



# **LibQUAL<sup>+</sup>**

## *2016 Survey*

**LIBER**

---

**Association of Research Libraries / Texas A&M University**

**[www.libqual.org](http://www.libqual.org)**

Association of Research Libraries

21 Dupont Circle, Suite 800

Washington, DC 20036

Phone 202-296-2296

Fax 202-872-0884

<http://www.libqual.org>

Copyright © 2016 Association of Research Libraries

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Acknowledgements

This notebook contains information from the 2016 administration of the LibQUAL+ protocol. The material on the following pages is drawn from the analysis of responses from the participating institutions collected in 2016.

The LibQUAL+ project requires the skills of a dedicated group. We would like to thank several alumni members of the LibQUAL+ team for their key roles in the development of this service. From Texas A&M University, the qualitative leadership of Yvonna Lincoln has been key to the project's integrity. The behind-the-scenes roles of Bill Chollet and others from the library Systems and Training units were also formative in the early years. From the Association of Research Libraries, we are appreciative of contributions made by Consuella Askew, MaShana Davis, David Green, Richard Groves, Kaylyn Groves, Amy Hoseth, Kristina Justh, Mary Jackson, Jonathan Sousa, and Benny Yu.

A New Measures initiative of this scope is possible only as the collaborative effort of many libraries. To the directors and liaisons at all participating libraries goes the largest measure of gratitude. Without your commitment, the development of LibQUAL+ would not have been possible. We would like to extend a special thank you to all administrators at the participating consortia and libraries that are making this project happen effectively across various institutions.

We would like to acknowledge the role of the Fund for the Improvement of Post-secondary Education (FIPSE), U.S. Department of Education, which provided grant funds of \$498,368 over a three-year period (2001-03). We would also like to acknowledge the support of the National Science Foundation (NSF) for its grant of \$245,737 over a three-year period (2002-04) to adapt the LibQUAL+ instrument for use in the science, math, engineering, and technology education digital library community, a project known as DigiQUAL that produced valuable insights on the evolution of our work. We would like to express our thanks for the financial support that has enabled the researchers engaged in this project to exceed all of our expectations in stated goals and objectives and deliver a remarkable assessment tool to the library community.

Colleen Cook  
McGill University

Martha Kyrillidou  
Consultant

Fred Heath  
University of Texas (retired)

Gary Roebuck  
Association of Research Libraries

Bruce Thompson  
Texas A&M University

Amy Yeager  
Association of Research Libraries

## 1.2 LibQUAL+®: A Project from StatsQUAL®

LibQUAL+ was initiated in 2000 as an experimental project for benchmarking perceptions of library service quality across 13 ARL libraries under the leadership of Fred Heath and Colleen Cook, then both at Texas A&M University Libraries. It matured quickly into a standard assessment tool that has been applied at more than 1,000 libraries. Through 2015, there have been 2,877 institutional surveys implemented across 1,327 institutions in over 29 countries, 18 language translations, and over 2.3 million respondents. About 42% of the users who respond to the survey provide rich comments about the ways they use their libraries.

LibQUAL+ findings have engaged thousands of librarians in discussions with colleagues and ARL on what these findings mean for local libraries, for their regions, and for the future of libraries across the globe. Consortia have supported their members' participation in LibQUAL+ in order to offer an informed understanding of the changes occurring in their shared environment. Summary highlights have been published on an annual basis showcasing the rich array of information available through LibQUAL+:

LibQUAL+ 2015 Survey Highlights

<[https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2015\\_LibQUAL\\_Highlights.pdf](https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2015_LibQUAL_Highlights.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2014 Survey Highlights

<[https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2014\\_LibQUAL\\_Highlights.pdf](https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2014_LibQUAL_Highlights.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2013 Survey Highlights

<[https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2013--\\_LibQUAL\\_Highlights.pdf](https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2013--_LibQUAL_Highlights.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2012 Survey Highlights

<[https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2012\\_LibQUAL\\_Highlights.pdf](https://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/2012_LibQUAL_Highlights.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2011 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2011\\_Full.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2011_Full.pdf)>

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2011\\_Full\\_Supplement.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2011_Full_Supplement.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2010 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2010\\_Full.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2010_Full.pdf)>

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2010\\_Full\\_Supplement.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/LibQUALHighlights2010_Full_Supplement.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2009 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2009\\_Full.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2009_Full.pdf)>

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2009\\_Full\\_Supplement.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2009_Full_Supplement.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2008 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008\\_Full1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008_Full1.pdf)>

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008\\_Full\\_Supplement1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2008_Full_Supplement1.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2007 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2007\\_Full1.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2007_Full1.pdf)>

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/2007\\_Highlights\\_Supplemental.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/2007_Highlights_Supplemental.pdf)>

LibQUAL+® 2006 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights2006.pdf>>

LibQUAL+® 2005 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/LibQUALHighlights20051.pdf>>

LibQUAL+® 2004 Survey Highlights

<<http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary%201.3.pdf>>

LibQUAL+® 2003 Survey Highlights

<[http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary1.1\\_locked.pdf](http://www.libqual.org/documents/admin/ExecSummary1.1_locked.pdf)>

Summary published reports have also been made available:

<<http://www.arl.org/resources/pubs/libqualpubs/index.shtml>>

The socio-economic and technological changes that are taking place around us are affecting the ways users interact with libraries. We used to think that libraries could provide ***reliable and reasonably complete access*** to published and scholarly output, yet we now know from LibQUAL+® that ***users have an insatiable appetite for content. No library can ever have sufficient information content that would come close to satisfying this appetite. Furthermore, our websites, access technologies and discovery tools are not quite maximizing the value libraries can deliver. There is a lot of room for improvement in this area!***

The team at ARL and beyond is proud to develop and nurture the community that has been built around LibQUAL+. It is their belief that closer collaboration and sharing of resources will bring libraries nearer to meeting the ever-changing needs of their demanding users. It is this spirit of collaboration and a willingness to view the world of libraries as an organic, integrated, collaborative, complementary and cohesive environment that can bring forth scalable innovations and break new ground. Innovation, demonstrating value and marketing services effectively are key activities contributing to stronger libraries with better services and improved learning and research outcomes for library users.

## 1.3 LibQUAL+®: Defining and Promoting Library Service Quality

### What is LibQUAL+?

LibQUAL+ is a suite of services that libraries use to solicit, track, understand, and act upon users' opinions of service quality. These services are offered to the library community by the Association of Research Libraries (ARL). The program's centerpiece is a rigorously tested Web-based survey paired with training that helps libraries assess and improve library services, change organizational culture, and market the library. The survey instrument measures library users' minimum, perceived, and desired service levels of service quality across three dimensions: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place. The goals of LibQUAL+ are to:

- Foster a culture of excellence in providing library service
- Help libraries better understand user perceptions of library service quality
- Collect and interpret library user feedback systematically over time
- Provide comparable assessment information from peer institutions
- Identify best practices in library service
- Enhance library staff members' analytical skills for interpreting, and acting on data

Since 2000, more than 1,300 libraries have participated in LibQUAL+, including college and university libraries, community college libraries, health sciences libraries, academic law libraries, and public libraries---some through various consortia, others as independent participants. LibQUAL+ has expanded internationally, with participating institutions in Africa, Asia, Australia and Europe. It has been translated into a number of languages, including Arabic, Afrikaans, Chinese (Traditional), Danish, Dutch, Estonian, Finnish, French, German, Greek, Hebrew, Japanese, Korean, Norwegian, Spanish, Swahili, Swedish, and Welsh. The growing LibQUAL+ community of participants and its extensive dataset are rich resources for improving library services.

### How will LibQUAL+ benefit your library?

Library administrators have successfully used LibQUAL+ survey data to identify best practices, analyze deficits, and effectively allocate resources. Benefits to participating institutions include:

- Institutional data and reports that enable you to assess whether your library services are meeting user expectations
- Aggregate data and reports that allow you to compare your library's performance with that of peer institutions
- Workshops designed for LibQUAL+ participants
- Access to an online library of LibQUAL+ research articles
- The opportunity to become part of a community interested in developing excellence in library services

LibQUAL+ gives your library users a chance to tell you where your services need improvement so you can respond to and better manage their expectations. You can develop services that better meet your users' expectations by comparing your library's data with that of peer institutions and examining the practices of those libraries that are evaluated highly by their users.

### How is the LibQUAL+ survey conducted?

Conducting the LibQUAL+ survey requires little technical expertise on your part. Use our online Management Center to set up and track the progress of your survey. You invite your users to take the survey by distributing the URL for your library's Web form via e-mail or posting a link to your survey on the library's Web site. Respondents complete the survey form and their answers are sent to the LibQUAL+ database. The data are analyzed and presented to you in reports describing your users' desired, perceived, and minimum expectations of service.

### What are the origins of the LibQUAL+ survey?

The LibQUAL+ survey evolved from a conceptual model based on the SERVQUAL instrument, a popular tool for

assessing service quality in the private sector. The Texas A&M University Libraries and other libraries used modified SERVQUAL instruments for several years; those applications revealed the need for a newly adapted tool that would serve the particular requirements of libraries. ARL, representing the largest research libraries in North America, partnered with Texas A&M University Libraries to develop, test, and refine LibQUAL+. This effort was supported in part by a three-year grant from the U.S. Department of Education's Fund for the Improvement of Post-Secondary Education (FIPSE).

## 1.4 Web Access to Data

Data summaries from the 2016 iteration of the LibQUAL+ survey will be available to project participants online in the Data Repository via the LibQUAL+ survey management site:

**<<http://www.libqual.org/repository>>**



## 1.5 Explanation of Charts and Tables

A working knowledge of how to read and derive relevant information from the tables and charts used in your LibQUAL+ results notebook is essential. In addition to the explanatory text below, you can find a self-paced tutorial on the project web site at:

[http://www.libqual.org/about/about\\_survey/tools](http://www.libqual.org/about/about_survey/tools)

Both the online tutorial and the text below are designed to help you understand your survey results and present and explain those results to others at your library.

### Radar Charts

Radar charts are commonly used throughout the following pages to display both aggregate results and results from individual institutions. Basic information about radar charts is outlined below, and additional descriptive information is included throughout this notebook.

#### What is a radar chart?

Radar charts are useful when you want to look at several different factors all related to one item. Sometimes called “spider charts” or “polar charts”, radar charts feature multiple axes or “spokes” along which data can be plotted. Variations in the data are shown by distance from the center of the chart. Lines connect the data points for each series, forming a spiral around the center.

In the case of the LibQUAL+ survey results, each axis represents a different survey question. Questions are identified by a code at the end of each axis. The three dimensions measured by the survey are grouped together on the radar charts, and each dimension is labeled: Affect of Service (AS), Information Control (IC), and Library as Place (LP).

Radar charts are used in this notebook to present the item summaries (the results from the 22 core survey questions).

#### How to read a radar chart

Radar charts are an effective way to show strengths and weaknesses graphically by enabling you to observe symmetry or uniformity of data. Points close to the center indicate a low value, while points near the edge indicate a high value. When interpreting a radar chart, it is important to check each individual axis as well as the chart’s overall shape in order to gain a complete understanding of its meaning. You can see how much data fluctuates by observing whether the spiral is smooth or has spikes of variability.

Respondents’ minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted on each axis of your LibQUAL+ radar charts. The resulting “gaps” between the three levels are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red. Generally, a radar graph shaded blue and yellow indicates that users’ perceptions of service fall within the “zone of tolerance”; the distance between minimum expectations and perceptions of service quality is shaded in blue, and the distance between their desired and perceived levels of service quality is shown in yellow. When users’ perceptions fall outside the “zone of tolerance,” the graph will include areas of red and green shading. If the distance between users’ minimum expectations and perceptions of service delivery is represented in red, that indicates a negative service adequacy gap score. If the distance between the desired level of service and perceptions of service delivery is represented in green, that indicates a positive service superiority gap score.

#### Means

The mean of a collection of numbers is their arithmetic average, computed by adding them up and dividing by their total number.

In this notebook, means are provided for users’ minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality for each

item on the LibQUAL+ survey. Means are also provided for the general satisfaction and information literacy outcomes questions.

### **Standard Deviation**

Standard deviation is a measure of the spread of data around their mean. The standard deviation (SD) depends on calculating the average distance of each score from the mean. If all users rated an item identically, the SD would be zero. Larger SDs indicate more disparate opinions of the users about library service quality.

In this notebook, standard deviations are provided for every mean presented in the tables. In a very real sense, the SD indicates how well a given numerical mean does at representing all the data. If the SD of the scores about a given mean was zero, the mean perfectly represents everyone's scores, and all the scores and the mean are all identical!

### **Service Adequacy**

The service adequacy gap score is calculated by subtracting the minimum score from the perceived score on any given question, for each user. Both means and standard deviations are provided for service adequacy gap scores on each item of the survey, as well as for each of the three dimensions of library service quality. In general, service adequacy is an indicator of the extent to which you are meeting the minimum expectations of your users. A negative service adequacy gap score indicates that your users' perceived level of service quality is below their minimum level of service quality and is printed in red.

### **Service Superiority**

The service superiority gap score is calculated by subtracting the desired score from the perceived score on any given question, for each user. Both means and standard deviations are provided for service superiority gap scores on each item of the survey, as well as for each of the three dimensions of library service quality. In general, service superiority is an indicator of the extent to which you are exceeding the desired expectations of your users. A positive service superiority gap score indicates that your users' perceived level of service quality is above their desired level of service quality and is printed in green.

Sections with charts and tables are omitted from the following pages when there are three or fewer individuals in a specific group.

In consortia notebooks, institution type summaries are not shown if there is only one library for an institution type. Individual library notebooks are produced separately for each participant.

## 1.6 A Few Words about LibQUAL+® 2015

Libraries today confront escalating pressure to demonstrate value and impact. As Cullen (2001) has noted,

Academic libraries are currently facing their greatest challenge since the explosion in tertiary education and academic publishing which began after World War II... [T]he emergence of the virtual university, supported by the virtual library, calls into question many of our basic assumptions about the role of the academic library, and the security of its future. Retaining and growing their customer base, and focusing more energy on meeting their customers' expectations is the only way for academic libraries to survive in this volatile environment. (pp. 662-663)

Today, "A measure of library quality based solely on collections has become obsolete" (Nitecki, 1996, p. 181). These considerations have prompted the Association of Research Libraries (ARL) to sponsor a number of "New Measures" initiatives. The New Measures efforts represent a collective determination on the part of the ARL membership to augment the collection-count and fiscal input measures that comprise the ARL Index and ARL Statistics, to date the most consistently collected statistics for research libraries, with outcome measures such as assessments of service quality and satisfaction. One New Measures Initiative is the LibQUAL+ service (Cook, Heath & B. Thompson, 2002, 2003; Heath, Cook, Kyrillidou & Thompson, 2002; Kyrillidou & Cook, 2008; Kyrillidou, Cook, & Rao, 2008; Thompson, Cook & Heath, 2003; Thompson, Cook & Thompson, 2002; Thompson, Kyrillidou & Cook, 2007a, 2007b, 2008).

Within a service-quality assessment model, "only customers judge quality; all other judgments are essentially irrelevant" (Zeithaml, Parasuraman, Berry, 1990, p. 16). LibQUAL+® was modeled on the 22-item SERVQUAL tool developed by Parasuraman, Berry and Zeithaml (Parasuraman, Berry & Zeithaml, 1991). However, SERVQUAL has been shown to measure some issues not particularly relevant in libraries, and to not measure some issues of considerable interest to library users.

The final 22 LibQUAL+ items were developed through several iterations of studies involving a larger pool of 56 items. The selection of items employed in the LibQUAL+ survey has been grounded in the users' perspective as revealed in a series of qualitative studies involving a larger pool of items. The items were identified following qualitative research interviews with student and faculty library users at several different universities (Cook, 2002a; Cook & Heath, 2001).

LibQUAL+ is not just a list of 22 standardized items. First, LibQUAL+ offers libraries the ability to select five optional local service quality assessment items. Second, the survey includes a comments box soliciting open-ended user views. Almost half of the people responding to the LibQUAL+ survey provide valuable feedback through the comments box. These open-ended comments are helpful for not only (a) understanding why users provide certain ratings, but also (b) understanding what policy changes users suggest, because many users feel the obligation to be constructive. Participating libraries are finding the real-time access to user comments one of the most useful devices in challenging library administrators to think outside of the box and develop innovative ways for improving library services.

LibQUAL+ is one of 11 ways of listening to users, called a total market survey. As Berry (1995) explained,

When well designed and executed, total market surveys provide a range of information unmatched by any other method... A critical facet of total market surveys (and the reason for using the word 'total') is the measurement of competitors' service quality. This [also] requires using non-customers in the sample to rate the service of their suppliers. (p. 37)

Although (a) measuring perceptions of both users and non-users, and (b) collecting perceptions data with regard to peer institutions can provide important insights Berry recommended using multiple listening methods and emphasized that "Ongoing data collection... is a necessity. Transactional surveys, total market surveys, and employee research should always be included" (Berry, 1995, p. 54).

### **LibQUAL+ Lite**

In 2010, the LibQUAL+ Lite customization feature was introduced: a shorter version of the survey that takes less time to fill in. The Lite protocol uses item sampling methods to gather data on all 22 LibQUAL+ core items, while only requiring a given single user to respond to a subset of the 22 core questions. Every Lite user responds to one “linking” item from each of the subscales (Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place), and to a randomly-selected subset of five items from the remaining 19 core LibQUAL+ items. However, all 22 core items are completed by at least some users on a given campus. As a consequence, because individual Lite users only complete a subset of the core items, survey response times are roughly cut in half, while the library still receives data on every survey question. Each participating library sets a “Lite-view Percentage” to determine what percentage of individuals will randomly receive the Lite versus the long version of the survey.

The mechanics of item sampling strategy and results from pilot testing are described in Martha Kyriallidou’s dissertation, *Item Sampling in Service Quality Assessment Surveys to Improve Response Rates and Reduce Respondent Burden: The “LibQUAL+® Lite” Randomized Control Trial (RCT)*. Findings indicate that LibQUAL+ Lite is the preferred and improved alternative to the long form of 22 core items that has been established since 2003. The difference between the long and the Lite version of the survey is enough to result in higher participation rates ranging from 3.1 to 10.6 percent more for surveys that reduce average response times from 10 to 6 minutes (Kyriallidou, 2009, Thompson, Kyriallidou & Cook, 2009a; Thompson, Kyriallidou & Cook, 2009b).

### Score Scaling

“Perceived” scores on the 22 LibQUAL+ core items, the three subscales, and the total score, are all scaled 1 to 9, with 9 being the most favorable. Both the gap scores (“Adequacy” = “Perceived” - “Minimum”; “Superiority” = “Perceived” - “Desired”) are scaled such that higher scores are more favorable. Thus, an *adequacy* gap score of +1.2 on an item, subscale, or total score is better than an adequacy gap score of +1.0. A *superiority* gap score of -0.5 on an item, subscale, or total score is better than a superiority gap score of -1.0.

### Using LibQUAL+ Data

In some cases LibQUAL+ data may confirm prior expectations and library staff will readily formulate action plans to remedy perceived deficiencies. But in many cases library decision-makers will seek additional information to corroborate interpretations or to better understand the dynamics underlying user perceptions.

For example, once an interpretation is formulated, library staff might review recent submissions of users to suggestion boxes to evaluate whether LibQUAL+ data are consistent with interpretations, and the suggestion box data perhaps also provide user suggestions for remedies. User focus groups also provide a powerful way to explore problems and potential solutions. A university-wide retreat with a small-group facilitated discussion to solicit suggestions for improvement is another follow-up mechanism that has been implemented in several LibQUAL+ participating libraries.

Indeed, the open-ended comments gathered as part of LibQUAL+ are themselves useful in fleshing out insights into perceived library service quality. Respondents often use the comments box on the survey to make constructive suggestions on specific ways to address their concerns. Qualitative analysis of these comments can be very fruitful. In short, LibQUAL+ is not 22 items. LibQUAL+® is 22 items plus a comments box!

Cook (2002b) provided case study reports of how staff at various libraries have employed data from prior renditions of LibQUAL+. Heath, Kyriallidou, and Askew edited a special issue of the *Journal of Library Administration* (Vol. 40, No. 3/4) reporting additional case studies on the use of LibQUAL+ data to aid the improvement of library service quality. This special issue has also been published by Hayworth Press as a monograph. Kyriallidou (2008) edited a compilation of articles that complements and provides an updated perspective on these earlier special issues. These publications can be ordered by sending an email to [libqual@arl.org](mailto:libqual@arl.org). Numerous other articles have been published in the literature; a bibliography can be found in the Publications section of the LibQUAL+ website under ‘Related articles.’

### Data Screening

The 22 LibQUAL+ core items measure perceptions of total service quality, as well as three sub-dimensions of perceived library quality: (a) *Service Affect* (9 items, such as "willingness to help users"); (b) *Information Control* (8 items, such as "a library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own" and "print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work"); and (c) *Library as Place* (5 items, such as "a getaway for study, learning, or research").

However, as happens in any survey, some users provided incomplete data, inconsistent data, or both. In compiling the summary data reported here, several criteria were used to determine which respondents to omit from these analyses.

**1. Complete Data.** The Web software that presents the core items monitors whether a given user has completed all items. On each of these items, in order to submit the survey successfully, users must provide a rating of (a) minimally-acceptable service, (b) desired service, and (c) perceived service or rate the item "not applicable" ("N/A"). If these conditions are not met, when the user attempts to leave the Web page presenting the core items, the software shows the user where missing data are located, and requests complete data. The user may of course abandon the survey without completing all the items. *Only records with complete data on the presented core items and where respondents chose a "user group," if applicable, were retained in summary statistics.*

**2. "N/A" Responses.** Because some institutions provided access to a lottery drawing for an incentive for completing the survey, some users might have selected "N/A" choices for all or most of the items rather than reporting their actual perceptions. Or, some users may have views on such a narrow range of quality issues that their data are not very informative. *It was decided that records of the long version of the survey containing more than 11 "N/A" responses and records of the Lite version containing more than 4 "N/A" responses should be eliminated from the summary statistics.*

**3. Inconsistent Responses.** On the LibQUAL+® survey, user perceptions can be interpreted by locating "perceived" results within the "zone of tolerance" defined by data from the "minimum" and the "desired" ratings. For example, a mean "perceived" rating of 7.5 on the 1-to-9 (9 is highest) scale might be very good if the mean "desired" rating is 6.0. But a 7.5 perception score is less satisfactory if the mean "desired" rating is 8.6, or if the mean "minimum" rating is 7.7.

One appealing feature of such a "gap measurement model" is that the rating format provides a check for inconsistencies (i.e., score inversions) in the response data (Thompson, Cook & Heath, 2000). Logically, on a given item the "minimum" rating should not be higher than the "desired" rating on the same item. For each user a count of such inconsistencies was made. *Records of the long version of the survey containing more than 9 logical inconsistencies and records of the Lite version containing more than 3 logical inconsistencies were eliminated from the summary statistics.*

### LibQUAL+ Norms

An important way to interpret LibQUAL+ data is by examining the zones of tolerance for items, the three subscale scores, and the total scores. However, the collection of such a huge number of user perceptions has afforded us with the unique opportunity to create norms tables that provide yet another perspective on results.

Norms tell us how scores "stack up" within a particular user group. For example, on the 1-to-9 (9 is highest) scale, users might provide a mean "perceived" rating of 6.5 on an item, "the printed library materials I need for my work." The same users might provide a mean rating on "minimum" for this item of 7.0, and a mean service-adequacy "gap score" (i.e., "perceived" minus "minimum") of -0.5.

The zone-of-tolerance perspective suggests that this library is not doing well on this item, because "perceived" falls below "minimally acceptable." This is important to know. But there is also a second way (i.e., normatively) to interpret the data. Both perspectives can be valuable.

A total market survey administered to more than 100,000 users, as was LibQUAL+ in 2004 and 2005, affords the opportunity to ask normative questions such as, "How does a mean 'perceived' score of 6.5 stack up among all individual users who completed the survey?", or "How does a mean service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 stack up

among the gap scores of all institutions participating in the survey?"

If 70 percent of individual users generated "perceived" ratings lower than 6.5, 6.5 might not be so bad. And if 90 percent of institutions had service-adequacy gap scores lower than -0.5 (e.g., -0.7, -1.1), a mean gap score of -0.5 might actually be quite good. Users simply may have quite high expectations in this area. They may also communicate their dissatisfaction by rating both (a) "perceived" lower and (b) "minimum" higher. This does not mean that a service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 is necessarily a cause for celebration. But a service-adequacy gap score of -0.5 on an item for which 90 percent of institutions have a lower gap score is a different gap score than the same -0.5 for a different item in which 90 percent of institutions have a higher service-adequacy gap score.

Only norms give us insight into this comparative perspective. And a local user-satisfaction survey (as against a total market survey) can never provide this insight.

**Common Misconception Regarding Norms.** An unfortunate and incorrect misconception is that norms make value statements. Norms do not make value statements! Norms make fact statements. If you are a forest ranger, and you make \$25,000 a year, a norms table might inform you of the fact that you make less money than 85 percent of the adults in the United States.

But if you love the outdoors, you do not care very much about money, and you are very service-oriented, this fact statement might not be relevant to you. Or, in the context of your values, you might interpret this fact as being quite satisfactory.

**LibQUAL+ Norms Tables.** Of course, the fact statements made by the LibQUAL+ norms are only valuable if you care about the dimensions being evaluated by the measure. More background on LibQUAL+ norms is provided by Cook and Thompson (2001), and Cook, Heath and B. Thompson (2002). LibQUAL+ norms are available on the LibQUAL+ website at:

<[http://www.libqual.org/resources/norms\\_tables](http://www.libqual.org/resources/norms_tables)>

### Response Rates

At the American Library Association (ALA) Midwinter Meeting in San Antonio in January 2000, participants were cautioned that response rates on the final LibQUAL+® survey would probably range from 25-33 percent. Higher response rates can be realized (a) with shorter surveys that (b) are directly action-oriented (Cook, Heath & R.L. Thompson, 2000). For example, a very high response rate could be realized by a library director administering the following one-item survey to users:

Instructions. Please tell us what time to close the library every day. In the future **we will close at whatever time receives the most votes.**

Should we close the library at?

(A) 10 p.m.    (B) 11 p.m.    (C) midnight    (D) 2 p.m.

Lower response rates will be expected for total market surveys measuring general perceptions of users across institutions, and when an intentional effort is made to solicit perceptions of both users and non-users. Two considerations should govern the evaluation of LibQUAL+ response rates.

**Minimum Response Rates.** Response rates are computed by dividing the number of completed surveys at an institution by the number of persons asked to complete the survey. However, we do not know the actual response rates on LibQUAL+, because we do not know the correct denominators for these calculations.

For example, given inadequacy in records at schools, we are not sure how many e-mail addresses for users are accurate. And we do not know how many messages to invite participation were actually opened. In other words, what we know for LibQUAL+ is the "lower-bound estimate" of response rates.

For example, if 200 out of 800 solicitations result in completed surveys, we know that the response rate is at least 25 percent. But because we are not sure whether 800 e-mail addresses were correct or that 800 e-mail messages were opened, we are not sure that 800 is the correct denominator. The response rate involving only correct e-mail addresses might be 35 or 45 percent. We don't know the exact response rate.

**Representativeness Versus Response Rate.** If 100 percent of the 800 people we randomly selected to complete our survey did so, then we can be assured that the results are representative of all users. But if only 25 percent of the 800 users complete the survey, the representativeness of the results is not assured. Nor is unrepresentativeness assured.

Representativeness is actually a matter of degree. And several institutions each with 25 percent response rates may have data with different degrees of representativeness.

We can never be sure about how representative our data are as long as not everyone completes the survey. But we can at least address this concern by comparing the demographic profiles of survey completers with the population (Thompson, 2000). At which university below would one feel more confident that LibQUAL+ results were reasonably representative?

#### Alpha University

Completers (n=200 / 800)	Population (N=16,000)
Gender	Gender
Students 53% female	Students 51% female
Faculty 45% female	Faculty 41% female
Disciplines	Disciplines
Liberal Arts 40%	Liberal Arts 35%
Science 15%	Science 20%
Other 45%	Other 45%

#### Omega University

Completers (n=200 / 800)	Population (N=23,000)
Gender	Gender
Students 35% female	Students 59% female
Faculty 65% female	Faculty 43% female
Disciplines	Disciplines
Liberal Arts 40%	Liberal Arts 15%
Science 20%	Science 35%
Other 40%	Other 50%

The persuasiveness of such analyses is greater as the number of variables used in the comparisons is greater. The LibQUAL+ software has been expanded to automate these comparisons and to output side-by-side graphs and tables comparing sample and population profiles for given institutions. Show these to people who question result representativeness.

However, one caution is in order regarding percentages. When total n is small for an institution, or within a particular subgroup, huge changes in percentages can result from very small shifts in numbers.

