. 2009)
- Explosive Events Associated with Surges (Madjarska et al. 2009)
- ....



Magnetogram

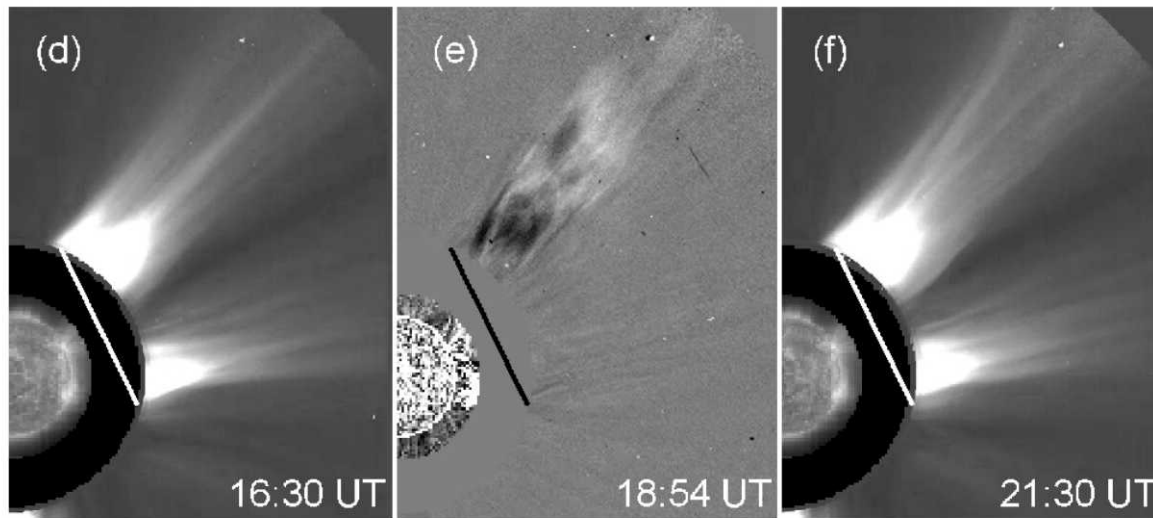
EIT He II  $\lambda 304 \text{ \AA}$  difference images

