

ORAL HYGIENE IN PATIENTS WITH FIXED PROSTHODONTIC RESTORATIONS

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IIntroduction

The aim of this study was to estimate the oral hygiene and gingival condition in patients with fixed prosthodontic restorations for a period of 3 months along with the oral hygiene instructions. As well, we examine how factors, such as age, gender, type of fixed dental prosthesis (single crown or fixed partial denture) and material (porcelain fused to metal or acrylic veneered to metal) are statistically associated with oral hygiene and gingival condition.



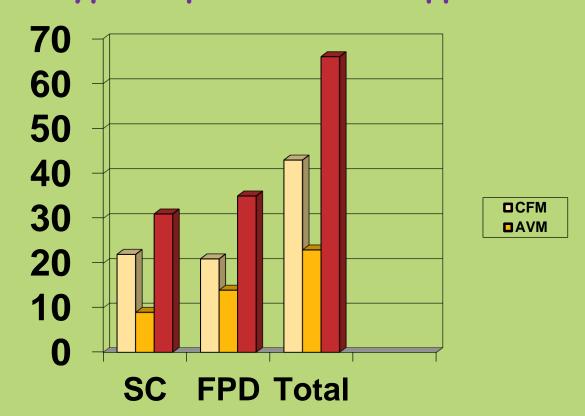
Although many studies confirm that prosthetic restorations have a negative effect on oral health, our research showed that adequate education and instructions for oral hygiene maintenance lead to improved oral hygiene both in patients with single crown or fixed dental prosthesis. Considering the type of the material used for prosthodontic appliances, both porcelain-fused-to-metal and acrylic veneered to metal showed no statistically significant difference.

Methods

The study included 60 patients with fixed prosthetic appliances. Medical examinations of dental condition were carried out using basic diagnostic tools like dental mirror and periodontal probe. As well, we examine how factors, such as age, gender, type of fixed dental prosthesis (single crown or fixed partial denture) and material (metal or porcelain fused to metal) are statistically associated with oral hygiene and gingival condition. Plaque and Gingiva index was taken according to the method of Silness and Löe. The examination was accomplished on the first dental visit, after 14 days and three months appropriately with the oral hygiene instructions. Statistical analysis was performed by using paired sample t-test from Statistical software SPSS for Windows version 23. A

Data

Distribution of the sample by material and type of prosthodontic appliances



Mean values of Plaque index/Gingival index and type/material of prosthodontic appliances

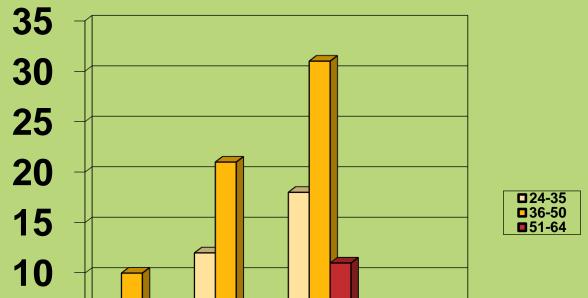
p-value <0.05 was considered as statistically significant.

³ Results

Our results confirmed that the Plaque and Gingiva index had higher values in the first visit than that found in the other periods.

Patients with crowns had better oral hygiene levels compared to fixed dental prosthesis wearers. No statistical differences were found for type of material. Also, younger patients showed better hygiene levels than the older ones.





type/material	Plaque index/Gingival index				
	Mean values				
		1 visit	14 days	3 months	
SC CFM	PI	0.8636	0.6818	0.7272	
	StDev	0,7743	0,6463	0,7025	
	StError	0,1650	0,1377	0,1497	
	GI	0.3636	0.2727	0.3181	
	StDev	0,5810	0,4558	0,4767	
	StError	0,1238	0,0971	0,1016	
SC AVM	PI	0.7777	0.5555	0.6666	
	StDev	0,8333	0,7264	0,5	
	StError	0,2777	0,2421	0,1666	
	GI	0.5555	0.3333	0.5555	
	StDev	0,7264	0,5	0,7264	
	StError	0,2421	0,1666	0,2421	
FPD CFM	PI	0.9523	0.5714	0.7619	
	StDev	0,6690	0,6761	0,4364	
	StError	0,1459	0,1475	0,0952	
	GI	0.3333	0.2857	0.2857	
	StDev	0,4830	0,4629	0,4629	
	StError	0,1054	0,1010	0,1010	
FPD AVM	PI	0.8571	0.7142	0.7857	
	StDev	0,7703	0,6112	0,6992	
	StError	0,2058	0,1633	0,1868	
	GI	0,5	0,2857	0,4285	
	StDev	0,7595	0,4688	0,5135	
	StError	0,2029	0,1252	0,1372	

	P value						
			1 day/14	14 day/3	1 day/3		
			day	months	months		
	SC CFM	PI	0.0212	0.3736	0.1332		
		GI	0.2698	0.3736	0.3573		
	SC AVM	PI	0.2234	0.3405	0.2971		
		GI	0.1732	0.2234	0.5		
	FPD CFM	PI	0.0038	0.3575	0.0930		
		GI	0.2881	0.5	0.3328		
	FPD AVM	PI	0.0824	0.2914	0.2914		
		GI	0.0411	0.1677	0.3356		

