December 1969

NASA TECH BRIEF

Brief 69-10274

provided by NASA Technical Reports S

brought to you by X CORE



NASA Tech Briefs are issued to summarize specific innovations derived from the U.S. space program, to encourage their commercial application. Copies are available to the public at 15 cents each from the Clearinghouse for Federal Scientific and Technical Information, Springfield, Virginia 22151.

Resonant Microwave Dichroic Surface



Figure 1. Application in a Cassegrain System

A resonant microwave dichroic surface has been developed which has high stopt ind filter characteristics with a low stopband-to-passband frequency ratio. It utilizes two stagger-tuned, resonant artificial dielectric surfaces and is virtually polarization insensitive. The dichroic surface was developed for use as a hyperboloidal subreflector in Cassegrainian Antenna Systems but can be used in unique systems which require selectivity in frequency, polarization, or angle of incidence; or it can be used to reduce the radar cross section of an object.

The artificial dielectric surface is constructed from selected metallic elements attached to a thin sheet of natural dielectric and arranged to form a planar array of conductive obstructions. This surface can be made to reflect any one frequency while passing all frequencies above and below the reflected one (provided that the proper choice of metallic element size, shape and spacing has been made). The reflected bandwidth

Figure 2. Resonant Two-Section Dichroic Surface

may be increased by stagger-tuning the surface, and further increased by adding another surface in proximity to and parallel to the first.

The improvements and advantages over prior methods are:

1) steep transmit-reflect characteristic;

2) low transmission and reflection loss over more than 90% of the usable frequency band;

3) capability of being designed to have phase correction on the energy transmitted through it by the primary feed (higher illumination efficiency).

Note:

No further documentation is available. Inquiries may be directed to:

Technology Utilization Officer Goddard Space Flight Center Greenbelt, Maryland 20771 Reference: B69-10274

(continued overleaf)

This document was prepared under the sponsorship of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Neither the United States Government nor any person acting on behalf of the United States Government assumes any liability resulting from the use of the information contained in this document, or warrants that such use will be free from privately owned rights.

21101 07-1027

Patent status:

No patent action is contemplated by NASA. Source: E. G. Sakellaropoulos and H. Estep of Lockheed Electronics Company under contract to Goddard Space Flight Center (GSC-10658)