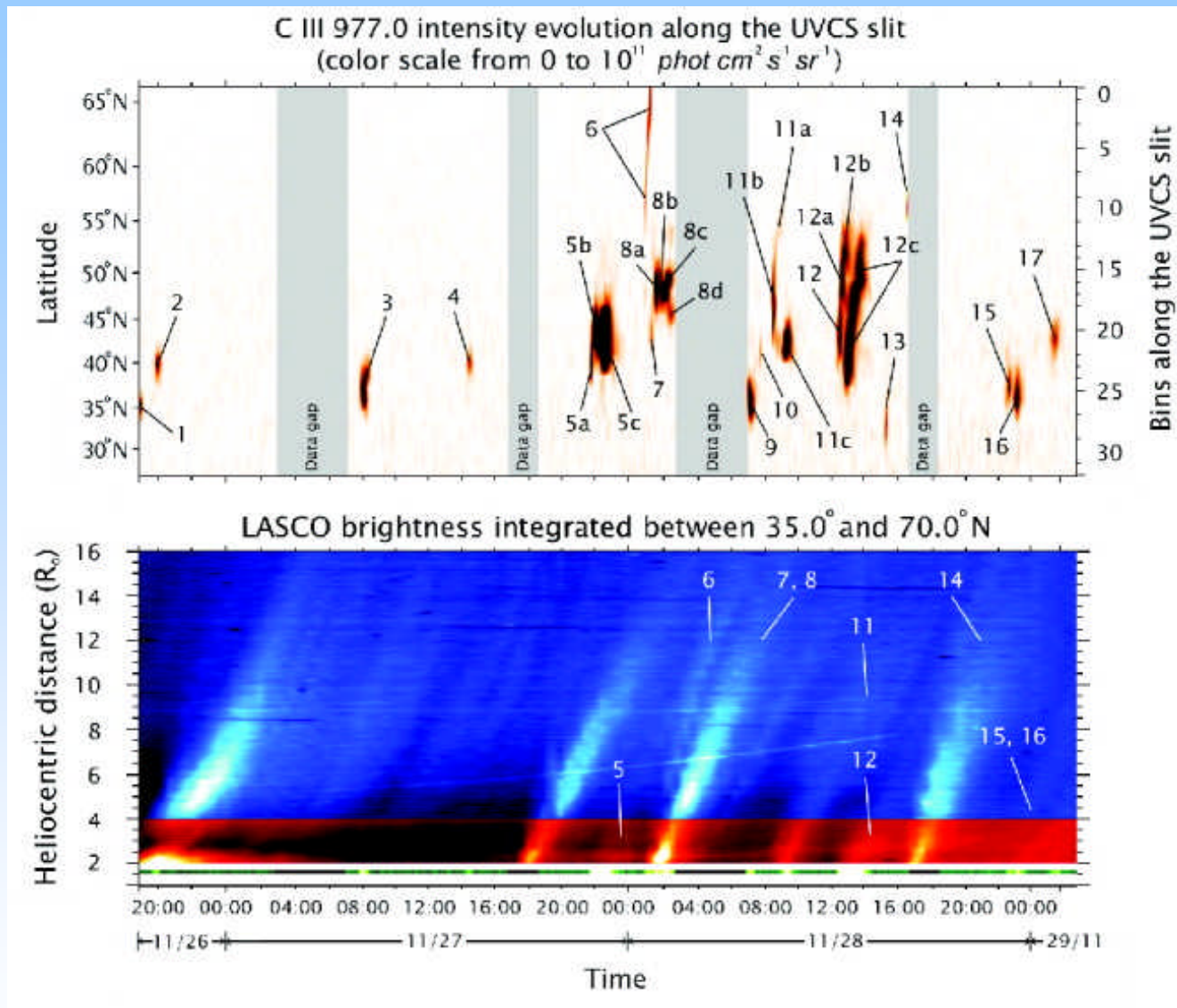


LASCO/C2

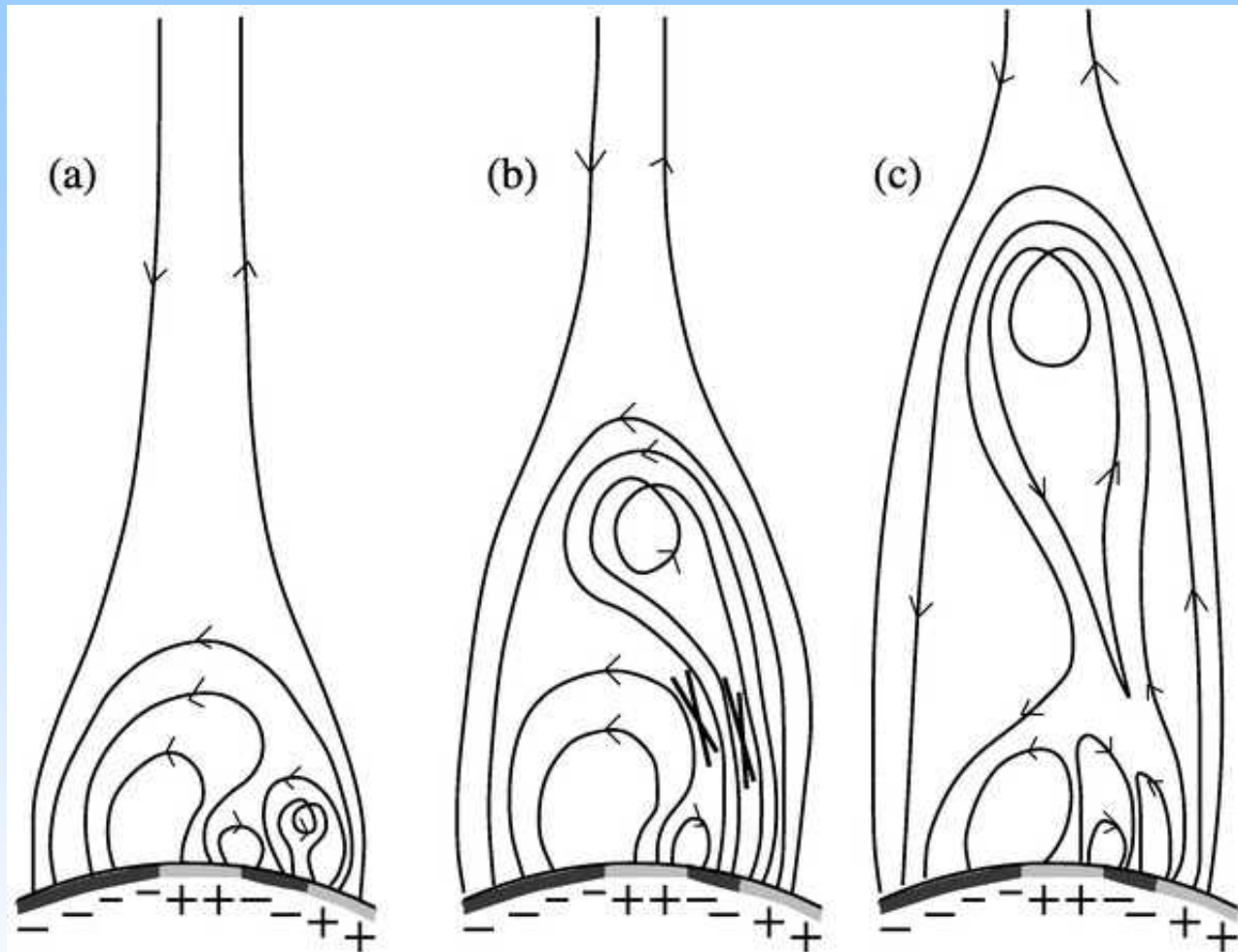
difference image

LASCO/C2





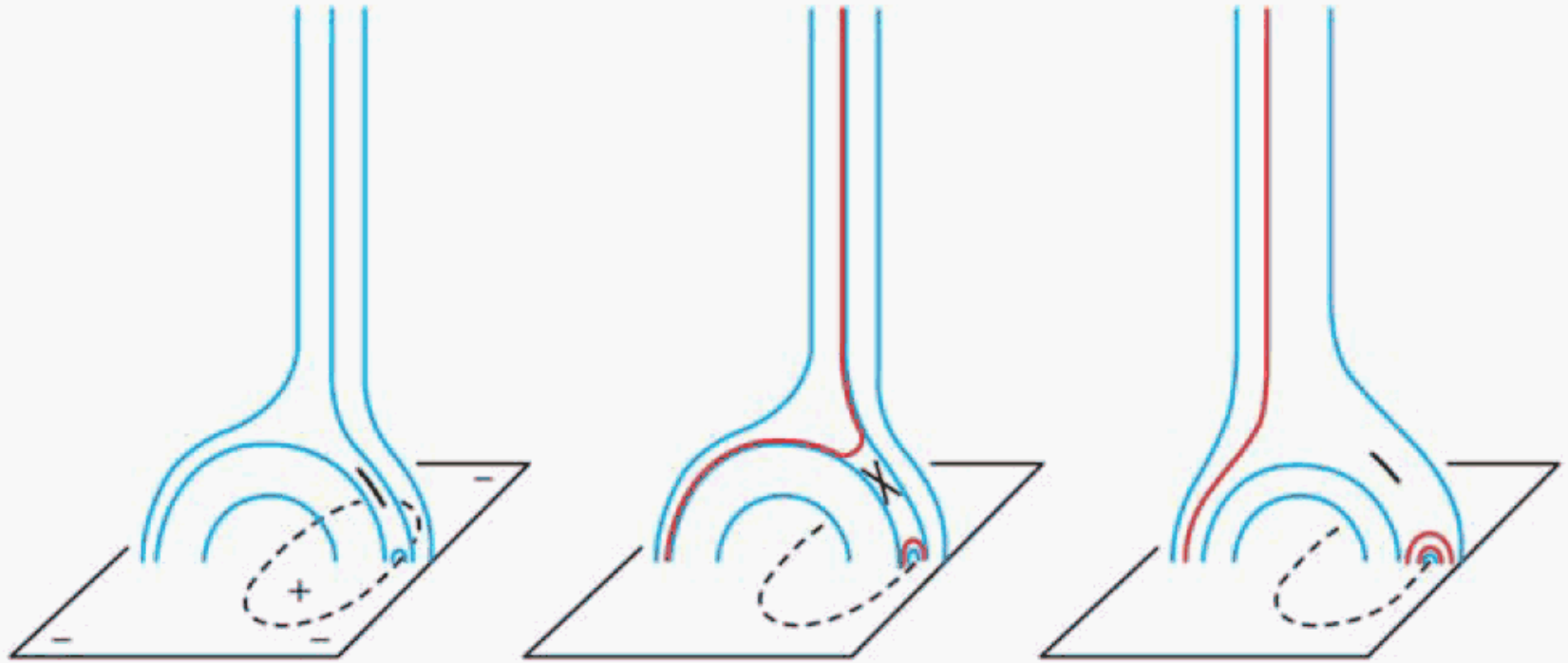
Bemporad et al. (2005)



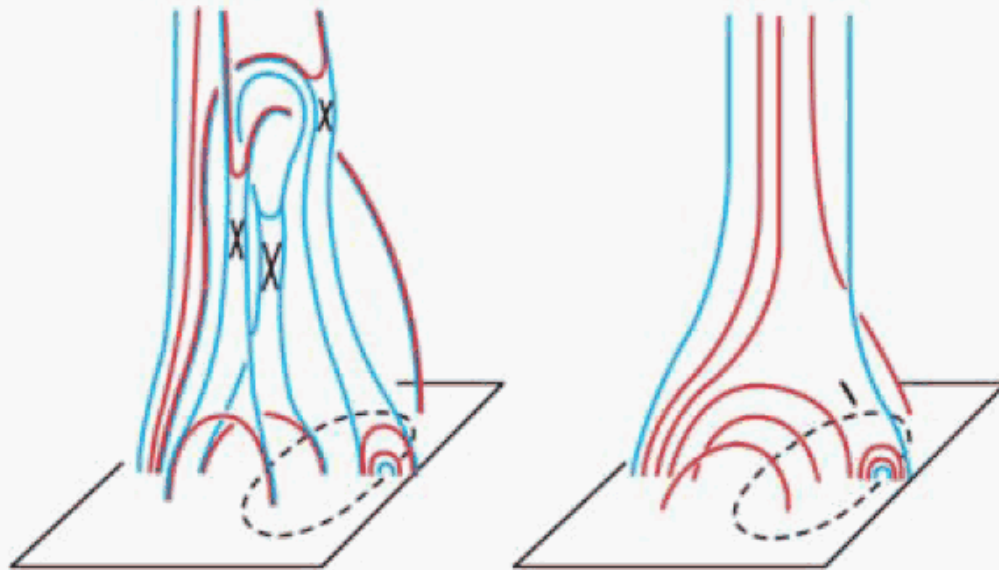
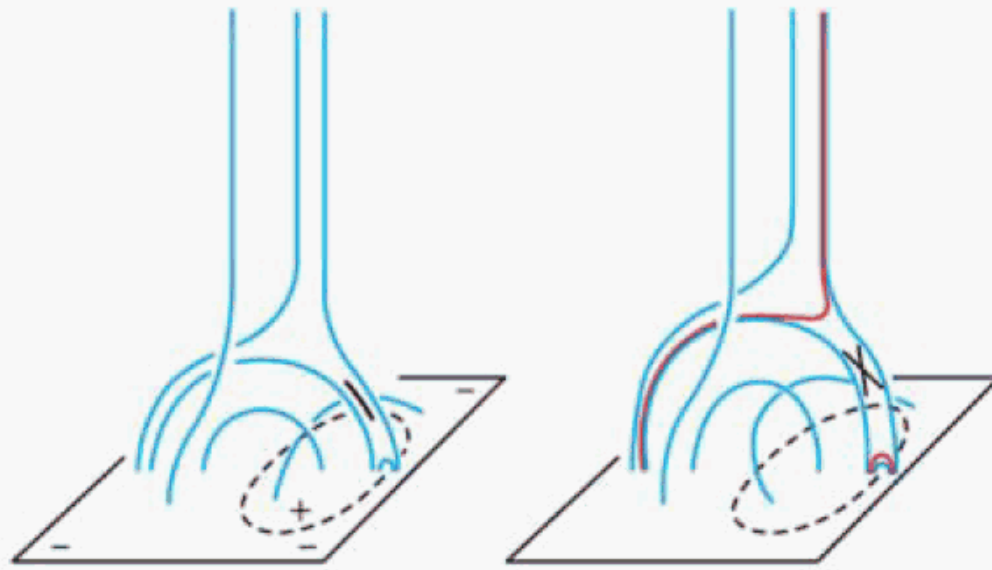
Bemporad et al. (2005)

# Eruptions on Still Smaller Scales

- X-Ray jets are prevalent in the polar coronal hole regions (Shibata et al. 1994, Shimojo et al 1998, Certain et al. 2007, Savcheva et al. 2009).
- There is a viable theory for “standard” (non-eruptive) jets (e.g., Shibata et al. 1992, Yokoyama & Shibata 1995, Pariat et al. 2002).
- In addition to standard jets, there are “blowout jets,” which make up ~30% of the population (Y.-M. Wang et al 1998, Moore et al. 2010, Nistico et al. 2009).
- Also, observations by Patsourakos et al. 2008; Raouaf et al. (2010), theory by Rachmeler et al. 2010).



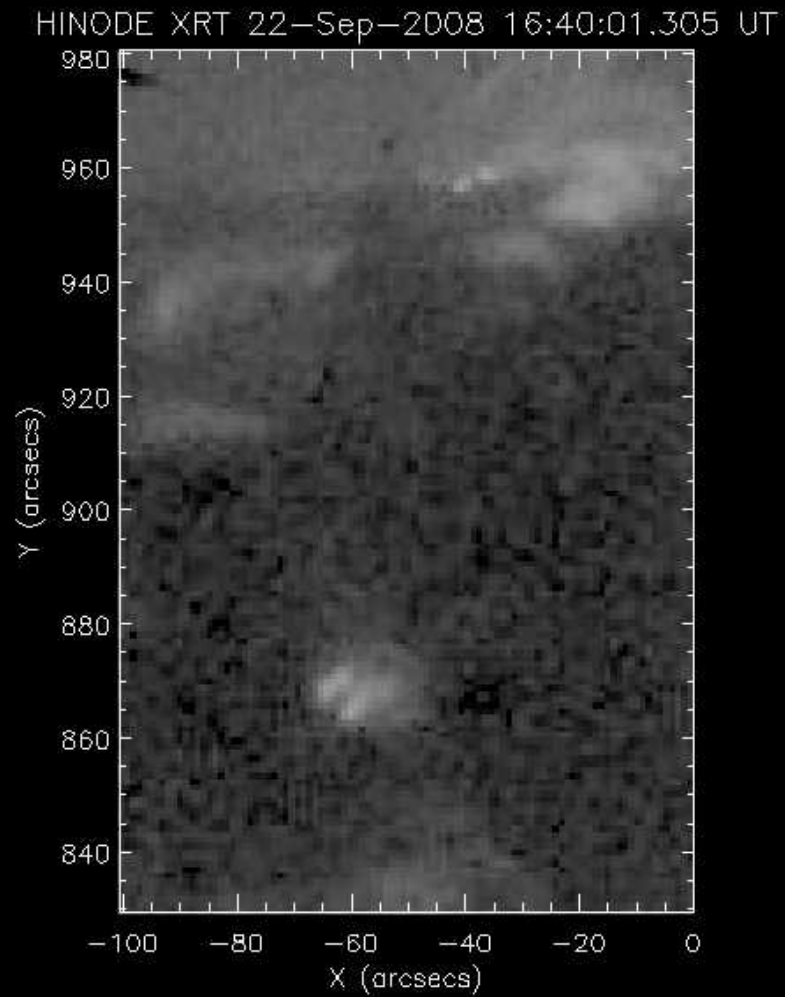
Moore et al. (2010) (after Shibata et al. 1992)



Moore et al. (2010)

