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TECHNICAL NOTE 3738

THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE

SUBSONIC-FLOW FIELDS BENEATH SWEPT AND UNSWEPT WINGS WITH

TABLES OF VORTEX-INDUCED VELOCITIES

By William J. Alford, Jr.

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Washington August 1956



NATIONAL ADVISORY COMMITTEE FOR AERONAUTICS

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THEORETICAL AND EXPERIMENTAL INVESTIGATION OF THE SUBSONIC-FLOW FIELDS BENEATH SWEPT AND UNSWEPT WINGS WITH TABLES OF VORTEX-INDUCED VELOCITIES

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SUMMARY

The flow-field characteristics beneath swept and unswept wings as determined by potential-flow theory are compared with the experimentally determined flow fields beneath swept and unswept wing-fuselage combinations. The potential-flow theory utilized considered both spanwise and chordwise distributions of vorticity as well as the wing-thickness effects. The perturbation velocities induced by a unit horseshoe vortex are included in tabular form.

The results indicated that significant chordwise flow gradients existed beneath both swept and unswept wings at zero lift and throughout the lift range. The theoretical predictions of the flow-field characteristics were qualitatively correct in all cases considered, although there were indications that the magnitudes of the downwash angles tended to be overpredicted as the tip of the swept wing was approached and that the sidewash angles ahead of the unswept wing were underpredicted. The calculated effects of compressibility indicated that significant increases in the chordwise variation of flow angles and dynamic-pressure ratios should be expected in going from low to high subsonic speeds.

INTRODUCTION

The almost universal present-day employment of external stores, such as missiles, bombs, or fuel tanks on fighter airplanes, and nacelles on bomber airplanes, has indicated the need for more detailed information regarding the flow characteristics in the vicinity of the wing in order to estimate the aerodynamic loads on these objects when fixed in the wing flow field and to evaluate the launching and jettison characteristics of missiles, bombs, or fuel tanks. In addition, numerous present-day airplanes are incorporating wing sweep, lower aspect ratios, and shorter tail length, all of which may tend to bring the various airplane components in closer proximity to the wing. For airplane designs of the past, in which the component parts (for example, the wing and the tail) were separated by reasonable distances, the wing-interference effects could be calculated with sufficient accuracy by a number of horseshoe vortices distributed along a single lifting line (refs. 1 to 4). However, because of the mathematically singular nature of the single vortex, this theory is valid only for regions that are at a distance of at least one wing chord from the vortex location. (See ref. 1.)

The purpose of the present paper is to show that the flow characteristics beneath the wing can be calculated if the lifting wing is assumed to be represented by a multiple arrangement (both chordwise and spanwise) of horseshoe vortices and if the effects of thickness are accounted for. The velocities induced by the airfoil-section thickness distribution, which are often neglected, are considered by using the appropriate singularity (source sink) distribution (ref. 5) in conjunction with simple sweep theory (ref. 6). Detailed experimental flow fields were obtained around swept and unswept wing-fuselage combinations and are compared with the wing-alone theoretical flow fields.

The details of the calculative procedure are developed in appendixes. The velocities induced by a unit horseshoe vortex in the chordwise, vertical, and lateral directions for a large range of distances are included in tabular form. The calculated first-order effects of compressibility on the flow characteristics for a subcritical Mach number of 0.80 are also presented.

SYMBOLS

А	aspect ratio
b	wing span, ft
с	local wing chord, ft
ē	mean aerodynamic chord, ft
Cav	average wing chord, ft
c۲	wing-section lift coefficient
cla	section lift-curve slope
СĻ	total lift coefficient
CLa	incompressible lift-curve slope

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CLa,M	compressible lift-curve slope
CD	drag coefficient
Cm	pitching-moment coefficient measured about quarter chord of mean aerodynamic chord
2	fuselage length, 7.61 ft
S	wing area, sq ft
S	semiwidth of horseshoe vortex, ft
d _{max}	maximum fuselage diameter, 0.70 ft
t	airfoil thickness, ft
λ	taper ratio
Λ	local sweep angle, deg
V	free-stream velocity, ft/sec
VR	resultant velocity, ft/sec
u	backwash perturbation velocity in direction of x-axis, positive rearward (fig. 3), ft/sec
u _s	backwash perturbation velocity induced by two-dimensional airfoil-section thickness distribution (see appendix A), ft/sec
v	sidewash perturbation velocity in direction of y-axis, positive to the right (fig. 3), ft/sec
W	downwash perturbation velocity in direction of z-axis, positive downward (fig. 3), ft/sec
٩ı	local dynamic pressure, lb/sq ft
đ	free-stream dynamic pressure, lb/sq ft
E	downwash angle between free-stream-velocity vector and resultant- velocity vector in xz-plane, positive downward (fig. 3), deg
α	sidewash angle between free-stream-velocity vector and resultant- velocity vector in xy-plane, positive toward left wing tip (fig. 3), deg

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- x,y,z right-hand Cartesian coordinate system in which x is positive downstream, y is positive to the right, and z is positive upward (fig. 3), ft
- $\Delta x, \Delta y, \Delta z$ distances in the x-, y-, and z-directions, respectively, from space point of interest to centroidal location of mth, nth vortex
- n spanwise vortex index (see appendix A)
- m chordwise vortex index (see appendix A)
- a inclination of wing from zero-lift attitude, deg
- Γ three-dimensional vortex circulation strength, ft²/sec
- $\Gamma_{\rm s}$ two-dimensional vortex circulation strength, ft²/sec
- ϕ perturbation velocity potential, ft²/sec
- $\phi_{\rm s}$ two-dimensional perturbation velocity potential (also referred to as chordwise accumulation of vorticity when increased by a factor of 2.0), ft²/sec
- F_{11} backwash factor (see appendix B)
- F_v sidewash factor (see appendix B)
- Fw downwash factor (see appendix B)
- M Mach number

$$\beta = \sqrt{1 - M^2}$$

Subscripts:

a	additional or lift-induced characteristics
n	characteristics of airfoil section normal to local lines of constant percent thickness
S	characteristics of streamwise airfoil section in two-dimensional flow
c/2	characteristics referred to half-chord line
c/4	characteristics referred to quarter-chord line
te	characteristics referred to trailing edge

Primes indicate equivalent incompressible characteristics. Bars indicate centroidal locations of the vortices.

MODELS AND TESTS and for discover asserves

of the calculative procedure wil

The models about which the flow surveys were made consisted of both swept- and unswept-wing—fuselage combinations. Drawings of the wingfuselage combination are presented in figure 1. The wing of the sweptwing—fuselage combination had 45° sweep of the quarter-chord line, an aspect ratio of 4.0, a taper ratio of 0.3, and NACA 65A006 airfoil sections parallel to the plane of symmetry. The wing of the unswept-wing fuselage combination had 0° sweep of the one-half-chord line, an aspect ratio of 3.0, a taper ratio of 0.5, and NACA 65A004 airfoil sections parallel to the plane of symmetry. The fuselage consisted of an ogival nose section, a cylindrical center section, and a truncated tail cone. The fuselage ordinates are presented in table I.

The tests were made in the Langley 300 MPH 7- by 10-foot tunnel at a velocity of 100 miles per hour. Experimental results are presented for angles of attack from -8° to 24° for the swept-wing-fuselage model and from -8° to 16° for the unswept-wing-fuselage model.

The flow characteristics were obtained with a rake of hemispherically headed probes utilizing both downwash- and sidewash-angle orifices in conjunction with pitot-static orifices to measure dynamic pressure. The instrument employed in this investigation is similar to that employed in reference 1 and is shown installed on one of the test models in figure 2. The flow surveys were made over the right wing with the model inverted to minimize support-strut interference and, therefore, represent conditions (due to model symmetry) under the left wing of the model.

nterference effects caused b

Consideration of the angularity rake calibration, data-reduction process, method of rake support, possible errors in misalinement, and inherent wind-tunnel misalinement angles indicates that the downwash data are accurate within approximately $\pm 1.0^{\circ}$, the sidewash data are accurate within approximately $\pm 1.5^{\circ}$, and the dynamic-pressure-ratio data are accurate within approximately ± 0.025 .

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THEORETICAL METHODS and T may be use Eddition

In order to determine the flow

The characteristics of a field of flow can be completely defined by the magnitude and direction of the local velocity vectors. It is generally convenient to express the direction in terms of the angles ϵ in the vertical plane and σ in the lateral plane and to express the magnitude in terms of local dynamic pressure q_i . In order to determine the foregoing flow characteristics by use of theory, a knowledge is required of the induced velocities contributed by the various

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surfaces responsible for disturbing the free-stream flow. The discussion of the calculative procedure will be restricted in the present section to a brief general description with the specific details and equations enlarged upon in appendix A. The principal factors necessary to describe the flow characteristics are defined schematically in figure 3.

In the calculation procedures employed, it was assumed that the flow was potential and planar, and, hence, the effects of boundary-layer separation and the rolling up and displacement of the trailing-vortex wake have been neglected. The effects of the presence of the fuselage have also been neglected since the variation of upwash angle induced by the circular-cross-section fuselage decays rapidly with lateral distance. This variation in upwash angle is presented in figure 4 as a function of lateral distance, nondimensionalized with respect to the swept-wing semispan. For the swept-wing configuration, the ratio of fuselage diameter to wing span is 0.13. For the lateral locations for which the swept-

wing calculations have been made, $y / \frac{b}{2} = 0.50$ and $y / \frac{b}{2} = 0.75$, the fuselage-induced upwash angles are seen from figure 4 to be approximately 8 percent of wing angle of attack for the inboard location and approximately 3 percent for the outboard location. For the midsemispan location of the unswept wing, which has a ratio of fuselage diameter to wing span of 0.16, the fuselage-induced upwash angle is approximately 10 percent of the wing angle of attack.

The foregoing discussion has considered only the effects of the fuselage alone. Examination of reference 4 indicates that the mutualinterference effects caused by the addition of a wing to the fuselage produce only slight changes in the exposed wing-span load distribution. Since the calculations of present interest are critically affected by lift coefficient and since the comparison of theory with experiment is most readily made for comparable lift coefficients, the small changes in load distribution indicated by reference 4 are assumed negligible. For regions closer to the fuselage, however, or for larger ratios of fuselage diameter to wing span, it is evident from figure 4 that the presence of the fuselage should be considered. In this respect, the analyses of references 4 and 7 may be useful.

In order to determine the flow characteristics in close proximity to the wing, it is necessary to account for both the lift-induced velocities and the nonlifting or thickness-induced velocities. The former velocities are primarily a function of wing angle of attack and planform geometric characteristics, whereas the latter velocities are independent of angle of attack and are primarily a function of the local airfoil-section thickness distribution, modified by plan-form characteristics. Extensive theoretical investigations of the zero-lift velocity distributions on the surface of unswept and sweptback wings have been

reported in references 8 to 11 and indicate that the isobars, that is, lines of constant pressure, tend to be parallel to the local lines of constant percent thickness for regions not too close to the wing root or tip. Reference 9 also shows that the effect of aspect ratio on the backwash velocities is negligible for aspect ratios that are of present interest (aspect ratios of 4 and 3 for the swept and unswept wings, respectively). In view of this, and with consideration of the simple sweep theory of reference 6, the present paper considers the airfoil sections normal to the local lines of constant percent thickness to be two dimensional in nature.

The perturbation velocities of the two-dimensional-airfoil thickness distribution may be determined by either conformal transformations as reported in references 12 to 14 or by use of the appropriate singularity distribution as determined by the methods of reference 5 or 15. The present paper utilized the method of reference 5 in combination with the simple sweep theory of reference 6, as described in appendix A, in order to account approximately for the effects of either sweep or taper or both.

In the calculation of the lift-induced velocities, the present procedure utilizes, primarily, four horseshoe vortices distributed in the chordwise direction at each of 10 spanwise locations, thus making a total of 40 horseshoe vortices. The chordwise vortices are assumed to have equal circulation strengths but unequal chordwise spacing. The stratagem is then to sum the induction effects at points that lie midway between any two adjacent chordwise vortices (where possible) for regions near the wing chord, and thereby minimize the objectionable singularity effects mentioned previously in the "Introduction". This procedure is hereinafter referred to as the finite-step method. An illustrative calculation of the lift-induced velocities beneath the swept wing is presented in table II.

In calculating the sidewash velocities, the finite-step method becomes increasingly inaccurate as the vertical distance from the wing chord plane is decreased. Further study of the assumed horseshoe vortex system (see appendix A) indicated that the sidewash velocity would approach zero as the wing chord plane was approached. This characteristic is not consistent with reality in that the lateral gradient in load or vorticity implies the existence of sidewash velocities on the wing surface.

By use of unpublished theoretical studies made by Percy J. Bobbitt of the Langley Aeronautical Laboratory (see appendix A), the sidewash velocity at the wing chord plane may be estimated and a more realistic variation of sidewash velocity with vertical distance effected.

The velocities induced by a unit horseshoe vortex in the vertical, lateral, and longitudinal directions, which are necessary in the present methods, were computed by the equations given in reference 16 and are presented in tables III, IV, and V for a large range of distances.

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The spanwise load or vorticity distributions were determined by the method of reference 17. In order to eliminate errors involved in estimating the lift-curve slopes of the wings under consideration, the comparisons of theory with experiment were made at the same lift coefficient.

swept and unswept wings, respec

The calculated first-order effects of compressibility were obtained by use of the three-dimensional Prandtl-Glauert transformation as given by Göthert in reference 18. The procedure utilized in the present investigation is described in appendix A.

as anoldemolar COMPARISON OF THEORY AND EXPERIMENT

In analyzing the flow-field characteristics and in correlating experimental and theoretical characteristics, it is often desirable to have as a reference level the experimental force and moment characteristics of the models. These data for the models of the present investigation are presented in figures 5 and 6.

Flow angularities are presented in terms of the angles ϵ and σ . In the sign convention adopted (fig. 3), positive values of ϵ indicate a downflow, positive values of σ represent an outflow (toward left wing tip), and values of q_l/q_0 greater than unity indicate regions of superpressure relative to free-stream conditions. It should be noted that the induced angles ϵ and σ must be combined with the geometric angles of attack and sideslip, respectively, to be applicable for use in loadestimation procedures.

e swept wing is presented in

The effects of vertical location on the flow characteristics below the swept wing are shown in figure 7. The effects of wing lift coefficient on the flow characteristics 15 percent of the local wing chord below the one-half and three-quarter semispan locations of the swept wing are presented in figures 8 and 9, respectively, and for the midsemispan location of the unswept wing in figure 10. The calculated effects of compressibility for a subcritical Mach number of 0.80 and for a vertical location 25 percent of the local wing chord below the midsemispan location of the swept wing are presented in figure 11.

studies made by Percy J. Bobbitt

daswebla edt (A sibendis Swept-Wing Model

Examination of the flow characteristics beneath the midsemispan of the swept-wing model at zero lift (fig. 7(a)) indicates the existence of significant chordwise gradients for all the flow parameters. The severity of these gradients diminishes as the distance from the wing is increased.

arge range of distances.

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Comparison of the values predicted by theory with the experimental values indicates that the representation of the airfoil-section thickness distribution by a two-dimensional singularity distribution (ref. 5) modified by simple sweep theory (appendix A) gives excellent qualitative agreement for all vertical locations considered. The magnitudes of the flow parameters due to thickness are, in general, also well predicted, although the downwash angles are underpredicted for the regions immediately ahead of the wing chord.

The flow characteristics at a wing lift coefficient of 0.49 are shown in figure 7(b). The chordwise gradients mentioned previously are seen to be more severe than for the zero-lift condition (fig. 7(a)). For this lift coefficient (0.49) the lift-induced effects, in general, completely overshadow the thickness effects and cause large changes in the downwash and sidewash angles in addition to reductions in the dynamicpressure ratios.

Good agreement is in evidence for the downwash angles except for the nearest vertical location where the theory overestimates conditions immediately ahead of the wing leading edge. This overestimation is presumed to be due to the assumption in the theory of the two-dimensional type of chordwise load distribution that implies full leading-edge suction and, hence, unrealistically large induced effects in this vicinity.

In the case of the sidewash angles (fig. 7(b)), the assumed finitestep theory is seen to become increasingly inaccurate as the vertical distance from the wing chord plane is decreased. The modified theory (see appendix A), which effects a more realistic variation of sidewash velocity with vertical distance (particularly near the chord plane), is seen generally to agree more closely with the experimental results than does the finite-step method. The modified theory was used in the rest of the incompressible sidewash calculations presented in this paper.

The prediction of the dynamic pressures (fig. 7(b)) by use of the finite-step method is seen to be good for all chordwise and vertical locations presented.

Since it has been shown that the decay in the flow distortions can be calculated, it would be desirable to consider in more detail the predictability of the flow throughout a more complete lift range. A comparison of the theoretical and experimental flow fields existing 15 percent of the local wing chord beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing is presented in figure 8.

With a change in sign of the flow angles at the most negative lift coefficient ($C_{\rm L}$ = -0.53), the conditions existing on the upper or suction side of the wing when at positive lift may, because of model symmetry, be examined. The flow parameters indicate the existence of

extremely high values of downwash and sidewash angularity as well as large dynamic pressures. Examination of the pitching-moment curve presented in figure 5 indicates an unstable break at approximately this lift coefficient in the positive lift range ($C_{\rm L}=0.49$), which signifies a loss of lift at the wing tip and indicates the existence of nonpotential flow. The potential-flow theory utilized cannot then be expected to predict the magnitude of the flow parameters for these conditions.

As the lift coefficient is reduced to $C_L = -0.26$, a rather good description of the downwash angles is given by use of theory (fig. 8(a)). Good agreement is also obtained throughout the positive lift range to $C_L = 0.89$, which is rather surprising since at this lift coefficient the flow on the suction side of the wing is nonpotential. At $C_L = 1.09$, the theory is seen to overpredict the downwash ahead of the leading edge and to underpredict it over the chord proper. This is presumed to be due to the rearward movement of the experimental local center of pressure that is associated with leading-edge stalling.

Examination of figures 8(b) and 8(c) indicates that the calculated sidewash angles and dynamic pressures are in reasonable agreement over the entire lift range with the exception of the extreme cases, $C_{\rm L} = -0.53$ and 1.09 where nonpotential conditions exist.

In order to determine the ability of calculations to predict the effect of spanwise position on the flow characteristics, a comparison with the conditions existing 15 percent of the local wing chord below the three-quarter semispan location of the swept wing is presented in figure 9. The zero-lift flow angles (fig. 9(a)) and dynamic pressures (fig. 9(b)) are well predicted, which indicates that the zero-lift flow characteristics are still essentially two dimensional in nature at

 $y/\frac{b}{2} = -0.75$. As the lift coefficient is increased, however, the agree-

ment between theory and experiment is seen to deteriorate for the downwash angles (fig. 9(a)) in that the theory gives values too high over the chord region. This overestimation is presumed to be due to assuming a two-dimensional type of chordwise load distribution to exist at this spanwise station for $C_L = 0.23$ and to a combination of the aforementioned in conjunction with the proximity of the rolled-up tip vortex for $C_L = 0.49$. In spite of the defects in predicting the downwash angles, the sidewash angles and dynamic pressures are seen to be reasonably well predicted. It should be noted that the experimental downwash angles

are slightly lower at the outboard location $\left(\frac{y}{2} = -0.75 \text{ in fig. 9(a)}\right)$ than at the inboard location $\left(\frac{y}{2} = -0.50 \text{ in fig. 8(a)}\right)$, whereas the

sidewash angles are slightly higher. The dynamic pressures appear to be relatively unaffected by spanwise station for the two stations presented (figs. 8(c) and 9(b)).

Unswept-Wing Model

A comparison of the flow characteristics at a distance 15 percent of the local wing chord beneath the unswept wing is presented in figure 10. The predicted downwash characteristics (fig. 10(a)) are, in general, subject to the same discussion and limitations as those for the swept wing; the only notable differences were the underprediction of the downwash ahead of the leading edge, whereas there was an overprediction for the swept wing (fig. 8(a)). The cause of the nonpotential nature of the flow above the wing chord plane, as evidenced by the break in the pitching-moment curve (fig. 6), is assumed to be due primarily to leadingedge separation.

The comparison between the experimental and theoretical sidewash angles below the unswept wing is shown in figure 10(b). As in the case of the swept wing, significant chordwise gradients exist under lifting conditions. The finite-step theory in which 10 spanwise and 4 chordwise horseshoe vortices were utilized is seen to underpredict the sidewash angles. Increasing the number of spanwise vortices from 10 to 20 and using the estimated surface sidewash velocity (see appendix A) in determining the sidewash velocity variation with vertical distance appear to provide better agreement with experiment over most of the chord. The disagreements existing ahead of the wing-chord leading edge at positive lifts are not fully understood, but some of the disagreement may be due to support-strut interference effects that have not been assessed.

The dynamic pressures (fig. lO(c)) appear to be well predicted throughout the lift-coefficient range investigated with the exception of the largest negative lift coefficient.

The effects of sweepback cannot be adequately determined throughout the lift-coefficient range by comparing the wings of the present investigation since several geometric differences exist other than the angle of sweep. If it is assumed, however, that, for the midsemispan locations, the zero-lift flow characteristics are essentially two dimensional, as indicated by the ability of two-dimensional theory to predict the flow characteristics, some insight is gained as to the effect of sweep. Comparison of the zero-lift downwash angles and dynamic pressure of the swept wing (fig. 8) with the comparable characteristics for the unswept wing (fig. 10) indicates that sweep has little effect on these parameters. The differences that do exist are felt to be due to the difference in thickness ratios. Examination of the sidewash angles (figs. 8(b) and 10(b)) indicates that the effect of wing sweep is to induce larger sidewash angles, at zero lift, in accordance with simple sweep theory. (See appendix A.)

Effects of Compressibility

In the foregoing discussion, the flow-field characteristics were for the incompressible case. It would now be desirable to examine briefly the effects of compressibility on the flow characteristics. Since no experimental data are available at the higher speeds, theoretical comparisons have been made in order to provide at least a qualitative indication of the effect of compressibility.

