

EUR 3621 e

Part. II

EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY - EURATOM

**INELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING AND LATTICE
DYNAMICS OF METALS IN QUASI-ION APPROXIMATION**

by

K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL

1969



Joint Nuclear Research Center
Ispra Establishment - Italy

Reactor Physics Department

LEGAL NOTICE

This document was prepared under the sponsorship of the Commission of the European Communities.

Neither the Commission of the European Communities, its contractors nor any person acting on their behalf :

Make any warranty or representation, express or implied, with respect to the accuracy, completeness or usefulness of the information contained in this document, or that the use of any information, apparatus, method, or process disclosed in this document may not infringe privately owned rights; or

Assume any liability with respect to the use of, or for damages resulting from the use of any information, apparatus, method or process disclosed in this document.

This report is on sale at the addresses listed on cover page 4

at the price of FF 18.50

FB 185.-

DM 14.80

Lit. 2 310

Fl 13.45

When ordering, please quote the EUR number and the title, which are indicated on the cover of each report.

Printed by SMEETS
Brussels, August 1969

This document was reproduced on the basis of the best available copy.

EUR 3621 e

Part. II

**INELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING AND LATTICE DYNAMICS
OF METALS IN QUASI-ION APPROXIMATION**
by K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL

European Atomic Energy Community - EURATOM
Joint Nuclear Research Center - Ispra Establishment (Italy)
Reactor Physics Department
Luxembourg, August 1969 - 142 Pages - 36 Figures - FB 185

On the basis of the pseudo-ion model described in Part I, the following lattice dynamical quantities have been calculated : formfactors, effective potentials, phonon densities of state, dynamical structure factors and effective Debye temperatures.

Results are presented for 10 cubic metals. Listings of the pertinent FORTRAN-4 programs are given in Appendix I, II and III.

EUR 3621 e

Part. II

**INELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING AND LATTICE DYNAMICS
OF METALS IN QUASI-ION APPROXIMATION**
by K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL

European Atomic Energy Community - EURATOM
Joint Nuclear Research Center - Ispra Establishment (Italy)
Reactor Physics Department
Luxembourg, August 1969 - 142 Pages - 56 Figures - FB 185

On the basis of the pseudo-ion model described in Part I, the following lattice dynamical quantities have been calculated : formfactors, effective potentials, phonon densities of state, dynamical structure factors and effective Debye temperatures.

Results are presented for 10 cubic metals. Listings of the pertinent FORTRAN-4 programs are given in Appendix I, II and III.

EUR 3621 e

Part. II

EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY - EURATOM

**INELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING AND LATTICE
DYNAMICS OF METALS IN QUASI-ION APPROXIMATION**

by

K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL

1969



Joint Nuclear Research Center
Ispra Establishment - Italy
Reactor Physics Department

ABSTRACT

On the basis of the pseudo-ion model described in Part I, the following lattice dynamical quantities have been calculated : formfactors, effective potentials, phonon densities of state, dynamical structure factors and effective Debye temperatures.

Results are presented for 10 cubic metals. Listings of the pertinent FORTRAN-4 programs are given in Appendix I, II and III.

KEYWORDS

INELASTIC SCATTERING
NEUTRONS
LATTICES
METALS
IONS
ATOMIC MODELS

FORM FACTOR
PHONONS
DEBYE TEMPERATURE
NUMERICALS
FORTRAN

CONTENTS	Page:
1. INTRODUCTION	5
2. MODEL	5
3. PROGRAMS	7
4. RESULTS	8
5. CONCLUSION	8
REFERENCES	9
TABLE 1. - Parameters for Li, Na, K, Rb	11
TABLE 2. - Parameters for Cu, Al, Pb	12
TABLE 3. - Parameters for Fe, Ni, Pt	13
FIGURE CAPTIONS	14
FIGURES	15
APPENDIX I - Program PSAF	
APPENDIX II - Program SKFD	
APPENDIX III - Program CVDWF	

INELASTIC NEUTRON SCATTERING
AND LATTICE DYNAMICS OF METALS IN QUASI-ION APPROXIMATION

1. INTRODUCTION *)

This report contains results of lattice dynamical calculations which were made on the basis of the pseudo-ion model¹⁾ described in Part I²⁾. The reduction of the experimental inelastic neutron data to pseudo-ion form factors was done by means of a non-linear least square fitting program, called PSAF. Using another program, SKFD, frequency distributions and dynamical structure factors have been computed. These quantities are essential for any calculation of electrical and thermal resistivities or of thermodynamical quantities like specific heats, Debye temperatures or Debye-Waller factors. The computation of the latter quantities is done by a program called CVDWF. Listings of the mentioned FORTRAN-4 programs are given in the Appendix.

2. MODEL

In this passage we recall briefly our model and the underlying assumptions. The interaction energy $E(K)$ between any two lattice particles including 2nd order effects may be written as^{3, 4)}

$$\begin{aligned} E(K) &= E_{\text{dir}}(K) + E_{\text{ind}}(K) \\ &= \frac{4\pi e^2 Z^2}{n_0} \left\{ \frac{G_c^2(K)}{K^2} - \frac{G_{\text{ind}}^2(K)}{K^2} \left(1 - \frac{1}{\epsilon(K)} \right) \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

The first term is the direct Coulomb interaction energy between two extended ions with form factors $G_c(K)$, which go to 1 for $K \rightarrow 0$. The indirect interaction via the valence electrons is determined by the form factor

$$G_{\text{ind}}(K) = G_c(K) - G_{\text{orth}}(K) \quad (2)$$

$G_{\text{orth}}(K)$ is the form factor describing orthogonalization effects, for $K \rightarrow 0$ it goes to zero, i.e. $G_{\text{orth}}(K)$ corresponds to a neutral "charge" distribution.