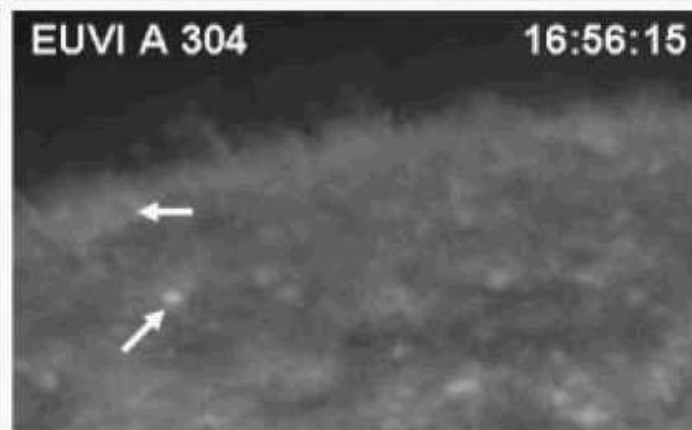
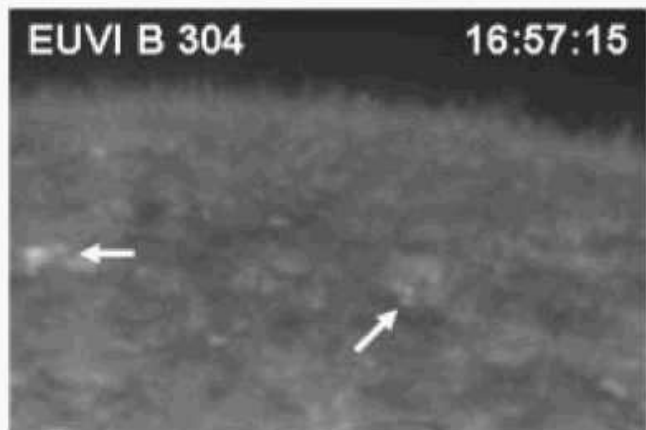
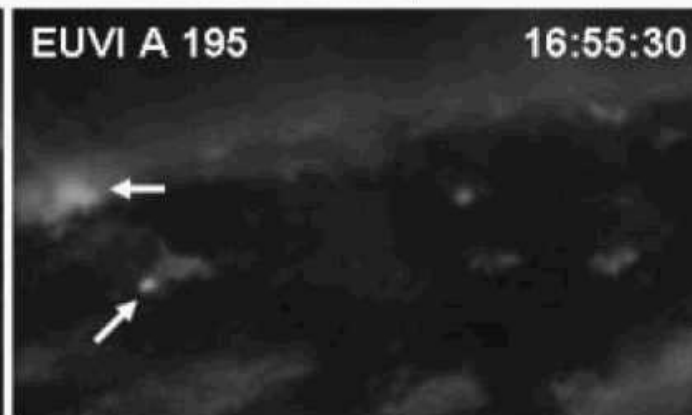
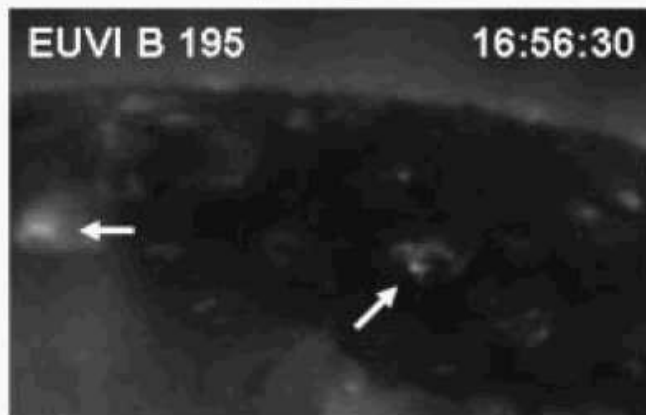
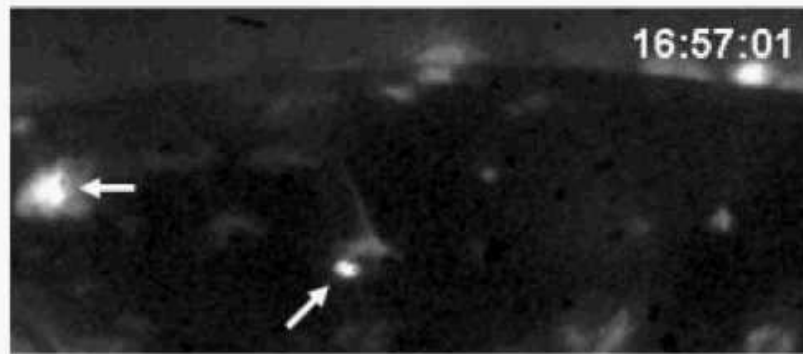


# Standard Jet Example



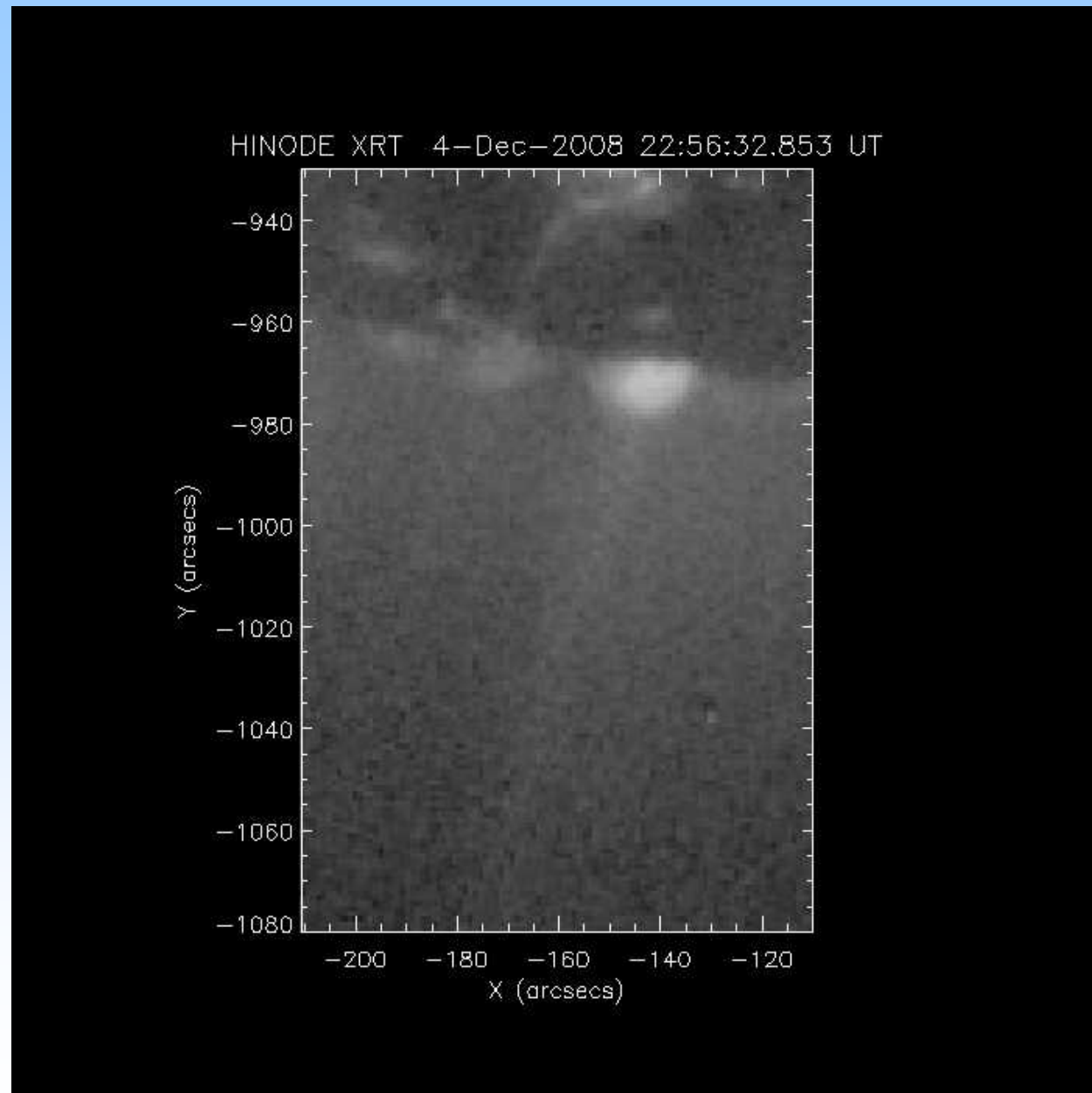
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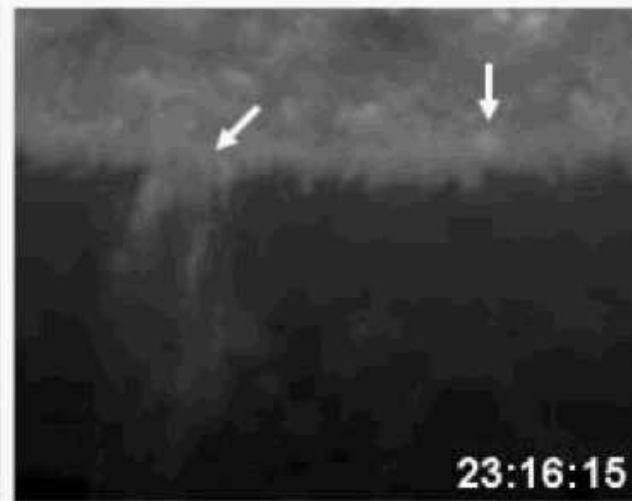
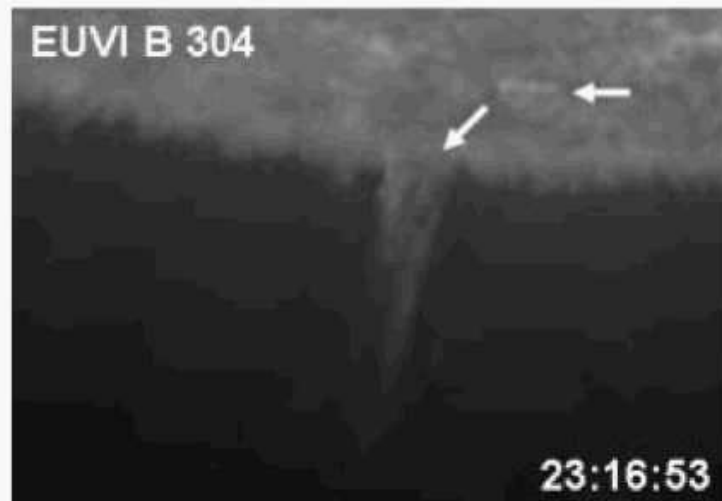
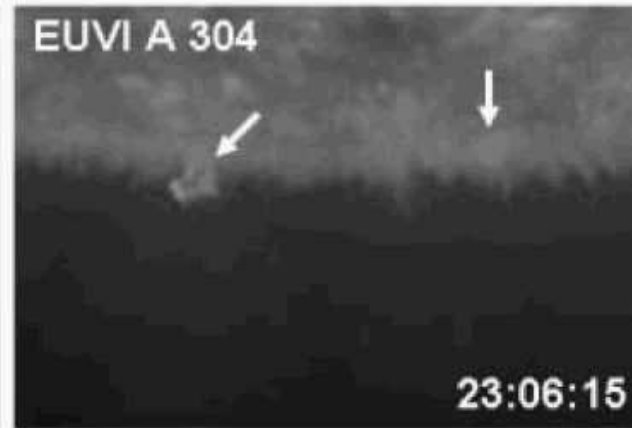
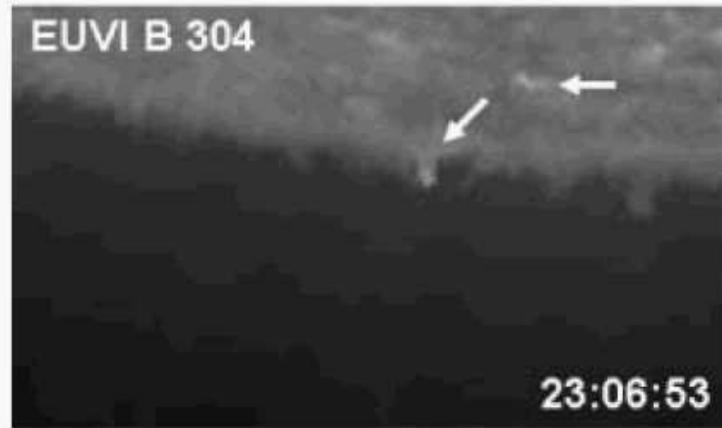
Moore et al. (2010)





