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## Emotions in Negotiations:

Implications from Pharma Key Account Management Activities towards German Statutory Health Insurances



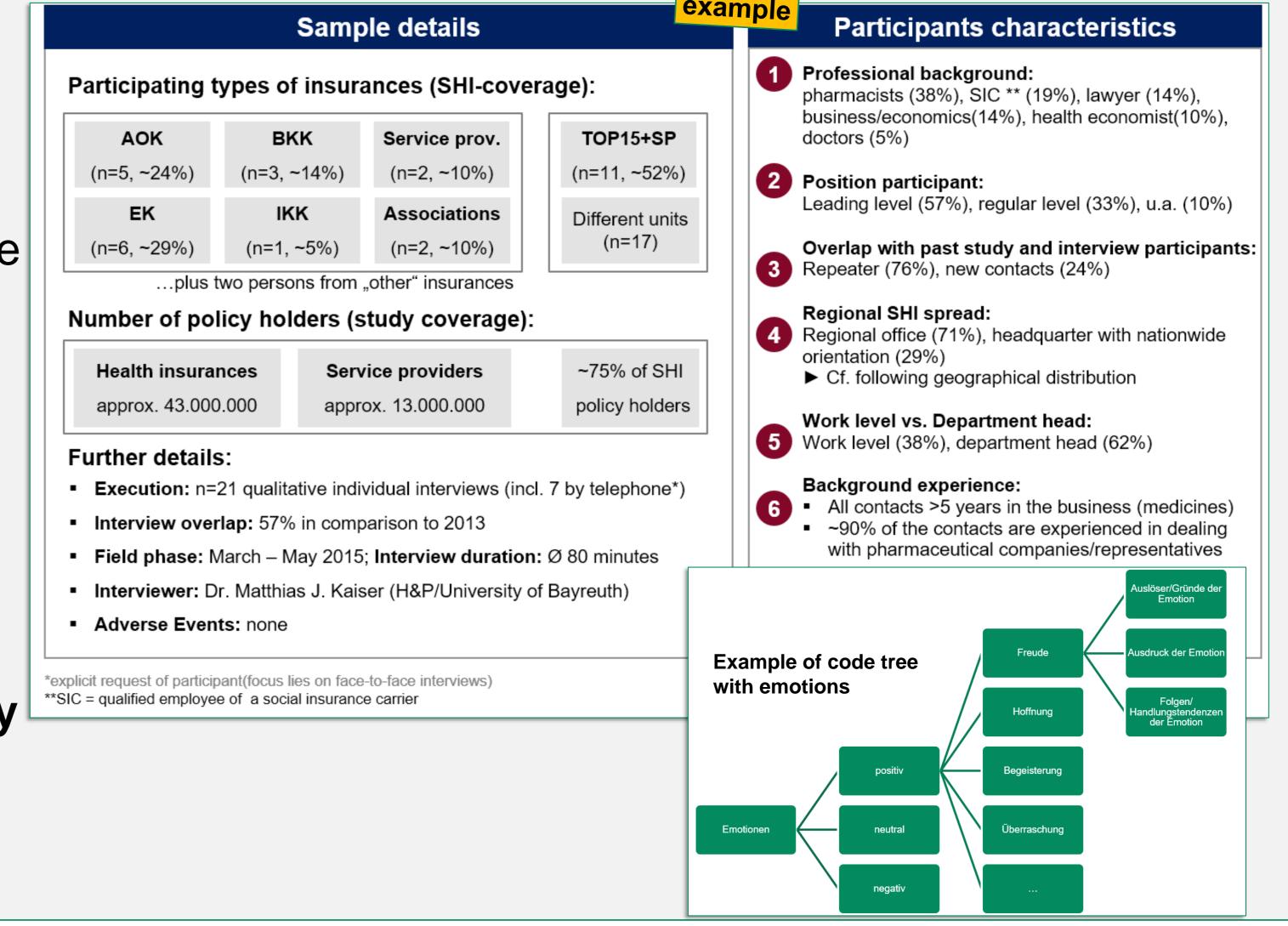
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## Objectives

- This research work aims to illustrate, how emotions might influence bilateral negotiations in the health care sector, e.g. the selective contract negotiations between National Pharma Key Account Management (PKAM) and German Statutory Health Insurances (SHI).
- Business situations are highly social in nature and emotions play a major role in the way the individuals communicate (Hatfield et al. 1994, Parkinson 1996).
- Research on emotions in negotiations has particularly stressed the importance of cooperative negotiation strategies (Forgas 1998) and a pleasant atmosphere during the negotiation episode (Barry et al. 2004).
- They manifest itself in the pharmaceutical industry in Key Account Management (KAM) activities for institutional clients in the so-called pharma-health insurance-dialogue (Germany).