The calculated compressibility effects, for a subcritical Mach number of 0.80, on the flow characteristics at a distance 25 percent of the local wing chord beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing are presented in figure 11 for three conditions. The effect of increasing the Mach number on the zero-lift flow characteristics is to cause increases in both the downwash and sidewash angularities as well as the dynamicpressure ratio, although the basic-flow structure appears to be relatively unchanged. In considering Mach number effects for the lifting condition, as calculated by the finite-step method, it is convenient to examine the effects from two standpoints, namely, the case where α is held constant and the case where C_{I} is held constant. For the constant α case (fig. 11), the effect of increasing the Mach number is to cause large increases in the positive and negative magnitudes of the downwash angles over the complete chordwise range shown and particularly near the leading edge. Large increases in the region of the leading edge are also evident in the sidewash angles and large decreases occur in the dynamic pressure over the leading-edge portion of the chord; however, the rear 80 percent of the chord appears to be relatively unchanged. Some of these effects are due to the fact that the wing in compressible flow at constant a is generating more lift than the wing in incompressible flow. In order to eliminate these additional lift effects, the effects of compressibility at constant lift are also presented in figure 11. For this condition, the negative and positive magnitudes of the downwash angles are still increased over the incompressible conditions. In the case of the sidewash angles, however, although the compressible values are slightly higher at the leading edge, they are reduced over the chord proper. The compressible dynamic-pressure ratios still appear to be reduced at the leading edge, but to a lesser extent than for the constant α condition, and are actually increased beyond the quarter-chord locations.

CONCLUDING REMARKS

A theoretical and experimental investigation of the subsonic-flow fields beneath swept and unswept wings indicates the existence of significant chordwise gradients in the flow characteristics. These gradients diminish in severity as the distance from the wing chord plane is increased. Increasing the lift coefficient caused large changes in the local downwash

and sidewash angles and in the dynamic-pressure ratios. The effect of wing sweep at zero lift was to cause increased sidewash angles.

The theoretical predictions of the flow-field characteristics were qualitatively correct in all cases considered, although there were indications that the magnitude of the downwash angles tended to be overpredicted as the tip of the swept wing was approached and that the sidewash angles ahead of the unswept wing were underpredicted.

The effects of compressibility, as calculated by first-order linear theory, indicated significant increases in the chordwise variations of flow angles and dynamic-pressure ratios for both the zero-lift and lifting cases. The effects of compressibility for the lifting case in which the lift coefficient was held constant were less severe than those for the constant-angle-of-attack case.

Langley Aeronautical Laboratory, National Advisory Committee for Aeronautics, Langley Field, Va., April 26, 1956.

APPENDIX A

DETAILED THEORETICAL CONSIDERATIONS

The purpose of this appendix is to present a more detailed description of the calculative procedure described briefly in the text.

The flow is assumed potential and planar, and, hence, the effects of boundary-layer separation and the rolling up and displacement of the trailing vortex wake are neglected. The effects of the presence of the fuselage have been neglected (see fig. 4) for the lateral locations of present interest $\left(y \Big|_{2}^{b} = 0.5 \text{ and } 0.75\right)$. For regions closer to the fuse-lage, however, its presence may be considered by methods similar to those reported in references 4 and 7.

A well-established practice in two-dimensional-airfoil theory is to consider independently the effects of thickness and the effects of angle of attack (ref. 19). The present paper also employs this procedure in determining the flow-field characteristics but includes in the nonlifting case first-order three-dimensional effects incurred either by sweep or taper or both; and in the lifting case, both spanwise and chordwise distributions of vorticity are considered in an approximate manner.

Nonlifting Case

In two-dimensional flow, the nonlifting or thickness-induced perturbation velocities are primarily a function of thickness distribution. These perturbation velocities, that is, downwash in the vertical direction and backwash in the chordwise direction, may be calculated either by conformal mapping techniques, as reported in references 12 to 14, or by use of the appropriate singularity (source sink) distribution, as reported in references 5 and 15.

In three-dimensional flow, the problem of determining the perturbation velocities in the field surrounding the wing becomes considerably more complex and requires, in rigorous form, a representation of the wing by an infinite number of singularities which must be integrated over the wing surface (refs. 8 to 11).

Examination of the extensive theoretical investigations of the zerolift longitudinal or backwash velocity distributions on unswept and sweptback wings reported in references 8 to 11 indicated that it is necessary to determine only the three-dimensional effects incurred either by sweep or taper or both, since the isobars tend to be parallel to lines of constant percent thickness (for regions not very close to the wing root or

tip) and since the effect of aspect ratio on the local velocities is negligible (ref. 9) for the aspect ratios considered in the present paper. In view of the foregoing discussion, the following development (zero-lift case) will be primarily two dimensional in nature and will generally consider swept wings by use of simple sweep theory (ref. 6); but the procedure will also be applicable to unswept wings.

The original contribution of simple sweep theory (ref. 6) was to indicate a geometric device by which the critical Mach number of wings could be raised. Reference 6 points out that the wing pressure distribution was chiefly affected by the velocity component normal to the lines of constant percent thickness. In determining the zero-lift or thicknessinduced velocities of a swept wing, it is, therefore, necessary to consider the thickness distributions of the airfoil sections normal to the lines of constant percent thickness. These airfoil sections will hereinafter be referred to as normal sections in order to differentiate them from the streamwise sections.

The geometric characteristics necessary in the calculation of the thickness-induced velocities is shown for the swept wing of the present investigation in figure 12. The streamwise chord locations at which the flow-field characteristics are desired are indicated by the data points. The normal sections were assumed to be two dimensional and, therefore, the perturbation velocities generated by these sections, in conjunction with the reduced velocity component V cos Λ could be calculated by either of the two-dimensional-flow techniques mentioned previously (conformal mapping or singularity solution). For the points ahead of the wing leading edge, the sweep angles of the normal sections generating the perturbation velocities at these points (as indicated by the dashed lines in fig. 12) were assumed constant and equal to the sweep angle of the leading edge.

Since the perturbation velocities along and perpendicular to the chords of the normal sections (u_n and w, respectively) have been determined, it is now necessary to determine the components of these velocities relative to the streamwise chord (fig. 12). The downwash velocity w remains unchanged since the effects of the increased normal-section thickness ratio relative to the streamwise-section thickness ratio are canceled by the reduced normal velocity component. The normal-section backwash velocity u_n must, however, be added to the normal-velocity component V cos A (fig. 12). These vectors are then combined with the parallel-velocity component V sin A. This vector addition (fig. 12) determines the direction of the resultant-velocity direction is seen to be toward the plane of symmetry for regions of supervelocity (V_R > V) and toward the wing tip for regions of subvelocity (V_R < V).

The backwash and sidewash perturbation velocities relative to the free-stream direction are (from the vector diagram of fig. 12)

$$u = u_n \cos \Lambda$$
 (A1)

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{u}_n \sin \Lambda$$
 (A2)

and the flow angles in the vertical and lateral directions are, respectively,

$$\epsilon = \tan^{-1} \frac{w/v}{1 + \frac{u}{v}} = \tan^{-1} \frac{w/v}{1 + \frac{u_n \cos \Lambda}{v}}$$
(A3)

$$\sigma = -\tan^{-1} \frac{v/v}{1 + \frac{u}{v}} = -\tan^{-1} \frac{\frac{u_n \sin \Lambda}{v}}{1 + \frac{u_n \cos \Lambda}{v}}$$
(A4)

The dynamic-pressure ratios are defined by

$$\frac{q_{l}}{q_{0}} = \frac{(V+u)^{2} + w^{2} + v^{2}}{v^{2}}$$
(A5)

or, since

 $(w^2 + v^2) \ll (v + u)^2$

then

$$\frac{q_{l}}{q_{0}} \approx \frac{\left(V+u\right)^{2}}{V^{2}} \approx \left(1 + \frac{u_{n} \cos \Lambda}{V}\right)^{2}$$
(A6)

In the foregoing development, it was assumed necessary, because of wing taper, to determine the thickness distributions of each of the sections normal to the lines of constant percent thickness, and then to calculate the perturbation velocities generated by these sections. It is obvious that fulfillment of this assumption would entail a prohibitive amount of computational labor. In order to reduce the computations to practical proportions, it is necessary to introduce certain simplifying assumptions. It was, therefore, assumed that the given tapered swept

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wing could be replaced by some equivalent infinite-span, swept, untapered wing. The effects of wing taper would be retained, however, in using the correct local sweep angles in equations (Al) and (A2).

In order to evaluate the changes in the airfoil thickness distribution incurred by the foregoing assumption, the thickness distributions of the normal sections (as indicated by sections 1 to 7 in fig. 12) were determined and were found to have maximum thickness ratios of 7.45 to 7.7 percent. These thickness distributions were then compared with the thickness distribution of the streamwise airfoil section which was increased so that its maximum thickness ratio was equivalent to the average maximum thickness ratios of the normal sections (7.6 percent). This comparison is presented in figure 13. It is evident from this figure that wing taper causes some small variations in the thickness distributions, particularly over the rear portion of the chord; however, when consideration is given to the fact that the maximum surface velocity induced on an NACA 65A008 airfoil section is only of the order of 10 percent greater than the free-stream velocity (for zero lift, see ref. 20), it may safely be assumed that these differences in thickness distributions, due to wing taper, are negligible.

Since it has been shown that the given swept wing can be approximated by an infinite-span, swept, untapered wing without incurring any appreciable differences in the airfoil-section thickness distributions, some useful relationships between the assumed infinite-span, swept, untapered wing and an infinite-span, unswept, untapered wing should be noted.

Comparison of an infinite-span, swept, untapered wing with an infinite-span, unswept, untapered wing of the same streamwise thickness ratio indicates that the normal-section thickness ratio of the swept wing is increased by $1/\cos \Lambda$ relative to the streamwise section and that the normal component of the imposed velocity is decreased by $\cos \Lambda$. (See the following sketch.)



It can, therefore, be reasoned that, since the perturbation velocities are linear functions of thickness, for small thickness ratios (as indicated by an analysis similar to that of ref. 21), the increased thickness effects $\left(\frac{t}{c} \ \frac{1}{\cos \Lambda}\right)$ are canceled by the reduced velocity V cos Λ . The perturbation velocities relative to the normal section of the swept wing are then approximately equal to the perturbation velocities relative to the streamwise section of the unswept, untapered wing; that is,

$$u_n \cong u_s$$
 (A')

where u_s is the backwash velocity generated by the streamwise thickness distribution in two-dimensional flow with a free-stream velocity equal to V.

Equations (A1) and (A2) may now be rewritten as

$$u = u_{\rm S} \cos \Lambda$$
 (A8)

$$v = u_S \sin \Lambda$$
 (A9)

and the flow angles given by equations (A3) and (A4) may be rewritten as

$$\epsilon = \tan^{-1} \frac{w/V}{1 + \frac{u_s \cos \Lambda}{V}}$$
(AlO)

$$\sigma = -\tan^{-1} \frac{\frac{u_s \sin \Lambda}{V}}{1 + \frac{u_s \cos \Lambda}{V}}$$
(All)

The dynamic-pressure ratio is now

$$\frac{q_{l}}{q_{0}} \approx \left(1 + \frac{u_{s} \cos \Lambda}{V}\right)^{2}$$
(A12)

The present paper utilized the singularity-distribution method of reference 5 in order to calculate the two-dimensional perturbation velocities in the field surrounding the NACA 65A-series airfoils of the swept and unswept wings. These velocities were then modified by the use of equations (A8) and (A9) to account for the three-dimensional-flow effects of either sweep or taper or both. The calculated velocities induced at the midsemispan location of the swept wing at zero lift are presented in figure 14, and the flow-field parameters determined from equations (A10) to (A12) are presented in figure 7(a) for comparison with experiment.

Lifting Case

The general practice of accounting for the wing lift-induced velocities, by employing a single lifting line (approximated by a number of horseshoe vortices), becomes increasingly inaccurate as the vortices are approached. (See ref. 1.) In order to obtain more realistic values of the lift-induced velocities for regions close to the wing, a more detailed accounting of the chordwise distribution of vorticity is required. It should be noted that, if the actual load distributions are known, they would probably greatly enhance the accuracy of the calculations. In the absence of these loadings for the wings of the present investigation, the spanwise loadings were determined by the method of reference 17 and the chordwise load distributions were assumed to be two dimensional in shape with the local circulation strength dictated by the span-load distribution.

The shape function of the two-dimensional chordwise vorticity accumulation ϕ_s is given by reference 16 and may be expressed, with a change in variable, as

$$\frac{d}{d} \frac{\pi \varphi_{\rm s}}{V\alpha c} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{x}{c}}{\frac{x}{c}}}$$
(A13)

It was further assumed that this chordwise accumulation could be approximated by a finite number of vortices of equal strength since the stratagem was to determine where possible, the perturbation velocities, due to the vortices, at points in the field (in the immediate vicinity of the local chord) lying midway between any two adjacent vortex locations, thus effecting some cancellation of the objectionable effects of the single lifting line. Integration of equation (A13) gives the chordwise accumulation of vorticity as

$$\frac{\pi \phi_{\rm s}}{V\alpha c} = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{{\rm x}}{{\rm c}} - \left(\frac{{\rm x}}{{\rm c}}\right)^2} + \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{{\rm x}}{{\rm c}}} \left| \begin{pmatrix} {\rm x/c} \\ \\ {\rm (x/c)}_1 \end{pmatrix} \right|$$
(A14)

The chordwise limits necessary to insure equal circulation strengths $(x/c)_1$ and $(x/c)_2$ must be determined by trial and error. After these limits are determined, the centroidal locations of the vortices may be found by

$$\frac{x}{c} = \frac{\int_{(x/c)_{2}}^{(x/c)_{2}} \frac{x}{c} \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{x}{c}}{\frac{x}{c}} d \frac{x}{c}}}{\int_{(x/c)_{1}}^{(x/c)_{2}} \sqrt{\frac{1 - \frac{x}{c}}{\frac{x}{c}} d \frac{x}{c}}}$$
(A15)

which upon integration gives

$$\frac{\bar{x}}{c} = \frac{2\frac{\bar{x}}{c} - 1}{\frac{4}{\sqrt{c}} \sqrt{\frac{x}{c} - (\frac{x}{c})^2} + \frac{1}{8}\sin^{-1}(2\frac{x}{c} - 1)}{\sqrt{\frac{x}{c} - (\frac{x}{c})^2} + \sin^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{x}{c}}}$$
(A16)
(A16)

A study of the number of two-dimensional-flow vortices needed to approximate the airfoil boundary conditions, that is, $\alpha = -w/V$, in which combinations of one, two, four, and eight vortices were considered, indicated that one and two vortices were insufficient. Utilization of eight vortices, of course, was found to give the best approximation of those investigated, although this was felt to raise the computations to the prohibitive level. Four chordwise vortices were, therefore, chosen as the best compromise between required labor and the approximation of the boundary conditions. The centroidal locations of these four vortices were found, from equations (Al4) and (Al6), to be approximately x/c = 0.013, 0.092, 0.272, and 0.621.

The vortex arrangements thus chosen to represent the wing plan form consisted of four chordwise horseshoe vortices at each of 10 spanwise stations. The vortex arrangement assumed to represent the swept wing is presented in figure 15.

The equations of the lift-induced perturbation velocities for the assumed vortex arrangement may be expressed as

$$\frac{u_{a}}{v} = \frac{1}{4\pi V_{s}} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{\Gamma}{4} F_{u}$$
(A17)

$$\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}} = \frac{1}{\mu_{\pi}\mathbf{v}_{s}} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{\Gamma}{\mu} \mathbf{F}_{v}$$
(A18)

$$\frac{w_{a}}{v} = \frac{1}{4\pi v_{s}} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{\Gamma}{4} F_{w}$$
(A19)

where F_u , F_v , and F_w are the geometric functions associated with a unit horseshoe vortex. The equations of these functions, as given in reference 16, with the appropriate sign changes and nondimensionalized with respect to the semiwidth s of the vortex, are presented in appendix B. The values of these functions over a wide range of distances are presented in tables III to V.

Since 10 spanwise vortices were assumed in the present investigation, the semiwidth of each horseshoe vortex is

$$s = \frac{b}{20}$$
(A20)

The circulation strength $\ensuremath{\,\,}^{\Gamma}$ may also be related to the local section lift coefficient by

$$\Gamma = \frac{c_l c V}{2} \tag{A21}$$

Equations (A17) to (A19) may now be expressed as

$$\frac{u_{a}}{VC_{L}} = \frac{5}{2\pi A} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{c_{l}c}{4C_{L}c_{av}} F_{u}$$
(A22)

$$\frac{v_{a}}{v_{C_{L}}} = \frac{5}{2\pi A} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{c_{l}c}{4C_{L}c_{av}} F_{v}$$
(A23)

$$\frac{w_{a}}{VC_{L}} = \frac{5}{2\pi A} \sum_{n=1}^{n=10} \sum_{m=1}^{m=4} \frac{c_{l}c}{4C_{L}c_{av}} F_{w}$$
(A24)

The lift-induced velocities were computed for the wing plan forms of the present investigation by use of equations (A22) to (A24) by using the span-load distributions presented in figure 16 as determined by the method of reference 17. A sample calculation of the lift-induced velocities for each unit of lift coefficient for the swept wing is presented in table II. The velocities induced at several vertical locations below the midsemispan location of the swept wing are presented in figure 17.

A study of the lift-induced velocities indicated that the downwash and backwash velocities calculated by use of equations (A22) and (A24) (fig. 17) had the correct qualitative variation with vertical distance, whereas the sidewash velocities did not. Examination of the sidewash velocity factor F_V (see eq. (B6)) indicates that when a finite number of horseshoe vortices are used the sidewash velocity for small vertical distances must approach, at the surface, either zero or become infinite, depending on whether the point of interest lies between the trailing vortices or directly under a trailing-vortex segment. The points of interest in the present calculations were chosen midway between the trailing segments of the horseshoe vortices and, hence, approach zero as the wing chord plane is approached. In reality, this condition does not exist since the lateral gradient in loading or vorticity implies the existence of sidewash velocities at the wing surface. Clearly, then, sidewash velocities calculated by use of the finite-step method (eq. (A23)), where the sidewash velocity is zero at the wing surface, would yield much smaller values for points close to the wing (fig. 17) than would a method accounting for the finite sidewash at the wing surface.

Unpublished theoretical studies (eqs. (A25) to (A32)) made by Percy J. Bobbitt of the Langley Laboratory have indicated that a more

realistic value of the sidewash velocity variation with vertical distance could be obtained by estimating the sidewash velocity at the wing chord plane due to the lateral gradient in the velocity potential (referred to herein as the chordwise accumulation of vorticity) and then by fairing the maximum sidewash velocity in the wing field, as calculated by equations (A23) and (B6), to this chord-plane velocity. The sidewash velocity at the wing chord plane may be determined from the lateral gradient in the chordwise accumulation of vorticity which may be expressed as

$$v_{a} = \frac{\partial \phi(x, y)}{\partial y}$$
(A25)

which may be nondimensionalized as

$$\frac{v_{a}}{v_{c}} = \frac{\frac{\partial \frac{\phi(x,y)}{v_{c}}}{\frac{v_{c}}{\frac{b}{2}}}}{\frac{\partial \frac{\phi(x,y)}{y}}{\frac{b}{2}}}$$

(A26)

In the absence of experimental information regarding the chordwise accumulation of vorticity ϕ for the wings of the present investigation, the two-dimensional vorticity accumulation given by equation (Al4) was assumed. In order that the total circulation of the system be correct, the total chordwise circulation strengths must be corrected to agree with the strengths of spanwise vorticity distribution. Thus, equation (Al4) may be expressed as

 $2\phi_{s,te} = \Gamma_s$

$$\frac{\phi_{\rm s}}{\rm VC_L \frac{b}{2}} = \frac{c}{\pi b C_{\rm L} \alpha} \left[\sqrt{\frac{x}{c} - \left(\frac{x}{c}\right)^2} + \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{c}} \right]$$
(A27)

Since

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evaluation of equation (A27) at the trailing edge of the chord (x/c = 1.0) gives

$$\frac{\Gamma_{\rm s}}{\rm VC_L} \frac{\rm b}{\rm c} = \frac{\rm c}{\rm bC_{\rm L}}$$
(A28)

The three-dimensional vorticity equation given by equation (A21) may be nondimensionalized as

$$\frac{\Gamma}{\text{VC}_{\text{L}}} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{c_{1}c}{c_{\text{L}}c_{\text{av}}}$$
(A29)

The two-dimensional circulation strength (eq. (A28)) may now be corrected to the three-dimensional value (eq. (A29)) by defining a correction factor K as the ratio of equation (A29) to (A28).

$$K = \frac{\Gamma}{\Gamma_{c}} = \frac{b}{cA} C_{L\alpha} \frac{c_{l}c}{c_{l}c_{av}}$$
(A30)

Multiplying equation (A27) by the correction factor (eq. (A30)) gives

$$\frac{\phi(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y})}{\mathrm{VC}_{\mathrm{L}}\frac{\mathrm{b}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\pi \mathrm{A}} \left(\frac{\mathrm{c}_{1}\mathrm{c}}{\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}\mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{av}}} \right) \left[\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{x}}{\mathrm{c}} - \left(\frac{\mathrm{x}}{\mathrm{c}}\right)^{2}} + \sin^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{\mathrm{x}}{\mathrm{c}}} \right]$$
(A31)

which is the assumed chordwise vorticity accumulation in terms of the correct local total circulation strength.