The dielectric function $\epsilon(K)$ is given by

$$\epsilon(K) = 1 + \frac{k_c^2}{K^2} D(t) \quad , \quad (3)$$

where $k_c^2 = 4k_F/\pi a_0$ and $t = K/2k_F$ (k_F : Fermi wave vector, a_0 : Bohr radius).

*) Manuscript received on 5 May, 1969.

$D(t) = 1$ in the Thomas-Fermi approximation. In the RPA approximation it is given by ⁵⁾

$$D(t) = f(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1-t^2}{4t^2} \ln \left| \frac{1+t}{1-t} \right| \quad (4)$$

Including exchange effects we have ³⁾

$$D(t) = \left(1 - \frac{3t^2}{2 + 6t^2} \right) f(t) \quad (5)$$

and if we take into account also the fact that the indirect interaction itself is modified by exchange effects ³⁾, we may define an effective dielectric constant using

$$D(t) = \frac{f(t)}{1 - \frac{3}{8} \left(\frac{k_c^2}{k_F^2} \right) \frac{f(t)}{(1+3t)^2}} \quad (6)$$

The corresponding dielectric function will be called $\epsilon^*(K)$.

Equation (1) may be reduced to the following screened interaction between pseudo-ions

$$E(K) = \frac{4\pi e^2 Z^2}{\Omega_0} \frac{G_M^2(K)}{K^2 \epsilon(K)}, \quad (7)$$

where the model form factor $G_M(K) = G_{\text{ind}}(K)$. This reduction is possible under the following assumptions:

- a) the ion cores are small and non-overlapping,
- b) the form factors are radially symmetric,
- c) the ions behave as rigid particles, i.e. during vibration no moments are excited.

Since (7) is an interaction between extended particles and since it depends explicitly on volume, the validity of the Cauchy relations is not required.

$G_{PA}(K) = G_M(K)/\epsilon(K) \rightarrow 0$ for $K \rightarrow 0$, thus this quantity characterizes a neutral particle, the so-called pseudo-atom ⁶⁾. The pseudo-atom is composed of the bare particle $G(K)$ and the screening cloud $G_{SCL}(K) = -G(K)(1 - 1/\epsilon(K))$.

If the assumptions a), b) and c) are justified for a certain metal, the po-

tential

$$V(K) = - \frac{4\pi e^2 Z}{\Omega_0} \frac{G_{ind}(K)}{K^2 \epsilon(K)} \quad (8)$$

with $\epsilon(K)$ calculated using equation (5) is a valid pseudo-potential, as seen by an electron. Otherwise equation (7) with $D(t)$ from equation (6) should be considered as suitable interpolation formula, which may be used to compute all purely dynamical quantities like phonon frequencies and eigenvectors or the phonon density of states.

For the numerical calculations the following form factor has been assumed

$$G_M(K) = \left\{ 1 + \sum_{n=1} B_{n+1} \left(\frac{K}{2}\right)^{2n} \right\} \exp \left(-B_1 \frac{K}{2} \right)^2 \quad (9)$$

The parameters B_i are found by non-linear least square fitting to dispersion curves obtained from inelastic neutron scattering experiments.

3. PROGRAMS

Three programs have been written to obtain information on lattice dynamical properties of metals. The basic program is called PSAF, it gives the parameters B_i of the model form factor $G_M(K)$. The program is based on iterative procedures, as discussed by Marquardt⁷⁾. At each step the parameters and the corresponding values for $G(K)$, $V(K)$ and $E(K)$ are calculated. The computation is interrupted when the least square deviations between theoretical and experimental frequencies correspond to the experimental errors of the points of the dispersion curve.

A second program is used to calculate the frequency distribution $g(v)$ and the structure factor $S(K)$ using $E(K)$, resp. $G(K)$, with the parameters obtained by PSAF. In order to reduce the computation time for $g(v)$ the interpolation procedure of Gilat and Raubenheimer⁸⁾ has been adopted. The main importance of $S(K)$ lies in its application to electron scattering problems⁹⁾.

The program CVDWF has been written to calculate lattice specific heats, Debye-Waller factors and effective Debye temperatures on the basis of the frequency spectra which are obtained by SKFD.

4. RESULTS

Using the program PSAF we have analyzed the experimental dispersion curves of lithium¹⁰⁾, sodium¹¹⁾, potassium¹²⁾, rubidium¹³⁾, copper¹⁴⁾, aluminum¹⁵⁾, lead¹⁶⁾, iron¹⁷⁾, nickel¹⁸⁾ and platinum¹⁹⁾. The parameters of the form factors, defined in equation (9) are given in Table 1, 2 and 3. With these parameters we have calculated $G(K)$, $G_{SCL}(K)$, $G(K)/\epsilon^*(K)$, $G(K)/\epsilon(K)$, $V^*(K)$ and $V(K)$, results are shown in Figs. 1 - 10. The following Figs. 11 - 20 show the corresponding dispersion curves together with the experimental data on which the fitting processes had been based.

By means of the program SKFD the frequency distribution $g(v)$ and the structure factor $S(K)$ for each metal have been computed and are shown in Figs. 21-33. Finally, using program CVDWF and $g(v)$ from SKFD the effective Debye temperatures $\theta_{cal}(T)$ and $\theta_{2W}(T)$ have been computed, corresponding curves are given in Figs. 34 - 36.