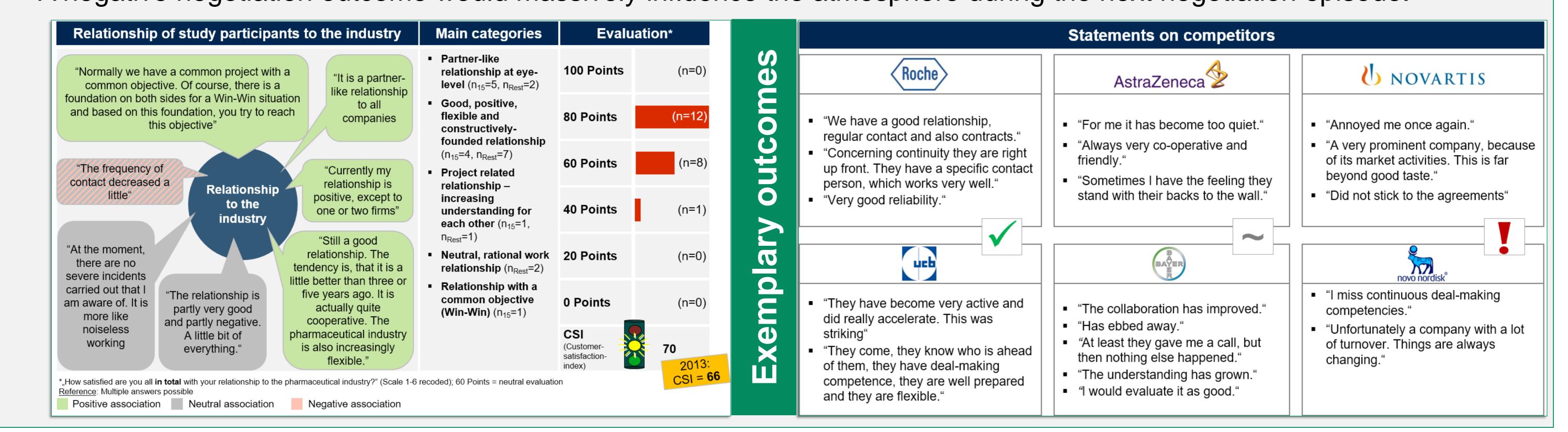
## Methods (incl. data)

- Although experimental designs are common in the field of emotion research, they have their shortcomings when it comes to external validity.
- Therefore, we employ a qualitative approach to study the phenomenon of emotion more holistically.
- We conducted qualitative expert interviews with pharmaceutical contract managers in health insurance funds every year from 2009 to 2016 (n = 20 p.a.) in all types of health insurance funds (mainly top 30 SHIs in Germany).
- Content analysis was employed to work out the subtle emotional states of both negotiation parties and how they influence each other. Moreover, by using thematic coding, we identified different patterns of how the emotionality of both parties influence the overall negotiation result.



## **Current Results**

- In strategic negotiating situations the identification of the negotiating partner's emotional state ("How's he doing today?") has a significant impact on the regulation of own feelings (this also applies to SHI-negotiation persons).
- Although it has been shown that **the display of a negative emotion** (e.g. anger) during the negotiation situation might have a positive impact on the negotiation result (Kleef et al. 2006) **our study shows contradictory findings**.
- A positive atmosphere during the negotiation episode influences the overall negotiation result positively for both parties.
- These findings can be explained by the recurring nature of the contract negotiations that both parties go through.
- A negative negotiation outcome would massively influence the atmosphere during the next negotiation episode.





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