An approximate expression for the sidewash velocity existing at the wing chord plane may now be obtained by substituting equation (A31) into equation (A26):

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$$\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}_{L}} = \frac{\partial \frac{\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y})}{\mathbf{v}_{L} \frac{b}{2}}}{\partial \frac{\mathbf{y}}{\mathbf{b}/2}} \approx \frac{1}{\pi A} \frac{\partial \left\{ \frac{\mathbf{c}_{2}\mathbf{c}}{\mathbf{c}_{L}\mathbf{c}_{av}} \left[\sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{c}}} - \left(\frac{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{c}}\right)^{2} + \sin^{-1}\sqrt{\frac{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{c}}} \right] \right\}}{\partial \frac{\mathbf{y}}{\mathbf{b}/2}}$$
(A32)

Inasmuch as it is difficult to express the geometric characteristics of the swept wing in analytic terms amenable for use in equation (A32), the required differentiation may best be performed graphically. An illustrated example of this procedure is presented for the swept wing in figure 18, and the manner in which the sidewash velocities existing in the field are faired to the estimated chord-plane velocity is shown in figure 19.

Further studies of the sidewash-velocity variation with vertical distance made by increasing the number of spanwise horseshoe vortices also indicated more realistic characteristics except for vertical locations very close to the wing chord plane. These characteristics have previously been reported in reference 22 for somewhat different circumstances. The effects of increasing the number of spanwise horseshoe vortices on the variation of sidewash velocity with vertical distance are shown for the unswept wing in figure 20.

The flow-field characteristics due to the lift-induced velocities may now be determined by

 $\epsilon = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{w_a}{VC_L} C_L}{1 + \frac{u_a}{VC_L} C_L} \right)$

(A33)

$$\sigma = - \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{v_a}{VC_L} C_L}{1 + \frac{u_a}{VC_L} C_L} \right)$$
(A34)

$$\frac{\mathbf{q}_{l}}{\mathbf{q}_{0}} = \left(\mathbf{l} + \frac{\mathbf{u}_{a}}{\mathbf{V}\mathbf{C}_{L}} \mathbf{C}_{L} \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{V}\mathbf{C}_{L}} \mathbf{C}_{L} \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{w}_{a}}{\mathbf{V}\mathbf{C}_{L}} \mathbf{C}_{L} \right)^{2}$$
(A35)

Combined Effects

In order to determine the total flow characteristics, it is necessary to combine the lifting and nonlifting velocities. The total flowfield characteristics may be written as

$$\varepsilon = \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{W}{V} + \frac{W_{a}}{VC_{L}} C_{L}}{1 + \frac{u_{s} \cos \Lambda}{V} + \frac{u_{a}}{VC_{L}} C_{L}} \right)$$
(A36)

$$\sigma = -\tan^{-1} \left(\frac{\frac{u_{s}}{v} \sin \Lambda + \frac{v_{a}}{vC_{L}} C_{L}}{\frac{1}{v} + \frac{u_{s} \cos \Lambda}{v} + \frac{u_{a}}{vC_{L}} C_{L}} \right)$$
(A37)

$$\frac{\mathbf{q}_{\mathbf{l}}}{\mathbf{q}_{0}} = \left(1 + \frac{\mathbf{u}_{s}}{\mathbf{v}}\cos\Lambda + \frac{\mathbf{u}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}c_{L}}C_{L}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{w}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}c_{L}}C_{L}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}c_{L}}C_{L}\right)^{2}$$
(A38)

In order to eliminate errors involved in estimating the lift-curve slopes of the wings under consideration, the comparisons of theory with experiment were made at the same lift coefficient. A comparison of the theoretical flow fields with experiment, under lifting conditions, beneath the midsemispan location of the sweptback wing as calculated by equations (A36) to (A38) is presented in figure 7(b).

Effects of Compressibility

In determining the first-order compressibility effects on the flowfield characteristics, the three-dimensional Prandtl-Glauert transformation, as given by reference 18, may be used. The general computational procedures involved in this transformation have been stated very simply by Dr. S. Katzoff of the Langley Laboratory and are presented in the subsequent discussion:

The incremental velocities at a point P on the surface of a thin body B in compressible flow may be obtained in three steps:

(1) The x-coordinates of all points of B are increased by the factor $1/\beta$, where $\beta = \sqrt{1 - M^2}$ and where the x-axis is in the stream direction. This transformation changes B into a stretched body B'.

(2) The incremental velocities u', v', and w' in the direction of the x-, y-, and z-axes, respectively, at the point P' on B' corresponding to the point P on B are calculated as though B' were in an incompressible flow having the same free-stream velocity as the original compressible flow.

(3) The values u, v, and w of the incremental velocities at the point P on the original unstretched body B in compressible flow are then found by the equations

$$u = \frac{1}{\beta^2} u'$$
 (A39)

$$r = \frac{1}{8} \mathbf{v}^{\dagger} \tag{A40}$$

$$w = \frac{1}{\beta} w^{\dagger}$$
 (A41)

It is pertinent to note that the result of step (1), that is, stretching the wing chord, causes the transformed wing to have an increased angle of sweep, a decreased aspect ratio, a decreased thickness ratio, and a decreased angle of attack. The relationship between the geometric parameters of the given wing in compressible flow and its transformed equivalent wing in incompressible flow may be expressed as

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}^{T}}{\mathbf{c}^{T}} = \frac{\mathbf{x}}{\mathbf{c}} \tag{A42}$$

$$\frac{z'}{c'} = \beta \frac{z}{c}$$
(A43)

$$\frac{t'}{c'} = \beta \frac{t}{c}$$
(A44)

$$\frac{y'}{b'/2} = \frac{y}{b/2}$$
 (A45)

 $A^{*} = \beta A \tag{A46}$

$$\Lambda^{*} = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{\tan \Lambda}{\beta}\right) \tag{A47}$$

$$\alpha^{i} = \beta \alpha \qquad (A48)$$

The perturbation velocities in the field due to the transformed wing in incompressible flow, as indicated by step (2), may now be calculated by the methods mentioned previously in this appendix. It should be noted, however, that, although the chordwise and spanwise locations of interest remain unchanged in the transformation, as indicated by equations (A42) and (A45), the vertical locations of interest move closer in percent of local chord to the equivalent transformed wing chord plane. (See eq. (A43).)

In accordance with step (3) of Katzoff's general directions, the perturbation velocities due to the transformed wing may now be resolved into their final form by equations (A39) to (A41).

A few specific observations, supplementary to the foregoing general procedure, are appropriate inasmuch as they may somewhat reduce the necessary computations.

Nonlifting case.- If the first step of the transformation, that is, stretching the plan form in the x-direction, which is shown for the swept wing in figure 21, is assumed to have been completed, it may be observed from equation (A44) that the thickness ratio is reduced by β . Also, if it is noted from equations (A39) to (A41) that the perturbation velocities must be increased by inverse functions of β , it is apparent that some beneficial (time saving) cancellation effects might be realized. Care must be taken, however, that the correct relationship between corresponding vertical locations are used (eq. (A43)).

In view of the foregoing discussion, it is readily seen that the downwash velocity w remains unchanged since the reduced thickness effects (eq. (A44)) are canceled by equation (A41). The downwash w at location $-\frac{1}{\beta}\frac{z}{c}$ below the wing in compressible flow is then equal to the downwash w at a location -z/c below the wing in incompressible flow. This simple transformation of vertical locations is possible since the downwash velocity at zero lift is independent of the wing sweep angle (as shown previously in this appendix).

In the case of the backwash and sidewash velocities, although some cancellation of the thickness effects are realized, a simple transformation of vertical distances is not immediately possible since these velocities are also a function of the transformed wing sweep angle (eqs. (A8), (A9), and (A47)). Some saving is possible, however, by considering equations (A8), (A9), (A39), (A40), and (A47), and noting by use of equation (A44) that $u_s' = \beta u_s$, from which the following may be deduced:

$$v = u_{\rm s} \sin \Lambda \, \frac{\sin \Lambda'}{\sin \Lambda} \tag{A49}$$

$$u = \frac{u_{\rm s} \, \cos \, \Lambda}{\beta} \, \frac{\cos \, \Lambda'}{\cos \, \Lambda} \tag{A50}$$

where again the corresponding vertical locations in compressible and incompressible flow (as given by eq. (A43)) must be observed.

With the perturbation velocities now determined, the flow-field characteristics in compressible flow, for subcritical Mach numbers, for nonlifting conditions may be found by equations (AlO) to (Al2).

The calculated first-order zero-lift compressibility effects, for a subcritical Mach number of 0.8, on the flow-field characteristics beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing are presented in figure 11. Lifting case.- In calculating the effects of compressibility on the lift-induced perturbation velocities, it is necessary to follow only the general outlined procedure. The perturbation velocities at corresponding vertical locations (given by eq. (A43)) may then be expressed, by use of equations (A22) to (A24) and (A39) to (A41), as

$$\frac{u_{a}}{VC_{L}} = \frac{1}{\beta^{2}} \frac{u_{a}'}{VC_{L}'}$$
(A51)

$$\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}_{C_{L}}} = \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}_{C_{L}}}$$
(A52)

$$\frac{\mathbf{w}_{a}}{\mathbf{V}\mathbf{C}_{L}} = \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{\mathbf{w}_{a}}{\mathbf{V}\mathbf{C}_{L}}^{'}$$
(A53)

If comparing the effects of compressibility on the flow-field characteristics on a constant α basis is desirable and the calculations are performed on the basis of unit lift coefficient, as it is generally convenient to do, some care must be exercised in the lift-coefficient reduction in order to obtain the proper α .

Since

$$C_{L}' = (C_{L\alpha})' \alpha' \tag{A54}$$

then substituting equation (A48) into equation (A54) gives

$$C_{L}^{\prime} = (C_{L_{\alpha}})^{\prime} \beta \alpha \tag{A55}$$

where $(C_{L_{\alpha}})'$ is the lift-curve slope of the equivalent transformed wing and is not to be confused with the true compressible lift-curve slope.

The equations for the perturbation velocities (A51) to (A53) for a constant α comparison may now be expressed by

$$\left(\frac{u_{a}}{v}\right)_{\alpha=\text{Constant}} = \frac{1}{\beta} \frac{u_{a}}{v_{c_{L}}} (C_{L_{\alpha}})' \alpha \qquad (A56)$$

$$\left(\frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}}\right)_{\alpha=\text{Constant}} = \frac{\mathbf{v}_{a}}{\mathbf{v}_{L}} \left(C_{L\alpha}\right)^{\prime} \alpha \qquad (A57)$$

$$\left(\frac{w_{a}}{v}\right)_{\alpha=\text{Constant}} = \frac{w_{a}'}{vc_{L}'}(c_{L\alpha})'\alpha \qquad (A58)$$

The calculated compressibility effects, at constant α , on the flowfield characteristics beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing calculated by the aforementioned equations and combined with the zerolift perturbation effects are presented in figure 11.

If it is desired to determine the calculated effects of compressibility on the flow-field characteristics on the basis of constant lift coefficient, it is necessary to decrease only the lift-induced perturbation velocities at constant α , as given by equations (A56) to (A58), by the ratio of the incompressible lift-curve slope to the true compressible lift-curve slope.

The compressible lift-curve slope of the swept wing used in the present paper was determined from the equation

$$C_{L\alpha,M} = \frac{c_{l\alpha}^{A}}{\frac{c_{l\alpha}}{\pi} + \sqrt{\left(\frac{A}{\cos \Lambda_{c}/2}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{c_{l\alpha}}{\pi}\right)^{2} - (AM)^{2}}}$$
(A59)

This expression, which was developed by Edward C. Polhamus of the Langley Laboratory in 1949, is an improved version, with regard to low aspect ratios and compressibility effects, of that presented in reference 23. Another, but somewhat more complicated, form of this equation has been independently developed in reference 24. With regard to the use of the sweep of the half-chord line in equation (A59), a recent unpublished analysis by Polhamus indicates that there is little effect of taper ratio for wings having the same half-chord-line sweep angles.

The calculated compressibility effects, at constant lift, on the flow-field characteristics beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing are presented in figure ll.

APPENDIX B

DOWNWASH, SIDEWASH, AND BACKWASH FUNCTIONS DUE

TO A UNIT HORSESHOE VORTEX

The positive directions of distances and velocities used in determining the induction characteristics of a unit horseshoe vortex are defined in the following sketch:



Downwash Equation

The downwash velocity induced at a point in space is given by the following equation:

$$\frac{w_a}{v} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi v_s} F_w \tag{B1}$$

where

$$F_{w} = \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{s}}{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2}} \left[\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^{2}} - \frac{\Delta y}{s} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^{2} \right]$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^2}} -$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1}{\left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^2} \left[1 + \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{s}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^2}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1}{\left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^2} \left[1 + \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{s}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^2}}\right]$$
(B2)

Some identities, due to the symmetry of the aforementioned equations, which increase the useful range of table III are given by

$$F_{W}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{W}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{W}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{W}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B3)

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and

$$F_{W}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{W}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{W}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{W}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B4)

Sidewash Equation

The sidewash velocity induced at a point in space is given by the following equation:

$$\frac{v_a}{v} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi v_s} F_v$$
(B5)

where

$$F_{v} = -\frac{\frac{\Delta z}{s}}{\left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^{2}} \left[1 + \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{s}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^{2}}}\right] +$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Delta z}{s}}{\left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \frac{\frac{\Delta x}{s}}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^{2}} \end{bmatrix}$$
(B6)

Some identities, due to the symmetry of the aforementioned equations, which increase the useful range of table IV are given by

$$F_{V}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{V}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= -F_{V}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= -F_{V}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B7)

and

$$F_{V}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{V}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= -F_{V}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= -F_{V}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B8)

Backwash Equation

The backwash velocity induced at a point in space is given by the following equation:

$$\frac{u_{a}}{V} = \frac{\Gamma}{4\pi V s} F_{u}$$
(B9)

where

$$F_{u} = \frac{\frac{\Delta z}{s}}{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2}} \left[\frac{\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} + 1\right)^{2}} - \frac{\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1}{\sqrt{\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)^{2} + \left(\frac{\Delta y}{s} - 1\right)^{2}}} \right]$$
(B10)

Some identities, due to the symmetry of the aforementioned equations, which increase the useful range of table V are given by

$$F_{u}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{u}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{u}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{u}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B11)

and

$$F_{u}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right) = F_{u}\left(-\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= F_{u}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, -\frac{\Delta y}{s}, -\frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
$$= -F_{u}\left(\frac{\Delta x}{s}, \frac{\Delta y}{s}, \frac{\Delta z}{s}\right)$$
(B12)

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TABLE I.- FUSELAGE ORDINATES



Ordinates, pe	ercent length
Station	Radius
$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 3.28\\ 6.57\\ 9.86\\ 13.15\\ 16.43\\ 19.72\\ 23.01\\ 26.29\\ 29.58\\ 32.00\\ 75.34\\ 76.69\\ 79.98\\ 83.26\\ 86.55\\ 89.84\\ 93.13\\ 96.41\\ 100.00\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ .91\\ 1.71\\ 2.41\\ 3.00\\ 3.50\\ 3.90\\ 4.21\\ 4.43\\ 4.53\\ 4.53\\ 4.57\\ 4.57\\ 4.57\\ 4.57\\ 4.54\\ 4.38\\ 4.18\\ 3.95\\ 3.72\\ 3.49\\ 3.26\\ 3.02\end{array}$

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TABLE II. - SAMPLE CALCULATION OF LIFT-INDUCED VELOCITIES

BENEATH THE SWEPT-WING MODEL BY USE OF

EQUATIONS (A22) TO (A24)

$$y/\frac{b}{2} = -0.5; \frac{x}{c} = 0.45; \frac{z}{c} = -0.10$$

n	m	$\frac{c_{l}c}{4c_{L}c_{av}}$	Ax s	<u>Ay</u> s	Fw	6×3	Fv	8×3	Fu	(1) × (3)
1	2	3	4	5	6	0	8	9	10	
1	1234	0.1592 .1592 .1592 .1592	-2.40 -2.60 -3.10 -4.10	4 4 4 4	-0.06089 05705 04806 03522	-0.00969 00908 00765 00561	0.00970 .00862 .00615 .00341	0.00154 .00137 .00098 .00054	-0.01037 00965 00796 00540	-0.00165 00154 00127 00086
2	1 2 3 4	0.2285 .2285 .2285 .2285	-0.10 40 -1.10 -2.50	2 2 2 2	-0.45168 38099 24501 10915	-0.10321 08706 05598 02494	0.31150 .21825 .08612 .01779	0.07118 .04987 .01968 .00407	-0.18147 16563 10022 03335	-0.04147 03785 02290 00762
3	1234	0.2695 .2695 .2695 .2695	2.20 1.80 .90 90	0 0 0	3.38626 3.43737 3.78603 58603	0.91260 .92637 1.02034 15794	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	-0.08891 13266 67532 67532	-0.02396 03575 18200 18200
4	1234	0.2915 .2915 .2915 .2915	4.40 3.90 2.80 .70	-2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -	-0.90675 89736 85954 63479	-0.26432 26158 25056 18504	-0.68894 68762 67932 54483	-0.20083 20044 19802 15882	-0.00909 01197 02599 13726	-0.00265 00349 00758 04001
5	1 2 3 4	0.2975 .2975 .2975 .2975 .2975	6.70 6.10 4.80 2.30	-4 -4 -4 -4	-0.23453 23223 22374 18981	-0.06977 06909 06656 05647	-0.06754 06732 06617 05826	-0.02009 02003 01969 01733	-0.00221 00260 00417 01073	-0.00066 00077 00124 00319
6	1234	0.2975 .2975 .2975 .2975	6.70 6.10 4.80 2.30		-0.09739 09579 09095 07601	-0.02897 02850 02706 02261	-0.01831 01826 01758 01468	-0.00545 00543 00523 00437	-0.00143 00162 00224 00388	-0.00043 00048 00067 00115
7	1234	0.2915 .2915 .2915 .2915	4.40 3.90 2.80 .70	-8 -8 -8 -8	-0.04652 04518 04177 03412	-0.01356 01317 01218 00994	-0.00668 00648 00598 00452	-0.00195 00189 00174 00132	-0.00133 00144 00167 00198	-0.00039 00042 00049 00058
8	1 2 3 4	0.2695 .2695 .2695 .2695	2.20 1.80 .90 90	-10 -10 -10 -10	-0.02437 02377 02186 01824	-0.00657 00641 00589 00492	-0.00268 00257 00231 00175	-0.00072 00069 00062 00047	-0.00095 00097 00100 00100	-0.00026 00026 00027 00027
9	1 2 3 4	0.2285 .2285 .2285 .2285 .2285	-0.10 40 -1.10 -2.50	-12 -12 -12 -12	-0.01380 01345 01263 01107	-0.00315 00307 00289 00253	-0.00115 00111 00101 00081	-0.00026 00025 00023 00019	-0.00058 00058 00058 00054	-0.00013 00013 00013 00012
10	1 2 3 4	0.1592 .1592 .1592 .1592	-2.40 -2.60 -3.10 -4.10	-14 -14 -14 -14	-0.00849 00835 00800 00744	-0.00135 00133 00127 00118	-0.00058 00054 00050 00043	-0.00009 00009 00008 00007	-0.00036 00035 00034 00033	-0.00006 00006 00005 00005

$$\sum_{\text{We}_{a}} (7) = 0.9782$$

$$\frac{W_{a}}{\text{Wo}_{L}} = \frac{5}{8\pi} \sum_{\text{T}} (7) = 0.1946$$

 $\frac{v_{a}}{vc_{L}} = \frac{5}{8\pi} \sum 9 = -0.1427$

2 = -0.6049

 $\frac{u_{a}}{VC_{L}} = \frac{5}{8\pi} \sum (1) = -0.1203$

*The vertical distance z/c = -0.10 is identical with $\Delta z/s = -0.5$ and is constant for this table.