5. CONCLUSION

Programs and results have been presented which are based on the pseudo-ion approximation, proposed in Part I. Our results show that using this approximation one is able to reduce the neutron data to a simple physical model from which it is straightforward to calculate the essential phonon properties of a metal like the phonon density of states, the phonon frequencies and the polarization vectors at arbitrary points in reciprocal space. Results have been obtained for 10 cubic metals.

REFERENCES

- 1) K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL,
Solid State Communications 5, 159 (1967)
- 2) K. KREBS and K. HÖLZL,
Euratom Report EUR 3621 e (1967)
- 3) W.A. HARRISON,
Pseudopotentials in the Theory of Metals, Benjamin, New York,
1966
- 4) W. COCHRAN and R.A. COWLEY,
Handbuch der Physik XXV/2a, 63 (1968)
- 5) A. PINES,
Elementary Excitations in Solids, Benjamin, New York, 1963
- 6) J.M. ZIMAN,
Advances in Physics 13, 89 (1964)
- 7) D.W. MARQUARDT,
J. Soc. Indust. Appl. Math. 11, 431, (1963)
- 8) G. GILAT and L.J. RAUBENHEIMER,
Phys. Rev. 144, 390 (1966)
- 9) G. BAYM,
Phys. Rev. 135, A1691 (1964)
- 10) H.G. SMITH, G. DOLLING, R.M. NICKLOW, P.R. VIJAYARAGHAVAN and M.K. WILKINSON,
Symp. on Inelastic Neutron Scattering, Copenhagen, 1968
- 11) A.D.B. WOODS, B.N. BROCKHOUSE, R.H. MARCH, A.T. STEWART and R. BOWERS,
Phys. Rev. 128, 1112 (1962)
- 12) R.A. COWLEY, A.D.B. WOODS and G. DOLLING,
Phys. Rev. 150, 487 (1966)
- 13) J.R.D. COPLEY, B.N. BROCKHOUSE and S.H. CHEN,
Symp. on Inelastic Neutron Scattering, Copenhagen, 1968
- 14) S.K. SINHA,
Phys. Rev. 143, 422 (1966)
- 15) R. STEDMAN and G. NILSSON,
Phys. Rev. 145, 492 (1966)

- 16) B.N. BROCKHOUSE, T. ARASE, G. CAGLIOTTI, K.R. RAO and A.D.B. WOODS,
Phys. Rev. 128, 1099 (1962)
- 17) J. BERGSMA, C. VAN DIJK and T. TOCCETTI,
Phys. Letters 24A, 270 (1967)
- 18) R.J. BIRGENAU, J. CORDES, G. DOLLING and A.D.B. WOODS,
Phys. Rev. 136, A1359 (1964)
- 19) R. ORLICH and W. DREXEL,
Symp. on Inelastic Neutron Scattering, Copenhagen, 1968

TABLE I

Metal (Z)	Li(1)	Na(1)	K(1)	Rb(1)
T $^{\circ}$ K	98	90	9	120
B ₁	1.30000	1.00000	1.30000	1.30000
B ₂	-3.79414	-0.318437	-1.22754	-1.88127
B ₃	17.61009	-0.643353	1.43616	-0.18315
B ₄	-25.41615	0.045230	-7.61127	-1.95735
B ₅	16.65343	0.019116	6.30042	1.21555
B ₆	-5.42617		-1.47425	-0.19173
B ₇	0.80812			
B ₈	-0.00131			
B ₉	-0.00788			

TABLE 2

Metal (Z)	Cu(1)	Al(3)	Pb(4)
T °K	300	80	100
B ₁	1.30000	0.90000	1.500000
B ₂	3.33137	-0.49203	-2.986300
B ₃	-17.08360	0.19462	6.597300
B ₄	20.16460	-0.16264	-0.734519
B ₅	-9.21830	0.00608	-0.625849
B ₆	1.53078	-0.00371	1.577600
B ₇	0.05365		-0.325560
B ₈	-0.05197		-0.118370
B ₉			0.025482
B ₁₀			0.005343
B ₁₁			-0.000271
B ₁₂			-0.000196

TABLE 3

Metal (Z)	Fe(2)	Ni(0.54)	Pt(1)
T °K	300	296	300
B ₁	1.00000	1.00000	0.85000
B ₂	1.75893	-6.14528	-1.23000
B ₃	-1.53882	1.98451	0.61388
B ₄	1.33014	-2.58300	0.31761
B ₅	-0.52898	0.46579	-0.21167
B ₆	0.06146	-0.12287	0.03149

FIGURE CAPTIONS

Fig. 1 - 10 Characteristic functions of Li, Na, K, Rb, Cu, Al, Pb, Fe, Ni and Pt

Fig. 11 - 20 Dispersion curves of Li, Na, K, Rb, Cu, Al, Pb, Fe, Ni and Pt

Fig. 21 - 30 Phonon frequency distributions $g(v)$ of Li, Na, K, Rb, Cu, Al, Pb, Fe, Ni and Pt

Fig. 31 - 33 Structure factors $S(K)$ of Li, Na, K, Rb, Cu, Al, Pb, Fe, Ni and Pt

Fig. 34 - 36 Debye characteristic temperatures of the lattice specific heat (θ_c) and of the Debye-Waller factor (θ_w) for Li, Na, K, Rb, Cu, Al, Rb, Fe, Ni and Pt