# Blowout Jet Example



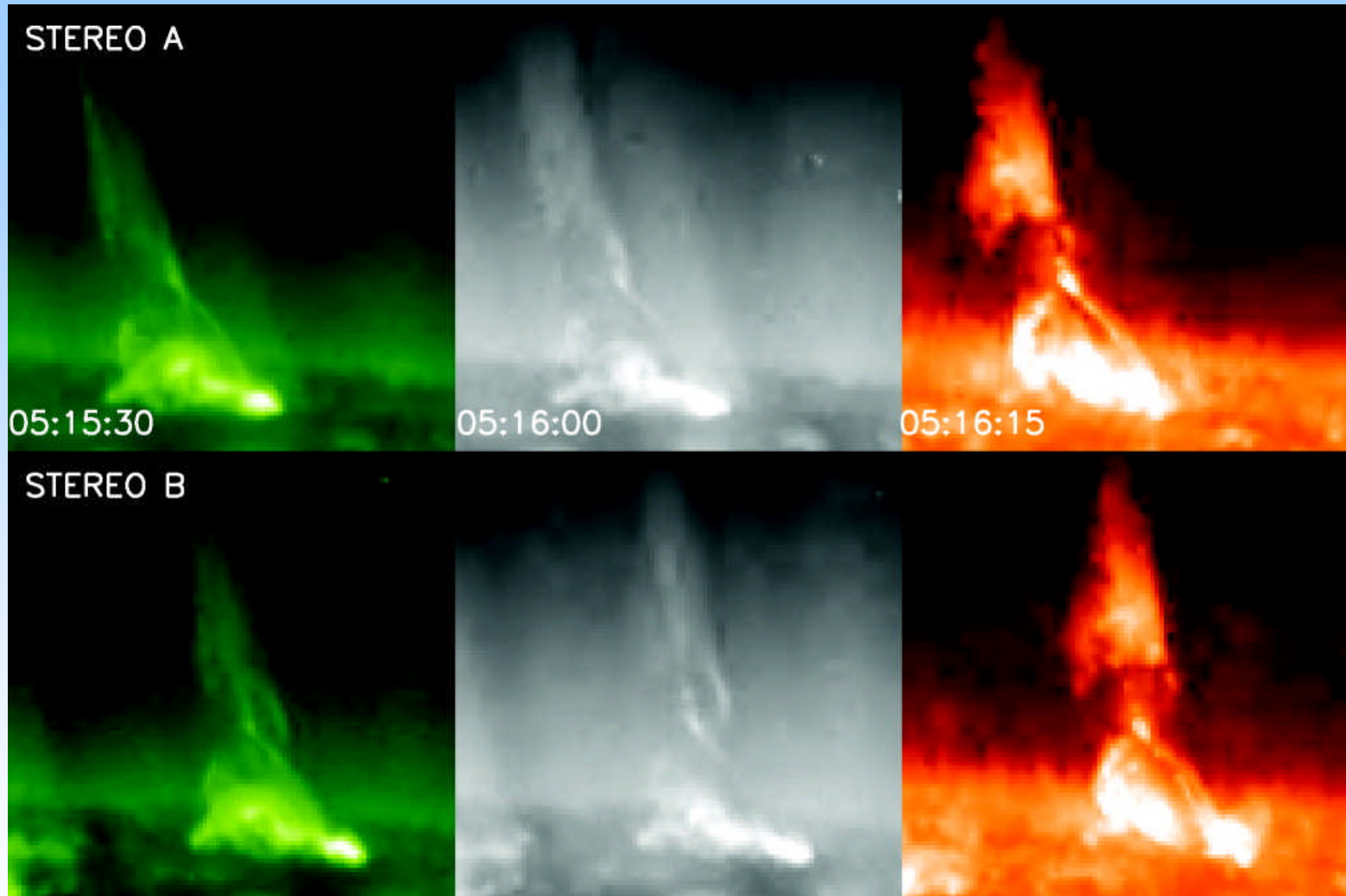


# Another Blowout Jet

195

171

304



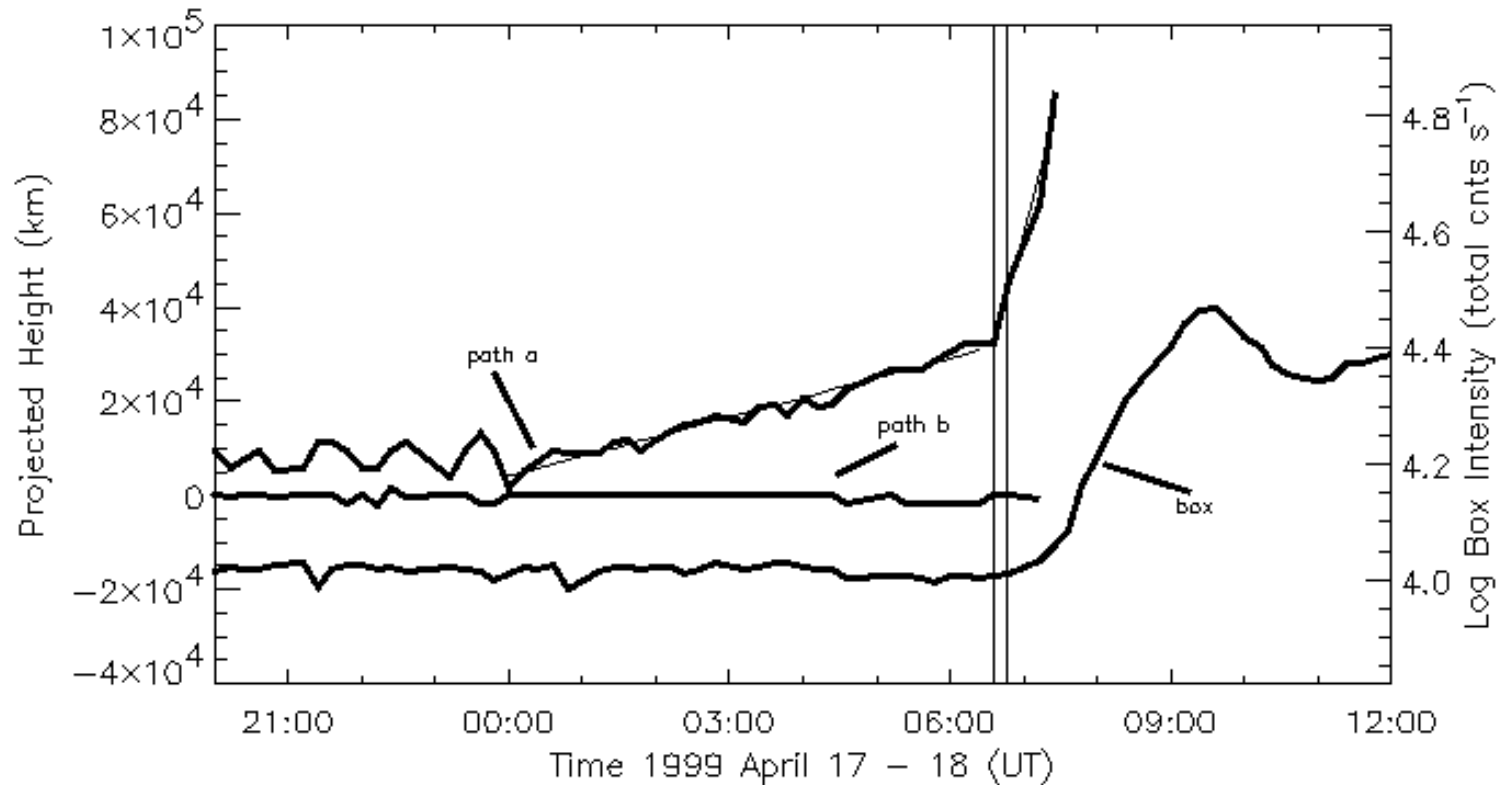
Patsourakos et al. (2008)

# Conclusions and Discussion

- Solar eruptions occur on many different scales. (Schrijver 2010: bipole eruptions more frequent as size decreases.)
- Trigger might be any of several different candidates, working independently or in tandem.
- How about larger scales than (solar) CMEs? (Stellar eruptions.)
- How about smaller scales than X-ray jets? (Spicules? Moore 1989)

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## Filament pre-eruption, pre-flare **slow-rise phase**



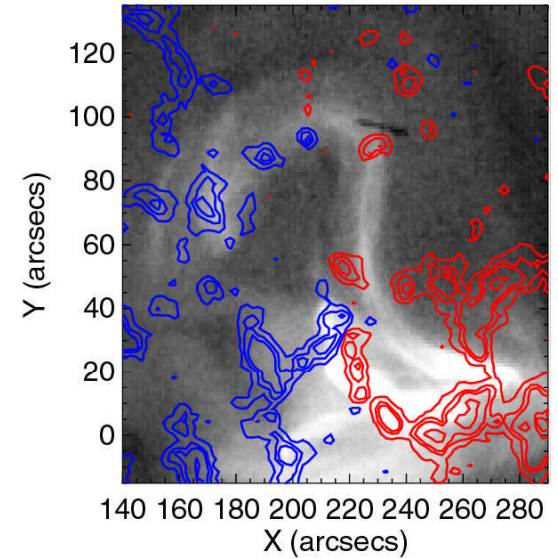
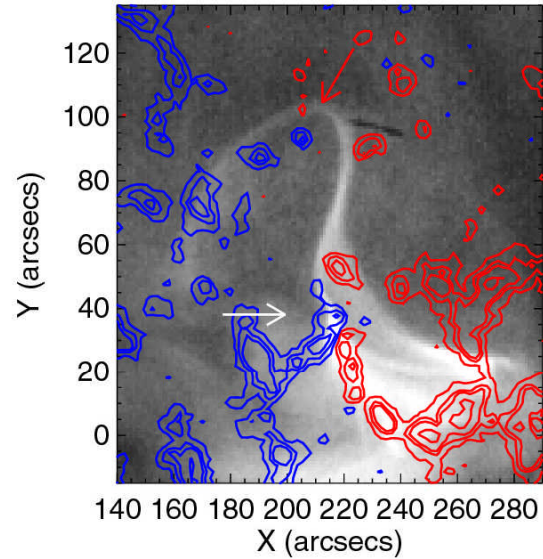
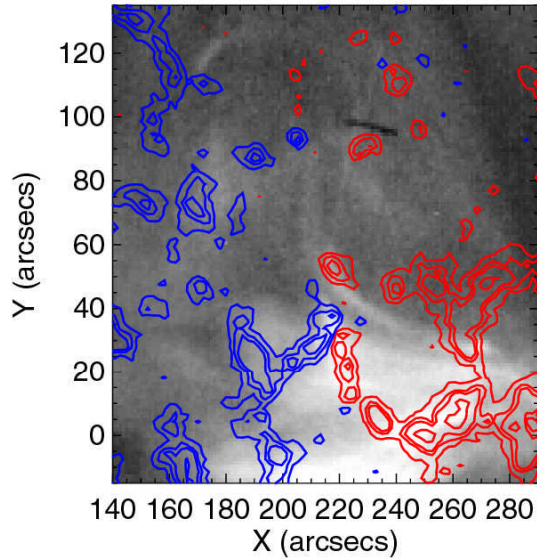
Sterling, Moore, Thompson (2001)