#### LibQUAL+ Analytics

The LibQUAL+ Analytics is a tool that permits participants to dynamically create institution-specific tables and charts for different subgroups and across years. The current interface grants access to 2004-2016 statistical data and unifies the analysis within an institution's data (formerly called institution explorer) and across time (longitudinal analysis). It provides a one-stop dynamic shop to interactively analyze results and benchmark with other institutions. Participants can refine the data by selecting specific years, user groups, and disciplines, view and save the selection in various tables and charts, and download their datasets for further manipulation in their preferred software. For a subscription to LibQUAL+ Analytics, e-mail [libqual@arl.org](mailto:libqual@arl.org).

## **Survey Data**

In addition to the notebooks, the norms, and the Analytics, LibQUAL+ also makes available (a) raw survey data in SPSS and (b) raw survey data in Excel for all participating libraries. The survey comments are also downloadable in various formats from the website.

## **Library Assessment Conference**

The growing community of practice related to library assessment is convening regularly in North America through the Library Assessment Conference. Gatherings of this community have taken place on a biennial basis since 2006. The proceedings and recent information are available at

**<<http://www.libraryassessment.org>>**

For more information, about LibQUAL+® or the Association of Research Libraries' Statistics and Assessment program, see:

**<<http://www.libqual.org/>>**

**<<http://www.statsqual.org/>>**

**<<http://www.arl.org/stats/>>**

**<<http://www.arl.org/focus-areas/statistics-assessment>>**



## References

- Begay, Wendy, Daniel R. Lee, Jim Martin, and Michael Ray. "Quantifying Qualitative Data: Using LibQUAL+(TM) Comments for Library-Wide Planning Activities at the University of Arizona." *Journal of Library Administration* 40, no. 3/4 (2004): 111-120.
- Berry, L.L. *On Great Service: A Framework For Action*. New York: The Free Press, 1995.
- Bradford, Dennis W. and Tim Bower. "Using Content Analysis Software to Analyze Survey Comments." *Portal: Libraries and the Academy* 8, no. 4 (2008): 423-437.
- Cabrerizo, Francisco J., Ignacio J. Pérez, Javier López-Gijón, Enrique Herrera-Viedma, An Extended LibQUAL+ Model Based on Fuzzy Linguistic Information. *Modeling Decisions for Artificial Intelligence Lecture Notes in Computer Science 2012*: 90-101.
- Calvert, Philip, J. *Assessing the Effectiveness and Quality of Libraries*. Ph.D. Thesis, Victoria University of Wellington, 2008.
- Cook, Colleen C., Fred Heath, and Bruce Thompson. LibQUAL+™ from the UK Perspective. 5th Northumbria International Conference Proceedings, Durham, UK, July, 2003.
- Cook, Colleen C. (Guest Ed.). "Library Decision-Makers Speak to Their Uses of Their LibQUAL+™ Data: Some LibQUAL+™ Case Studies." *Performance Measurement and Metrics*, 3 (2002b).
- Cook, Colleen C. "A Mixed-Methods Approach to the Identification and Measurement of Academic Library Service Quality Constructs: LibQUAL+™." (PhD diss., Texas A&M University, 2001) *Dissertation Abstracts International*, 62 (2002A): 2295A (University Microfilms No. AAT3020024).
- Cook, Colleen C., and Fred Heath. "Users' Perceptions of Library Service Quality: A 'LibQUAL+™' Qualitative Study." *Library Trends*, 49 (2001): 548-84.
- Cook, Colleen C., Fred Heath, and Bruce Thompson. "'Zones of tolerance' in Perceptions of Library Service Quality: A LibQUAL+™ Study." *portal: Libraries and the Academy*, 3 (2003): 113-123.
- Cook, Colleen C., Fred Heath and Bruce Thompson.. "Score Norms for Improving Library Service Quality: A LibQUAL+™ Study." *portal: Libraries and the Academy*, 2 (2002): 13-26.
- Cook, Colleen C., Fred Heath, and Russell L. Thompson. "A Meta-Analysis of Response Rates in Web- or Internet-based Surveys." *Educational and Psychological Measurement*, 60 (2000): 821-36.
- Cook, Colleen C., and Bruce Thompson. "Psychometric Properties of Scores from the Web-based LibQUAL+™ Study of Perceptions of Library Service Quality." *Library Trends*, 49 (2001): 585-604.
- Cook, C., Bruce Thompson, and Martha Kyrillidou. (2010, May). Does using item sampling methods in library service quality assessment affect score norms?: A LibQUAL+® Lite study. <[http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq\\_gr\\_3.pdf](http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq_gr_3.pdf)>. Paper presented at the 2nd Qualitative and Quantitative Methods in Libraries (QQML 2010) International Conference, Chania (Crete), Greece, May 27, 2010.
- Cullen, Rowena. "Perspectives on User Satisfaction Surveys." *Library Trends*, 49 (2002): 662-86.
- Detlor, Brian and Kathy Ball. "Getting more value from the LibQUAL+ survey: The merits of qualitative analysis and importance-satisfaction matrices in assessing library patron comments." *College and Research Libraries*, 76 (2015): 796-810.

- Fagan, Jodi Condit. "The dimensions of library service quality: A confirmatory factor analysis of the LibQUAL+ model." *Library & Information Science Research* 36, no. 1 (2014): 36-48.
- Greenwood, Judy T., Alex P. Watson, and Melissa Dennis. "Ten Years of LibQual: A Study of Qualitative and Quantitative Survey Results at the University of Mississippi 2001-2010." *The Journal of Academic Librarianship* 37, no. 4 (2011): 312-318.
- Guidry, Julie Anna. "LibQUAL+(TM) spring 2001 comments: a qualitative analysis using Atlas.ti ." *Performance Measurement and Metrics* 3, no. 2 (2002): 100-107.
- Heath, F., Martha Kyrillidou. and Consuella A. Askew (Guest Eds.). "Libraries Report on Their LibQUAL+® Findings: From Data to Action." *Journal of Library Administration* 40 (3/4) (2004).
- Heath, F., Colleen C. Cook, Martha Kyrillidou, and Bruce Thompson. "ARL Index and Other Validity Correlates of LibQUAL+™ Scores." *portal: Libraries and the Academy*, 2 (2002): 27-42.
- Jones, Sherri and Kayongo, Jessica. "Identifying Student and Faculty Needs through LibQUAL+™: An Analysis of Qualitative Survey Comments." *College & Research Libraries* 69, no. 6 (2008): 493-509.
- Kieftenbeld, Vincent and Prathiba Natesan. "Examining the measurement and structural invariance of LibQUAL+® across user groups." *Library & Information Science Research* 35, no. 2 (2013): 143-150.
- Kyrillidou, M. The Globalization of Library Assessment and the Role of LibQUAL+®. From Library Science to Information Science: Studies in Honor of G. Kakouri (Athens, Greece: Tipothito-Giorgos Dardanos, 2005). [In Greek]
- Kyrillidou, Martha. "Library Assessment As A Collaborative Enterprise." *Resource Sharing and Information Networks*, 18 ½ (2005-2006): 73-87.
- Kyrillidou, Martha. (2006). "Measuring Library Service Quality: A Perceived Outcome for Libraries. This chapter appears in *Revisiting Outcomes Assessment in Higher Education*. Edited by Peter Hernon, Robert E. Dugan, and Candy Schwartz (Westport, CT: Library Unlimited, 2006): 351-66.
- Kyrillidou, Martha. (Guest Ed.). "LibQUAL+® and Beyond: Library assessment with a focus on library improvement." *Performance Measurement and Metrics*, 9 (3) (2008).
- Kyrillidou, M. "Item Sampling in Service Quality Assessment Surveys to Improve Response Rates and Reduce Respondent Burden: The "LibQUAL+® Lite" Randomized Control Trial (RCT)" (PhD diss., University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign, 2009).  
<[https://www.ideals.illinois.edu/bitstream/handle/2142/14570/Kyrillidou\\_Martha.pdf?sequence=3](https://www.ideals.illinois.edu/bitstream/handle/2142/14570/Kyrillidou_Martha.pdf?sequence=3)>
- Kyrillidou, Martha and Colleen C. Cook. "The evolution of measurement and evaluation of libraries: a perspective from the Association of Research Libraries." *Library Trends* 56 (4) (Spring 2008): 888-909.
- Kyrillidou, Martha and Colleen C. Cook and S. Shyam Sunder Rao. "Measuring the Quality of Library Service through LibQUAL+®." In *Academic Library Research: Perspectives and Current Trends*. Edited by Marie L. Radford and Pamela Snelson (Chicago, IL: ACRL/ALA, 2008): 253-301.
- Kyrillidou, M., Terry Olshen, Fred Heath, Claude Bonnelly, and Jean-Pierre Côté. "Cross-Cultural Implementation of LibQUAL+™: the French Language Experience. *5th Northumbria International Conference Proceedings* (Durham, UK, 2003): 193-99.
- Kyrillidou, M., Colleen Cook. and Bruce Thompson. (2010, May). Does using item sampling methods in library service quality assessment affect zone of tolerance boundaries?: A LibQUAL+® Lite study  
<[http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq\\_gr\\_2.pdf](http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq_gr_2.pdf)>. Paper presented at the 2nd Qualitative and Quantitative Methods in Libraries (QQML 2010) International Conference, Chania (Crete), Greece,

May 27, 2010.

- Kyrillidou, M. and Mark Young. ARL Statistics 2003-04. Washington, DC: Association of Research Libraries, 2005.
- Lane, Forrest C., Baaska Anderson, Hector F. Ponce and Prathiba Natesan. "Factorial Invariance of LibQUAL+® as a Measure of Library Service Quality Over Time." *Library & Information Science Research* 34, no. 1 (2012): 22-30.
- Miller, Kathleen. *Service Quality in Academic Libraries: An Analysis of LibQUAL+™ Scores and Institutional Characteristics*. Ed.D. Dissertation, University of Central Florida, 2008.
- Nitecki, D.A. "Changing the Concept and Measure of Service Quality in Academic Libraries." *The Journal of Academic Librarianship*, 22 (1996): 181-90.
- Parasuraman, A., Leonard Berry, and Valerie Zeithaml. "Refinement and Reassessment of the SERVQUAL Scale" *Journal of Retailing*, 67 (1991): 420-50.
- Thompson, B. "Representativeness Versus Response Rate: It Ain't the Response Rate!." Paper presented at the Association of Research Libraries (ARL) Measuring Service Quality Symposium on the New Culture of Assessment: Measuring Service Quality, Washington, DC, October 2002.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Fred Heath. "The LibQUAL+™ Gap Measurement Model: The Bad, the Ugly, and the Good of Gap Measurement." *Performance Measurement and Metrics*, 1 (2002): 165-78.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Fred Heath. "Structure of Perceptions of Service Quality in Libraries: A LibQUAL+™ Study." *Structural Equation Modeling*, 10 (2003): 456-464.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Russell L. Thompson. Reliability and Structure of LibQUAL+™ Scores: Measuring Perceived Library Service Quality. *portal: Libraries and the Academy*, 2 (2002): 3-12.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. (2005). Concurrent validity of LibQUAL+® scores: What do LibQUAL+® scores measure? *Journal of Academic Librarianship*, 31: 517-22.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "Using Localized Survey Items to Augment Standardized Benchmarking Measures: A LibQUAL+® Study." *portal: Libraries and the Academy*, 6(2) (2006): 219-30.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "Stability of Library Service Quality Benchmarking Norms Across Time and Cohorts: A LibQUAL+® Study." Paper presented at the Asia-Pacific Conference of Library and Information Education and Practice (A-LIEP), Singapore, April 3-4 2006.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "How Can You Evaluate the Integrity of Your Library Assessment Data: Intercontinental LibQUAL+® Analysis Used as Concrete Heuristic Examples." Paper presented at the Library Assessment Conference: Building Effective, Sustainable, and Practical Assessment, Charlottesville, VA, August 4-6, 2006.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "On-premises Library versus Google™-Like Information Gateway Usage Patterns: A LibQUAL+® Study." *portal: Libraries and the Academy* 7 (4) (Oct 2007a): 463-480.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "User library service expectations in health science vs. other settings: a LibQUAL+® Study." *Health Information and Libraries Journal* 24 (8) Supplement 1, (Dec 2007b): 38-45.
- Thompson, B., Colleen C. Cook, and Martha Kyrillidou. "Library Users Service Desires: a LibQUAL+® Study." *Library Quarterly* 78 (1) (Jan 2008): 1-18.

- Thompson, B., Martha Kyrillidou, and Colleen Cook. "Item sampling in service quality assessment surveys to improve response rates and reduce respondent burden: The "LibQUAL+® Lite" example." *Performance Measurement & Metrics*, 10 (1) (2009): 6-16.
- Thompson, B., Martha Kyrillidou, and Colleen Cook. "Equating scores on Lite and long library user survey forms: The LibQUAL+® Lite randomized control trials." *Performance Measurement & Metrics*, 10 (3) (2009): 212-219.
- Thompson, B., Martha Kyrillidou, and Colleen Cook. (2010, May). "Does using item sampling methods in library service quality assessment compromise data integrity?: A LibQUAL+® Lite study. <[http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq\\_gr\\_1.pdf](http://libqual.org/documents/LibQual/publications/lq_gr_1.pdf)>". Paper presented at the 2nd Qualitative and Quantitative Methods in Libraries (QQL 2010) International Conference, Chania (Crete), Greece, May 27, 2010.
- Thompson, B., Martha Kyrillidou, and Colleen Cook. "Does using item sampling methods in library service quality assessment compromise data integrity or zone of tolerance interpretation?: A LibQUAL+® Lite Study." 2010 Library Assessment Conference: Building Effective, Sustainable, Practical Assessment. Baltimore MD, October 25-27, 2010. (Washington DC: Association of Research Libraries, 2011).
- Town, S., and Martha Kyrillidou. "Developing a Values Scorecard" *Performance Measurement and Metrics* 14 (1) (2013): 1-16.

## 1.7 Consortium Contact Information for LIBER

The person below served as the consortium's primary LibQUAL+ liaison during this survey implementation.

---

Name:

Title:

Organization:

Address:

Phone:

Email:

---

## 1.8 Survey Protocol and Language for LIBER

The data below indicate the number of valid surveys collected by language and long/Lite breakdowns.

		Long	Lite	Total <i>(by Language)</i>
<b>Danish</b>	<i>Count</i>	1,733	1,809	<b>3,542</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	48.93	51.07	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	25.86	23.18	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	11.95	12.47	24.42
<b>English (British)</b>	<i>Count</i>	2,956	1,242	<b>4,198</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	70.41	29.59	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	44.11	15.91	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	20.38	8.56	28.94
<b>Estonian</b>	<i>Count</i>	1,337	0	<b>1,337</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	100.00	0.00	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	19.95	0.00	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	9.22	0.00	9.22
<b>Finnish</b>	<i>Count</i>	0	4,252	<b>4,252</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	0.00	100.00	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	0.00	54.48	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	0.00	29.31	29.31
<b>Slovenian</b>	<i>Count</i>	451	0	<b>451</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	100.00	0.00	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	6.73	0.00	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	3.11	0.00	3.11
<b>Spanish (Europe)</b>	<i>Count</i>	224	0	<b>224</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	100.00	0.00	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	3.34	0.00	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	1.54	0.00	1.54
<b>Swedish (Europe)</b>	<i>Count</i>	0	501	<b>501</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>	0.00	100.00	100.00
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	0.00	6.42	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	0.00	3.45	3.45
<b>Total</b> <i>(by Survey Protocol)</i>	<i>Count</i>	<b>6,701</b>	<b>7,804</b>	<b>14,505</b>
	<i>% of Language</i>			
	<i>% of Protocol</i>	100.00	100.00	
	<i>% of Total Cases</i>	46.20	53.80	100.00

## 2 Respondents by Institution for LIBER

Below is a listing of all the consortium institutions that participated in the 2016 LibQUAL+ survey. Where applicable, they have been separated out by library type (e.g. Academic Health Sciences, College or University, Community College). The number of respondents from each institution and the percentage of the total number of consortium respondents that they represent are provided.

Institution	Respondents n	Respondents %
<b>College or University</b>		
1) Aarhus University, AU Library	1,950	13.44%
2) Åbo Akademi University	558	3.85%
3) Copenhagen University	1,207	8.32%
4) Helsinki University	263	1.81%
5) Roskilde University	347	2.39%
6) Tallinn University of Technology	858	5.92%
7) Tampere University	1,280	8.82%
8) Tampere University of Technology	638	4.40%
9) Technical University of Denmark	663	4.57%
10) Universitat Oberta de Catalunya	224	1.54%
11) University of Maribor	451	3.11%
12) University of Southern Denmark	1,643	11.33%
13) University of Tartu Library	626	4.32%
14) University of Turku	2,452	16.90%
<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>13,160</b>	<b>90.73%</b>
<b>European Business</b>		
15) Copenhagen Business School Library	1,345	9.27%
<b>Sub Total</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>9.27%</b>
<b>Grand Total:</b>	<b>14,505</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### 3 College or University Summary for LIBER

#### 3.1 Demographic Summary for College or University

##### 3.1.1 Respondents by User Group

User Group	Respondent n	Respondent %
<b>Undergraduate</b>		
First year	2,741	20.84%
Second year	841	6.39%
Third year	997	7.58%
Fourth year	587	4.46%
Fifth year and above	873	6.64%
Non-degree	740	5.63%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	<b>6,779</b>	<b>51.54%</b>
<b>Postgraduate</b>		
Taught Masters degree	1,783	13.56%
Research Masters degree	1,492	11.34%
Doctoral Research degree	731	5.56%
Non-degree	518	3.94%
Undecided	43	0.33%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	<b>4,567</b>	<b>34.72%</b>
<b>Academic Staff</b>		
Professor	203	1.54%
Reader	42	0.32%
Senior / Principal Lecturer	98	0.75%
Lecturer	221	1.68%
Research Staff	280	2.13%
Other Academic Status	286	2.17%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	<b>1,130</b>	<b>8.59%</b>
<b>Library Staff</b>		
Senior Management	0	0.00%
Department Head / Team Leader	46	0.35%
Professional Staff	45	0.34%
Support Staff	10	0.08%
Other	54	0.41%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	<b>155</b>	<b>1.18%</b>
<b>Staff</b>		
Administrative or Academic Related Staff	237	1.80%
Other staff positions	285	2.17%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	<b>522</b>	<b>3.97%</b>
<b>Total:</b>	<b>13,153</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

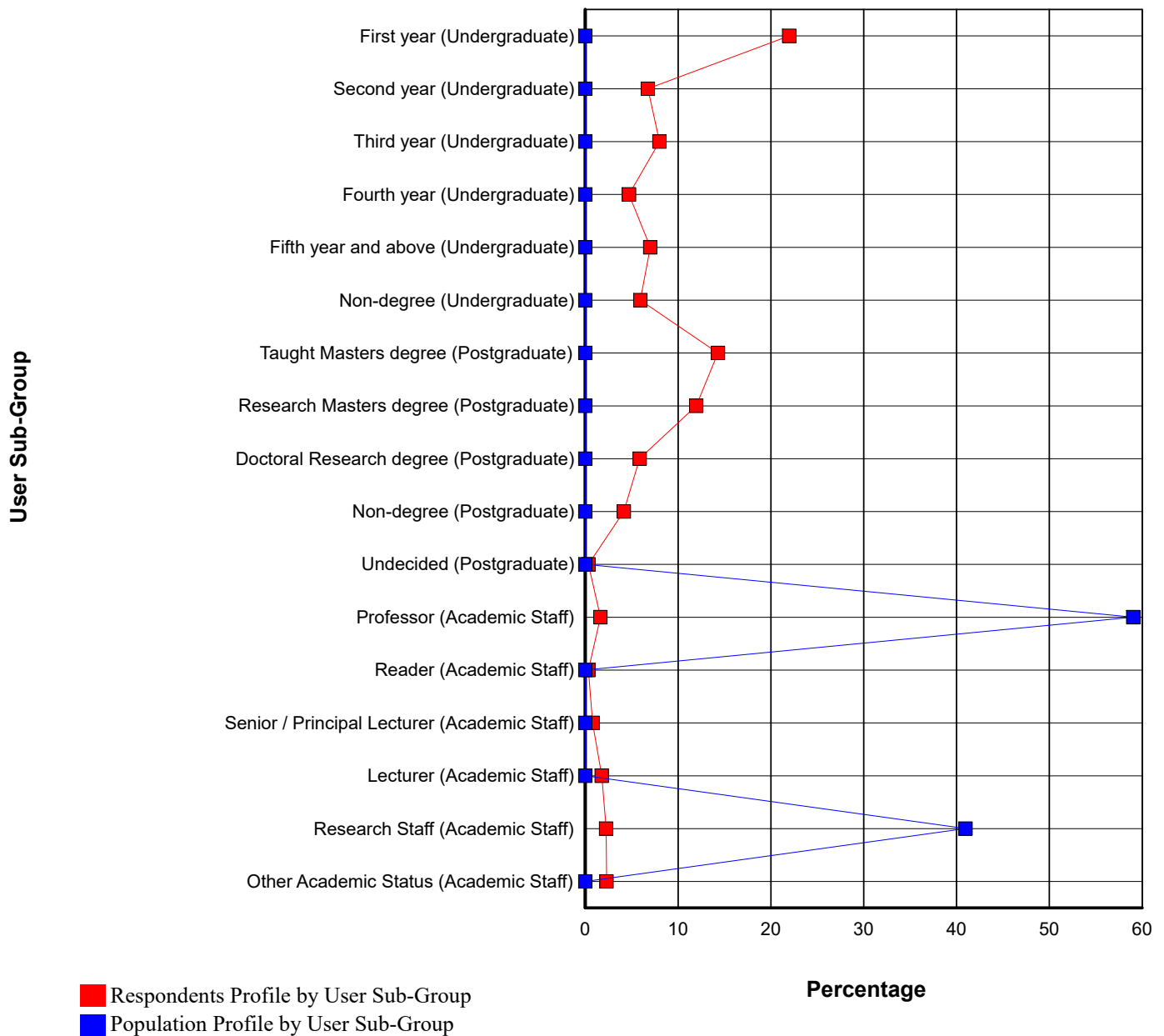


### 3.1.2 Population and Respondents by User Sub-Group

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by sub-group (e.g. First year, Masters, Professor), based on user responses to the demographic questions at the end of the survey instrument and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

The chart maps the percentage of respondents for each user subgroup in red. Population percentages for each user subgroup are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each user sub-group for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

User Sub-Group	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
First year (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	2,741	21.97	-21.97
Second year (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	841	6.74	-6.74
Third year (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	997	7.99	-7.99
Fourth year (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	587	4.71	-4.71
Fifth year and above (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	873	7.00	-7.00
Non-degree (Undergraduate)	0	0.00	740	5.93	-5.93
Taught Masters degree (Postgraduate)	0	0.00	1,783	14.29	-14.29
Research Masters degree (Postgraduate)	0	0.00	1,492	11.96	-11.96
Doctoral Research degree (Postgraduate)	0	0.00	731	5.86	-5.86
Non-degree (Postgraduate)	0	0.00	518	4.15	-4.15
Undecided (Postgraduate)	0	0.00	43	0.34	-0.34
Professor (Academic Staff)	330	59.03	203	1.63	57.41
Reader (Academic Staff)	0	0.00	42	0.34	-0.34
Senior / Principal Lecturer (Academic Staff)	0	0.00	98	0.79	-0.79
Lecturer (Academic Staff)	0	0.00	221	1.77	-1.77
Research Staff (Academic Staff)	229	40.97	280	2.24	38.72
Other Academic Status (Academic Staff)	0	0.00	286	2.29	-2.29
<b>Total:</b>	<b>559</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>12,476</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

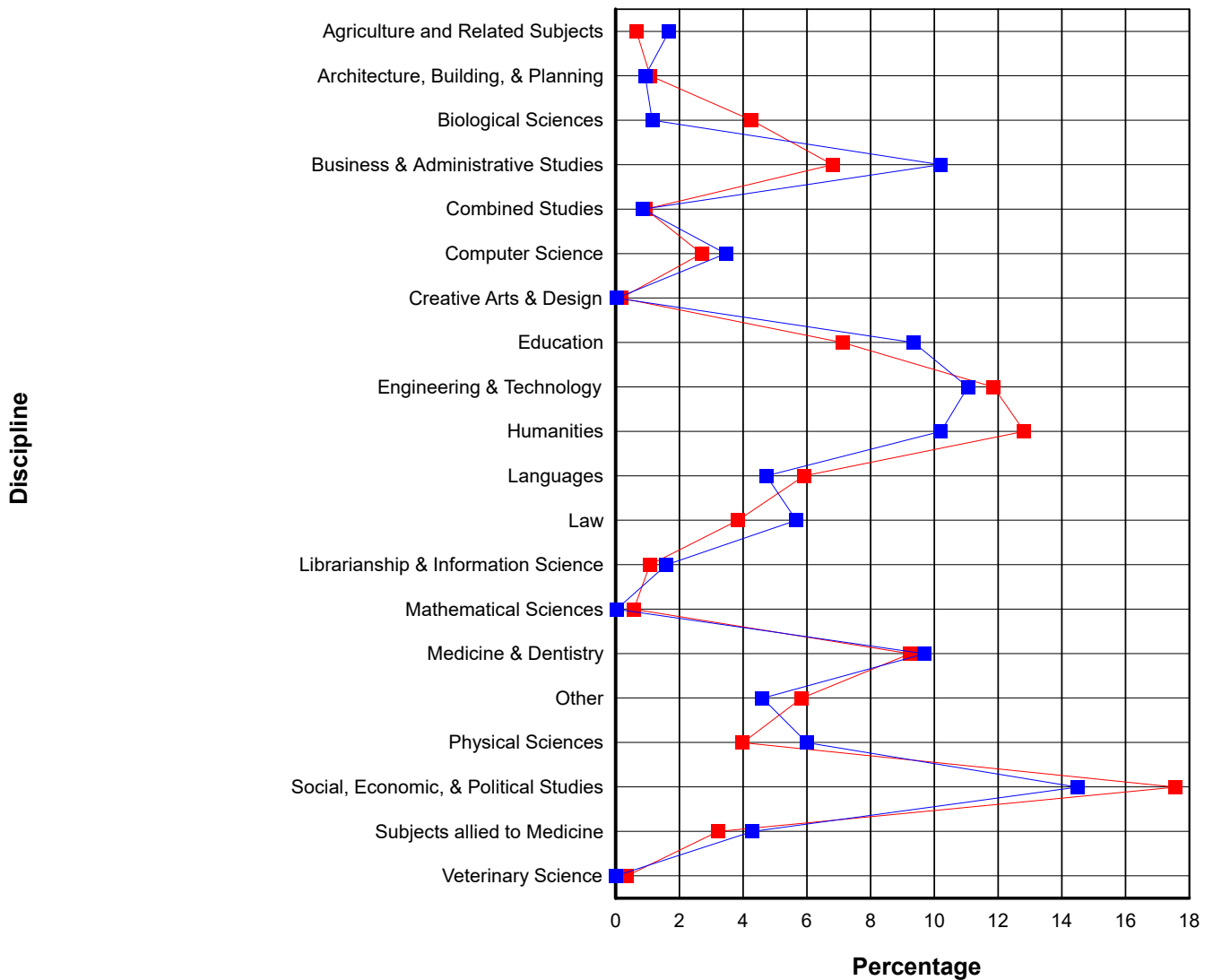
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

### 3.1.3 Population and Respondents by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



■ Respondent Profile by Discipline  
■ Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

<b>Discipline</b>	<b>Population N</b>	<b>Population %</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>	<b>%N - %n</b>
Agriculture and Related Subjects	3,332	1.68	81	0.65	1.03
Architecture, Building, & Planning	1,838	0.93	135	1.08	-0.15
Biological Sciences	2,278	1.15	532	4.26	-3.11
Business & Administrative Studies	20,220	10.20	850	6.81	3.39
Combined Studies	1,692	0.85	117	0.94	-0.08
Computer Science	6,853	3.46	337	2.70	0.76
Creative Arts & Design	56	0.03	21	0.17	-0.14
Education	18,541	9.35	889	7.12	2.23
Engineering & Technology	21,918	11.05	1,480	11.86	-0.81
Humanities	20,239	10.21	1,600	12.82	-2.61
Languages	9,377	4.73	738	5.91	-1.19
Law	11,242	5.67	479	3.84	1.83
Librarianship & Information Science	3,166	1.60	134	1.07	0.52
Mathematical Sciences	46	0.02	71	0.57	-0.55
Medicine & Dentistry	19,233	9.70	1,153	9.24	0.46
Other	9,137	4.61	728	5.83	-1.23
Physical Sciences	11,902	6.00	498	3.99	2.01
Social, Economic, & Political Studies	28,730	14.49	2,193	17.57	-3.08
Subjects allied to Medicine	8,512	4.29	401	3.21	1.08
Veterinary Science	0	0.00	43	0.34	-0.34
<b>Total:</b>	<b>198,312</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>12,480</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

### 3.1.4 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	6	0.06
18 - 22	2,318	23.31
23 - 30	4,660	46.86
31 - 45	1,942	19.53
46 - 65	899	9.04
Over 65	120	1.21
<b>Total:</b>	<b>9,945</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 3.1.5 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	27,002	54.58	2,969	57.73
Male	22,469	45.42	2,174	42.27
<b>Total:</b>	<b>49,471</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>5,143</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 3.1.6 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

