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March 1968

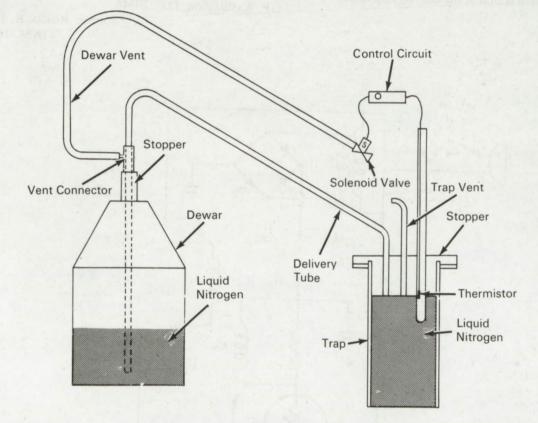
Brief 68-10061

# NASA TECH BRIEF



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# Electronic Circuit Provides Automatic Level Control for Liquid Nitrogen Traps



## The problem:

To provide an automatic level control for liquid nitrogen cold traps. These traps are used with mass spectrometers, leak detectors, and other high-vacuum devices requiring traps to promote greater efficiency in diffusion pump operation. In the past, the liquid nitrogen levels have been mechanically controlled by a glass tube partially filled with mercury and methane. Although such systems operate satisfactorily at first, they require frequent cleaning and refilling.

#### The solution:

An electronic control of the liquid nitrogen levels, based on the principle of increased thermistor resistance corresponding to decreases in temperature. The electronically controlled apparatus is practically servicefree, requiring only occasional reliability checks. It

(continued overleaf)

This document was prepared under the sponsorship of the National Aeronautics and Space Administration. Neither the United States Government nor any person acting on behalf of the United States Government assumes any liability resulting from the use of the information contained in this document, or warrants that such use will be free from privately owned rights. also eliminates the time-consuming and hazardous handling of glassware and liquid mercury.

### How it's done:

The trap is filled by pressurizing the Dewar using ambient heating. The solenoid valve is in its normally closed position, so that the pressure forces the liquid nitrogen through the delivery tube. As the trap fills, the thermistor (TH<sub>1</sub>), which is located at the desired trap level, is chilled by the liquid nitrogen. The thermistor resistance increases rapidly as it cools, causing the base of NPN transistor Q<sub>1</sub> to become more positive. When the base of Q<sub>1</sub> reaches a predetermined potential, the transistor conducts a current which energizes relay K<sub>1</sub>, closing switch S<sub>2</sub>. The resulting current through relay K<sub>2</sub> activates the . solenoid valve which opens the Dewar ventline, stopping the pumping action at the desired trap level.

#### Notes:

- 1. This device should be useful in the chemical process industries where constant liquid levels must be maintained at low temperatures such as in nitration mixtures, standard low-temperature baths, and refrigerants.
- 2. This invention may be of interest to manufacturers of cryogenic equipment.
- 3. Inquiries concerning this invention may be directed to:

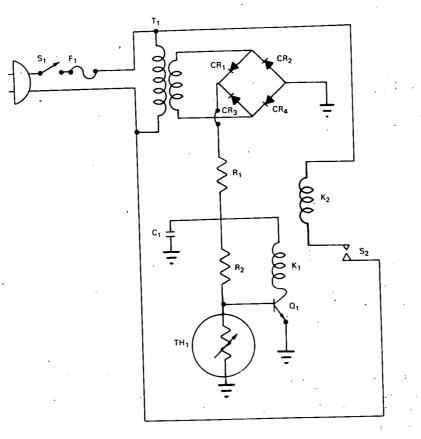
Technology Utilization Officer John F. Kennedy Space Center Kennedy Space Center, Florida 32899 Reference: B68-10061

#### Patent status:

Inquiries about obtaining rights for the commercial use of this invention may be made to NASA, Code GP, Washington, D.C. 20546.

Source: Roscoe R. Turvy (KSC-10127)

Category 01



CONTROL CIRCUIT