(e.g., Tandberg-Hanssen et al. 1980, Kahler et al. 1988)

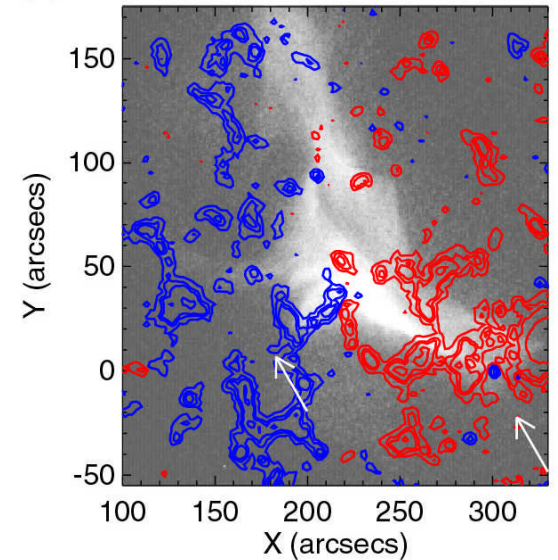
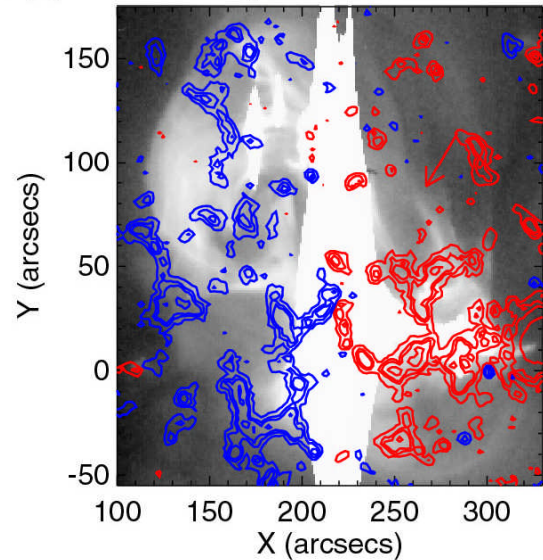
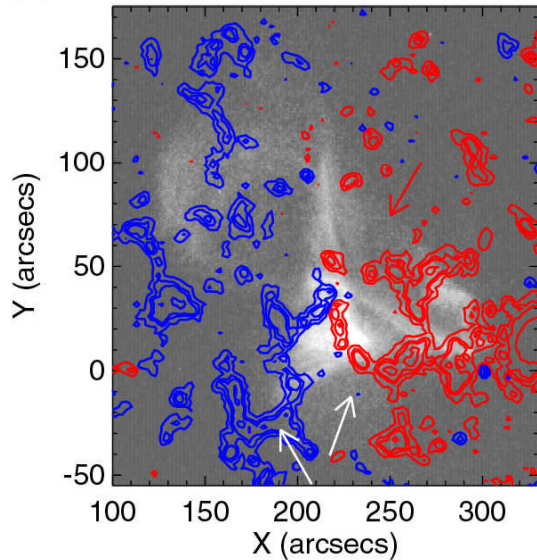


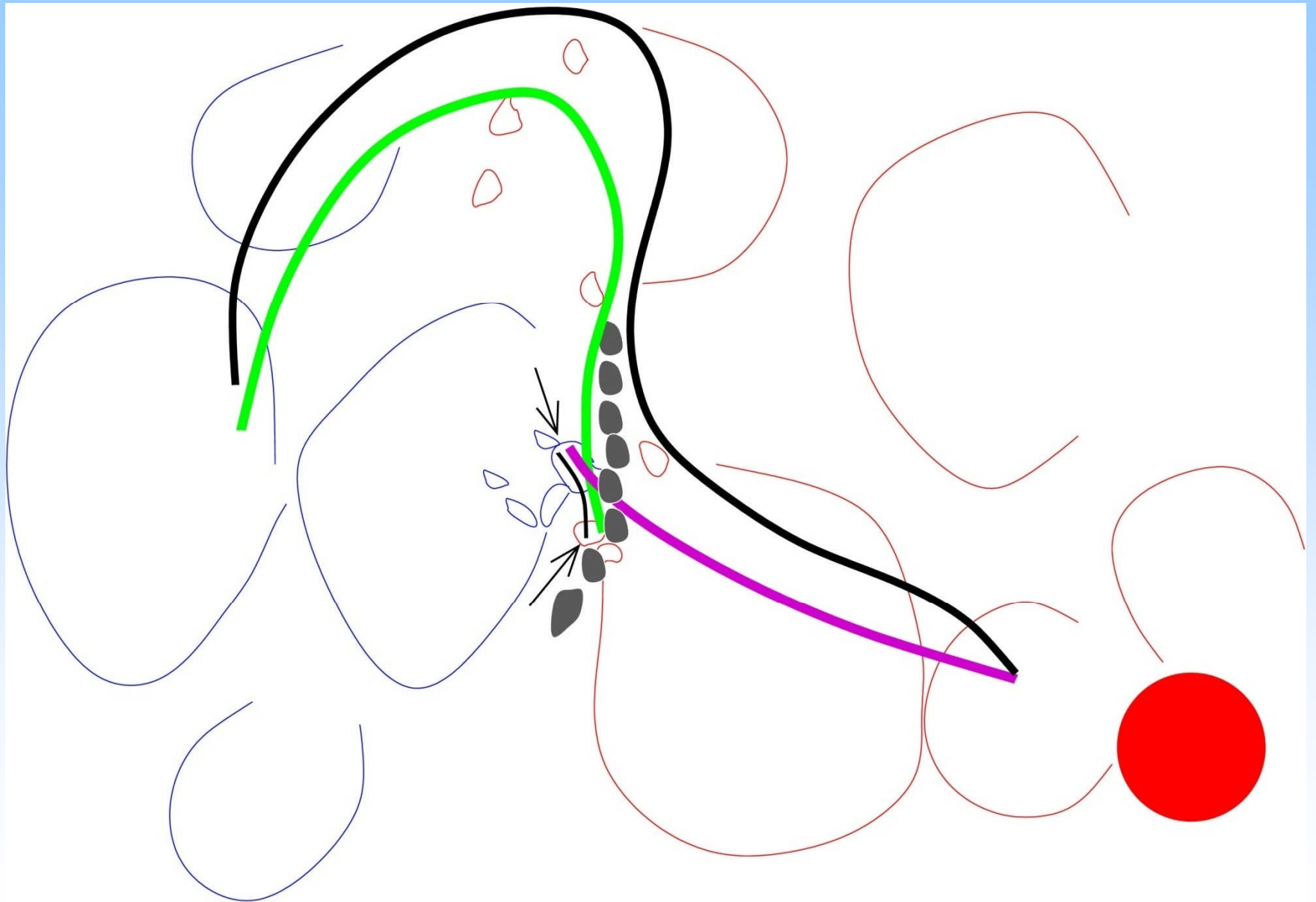
# XRT on MDI

(a) XRT Ti-Poly: 2-Mar-2007 04:12:33 UT (b) XRT Ti-Poly: 2-Mar-2007 04:43:18 (c) XRT Ti-Poly: 2-Mar-2007 05:02:



(c) XRT Al Thick: 2-Mar-2007 05:13:14 (c) XRT Ti-Poly: 2-Mar-2007 05:16:03 (c) XRT Al Thick: 2-Mar-2007 05:28