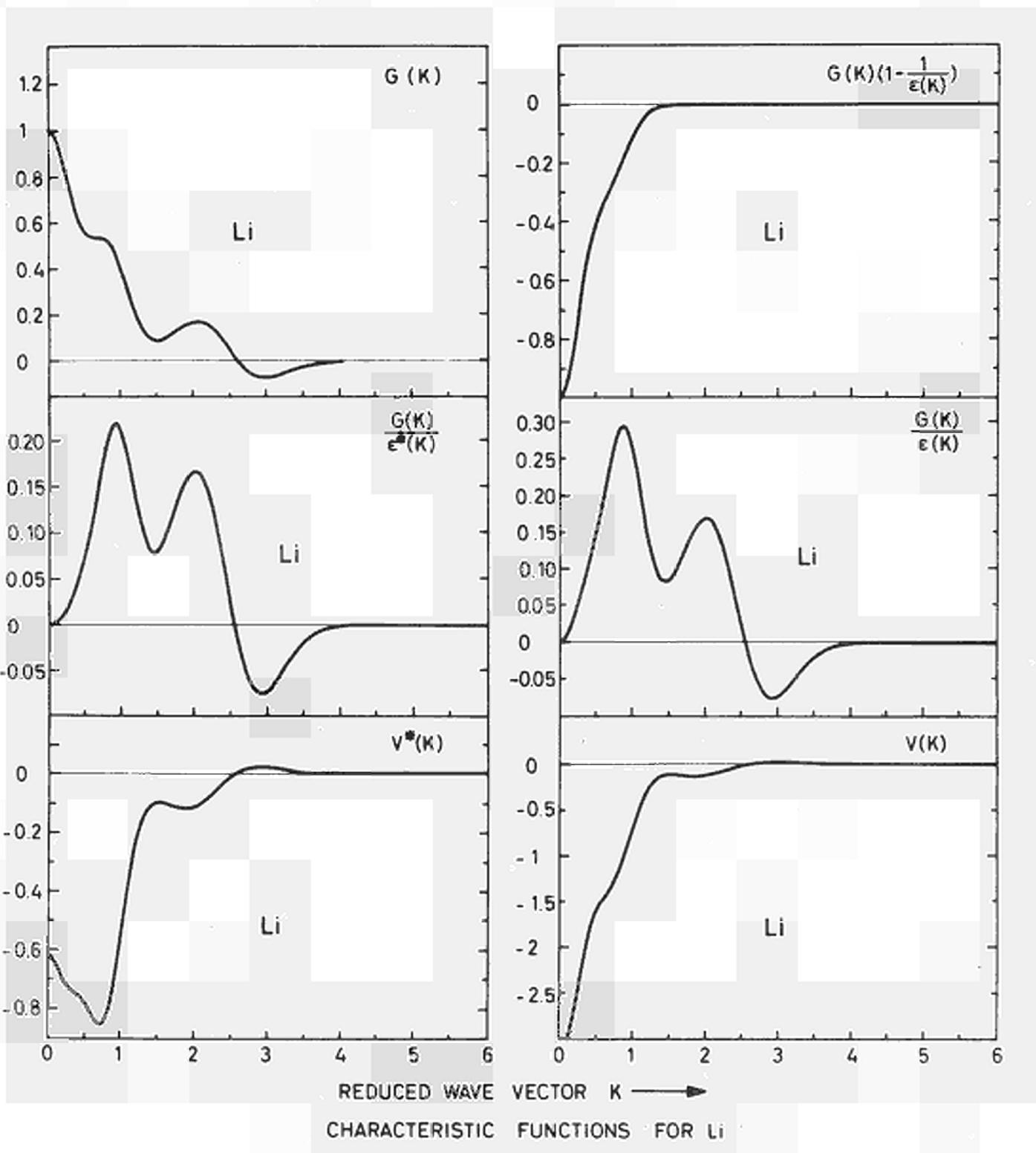


FIG. 1