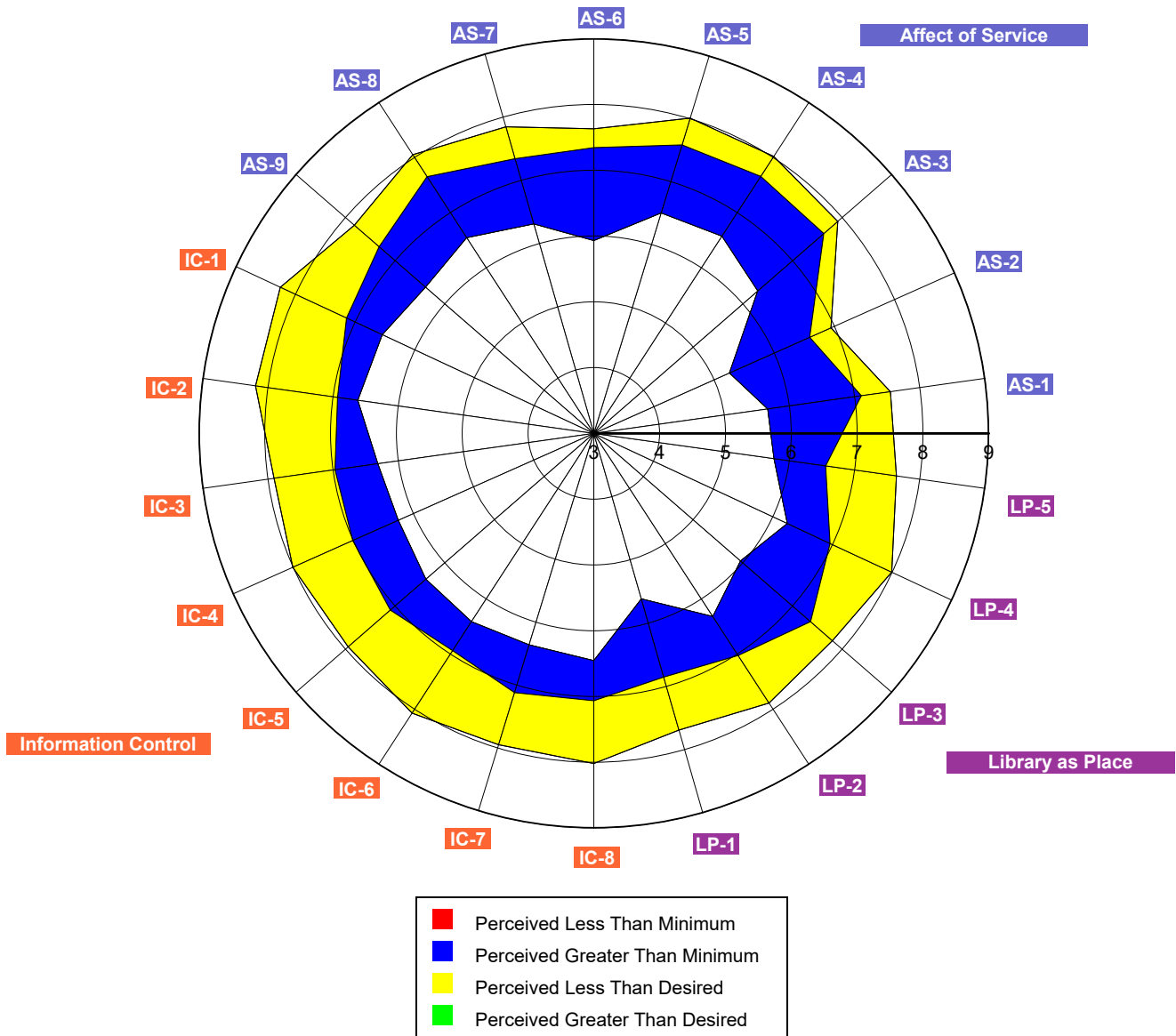
<b>Full or part-time student?</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>
Full-time	6,271	81.42
Part-time	588	7.63
Does not apply / NA	843	10.95
<b>Total:</b>	<b>7,702</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 3.2 Core Questions Summary for College or University

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.67	7.55	7.11	1.44	-0.44	6,635
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.26	6.94	6.59	1.34	-0.35	6,695
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.30	7.91	7.63	1.33	-0.28	6,899
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.58	8.02	7.66	1.08	-0.36	6,627
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.50	8.01	7.58	1.08	-0.43	6,689
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	5.93	7.63	7.34	1.41	-0.29	11,998
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.31	7.85	7.34	1.03	-0.50	6,606
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.55	8.05	7.65	1.10	-0.40	6,902
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.39	7.82	7.32	0.94	-0.50	5,273
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.55	8.26	7.15	0.60	-1.11	6,883
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.62	8.19	6.93	0.31	-1.26	7,463
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.31	7.91	6.97	0.66	-0.93	6,754
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.25	8.01	7.01	0.76	-1.00	12,240
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.38	7.95	7.10	0.72	-0.85	7,162
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.41	8.07	6.94	0.53	-1.13	7,241
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.36	7.95	7.12	0.76	-0.83	6,779
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.46	8.02	7.06	0.61	-0.95	6,111
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.62	7.69	6.86	1.24	-0.84	12,350
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.32	7.89	7.03	0.71	-0.86	6,477
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	5.96	7.80	7.36	1.41	-0.44	6,929
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.24	7.99	6.96	0.72	-1.03	6,610
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	5.76	7.64	6.56	0.79	-1.09	6,060
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.85</b>	<b>7.13</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>13,005</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

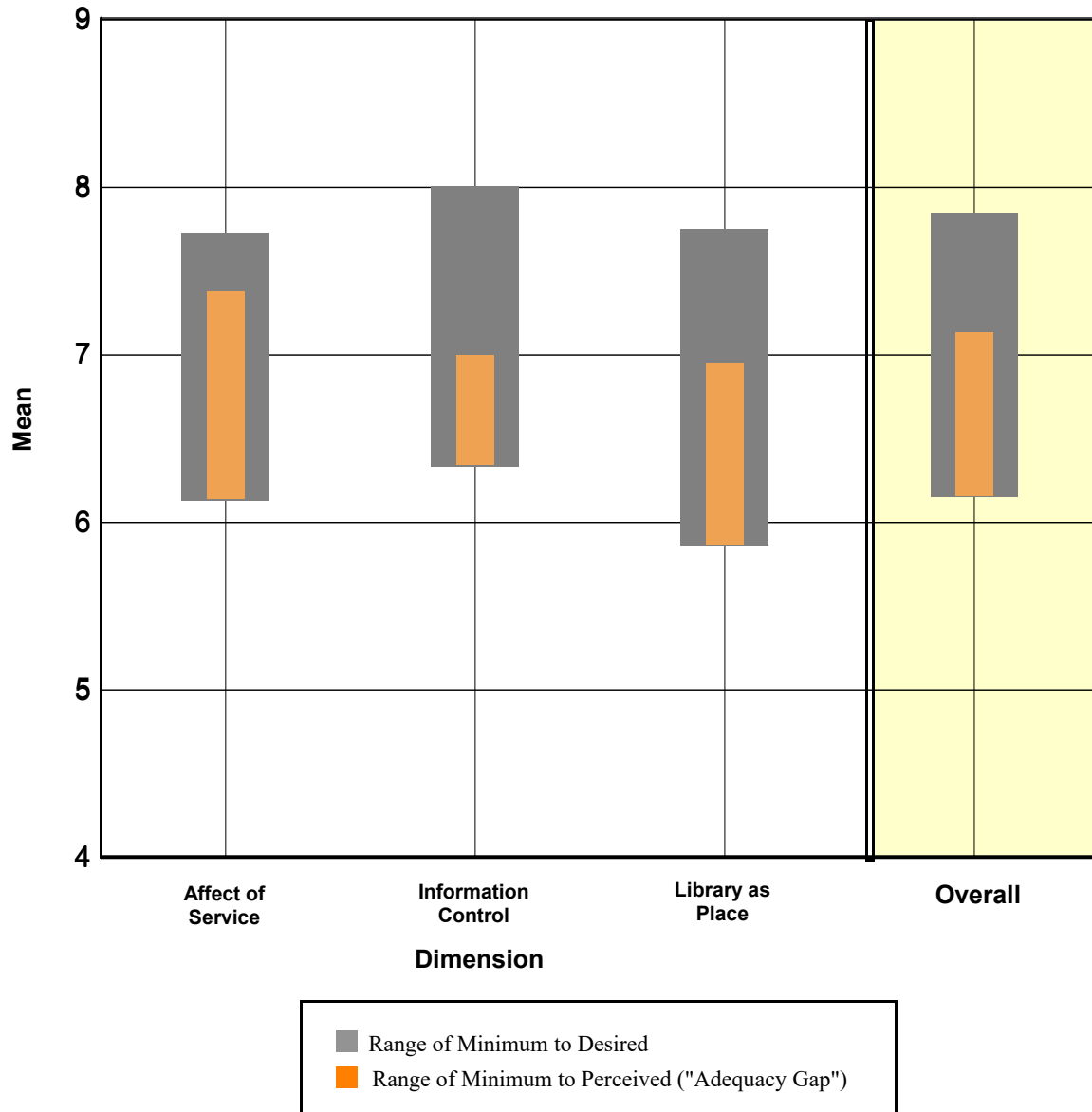


ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.95	1.51	1.59	1.84	1.58	6,635
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.13	1.84	1.84	1.91	1.71	6,695
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.88	1.37	1.48	1.89	1.50	6,899
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.75	1.26	1.40	1.72	1.33	6,627
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.77	1.28	1.39	1.70	1.39	6,689
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.95	1.55	1.54	1.84	1.51	11,998
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.80	1.34	1.44	1.75	1.43	6,606
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.81	1.25	1.43	1.79	1.39	6,902
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.80	1.38	1.48	1.77	1.42	5,273
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.81	1.21	1.66	2.00	1.73	6,883
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.70	1.20	1.65	1.99	1.74	7,463
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.79	1.40	1.53	1.87	1.68	6,754
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.74	1.29	1.48	1.85	1.59	12,240
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.80	1.36	1.52	1.86	1.61	7,162
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.73	1.24	1.58	1.95	1.69	7,241
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.77	1.34	1.48	1.83	1.55	6,779
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.85	1.38	1.56	1.95	1.69	6,111
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.90	1.56	1.66	2.09	1.89	12,350
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	2.01	1.62	1.80	2.27	2.08	6,477
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.94	1.45	1.58	2.05	1.70	6,929
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.90	1.45	1.71	2.11	1.87	6,610
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	2.03	1.72	1.92	2.46	2.28	6,060
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.38</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>1.09</b>	<b>13,005</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

### 3.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for College or University

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.13	7.73	7.37	1.24	-0.36	12,848
Information Control	6.33	8.00	6.99	0.65	-1.02	12,957
Library as Place	5.86	7.75	6.94	1.08	-0.81	12,723
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.85</b>	<b>7.13</b>	<b>0.97</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>13,005</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.61	1.19	1.26	1.52	1.21	12,848
Information Control	1.43	1.00	1.20	1.51	1.26	12,957
Library as Place	1.67	1.32	1.43	1.85	1.63	12,723
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>1.38</b>	<b>1.09</b>	<b>13,005</b>

### 3.4 Local Question Summary for College or University

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	5.66	7.13	6.34	0.68	-0.80	6,250
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	7.18	8.16	7.06	-0.12	-1.10	221
Facilitating research data management	5.90	7.35	6.55	0.64	-0.80	5,458
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	6.71	7.74	6.75	0.04	-0.99	191
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	6.90	7.97	7.10	0.20	-0.87	221
Promoting open access publications	5.95	7.52	6.54	0.59	-0.98	7,094
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.69	7.09	6.40	0.71	-0.69	4,058
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	7.14	8.11	7.45	0.30	-0.66	214
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.06	7.62	6.85	0.78	-0.77	7,985

This table shows the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.12	1.84	1.85	2.04	1.91	6,250
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	1.54	1.14	1.72	1.71	1.72	221
Facilitating research data management	1.94	1.66	1.73	1.91	1.77	5,458
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	1.51	1.31	1.82	1.78	1.74	191
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	1.66	1.18	1.63	1.71	1.73	221
Promoting open access publications	2.02	1.63	1.73	2.07	1.85	7,094
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.09	1.85	1.82	2.00	1.89	4,058
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	1.64	1.07	1.59	1.53	1.60	214
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.91	1.54	1.63	1.90	1.70	7,985

### 3.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for College or University

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.90	1.29	9,195
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.25	1.54	9,133
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.45	1.20	13,000

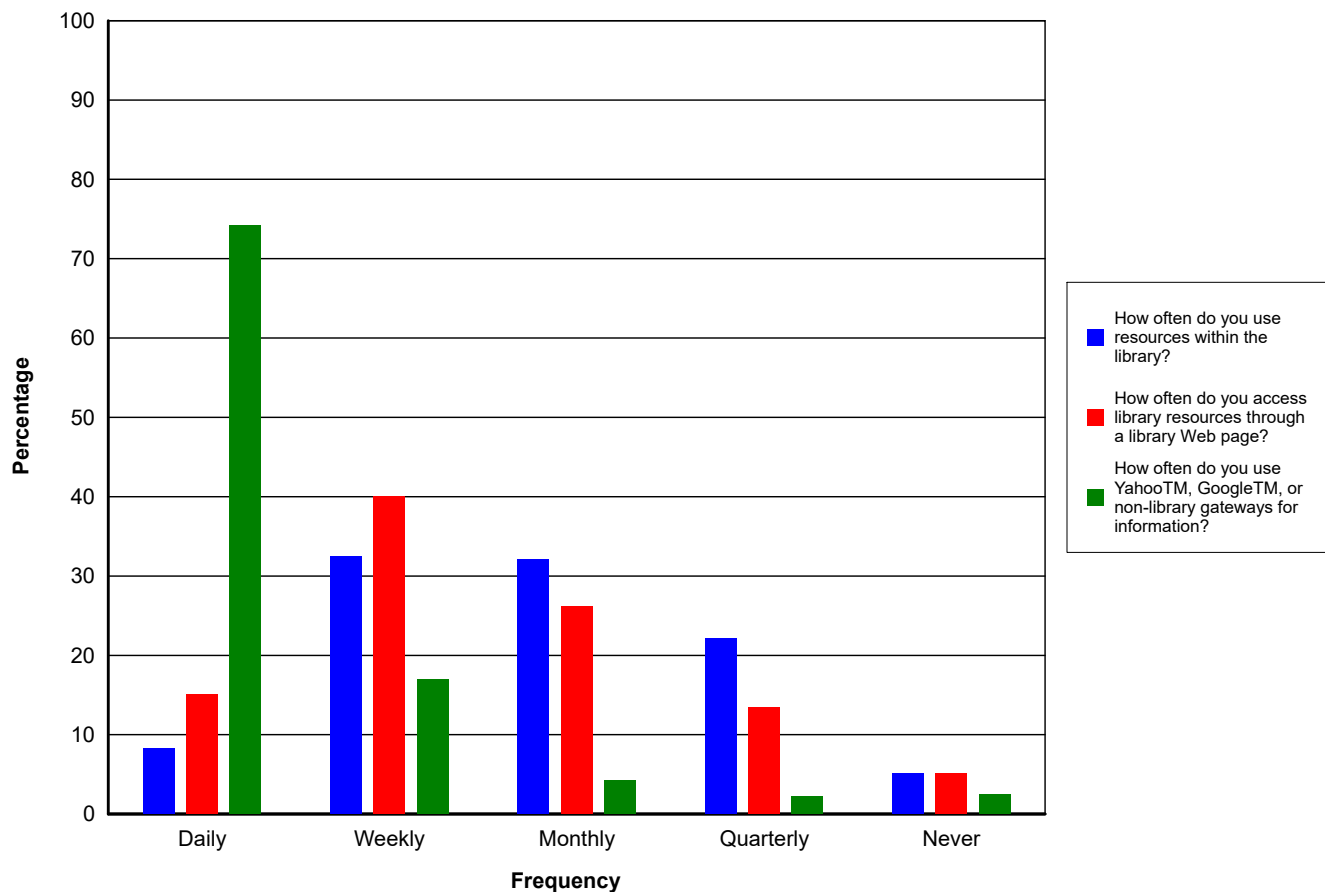
### 3.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for College or University

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.10	1.95	8,207
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	7.04	1.70	8,425
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.11	1.63	8,729
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	6.04	1.99	8,507
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.53	1.83	8,119

### 3.7 Library Use Summary for College or University

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	1,072 8.24%	4,219 32.44%	4,177 32.12%	2,873 22.09%	664 5.11%	13,005 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	1,967 15.13%	5,206 40.03%	3,406 26.19%	1,752 13.47%	673 5.18%	13,004 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	9,645 74.18%	2,210 17.00%	544 4.18%	280 2.15%	324 2.49%	13,003 100.00%

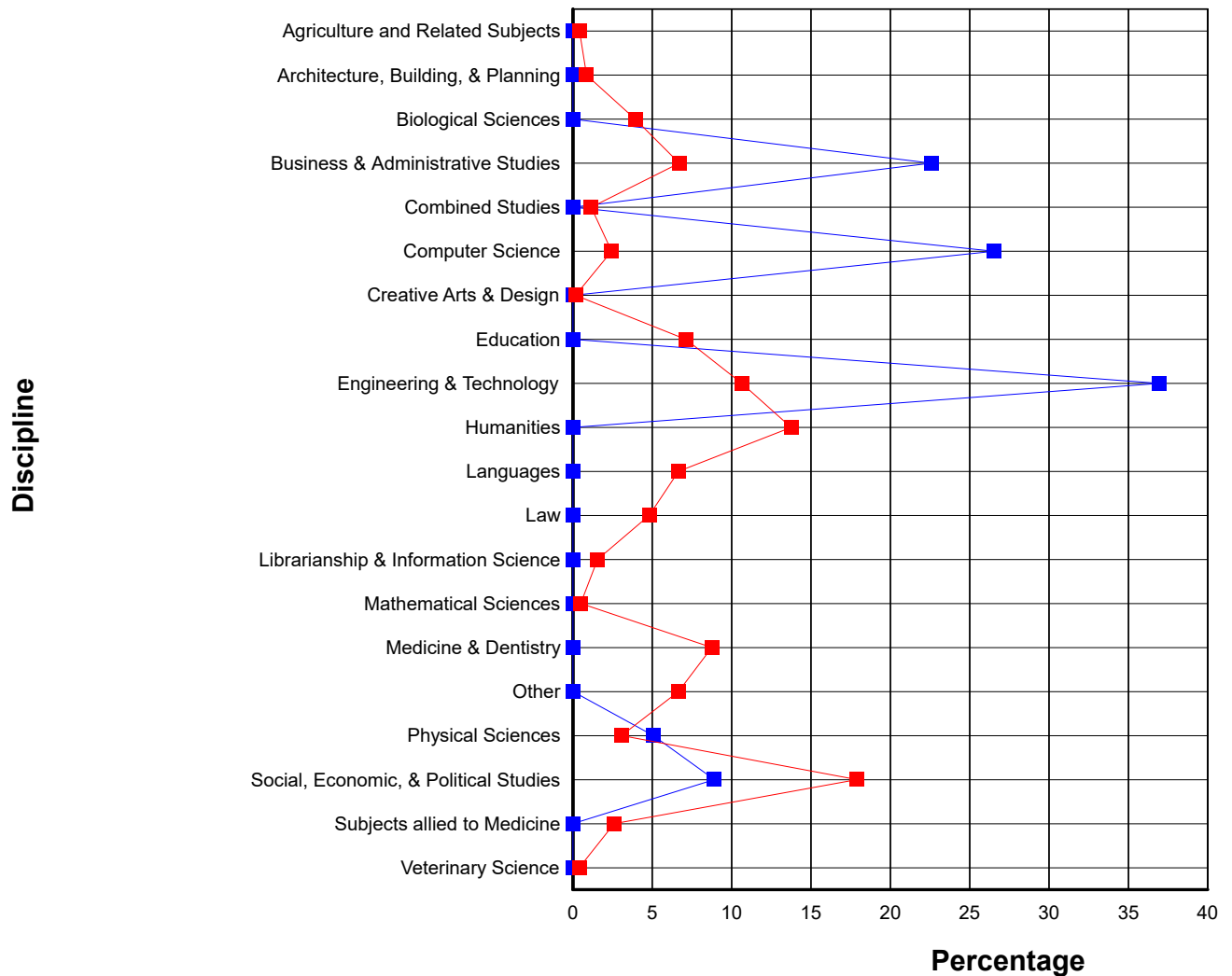
## 4 Summary for Undergraduate

### 4.1 Demographic Summary for Undergraduate

#### 4.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Undergraduate



<b>Discipline</b>	<b>Population N</b>	<b>Population %</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>	<b>%N - %n</b>
Agriculture and Related Subjects	0	0.00	28	0.41	-0.41
Architecture, Building, & Planning	0	0.00	58	0.86	-0.86
Biological Sciences	0	0.00	266	3.93	-3.93
Business & Administrative Studies	950	22.57	454	6.70	15.87
Combined Studies	0	0.00	78	1.15	-1.15
Computer Science	1,117	26.53	165	2.43	24.10
Creative Arts & Design	0	0.00	11	0.16	-0.16
Education	0	0.00	482	7.11	-7.11
Engineering & Technology	1,555	36.94	721	10.64	26.30
Humanities	0	0.00	932	13.75	-13.75
Languages	0	0.00	451	6.65	-6.65
Law	0	0.00	326	4.81	-4.81
Librarianship & Information Science	0	0.00	105	1.55	-1.55
Mathematical Sciences	0	0.00	33	0.49	-0.49
Medicine & Dentistry	0	0.00	593	8.75	-8.75
Other	0	0.00	451	6.65	-6.65
Physical Sciences	213	5.06	207	3.05	2.00
Social, Economic, & Political Studies	375	8.91	1,213	17.90	-8.99
Subjects allied to Medicine	0	0.00	176	2.60	-2.60
Veterinary Science	0	0.00	27	0.40	-0.40
<b>Total:</b>	<b>4,210</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>6,777</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: Undergraduate

#### 4.1.2 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	5	0.09
18 - 22	2,186	39.75
23 - 30	2,438	44.34
31 - 45	642	11.67
46 - 65	198	3.60
Over 65	30	0.55
<b>Total:</b>	<b>5,499</b>	<b>100.00</b>

#### 4.1.3 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	1,595	59.34
Male	1,093	40.66
<b>Total:</b>	<b>2,688</b>	<b>100.00</b>

#### 4.1.4 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

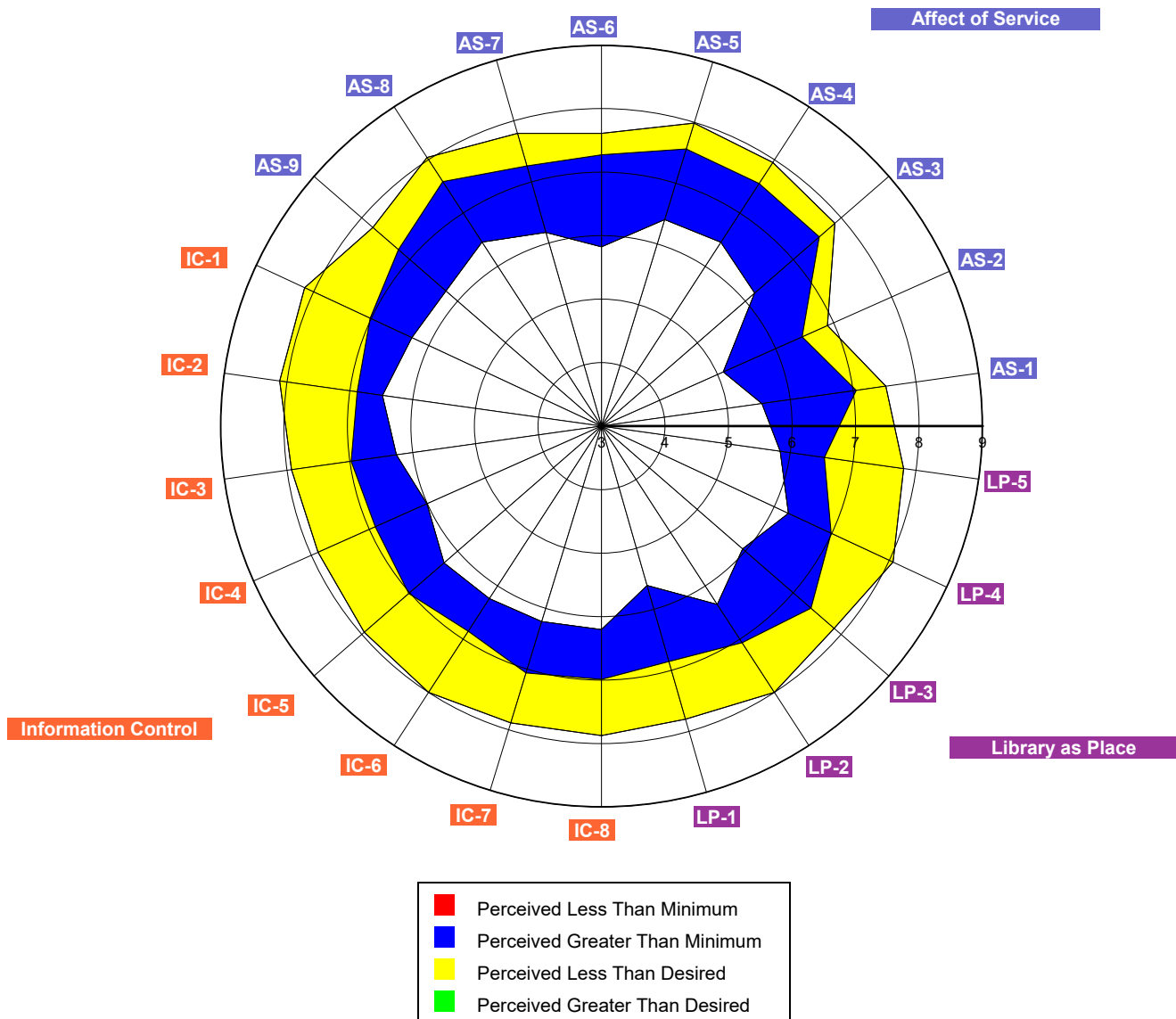
Full or part-time student?	Respondents n	Respondents %
Full-time	3,561	89.34
Part-time	279	7.00
Does not apply / NA	146	3.66
<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,986</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 4.2 Core Questions Summary for Undergraduate