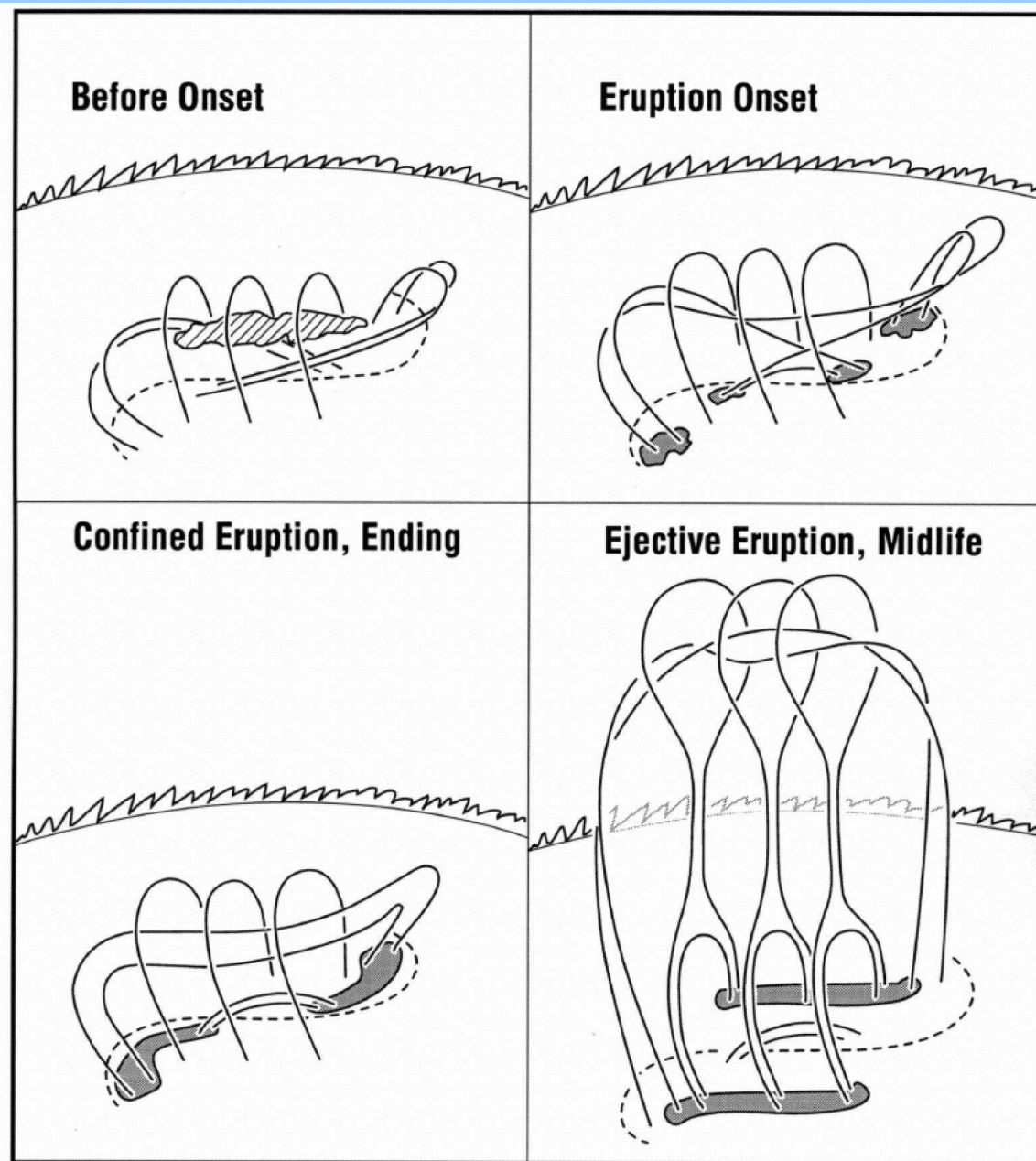


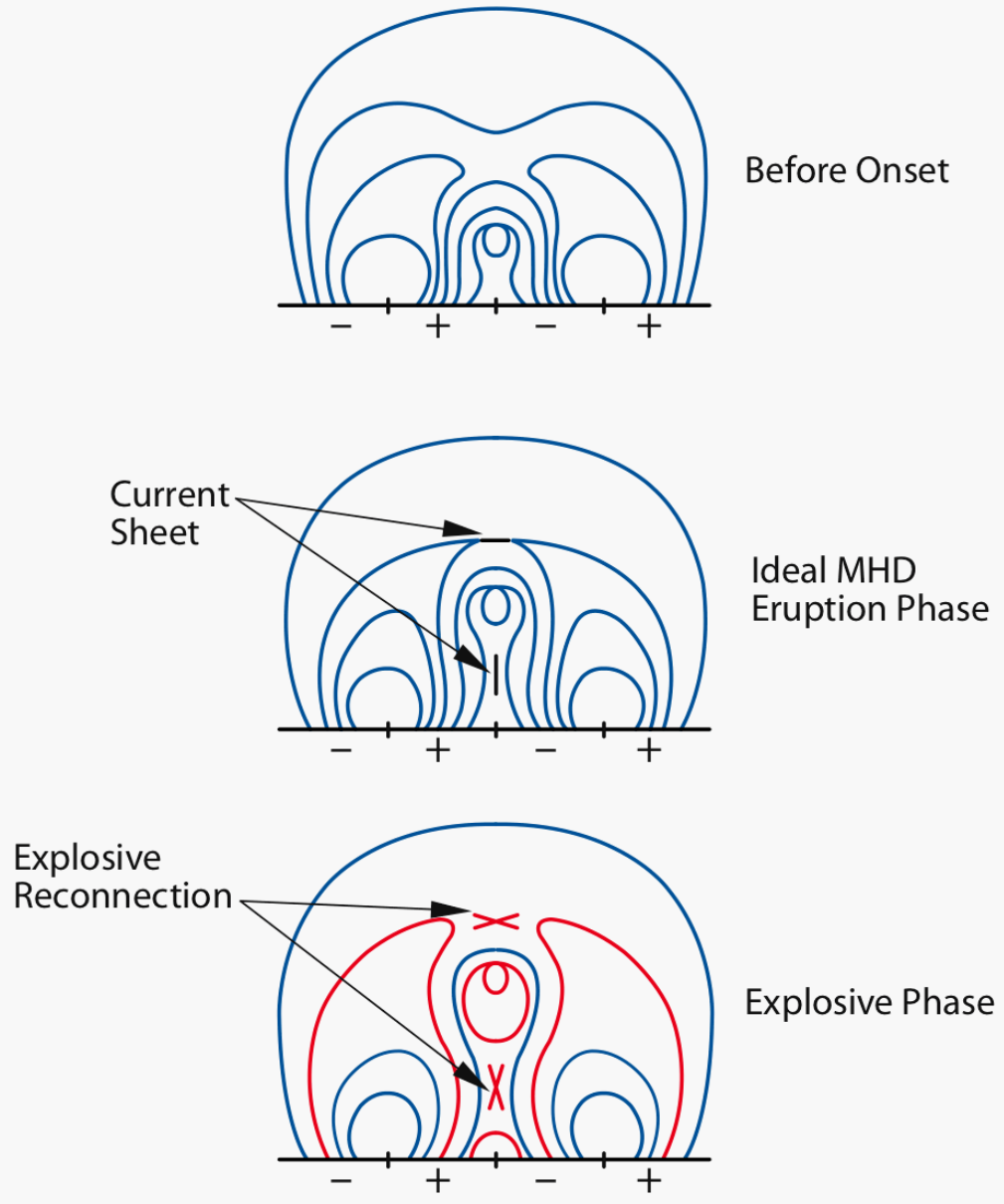


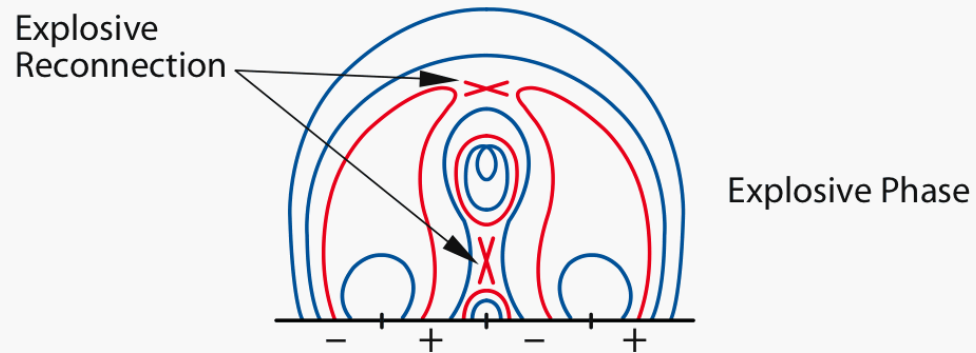
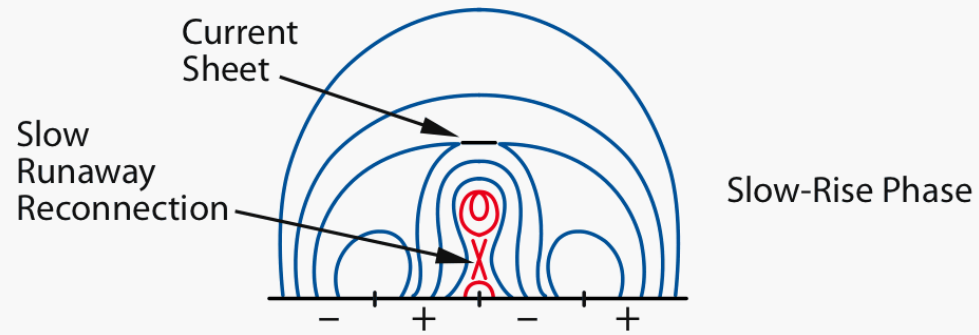
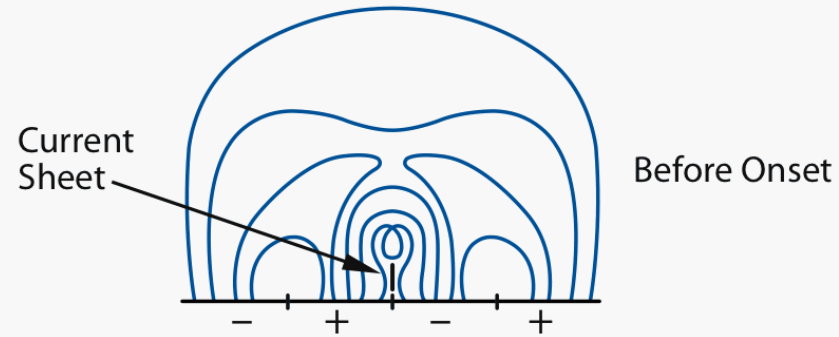
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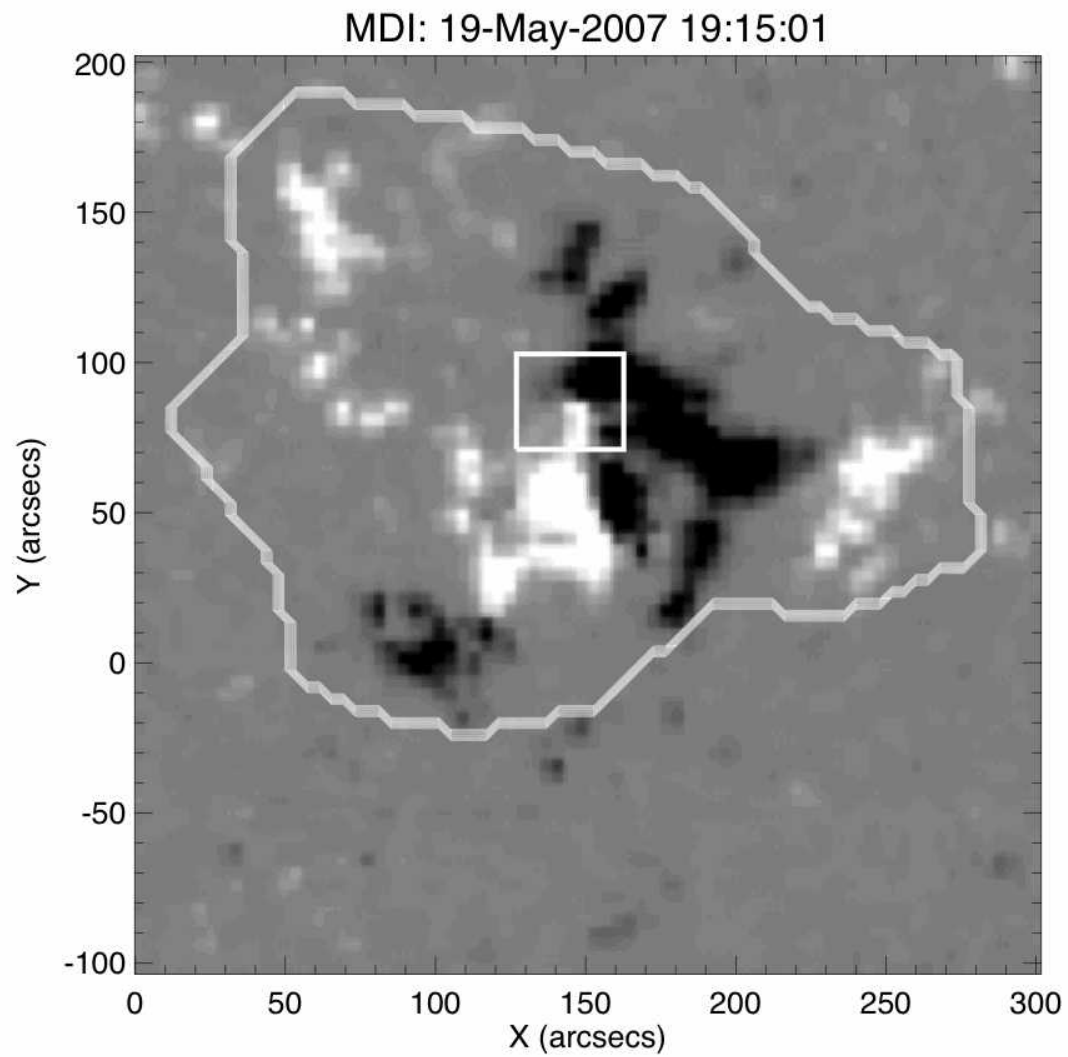