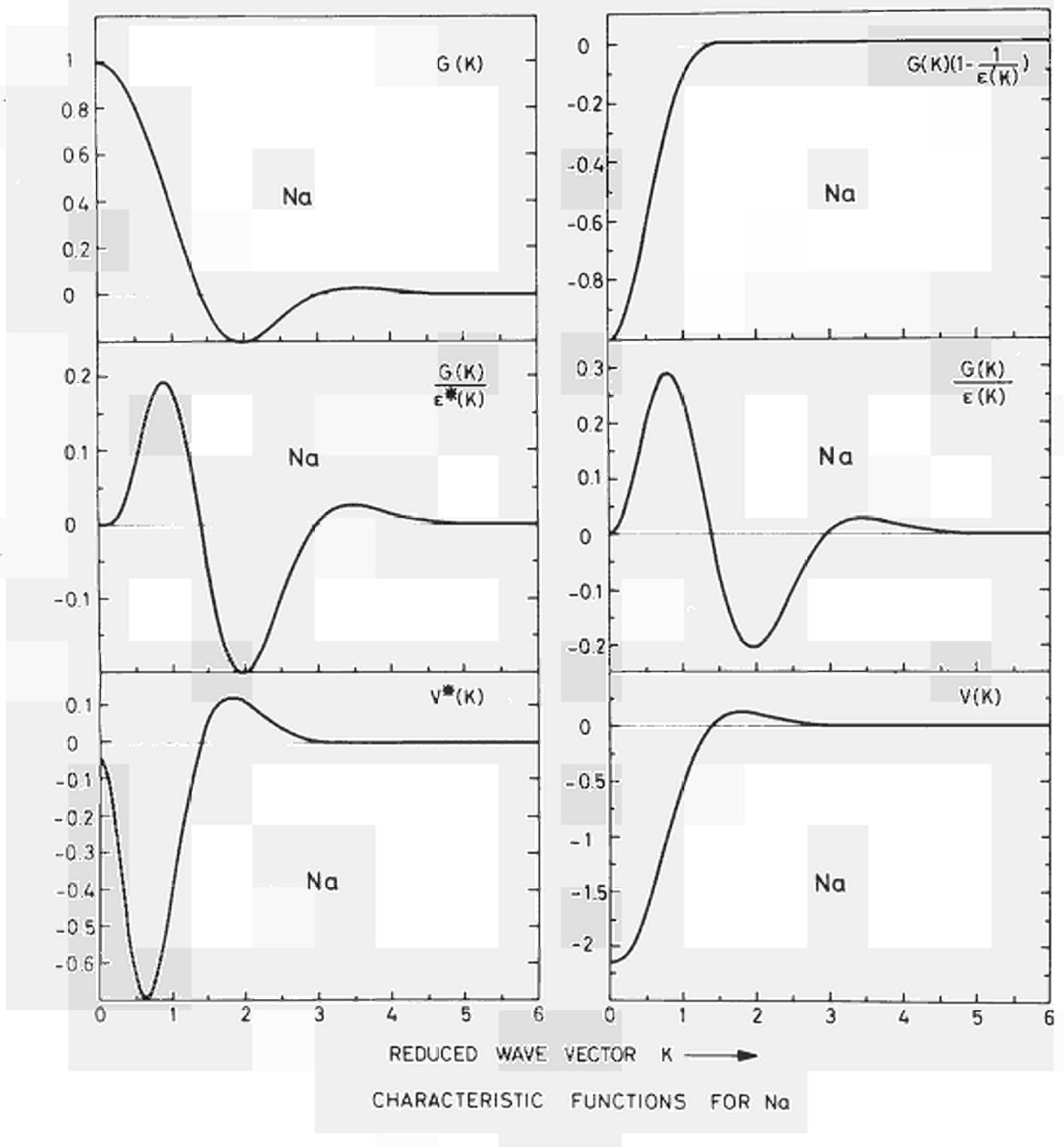


FIG. 2

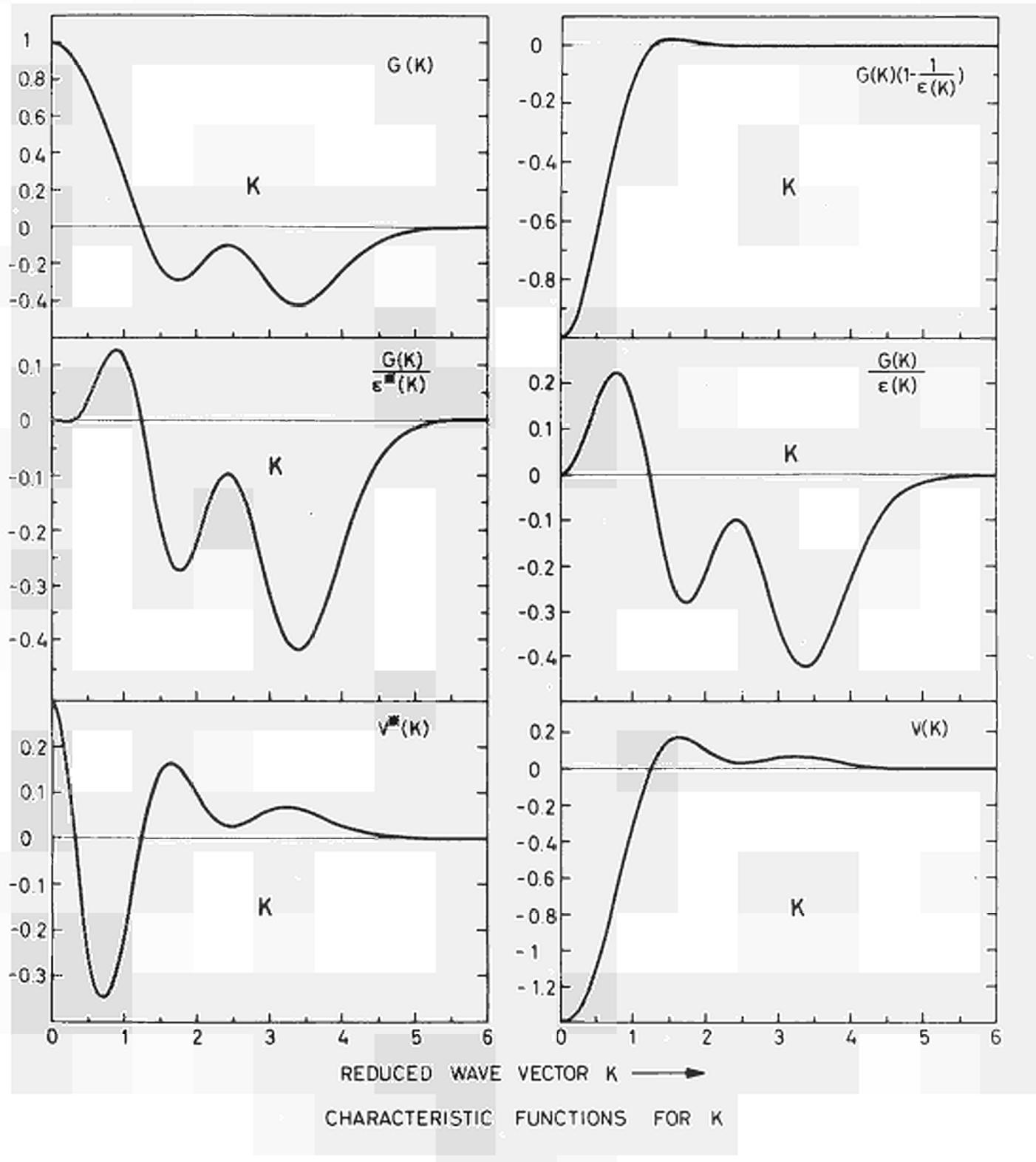