TABLE III.- DOWNWASH FACTOR F_W FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$

(a) $\Delta z/s = \pm 0.50$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 1.60 $	$\begin{array}{r} + 1.60000 \\ + 3.09616 \\ - \\ + 3.78220 \\ - \\ + 3.90697 \\ - \\ + 3.83874 \\ - \\ + 3.73333 \\ - \\ + 3.55740 \\ - \\ + 3.30187 \\ - \\ + 3.205947 \\ - \\ + 3.22716 \\ - \\ + 3.21543 \\ - \\ + 3.20508 \\ - \\ + 3.20308 \\ - \\ + 3.20308 \\ - \\ + 3.20308 \\ - \\ + 3.20308 \\ - \\ - \\ 3.20249 \\ - \end{array}$.47568 - .52367 - .57037 - .61551 - .65506 - .69141 - .75115 - .81332 - .87110 - .90028 - .91645 - .92616 - .92616 - .92659 - .94458 - .94635 - .94830 - .94887 -	.12630 .13283 .13929 .1455 .15186 .15787 .16917 .18406 .20322 .21648 .22556 .23185 .23952 .24622 .24622 .24782 .24889 .24964 .25019	05589 05778 05967 06154 06339 06522 06878 07380 08116 08715 09190 09560 10072 10593 10825 10823 10944	03136 03215 03294 .03373 03451 03529 03682 04246 04246 04246 04548 04807 05560 05360 05749 05862 05943 06004 06049	$\begin{array}{c} 02005\\ 02045\\ 02085\\ 02126\\ 02126\\ 02205\\ 02284\\ 02400\\ 02584\\ 02584\\ 02905\\ 03040\\ 03547\\ 03638\\ 03706\\ 03758\\ 03758\\ 03758\\ 03758\\ 03758\end{array}$.01391 .01415 .01438 .01461 .01484 .01507 .01553 .01621 .01730 .01833 .01928 .02015 .02376 .02449 .02505 .02549 .02549	.01022 .01036 .01051 .01066 .01080 .01095 .01124 .01167 .01236 .01425 .01530 .01530 .01687 .01745 .01791 .01829 .01859	 .00782 .00792 .00802 .00811 .00821 .00850 .00879 .00926 .00926 .00972 .01016 .01057 .011322 .01252 .01297 .01367 .01393	.00618 .00625 .00632 .00638 .00645 .00652 .00652 .00652 .00652 .00752 .00783 .00813 .00869 .00961 .00997 .01028 .01055 .01077	.00500 .00505 .00510 .00515 .00520 .00525 .00550 .00559 .00622 .00644 .00648 .00758 .00758 .00758 .00758 .00845 .00835 .00854

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Γ	00	+	1.60000	-	.47568	-	.12630	-	.05589	-	.03136	-	.02005	-	.01391	-	.01022	-	.00782	-	.00618	-	.00500
	20	+	.10384	-	. 42768	-	.11978	-	.05400	-	.03057	-	.01964	-	.01368	-	.01007	-	.00772	-	.00611	-	.00495
	40	_	- 58220	-	.38099	-	.11331	-	.05211	-	.02978	-	.01924	-	.01345	-	.00992	-	.00762	-	.00604	-	.00490
	60	-	.70697	-	.33684	-	.10695	-	.05024	-	.02900	-	.01884	-	.01321	-	.00978	-	.00753	-	.00597	-	.00485
	80	-	.63874	-	29629	-	.10075	-	.04838	-	.02821	-	.01844	-	.01298	-	.00963	-	.00743	-	.00590	-	.00480
	- 1 00	-	53333	-	2500/	-	09/17/1	-	04656	-	.02744	-	.01804	-	.01275	-	.00949	-	.00733	-	.00583	-	.00475
	- 1.40	-	35740	12	20021	_	083/13		0/1300	-	.02591	-	.01725	-	.01229	-	.00920	-	.00714	-	.00570	-	.00465
	- 2.00	_	00736	12	1380/		06955		03707	-	02369	_	01609	-	.01162	-	.00877	-	.00685	-	.00549	-	.00450
	- 2.00	-	10197	1	.13004		.00030		03062		02007	_	01/26	-	.01052	-	.00807	-	.00638	-	.00516	-	.00426
	- 3.00	-	.10107	17	.00025	-	04939	1	.00002	-	01705		01257	-	00950	-	.00740	-	.00592	-	.00484	-	.00402
	- 4.00	-	.03947	-	.05107	-	.03013	-	.02402	-	.01/25	-	01105	1	0085/	-	.00677	-	00548	-	.00452	-	.00379
	- 5.00	-	.03814	-	.03490	-	.02705	-	.01988	-	.01405	-	.01103		00767	1	00618	-	00507	-	.00422	_	.00356
	- 6.00	-	.02716	-	.02519	-	.02016	-	.01618	-	.01246	-	.00970	-	.00101	2	.00018	-	00/32	_	00367	-	00314
	- 8.00	-	.01543	-	.01476	-	.01309	-	.01105	-	.00912	-	.00/49	-	.00018	-	.00356	-	.00452	E	00275		002/3
	-12.00	-	.00691	-	.00677	-	.00639	-	.00584	-	.00523	-	.00465	-	.00400	-	.00356	-	.00512	E	.00275		00243
1	-14.00	-	.00508	-	.00501	-	.00479	-	.00448	-	.00411	-	.00372	-	.00334	-	.00299	-	.00201	-	.00233	-	.00215
	-16.00	-	.00389	-	.00385	-	.00372	-	.00353	-	.00329	-	.00304	-	.00277	-	.00252	-	.00229	-	.00207	-	.00188
	-18.00	-	.00308	-	.00305	-	.00297	-	.00285	-	.00269	-	.00251	-	.00233	-	.00215	-	.00197	-	.00181	1	.00105
	-20.00	-	.00249	-	.00248	-	.00242	-	.00234	-	.00223	-	.00211	-	.00198	-	.00184	-	.00171	-	.00158	-	.00146
				1		1		1		1				1								1	

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR F_W FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

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(b) $\Delta z/s = \pm 1.00$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+1/4	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 8.00 \\ + & 12.$	$\begin{array}{c} + 1.00000\\ + 1.40931\\ + 1.74142\\ + 1.96493\\ + 2.09281\\ + 2.15470\\ + 2.17888\\ + 2.14310\\ + 2.08544\\ + 2.03573\\ + 2.02594\\ + 2.00503\\ + 2.00583\\ + 2.00584\\ + 2.00586\\ + 2.00387\\ + 2.00387\\ + 2.00248\end{array}$	20000 20365 20851 21534 22419 23463 25770 329048 32977 35309 36707 37585 38560 39331 39504 395018 39618 39618	10769 11274 11775 12270 12755 13228 14128 16958 16958 16958 16958 18124 18947 19530 20257 20907 21067 21169 21243 21297	05231 05402 05572 05741 05909 06074 06397 06854 07530 08087 08532 08884 09375 09883 10017 10111 10178 10229	03024 03099 03174 03248 03322 03541 03541 03541 04577 04614 04614 04825 05149 05540 05541 05721 05781 05781 05826	01959 01958 02037 02076 02155 02155 02259 02341 02519 02683 02831 02962 03178 03549 03549 03549 03546 03668 03708	01369 01392 01415 01437 01460 01483 01527 01594 01594 01801 01894 01980 02126 02335 02402 02507 02542	01010 01024 01039 01053 01067 01082 01110 01152 01221 01287 01349 01407 01510 01666 01723 01769 01806 01836	00775 00785 00794 00804 00814 00823 00843 00963 01006 01047 0121 01239 01285 01322 01354 01380	00613 00620 00627 00634 00641 00661 00681 00714 00777 00807 00807 00853 00950 01020 01047 01069	00497 00502 00512 00517 00522 00532 00547 00595 00618 00640 00682 00753 00782 00808 00830 00849

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20	+ .5900	- 92	.19635	-	10265	_	05060		.00024	-	.01333	-	.01303	-	.01010	-	.00115	-	.00613	-	.00497
40	+ 250	a -	10140	1000	.10203	-	.05060	-	.02950	-	.01920	-	.01347	-	.00996	-	.00765	-	.00607	-	.00493
- 60	.2.70.	0 -	.19149	1	. 09/63	-	.04890	-	.02875	-	.01881	-	.01324	-	.00981	-	.00756	-	.00600	-	.00488
00	+ .0350	- / (.18466	-	.09269	-	.04720	-	.02800	-	.01843	-	.01301	-	.00967	-	.00746	-	.00593	-	.00483
80	0928	31 -	.17581	-	.08784	-	.04553	-	.02726	-	-01804	-	-01279	-	.00952	-	00736		00596		00400
- 1.00	1547	0 -	.16537	-	.08311	-	-04387	-	- 02653	_	01765	-	01256	_	00032		.00707	-	.00530	—	.00478
- 1.40	1788	38 -	.14230	-	07/111		04065	_	02503	1	.01/00	-	01210	-	.00938	-	.00121	-	.00579	-	.004/3
- 2.00	- 1431	0 -	10050	1	06100	-	.04005	1	.02508	-	.01089	-	.01211	-	.00910	-	.00708	-	.00566	-	.00463
- 3.00	- 0951		.10952	1	.00199	-	.03601	-	.02298	-	.01577	-	.01145	-	.00867	-	.00679	-	.00546	-	.00448
- 1.00	0052	4 -	.01023	-	.04581	-	.02932	-	.01972	-	.01399	-	.01038	-	.00799	-	.00633	-	.00513	-	.00424
- 4.00	0551	3 -	.04691	-	.03415	-	.02375	-	.01684	-	.01236	-	.00938	-	.00733	-	.00587	-	00/181	_	00/100
- 5.00	0362	27 -	.03293	-	.02591	-	.01929	-	.01435	-	.01088	-	.00845	_	00671	_	005/1/	_	.00451		.00400
- 6.00	0255	4 -	. 02415	-	.02008	_	01579	_	01004		00050		00750		.00011	-	.00544	-	.00450	-	.00377
- 8.00	0150	3 -	01/1/10	Ŀ	01001	-	01070		.01224	F	.00320	-	.00/59	-	.00013	-	.00505	-	.00420	-	.00355
-12.00	- 0069	3	00000	F	10510.	T 1	.01086	-	.00900	-	.00741	7	.00612	-	.00510	-	.00429	-	.00365	-	.00313
-14 00	.0000		.00009	-	.00032	-	.00579	-	.00519	F	.00459	-	.00404	-	.00354	-	.00311	-	.00274	-	.00242
-14.00	0050	- 44	.00496	-	.00475	-	.00445	-	.00403	-	.00370	- 1	.00332	-	.00297	-	.00266	-	.00237	-	-00213
-16.00	0038	57 -	.00382	-	.00370	+	.00351	-	.00327	1	.00302	-	.00276	-	.00251	_	00228	_	00206	2	001 97
-18.00	0030	16 -	.00304	-	.00296	-	.00283	-	00268	L	00250	-	00232	_	00214		00107		.00200	F	.0018/
-20.00	0024	8 -	.002/17	L	002/1		00233	-	.00200		.00250	-	.00252	-	.00214	-	.00197	-	.00180	-	.00165
	1 30029				.00241	Г	.00233	-	.002222	-	.00210	-	.00197	-	.00184	-	.00171	-	.00158	-	.00146

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR F_{W} FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

(c) $\Delta z/s = \pm 1.50$

Dx/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+1/t	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.000 \\ + & 3.000 \\ + & 3.000 \\ + & 5.000 \\ + & 5.000 \\ + & 5.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 14.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 14.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 14.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 14.000 \\ + & 12.000 \\ + & 14.$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .61538 \\ + & .77954 \\ + & .92845 \\ + & 1.05170 \\ + & 1.14570 \\ + & 1.21240 \\ + & 1.2240 \\ + & 1.29524 \\ + & 1.29524 \\ + & 1.29524 \\ + & 1.25748 \\ + & 1.23574 \\ + & 1.233746 \\ + & 1.23381 \\ + & 1.23324 \end{array}$	04103 .02925 01857 00982 00348 + .00040 + .00176 00602 02540 04120 05212 05952 06823 07549 07716 07904 07960	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	04690 04834 049777 05120 05261 05401 05675 06066 06651 07143 07544 07544 07544 08325 08810 08941 09033 09099 09149	02848 02916 02984 02984 03052 03119 03186 03319 03511 04310 04310 04300 04309 04816 05184 05184 05271 05430 05474	01886 01923 01959 01959 02032 02069 02141 02247 02415 02570 02710 02711 02837 03044 03318 03406 03472 03523 03563	$\begin{array}{c} & 0.1334\\ - & 0.1356\\ - & 0.1377\\ - & 0.1399\\ - & 0.1421\\ - & 0.1443\\ - & 0.1443\\ - & 0.1486\\ - & 0.1549\\ - & 0.1549\\ - & 0.1549\\ - & 0.1522\\ - & 0.2064\\ - & 0.2258\\ - & 0.2238\\ - & 0.2238\\ - & 0.2238\\ - & 0.2437\\ - & 0.2471\\ \end{array}$	00991 01005 01019 01032 01046 01060 01088 01129 01260 01260 01320 01377 01477 01630 01686 01732 01768 01798	00764 00773 00782 00802 00811 00830 00947 00990 01030 01219 01264 01358 01358	00606 00613 00620 00626 00633 00640 00653 00640 00653 00705 00737 00767 00767 00797 00797 00941 00941 00941 00977 01003 01055	00493 00498 00503 .00508 00512 00517 00527 00542 00542 00589 00634 00634 00634 00745 00774 00799 00821 00840

00	+	.61538 -	.04103 -	.08318 -	.04690	-	.02848	-	.01886	-	.01334	-	.00991	-	.00764	-	.00606	-	.00493
20	+	. 45123 -	.05280 -	.07995 -	.04546	-	.02780	-	.01849	-	.01312	-	.00977	-	.00754	-	.00600	-	.00488
40	+	.30232 -	.06348 -	.07672 -	.04403	-	.02711	-	.01812	-	.01290	-	.00963	-	.00745	-	.00593	-	.00483
60	+	.17907 -	.07223 -	.07352 -	.04260	-	.02644	-	.01776	-	.01268	-	.009.49	-	.00735	-	.00586	-	.00478
80	+	.08507 -	.07857 -	.07035 -	.04119	-	.02576	-	.01739	-	.01247	-	.00935	-	.00726	-	.00580	-	.00473
- 1.00	+	.01837 -	.08245 -	.06723 -	.03979	-	.02509	-	.01703	-	.01225	-	.00921	-	.00717	-	.00573	-	.00468
- 1.40	-	.05344 -	.08381 -	.06115 -	.03706	-	.02377	-	.01631	-	.01182	-	.00893	-	.00698	-	.00560	-	.00459
- 2.00	-	.07940 -	.07604 -	.05264 -	.03315	-	.02184	-	.01525	-	.01118	-	.00852	-	.00670	-	.00540	-	.00444
- 3.00	-	.06447 -	.05665 -	.04051 -	.02729	-	.01885	-	.01357	-	.01016	-	.00786	-	.00624	-	.00507	-	.00420
- 4.00	-	.04556 -	.04085 -	.03112 -	.02237	-	.01618	-	.01201	-	.00919	-	.00722	-	.00580	-	.00476	-	.00397
- 5.00	-	.03256 -	.02993 -	.02414 -	.01836	-	.01385	-	.01060	-	.00829	-	.00661	-	.00538	-	.00445	-	.00374
- 6.00	-	.02405 -	.02254 -	.01900 -	.01514	-	.01187	-	.00935	-	.00746	-	.00605	-	.00498	-	.00416.	-	.00352
- 8.00	-	.01440 -	.01382 -	.01236 -	.01055	-	.00879	-	.00727	-	.00603	-	.00504	-	.00425	-	.00362	-	.00311
-12.00	-	.00669 -	.00656 -	.00621 -	.00570	-	.00512	-	.00454	-	.00400	-	.00351	-	.00308	-	.00272	-	.00240
-14.00	-	.00497 -	.00489 -	.00469 -	.00439	-	.00404	-	.00366	-	.00329	-	.00295	-	.00264	-	.00236	-	.00211
-16.00	-	.00383 -	.00378 -	.00366 -	.00347	-	.00325	-	.00300	-	.00274	-	.00250	-	.00227	-	.00205	-	.00186
-18.00	-	.00304 -	.00301 -	.00293 -	.00281	-	.00266	-	.00249	-	.00231	-	.00213	-	.00196	-	.00179	-	.00164
-20.00	-	.00247 -	.00245 -	.00240 -	.00231	-	.00221	=	.00	-	.00196	-	.00183	-	.00170		.00157	-	.00146

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR $\rm F_W$ for VARIOUS VALUES OF $\rm \Delta z/s$ - Continued

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(d)
$$\Delta z/s = \pm 2.00$$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0.	+2.	+4.	+6.	+8.	+10.	+12.	+14.	+16.	+18.	+20.
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 $	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	03077 04481 05818 07033 08084 08950 10132 10794 10394 08780 08780 08780 08780 08780 08780 08793 06394 06527 06396	$\begin{array}{c} .05836 \\ .05993 \\ .05993 \\ .06152 \\ .06311 \\ .06471 \\ .06634 \\ .08962 \\ .07457 \\ .08930 \\ .09482 \\ .09482 \\ .09482 \\ .09482 \\ .10494 \\ .11045 \\ .11211 \\ .11310 \\ .11381 \\ .11434 \\ .11434 \\ \end{array}$	- 04034 - 04146 - 04258 - 04370 - 04480 - 04590 - 04806 - 05118 - 05595 - 06008 - 06354 - 06638 - 07054 - 07616 - 07750 - 07780 - 07838	02619 02679 02739 02758 02858 02858 02858 03033 03203 03469 03708 03708 03708 04101 04388 04731 04918 04976 05020	$\begin{array}{c} - & 01788 \\ - & 01822 \\ - & 01856 \\ - & 01957 \\ - & 02023 \\ - & 02121 \\ - & 022421 \\ - & 022421 \\ - & 022671 \\ - & 02671 \\ - & 02868 \\ - & 03130 \\ - & 03215 \\ - & 03280 \\ - & 03330 \\ - & 03369 \\ \end{array}$	01286 01306 01327 01347 01368 01368 01429 01489 01489 01587 01679 01679 01764 01843 01980 02300 02300 02342 02377	00964 00978 00991 01004 01018 01031 01058 01097 01161 01223 01283 01283 01433 01582 01637 01681 01717 01747	00748 00757 00766 00776 00785 00812 00839 00839 00863 00926 00966 00967 01006 01077 01191 01235 01272 01302 01328	00597 00610 00616 00623 00629 00641 00641 00641 00693 00724 00754 00783 00959 00055 000	00486 00491 00506 00510 00520 00534 00558 00581 00603 00624 00765 00734 00765 00734
00 20 40 60 .80 1.40 2.00 40 60 .80 1.40 2.00 40 60 .80 40	$\begin{array}{c} + & .40000 \\ + & .32026 \\ + & .24491 \\ + & .17745 \\ + & .12006 \\ + & .07340 \\ + & .00966 \\ - & .03333 \\ - & .04407 \\ - & .03644 \\ - & .02811 \\ - & .02811 \\ - & .02811 \\ - & .02811 \\ - & .02811 \\ - & .00652 \\ - & .00487 \\ - & .00377 \\ - & .00377 \\ - & .00377 \\ - & .00377 \\ - & .00324 \\ - & .00244 \\ \end{array}$	+ .03077 + .01673 + .00335 00879 01930 02796 03978 04641 04240 04240 04240 0384 02626 02048 01306 00639 00480 00297 00297 00243	05836 05678 05520 05360 05200 05038 04709 04214 02741 02189 01761 01177 001761 001461 00261 00290 00237 00237	04034 03922 03810 03698 03587 03477 03261 02950 02473 02060 01714 01430 01013 00257 00432 00343 00278	02619 02559 02500 02440 02322 .02206 02306 01770 01530 01319 01319 00502 00397 00321 00263 00263 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00269 00502 00269 00502 00269	01788 01754 01721 01687 01653 01620 01553 01456 01300 01155 01023 00905 00709 00246 00246 00246 00246 00246 00247	01286 01265 01244 01203 01203 01203 01183 01183 01082 00984 00892 00892 00892 00394 00271 00271 00275 00271 00275 00271 00275 002	00964 00951 00951 00924 00911 00897 00897 00897 00897 00766 00648 00593 00498 00347 00292 00247 002182	00748 00739 00739 00711 00712 00702 00613 00570 00613 00570 00419 00490 00490 00490 00490 00255 00261 00225 00169	00597 00590 00577 00577 00577 00577 00564 00469 00268 00268 00264 002	.00486 .00482 .00477 .00472 .00467 .00463 .00453 .00453 .00453 .00453 .00392 .00370 .00348 .00308 .00239 .00210 .00185 .00163 .00145

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR $\rm F_W$ FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

(e) ∆z/s = ±2.50

Ay/s Ax/s		+0		+2		+4		+6		+8		+10		+12		+14		+16		+18		+20
+ .00	+	.27586	+	.05879	-	.03672	-	.03330	-	.02354	-	.01671	-	.01226	-	.00931	-	.00729	-	.00584	-	.00478
+ .20	+	.31985	+	.07125	-	.03704	-	.03410	-	.02405	-	.01701	-	.01246	-	.00944	-	.00737	-	.00591	-	.00483
+ .40	+	.36225	+	.08333	-	.03736	-	.03490	-	.02455	-	.01732	-	.01265	-	.00957	-	.00746	-	.00597	-	.00488
+ .60	+	.40167	+	.09468	-	.03772	-	.03570	-	.02505	-	.01762	-	.01284	-	.00970	-	.00755	-	.00603	-	.00492
+ .80	+	.43710	+	.10503	-	.03811	-	.03650	-	.02555	-	.01792	-	.01303	-	.00982	-	.00764	-	.00610	-	.00497
+ 1.00	+	.46795	+	.11420	-	.03856	-	.03729	-	.02605		.01822	-	.01322	-	.00995	-	.00773	-	.00616	-	.00502
+ 1.40	+	.51550	+	.12867	-	.03960	-	.03886	-	.02703	-	.01882	-	.01360	-	.01020	-	.00790	-	.00628	-	.00511
+ 2.00	+	.55670	+	.14146	-	.04159	-	.04116	-	.02847	-	.01970	-	.01416	-	.01058	-	.00816	-	.00647	-	.00525
+ 3.00	+	.57876	+	.14703	-	.04571	-	.04479	-	.03075	-	.02111	-	.01507	-	.01118	-	.00859	-	.00678	-	.00548
+ 4.00	+	.57927	+	.14432	-	.05009	-	.04805	-	.03283	-	.02243	-	.01593	-	.01177	-	.00900	-	.00708	-	.00570
+ 5.00	+	.57509	+	.13987	-	.05408	-	.05090	-	.03469	-	.02364	-	.01673	-	.01232	-	.00939	-	.00737	-	.00592
+ 6.00	+	.57073	+	.13574	-	.05746	-	.05331	-	.03631	-	.02473	-	.01748	-	.01285	-	.00977	-	.00765	-	.00613
+ 8.00	+	.56429	+	.12973	-	.06239	-	.05698	-	.03892	-	.02656	-	.01877	-	.01378	-	.01046	-	.00816	-	.00653
+12.00	+	.55802	+	.12376	-	.06757	-	.06119	-	.04219	-	.02905	-	.02066	-	.01522	-	.01156	-	.00902	-	.00720
+14.00	+	.55647	+	.12226	-	.06895	-	.06238	-	.04319	-	.02987	-	.02132	-	.01575	-	.01199	-	.00937	-	.00748
+16.00	+	.55542	+	.12124	-	.06990	-	.06324	-	.04394	-	.03050	-	.02185	-	.01619	-	.01235	-	.00967	-	.00773
+18.00	+	.55468	+	.12051	-	.07059	-	.06387	-	.04449	-	.03098	-	.02227	-	.01654	-	.01265	-	.00992	- 1	.00794
+20.00	+	.55414	+	.11998	-	.07110	-	.06434	-	.04492	-	.03136	-	.02260	-	.01683	-	.01290	-	.01013	-	.00813