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

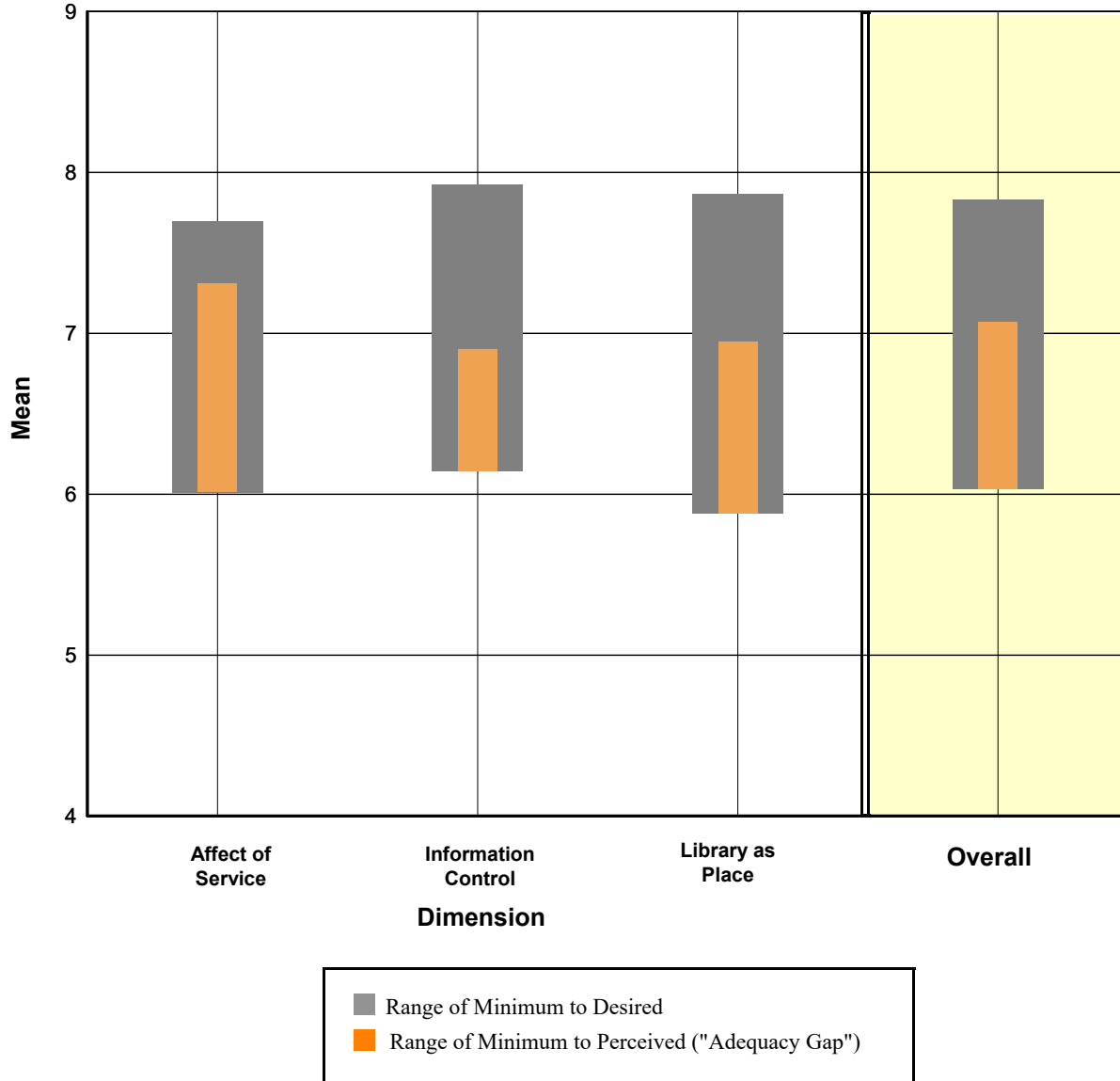


ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.55	7.52	7.05	1.50	-0.47	3,488
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.10	6.89	6.46	1.36	-0.43	3,489
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.20	7.87	7.55	1.35	-0.32	3,604
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.45	7.95	7.56	1.10	-0.39	3,424
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.40	7.99	7.57	1.16	-0.42	3,505
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	5.83	7.61	7.27	1.45	-0.34	6,290
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.17	7.80	7.26	1.09	-0.53	3,452
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.46	8.04	7.59	1.13	-0.45	3,610
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.25	7.77	7.24	0.99	-0.53	2,772
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.30	8.16	7.02	0.72	-1.14	3,530
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.48	8.12	6.88	0.40	-1.23	3,892
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.26	7.93	6.98	0.72	-0.95	3,588
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.01	7.88	6.90	0.89	-0.99	6,270
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.29	7.95	7.02	0.73	-0.93	3,760
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.24	8.00	6.85	0.61	-1.15	3,821
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.22	7.89	7.06	0.84	-0.82	3,544
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.21	7.87	6.99	0.78	-0.89	3,052
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.61	7.80	6.86	1.25	-0.94	6,619
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.35	8.00	7.07	0.72	-0.93	3,508
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	5.95	7.85	7.37	1.42	-0.48	3,669
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.25	8.07	6.99	0.74	-1.07	3,586
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	5.84	7.80	6.54	0.70	-1.26	3,428
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.03</b>	<b>7.83</b>	<b>7.07</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>-0.76</b>	<b>6,779</b>

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.97	1.52	1.60	1.86	1.59	3,488
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.12	1.85	1.86	1.92	1.73	3,489
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.90	1.39	1.52	1.92	1.52	3,604
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.79	1.30	1.44	1.77	1.36	3,424
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.78	1.25	1.40	1.75	1.40	3,505
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.95	1.54	1.56	1.84	1.51	6,290
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.84	1.35	1.44	1.77	1.43	3,452
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.83	1.23	1.44	1.82	1.42	3,610
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.81	1.37	1.48	1.78	1.41	2,772
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.85	1.26	1.67	2.02	1.75	3,530
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.73	1.25	1.67	2.01	1.77	3,892
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.77	1.34	1.49	1.84	1.63	3,588
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.75	1.33	1.48	1.86	1.59	6,270
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.78	1.31	1.57	1.94	1.67	3,760
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.76	1.27	1.63	2.02	1.74	3,821
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.78	1.36	1.48	1.83	1.57	3,544
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.90	1.45	1.57	1.99	1.72	3,052
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.85	1.45	1.63	2.09	1.83	6,619
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.96	1.45	1.77	2.25	1.96	3,508
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.91	1.37	1.56	2.07	1.64	3,669
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.86	1.33	1.69	2.10	1.80	3,586
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	1.96	1.53	1.93	2.45	2.19	3,428
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.37</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>1.06</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>6,779</b>

### 4.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Undergraduate

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.01	7.70	7.31	1.30	-0.39	6,705
Information Control	6.15	7.93	6.90	0.76	-1.02	6,746
Library as Place	5.88	7.87	6.95	1.07	-0.92	6,727
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.03</b>	<b>7.83</b>	<b>7.07</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>-0.76</b>	<b>6,779</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.60	1.18	1.26	1.51	1.20	6,705
Information Control	1.43	1.03	1.20	1.51	1.27	6,746
Library as Place	1.60	1.16	1.40	1.83	1.54	6,727
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.37</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>1.06</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>1.08</b>	<b>6,779</b>

## 4.4 Local Question Summary for Undergraduate

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	7.01	8.08	7.04	0.03	-1.04	144
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	7.23	8.11	7.37	0.14	-0.73	142
Promoting open access publications	5.75	7.38	6.49	0.74	-0.89	3,351
Facilitating research data management	5.80	7.28	6.57	0.77	-0.71	2,714
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.57	7.00	6.37	0.80	-0.63	1,914
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	5.58	7.11	6.31	0.73	-0.80	3,211
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.00	7.62	6.84	0.84	-0.79	4,345
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	6.70	7.76	6.60	-0.11	-1.16	122
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	7.16	8.15	6.92	-0.24	-1.22	144



This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	1.70	1.15	1.80	1.74	1.80	144
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	1.59	1.04	1.61	1.60	1.63	142
Promoting open access publications	2.03	1.67	1.71	2.09	1.85	3,351
Facilitating research data management	1.91	1.63	1.66	1.83	1.68	2,714
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.07	1.80	1.79	1.93	1.84	1,914
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.10	1.82	1.85	2.00	1.88	3,211
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.88	1.48	1.61	1.88	1.65	4,345
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	1.43	1.19	1.81	1.62	1.78	122
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	1.59	1.05	1.82	1.77	1.87	144

#### 4.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Undergraduate

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.88	1.30	4,804
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.22	1.52	4,764
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.43	1.18	6,775

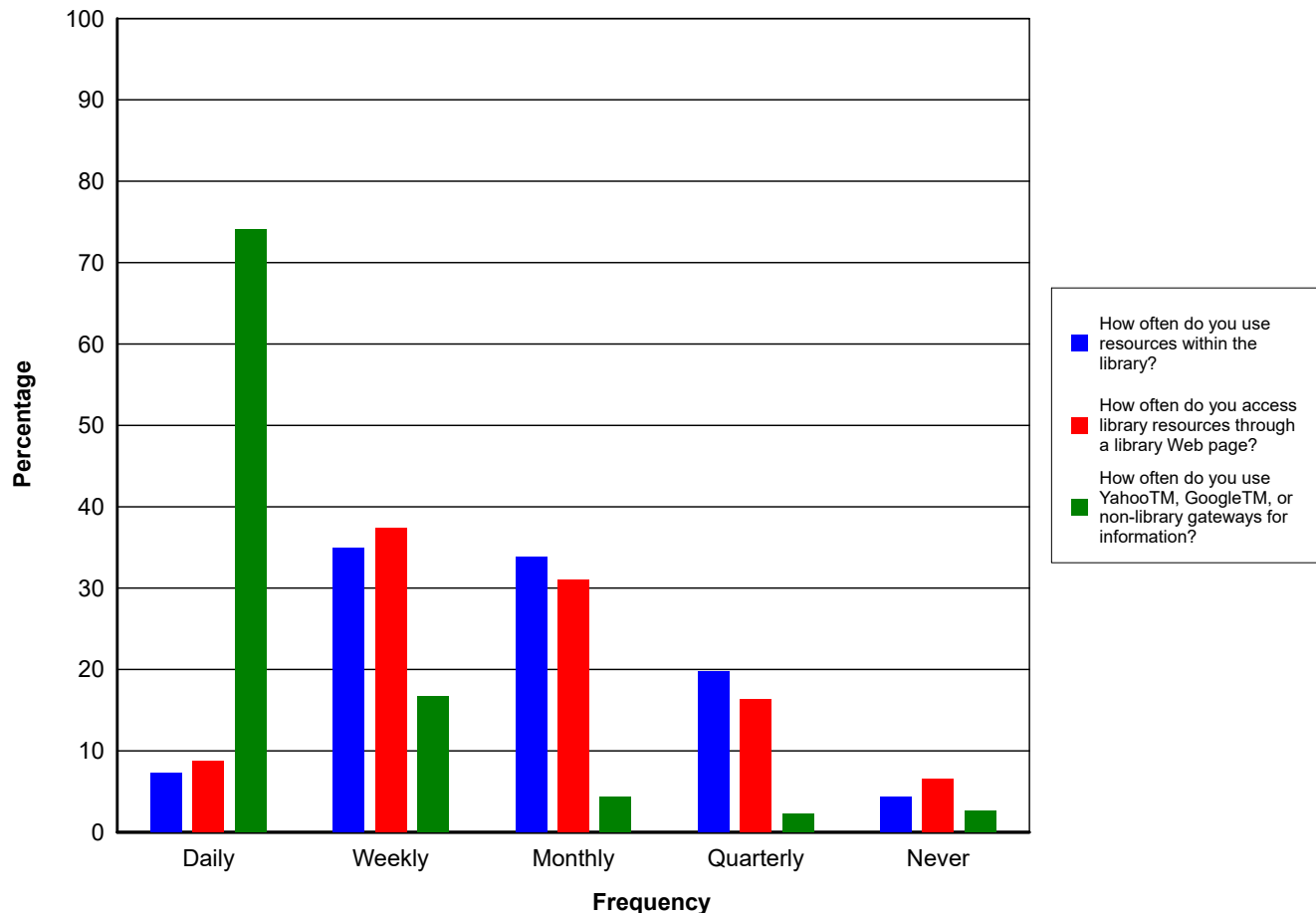
#### 4.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Undergraduate

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.02	1.89	4,309
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	7.02	1.67	4,397
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.08	1.62	4,525
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	6.19	1.93	4,472
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.56	1.78	4,232

## 4.7 Library Use Summary for Undergraduate

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	489 7.21%	2,365 34.89%	2,291 33.80%	1,336 19.71%	298 4.40%	6,779 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	589 8.69%	2,534 37.38%	2,106 31.07%	1,109 16.36%	441 6.51%	6,779 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	5,022 74.09%	1,130 16.67%	295 4.35%	155 2.29%	176 2.60%	6,778 100.00%

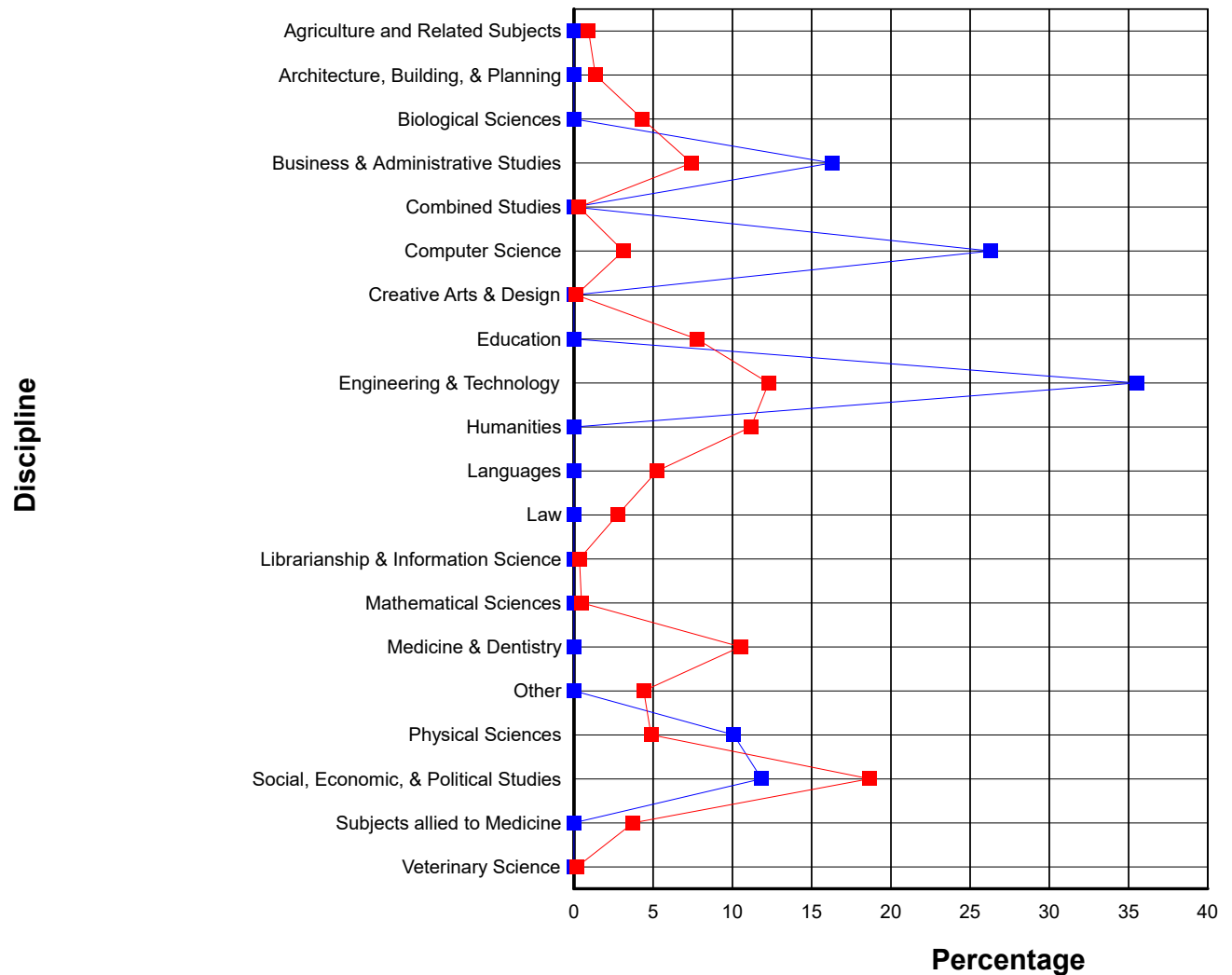
## 5 Summary for Postgraduate

### 5.1 Demographic Summary for Postgraduate

#### 5.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Postgraduate

<b>Discipline</b>	<b>Population N</b>	<b>Population %</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>	<b>%N - %n</b>
Agriculture and Related Subjects	0	0.00	42	0.92	-0.92
Architecture, Building, & Planning	0	0.00	62	1.36	-1.36
Biological Sciences	0	0.00	197	4.31	-4.31
Business & Administrative Studies	525	16.28	339	7.42	8.85
Combined Studies	0	0.00	14	0.31	-0.31
Computer Science	848	26.29	142	3.11	23.18
Creative Arts & Design	0	0.00	6	0.13	-0.13
Education	0	0.00	354	7.75	-7.75
Engineering & Technology	1,145	35.50	561	12.29	23.22
Humanities	0	0.00	510	11.17	-11.17
Languages	0	0.00	240	5.26	-5.26
Law	0	0.00	126	2.76	-2.76
Librarianship & Information Science	0	0.00	16	0.35	-0.35
Mathematical Sciences	0	0.00	22	0.48	-0.48
Medicine & Dentistry	0	0.00	480	10.51	-10.51
Other	0	0.00	201	4.40	-4.40
Physical Sciences	325	10.08	222	4.86	5.22
Social, Economic, & Political Studies	382	11.84	852	18.66	-6.81
Subjects allied to Medicine	0	0.00	171	3.75	-3.75
Veterinary Science	0	0.00	9	0.20	-0.20
<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,225</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>4,566</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: Postgraduate

### 5.1.2 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	0	0.00
18 - 22	110	3.63
23 - 30	2,018	66.56
31 - 45	695	22.92
46 - 65	198	6.53
Over 65	11	0.36
<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,032</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 5.1.3 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	978	59.74
Male	659	40.26
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,637</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 5.1.4 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

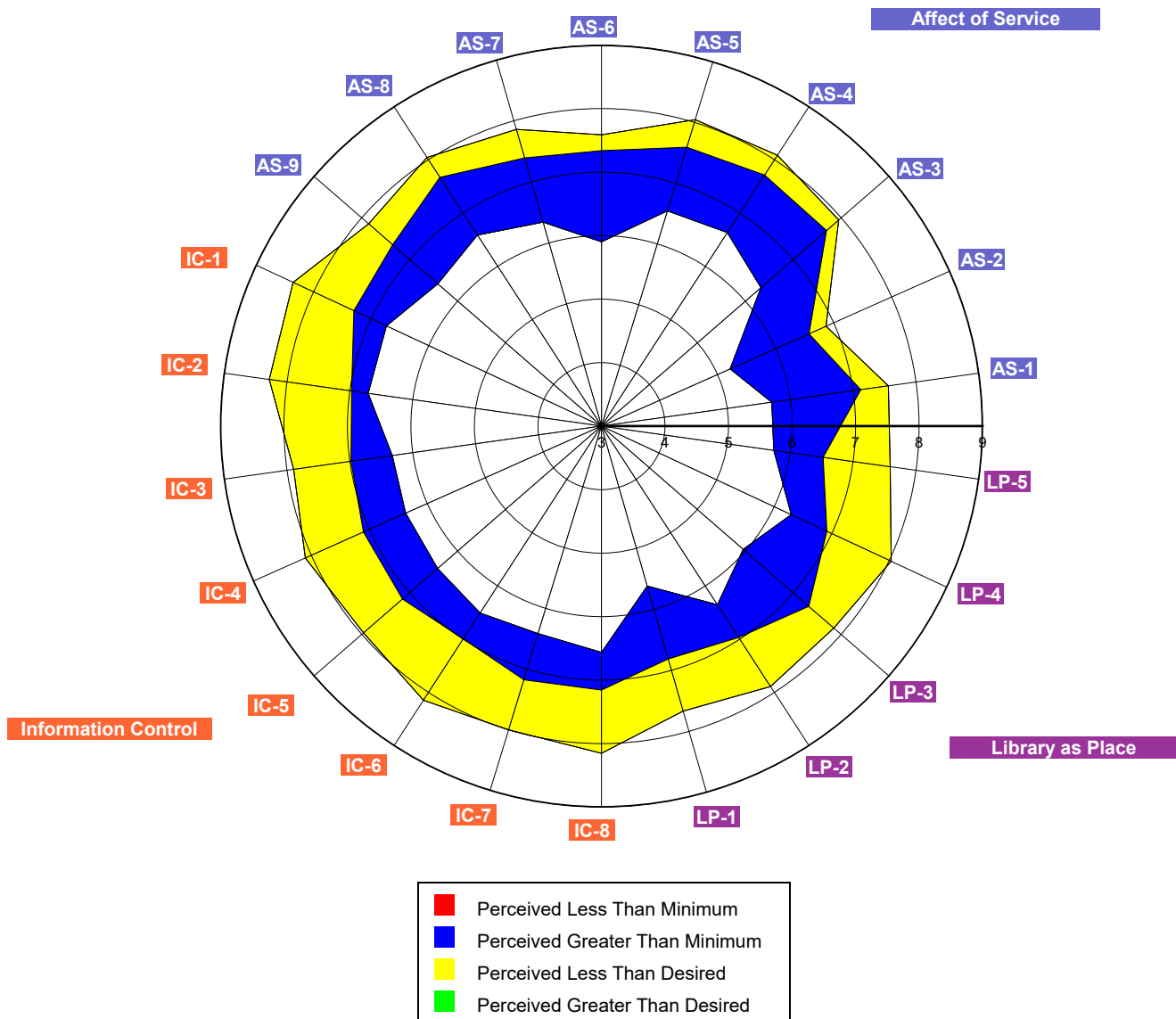
Full or part-time student?	Respondents n	Respondents %
Full-time	2,659	86.30
Part-time	274	8.89
Does not apply / NA	148	4.80
<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,081</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 5.2 Core Questions Summary for Postgraduate

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Postgraduate

ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.71	7.56	7.12	1.42	-0.44	2,206
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.22	6.87	6.58	1.36	-0.29	2,239
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.33	7.95	7.70	1.37	-0.25	2,298
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.64	8.09	7.71	1.08	-0.37	2,201
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.55	8.05	7.59	1.05	-0.45	2,206
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	5.90	7.59	7.34	1.44	-0.25	4,175
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.34	7.86	7.39	1.05	-0.47	2,194
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.59	8.05	7.67	1.08	-0.37	2,300
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.41	7.86	7.35	0.94	-0.50	1,702
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.74	8.36	7.30	0.57	-1.06	2,341
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.71	8.28	6.97	0.26	-1.31	2,523
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.33	7.89	6.98	0.65	-0.91	2,244
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.37	8.10	7.10	0.73	-1.00	4,399
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.42	7.96	7.15	0.73	-0.81	2,453
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.51	8.15	7.00	0.49	-1.15	2,415
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.42	8.00	7.18	0.76	-0.83	2,257
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.56	8.15	7.16	0.59	-0.99	2,109
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.62	7.67	6.81	1.19	-0.85	4,381
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.35	7.89	6.97	0.61	-0.92	2,210
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	5.96	7.85	7.32	1.37	-0.52	2,343
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.30	8.03	6.92	0.62	-1.12	2,241
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	5.74	7.59	6.53	0.78	-1.06	2,038
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.86</b>	<b>7.14</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>4,567</b>

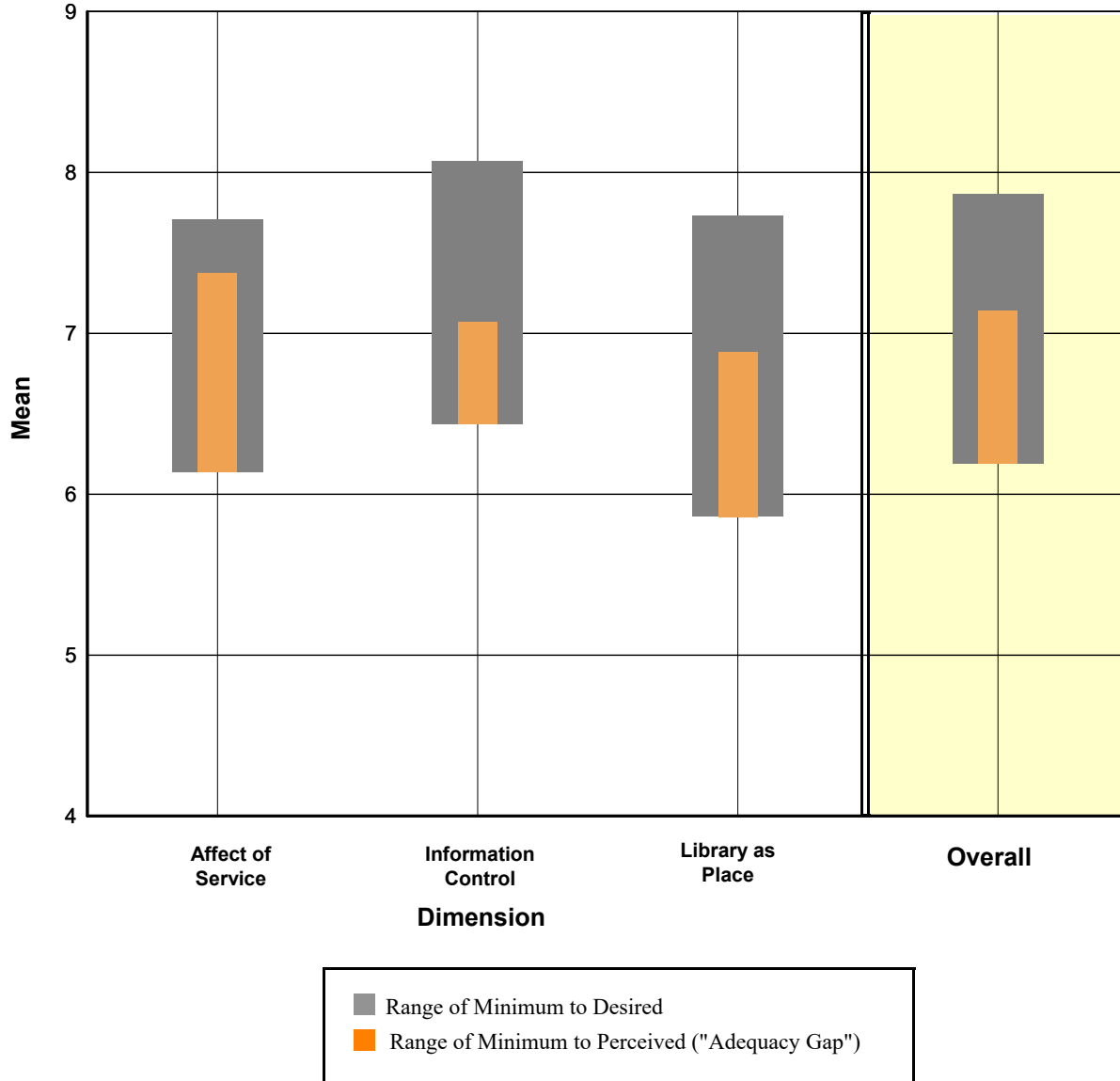


ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.88	1.47	1.57	1.80	1.58	2,206
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.13	1.86	1.83	1.93	1.73	2,239
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.86	1.34	1.41	1.85	1.46	2,298
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.69	1.18	1.35	1.66	1.31	2,201
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.74	1.27	1.38	1.64	1.39	2,206
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.94	1.57	1.52	1.84	1.53	4,175
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.75	1.33	1.43	1.68	1.42	2,194
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.77	1.26	1.42	1.77	1.40	2,300
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.79	1.37	1.46	1.76	1.44	1,702
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.73	1.12	1.61	1.95	1.71	2,341
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.66	1.10	1.61	1.96	1.70	2,523
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.82	1.45	1.55	1.89	1.72	2,244
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.68	1.25	1.44	1.81	1.59	4,399
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.79	1.34	1.47	1.74	1.57	2,453
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.66	1.17	1.53	1.88	1.63	2,415
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.75	1.31	1.46	1.80	1.49	2,257
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.75	1.29	1.53	1.85	1.62	2,109
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.93	1.56	1.70	2.10	1.91	4,381
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.99	1.64	1.81	2.32	2.17	2,210
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.89	1.40	1.58	1.99	1.71	2,343
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.87	1.44	1.71	2.11	1.90	2,241
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	2.05	1.76	1.91	2.52	2.35	2,038
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.36</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>1.07</b>	<b>1.35</b>	<b>1.09</b>	<b>4,567</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: Postgraduate

### 5.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Postgraduate

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Postgraduate

The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.14	7.71	7.37	1.23	-0.33	4,495
Information Control	6.44	8.07	7.07	0.64	-1.00	4,560
Library as Place	5.86	7.73	6.88	1.02	-0.85	4,501
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.86</b>	<b>7.14</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>4,567</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.60	1.21	1.27	1.51	1.24	4,495
Information Control	1.39	0.97	1.17	1.46	1.24	4,560
Library as Place	1.69	1.33	1.47	1.85	1.66	4,501
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.36</b>	<b>0.94</b>	<b>1.07</b>	<b>1.35</b>	<b>1.09</b>	<b>4,567</b>

## 5.4 Local Question Summary for Postgraduate

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	6.80	8.25	6.90	0.10	-1.35	20
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	7.06	8.39	7.61	0.56	-0.78	18
Promoting open access publications	6.12	7.70	6.64	0.53	-1.05	2,718
Facilitating research data management	6.00	7.43	6.59	0.58	-0.84	1,941
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.72	7.11	6.42	0.70	-0.69	1,405
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	5.56	7.05	6.30	0.73	-0.75	2,189
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.11	7.65	6.88	0.77	-0.77	2,736
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	6.80	7.93	7.00	0.20	-0.93	15
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	7.40	8.30	7.25	-0.15	-1.05	20

This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	1.36	0.79	1.41	1.83	1.63	20
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	1.30	0.78	1.20	1.25	1.35	18
Promoting open access publications	1.97	1.52	1.69	2.01	1.81	2,718
Facilitating research data management	1.91	1.62	1.69	1.88	1.77	1,941
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.11	1.89	1.78	1.99	1.89	1,405
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.16	1.91	1.86	2.05	1.93	2,189
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.93	1.57	1.63	1.91	1.73	2,736
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	1.08	1.10	1.89	2.04	1.87	15
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	1.14	0.80	1.37	1.93	1.76	20

## 5.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Postgraduate

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.92	1.28	3,144
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.26	1.53	3,125
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.45	1.20	4,567