FIG 3

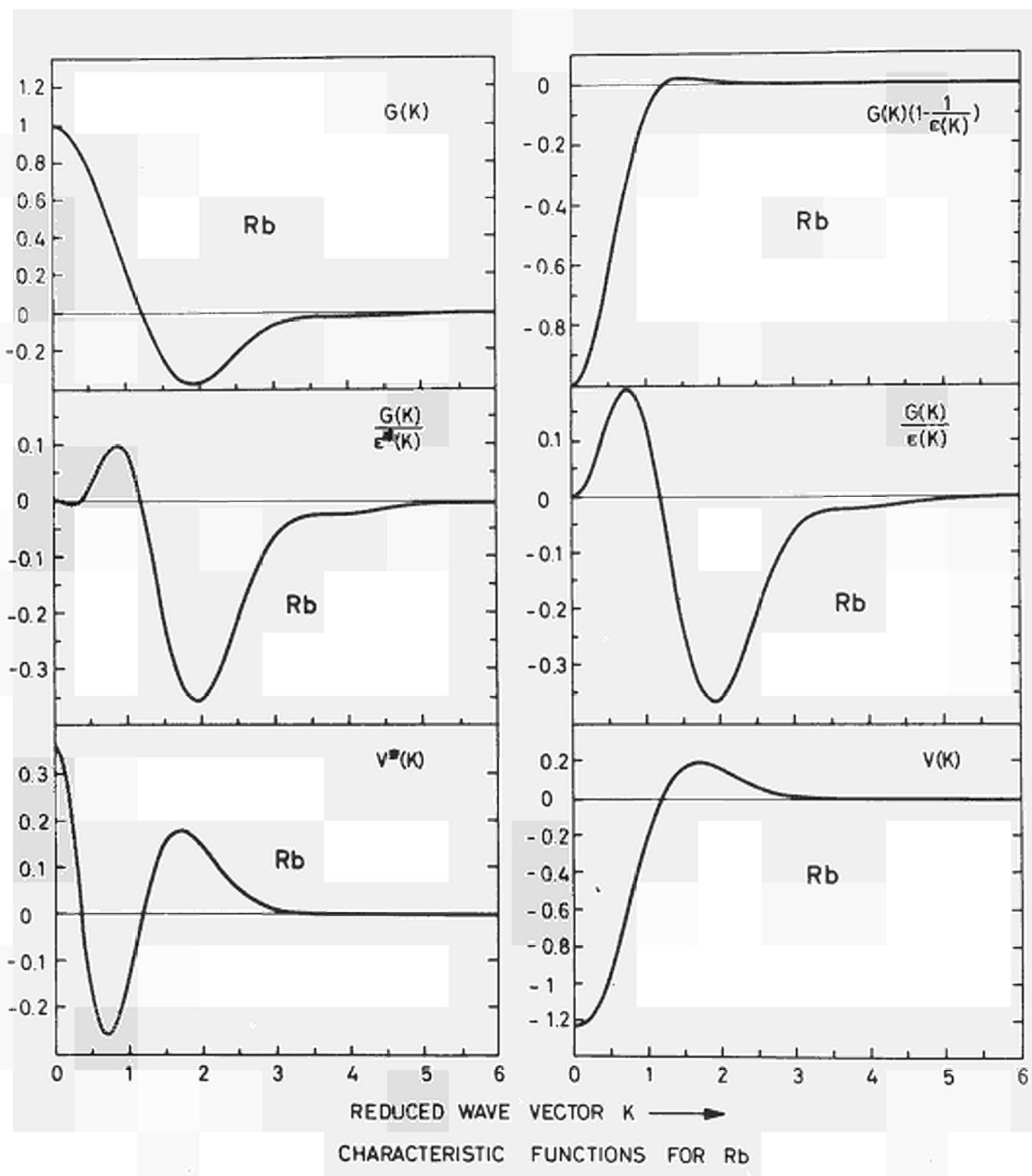


FIG. 4