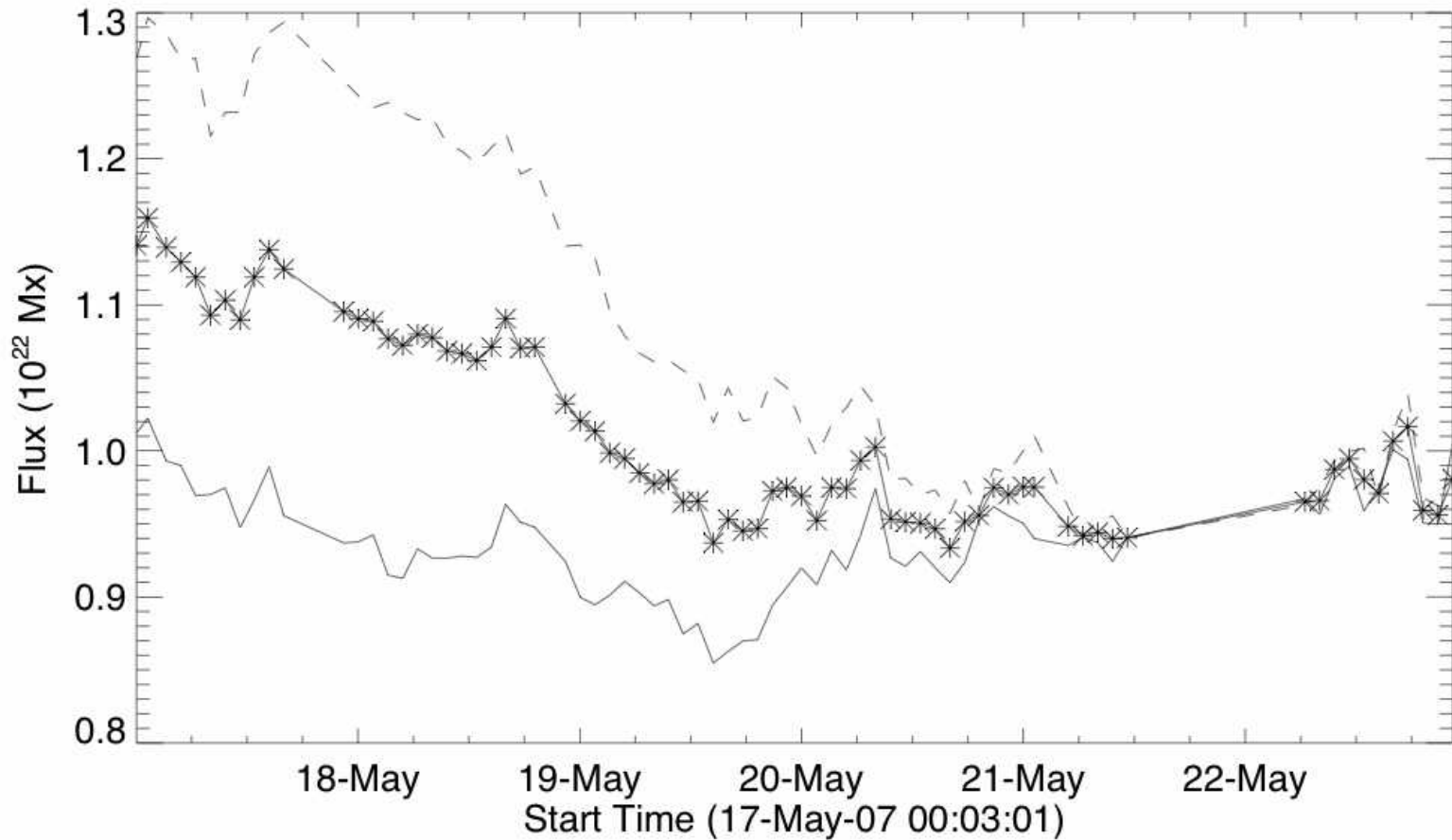
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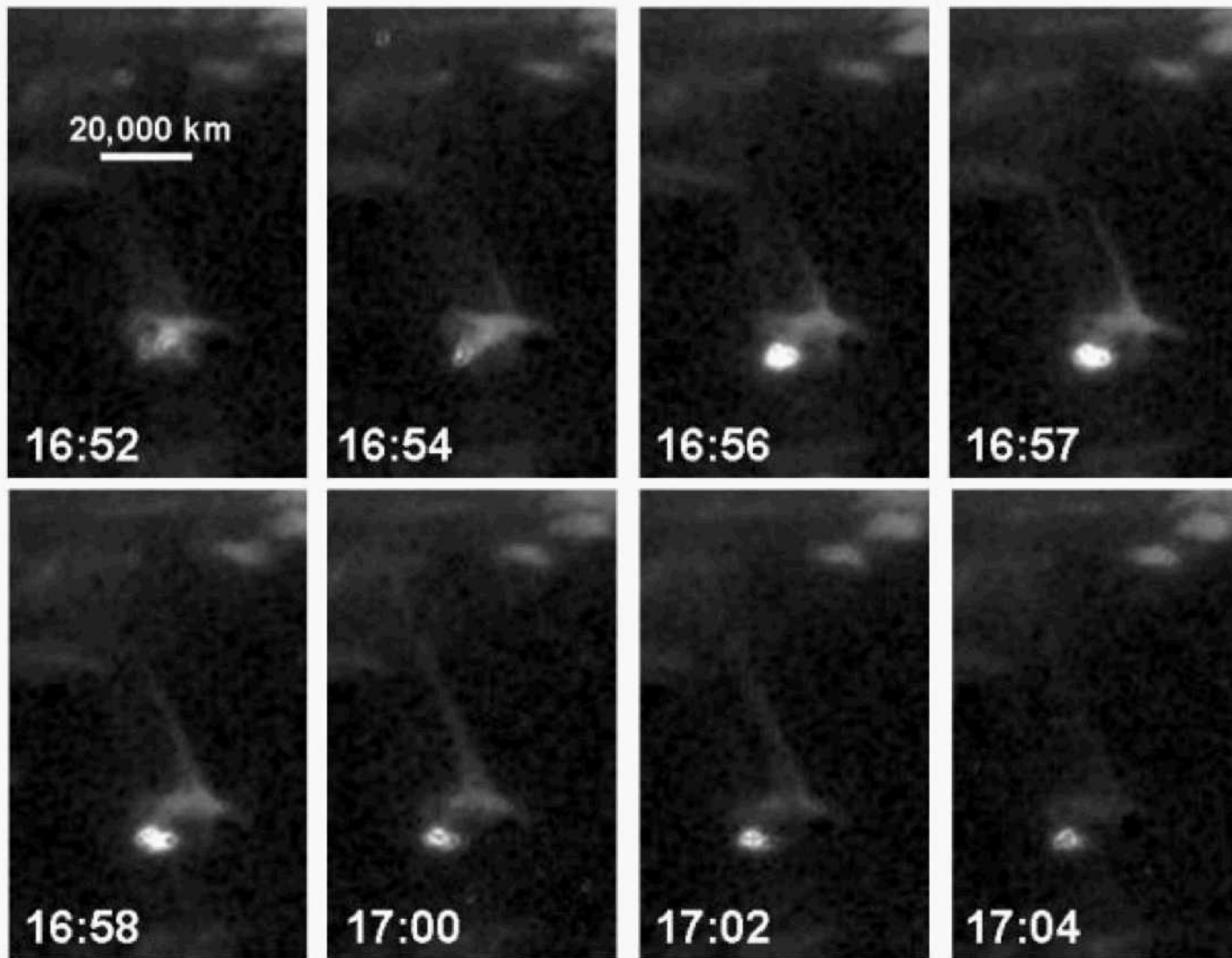