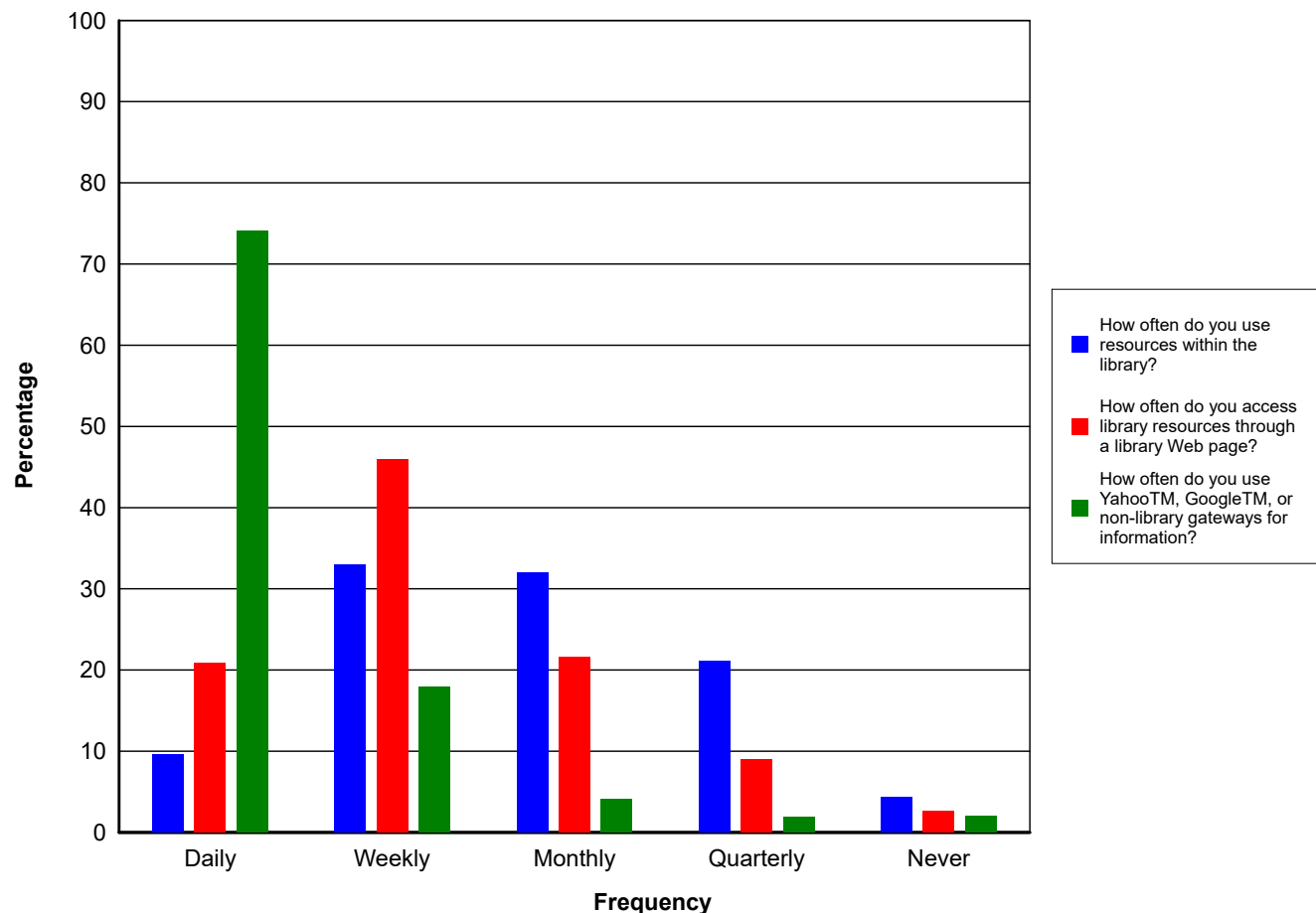
## 5.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Postgraduate

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.07	1.99	2,742
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	7.09	1.69	2,860
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.17	1.59	3,003
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	5.86	2.01	2,879
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.57	1.81	2,754

## 5.7 Library Use Summary for Postgraduate

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	438 9.59%	1,507 33.00%	1,460 31.97%	965 21.13%	197 4.31%	4,567 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	954 20.89%	2,098 45.95%	985 21.57%	409 8.96%	120 2.63%	4,566 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	3,380 74.03%	820 17.96%	187 4.10%	89 1.95%	90 1.97%	4,566 100.00%

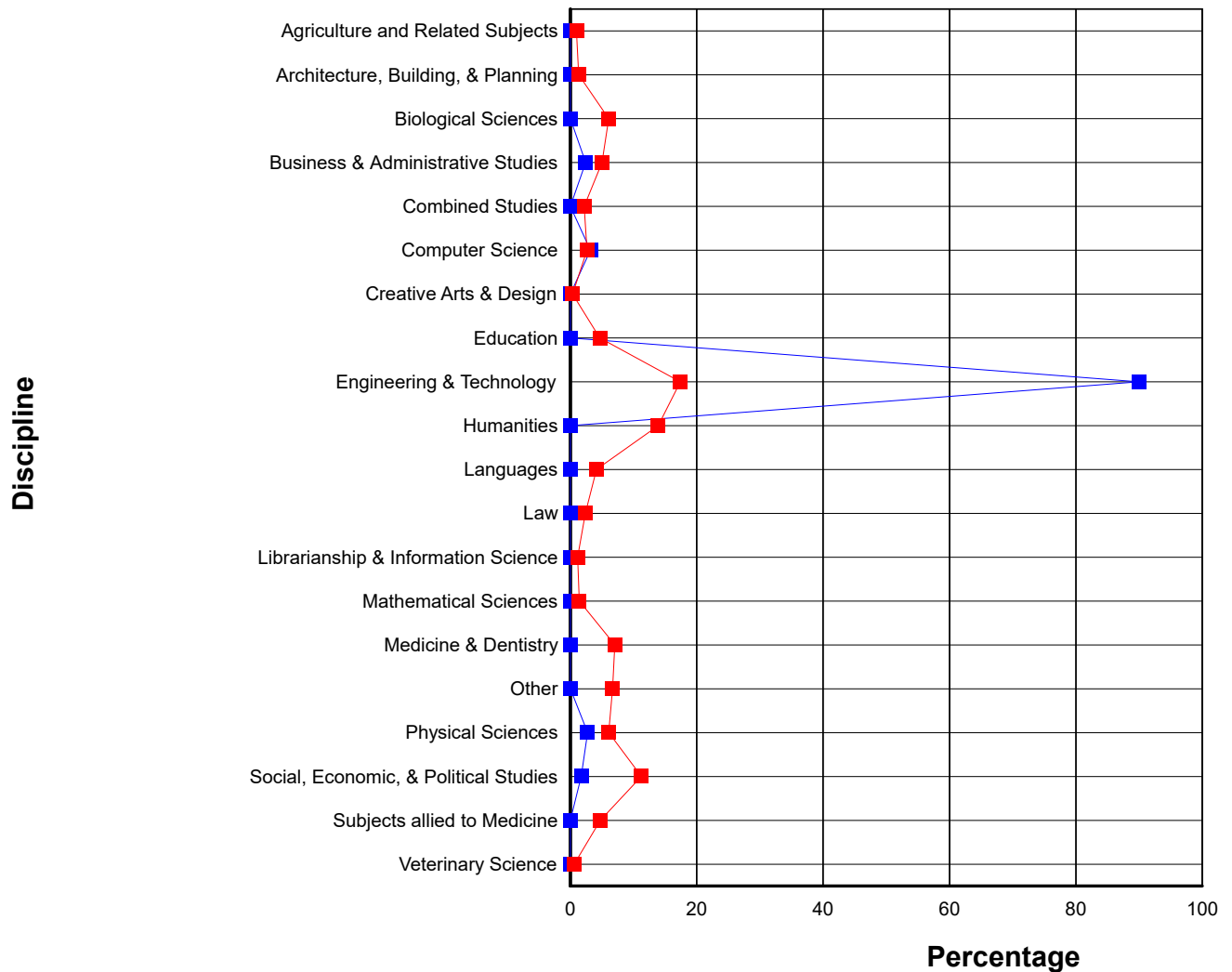
## 6 Summary for Academic Staff

### 6.1 Demographic Summary for Academic Staff

#### 6.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Academic Staff



<b>Discipline</b>	<b>Population N</b>	<b>Population %</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>	<b>%N - %n</b>
Agriculture and Related Subjects	0	0.00	11	0.97	-0.97
Architecture, Building, & Planning	0	0.00	15	1.32	-1.32
Biological Sciences	0	0.00	69	6.07	-6.07
Business & Administrative Studies	92	2.44	57	5.01	-2.58
Combined Studies	0	0.00	25	2.20	-2.20
Computer Science	120	3.18	30	2.64	0.54
Creative Arts & Design	0	0.00	4	0.35	-0.35
Education	0	0.00	53	4.66	-4.66
Engineering & Technology	3,397	89.94	198	17.41	72.52
Humanities	0	0.00	158	13.90	-13.90
Languages	0	0.00	47	4.13	-4.13
Law	0	0.00	27	2.37	-2.37
Librarianship & Information Science	0	0.00	13	1.14	-1.14
Mathematical Sciences	0	0.00	16	1.41	-1.41
Medicine & Dentistry	0	0.00	80	7.04	-7.04
Other	0	0.00	76	6.68	-6.68
Physical Sciences	103	2.73	69	6.07	-3.34
Social, Economic, & Political Studies	65	1.72	128	11.26	-9.54
Subjects allied to Medicine	0	0.00	54	4.75	-4.75
Veterinary Science	0	0.00	7	0.62	-0.62
<b>Total:</b>	<b>3,777</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1,137</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: Academic Staff

### 6.1.2 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	0	0.00
18 - 22	0	0.00
23 - 30	133	13.25
31 - 45	435	43.33
46 - 65	372	37.05
Over 65	64	6.37
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,004</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 6.1.3 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	228	41.08
Male	327	58.92
<b>Total:</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 6.1.4 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

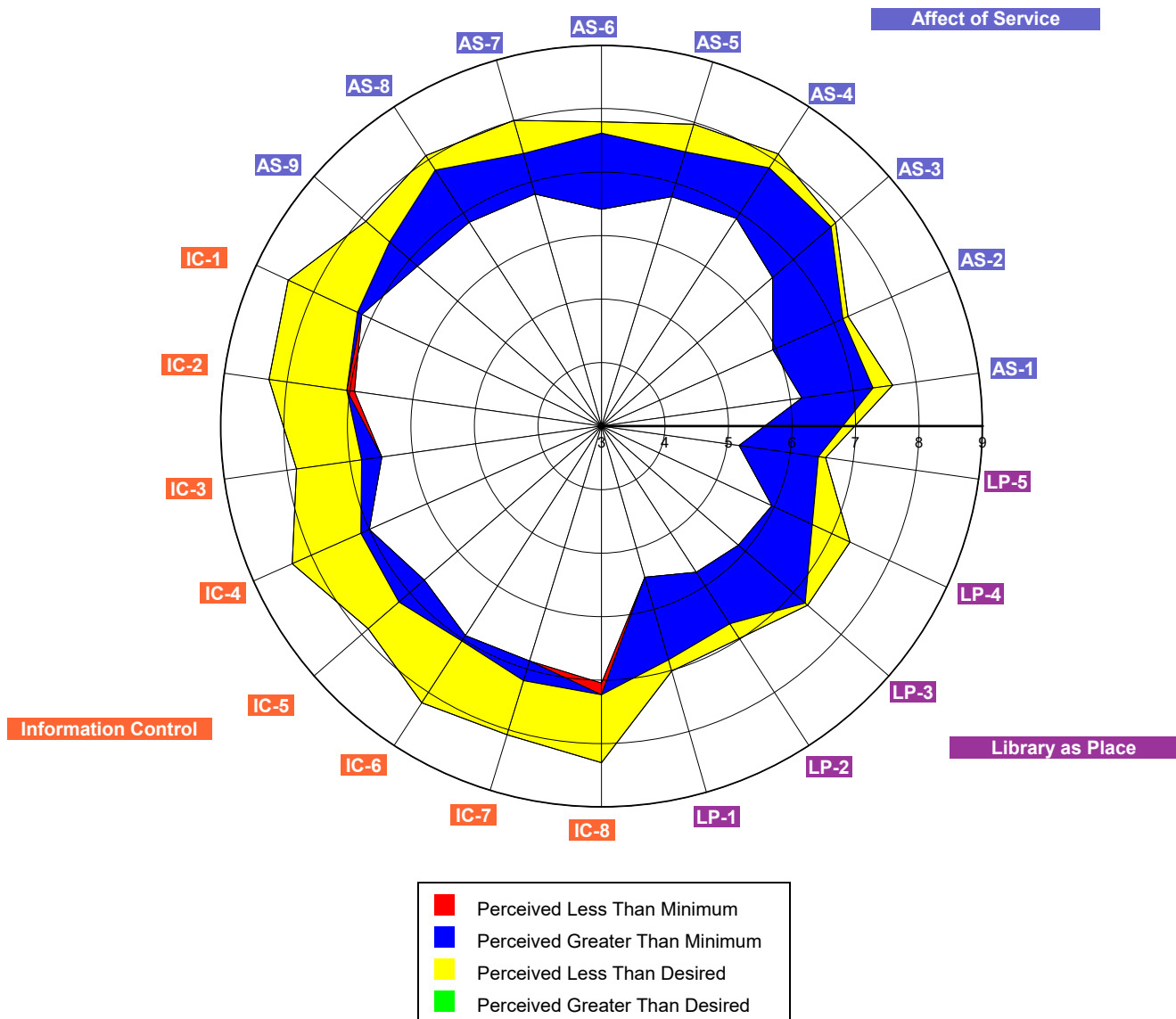
Full or part-time student?	Respondents n	Respondents %
Full-time	38	8.84
Part-time	18	4.19
Does not apply / NA	374	86.98
<b>Total:</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 6.2 Core Questions Summary for Academic Staff

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



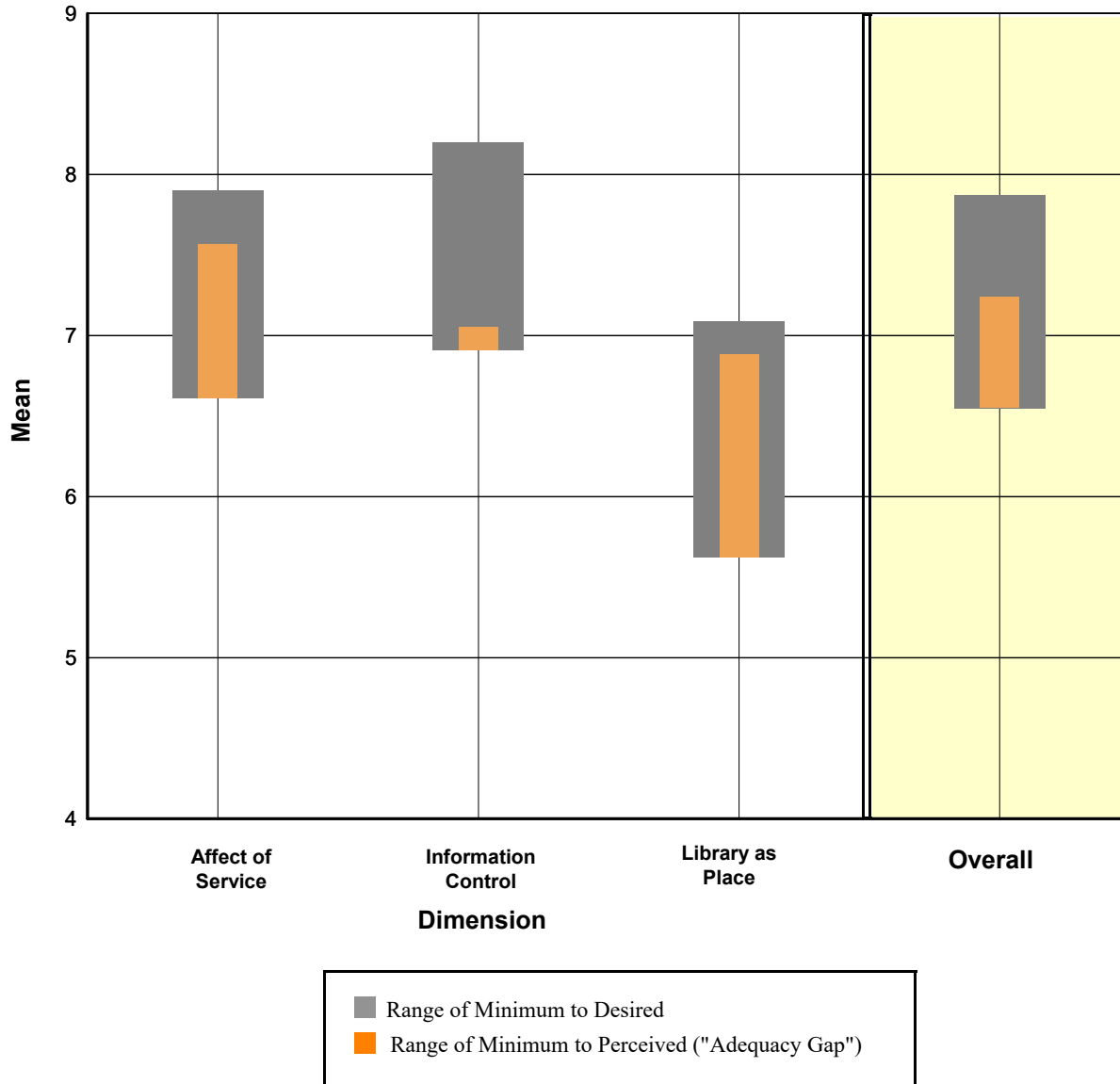
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Academic Staff

ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	6.19	7.63	7.32	1.13	-0.31	580
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.96	7.25	7.16	1.21	-0.09	602
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.57	7.88	7.79	1.22	-0.10	624
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.90	8.11	7.85	0.95	-0.26	636
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.78	7.97	7.52	0.74	-0.45	610
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	6.42	7.79	7.62	1.20	-0.18	1,036
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.80	8.01	7.47	0.66	-0.54	604
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.83	8.08	7.81	0.98	-0.27	619
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.84	7.92	7.42	0.58	-0.49	497
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	7.17	8.44	7.24	0.07	-1.20	654
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	7.05	8.29	6.93	-0.12	-1.36	673
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.49	7.85	6.81	0.32	-1.03	604
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	7.00	8.33	7.15	0.15	-1.18	1,103
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.69	7.86	7.22	0.53	-0.64	602
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.93	8.19	7.04	0.10	-1.16	643
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.87	8.08	7.19	0.32	-0.89	625
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	7.23	8.30	7.05	-0.18	-1.25	628
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.48	7.01	6.83	1.35	-0.18	896
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	5.74	6.99	6.71	0.97	-0.27	451
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	5.86	7.30	7.25	1.39	-0.05	559
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	5.96	7.32	6.66	0.70	-0.65	481
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	5.19	6.56	6.45	1.26	-0.11	366
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.55</b>	<b>7.87</b>	<b>7.24</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>-0.63</b>	<b>1,137</b>

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	2.03	1.65	1.64	1.90	1.56	580
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.01	1.85	1.66	1.84	1.62	602
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.88	1.48	1.49	1.94	1.53	624
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.65	1.25	1.35	1.69	1.28	636
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.81	1.45	1.49	1.78	1.40	610
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.92	1.57	1.49	1.90	1.53	1,036
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.76	1.35	1.52	1.88	1.52	604
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.76	1.32	1.45	1.78	1.31	619
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.80	1.49	1.59	1.83	1.48	497
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.72	1.14	1.75	2.01	1.72	654
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.64	1.19	1.66	2.00	1.76	673
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.83	1.53	1.73	1.99	1.84	604
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.63	1.15	1.55	1.94	1.62	1,103
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.96	1.62	1.49	1.85	1.45	602
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.72	1.29	1.58	1.90	1.66	643
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.68	1.35	1.56	1.89	1.63	625
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.71	1.33	1.65	2.00	1.82	628
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	2.11	2.09	1.75	2.18	2.22	896
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	2.42	2.43	2.00	2.38	2.52	451
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	2.22	2.03	1.74	2.16	2.00	559
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	2.24	2.08	1.92	2.28	2.23	481
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	2.38	2.49	2.01	2.38	2.43	366
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.39</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>1.15</b>	<b>1,137</b>

### 6.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Academic Staff

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Academic Staff

The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.61	7.90	7.56	0.95	-0.33	1,127
Information Control	6.91	8.20	7.05	0.14	-1.15	1,136
Library as Place	5.62	7.09	6.88	1.26	-0.21	1,002
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.55</b>	<b>7.87</b>	<b>7.24</b>	<b>0.69</b>	<b>-0.63</b>	<b>1,137</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.56	1.19	1.31	1.61	1.26	1,127
Information Control	1.39	0.97	1.32	1.59	1.30	1,136
Library as Place	1.99	1.92	1.60	1.97	1.95	1,002
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.18</b>	<b>1.45</b>	<b>1.15</b>	<b>1,137</b>

## 6.4 Local Question Summary for Academic Staff

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	6.50	7.57	7.46	0.96	-0.11	28
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	6.64	8.08	7.56	0.92	-0.52	25
Promoting open access publications	6.19	7.50	6.32	0.13	-1.18	738
Facilitating research data management	5.98	7.31	6.16	0.18	-1.16	575
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.86	7.17	6.28	0.42	-0.89	556
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	6.18	7.45	6.46	0.28	-0.99	605
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.25	7.48	6.77	0.52	-0.71	663
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	6.15	7.58	6.77	0.62	-0.81	26
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	7.21	8.36	7.54	0.32	-0.82	28



This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	2.01	1.37	1.10	1.62	1.13	28
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	2.29	1.41	2.00	1.47	1.90	25
Promoting open access publications	2.09	1.81	1.91	2.21	2.06	738
Facilitating research data management	2.13	1.95	2.07	2.27	2.13	575
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.11	1.97	2.06	2.36	2.16	556
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.03	1.79	1.87	2.22	2.09	605
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	2.00	1.80	1.82	2.03	1.92	663
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	2.15	1.96	2.18	2.26	1.65	26
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	1.52	1.22	1.45	1.52	1.42	28

## 6.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Academic Staff

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.88	1.35	822
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.31	1.66	814
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.48	1.35	1,136

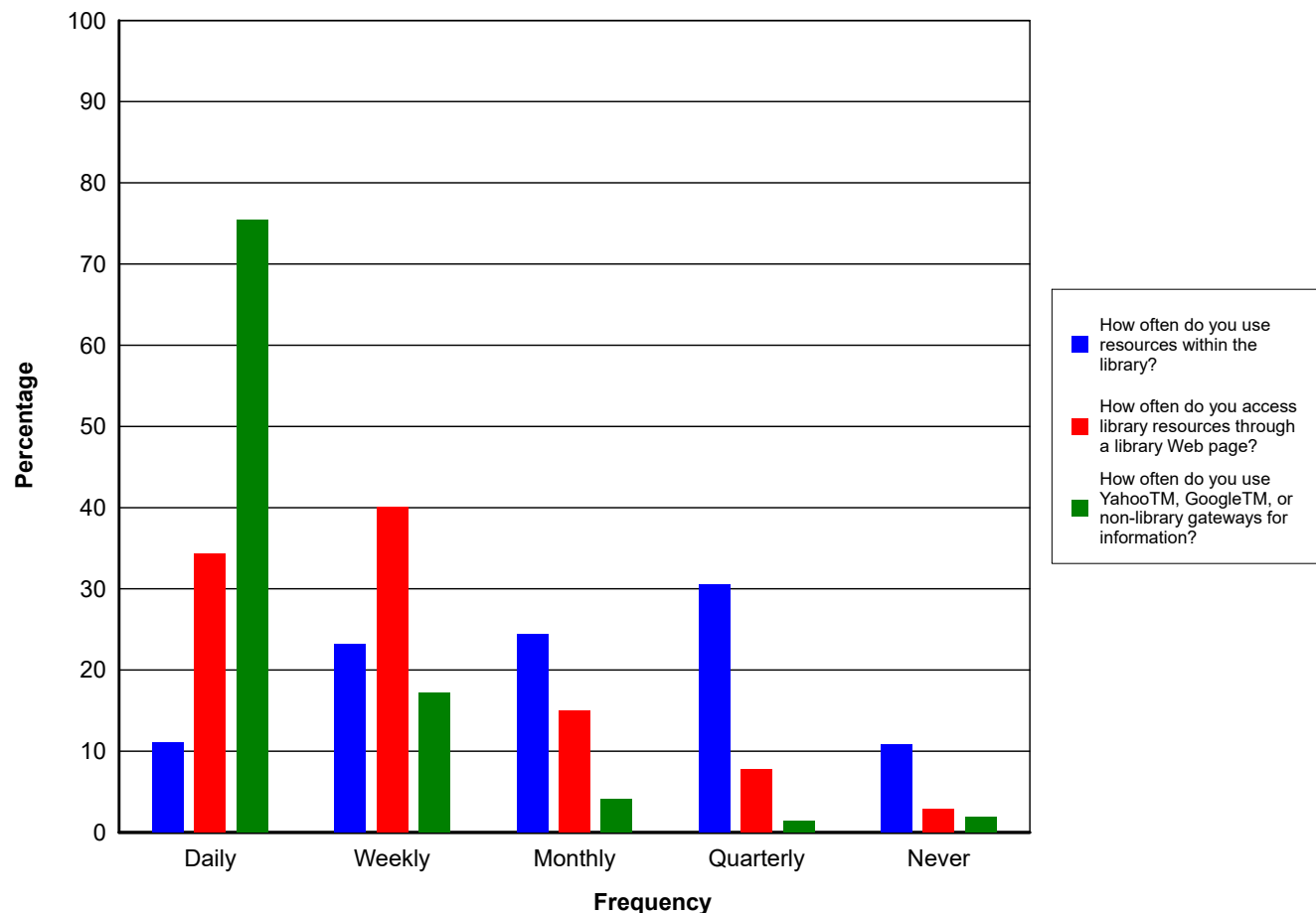
## 6.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Academic Staff

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.44	2.06	757
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	6.98	1.95	753
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.11	1.81	781
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	5.58	2.22	750
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.23	2.01	730

## 6.7 Library Use Summary for Academic Staff

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	126 11.08%	264 23.22%	277 24.36%	347 30.52%	123 10.82%	1,137 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	390 34.30%	455 40.02%	171 15.04%	89 7.83%	32 2.81%	1,137 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	858 75.46%	195 17.15%	46 4.05%	16 1.41%	22 1.93%	1,137 100.00%

## 7 Summary for Library Staff

### 7.1 Demographic Summary for Library Staff

#### 7.1.1 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	0	0.00
18 - 22	2	1.40
23 - 30	24	16.78
31 - 45	60	41.96
46 - 65	53	37.06
Over 65	4	2.80
<b>Total:</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>100.00</b>

#### 7.1.2 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	16	88.89
Male	2	11.11
<b>Total:</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 7.1.3 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

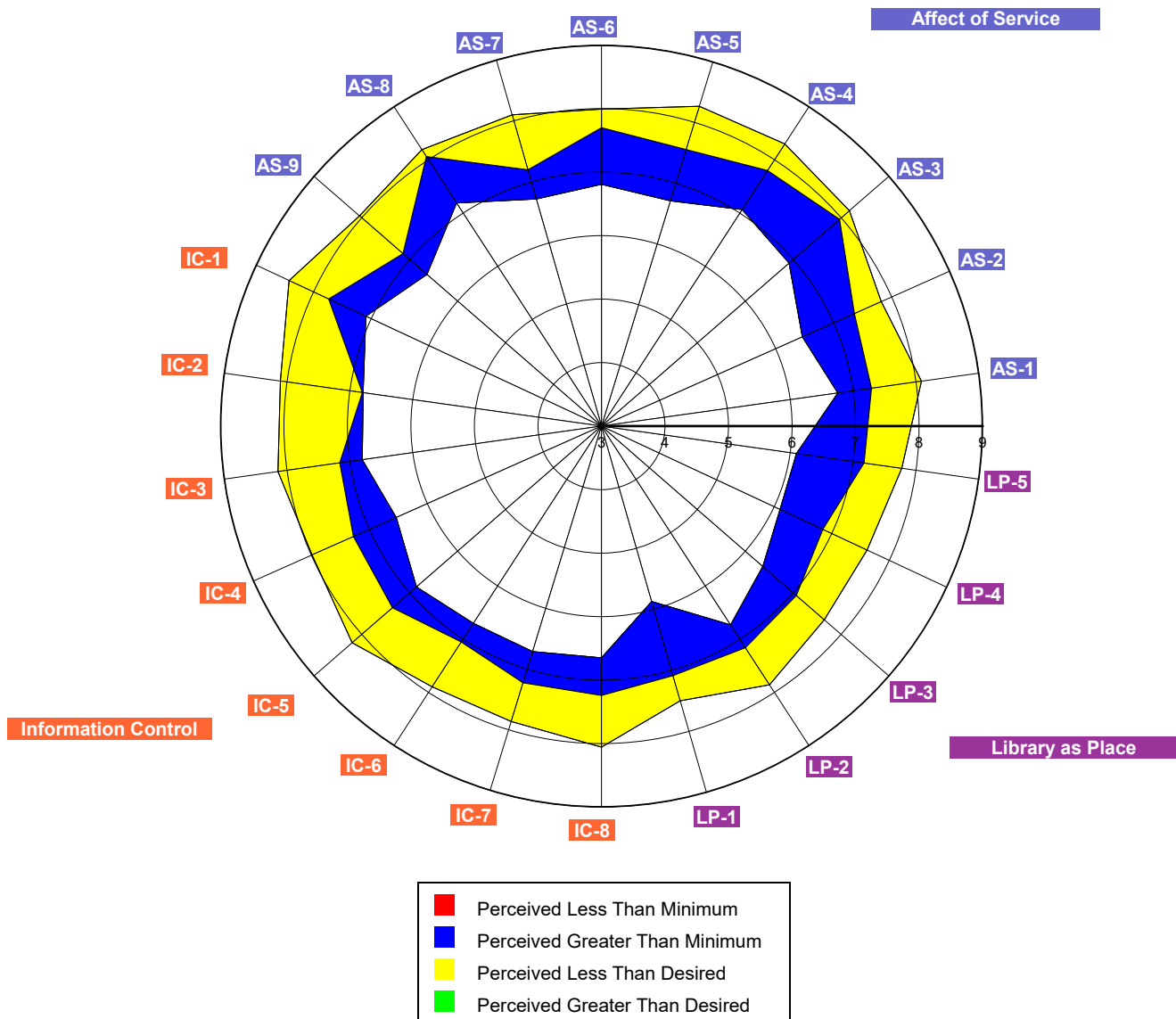
<b>Full or part-time student?</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>
Full-time	22	42.31
Part-time	3	5.77
Does not apply / NA	27	51.92
<b>Total:</b>	<b>52</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 7.2 Core Questions Summary for Library Staff