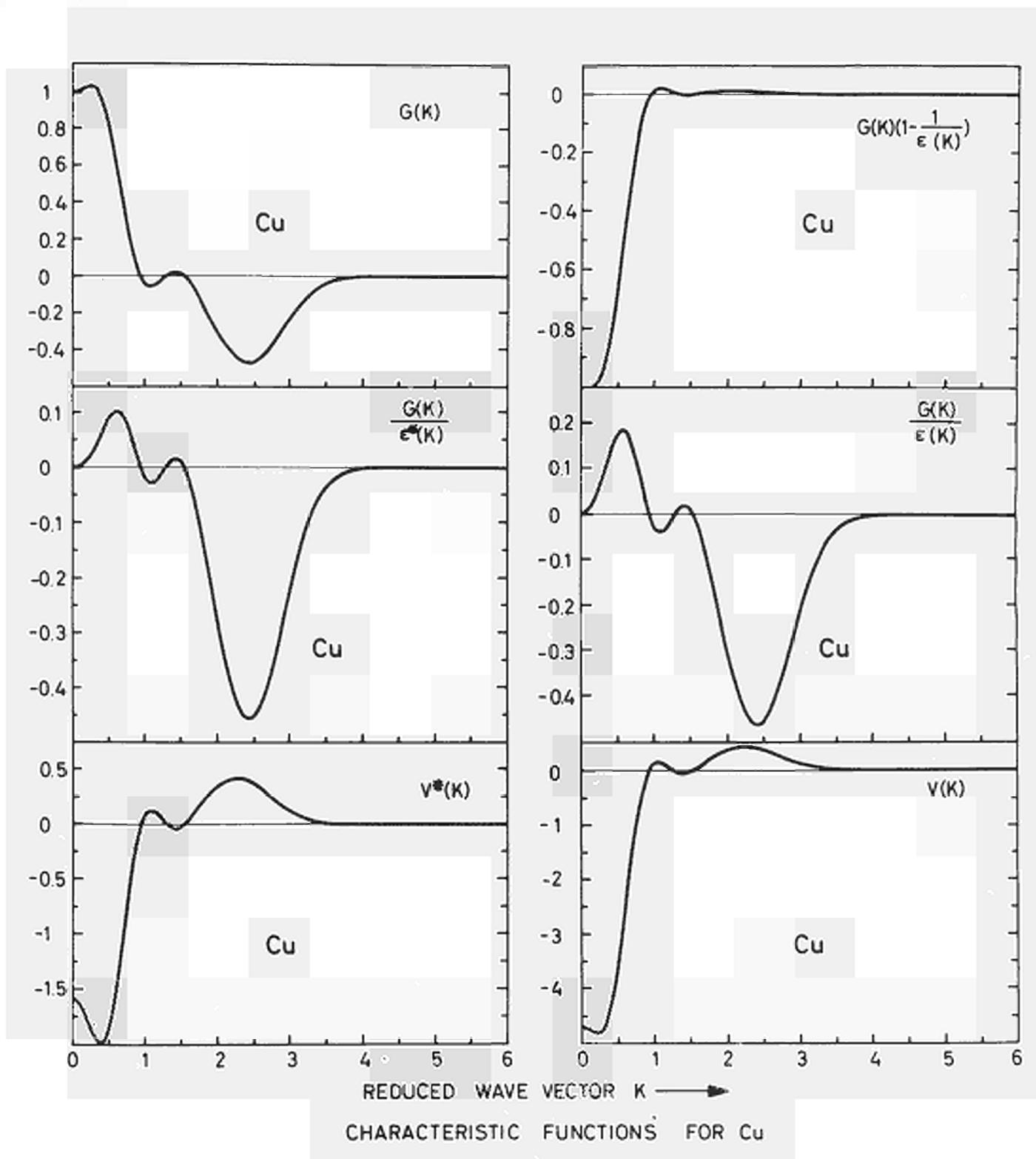


FIG. 5

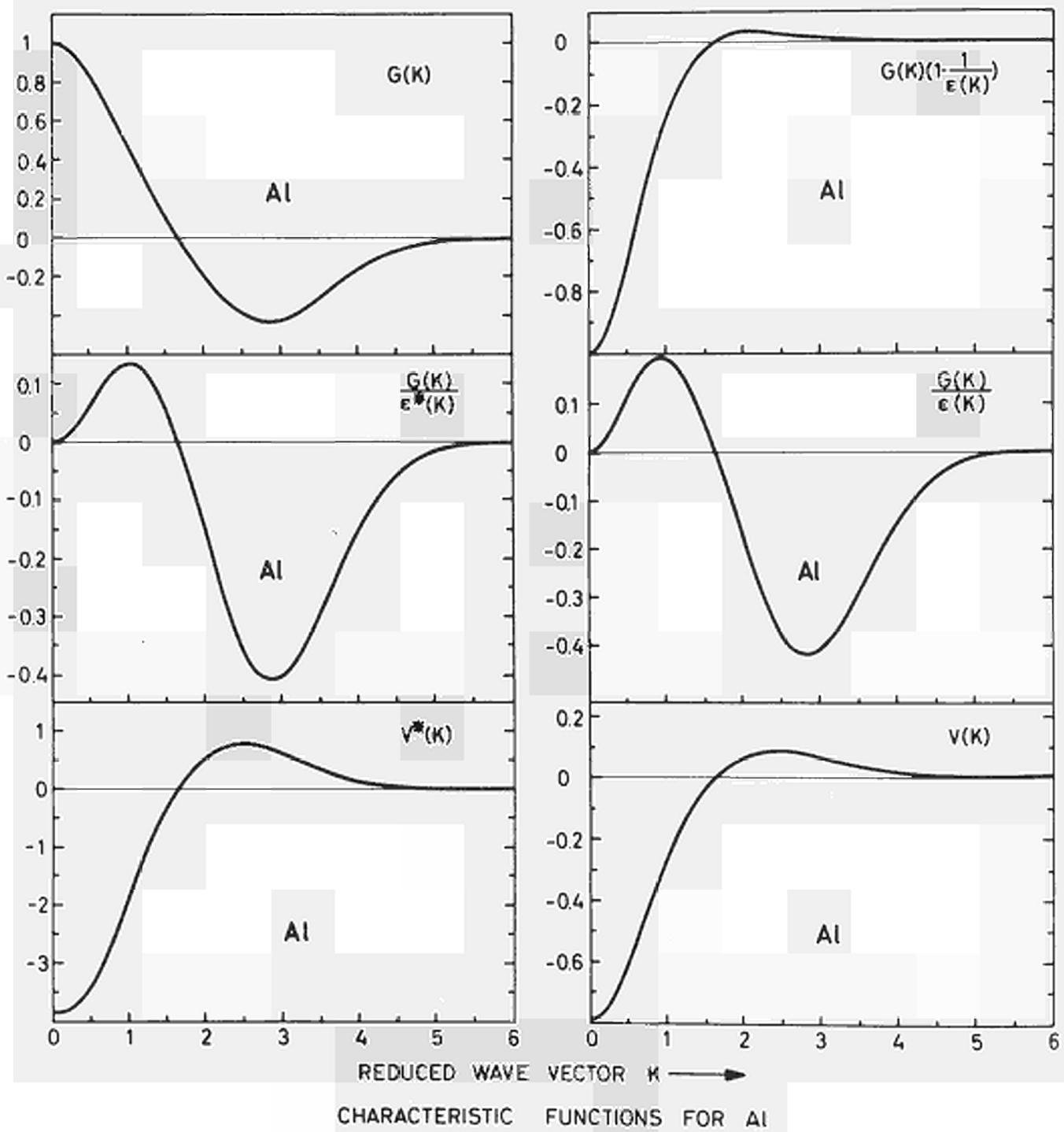