00	+	.27586	+	.05879	-	.03672	-	.03330	-	.02354		.01671	-	.01226	-	.00931	-	.00729	-	.00584	-	.00478
20	+	.23187	+	.04633	-	.03641	-	.03250	-	.02304	-	.01640	-	.01207	-	.00919	-	.00720	-	.00578	-	.00474
40	+	.18948	+	.03425	-	.03608	-	.03170	-	.02254	-	.01610	-	.01188	-	.00906	-	.00711	-	.00572	-	.00469
60	+	.15005	+	.02290	-	.03572	-	.03090	-	.02204	-	.01580	-	.01169	-	.00893	-	.00702	-	.00565	-	.00464
80	+	.11462	+	.01255	-	.03533	-	.03011	-	.02154	-	.01549	-	.01150	-	.00881	-	.00693	-	.00559	-	.00460
- 1.00	+	.08378	+	.00338	-	.03489	-	.02932	-	.02104	-	.01519	-	.01131	-	.00868	-	.00685	-	.00553	-	.00455
- 1.40	+	.03622	-	.01109	-	.03384	-	.02775	-	.02006	-	.01459	-	.01093	-	.00843	- 1	.00667	-	.00540	-	.00446
- 2.00	-	.00498	-	.02388	-	.03185	-	.02545	-	.01862	-	.01371	-	.01037	-	.00805	-	.00641		.00521	-	.00432
- 3.00	-	.02704	-	.02945	-	.02773	-	.02182	-	.01634	-	.01230	-	.00946	-	.00745	-	.00599	-	.00491	-	.00409
- 4.00	-	.02755	-	.02674	-	.02336	-	.01855	-	.01426	-	.01099	-	.03860	-	.00686	-	.00558	-	.00461	-	.00386
- 5.00	-	.02337	-	.02229	-	.01936	-	.01571	-	.01240	-	.00973	-	.00779	-	.00631	-	.00518	-	.00432	-	.00365
- 6.00	-	.01901	-	.01816	-	.01599	-	.01330	-	.01077	-	.00869	-	.00705	-	.00578	-	.00480	-	.00404	-	.00344
- 8.00	-	.01257	-	.01215	-	.01106	-	.00962	-	.00817	-	.00686	-	.00575	-	.00485	-	.00412	-	.00352	7	.00304
-12.00	-	.00630	-	.00618	-	.00587	-	.00542	-	.00490	-	.00437	-	.00387	-	.00341	-	.00301	-	.00266	-	.00236
-14.00	-	.00475	-	.00468	-	.00450	-	.00422	-	.00390	-	.00355	-	.00320	-	.00288	-	.00258	-	.00232	-	.00208
-16.00	-	.00370	-	.00366	-	.00354	-	.00337	-	.00315	-	.00292	-	.00268	-	.00244	-	.00222	-	.00202	-	.00183
-18.00	-	.00295	-	.00293	-	.00285	-	.00274	-	.00260	-	.00243	-	.00226	-	.00209	-	.00192	-	.00177	-	.00162
-20.00	-	.00241	-	.00240	-	.00235	-	.00227	-	.00217	-	.00205	-	.00193	-	.00180	-	.00167	-	.00155	-	.00144
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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR FW FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF Az/s - Continued

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(f) $\Delta z/s = \pm 3.00$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & 000 \\ + & 200 \\ + & 400 \\ + & 800 \\ + & 1.000 \\ + & 1.400 \\ + & 2.000 \\ + & 3.000 \\ + & 4.000 \\ + & 5.000 \\ + & 5.000 \\ + & 6.000 \\ + & 6.000 \\ + & 14$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .20000 \\ + & .22659 \\ + & .25250 \\ + & .27711 \\ + & .29993 \\ + & .32060 \\ + & .35484 \\ + & .41412 \\ + & .41412 \\ + & .41965 \\ + & .41875 \\ + & .41625 \\ + & .41625 \\ + & .41084 \\ + & .40060 \\ + & .40290 \\ + & .40238 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .066667 \\ + & .07685 \\ + & .08680 \\ + & .09633 \\ + & .10525 \\ + & .11343 \\ + & .12725 \\ + & .14156 \\ + & .15206 \\ + & .15349 \\ + & .15165 \\ + & .14906 \\ + & .14906 \\ + & .14906 \\ + & .14927 \\ + & .13787 \\ + & .13690 \\ + & .13621 \\ + & .13569 \end{array}$	01961 .01908 01857 01810 01767 01730 01677 01658 01770 01993 02251 .02498 02896 03575 03485 03690	02637 02687 02788 02788 02839 02991 03144 03397 03638 04350 04370 04750 04750 04863 04944 05050	02069 02109 02150 02150 02251 02271 02350 02467 02655 02829 02829 02829 03129 03129 03361 03663 03758 03829 03829 03822 03924	01538 .01565 01592 01645 01645 01724 01801 01724 01801 01926 02043 02150 02250 02418 02651 02730 02730 02837 02874	01158 01176 01193 01211 01228 01246 01280 01332 01415 01494 01569 01638 01759 01938 02002 02053 02093 02126	00893 00905 00917 00929 00941 00953 00976 01011 01068 01125 01314 01452 01503 01545 01580 01608	00706 00714 00722 00739 00747 00764 00789 00829 00869 00942 01008 01157 01192 01221 01245	00570 00576 00582 00582 00584 00600 00612 00630 00648 00743 00743 00773 00877 00910 00939 00964 00985	00468 .00473 00473 00473 00472 00491 00510 00514 00578 00578 00599 00599 00638 00704 00755 00776 00794
		-									
00 20 40	+ .20000 + .17341 + .14750	+ .06667 + .05649 + .04653	01961 02013 02064	02637 02586 02536	02069 02028 01988	01538 01512 01485	01158 01141 01123	00893 00881 00869	00706 00697 00689	00570 00563 00557	00468 00464 00459
80 - 1.00 - 1.40	+ .12289 + .10007 + .07940 + .04516	+ .03700 + .02809 + .01991 + .00608	02112 02155 02192	02485 02435 02384	01948 01907 01867	01459 01432 01406	01106 01088 01071	00857 00846 00834	00680 00672 00664	00551 00545 00539	00455 00450 00446
- 2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00	+ .01086 01412 01965	00823 01872 02016	02264 02152 01928	02130 01877	01671 01483	01355 01276 01151	00985	00810 00775 00718	00647 00622 00582	00527 00509 00480	00437 00423 00401
- 5.00 - 6.00 - 8.00	01875 01625 01148	01832 01573 01114	01670 01424 01025	01414 01218 009.04	01150 01009 00777	00925 00827 00659	00748	00610 00561	00505	00451 00423 00396	00379 00358 00338
-12.00 -14.00 -16.00	00604 00460 00361	00594 00454 00357	00565 00437 00346	00523 00411 00330	00475 00380 00309	00426 00347 00287	00378 00314	00335	00296	00262	00233 00206
-18.00	00290 00238	00287 00236	00280 00231	00269 00224	00255 00214	00240 00203	00223 00191	00206	00190	00200	00182 00161 00143

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F}_W}$ for various values of $\ensuremath{\,\bigtriangleup z/s}$ - Continued

(g) $\Delta z/s = \pm 4.00$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0.	+2.	+4.	+6.	+8.	+10.	+12.	+14.	+16.	+18.	+20.
$\begin{array}{r} + & 00 \\ + & 20 \\ + & 40 \\ + & 60 \\ + & 80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 20.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .11765 \\ + & .12939 \\ + & .14096 \\ + & .15219 \\ + & .16295 \\ + & .17311 \\ + & .19128 \\ + & .23393 \\ + & .24309 \\ + & .24307 \\ + & .24073 \\ + & .24073 \\ + & .24073 \\ + & .23955 \\ + & .23856 \\ + & .23758 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .06118 \\ + & .06758 \\ + & .07389 \\ + & .08005 \\ + & .08597 \\ + & .09159 \\ + & .10176 \\ + & .11396 \\ + & .12651 \\ + & .13139 \\ + & .13335 \\ + & .13134 \\ + & .12771 \\ + & .12572 \\ + & .12572 \\ + & .12509 \\ + & .12462 $.00195 - .00322 - .00447 - .00570 - .00688 - .00801 - .01257 - .01582 - .01582 - .01547 - .01240 - .01240 - .00904 - .00797 - .00717 - .00658 - .00613 -	.01426 - .01430 - .01440 - .01446 - .01446 - .01455 - .01455 - .01557 - .01557 - .01557 - .01577 - .0272 - .0272 - .02239 - .02539 - .02594 - .02636 -	.01491 - .01513 - .01534 - .01556 - .01578 - .01600 - .01643 - .01709 - .01818 - .01925 - .02028 - .02125 - .02297 - .02541 - .02624 - .02687 - .02736 - .02775 -	.01249 .01268 .01287 .01305 .01343 .01343 .01380 .01435 .01525 .01611 .01692 .01769 .01903 .02100 .02169 .02224 .02267 .02302	$\begin{array}{c} - & 01002 \\ - & 01016 \\ - & 01030 \\ - & 01044 \\ - & 01058 \\ - & 01071 \\ - & 01099 \\ - & 01140 \\ - & 01206 \\ - & 01206 \\ - & 01331 \\ - & 01331 \\ - & 01388 \\ - & 01491 \\ - & 01647 \\ - & 01705 \\ - & 01751 \\ - & 01751 \\ - & 01789 \\ - & 01819 \\ - & 01819 \\ - \end{array}$.00803 - .00813 - .00823 - .00833 - .00853 - .00853 - .00952 - .00903 - .00952 - .00952 - .01044 - .01086 - .01164 - .01373 - .01373 - .01406 - .01433 -	.00650 - .00655 - .00672 - .00680 - .00680 - .00724 - .00725 - .00828 - .00919 - .01055 - .01088 - .01116 - .01139 -	.00534 .00539 .00545 .00556 .00556 .00561 .00572 .00589 .00616 .00642 .00692 .00738 .00815 .00847 .00874 .00897 .00917	00445 00457 00457 00461 00466 00507 00527 00527 00554 00556 00653 00639 00639 00712 00750
$\begin{array}{c} - & 00 \\ - & 20 \\ - & 40 \\ - & 60 \\ - & 80 \\ - & 1.00 \\ - & 1.40 \\ - & 2.00 \\ - & 3.00 \\ - & 4.00 \\ - & 5.00 \\ - & 4.00 \\ - & 5.00 \\ - & 4.00 \\ - & 5.00 \\ - & 14.00 \\ - & 12.00 \\ - & 14.00 \\ - & 18.00 \\ - & 20.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .11765 \\ + & .10591 \\ + & .09434 \\ + & .08310 \\ + & .07234 \\ + & .06219 \\ + & .04402 \\ + & .0226 \\ + & .00136 \\ - & .00779 \\ - & .01075 \\ - & .01075 \\ - & .01075 \\ - & .00179 \\ - & .00915 \\ - & .00544 \\ - & .00426 \\ - & .00340 \\ - & .00276 \\ - & .00229 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .06118 & + \\ + & .05478 & + \\ + & .04846 & - \\ + & .04230 & - \\ + & .03639 & - \\ + & .03076 & - \\ + & .00840 & - \\ - & .00416 & - \\ - & .00963 & - \\ - & .00416 & - \\ - & .00963 & - \\ - & .01122 & - \\ - & .01120 & - \\ - & .00421 & - \\ - & .00337 & - \\ - & .00274 & - \\ - & .00227 & - \\ \end{array}$	00195 - .00068 - .00077 - .00179 - .00298 - .00411 - .00867 - .01116 - .01191 - .01191 - .01157 - .01067 - .00849 - .00513 - .00406 - .00426 - .00223 -	.01426 - .01421 - .01417 - .01412 - .01406 - .01385 - .01287 - .01195 - .01287 - .01195 - .01089 - .00979 - .00979 - .00774 - .00480 - .00385 - .00313 - .00258 - .00216 -	.01491 - .01469 - .01447 - .01426 - .01404 - .01382 - .01382 - .01383 - .01273 - .01164 - .01057 - .00954 - .00856 - .00440 - .00358 - .00295 - .00295 - .00245 - .00207 -	.01249 01230 01212 01193 01174 01156 01119 01063 00974 00806 00730 00596 00329 00274 00231 .00196	01002 - 00988 - 00974 - 00947 - 00947 - 00955 - 00798 - .00798 - .00616 - 00514 - .00514 - .00357 - .00357 - .00357 - .00357 - .00253 - .00216 - .00185 -	.00 803 - .00783 - .00783 - .00753 - .00753 - .00753 - .00703 - .00654 - .00552 - .00552 - .00520 - .00442 - .00319 - .00272 - .00232 - .00232 - .00200 - .00173 -	.00650 - .00643 - .00636 - .00621 - .00613 - .00599 - .00577 - .00541 - .00541 - .00473 - .00473 - .00484 - .00245 - .00213 - .00215 - .00162 -	.00534 .00523 .00523 .00517 .00512 .00507 .00496 .00452 .00452 .00426 .00452 .00426 .00401 .00330 .00253 .00253 .00221 .00194 .00171 .00150	00 445 .00 440 .00 436 .00 432 .00 428 .00 424 .00 403 .00 382 .00 362 .00 362 .00 363 .00 324 .00 288 .00 290 .00 177 .00 157 .00 140

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TABLE III. - DOWNWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F}_W}$ for various values of $\ensuremath{\Delta\mathrm{z}/\mathrm{s}}$ - Continued

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(h) $\Delta z/s = \pm 6.00$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0.	+2.	+4.	+6.	+8.	+10.	+12.	+14.	+16.	+18.	+20.
$\begin{array}{c} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 2.00 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .05405 \\ + & .05765 \\ + & .06123 \\ + & .06476 \\ + & .06822 \\ + & .07159 \\ + & .07800 \\ + & .08656 \\ + & .09762 \\ + & .10489 \\ + & .10920 \\ + & .11152 \\ + & .11152 \\ + & .11218 \\ + & .11218 \\ + & .11098 \\ + & .11053 \\ + & .11016 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{c} \bullet 0.01530 + \\ \bullet 0.01648 + \\ \bullet 0.01648 + \\ \bullet 0.01882 + \\ \bullet 0.01997 + \\ \bullet 0.02324 + \\ \bullet 0.02324 + \\ \bullet 0.02617 + \\ \bullet 0.02617 + \\ \bullet 0.03281 + \\ \bullet 0.03454 + \\ \bullet 0.03454 + \\ \bullet 0.03454 + \\ \bullet 0.03592 + \\ \bullet 0.03392 + \\ \bullet 0.03296 + \\ \bullet 0.03261 + \\ \end{array}$.00039 .00073 .00108 .00108 .00107 .00209 .00273 .00350 .00355 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00557 .00555 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00355 .00557 .005555 .005555 .005555 .005555 .0055555 .0055555555	.00543 .00539 .00531 .00521 .00524 .00509 .00509 .00508 .00508 .00508 .00524	.00686 .00691 .00696 .00701 .00706 .00711 .00736 .00764 .00793 .00824 .00856 .00922 .01041 .01089 .01130 .01164 .01192	00665 00671 00675 00685 00691 00691 00695 00711 00730 00763 00763 00763 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00828 00756 00828 00756 00828 00756 00828 00756 00828 00756 00828 00756 00828 00756 00855 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00691 00756 	00594 00600 00612 00612 00618 00624 00654 00654 00713 00742 00742 00970 00947 00975 01005 01028	00516 .00521 .00522 .00532 .00532 .00542 .00552 .00567 .00567 .00663 .00663 .00663 .00706 .00781 .00812 .00839 .00882 .00882	00445 00457 00457 00457 00461 00461 00464 00506 00525 00545 00564 00564 00564 00564 00564 00564 00564 00564 00564 00688 00688 00711 00731 00749	00383 .00387 .00390 .00397 .00407 .00407 .00416 .00433 .00449 .00464 .00480 .00480 .00509 .00509 .00502 .00602 .00635
00 20 40 60 80 - 1.40 - 2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00 - 5.00 - 5.00 - 6.00 - 6.00 - 14.00 - 15.00 - 14.00 - 1	$\begin{array}{c} + & .05405 \\ + & .05045 \\ + & .04688 \\ + & .04335 \\ + & .03989 \\ + & .03652 \\ + & .03011 \\ + & .02155 \\ + & .01049 \\ - & .00342 \\ - & .00109 \\ - & .00407 \\ - & .00343 \\ - & .00242 \\ - & .0024 \\ - $	$\begin{array}{c} + & 0.3964 \\ + & 0.3697 \\ + & 0.3432 \\ + & 0.2913 \\ + & 0.2662 \\ + & 0.2184 \\ + & 0.1541 \\ + & 0.0699 \\ - & 0.0202 \\ - & 0.0202 \\ - & 0.0385 \\ - & 0.0404 \\ - & 0.0340 \\ - & 0.0340 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0404 \\ - & 0.0340 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0285 \\ - & 0.0204 $	01530 + 01412 + 01294 - 01063 - 00951 - 00736 - 00443 - 00220 - .00386 - .00386 - .00394 - .00394 - .00394 - .00392 - .00394 - .00392 - .00279 -	.00039 - .00004 - .00031 - .00099 - .00132 - .00196 - .00283 - .00400 - .00400 - .00532 - .00532 - .00534 - .00532 - .00534 - .00534 - .00319 - .00	.00543 .00547 .00551 .00555 .00559 .00562 .00569 .00577 .00583 .00578 .00565 .00543 .00543 .00543 .00543 .00543 .00545 .00543 .00557 .005557 .000543 .000565 .000257	.00686 .00681 .00676 .00671 .00666 .00651 .00635 .00508 .00579 .00548 .00579 .00548 .00516 .00450 .00331 .00283 .00242 .00208 .00179	00665 00652 00645 00632 00632 00599 00567 00567 00567 00502 00470 00409 00262 00226 00170	00594 00582 00576 00576 00552 00552 00534 00552 004175 00417 00419 00218 00210 00183 00161	00516 00501 00506 00496 00491 00481 00481 00481 00481 00481 00491 00393 00393 00370 00327 00252 00252 00252 00154 00151	00445 00433 00433 00424 00424 00424 00424 00345 00345 00345 00290 00298 00292 00179 00159 001541	00383 00377 00373 00370 00360 00350 00350 00318 00318 00287 00287 00288 00286 00286 00184 00165 00147 00132

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TABLE III.- DOWNWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F}_W}$ for VARIOUS VALUES OF $\ensuremath{\,\Delta\!\mathrm{z}/\mathrm{s}}$ - Concluded

(i) $\Delta z/s = \pm 8.00$

Ay/s	+0.	+2.	+4.	+6.	+8.	+10.	+12.	+14.	+16.	+18.	+20.
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 14$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .03077 \\ + & .03231 \\ + & .03536 \\ + & .03536 \\ + & .03686 \\ + & .04122 \\ + & .04122 \\ + & .04526 \\ + & .05556 \\ + & .05883 \\ + & .06408 \\ + & .06429 \\ + & .06429 \\ + & .06429 \\ + & .06383 \\ + & .06355 \\ + & .06330 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .02571 + \\ + & .02700 + \\ + & .02829 + \\ + & .02956 + \\ + & .03082 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .03449 + \\ + & .04280 + \\ + & .04280 + \\ + & .04946 + \\ + & .05141 + \\ + & .05348 + \\ + & .05397 + \\ + & .05370 + \\ + & .05370 + \\ + & .05318 + \\ \end{array}$	01508 + 01587 + 01587 + 01587 + 01666 + 01744 + 01821 + 02056 + 02256 + 02256 + 02256 + 02256 + 02256 + 02292 + 03121 + 03258 + 03269 + 0326	.00577 .00614 .00652 .00689 .00726 .00935 .01086 .01207 .01207 .01299 .01364 .01430 .01426 .01426 .01401 .01373 .01347 .01323	$\begin{array}{c} + & 00012 \\ + & 00027 \\ + & 000041 \\ + & 00055 \\ + & 00069 \\ + & 000110 \\ + & 00149 \\ + & 00252 \\ + & 00225 \\ + & 000252 \\ + & 000025 \\ + & 000025 \\ + & 000025 \\ + & 00000 \\ + & 00$.00261 .00257 .00254 .00251 .00247 .00228 .00203 .00303 .0	$\begin{array}{c} - & 00367 \\ - & 00367 \\ - & 00368 \\ - & 00369 \\ - & 00370 \\ - & 00371 \\ - & 00373 \\ - & 00373 \\ - & 00376 \\ - & 00383 \\ - & 00390 \\ - & 00390 \\ - & 00390 \\ - & 00499 \\ - & 00499 \\ - & 00488 \\ - & 00515 \\ - & 00539 \\ - & 00581 \\$.00389 - .00392 - .00394 - .00396 - .00401 - .00401 - .00404 - .00414 - .00426 - .00439 - .00453 - .00466 - .00494 - .00548 - .00578 - .00596 - .00616 - .00634 -	.00374 .00377 = .00380 = .00383 = .00384 = .00384 = .00394 = .00402 = .00402 = .00404 = .00438 = .00438 = .00458 = .00557 = .00578 = .00596 = .00612 =	.00345 .00348 .00351 .00353 .00356 .00358 .00364 .00372 .00385 .00398 .00440 .00423 .00448 .00448 .00448 .00543 .00551 .00551 .00561 .00561	.00312 .00315 .00317 .00319 .00322 .00324 .00329 .00336 .00347 .00359 .00370 .00359 .00370 .00381 .00403 .00402 .00460 .00475 .00490 .00503
00 20 40 60 80 - 1.00 - 1.40 - 2.00 	$\begin{array}{c} + & .03077 \\ + & .02923 \\ + & .02770 \\ + & .02618 \\ + & .02468 \\ + & .02319 \\ + & .02032 \\ + & .01628 \\ + & .01048 \\ + & .00598 \\ + & .00271 \\ + & .00046 \\ - & .00191 \\ - & .00275 \\ - & .00275 \\ - & .00275 \\ - & .00229 \\ - & .00229 \\ - & .00202 \\ - & .000177 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & 02571 \\ + & 02442 \\ + & 02314 \\ + & 02186 \\ + & 01936 \\ + & 01936 \\ + & 01694 \\ + & 01353 \\ + & 00852 \\ + & 00478 \\ + & 00196 \\ + & 00001 \\ - & 00206 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00228 \\ - & 00225 \\ - & 00228 \\ - & 00228 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00228 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00228 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 00275 \\ - & 000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 0000176 \\ - & 00000176 \\ - & 00000176 \\ - & 00000000 \\ - & 00000000 \\ - & 000000000 \\ - & 0000000000$.01508 + .01430 + .01351 + .01273 + .01196 + .01120 + .00971 + .000453 + .00025 + .00025 + .00225 + .00225 + .00252 + .00252 + .00252 + .00252 + .00198 +	.00577 .00539 .00502 .00464 .00427 .00391 .00320 .00218 .00068 .00054 .00146 .00211 .00277 .00273 .00247 .00220 .00193 .00170	+ .00012000120001200016000160001600016000160001600026000267000267000267000267000267000267000267000267000267000167000167000165000	.00261 .00264 .00268 .00271 .00275 .00285 .00294 .00306 .00315 .00319 .00319 .00319 .00319 .00319 .00319 .00258 .00230 .00204 .00159	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.00389 - 00387 - 00384 - 00382 - 00379 - 00377 - 00372 - 00364 - 00352 - 00364 - 00352 - 00312 - 00284 - 00284 - 00285	.00374 - 00372 - 00369 - 00365 - 00355 - 00355 - 00347 - 00333 - 00319 - 00291 - 00264 - 00214 - 00192 - 00171 - 00177 -	.00345 - 00343 - 00337 - 00335 - 00327 - 00319 - 00280 - 00280 - 00280 - 00283 - 00283 - 00283 - 00283 - 00284 - 00284 - 00198 - 00178 - 00160 - 00144 - 00129 -	.00312 00310 00307 00305 00303 00206 00289 002289 00224 00224 00224 00224 00224 00182 00182 00165 00149 00134

