

A NEW GENUS OF *NABIDAE*
(HEMIPTERA-HETEROPTERA)

BY

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Harrisiella gen. nov.

Size small. Glabrous, with moderately long, abundant setae on head, body and venation of corium. Basal segment of antennae extending very little beyond apex of head; segment 2 incrassate. Rostrum damaged; 2nd segment extending almost to middle of prosternum. Head longer than anterior lobe of pronotum. Ocelli widely separated. Pronotum transverse; posterior lobe a little shorter than anterior lobe but twice as wide; both lobes obscurely punctate, the posterior lobe more strongly punctate. Scutellum wider than long. Hemelytra extending to apex of abdomen. Posterior margin of metasternum truncate, concave with a rounded projection laterally. Intersegmental areas of abdomen ventrally wide with transverse carinulae. Femora incrassate; anterior femora with a moderately large triangular tooth and two rows of minute, rounded tubercles on lower surface; anterior tibiae feebly curved and without a *fossula spongiosa*.

Type species: *Harrisiella humeralis* sp. n. (fig. 1).

Colour. Antennae, head, except anteriorly, thorax, piceous; head anteriorly light brown. Rostrum, legs, scutellum and abdomen light red. Hemelytra fuscous; areas between veins of corium somewhat paler. Tubercles on anterior femora black. Setae fulvous.

Structure. Segment 2 of antennae nearly twice as long as segment I. Head more than half as wide as long. Anterior lobe

of pronotum with a wide, median, longitudinal sulcus; transverse sulcus with carinulae.

Total length	5.70 mm.
Hemelytra	4.00 mm.
Greatest pronotal width	2.20 mm.

I ♀ (holotype), Malaya, Cameron Highlands, Boh Plantation, 5,300 ft. 27.XII.1940, N. C. E. Miller.

Apparently allied to *Aristonabis* Reut. & Popp. (1909, Monog. Nabidarum, p. 48) and *Rhamphocoris* Kirk. (1901, Wien Ent. Zeit., XX, p. 221). From *Aristonabis* it differs in the less

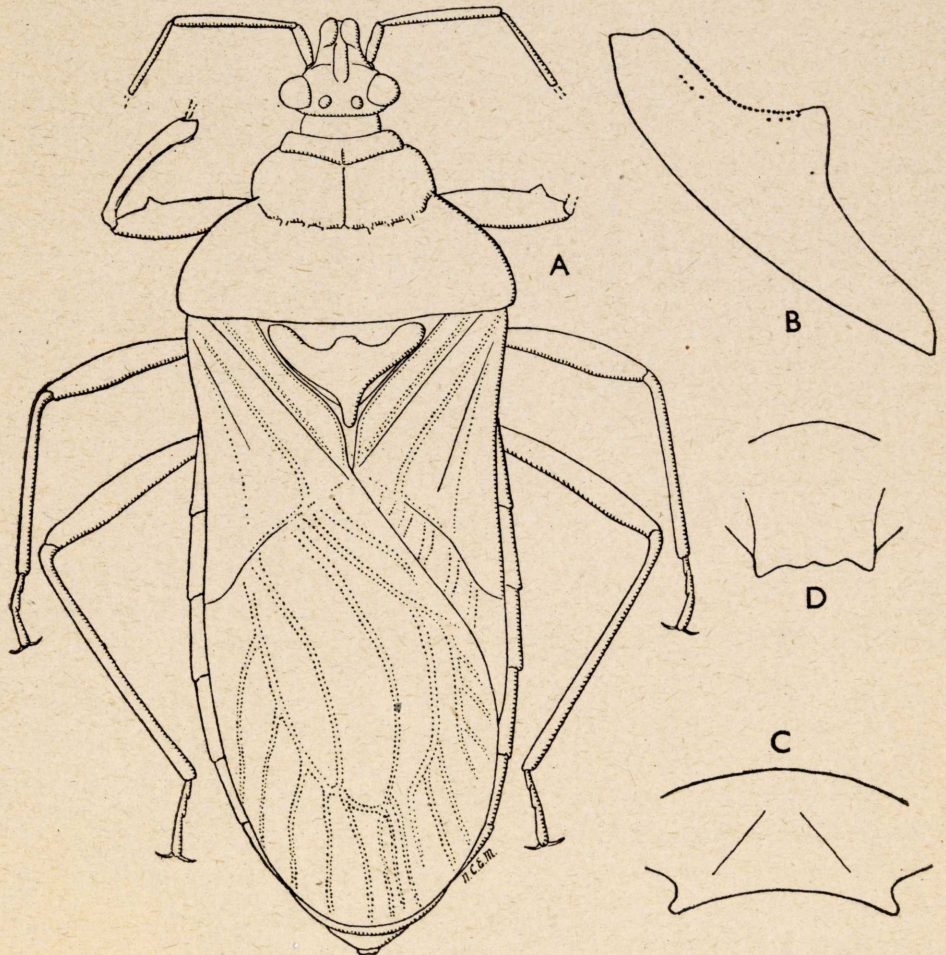


Fig. 1.—*Harrisella humeralis* gen. et sp. n.: A) Whole insect, dorsal view. B) Anterior femur, ventro-lateral view. C) Apical margin of metasternum. D) Idem *Aristonabis pulcher* Reut. & Popp.

robust, flatter habitus, shorter pubescence and very broad, square humeral angles of the pronotum which is more transverse and less convex, the posterior lobe twice as wide as the anterior lobe (in *Aristonabis* it is much less than twice as wide). Other differences are the much more incrassate 2nd segment of the antennae, the larger membrane in proportion to the corium, the narrower apex of the head, much more widely separated acetabula and the shape of the apical margin of the metasternum which is truncate, concave and with a projection laterally. In *Aristonabis* the apical margin of the metasternum is lobed.

The differences between this new genus and *Rhamphocoris* are the shorter second segment of the rostrum, the feebly curved anterior tibiae, the large tooth on the anterior femora, the shorter and thicker 2nd segment of the antennae and the non-incised apex of the 7th abdominal segment.

This genus is dedicated to Professor H. M. Harris of the University of Iowa in recognition of his work on the family *Nabidae*.

Type in the collection of the British Museum (Natural History), London.