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Library Staff

ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	6.76	8.09	7.29	0.53	-0.79	58
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	6.46	7.82	7.36	0.90	-0.46	67
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.91	8.17	7.97	1.05	-0.21	58
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	7.07	8.30	7.80	0.73	-0.50	60
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.71	8.27	7.56	0.84	-0.71	45
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	6.81	7.99	7.70	0.89	-0.29	147
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.72	8.10	7.20	0.48	-0.90	50
AS-8	Willingness to help users	7.19	8.19	8.06	0.87	-0.13	63
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.64	8.05	7.14	0.50	-0.90	42
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	7.09	8.43	7.74	0.65	-0.69	54
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.79	8.11	6.80	0.01	-1.30	76
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.80	8.14	7.16	0.36	-0.98	56
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.54	7.99	7.28	0.74	-0.71	149
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.86	8.20	7.36	0.50	-0.84	50
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.70	7.89	7.05	0.35	-0.84	57
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.71	7.86	7.23	0.52	-0.64	66
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.65	8.06	7.24	0.59	-0.81	54
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.87	7.50	7.09	1.21	-0.41	126
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.73	7.86	7.16	0.43	-0.70	56
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	6.37	7.65	7.07	0.70	-0.58	60
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.10	7.62	6.85	0.74	-0.77	39
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	6.10	7.78	7.18	1.08	-0.60	40
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.67</b>	<b>7.93</b>	<b>7.39</b>	<b>0.72</b>	<b>-0.54</b>	<b>155</b>

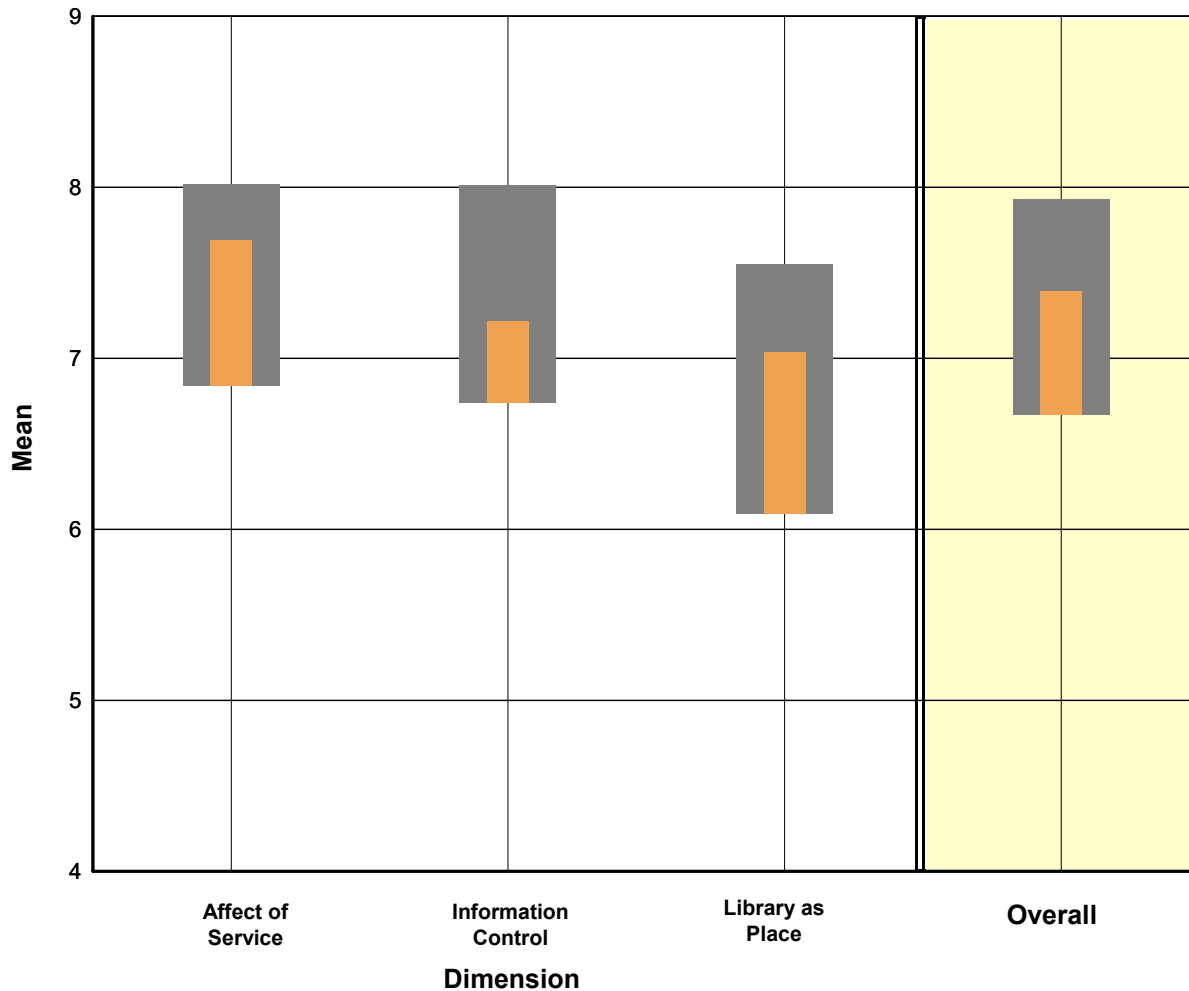
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: College or University  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: Library Staff

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.56	1.01	1.60	1.88	1.76	58
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	1.61	1.15	1.32	1.66	1.31	67
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.50	1.06	1.20	1.47	1.17	58
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.56	0.91	1.26	1.53	1.16	60
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.66	1.18	1.29	1.76	1.39	45
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.59	1.17	1.26	1.56	1.38	147
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.57	1.07	1.63	2.10	1.81	50
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.41	0.80	0.98	1.40	0.99	63
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.57	1.25	1.47	1.58	1.45	42
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.31	0.79	1.10	1.28	1.04	54
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.43	1.26	1.48	1.69	1.71	76
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.47	1.14	1.52	2.02	1.70	56
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.55	1.26	1.36	1.65	1.42	149
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.44	0.97	1.38	1.82	1.49	50
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.60	1.40	1.49	1.52	1.41	57
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.65	1.32	1.38	1.57	1.15	66
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.64	1.09	1.21	1.70	1.44	54
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.68	1.58	1.52	1.88	1.78	126
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.95	1.70	1.80	2.42	2.09	56
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.62	1.42	1.75	2.22	1.99	60
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.98	1.58	1.80	2.07	1.66	39
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	1.68	1.37	1.39	1.79	1.71	40
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.24</b>	<b>0.87</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.22</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>155</b>



### 7.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Library Staff

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



Range of Minimum to Desired  
 Range of Minimum to Perceived ("Adequacy Gap")

The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.84	8.02	7.69	0.85	-0.33	155
Information Control	6.74	8.01	7.22	0.47	-0.79	154
Library as Place	6.09	7.55	7.04	0.94	-0.51	134
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.67</b>	<b>7.93</b>	<b>7.39</b>	<b>0.72</b>	<b>-0.54</b>	<b>155</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.43	0.93	1.13	1.46	1.29	155
Information Control	1.34	1.06	1.15	1.27	1.13	154
Library as Place	1.55	1.37	1.44	1.76	1.65	134
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.24</b>	<b>0.87</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1.22</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>155</b>

## 7.4 Local Question Summary for Library Staff

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Promoting open access publications	6.15	7.68	6.56	0.41	-1.12	68
Facilitating research data management	6.46	7.59	6.84	0.38	-0.76	74
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	6.35	7.55	6.55	0.20	-1.00	49
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	6.42	7.51	6.81	0.38	-0.70	73
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.44	7.66	7.11	0.67	-0.55	85
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0

This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Promoting open access publications	1.58	1.56	1.63	1.74	1.59	68
Facilitating research data management	1.48	1.49	1.51	1.63	1.52	74
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	1.61	1.61	1.89	1.81	1.68	49
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	1.52	1.34	1.64	1.66	1.25	73
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.45	1.43	1.66	1.71	1.46	85
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0

## 7.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Library Staff

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.85	1.30	92
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.47	1.30	91
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.61	1.07	155

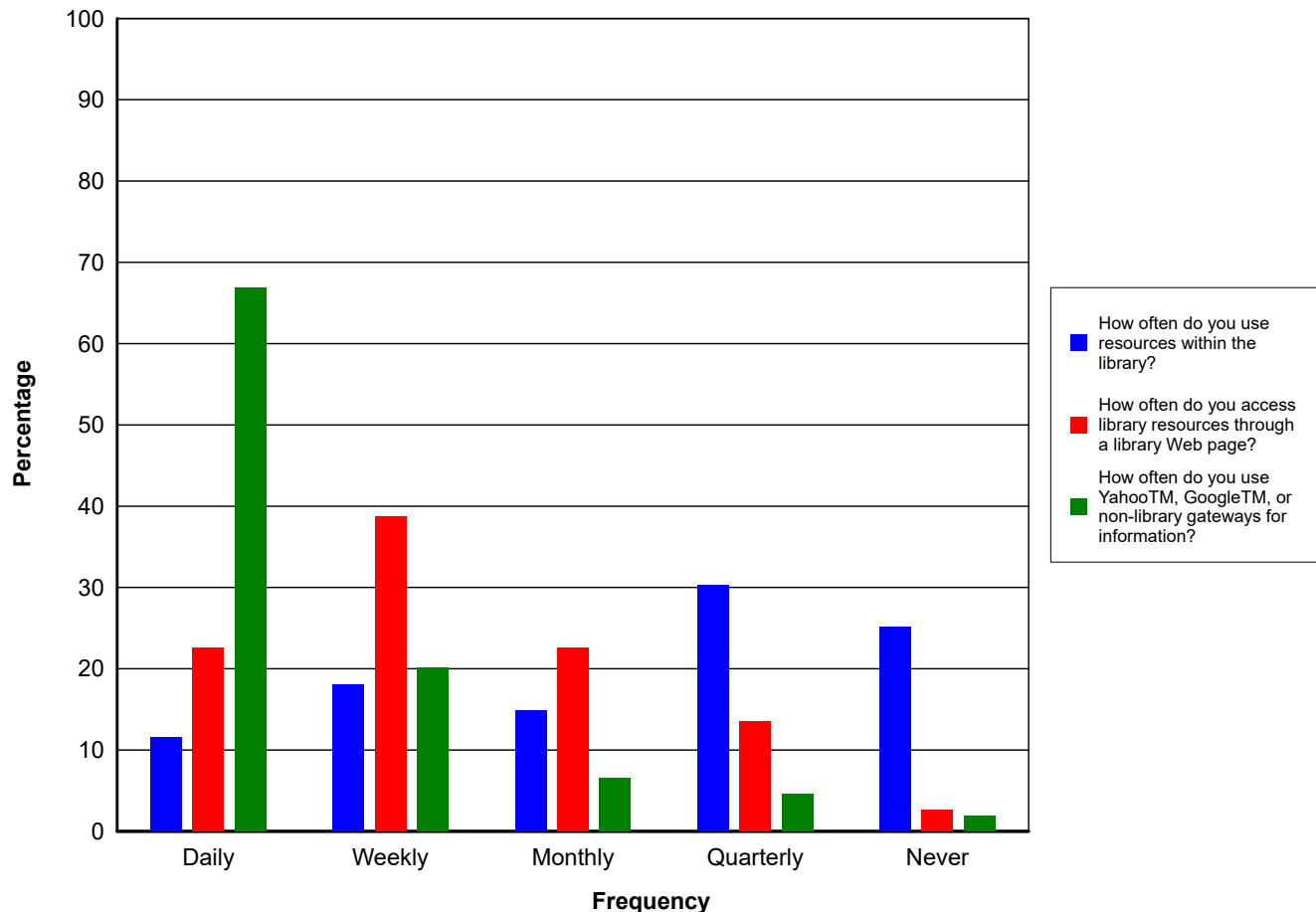
## 7.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Library Staff

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.70	1.83	86
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	7.38	1.53	86
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.07	1.43	81
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	6.33	1.70	72
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	7.20	1.70	69

### 7.7 Library Use Summary for Library Staff

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	18 11.61%	28 18.06%	23 14.84%	47 30.32%	39 25.16%	155 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	35 22.58%	60 38.71%	35 22.58%	21 13.55%	4 2.58%	155 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	103 66.88%	31 20.13%	10 6.49%	7 4.55%	3 1.95%	154 100.00%

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Library Staff

## 8 Summary for Staff

### 8.1 Demographic Summary for Staff

#### 8.1.1 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	1	0.24
18 - 22	22	5.37
23 - 30	71	17.32
31 - 45	170	41.46
46 - 65	131	31.95
Over 65	15	3.66
<b>Total:</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>100.00</b>

#### 8.1.2 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	168	63.88
Male	95	36.12
<b>Total:</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 8.1.3 Respondent Profile by Full or part-time student?

<b>Full or part-time student?</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>
Full-time	13	6.34
Part-time	17	8.29
Does not apply / NA	175	85.37
<b>Total:</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>100.00</b>

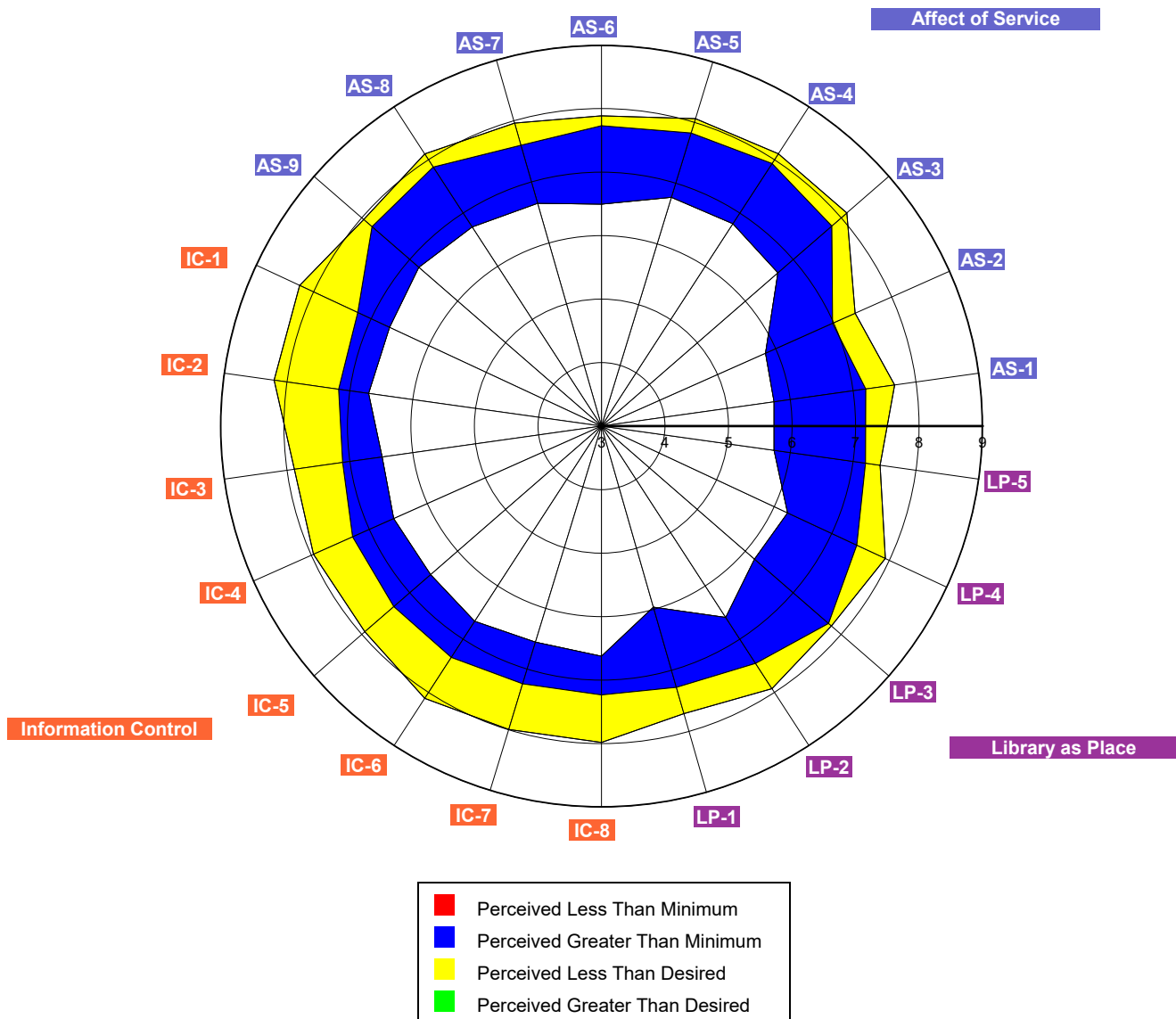


## 8.2 Core Questions Summary for Staff

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



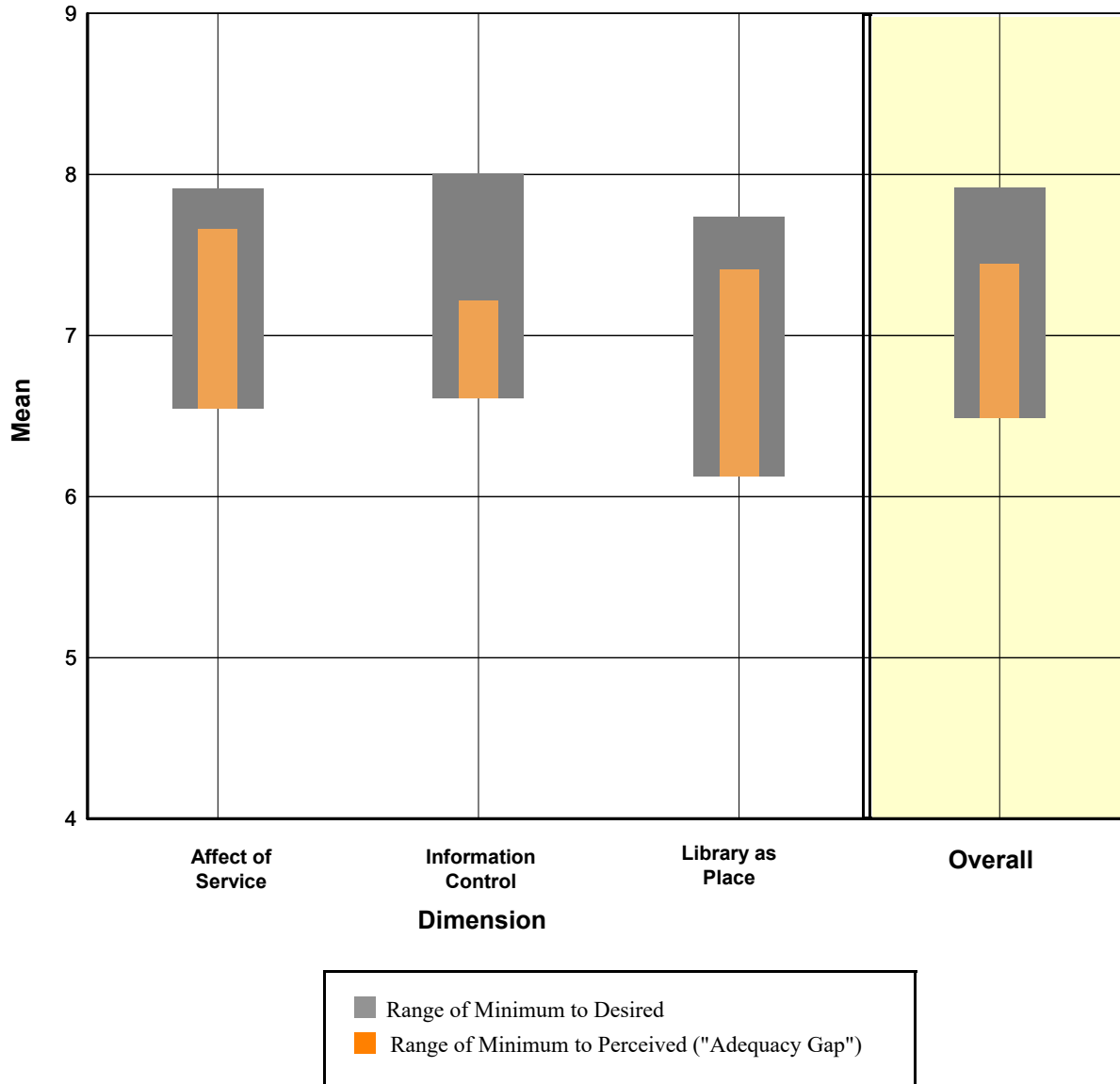
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Staff

ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.75	7.66	7.20	1.46	-0.46	361
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.83	7.37	6.98	1.16	-0.39	365
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	6.68	8.12	7.81	1.13	-0.31	373
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.80	8.11	7.93	1.13	-0.18	366
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.77	8.06	7.83	1.06	-0.23	368
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	6.50	7.89	7.73	1.23	-0.16	497
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.65	7.96	7.60	0.95	-0.36	356
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.74	8.11	7.87	1.13	-0.24	373
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.81	7.96	7.79	0.98	-0.17	302
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.68	8.24	7.23	0.55	-1.01	358
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.70	8.21	7.18	0.47	-1.03	375
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	6.49	7.88	7.12	0.63	-0.77	318
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.58	7.96	7.29	0.71	-0.68	468
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.56	7.94	7.33	0.77	-0.61	347
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.67	8.11	7.34	0.68	-0.77	362
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.56	7.99	7.24	0.69	-0.75	353
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.62	7.98	7.23	0.61	-0.75	322
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	5.97	7.71	7.28	1.31	-0.43	454
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.59	7.93	7.45	0.86	-0.47	308
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	6.19	7.80	7.74	1.54	-0.06	358
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.24	7.93	7.44	1.20	-0.49	302
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	5.75	7.43	7.20	1.45	-0.23	228
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.49</b>	<b>7.92</b>	<b>7.45</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>-0.47</b>	<b>522</b>

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.96	1.33	1.54	1.85	1.45	361
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.15	1.56	1.79	1.82	1.55	365
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.81	1.18	1.41	1.74	1.39	373
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.73	1.27	1.27	1.64	1.30	366
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.63	1.26	1.15	1.47	1.18	368
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.88	1.33	1.29	1.70	1.32	497
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.68	1.19	1.35	1.61	1.28	356
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.84	1.20	1.26	1.68	1.23	373
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.70	1.28	1.27	1.52	1.15	302
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.75	1.15	1.67	1.89	1.53	358
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.73	1.19	1.58	1.89	1.54	375
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.75	1.47	1.48	1.69	1.61	318
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.62	1.30	1.44	1.70	1.42	468
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.79	1.40	1.48	1.71	1.41	347
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.64	1.25	1.37	1.71	1.50	362
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.75	1.32	1.51	1.73	1.53	353
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.73	1.30	1.50	1.79	1.55	322
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.87	1.49	1.41	1.90	1.64	454
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.88	1.57	1.57	1.93	1.74	308
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.96	1.36	1.44	1.99	1.52	358
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.94	1.50	1.45	1.91	1.67	302
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	2.11	1.84	1.70	2.23	2.07	228
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.40</b>	<b>0.93</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>0.98</b>	<b>522</b>

### 8.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Staff

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: College or University  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Staff

The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	6.55	7.92	7.66	1.11	-0.25	521
Information Control	6.61	8.01	7.22	0.61	-0.79	515
Library as Place	6.12	7.73	7.41	1.28	-0.33	493
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.49</b>	<b>7.92</b>	<b>7.45</b>	<b>0.96</b>	<b>-0.47</b>	<b>522</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.53	1.03	1.10	1.37	1.07	521
Information Control	1.42	0.98	1.18	1.39	1.14	515
Library as Place	1.71	1.32	1.19	1.74	1.45	493
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.40</b>	<b>0.93</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.29</b>	<b>0.98</b>	<b>522</b>

## 8.4 Local Question Summary for Staff

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	6.79	7.59	7.17	0.38	-0.41	29
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	7.21	8.00	7.62	0.41	-0.38	29
Promoting open access publications	6.03	7.52	6.74	0.71	-0.78	287
Facilitating research data management	6.06	7.51	6.84	0.78	-0.67	228
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	6.10	7.51	6.90	0.80	-0.61	183
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	6.14	7.46	6.81	0.67	-0.65	245
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.16	7.55	6.88	0.73	-0.66	241
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	7.21	7.71	7.25	0.04	-0.46	28
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	7.07	7.93	7.14	0.07	-0.79	29

This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently	1.18	1.24	1.28	1.42	1.64	29
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)	1.35	1.04	1.35	1.27	1.29	29
Promoting open access publications	2.04	1.47	1.66	1.87	1.61	287
Facilitating research data management	1.97	1.55	1.73	1.90	1.68	228
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.01	1.57	1.66	1.64	1.49	183
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.09	1.67	1.85	1.91	1.70	245
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.91	1.52	1.62	1.65	1.64	241
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches	1.23	1.24	1.43	1.79	1.55	28
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution	1.62	1.62	1.62	1.36	1.05	29

## 8.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Staff

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	8.07	1.14	425
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.38	1.52	430
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.74	1.03	522

## 8.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Staff

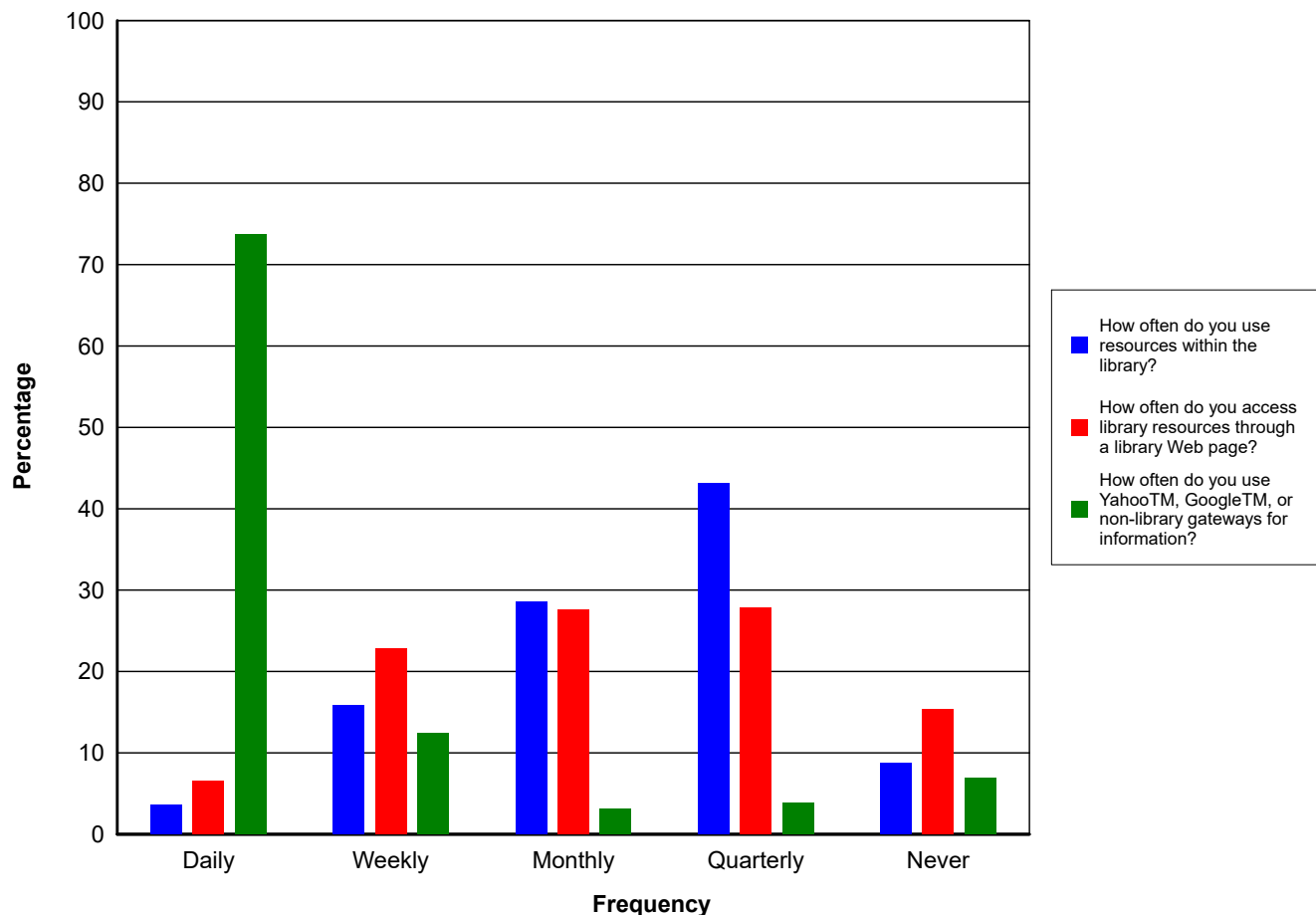
This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.61	1.88	399
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	7.06	1.65	415
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.13	1.58	420
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	6.49	1.88	406
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.48	2.00	403