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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR F_V FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$

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(a)
$$\Delta z/s = 0.50$$

Ay/s Ax/s		+0		+2		+4		+6		+8		+10		+12		+14		+16		+18		+20
00	-	.00000	-	.34595	-	.03425	-	.00965	-	.00400	-	.00203	-	.00117	-	.00073	-	.00049	-	.00034	-	.00025
+ .20	-	.00000	-	.41284	-	.03701	-	.01015	-	.00415	-	.00209	-	.00120	-	.00075	-	.00050	-	.00035	-	.00025
+ .40	-	.00000	-	. 47364	-	.03973	-	.01064	-	.00430	-	.00215	- 1	.00123	-	.00077	-	.00051	-	.00036	-	.00026
+ .60	-	.00000	-	.52463	-	.04237	-	.01113	-	.00445	-	.00221	-	.00126	-	.00078	-	.00052	-	.00036	-	.00026
+ .80	-	.00000	-	.56496	-	.04489	-	.01161	-	.00460	-	.00228	-	.00129	-	.00080	-	.00053	-	.00037	-	.00027
+ 1.00	-	.00000	-	.59573	-	.04727	-	.01208	-	.00475	-	.00234	-	.00132	-	.00081	-	.00054	-	.00037	-	.00027
+ 1.40	-	.00000	-	.63591	-	.05154	-	.01298	-	.00504	-	.00245	-	.00137	-	.00084	-	.00056	-	.00038	-	.00028
+ 2.00	-	.00000	-	.66540	-	.05663	-	.01419	-	.00545	-	.00263	-	.00146	-	.00089	-	.00058	-	.00040	-	.00029
+ 3.00	-	.00000	-	.68280	-	.06206	-	.01581	-	.00605	-	.00289	-	.00159	-	.00096	-	.00063	-	.00043	-	.00031
+ 4.00	-	.00000	-	.68815	-	.06495	-	.01696	-	.00653	-	.00312	-	.00171	-	.00103	-	.00067	-	.00046	-	.00032
+ 5.00	-	.00000	-	.69012	-	.06647	-	.01773	-	.00690	-	.00331	-	.00181	-	.00109	-	.00071	-	.00048	-	.00034
+ 6.00	-	.00000	-	.69096	-	.06728	-	.01823	-	.00719	-	.00347	-	.00191	-	.00115	-	.00074	-	.00050	-	.00036
+ 8.00	-	.00000	-	.69157	-	.06801	-	.01879	-	.00755	-	.00369	-	.00205	-	.00124	-	.00080	-	.00054	-	.00038
+12.00	-	.00000	-	.69182	-	.06838	-	.01915	-	.00784	-	.00391	-	.00220	-	.00135	-	.00088	-	.00060	-	.00043
+14.00	-	.00000	-	.69185	-	.06844	-	.01921	-	.00790	-	.00396	-	.00225	-	.00138	-	.00091	-	.00062	-	.00044
+16.00	-	.00000	-	.69187	-	.06846	-	.01924	-	.00793	-	.00399	-	.00227	-	.00141	-	.00093	-	.00064	-	.00046
+18.00	-	.00000	-	.69188	-	.06848	-	.01926	-	.00795	-	.00401	-	.00229	-	.00142	-	.00094	-	.00065	-	.00047
+20.00	-	.00000	-	.69188	-	.06849	-	.01928	-	.00797	-	.00403	-	.00231	-	.00144	-	.00095	-	.00066	-	.00047

			_		-		-						-									
00	-	.00000	-	.34595	-	.03425	-	.00965	-	.00400	-	.00203	-	.00117	-	.00073		.00049	-	.00034	-	.00025
20	-	.00000	-	.27906	-	.03149	-	.00915	-	.00385	-	.00197		.00114	-	.00072	-	.00048	-	.00034	-	.00025
40	-	.00000	-	.21825	-	.02877	-	.00866	-	.00369	-	.00191	-	.00111	-	.00070	-	.00047	-	.00033	-	.00024
- 60	_	00000	-	16726	-	02614	-	.00817	-	.00354	-	.00185	-	.00108	-	.00069	-	.00046	-	.00033	-	.00024
- 20	_	.000000	_	10603	-	02361	-	00769	-	.00339	-	.00178	-	.00105	-	.00067	-	.00045	-	.00032	-	.00024
00	-	.00000	-	00616	-	.02501		00700	_	00324	-	00172	-	.00102	-	.00066	-	.00045	-	.00032	-	.00023
- 1.00	-	.00000	-	.09010	-	.02125	-	.00122	-	.00024		00161	-	.00097	-	.00062	-	.00043	-	.00030	-	.00022
- 1.40	-	.00000	-	.05599	-	.01090	-	.00032	-	.00290	-	.00101	1	00000	_	00058	_	000/10	_	00029	_	.00021
- 2.00	-	.00000	-	.02650	-	.01188	-	.00511	-	.00255	-	.00145	-	.00088		.00058	-	.00040		00025	_	00021
- 3.00	-	.00000	-	.00909	-	.00644	-	.00349	-	.00195	-	.00117	-	.00075	-	.00051	-	.00036	-	.00020	-	.00020
- 4.00	-	.00000	-	.00374	-	.00356	-	.00234	-	.00147	-	.00094	-	.00063	-	.00044	-	.00032	-	.00025	-	.00018
- 5.00	-	.00000	-	.00177	-	.00204	-	.00157	-	.00109	-	.00075	-	.00052	-	.00038	-	.00028	-	.00021	-	.00016
- 6.00	-	.00000	-	.00093	-	.00122	-	.00107	-	.00081	-	.00059	-	.00043	-	.00032	-	.00024	-	.00019	-	.00015
- 8.00	-	.00000	-	.00032	-	.00049	-	.00051	-	.00045	-	.00037	-	.00029	-	.00023	-	.00018	-	.00015	-	.00012
-12.00	-	00000	-	.00007	-	.00012	-	00015	-	.00016	-	.00015	-	.00013	-	.00012	-	.00010	-	.00009	-	.00007
-12.00	_	.00000	-	.00007		.00012		.00009	_	00010	-	00010	-	.00009	-	.00008	-	.00008	-	.00007	-	.00006
-14.00	-	.00000	-	.00004	-	.00007	-	.00005	-	.00010	-	.00010	-	00006	-	00006	-	.00006	-	.00005	-	.00005
-16.00	-	.00000	-	.00002	-	.00004	-	.00005	-	.00006	-	.00007		.000005	-	.00000		00000	_	00000	-	00004
-18.00	-	.00000	-	.00001	-	.00003	-	.00004	-	.00004	-	.00005	Γ.	.00000	-	.00000	-	.00004	-	.00004		.00004
-20.00	-	.00000	-	.00001	-	.00002	-	.00002	1-	.00003	1-	.00003	-	.00003	-	.00003	-	.00005	-	.00003	-	.00005
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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR F_V FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

(b) $\Delta z / s = 1.00$

Dx/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+1/4	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{c c} \Delta x/s \\ \hline \\ - & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.$	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	40000 46370 52353 57664 62166 65852 71128 75480 78344 79296 79661 79937 79986 79993 79996	06154 06634 07108 07568 08010 08429 09184 10095 11086 11625 11913 12070 12210 12284 12284 12294 12300	.01846 .01940 .02034 .02127 .02217 .02306 .02706 .02706 .03015 .03235 .03384 .03483 .03591 .03663 .03675 .03681	00780 00810 00840 00869 00987 00983 00983 01062 01178 01272 01346 01401 01472 01542 01542 01548	 → .00400 → .00412 → .00424 → .00436 → .00463 → .00463 → .00517 → .00551 → .00651 → .00750 → .00750 → .00780 → .00780 → .00780 → .00780 	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	00146 00149 00152 00155 00158 00161 00168 00177 00191 00205 00217 002246 00246 00248 00275 00	00098 00101 00103 00103 00107 00107 00110 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00124 00125 0015 0015 0015 0015 0015 0015 0015 0015 0	00069 00070 00071 00072 00074 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00126 00122 00122 00122 00125 001	00050 00051 00052 00052 00053 00054 00055 00057 00061 00065 00068 00071 00085 00085 00085 00085 00085 00081 00085 00081 00085 000
+18.00	00000	79997	12302 -	.03685	01555	00793	300456	00285	00189	00131	00094

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00		00000	_	40000		. 06154	-	.01846	-	.00780	-	.00400	-	.00231	-	.00146	-	.00098	-	.00069	-	.00050
00	-	.00000	-	33630		05673	-	01752	-	.00751	-	.00388	-	.00226	-	.00143	-	.00096	-	.00067	-	.00049
20	-	.00000	-	.33030	-	.05075	1	01659	-	00721	-	.00376	-	.00220	-	.00139	-	.00094	-	.00066	-	.00048
40	-	.00000	-	.21041	-	.05200	-	.01000	-	00602	_	0036/	-	00214	-	00136	-	.00092	-	.00065	-	.00048
60	-	.00000	-	.22336	-	.04/39	-	.01200	-	.00092	-	.00304	-	00009		00133	-	00090	-	.00064	-	.00047
80	-	.00000	-	.17834	-	.04297	-	.014/5	-	.00003	-	.00352		.00208		.00135	-	000090	-	00063	-	.00046
- 1.00	-	.00000	-	.14148	-	.03879	-	.01386	-	.00634	-	.00340	-	.00205	-	.00150	-	.00086		00061	-	00045
- 1.40	-	.00000	-	.08872	-	.03124	-	.01216	-	.00578	-	.00317	-	.00191	-	.00124	-	.00085	-	.00001	_	00043
- 2.00	-	.00000	-	.04520	-	.02213	-	.00986	-	.00499	-	.00283	-	.00175	-	.00115	-	.00080	-	.00057		00039
- 3.00	-	.00000	-	.01656	-	.01222	-	.00677	-	.00383	-	.00231	-	.00148	-	.00100	-	00071	-	.00052	Ξ.	.00035
- / 00	-	.00000	-	.00704	-	.00683	-	.00457	-	.00289	-	.00136	-	.00125	-	.00087	-	.00063	-	.00047	-	.00035
- 5 00	1_		1_	.00339	-	.00395	1-	.00308	- 1	.00215	-	.00148	-	.00104	-	.00075	-	.00055	-	.00042	-	.00032
- 5.00	-	.00000		00190	-	00233	-	.00209	-	.00160	-	.00113	-	.00086	-	.00064	-	.00048	-	.00037	-	.00029
- 0.00	-	.00000	-	.00180	-	00007	-	001.01	-	.00089	-	.00073	-	.00058	-	.00046	-	.00036	-	.00029	-	.00023
- 8.00	-	.00000	-	.00065	-	.00031		.00101	-	00031	-	.00029	-	.00027	-	.00023	-	.00020	-	.00017	-	.00015
-12.00	-	.00000	-	.00014	-	.00024	-	.00023		00019	_	00019		00018	-	.00017	-	.00015	-	.00013	-	.00012
-14.00	-	.00000	-	.00007	-	.00014	1-	.00017	-	.00013	1-	.00013	-	.00013		00012	-	00011	-	.00010	-	.00009
-16.00	-	.00000	-	.00004	-	.00008	-	.00011	-	.00012	-	.00015	-	.00015	1	.00012		00000	-	00008	-	.00007
-18.00	-	.00000	-	.00003	-	.00005	-	.00007	-	.00008	-	.00009	-	.00009	-	.00009	-	.00005		00006	-	.00006
-20.00	-	.00000	-	.00002	-	.00003	-	.00005	-	.00006	-	.00006	-	.00007	-	.00007	-	.00006	-	.00000		

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TABLE IV.- SIDEWASH FACTOR $\mbox{ F}_V$ FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\mbox{ } \Delta \mbox{ } / \mbox{ s}$ - Continued

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(c)
$$\Delta z/s = 1.50$$

Ay/s Ax/s		+0		+2		+4		+6		+8		+10		+12		+14		+16		+18		+20
00	-	.00000	-	.32821	-	.07829	-	.02578	-	.01125	-	.00585	-	.00341	-	.00216	-	.00145	-	.00102	-	.00075
+ .20	-	.00000	-	.37116	-	.08412	-	.02707	-	.01167		.00602	-	.00350	-	.00220	-	.00148	-	.00104	-	.00076
+ .40	-	.00000	-	.41239	-	.08987	-	.02835	-	.01209	-	.00620	-	.00358	-	.00225	-	.00150	-	.00105	-	.00077
+ .60	-	.00000	-	.45048	-	.09548	-	.02962	-	.01251	-	.00637	-	.00367	-	.00230	-	.00153	-	.00107	-	.00078
+ .80	-	.00000	-	.48448	-	.10088	-	.03087	-	.01293	-	.00655	-	.00375	-	.00234	-	.00156	-	.00109	-	.00079
+ 1.00	-	.00000	-	.51399	-	.10603	-	.03209	-	.01334	-	.00672	-	.00384	-	.00239	-	.00159	-	.00111	-	.00080
+ 1.40	-	.00000	-	.55993	-	.11539	-	.03442	-	.01413	-	.00706	-	.00400	-	.00248	-	.00164	-	.00114	-	.00082
+ 2.00	-	.00000	-	.60274	-	.12688	-	.03760	-	.01527	-	.00755	-	.00425	-	.00261	-	.00172	-	.00119	-	.00086
+ 3.00	-	.00000	-	.63492	-	.13975	-	.04189	-	.01693	-	.00830	-	.00463	-	.00283	-	.00185	-	.00127	-	.00091
+ 4.00	-	.00000	-	.64681	- 1	.14698	-	.04498	-	.01829	-	.00896	-	.00498	-	.00303	-	.00197	-	.00135	-	.00096
+ 5.00	-	.00000	-	.65166	-	.15094	-	.04709	-	.01935	-	.00951	-	.00528	-	.00321	-	.00208	-	.00142	-	.00101
+ 6.00	-	.00000	-	.65384	-	.15314	-	.04851	-	.02015	-	.00996	-	.00555	-	.00337	-	.00218	-	.00149	-	.00106
+ 8.00	-	.00000	-	.65549	-	.15515	-	.05007	-	.02118	-	.01061	-	.00596	-	.00363	-	.00236	-	.00161	-	.00114
+12.00	-	.00000	-	.65621	-	.15622	-	.05112	-	.02204	-	.01126	-	.00642	-	.00397	-	.00260	-	.00178	-	.00127
+14.00	-	.00000	-	.65630	-	.15637	-	.05130	-	.02221	-	.01141	-	.00655	-	.00407	-	.00268	-	.00184	-	.00132
+16.00	-	.00000	-	.65634	-	.15645	-	.05139	-	.02231	-	.01150	-	.00663	-	.00413	-	.00273	-	.00189	-	.00135
+18.00	-	.00000	-	.65637	-	.15650	-	.05145	-	.02238	-	.01156	-	.00669	-	.00418	-	.00277	-	.00192	-	.00138
+20.00	-	.00000	-	.65638	-	.15652	-	.05148	-	.02241	-	.01160	-	.00672	-	.00422	-	.00280	-	.00195	-	.00140
			1						1				1		1							

			1		1		1				1											
00	-	.00000	-	.32821	-	.07829	-	.02578	-	.01125	-	.00585	-	.00341	-	.00216	-	.00145	-	.00102	-	.00075
20	-	.00000	-	.28525	-	.07246	-	.02449	-	.01083	-	.00567	-	.00333	-	.00211	-	.00142	-	.00100	-	.00073
40	-	.00000	-	.24402	-	.06670	-	.02320	-	.01041	-	.00550	-	.00324	-	.00207	-	.00140	-	.00099	-	.00072
60	-	.00000	-	.20593	-	.06109	-	.02194	-	.00999	-	.00532	-	.00316	-	.00202	-	.00137	-	.00097	-	.00071
80	-	.00000	-	.17193	-	.05569	-	.02069	-	.00957	-	.00515	-	.00307	-	.00197	-	.00134	-	.00095	-	.00070
- 1.00	-	.00000	-	.14242	-	.05055	-	.01947	-	.00916	-	.00498	-	.00299	-	.00193	-	.00131	-	.0009.4	-	.00069
- 1.40	-	.00000	-	.09648	-	.04119	-	.01714	-	.00837	-	.00464	-	.00282	-	.00184	-	.00126	-	.00090	-	.00067
- 2.00	-	.00000	-	.05367	-	.02969	-	.01396	-	.00723	-	.00415	-	.00258	-	.00170	-	.00118	-	.00085	-	.00063
- 3.00	-	.00000	-	.02149	-	.01683	-	.00966	-	.00557	-	.00339	-	.00219	-	.00149	-	.00105	-	.00077	-	.00058
- 4.00	-	.00000	-	.00960	-	.00960	-	.00657	-	.00421	-	.00274	-	.00185	-	.00129	-	.00093	-	.00069	-	.00053
- 5.00	-	.00000	-	.00475	-	.00564	-	.00446	-	.00315	-	.00219	-	.00154	-	.00111	-	.00082	-	.00062	-	.00048
- 6.00	-	.00000	-	.00257		.00343	-	.00305	-	.00235	-	.00173	-	.00128	-	.00095	-	.00072	-	.00055	-	.00043
- 8.00	-	.00000	-	.00092	-	.00142	1-	.00149	-	.00132	-	.00108	-	.00086	-	.00068	-	.00054	-	.00043	-	.00035
-12.00	-	.00000	-	.00020	-	.00035		.00044	-	.00046	-	.00044	-	.00040	-	.00035	-	.00030	-	.00026	-	.00022
-14.00	-	.00000	-	.00011	-	.00020	-	.00026	-	.00029	-	.00029	-	.00027	-	.00025	-	.00023	-	.00020	-	.00017
-16.00	-	.00000	-	.00007	-	.00012	-	.00016	-	.00019	-	.00019	-	.00019	-	.00018	-	.00017	-	.00015	-	.00014
-18.00	-	.00000	-	.00004	-	.00008	-	.00011	-	.00013	-	.00014	-	.00014	-	.00013	-	.00013	-	.00012	-	.00011
-20.00	-	.00000	-	.00003	-	.00005	-	.00007	-	.00009	-	.00010	-	.00010	-	.00010	-	.00010	-	.00009	-	.00009

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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR $\mbox{ F}_{\rm V}$ for VARIOUS VALUES OF $\mbox{ } \Delta z/{\rm s}$ - Continued

(d) $\Delta z/s = 2.00$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14.	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 $	00000 000000 000000 000000 0000000 0000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 00000000 000000000000000000000000000000000000	$\begin{array}{c} - & .24615 \\ - & .27327 \\ - & .29963 \\ 32456 \\ - & .34757 \\ - & .36834 \\ - & .40273 \\ - & .43819 \\ - & .46847 \\ - & .48103 \\ - & .48647 \\ - & .48910 \\ - & .48910 \\ - & .49215 \\ - & .49225 \\ - & .49225 \\ - & .49225 \\ - & .49227 \\ - & .49227 \\ \end{array}$	08488 09084 09674 10250 10807 11341 12321 13550 14972 15803 16793 16940 16950 16966 16969	03123 03275 03427 03577 03577 03869 04146 04524 05042 05418 05679 05855 06053 06189 06212 06224 06232 06236	01421 01473 01526 01578 01629 01680 01780 01921 02130 02301 02435 02537 02670 02817 02825 02830 02830	00753 00755 00798 00820 00842 00864 00907 00970 01066 01150 01221 01280 01364 01468 01488 01488 01489 01493	00444 00455 00466 00477 00488 00499 00552 00602 00602 00602 00602 00602 00625 00855 00852 00870 00875	00283 .00289 00295 00301 00313 00325 00342 00396 00396 00419 00419 00519 00519 00548 00552	00191 00194 00198 00205 00209 00216 00243 00243 00259 00273 00287 00310 00342 00359 00355 00365 00365	00135 00137 00139 00144 00146 00146 00150 00157 00178 00198 00198 00212 00212 00243 00243 00254 00257	00099 00100 00101 00103 00104 00106 00109 00120 00127 00134 00140 00151 00151 00179 00183 00183 00186
							1.27				
00 20 40 60 80 - 1.00 - 1.40 - 2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00 - 5.00 - 6.00 - 8.00 - 12.00 - 14.00 - 16.00 - 18.00 - 20.00	00000 000000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00	24615 21904 19268 16774 12397 08957 05411 02384 01128 00321 00118 00015 00009 00009	08488 07892 07303 06726 06169 05635 04655 04655 03427 02004 01173 00702 00434 00183 00046 00016 00010	03123 02971 02819 02669 02522 02177 02100 01722 01204 00828 00567 00390 00193 00021 00014 00014	01421 01368 01316 01263 01212 01161 00920 00711 00540 00304 00304 00172 00038 00025 00017 000	00753 00731 00708 00686 00642 00598 00598 00598 00440 00355 00440 00355 00284 00038 	00444 00433 00422 00411 00400 00389 0036 00286 00246 002402 00124 00052 00036 00025 00018	00283 00271 00265 00259 00259 00253 00241 00195 00195 00170 00146 00125 00090 00046 00024 000	00191 00137 00184 00180 00177 00166 00156 00156 00139 00123 00195 00095 00095 00040 00040 00022 00022 00017	00135 00132 00132 00128 00128 00123 00125 00125 00122 00122 00122 00092 00092 00073 00073 00026 00020 00020 00020 00026 00020 00026 000	00099 00097 00094 00093 00091 00084 00077 00077 00077 00057 00046 00029 00023 00018 00014