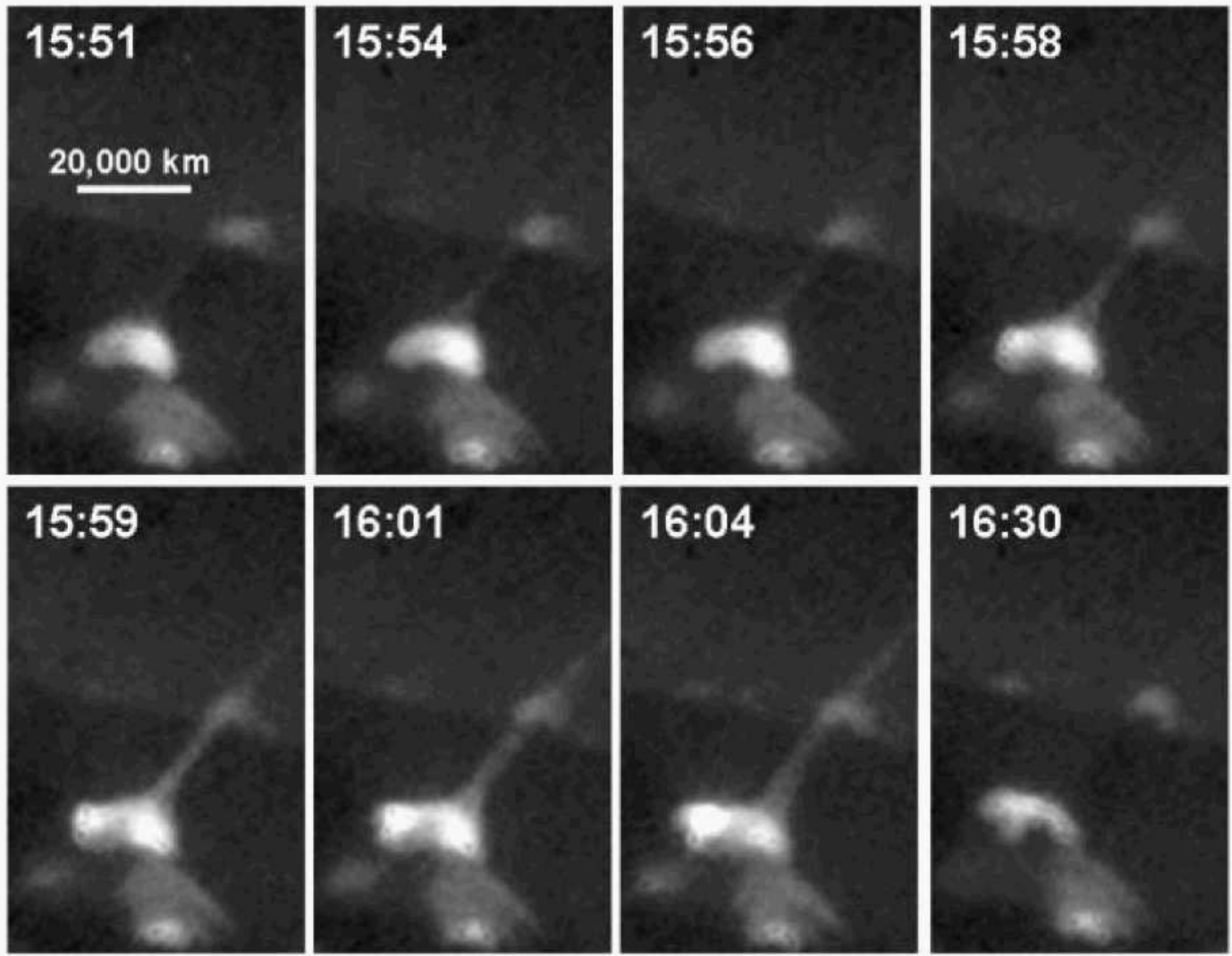




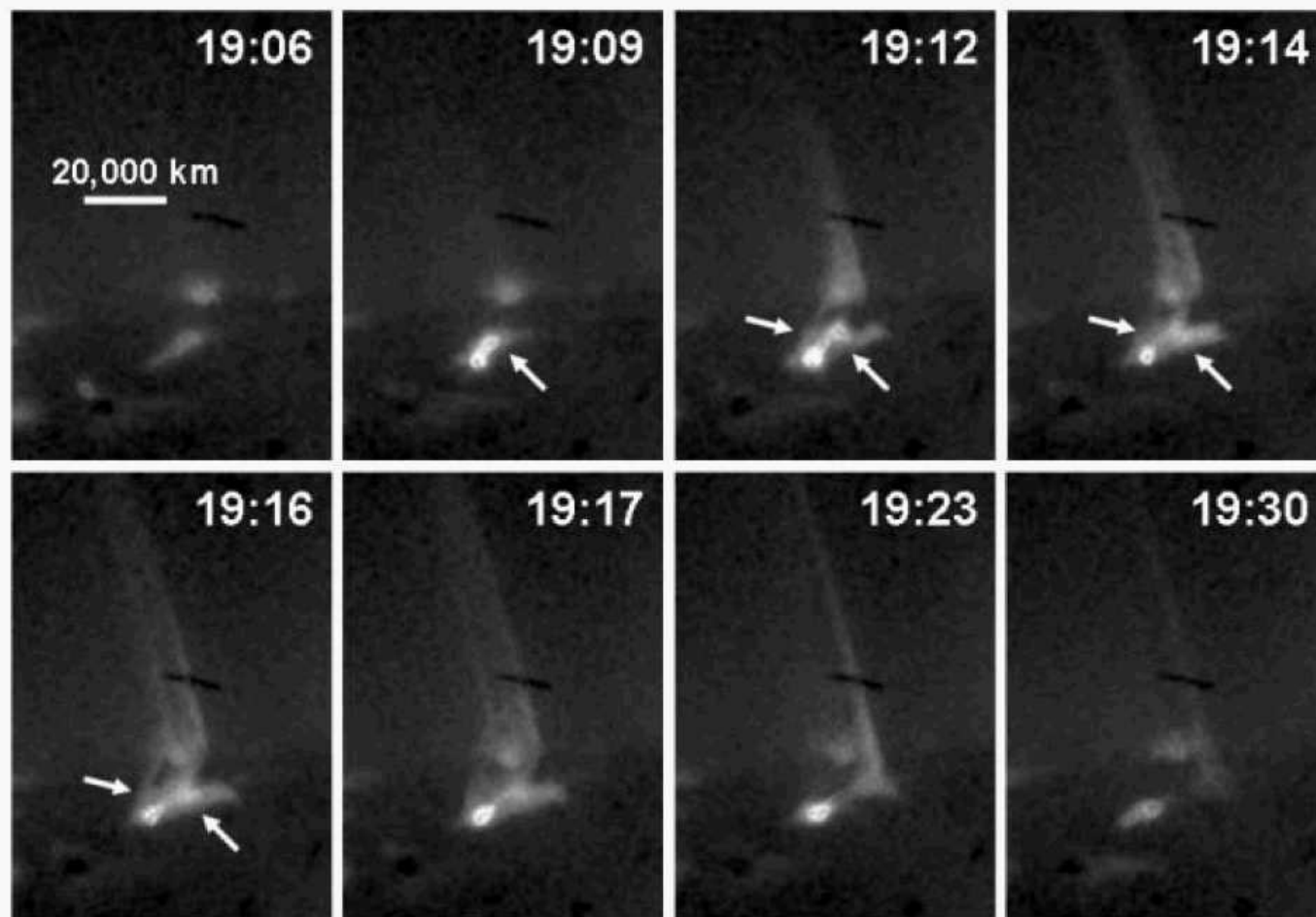
Flux decrease of ~10% in 24 hrs from 18 May 12 UT.

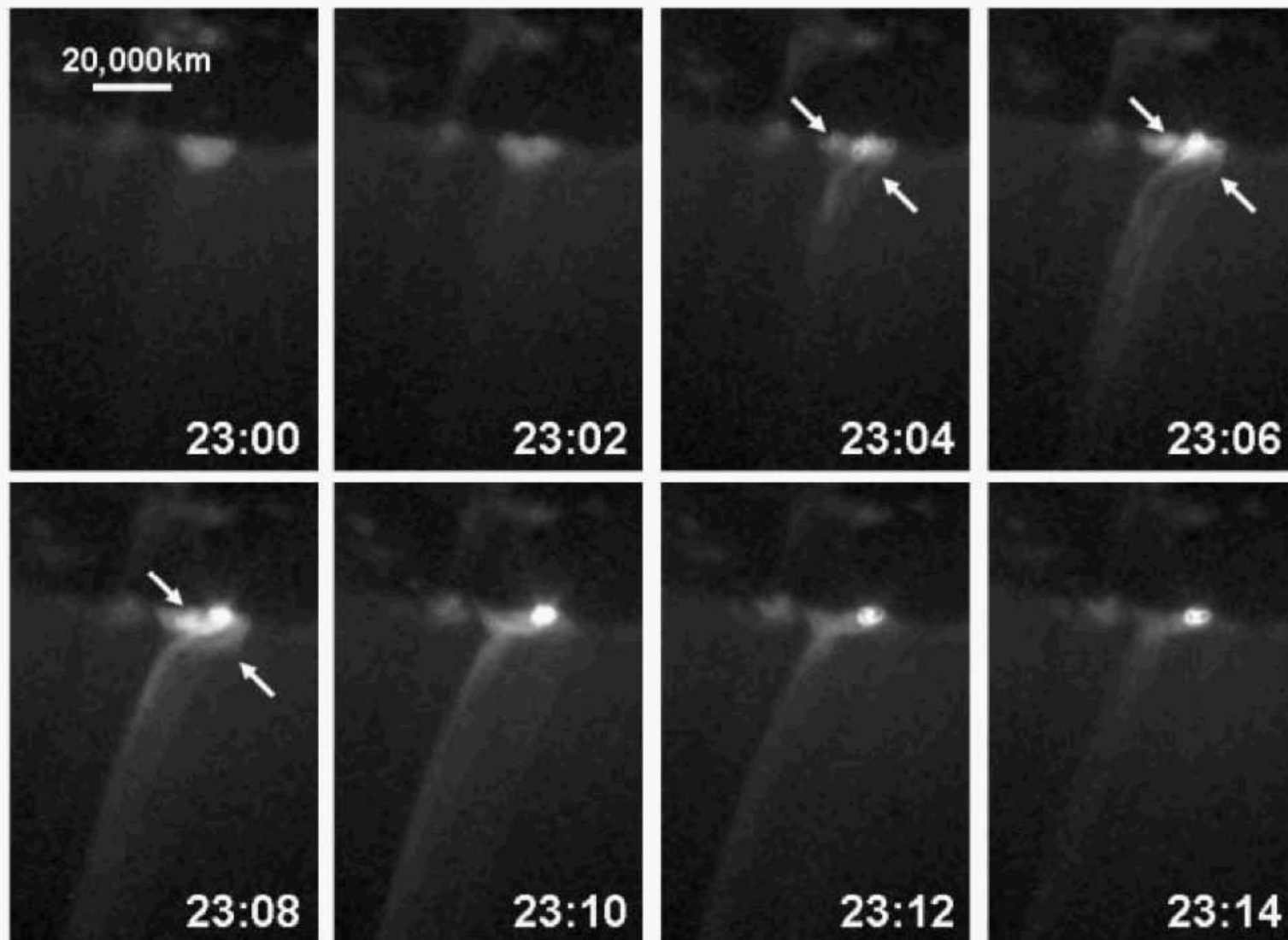


Moore et al. (2010)



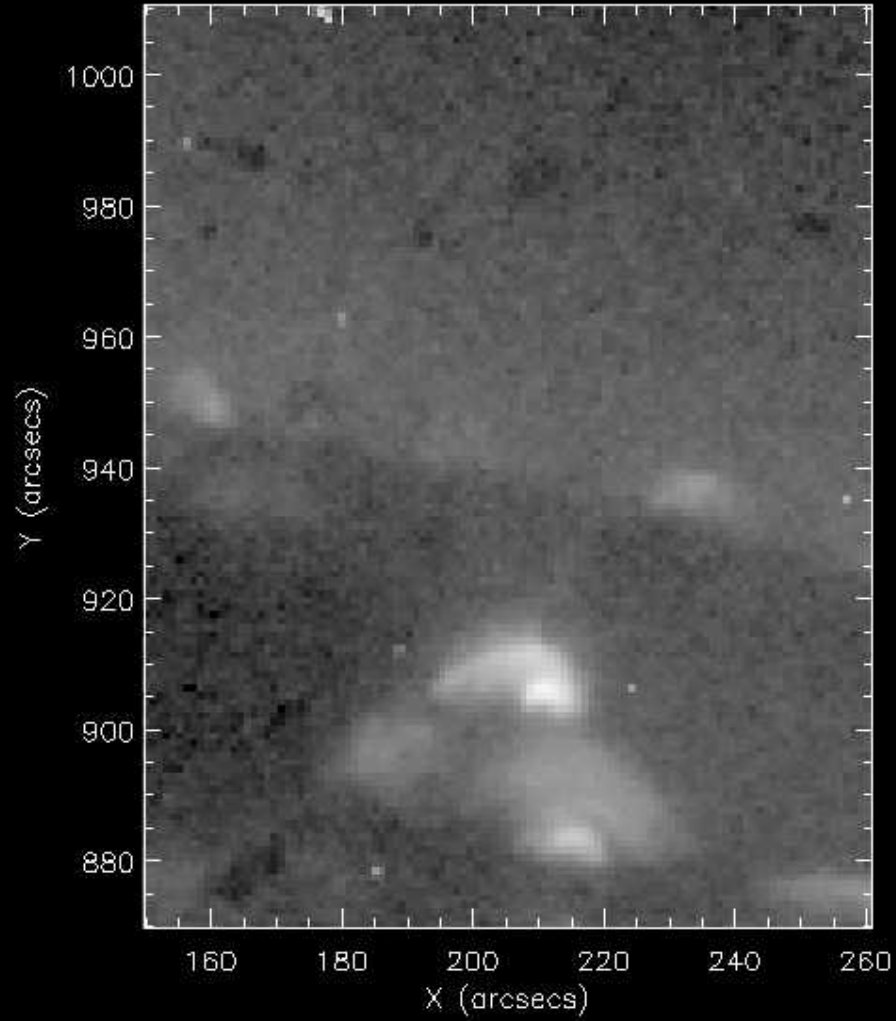






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HINODE XRT 5-Oct-2008 15:45:06.840 UT



Hinode XRT 20-Sep-2008 19:00:24.037 UT