## 8.7 Library Use Summary for Staff

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	19 3.64%	83 15.90%	149 28.54%	225 43.10%	46 8.81%	522 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	34 6.51%	119 22.80%	144 27.59%	145 27.78%	80 15.33%	522 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	385 73.75%	65 12.45%	16 3.07%	20 3.83%	36 6.90%	522 100.00%

## 9 European Business Summary for LIBER

### 9.1 Demographic Summary for European Business

#### 9.1.1 Respondents by User Group

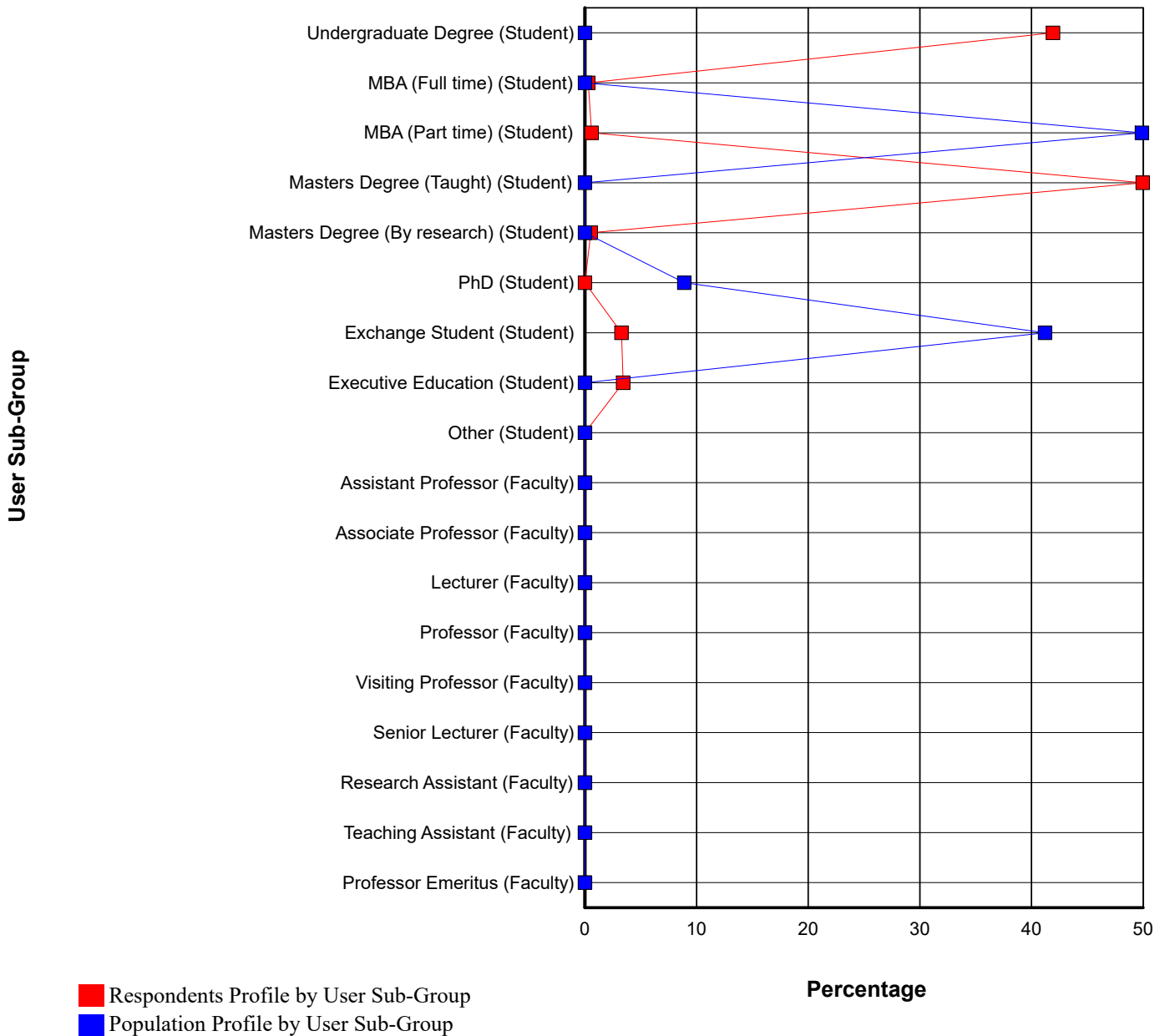
User Group	Respondent n	Respondent %
<b>Student</b>		
Undergraduate Degree	564	41.93%
MBA (Full time)	4	0.30%
MBA (Part time)	8	0.59%
Masters Degree (Taught)	672	49.96%
Masters Degree (By research)	7	0.52%
PhD	0	0.00%
Exchange Student	44	3.27%
Executive Education	46	3.42%
Other	0	0.00%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	1,345	100.00%
<b>Faculty</b>		
Assistant Professor	0	0.00%
Associate Professor	0	0.00%
Lecturer	0	0.00%
Professor	0	0.00%
Visiting Professor	0	0.00%
Senior Lecturer	0	0.00%
Research Assistant	0	0.00%
Teaching Assistant	0	0.00%
Professor Emeritus	0	0.00%
<b>Sub Total:</b>	0	0.00%
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00%</b>

### 9.1.2 Population and Respondents by User Sub-Group

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by sub-group (e.g. First year, Masters, Professor), based on user responses to the demographic questions at the end of the survey instrument and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

The chart maps the percentage of respondents for each user subgroup in red. Population percentages for each user subgroup are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each user sub-group for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

User Sub-Group	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Undergraduate Degree (Student)	0	0.00	564	41.93	-41.93
MBA (Full time) (Student)	0	0.00	4	0.30	-0.30
MBA (Part time) (Student)	1,340	49.89	8	0.59	49.29
Masters Degree (Taught) (Student)	0	0.00	672	49.96	-49.96
Masters Degree (By research) (Student)	0	0.00	7	0.52	-0.52
PhD (Student)	239	8.90	0	0.00	8.90
Exchange Student (Student)	1,107	41.21	44	3.27	37.94
Executive Education (Student)	0	0.00	46	3.42	-3.42
Other (Student)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Assistant Professor (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Associate Professor (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Lecturer (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Professor (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Visiting Professor (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Senior Lecturer (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Research Assistant (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Teaching Assistant (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
Professor Emeritus (Faculty)	0	0.00	0	0.00	0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>2,686</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

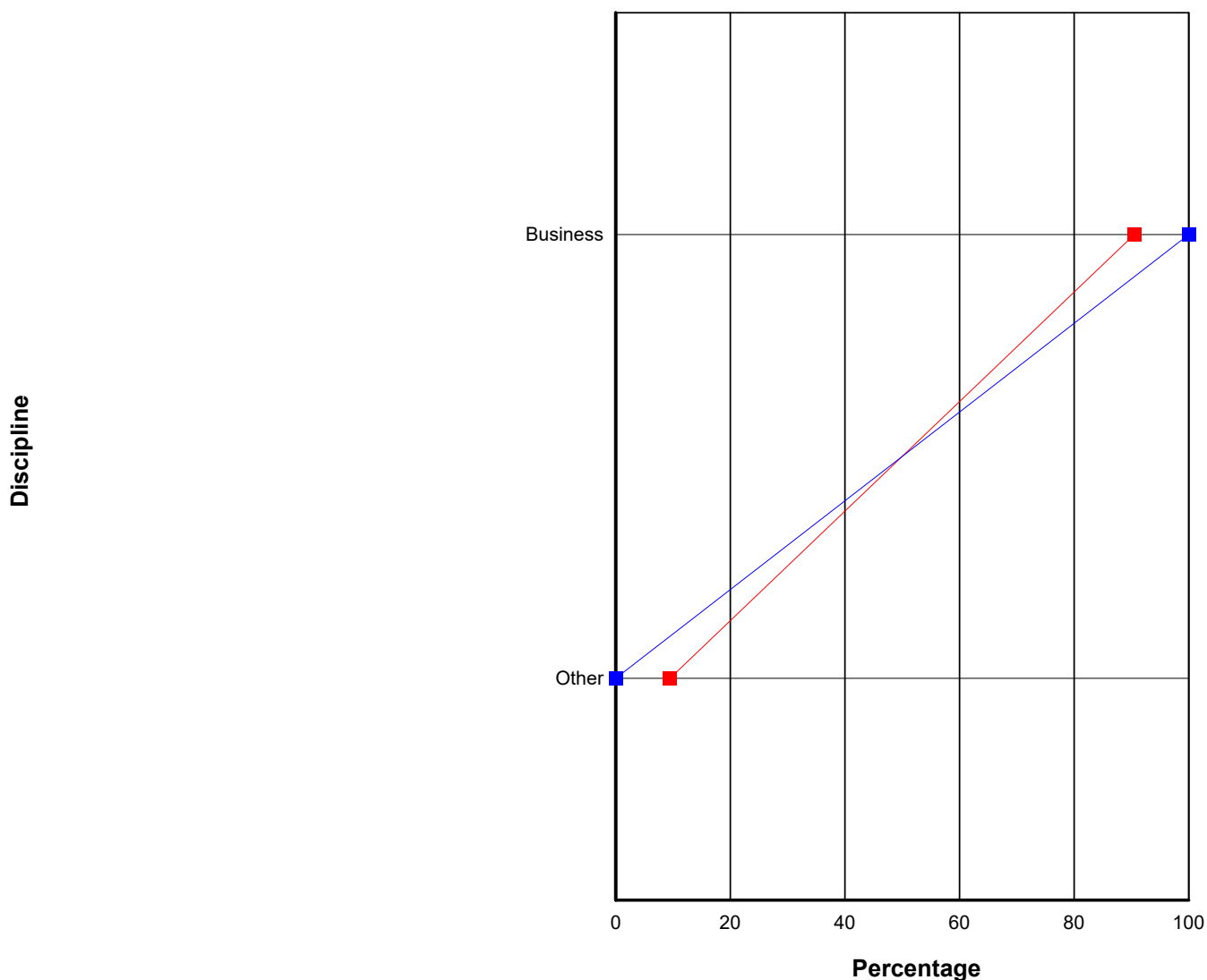
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: European Business  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

### 9.1.3 Population and Respondents by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).

*\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.*



- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

<b>Discipline</b>	<b>Population N</b>	<b>Population %</b>	<b>Respondents n</b>	<b>Respondents %</b>	<b>%N - %n</b>
Business	22,564	100.00	1,213	90.52	9.48
Other	0	0.00	127	9.48	-9.48
<b>Total:</b>	<b>22,564</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1,340</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: European Business  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff, Staff)

### 9.1.4 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	0	0.00
18 - 22	420	31.23
23 - 30	817	60.74
31 - 45	91	6.77
46 - 65	17	1.26
Over 65	0	0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 9.1.5 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

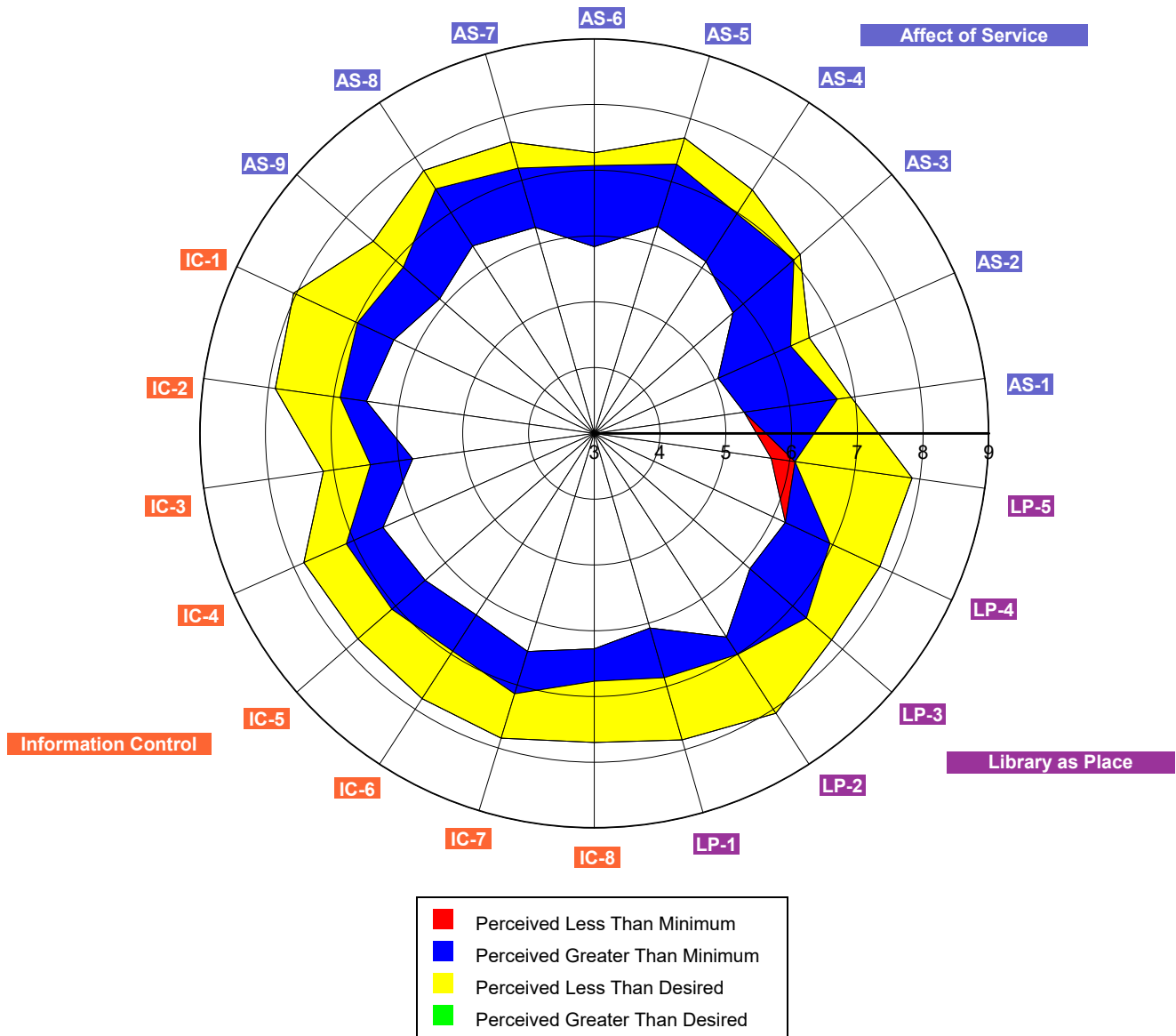
Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	675	50.19
Male	670	49.81
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 9.2 Core Questions Summary for European Business

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)



Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)



ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.30	6.95	6.73	1.43	-0.21	1,232
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.06	6.58	6.27	1.21	-0.31	1,227
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	5.80	7.15	7.02	1.22	-0.12	1,199
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.12	7.41	6.98	0.87	-0.43	1,199
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.29	7.70	7.28	0.99	-0.42	1,221
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	5.84	7.27	7.07	1.23	-0.19	1,188
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.26	7.61	7.19	0.94	-0.41	1,211
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.40	7.76	7.43	1.03	-0.33	1,234
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.12	7.45	6.85	0.73	-0.61	1,060
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.36	8.04	6.98	0.61	-1.07	1,309
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.50	7.90	6.90	0.40	-0.99	1,319
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	5.79	7.16	6.44	0.65	-0.72	1,118
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.52	7.83	7.13	0.61	-0.70	1,296
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.41	7.76	7.08	0.67	-0.69	1,295
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.29	7.81	6.95	0.66	-0.86	1,289
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.47	7.85	7.14	0.67	-0.70	1,262
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.28	7.70	6.77	0.49	-0.93	1,161
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	6.08	7.85	6.86	0.78	-0.98	1,330
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.69	8.07	7.01	0.31	-1.07	1,320
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	6.14	7.78	7.28	1.14	-0.51	1,331
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.21	7.79	6.96	0.75	-0.83	1,261
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	6.08	7.88	5.72	-0.37	-2.16	1,296
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.63</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>1,345</b>

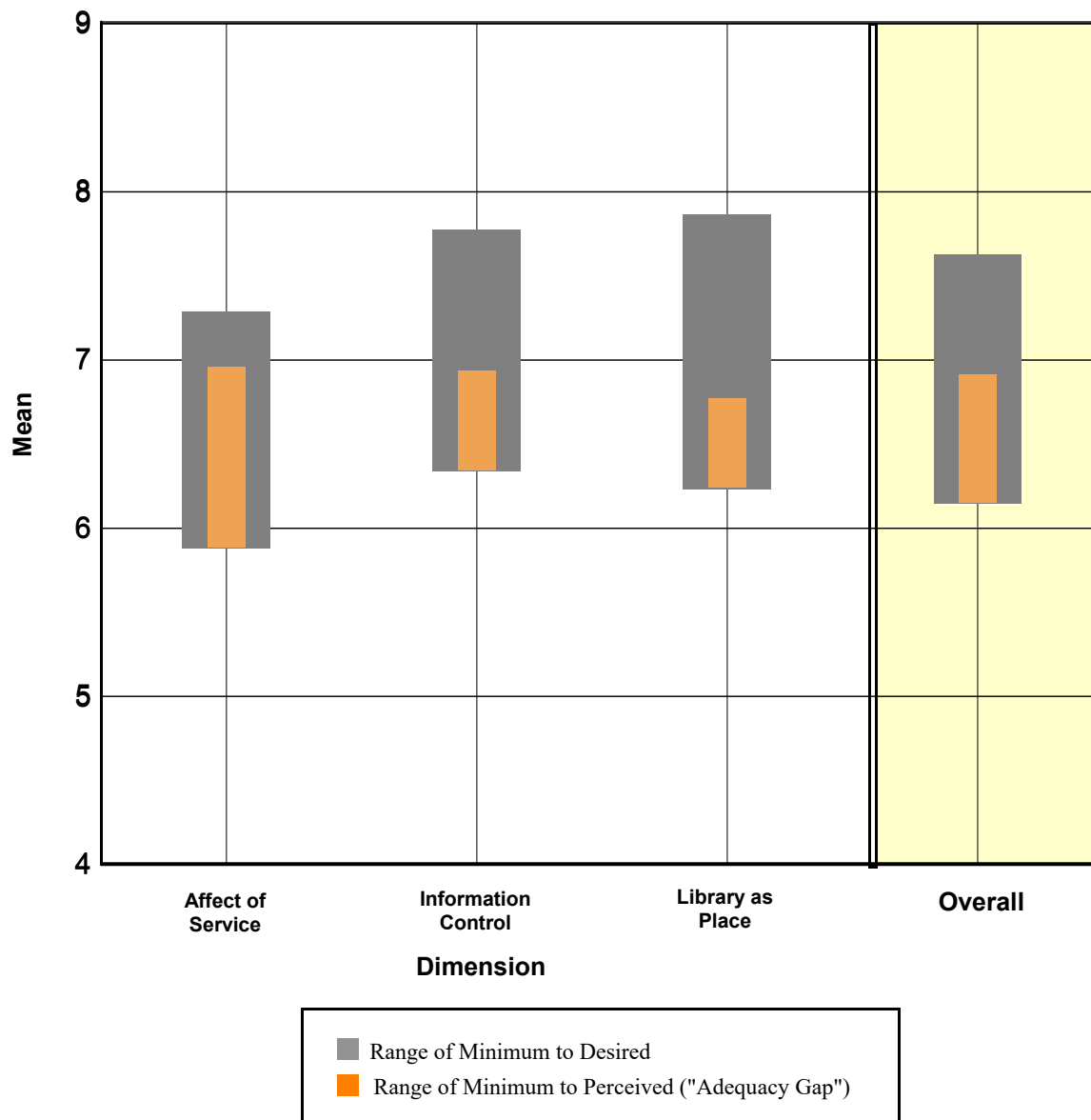
Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
Institution Type: European Business  
Consortium: LIBER  
User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.78	1.61	1.51	1.74	1.59	1,232
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.00	1.87	1.80	1.73	1.65	1,227
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.81	1.58	1.53	1.65	1.39	1,199
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.64	1.49	1.48	1.66	1.46	1,199
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.73	1.39	1.41	1.67	1.44	1,221
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.84	1.63	1.51	1.69	1.44	1,188
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.66	1.39	1.43	1.65	1.35	1,211
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.72	1.39	1.41	1.64	1.43	1,234
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.67	1.49	1.51	1.64	1.51	1,060
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.69	1.35	1.59	1.88	1.75	1,309
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.63	1.35	1.58	1.73	1.63	1,319
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.89	1.75	1.74	1.85	1.83	1,118
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.60	1.35	1.42	1.70	1.50	1,296
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.64	1.41	1.45	1.70	1.58	1,295
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.65	1.37	1.47	1.76	1.60	1,289
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.59	1.31	1.34	1.61	1.46	1,262
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.81	1.55	1.67	1.87	1.77	1,161
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.80	1.42	1.65	2.03	1.84	1,330
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.71	1.37	1.72	2.16	2.01	1,320
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.74	1.37	1.42	1.96	1.64	1,331
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.74	1.42	1.45	1.90	1.73	1,261
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	1.82	1.56	1.95	2.51	2.40	1,296
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.21</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1,345</b>

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)

### 9.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for European Business

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	5.88	7.29	6.95	1.07	-0.34	1,337
Information Control	6.34	7.77	6.93	0.59	-0.84	1,345
Library as Place	6.23	7.87	6.76	0.53	-1.10	1,341
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.63</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>1,345</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.41	1.18	1.18	1.27	1.10	1,337
Information Control	1.25	1.02	1.09	1.29	1.17	1,345
Library as Place	1.37	1.07	1.23	1.63	1.45	1,341
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.21</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1,345</b>

## 9.4 Local Question Summary for European Business

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	5.33	6.69	6.17	0.84	-0.52	858
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0
Facilitating research data management	5.68	7.13	6.46	0.78	-0.67	912
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Promoting open access publications	5.60	7.02	6.30	0.70	-0.72	910
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.36	6.63	6.17	0.81	-0.47	670
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.03	7.49	6.67	0.65	-0.82	972

This table shows the standard deviations for each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.13	1.95	1.76	1.89	1.84	858
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0
Facilitating research data management	1.85	1.68	1.58	1.72	1.68	912
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Promoting open access publications	2.01	1.80	1.75	1.97	1.84	910
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.02	1.87	1.77	1.92	1.78	670
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.87	1.58	1.58	1.86	1.63	972

## 9.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for European Business

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.64	1.23	1,345
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.16	1.38	1,345
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.27	1.12	1,345

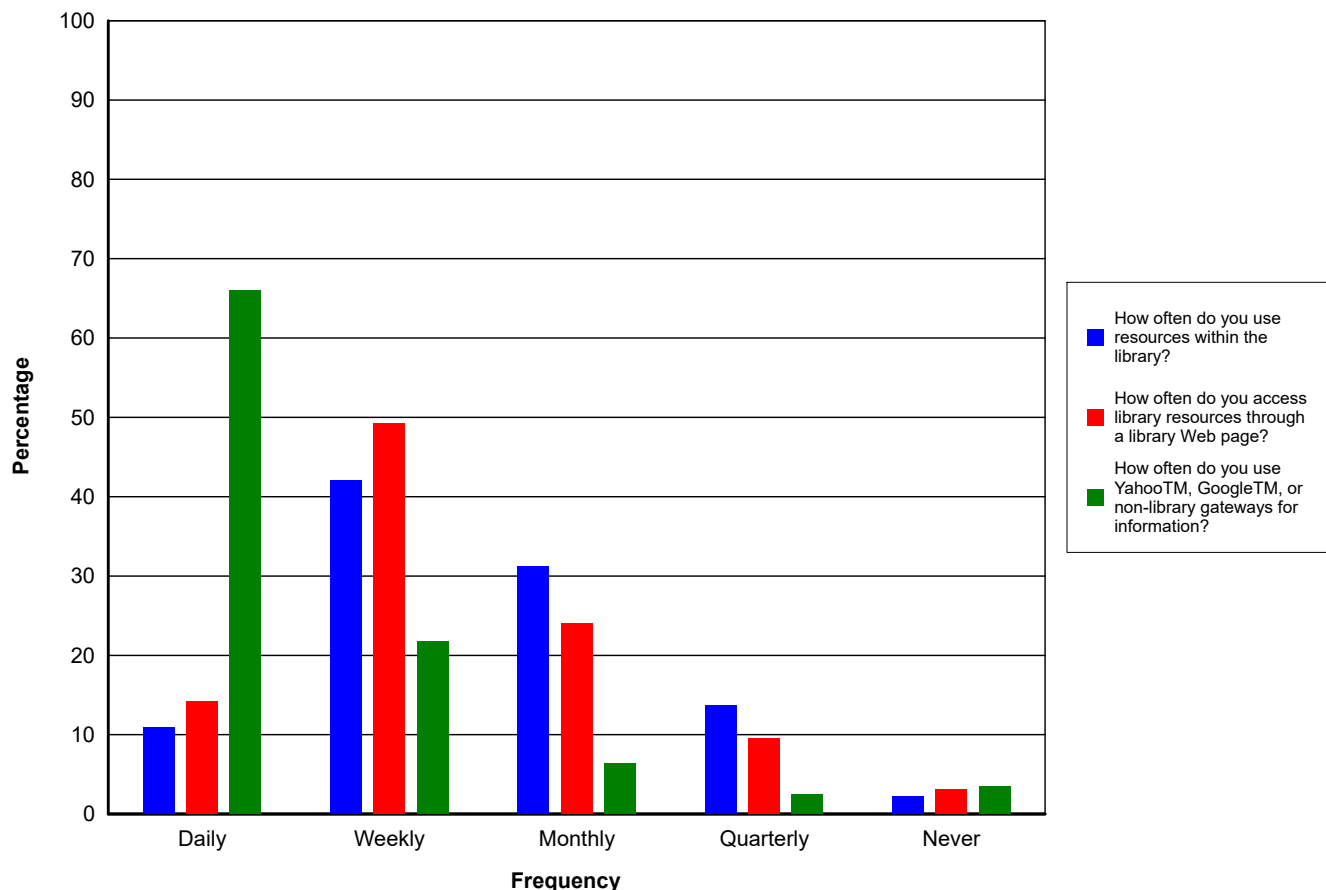
## 9.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for European Business

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.23	1.57	1,345
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	6.86	1.43	1,345
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.05	1.50	1,345
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	5.98	1.86	1,345
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.46	1.66	1,345

### 9.7 Library Use Summary for European Business

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	147 10.93%	565 42.01%	420 31.23%	184 13.68%	29 2.16%	1,345 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	191 14.21%	662 49.26%	322 23.96%	128 9.52%	41 3.05%	1,344 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	887 65.95%	293 21.78%	86 6.39%	33 2.45%	46 3.42%	1,345 100.00%

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: All (Excluding Library Staff)



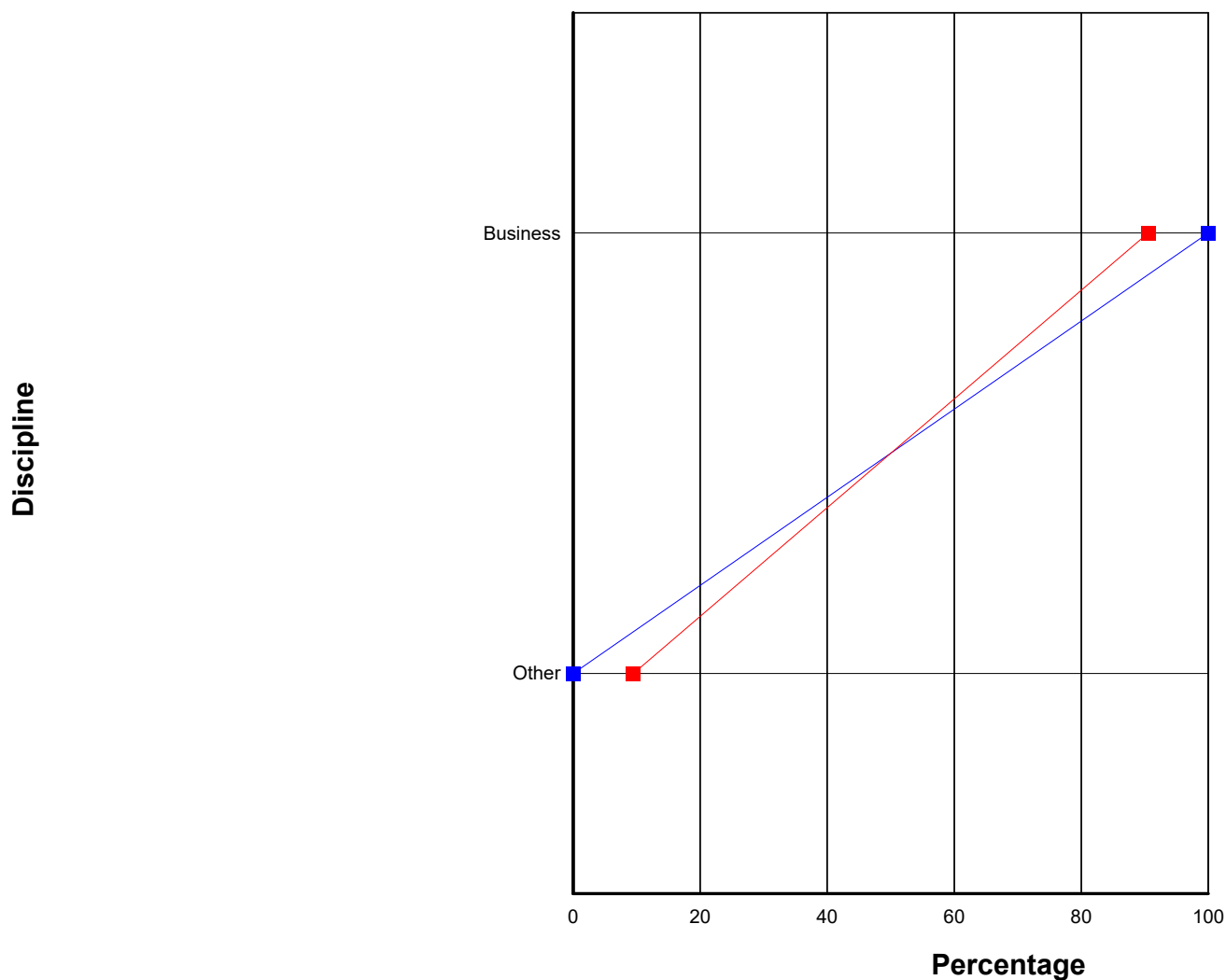
## 10 Summary for Student

### 10.1 Demographic Summary for Student

#### 10.1.1 Population and Respondent Profiles by Standard Discipline

The chart and table below show a breakdown of survey respondents by discipline, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section.