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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{Fv}}$ FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\ensuremath{\,\Delta\mathrm{z}/\mathrm{s}}$ - Continued

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(e)
$$\Delta z/s = 2.50$$

		-																			
	+0		+2		+4		+6		+8		+10		+12		+14		+16		+18		+20
	COCOC C		.18089 .19805 .21486 .23100 .26028 .28464 .31178 .33765 .34965 .35530 .35530 .35530 .36039 .36147 .36161 .36168 .36172		.08393 .08946 .09493 .10029 .10550 .11051 .11982 .13171 .14598 .15468 .15980 .16280 .16568 .16754 .16764 .16774		.03475 .03639 .03803 .03965 .04124 .04281 .04581 .04594 .05565 .05565 .05565 .06283 .06486 .06718 .06880 .06908 .06908		.01660 .01720 .01780 .01840 .01958 .02072 .02235 .02477 .02676 .02833 .02953 .03111 .03245 .03273 .03273 .03289 .03289		.00901 .00927 .00954 .00980 .01006 .01032 .01083 .01158 .01272 .01457 .01457 .01527 .01457 .01527 .01528 .01730 .01754 .01770		.00538 .00551 .00565 .00578 .00591 .00630 .00630 .00630 .00782 .00782 .00830 .00872 .00830 .00872 .00837 .00937 .01011 .01031 .01045		.00345 00353 00360 00367 00375 00382 00396 .00418 .00451 00483 00512 .00538 .00512 .00538 .00580 .00650 .00650		.00234 .00239 .00247 .00252 .00255 .00265 .00265 .00277 .00315 .00335 .00352 .00380 .00419 .00432 .00441		.00166 .00169 .00172 .00174 .00177 .00180 .00185 .00193 .00206 .00219 .00242 .00261 .00242 .00261 .00299 .00307		.00122 .00124 .00125 .00127 .00129 .00131 .00134 .00140 .00149 .00157 .00165 .00173 .00186 .00207 .00215 .00221
-	.00000	-	.36174	-	.16778	-	.06938	-	.03305	-	.01786	-	.01060	-	.00674	-	.00453	-	.00317 .	-	.00229
		+0 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	+0 00000 - 00000 -	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

00 20 40 60 80 - 1.00 - 1.40 - 2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00 - 5.00 - 6.00 - 8.00	000 000		.18089 .16374 .14693 .13079 .11558 .10151 .07714 .050714 .02414 .01214 .00649 .00140	08393 07841 07294 06758 06758 04805 03616 02189 00507 00507 00507 00219		.03475 .03311 .03147 .02985 .02826 .02670 .02369 .01956 .01386 .00964 .00667 .00464		.01660 .01599 .01539 .01479 .01420 .01361 .01247 .01084 .00842 .00643 .00486 .00366	.00901 - .00874 - .00821 - .00795 - .00718 - .00529 - .00345 - .00345 - .00275 -	00538 00525 00512 00498 00498 00472 00446 00408 00348 00294 00294 002246	 .00345 .00338 .00323 .00323 .00316 .00309 .00295 .00273 .00239 .00208 .00179 .00153	00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00 .00	234 230 226 221 217 213 204 .91 .71 .51 .33 .17		.00166 .00163 .00155 .00155 .00155 .00152 .00147 .00139 .00126 .00113 .00101 .00090	 .00122 .00120 .00118 .00115 .00115 .00103 .00109 .00104 .00095 .00087 .00071
- 6.00 - 8.00 -12.00 -14.00 -16.00 -18.00 -20.00	000 000 000 000 000 000	00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 - 00 -	.00369 .00140 .00032 .00018 .00011 .00007 .00004	00507 00219 00056 00032 00020 00013 00009	1111111	.00464 .00232 .00070 .00042 .00026 .00017 .00012	1 1 1 1 1 1	• 00366 • 00209 • 00074 • 00047 • 00030 • 00021 • 00014	 .00275 - .00173 - .00071 - .00047 - .00032 - .00022 - .00016 -	.00246 .00204 .00139 .00065 .00045 .00032 .00023 .00016	 .00179 - .00153 - .00111 - .00057 - .00041 - .00030 - .00022 - .00016 -	•001 •001 •000 •000 •000	33 17 988 949 937 928 921 921	-	.00101 .00090 .00071 .00042 .00033 .00025 .00020	 .00079 .00071 .00057 .00036 .00029 .00023 .00018

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TABLE IV.- SIDEWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F_{V}}}$ FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\ensuremath{\,\Delta\mathrm{z}/\mathrm{s}}$ - Continued

(f) $\Delta z/s = 3.00$

Dx/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 12.$	00000 000000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00	13333 14442 15534 16592 17603 18555 20255 22262 24358 25434 25980 26629 26629 266509 26659 26659 26659 26651	07843 - .08325 - .08804 - .09274 - .09732 - .10175 - .11006 - .12087 - .13429 - .14808 - .15124 - .15437 - .15648 - .15648 - .15663 - .15667 -	- 03651 - 03818 - 03984 - 04148 - 04148 - 04310 - 04469 - 04476 - 05200 - 05792 - 06237 - 06556 - 06778 - 07035 - 07220 - 07253 - 07221 - 07282 - 07285	$\begin{array}{c} 0.1839\\ - 0.1905\\ - 0.2035\\ - 0.2035\\ - 0.2099\\ - 0.2163\\ - 0.2288\\ - 0.2286\\ - 0.2286\\ - 0.2730\\ - 0.2949\\ - 0.3124\\ - 0.3258\\ - 0.3437\\ - 0.3258\\ - 0.3437\\ - 0.3591\\ - 0.3654\\ - 0.3654\\ - 0.3661\\ \end{array}$	01026 01055 01085 01115 01144 0123 01231 01443 01557 01653 01653 01849 01968 01996 02014 02025 02033	00622 00638 00653 00668 00698 00728 00728 00728 00902 00902 00902 00902 01081 01192 01207 01218 01225	00403 00412 00429 00429 00437 00446 00487 00526 00536 00536 00536 00676 00739 00758 00758 00758 00758 00780 00787	00275 00280 00280 00291 00291 00311 00311 00326 00372 00374 00446 00492 00518 00526 00532	00196 00199 00202 00206 00209 00212 00218 00243 00258 00272 00285 00341 00351 00352 00362 00374	00144 00146 00151 00153 00155 00159 00176 00176 00176 00176 00176 00186 00245 00245 00254 00261 00271

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TABLE IV.- SIDEWASH FACTOR $\rm F_{V}$ FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\rm \Delta z/s$ - Continued

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(g)
$$\Delta z/s = 4.00$$

Ay/s Ax/s		+0		+2'	-	+4		+6		+8		+10	1	+12		+14		+16		+18		+20
$\begin{array}{c} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 1.40 $.00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 0000		.07529 .08030 .08526 .09011 .09483 .09937 .10781 .11856 .13141 .13141 .14369 .14630 .14876 .15013 .15032		.06244 .06579 .06912 .07240 .07562 .07876 .08474 .09277 .10337 .11053 .11553 .11553 .121955 .121406 .124406 .12440		.03602 .03754 .03906 .04056 .04204 .04350 .04633 .05029 .05595 .06363 .06599 .06363 .06599 .06885 .07102 .07142		.02030 .02099 .02168 .02304 .02371 .02503 .02691 .02975 .03407 .03559 .03407 .03559 .03950 .03950 .03951		.01204 01238 01272 01305 01339 01372 01438 01533 01533 01681 01812 01924 02018 022018 02301 023301		.00758 .00776 .00794 .00812 .00830 .00848 .00848 .00935 .01017 .01092 .01159 .01217 .01309 .01417 .01447		.00502 .00513 .00523 .00534 .00544 .00554 .00605 .00605 .00653 .00653 .00653 .00740 .00777 .00838 .00942	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	.00348 .00355 .00361 .00370 .00370 .00393 .00411 .00470 .00496 .00521 .005621 .005621		.00250 .00255 .00259 .00263 .00267 .00271 .00291 .00291 .00310 .00329 .00347 .00363 .00392 .00455 .00450		.00186 .00188 .00191 .00194 .00197 .00205 .00213 .00226 .00239 .00251 .00262 .00283 .00315 .00327
+18.00 +20.00	-	.00000	-	.15049	-	.12458	-	.07178	-	.04029	-	.02374	-	.01480	-	.00971	-	.00654	-	.00470	-	.00343

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	186
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	183
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	180
30 00000 05575 04926 03000 01756 01069 00685 00461 00323 00234 001)178
-1,00 $ -0,000 $)175
)172
- 1.4000000042780401402571015580097000632004300030400222001	167
- 2.0000000032030321002175013690087500580004000028500210001)159
- 3.0000000019180215101609010860072700498003520025500190001)145
- 4.0000000011410141801168008470059600423003070022700172007)133
- 5.0000000006900093500841006530048400357002650020000154009)120
- 6.0000208004290062300605005020039000298002280017600138001)109
- 8.0000000001820029300320002960025200206001670013400108001	088
-12.0000000000460008200103001100010700098000870007600066000	056
-14.0000000000260004800063000700007100068000630005700051000)045
-16.0000000000160003000040000460004900048000480004300039000	0035
-18.0000000000100001900027000320003400035000340003300031000	023
-20.00000000000700013000180002200024000260002500024000	022

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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F}_{\mathrm{V}}}$ for various values of $\ensuremath{\Delta\mathrm{z}/\mathrm{s}}$ - Continued

(h) $\Delta z/s = 6.00$

							_		_		_				
Ay/	5	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8		+10		+12		+14	+16	+18	+20
$\frac{200}{5}$		C+ 000000 000000 000000 000000 000000 0000	+2 •028833 •03018 •031537 •03287 •03548 •03796 •04612 •04964 •05212 •05575 •05575 •057032	 +4 03497 03643 03788 03932 04074 04214 04214 04486 04867 05414 05842 06162 06394 06676 068922 06932	+6 .02777 .02876 .02974 .03072 .03169 .03265 .03453 .03453 .03453 .04120 .04451 .04115 .04919 .05189 .05423 .05472	+8 .01931 .01989 .02047 .02105 .02163 .02220 .02332 .02495 .02744 .02961 .03144 .03293 .03507 .03718 .03768		+10 .01307 .01340 .01374 .01408 .01441 .01475 .01540 .01637 .01923 .02042 .02144 .02299 .022472 .02517		+12 .00895 .00915 .00955 .00955 .00975 .009955 .01034 .01092 .01184 .01270 .01346 .01414 .01524 .01658 .01696		.00628 .00640 .00653 .00665 .00678 .00690 .00714 .00750 .00808 .00863 .00913 .00959 .01035 .01137 .01169	.00453 .00461 .00469 .00477 .00485 .00492 .00508 .00532 .00569 .00605 .00639 .00670 .00724 .00800 .00826	 .00335 .00340 .00351 .00351 .00356 .00361 .00372 .00487 .00460 .00482 .00521 .00578 .00598	 .00253 .00257 .00261 .00264 .00268 .00272 .00279 .00290 .00307 .00324 .00341 .00356 .00384 .00424 .00444 .00456
+16.00 +18.00 +20.00	-	.00000	 .05744 .05752 .05756	 .06954 .06968 .06976	 .05500 .05518 .05529	 .03798 .03818 .03830	111	.02546 .02566 .02579		.01723 .01741 .01754		.01191 .01208 .01220	 .00845 .00859 .00870	 .00614	 .00458

00 20 40 60 80 - 1.00 - 1.40 - 2.00 - 3.00 - 4.00 - 5.00 - 6.00 - 8.00 - 12.00 - 14.00 - 12.00 - 14.00 - 12.00 - 12.00 - 14.00 - 20.00	00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	02883 - .02747 - .02612 - .02479 - .02347 - .02218 - .01970 - .01627 - .01153 - .00802 - .00554 - .00384 - .00031 - .00021 - .00014 - .00010 -	.03497 .03352 .03207 .03063 .02921 .02781 .02509 .02128 .01581 .01152 .00832 .00601 .00319 .00103 .00040 .00027 .00018	02777 02679 02580 02482 02385 02289 02102 01834 01435 01103 00835 00835 00131 00083 00054 00054 00054	01931 01872 01874 01756 01699 01642 01529 01367 01117 00900 00717 00568 00354 00142 00031 00031	01307 01273 01235 01205 01172 01138 00977 00826 00690 00571 00470 00314 00096 00097 00094	00895 00875 00855 00855 00815 00795 00697 00697 00520 00443 00375 00266 00132 00049 00049 00049 00049 00049 00036	00628 00616 00603 00591 00578 00542 00542 00542 00343 00297 00221 00219 00219 00219 00287 00287 00287 00048 00048 00048 00036	00453 00445 00429 00429 00429 00421 00374 00374 00376 00306 00266 00286 00285 00181 00185 00080 00080 00046 00036	00335 00320 00324 00319 00314 00308 00298 00298 00297 00252 00257 00259 00209 00148 00149 00092 00071 00056 00044 00034	00253 00246 00243 00239 00239 00228 00228 00217 00200 00183 00151 00151 00151 00079 00063 00051 00040 00032
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TABLE IV. - SIDEWASH FACTOR $\ensuremath{\,\mathrm{F}_V}$ for various values of $\ensuremath{\,\Delta z/\mathrm{s}}$ - Concluded

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(i) $\Delta z/s = 8.00$

Av/s							1.5				
Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+1/4	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 12.00 \\ + & 14.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 12.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 20.00 \end{array}$	00000 000000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00	01349 01348 01446 01495 01590 01590 01814 02010 02300 02399 02528 02638 02681 02681 02686	01970 02036 02102 02167 02292 02297 02297 02297 02297 02604 02877 03108 03296 03841 03870 03890 03918	01909 01966 02024 02081 02197 02194 02304 02464 02710 02925 03105 03253 03767 03775 03775 03787	01562 01644 01645 01687 01728 01769 01850 01967 02152 02316 02460 02582 02766 02967 03018 03073 03087	01193 01221 01249 01277 01305 01332 01387 01468 01595 01712 01817 01908 02054 02227 02274 02329 02329 02344	500891 00909 00928 00947 00965 00985 00985 00985 01020 01241 01241 01314 01380 01489 01630 01672 01707 01737	00665 00678 00690 00703 00715 00727 00752 00788 00846 00902 00902 00952 01000 01080 01286 01286	00502 00510 00519 00527 00536 00544 00585 00626 00626 00626 00734 00793 00978 00930 00947 00959	00384 00390 00396 00402 00413 00413 00425 00425 00470 00497 00523 00591 00591 00657 00681 00699 00714 00725	- 00298 00302 00307 00315 00315 00327 00340 00360 00379 00398 00416 00448 00448 00499 00518 00533 00546 00556
00	00000	01349	01970	01909	01562	01193	00891	00665	00502	00384]-	00298

		.00000	-	.01349	-	.01910	-	.01909	-	.01562	-	.01193	-	.00891	-	.00665	-	.00502	-	.00384	-	-00298
20	-	.00000	-	.01300	-	.01904	-	.01852	-	.01521	-	.01165	-	.00872	-	-00653	-	00/193	_	00378	_	00204
40	-	.00000	-	.01251	-	.01838	-	.01795	-	.01479	-	.01137	-	00854	-	00640		00495		.00378		.00294
60	-	.00000	-	.01203	-	01773	-	01730	1_	01470		.01107		.00004	17	.00040	-	.00485	-	.00312	-	.00290
80	-	00000	-	01165		.01703		.01/38	1	.01438	-	.01109	-	.00835	-	.00628	-	.00477	-	.00366	-	.00286
- 1 00		.00000	-	.01155	-	.01/08	-	.01681	-	.01397	-	.01081	-	.00817	-	.00616	-	.00468	-	.00361	-	.00282
- 1.00	-	.00000	-	.01108	-	.01644	-	.01625	-	.01356	-	.01053	-	.00798	-	.00603	-	.00460	-	.00355	-	00277
- 1.40	-	.00000	-	.01015	-	.01518	-	.01514	-	-01275	-	.00999	-	.00762	-	00570	-	00403		00343		.00211
- 2.00	-	.00000	-	.00883	-	.01337	-	.0135/	-	01157	_	00019		00702		.005/3	-	.00445	-	.00343	-	.00209
- 3.00	-	.00000	-	00687	1_	01064		011074		.01157	(·	.00918	-	.00708	-	.00545	-	.00418	-	.00326	-	.00257
- /1 00	_	.00000		.00007	-	.01004	-	.01108	-	.00973	-	.00791	-	.00622	-	.00484	-	.00378	-	.00298	-	.00237
- 4.00	-	.00000	-	.00525	-	.00832	-	.00894	-	.00808	-	.00674	-	.00541	-	.00429	-	.00340	-	.00271	-	-00217
- 5.00	-	.00000	-	.00397	-	.00644	-	.00713	-	.00665	-	.00569	-	.00468	-	.00378	-	.00304	-	00245	20	00100
- 6.00	-	.00000	-	.00299	-	.00496	-	.00565	-	.00543	-	00478	-	00/102	-	00331		.00004		.00245	-	.00133
- 8.00	-	.00000	-	-00170	_	00203	_	00353	_	00150		.00470		.00402	-	.00331	-	.00210	-	.00221	-	.00181
-12.00	[00000	1_	.000170		.00295	[.00333	-	.00338	-	.00332	-	.00292	-	.00250	-	.00211	-	.00177	-	.00149
-14 00		.00000	-	.00000	-	.00109	-	.00142	-	.00158	-	.00159	-	.00152	-	.00140	-	.00125	-	.00111	-	-00097
-14.00	-	.00000	-	.00038	-	.00070	-	.00093	-	.00107	-	.00112	-	.00110	-	.00104	-	.00096	_	00087	_	00077
-16.00	-	.00000	-	.00025	-	.00046	-	.00063	-	.00074	-	00079	-	00080	_	00079		.00030		.00007		.00078
-18.00	-	.00000	-	-00017	-	.00031	_	.000/1/1	-	00050	_	00057	-	.00080		.00078	-	.00074	-	.00069	-	.00063
-20.00	-	.00000	-	00010		.00001	Γ.	.00044	-	.00052	-	.00057	-	.00059	-	.00059	-	.00057	-	.00054	-	.00051
20000			L	.00012	Г	.00022	-	.00031	-	.00038	-	.00042	-	.00044	-	.00045	-	.00044	-	.00043	-	-00041

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TABLE V.- BACKWASH FACTOR $\mbox{ F}_{\rm u}$ for various values of $\mbox{ }_{\rm \Delta z/s}$

(a) $\Delta z/s = 0.50$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 5.00 $	$\begin{array}{c} + 3.57771 + \\ + 3.03604 + \\ + 2.05403 + \\ + 2.05403 + \\ + 1.29199 + \\ + .81730 + \\ + .53333 + \\ + .25255 + \\ + .10269 + \\03377 + \\ + .01482 + \\00173 + \\ + .000193 + \\ + .00036 + \\ + .00024 + \\ + .00017 + \\ + .00012 + \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} .18393 \\ .17900 \\ .16563 \\ .14724 \\ .12728 \\ .14724 \\ .10815 \\ .07644 \\ .04562 \\ .01096 \\ .00629 \\ .00389 \\ .00389 \\ .00035 \\ .00035 \\ .00035 \\ .00024 \\ .00017 \\ .00012 \\ \end{array}$.01729 + .01721 + .01698 + .01662 + .01613 + .01554 + .01414 + .00822 + .00358 + .00358 + .00358 + .00258 + .00264 + .00012 +	.00484 00483 00481 00477 00471 00463 00445 00409 00340 00271 00212 00165 00100 00028 00020 00020	+ .00200 + .00200 + .00199 + .00197 + .00196 + .00191 + .00182 + .00199 + .00197 + .00192 + .000192 + .000192 + .000192 + .000192 + .000192 + .000192 + .00024 + .00024 + .00024 + .00024 + .00024 + .00017 + .000	+ .00102 + .00102 .00101 + .00101 + .00101 + .00099 + .00099 + .00089 + .00089 + .00089 + .00089 + .00089 + .00045 + .00020 + .00015 + .00019	+ .00059 + .00058 + .00058 + .00058 + .00058 + .00058 + .00057 + .00056 + .00057 + .00056 + .00056 + .00042 + .00042 + .00042 + .00020 + .00016 + .00016 + .00010	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00037 \\ + & .00037 \\ + & .00037 \\ + & .00037 \\ + & .00036 \\ + & .00036 \\ + & .00036 \\ + & .00031 \\ + & .00031 \\ + & .00028 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00013 \\ + & .00013 \\ + & .00010 \\ + & .00007 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00025 \\ + & .00025 \\ + & .00025 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00024 \\ + & .00022 \\ + & .00021 \\ + & .00020 \\ + & .00010 \\ + & .00010 \\ + & .00009 \\ + & .00005 \\ + & .00006 \\ \end{array}$	+ .00017 + .00015 + .00015 + .00015 + .00015 + .00016 + .00005	+ .00013 + .00013 + .00013 + .00013 + .00013 + .00012 + .00012 + .00012 + .00012 + .00011 + .00011 + .00010 + .00005 + .00005