This section shows survey respondents broken down based on the LibQUAL+ standard discipline categories. The chart maps percentage of respondents for each discipline in red. Population percentages for each discipline are mapped in blue. The table shows the number and percentage for each discipline, for the general population (N) and for survey respondents (n).



- Respondent Profile by Discipline
- Population Profile by Discipline

Language: Danish, English (British), Estonian, Finnish, Slovenia  
 Institution Type: European Business  
 Consortium: LIBER  
 User Group: Student

Discipline	Population N	Population %	Respondents n	Respondents %	%N - %n
Business	22,564	100.00	1,213	90.52	9.48
Other	0	0.00	127	9.48	-9.48
<b>Total:</b>	<b>22,564</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>1,340</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>

### 10.1.2 Respondent Profile by Age:

This table shows a breakdown of survey respondents by age; both the number of respondents (n) and the percentage of the total number of respondents represented by each age group are displayed.

Age:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Under 18	0	0.00
18 - 22	420	31.23
23 - 30	817	60.74
31 - 45	91	6.77
46 - 65	17	1.26
Over 65	0	0.00
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00</b>

### 10.1.3 Respondent Profile by Sex:

The table below shows a breakdown of survey respondents by sex, based on user responses to the demographic questions and the demographic data provided by institutions in the online Representativeness section\*. The number and percentage for each sex are given for the general population and for survey respondents.

\*Note: Participating institutions were not required to complete the Representativeness section. When population data is missing or incomplete, it is because this data was not provided.

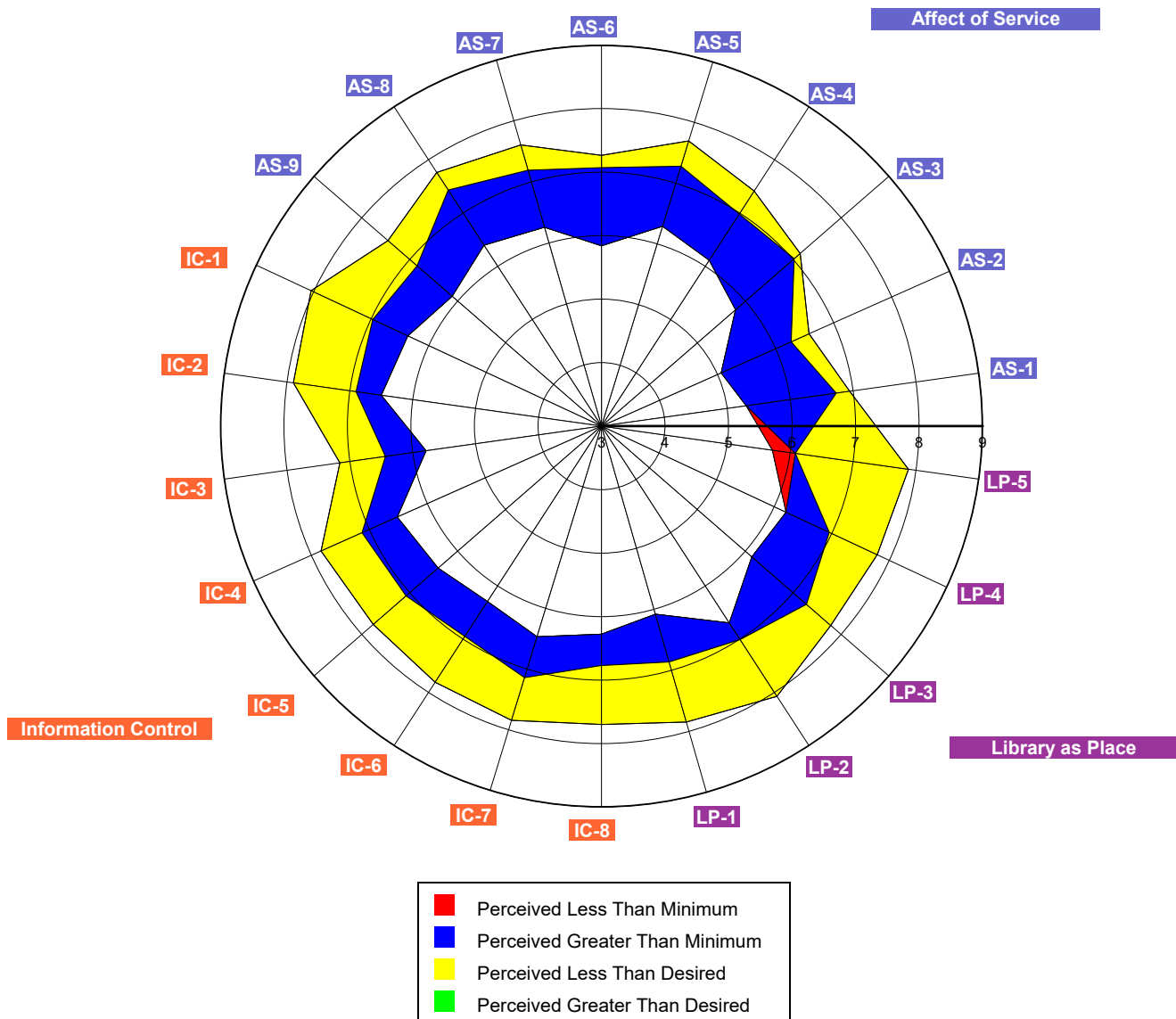
Sex:	Respondents n	Respondents %
Female	675	50.19
Male	670	49.81
<b>Total:</b>	<b>1,345</b>	<b>100.00</b>

## 10.2 Core Questions Summary for Student

This radar chart shows the aggregate results for the core survey questions. Each axis represents one question. A code to identify each question is displayed at the outer point of each axis. While questions for each dimension of library service quality are scattered randomly throughout the survey, on this chart they are grouped into sections: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place.

On each axis, respondents' minimum, desired, and perceived levels of service quality are plotted, and the resulting "gaps" between the three levels (representing service adequacy or service superiority) are shaded in blue, yellow, green, and red.

The following two tables show mean scores and standard deviations for each question, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.)

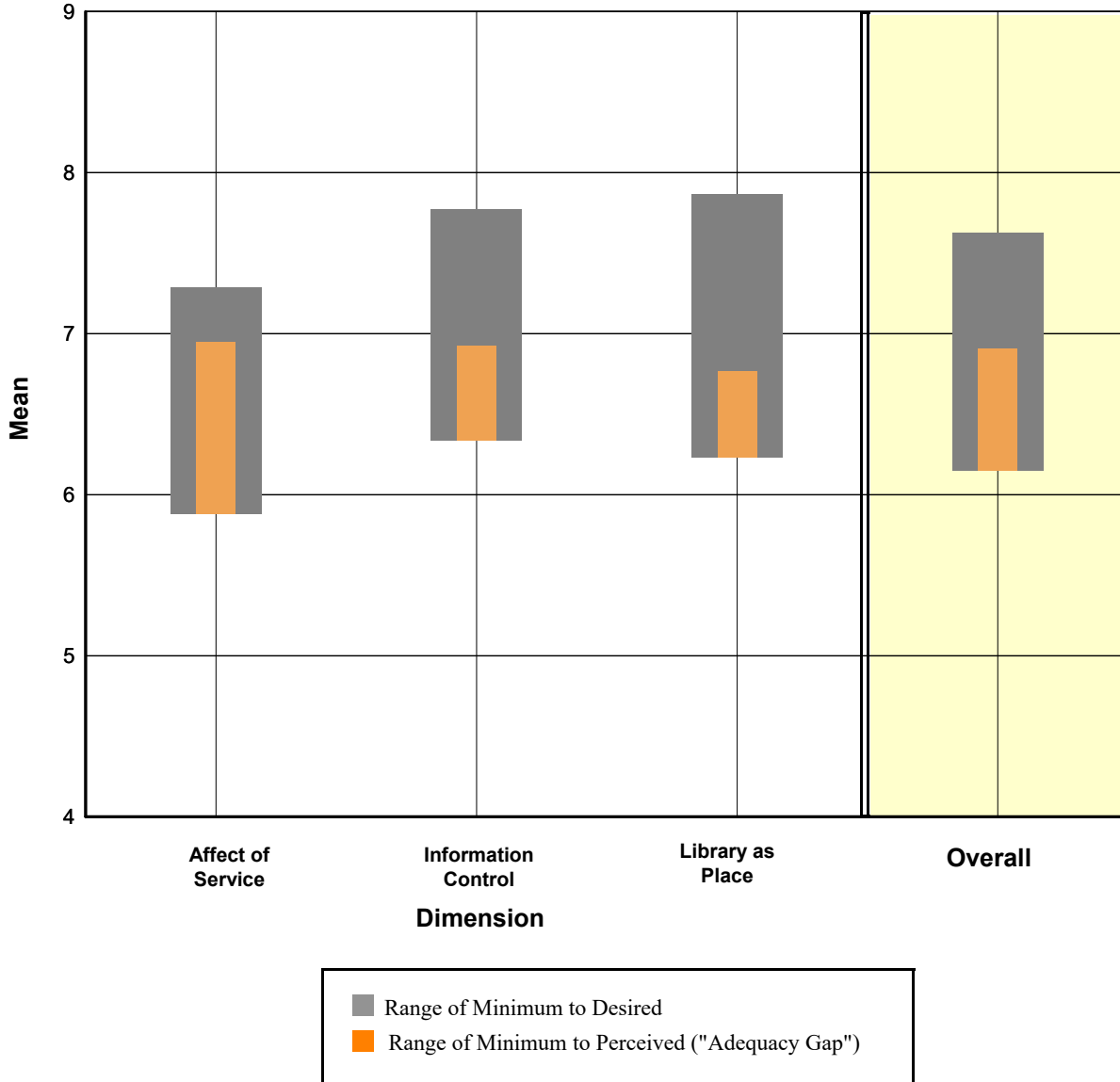


ID	Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	5.30	6.95	6.73	1.43	-0.21	1,232
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	5.06	6.58	6.27	1.21	-0.31	1,227
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	5.80	7.15	7.02	1.22	-0.12	1,199
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	6.12	7.41	6.98	0.87	-0.43	1,199
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	6.29	7.70	7.28	0.99	-0.42	1,221
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	5.84	7.27	7.07	1.23	-0.19	1,188
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	6.26	7.61	7.19	0.94	-0.41	1,211
AS-8	Willingness to help users	6.40	7.76	7.43	1.03	-0.33	1,234
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	6.12	7.45	6.85	0.73	-0.61	1,060
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	6.36	8.04	6.98	0.61	-1.07	1,309
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	6.50	7.90	6.90	0.40	-0.99	1,319
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	5.79	7.16	6.44	0.65	-0.72	1,118
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	6.52	7.83	7.13	0.61	-0.70	1,296
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	6.41	7.76	7.08	0.67	-0.69	1,295
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	6.29	7.81	6.95	0.66	-0.86	1,289
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	6.47	7.85	7.14	0.67	-0.70	1,262
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	6.28	7.70	6.77	0.49	-0.93	1,161
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	6.08	7.85	6.86	0.78	-0.98	1,330
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	6.69	8.07	7.01	0.31	-1.07	1,320
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	6.14	7.78	7.28	1.14	-0.51	1,331
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	6.21	7.79	6.96	0.75	-0.83	1,261
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	6.08	7.88	5.72	-0.37	-2.16	1,296
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.63</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>1,345</b>

ID	Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
<b>Affect of Service</b>							
AS-1	Library staff who instill confidence in users	1.78	1.61	1.51	1.74	1.59	1,232
AS-2	Giving users individual attention	2.00	1.87	1.80	1.73	1.65	1,227
AS-3	Library staff who are consistently courteous	1.81	1.58	1.53	1.65	1.39	1,199
AS-4	Readiness to respond to users' enquiries	1.64	1.49	1.48	1.66	1.46	1,199
AS-5	Library staff who have the knowledge to answer user questions	1.73	1.39	1.41	1.67	1.44	1,221
AS-6	Library staff who deal with users in a caring fashion	1.84	1.63	1.51	1.69	1.44	1,188
AS-7	Library staff who understand the needs of their users	1.66	1.39	1.43	1.65	1.35	1,211
AS-8	Willingness to help users	1.72	1.39	1.41	1.64	1.43	1,234
AS-9	Dependability in handling users' service problems	1.67	1.49	1.51	1.64	1.51	1,060
<b>Information Control</b>							
IC-1	Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office	1.69	1.35	1.59	1.88	1.75	1,309
IC-2	A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own	1.63	1.35	1.58	1.73	1.63	1,319
IC-3	The printed library materials I need for my work	1.89	1.75	1.74	1.85	1.83	1,118
IC-4	The electronic information resources I need	1.60	1.35	1.42	1.70	1.50	1,296
IC-5	Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information	1.64	1.41	1.45	1.70	1.58	1,295
IC-6	Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own	1.65	1.37	1.47	1.76	1.60	1,289
IC-7	Making information easily accessible for independent use	1.59	1.31	1.34	1.61	1.46	1,262
IC-8	Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work	1.81	1.55	1.67	1.87	1.77	1,161
<b>Library as Place</b>							
LP-1	Library space that inspires study and learning	1.80	1.42	1.65	2.03	1.84	1,330
LP-2	Quiet space for individual work	1.71	1.37	1.72	2.16	2.01	1,320
LP-3	A comfortable and inviting location	1.74	1.37	1.42	1.96	1.64	1,331
LP-4	A haven for study, learning, or research	1.74	1.42	1.45	1.90	1.73	1,261
LP-5	Space for group learning and group study	1.82	1.56	1.95	2.51	2.40	1,296
<b>Overall:</b>		<b>1.21</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1,345</b>

### 10.3 Core Question Dimensions Summary for Student

On the chart below, scores for each dimension of library service quality have been plotted graphically. The exterior bars represent the range of minimum to desired mean scores for each dimension. The interior bars represent the range of minimum to perceived mean scores (the service adequacy gap) for each dimension of library service quality.



The following table displays mean scores for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+® survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Affect of Service	5.88	7.29	6.95	1.07	-0.34	1,337
Information Control	6.34	7.77	6.93	0.59	-0.84	1,345
Library as Place	6.23	7.87	6.76	0.53	-1.10	1,341
<b>Overall</b>	<b>6.15</b>	<b>7.63</b>	<b>6.91</b>	<b>0.76</b>	<b>-0.72</b>	<b>1,345</b>

The following table displays standard deviation for each dimension of library service quality measured by the LibQUAL+ survey, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular dimension. (For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the Introduction to this notebook.) A complete listing of the survey questions and their dimensions can be found in Appendix A.

Dimension	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Affect of Service	1.41	1.18	1.18	1.27	1.10	1,337
Information Control	1.25	1.02	1.09	1.29	1.17	1,345
Library as Place	1.37	1.07	1.23	1.63	1.45	1,341
<b>Overall</b>	<b>1.21</b>	<b>0.95</b>	<b>1.00</b>	<b>1.23</b>	<b>1.04</b>	<b>1,345</b>

## 10.4 Local Question Summary for Student

This table shows mean scores of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where *n* is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum Mean	Desired Mean	Perceived Mean	Adequacy Mean	Superiority Mean	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Promoting open access publications	5.60	7.02	6.30	0.70	-0.72	910
Facilitating research data management	5.68	7.13	6.46	0.78	-0.67	912
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	5.36	6.63	6.17	0.81	-0.47	670
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	5.33	6.69	6.17	0.84	-0.52	858
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	6.03	7.49	6.67	0.65	-0.82	972
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0



This table displays the standard deviations of each of the local questions added by the individual library or consortium, where  $n$  is the number of respondents for each particular question. For a more detailed explanation of the headings, see the introduction to this notebook.

Question Text	Minimum SD	Desired SD	Perceived SD	Adequacy SD	Superiority SD	n
Online tutorials and other learning tools that help me use library resources and services independently						0
Support provided by the library to access course materials (textbooks, readings, online resources)						0
Promoting open access publications	2.01	1.80	1.75	1.97	1.84	910
Facilitating research data management	1.85	1.68	1.58	1.72	1.68	912
Research evaluation support, e.g. via bibliometrics, altmetrics, and other assessment	2.02	1.87	1.77	1.92	1.78	670
Advising on copyright, licensing, and digitisation issues	2.13	1.95	1.76	1.89	1.84	858
Up-to-date teaching that meets my current needs	1.87	1.58	1.58	1.86	1.63	972
Librarians providing help that both assists in finding the information needed now, and improves skills useful in future information searches						0
An electronic catalog where it's easy to identify printed and electronic documents offered by my institution						0

## 10.5 General Satisfaction Questions Summary for Student

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the general satisfaction questions: Satisfaction with Treatment, Satisfaction with Support, and Satisfaction with Overall Quality of Service, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the general satisfaction questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9.

Satisfaction Question	Mean	SD	n
In general, I am satisfied with the way in which I am treated at the library.	7.64	1.23	1,345
In general, I am satisfied with library support for my learning, research, and/or teaching needs.	7.16	1.38	1,345
How would you rate the overall quality of the service provided by the library?	7.27	1.12	1,345

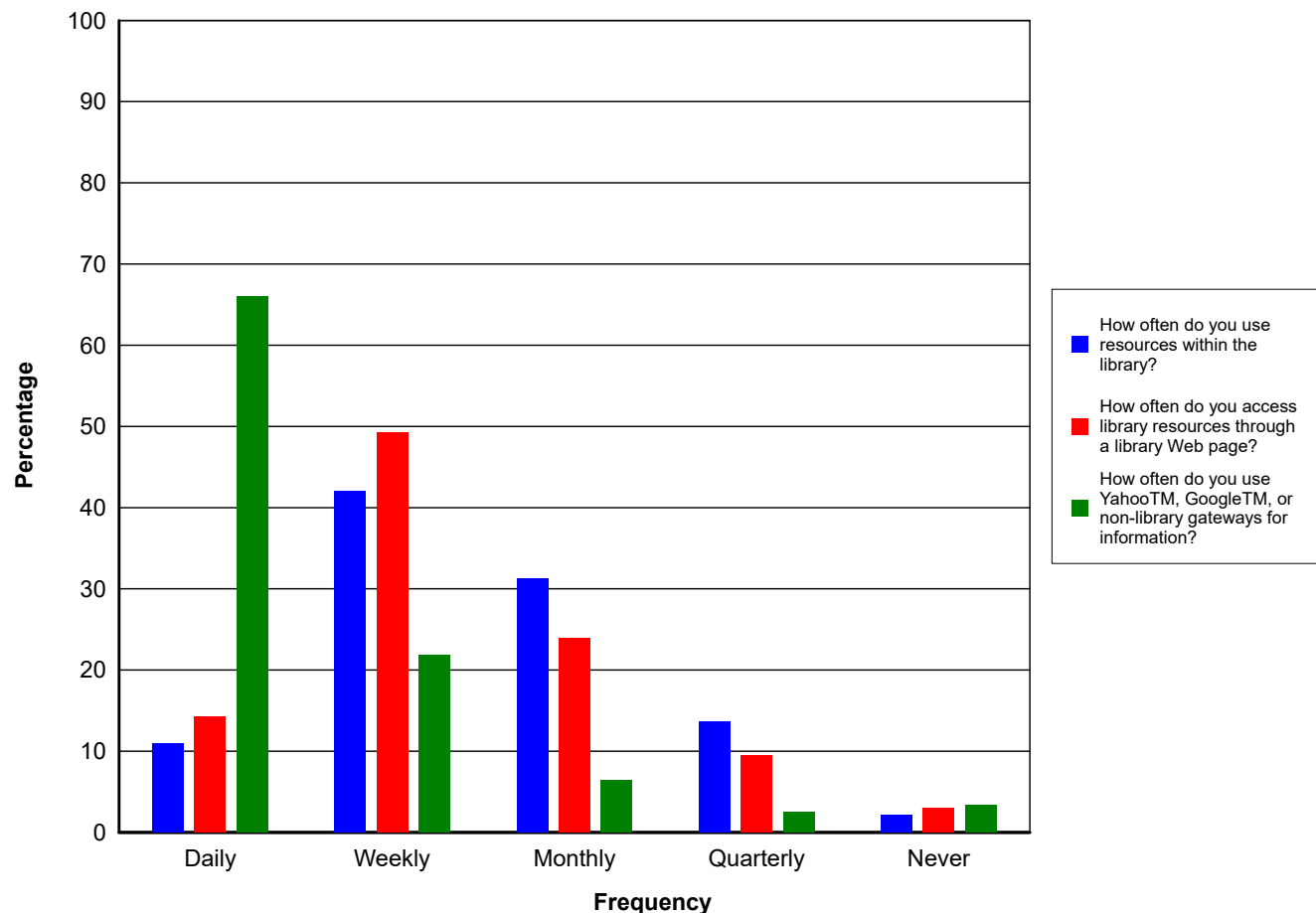
## 10.6 Information Literacy Outcomes Questions Summary for Student

This table displays the mean score and standard deviation for each of the information literacy outcomes questions, where *n* is the number of respondents for each question. These scores are calculated from responses to the information literacy outcomes questions on the LibQUAL+ survey, in which respondents rated their levels of general satisfaction on a scale from 1-9 with 1 being "strongly disagree" and 9 representing "strongly agree".

Information Literacy Outcomes Questions	Mean	SD	n
The library helps me stay abreast of developments in my field(s) of interest.	6.23	1.57	1,345
The library aids my advancement in my academic discipline or work.	6.86	1.43	1,345
The library enables me to be more efficient in my academic pursuits or work.	7.05	1.50	1,345
The library helps me distinguish between trustworthy and untrustworthy information.	5.98	1.86	1,345
The library provides me with the information skills I need in my work or study.	6.46	1.66	1,345

## 10.7 Library Use Summary for Student

This chart shows a graphic representation of library use (both on the premises and electronically), as well as use of non-library information gateways such as Yahoo™ and Google™. Bars represent the frequency with which respondents report using these resources: Daily, Weekly, Monthly, Quarterly, or Never. The table below the chart displays the number and percentage of respondents who selected each option.



	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Quarterly	Never	n%
How often do you use resources within the library?	147 10.93%	565 42.01%	420 31.23%	184 13.68%	29 2.16%	1,345 100.00%
How often do you access library resources through a library Web page?	191 14.21%	662 49.26%	322 23.96%	128 9.52%	41 3.05%	1,344 100.00%
How often do you use Yahoo™, Google™, or non-library gateways for information?	887 65.95%	293 21.78%	86 6.39%	33 2.45%	46 3.42%	1,345 100.00%

## Appendix A: LibQUAL+® Dimensions

LibQUAL+ measures dimensions of perceived library quality---that is, each survey question is part of a broader category (a dimension), and scores within those categories are analyzed in order to derive more general information about library users' perceptions of service. These dimensions were first based on the original SERVQUAL survey instrument (the framework for the LibQUAL+ survey tool; for more information on the origins of LibQUAL+, go to <http://www.libqual.org/Publications/>). The LibQUAL+ survey dimensions have evolved with each iteration, becoming more refined and focused for application to the library context. Dimensions for each iteration of the LibQUAL+ survey are outlined below.

### **LibQUAL+ 2000 Dimensions**

The 2000 iteration of the LibQUAL+ survey, which had 41 questions, measured eight separate dimensions:

- Assurance (the knowledge and courtesy of employees, and their ability to convey trust and confidence)
- Empathy (caring, individual attention)
- Library as Place (library as a sanctuary/haven or site for learning and contemplation)
- Reliability (ability to perform the promised service dependably and accurately)
- Responsiveness (willingness to help customers and provide prompt service)
- Tangibles (appearance of physical facilities, equipment, personnel and communications materials)
- Instructions/Custom Items
- Self-Reliance

### **LibQUAL+ 2001 Dimensions**

After careful analysis of the results from the 2000 survey, the dimensions were further refined to re-ground the SERVQUAL items in the library context. Four sub-dimensions resulted for the 2001 iteration:

- Service Affect (nine items, such as “willingness to help users”)
- Library as Place (five items, such as “a haven for quiet and solitude”)
- Personal Control (six items, such as “website enabling me to locate information on my own”), and
- Information Access (five items, such as “comprehensive print collections” and “convenient business hours”)

### **LibQUAL+ 2002 and 2003 Dimensions**

For the 2002 iteration of the LibQUAL+® survey, the dimensions were once again refined based on analysis of the previous year's results. While the four dimensions were retained, their titles were changed slightly to more clearly represent the questions and data. The same four dimensions were also used on the 2003 survey:

- Access to Information
- Affect of Service
- Library as Place
- Personal Control

### **LibQUAL+ 2004 - Present Dimensions**

After the 2003 survey was completed, factor and reliability analyses on the resulting data revealed that two of the dimensions measured by the survey-Access to Information and Personal Control-had collapsed into one. The

following three dimensions have been measured since then: Affect of Service, Information Control, and Library as Place. In addition, three core items were eliminated from the 2003 version of the survey, leaving 22 core items on the final survey instrument.

The list below displays the dimensions used to present the results in the 2010 notebooks, along with the questions that relate to each dimension. *(Note: The questions below are those used in the College and University implementation of the survey, American English version.)*

**Affect of Service**

- [AS-1] Employees who instill confidence in users
- [AS-2] Giving users individual attention
- [AS-3] Employees who are consistently courteous
- [AS-4] Readiness to respond to users' questions
- [AS-5] Employees who have the knowledge to answer user questions
- [AS-6] Employees who deal with users in a caring fashion
- [AS-7] Employees who understand the needs of their users
- [AS-8] Willingness to help users
- [AS-9] Dependability in handling users' service problems

**Information Control**

- [IC-1] Making electronic resources accessible from my home or office
- [IC-2] A library Web site enabling me to locate information on my own
- [IC-3] The printed library materials I need for my work
- [IC-4] The electronic information resources I need
- [IC-5] Modern equipment that lets me easily access needed information
- [IC-6] Easy-to-use access tools that allow me to find things on my own
- [IC-7] Making information easily accessible for independent use
- [IC-8] Print and/or electronic journal collections I require for my work

**Library as Place**

- [LP-1] Library space that inspires study and learning
- [LP-2] Quiet space for individual activities
- [LP-3] A comfortable and inviting location
- [LP-4] A getaway for study, learning or research
- [LP-5] Community space for group learning and group study







**21 Dupont Circle NW, Suite 800**

**Washington, DC 20036**

**Phone 202-296-2296**

**Fax 202-872-0884**

**<http://www.libqual.org>**

**Copyright © 2016 Association of Research Libraries**