(b) $\Delta z/s = 1.00$

$\begin{array}{r} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 12.00 \\ + & 14.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 16.00 \\ + & 20.00 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + 1.41421 \\ + 1.34642 \\ + 1.17313 \\ + .95727 \\ + .75056 \\ + .57735 \\ + .33954 \\ + .16330 \\ + .06030 \\ + .002773 \\ + .01480 \\ + .00877 \\ + .00379 \\ + .00114 \\ + .00072 \\ + .00048 \\ + .00034 \\ + .00025 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .03190 \\ + & .03177 \\ + & .03074 \\ + & .02989 \\ + & .02886 \\ + & .02639 \\ + & .02222 \\ + & .01569 \\ + & .01077 \\ + & .00742 \\ + & .00521 \\ + & .000742 \\ + & .00098 \\ + & .00098 \\ + & .00044 \\ + & .00032 \\ + & .00023 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .00393\\ + & .00393\\ + & .00392\\ + & .00390\\ + & .00390\\ + & .00390\\ + & .00390\\ + & .00376\\ + & .00376\\ + & .00278\\ + & .00137\\ + & .000238\\ + & .00199\\ + & .00137\\ + & .00035\\ + & .00047\\ + & .00035\\ + & .00020\\ \end{array}$	+ .0020 + .0020 + .0020 + .00198 + .00198 + .00198 + .00198 + .00176 + .00146 + .00146 + .00126 + .00055 + .00055 + .00030 + .00033 + .00038	$\begin{array}{c}1 + .001\\1 + .001\\1 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .001\\0 + .000\\0 + .0$	$\begin{array}{c} 16 \\ + \\ + \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ + \\ $.00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00072 .00071 .00065 .00065 .00065 .00061 .00057 .00048 .00026 .00026 .00021 .00017 .00014	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00049 .00049 .00049 .00049 .00049 .00048 .00046 .00046 .00042 .00042 .00042 .00042 .00042 .00042 .00042 .00025 .00021 .00011 .00012	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00034 .00034 .00034 .00034 .00034 .00034 .00034 .00032 .00032 .00029 .00020 .00020 .00020 .00017 .00014 .00012 .00010	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00025 .00025 .00025 .00025 .00025 .00025 .00025 .00024 .00024 .00024 .00022 .00020 .00016 .00014 .00012 .00010 .00009
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TABLE V.- BACKWASH FACTOR F_u FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

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(c) $\Delta z/s = 1.50$

Av/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10		+12	+14		+16		+18		+20
$\begin{array}{c} + & \cdot 00 \\ + & \cdot 20 \\ + & \cdot 40 \\ + & \cdot 60 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 80 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 80 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 1.40 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 2.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 3.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 4.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 5.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 5.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 5.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 12.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 14.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 18.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 18.00 \\ + \\ + & \cdot 20.00 \\ + \end{array}$.73960 + .72225 + .67410 + .60496 + .52632 + .44776 + .31219 + .17827 + .07619 + .03747 + .02071 + .00552 + .00169 + .00169 + .00169 + .00051 + .00037 +	$\begin{array}{c} .226 48 \\ .22371 \\ .21573 \\ .20353 \\ + \\ .18841 \\ .1777 \\ + \\ .1777 \\ + \\ .05079 \\ .02850 \\ + \\ .05079 \\ + \\ .02850 \\ + \\ .01707 \\ + \\ .00507 \\ + \\ .00162 \\ + \\ .00162 \\ + \\ .00071 \\ + \\ .00050 \\ + \\ .00037 \\ + \end{array}$	04227 + 04163 + 04163 + 04087 + 03984 + 03857 + 03553 + 03553 + 03553 + 01525 + 01525 + 01525 + 01525 + 001655 + 001655 + 00145 + 000402 + 00145 + 00066 + 00066 + 00066 + 00065 + 000555 + 0005555 + 0005555 + 00055555 + 0005555555 + 00055555555	.01332 .01329 .01323 .01312 .01297 .01278 .01229 .01136 .00952 .00767 .00605 .00473 .00291 .00122 .00084 .00059 .00043 .00033	$\begin{array}{c} + & 00573 \\ + & 00572 \\ + & 00571 \\ + & 00568 \\ + & 00559 \\ + & 00559 \\ + & 00559 \\ + & 00559 \\ + & 00547 \\ + & 00523 \\ + & 00409 \\ + & 00203 \\ + & 00203 \\ + & 00203 \\ + & 000203 \\ + & 00099 \\ + & 00071 \\ + & 00052 \\ + & 00039 \\ + & 00030 \\ + & 00030 \\ \end{array}$.00296 .00295 .00294 .00293 .00294 .00291 .00287 .00279 .00287 .00279 .00237 .00211 .00186 .00141 .00078 .00058 .00044 .00034	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00172 .00172 .00172 .00171 .00170 .00168 .00165 .00157 .00147 .00135 .00123 .0009 .00061 .00047 .00037 .00029 .00024	+ .00109 + .00108 + .00108 + .00108 + .00108 + .00107 + .00107 + .00105 + .00105 + .00096 + .00091 + .00084 + .00038 + .00038 + .00031 + .00025 + .00021	******	.00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00072 .00072 .00072 .00069 .00066 .00063 .00060 .00052 .00031 .00026 .00031 .00026	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	.00051 .00051 .00051 .00051 .00051 .00050 .00049 .00048 .00044 .00039 .00029 .00029 .00025 .00021 .00015	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00037 .00037 .00037 .00037 .00037 .00037 .00036 .00035 .00034 .00033 .00034 .00033 .00024 .00021 .00015 .00013

(d) $\Delta z/s = 2.00$

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TABLE V.- BACKWASH FACTOR \mbox{Fu} for Various Values of $\mbox{\Delta} z/\mbox{s}$ - Continued

(e) $\Delta z/s = 2.50$

Ay/s Ax/s	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & 00 \\ + & 20 \\ + & 40 \\ + & 60 \\ + & 80 \\ + & 1 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 40 \\ + & 2 & 00 \\ + & 3 & 00 \\ + & 4 & 00 \\ + & 3 & 00 \\ + & 4 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 2 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 2 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 6 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 8 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 8 & 00 \\ + & 1 & 8 & 00 \\ + & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .29711 \\ + & .29441 \\ + & .28655 \\ + & .27421 \\ + & .25835 \\ + & .24011 \\ + & .20068 \\ + & .14544 \\ + & .08133 \\ + & .04660 \\ + & .02817 \\ + & .01799 \\ + & .00271 \\ + & .00118 \\ + & .00083 \\ + & .00061 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .15873 \\ + & .15773 \\ + & .15478 \\ + & .15008 \\ + & .14390 \\ + & .13657 \\ + & .11987 \\ + & .09405 \\ + & .05920 \\ + & .03700 \\ + & .02374 \\ + & .01580 \\ + & .00260 \\ + & .00115 \\ + & .00082 \\ + & .00060 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .05048 \\ + & .05033 \\ + & .04989 \\ + & .04989 \\ + & .04917 \\ + & .04819 \\ + & .04399 \\ + & .04399 \\ + & .04399 \\ + & .04399 \\ + & .02143 \\ + & .02143 \\ + & .0155 \\ + & .00128 \\ + & .00233 \\ + & .00108 \\ + & .00078 \\ + & .00058 \end{array}$	+ .01893 + .01893 + .01890 + .01887 + .01887 + .01848 + .01824 + .01848 + .01848 + .01848 + .01640 + .01396 + .01145 + .00918 + .00128 + .00127 + .00136 + .00057 + .00054	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00871 \\ + & .00870 \\ + & .00868 \\ + & .00859 \\ + & .00859 \\ + & .00859 \\ + & .00852 \\ + & .00852 \\ + & .00722 \\ + & .00634 \\ + & .00545 \\ + & .00461 \\ + & .00160 \\ + & .00160 \\ + & .00165 \\ + & .00085 \\ + & .00064 \\ + & .00049 \end{array}$	+ .00465 + .00464 + .00464 + .00462 + .00450 + .00458 + .00452 + .00452 + .00452 + .00456 + .00297 + .00226 + .00127 + .00056 + .00056 + .00044	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00275 \\ + & .00275 \\ + & .00274 \\ + & .00274 \\ + & .00273 \\ + & .00272 \\ + & .00272 \\ + & .00264 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00252 \\ + & .00053 \\ + & .00048 \\ + & .00039 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00175 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00173 \\ + & .00170 \\ + & .00164 \\ + & .00156 \\ + & .00147 \\ + & .00137 \\ + & .00164 \\ + & .000116 \\ + & .00078 \\ + & .00063 \\ + & .00051 \\ + & .00034 \\ \end{array}$	+ .00119 + .00118 + .00118 + .00118 + .00118 + .00118 + .00113 + .00117 + .00113 + .00108 + .00103 + .00098 + .00085 + .00042 + .00042 + .00025	$\begin{array}{r} + & .00084 \\ + & .00084 \\ + & .00084 \\ + & .00083 \\ + & .00083 \\ + & .00082 \\ + & .00082 \\ + & .00078 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00075 \\ + & .00030 \\ + & .00035 \\ + & .00025 \end{array}$	+ .00061 + .00061 + .00061 + .00061 + .00061 + .00061 + .00050 + .00058 + .00058 + .00058 + .00058 + .00054 + .00039 + .00034 + .00025 + .00025

(f) $\Delta z/s = 3.00$

$\begin{array}{c} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \end{array}$	+ + + + + + + + + +	.21082 .20947 .20550 .19916 .19081 .15830 .12335 .07647 .04707	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.13029 .12967 .12781 .12483 .12084 .11602 .10465 .08592 .05799 .03821	++++++++++	.05013 .05000 .04962 .04899 .04813 .04707 .04443 .03958 .03086 .02311	++++++++++	.02055 .02052 .02044 .02029 .02010 .01985 .01922 .01798 .01545 .01545	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00985 .00984 .00981 .00971 .00964 .00945 .00906 .00822 .00725 .00526	++++++++++	.00536 .00535 .00533 .00533 .00529 .00529 .00522 .00507 .00475 .00435	++++++++++	.00321 .00320 .00320 .00319 .00318 .00315 .00309 .00294 .00275	++++++++++	.00206 .00206 .00206 .00205 .00205 .00203 .00203 .00200 .00193 .00184	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00140 .00140 .00140 .00140 .00140 .00139 .00139 .00139 .00133 .00133	++++++++++	.00099 .00099 .00099 .00099 .00099 .00099 .00098 .00098 .00095 .00095	++++++++++	.00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00073 .00072 .00072 .00071 .00069 .00067
+ 5.00	+	.02983	+	.03821	+	.01707	+	.01280	+	.00626	+	.00391	+	.00255	+	.00173	+	.00122	+	.00089	÷	.00067
+ 6.00 + 8.00	++	.01966	++	.01739	++	.01262	++	.00829	++	.00532	++	.00347	+	.00233	++	.00161	+++	.00116	++	.00085	++	.00064
+12.00	+++	.00316	+++	.00304	++++	.00273	++	.00231	++	.00188	+	.00149	+	.00118	++	.00092	++	.00073	++	.00058	+ +	.00046
+16.00	++	.00139	+++	.00136	++	.00127	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	.00115	++	.00101	++	.00086	++	.00073	++	.00061	++	.00051	++	.00042	++	.00035
+20.00	+	.00072	+	.00071	+	.00068	+	.00064	+	.00058	+	.00052	+	.00046	+	.00040	+	.00035	+	.00030	+	.00026

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TABLE V.- BACKWASH FACTOR F_u FOR VARIOUS VALUES OF $\Delta z/s$ - Continued

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(g)
$$\Delta z/s = 4.00$$

$\Delta x/s$	+0	+2	+4	+6	+8	+10	+12	+14	+16	+18	+20
$\begin{array}{r} + & 20 \\ + & 40 \\ + & 60 \\ + & 80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 6.00 \\ + & 1$	+ .1212 + .12082 + .11951 + .11736 + .11447 + .11092 + .10230 08729 + .06276 + .04352 + .04352 + .001111 + .00394 + .00259 + .00128 + .00128 + .00094	$\begin{array}{r} + & .08937 \\ + & .08909 \\ + & .08509 \\ + & .08518 \\ + & .08518 \\ + & .07753 \\ + & .06777 \\ + & .05094 \\ + & .02634 \\ + & .01898 \\ + & .01034 \\ + & .00380 \\ + & .00380 \\ + & .00174 \\ + & .00125 \\ + & .00093 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} + & .04522 \\ + & .04513 \\ + & .04487 \\ + & .04487 \\ + & .04310 \\ + & .04310 \\ + & .04310 \\ + & .03765 \\ + & .03082 \\ + \\ + & .03082 \\ + \\ + & .01865 \\ + \\ + & .01428 \\ + \\ + & .01428 \\ + \\ + & .01428 \\ + \\ + & .00350 \\ + \\ + \\ .00322 \\ + \\ + \\ .00163 \\ + \\ + \\ .00089 \\ + \\ \end{array}$.02184 .02182 .02181 .02174 .02174 .02161 .02143 .02121 .02062 .01947 .01706 .01706 .01444 .01194 .00291 .00291 .00205 .00148 .00218 .00205 .00185 .00205 .0	01139 01138 01136 01131 01125 01118 01057 00861 00751 00861 00239 00175 00130 00098 00098 00076	$\begin{array}{r} + & .00650 \\ + & .00649 \\ + & .00648 \\ + & .00644 \\ + & .00641 \\ + & .00641 \\ + & .00631 \\ + & .00579 \\ + & .00579 \\ + & .00482 \\ + & .00482 \\ + & .00482 \\ + & .00430 \\ + & .00191 \\ + & .00145 \\ + & .00145 \\ + & .00187 \\ + & .00087 \\ + \\ + & .00068 \\ + \end{array}$	00400 .00399 .00399 .00397 .00396 .00397 .00396 .00392 .00385 .00385 .00346 .00320 .00294 .00346 .00320 .00294 .00346 .00320 .00151 .00151 .00151 .00094 .00094 .00094	+ .00261 + .00261 + .00261 + .00260 + .00260 + .00258 + .00254 + .00244 + .00221 + .00226 + .00255 + .00255 + .00275 + .00119 + .00057 + .00055 + .00055	$\begin{array}{rrrr} + & .00180 \\ + & .00180 \\ + & .00179 \\ + & .00179 \\ + & .00179 \\ + & .00179 \\ + & .00176 \\ + & .00176 \\ + & .00176 \\ + & .00157 \\ + & .00130 \\ + & .00130 \\ + & .00055 \\ + & .00055 \\ + & .00046 \\ \end{array}$	+ .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00128 + .00126 + .00123 + .00126 + .00125 + .00155 + .00055 + .00047 + .00040	$\begin{array}{r} + & .00095 \\ + & .00095 \\ + & .00095 \\ + & .00095 \\ + & .00094 \\ + & .00094 \\ + & .00094 \\ + & .00093 \\ + & .00087 \\ + & .00087 \\ + & .00084 \\ + & .00076 \\ + & .00081 \\ + & .00053 \\ + & .00046 \\ + & .00040 \\ + & .00034 \\ \end{array}$

(h) $\Delta z/s = 6.00$

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} + & .00 \\ + & .20 \\ + & .40 \\ + & .60 \\ + & .80 \\ + & 1.00 \\ + & 1.40 \\ + & 2.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 3.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 4.00 \\ + & 5.00 \\ + & 4.00 $	$\begin{array}{r} + & .05480 \\ + & .05471 \\ + & .05404 \\ + & .05400 \\ + & .05338 \\ + & .05261 \\ + & .04685 \\ + & .03932 \\ + & .03170 \\ + & .02498 \\ + & .01951 \\ + & .01951 \\ + & .00496 \\ + & .00339 \\ + & .00496 \\ + & .00339 \\ + & .00240 \\ + & .00175 \\ + & .00132 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
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TABLE V.- BACKWASH FACTOR $\mbox{ F}_{u}$ for various values of $\mbox{ s}_{z/s}$ - Concluded

(i) $\Delta z/s = 8.00$

Dx/s	+0		+2	+/4	+6	+8	+ 10		+12	+1/4	+16	+18	+20
+ .00	+ .03	101 .	+ .02839	+ .02236	+ .01606	+ .01111	+ .007	57 4	.00537	+ .00384	+ .00281	+ .00210	+ .00161
+ .20	+ .03	98.	+ .02836	+ .02234	+ .01605	+ .01111	+ .007	56 4	.00536	+ .00384	+ .00281	+ .00210	+ .00161
+ .40	+ .030	89 -	+ .02829	+ .02229	+ .01602	+ .01109	+ .007	55 +	.00536	+ .00383	+ .00281	+ .00210	+ .00161
+ .60	+ .030	75 -	+ .02816	+ .02221	+ .01598	+ .01107	+ .007	54 4	.00535	+ .00383	+ .00280	+ .00210	+ .00160
+ .80	+ .030	55 -	+ .02799	+ .02209	+ .01591	+ .01103	+ .007	52 4	.00534	+ .00382	+ .00280	+ .00210	+ .00160
+ 1.00	+ .03	30 -	+ .02777	+ .02195	+ .01582	+ .01098	+ .007	50 4	.00533	+ .00381	+ .00280	+ .00209	+ .00160
+ 1.40	+ .02	964 -	+ .02720	+ .02156	+ .01560	+ .01086	+ .007	53 4	.00529	+ .00379	+ .00278	+ .00209	+ .00160
+ 2.00	+ .02	333 -	+ .02606	+ .02078	+ .01514	+ .01061	+ .007	39 4	.00521	+ .00375	+ .00276	+ .00207	+ .00159
+ 3.00	+ .02	548 -	+ .02357	+ .01904	+ .01410	+ .01003	+ .007	7 4	.00503	+ .00364	+ .00269	+ .00203	+ .00156
+ 4.00	+ .02	222 .	+ .02069	+ .01700	+ .01284	+ .00930	+ .006	56 4	.00480	+ .00351	+ .00261	+ .00198	+ .00153
+ 5.00	+ .01	395 -	+ .01777	+ .01485	+ .01147	+ .00848	+ .006	18 4	.00452	+ .00334	+ .00251	+ .00191	+ .00148
+ 6.00	+ .01	592 .	+ .01503	+ .01279	+ .01010	+ .00764	+ .005	58 4	.00421	+ .00315	+ .00239	+ .00184	+ .00144
+ 8.00	+ .01	01 -	+ .01052	+ .00924	+ .00762	+ .00602	+ .004	56 4	.00358	+ .00275	+ .00213	+ .00167	+ .00132
+12.00	+ .00	532 -	+ .00517	+ .00477	+ .00420	+ .00357	+ .002	96 4	.00243	+ .00197	+ .00160	+ .00131	+ .00107
+14.00	+ .00.	381 -	+ .00372	+ .00348	+ .00314	+ .00274	+ .002	34 4	.00197	+ .00165	+ .00137	+ .00114	+ .00095
+16.00	+ .00:	279 -	+ .00274	+ .00259	+ .00238	+ .00213	+ .001	36 4	.00160	+ .00137	+ .00116	+ .00098	+ .00083
+18.00	+ .00:	209 -	+ .00206	+ .00197	+ .00183	+ .00166	+ .001	48 -	.00130	+ .00113	+ .00098	+ .00084	+ .00072
+20.00	+ .00	60 .	.00158	+ .00152	+ .00143	+ .00132	+ .001	19 -	.00107	+ .00094	+ .00083	+ .00072	1 .00063

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Figure 1.- Geometric characteristics of test models. All dimensions are in inches.

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Figure 2. - Photograph of swept-wing model with angularity survey rake installed.

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Lateral plane



Figure 3.- Sketch showing coordinate system and positive directions of velocities and angles.





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Figure 5.- Lift, drag, and pitching-moment characteristics of the sweptwing-fuselage configuration.

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Figure 6.- Lift, drag, and pitching-moment characteristics of the unsweptwing-fuselage configuration.


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Figure 7.- Flow characteristics at the midsemispan location of the swept wing for several vertical heights.

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(a) Downwash angles.

Figure 8.- Flow characteristics at the midsemispan location of the swept wing for various lift coefficients. z/c = -0.15.



(b) Sidewash angles.

Figure 8. - Continued.



(c) Dynamic-pressure ratios.

Figure 8. - Concluded.



(a) Downwash and sidewash angles.











(b) Dynamic-pressure ratios.

Figure 9. - Concluded.

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(a) Downwash angles.

Figure 10.- Flow characteristics at the midsemispan location of the unswept wing for various lift coefficients. z/c = -0.15.





Figure 10. - Continued.



(c) Dynamic-pressure ratios.

Figure 10. - Concluded.



Figure 11.- Calculated effects of Mach number on flow characteristics beneath the midsemispan location of the swept wing. z/c = -0.25.



Figure 12. - Geometric characteristics of wing used in simple sweep theory.



Figure 13.- Thickness distributions of airfoil sections normal to local sweep lines of sweptback wing.



Figure 14. - Calculated velocities induced at midsemispan location of the swept wing at zero lift for several heights.

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Figure 15.- Vortex arrangement assumed to approximate swept-wing lift characteristics.







(b) Unswept wing.

Figure 16. - Theoretical span-load distributions.



Figure 17.- Calculated additional velocities at the midsemispan location of the swept wing for unit lift coefficient.





Figure 18.- Schematic illustration of graphical differentiation to determine sidewash velocity on chord plane of swept wing.



Figure 19.- Variation of sidewash velocity with vertical distance below swept wing. x/c = 0.20.

—Vortices at 20 spanwise locations. Equations (A 23) and (B6)



Figure 20.- Effect of number of spanwise horseshoe vortices on sidewash velocity variation with vertical distance beneath the unswept wing. x/c = 0.10.