FIG. 6

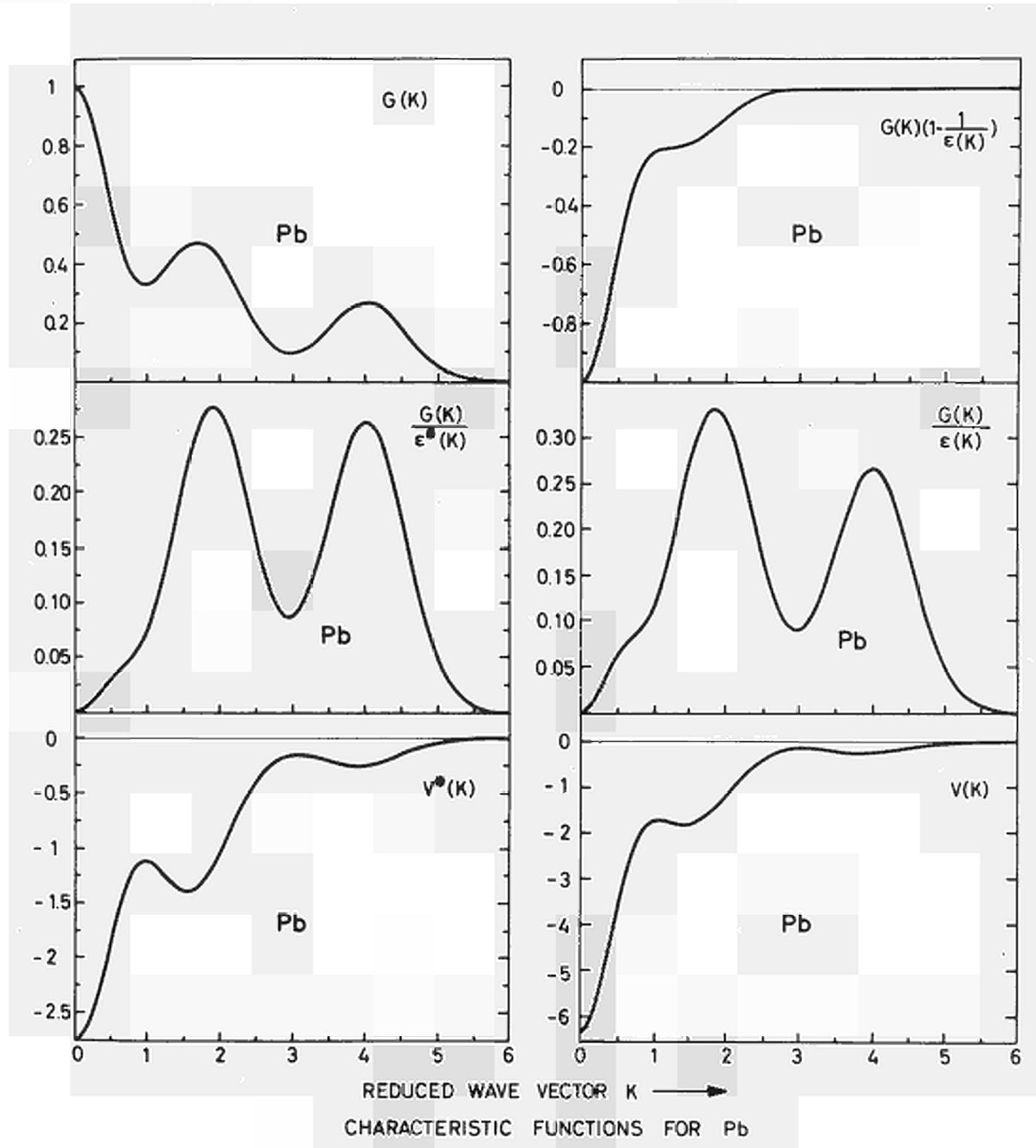


FIG. 7

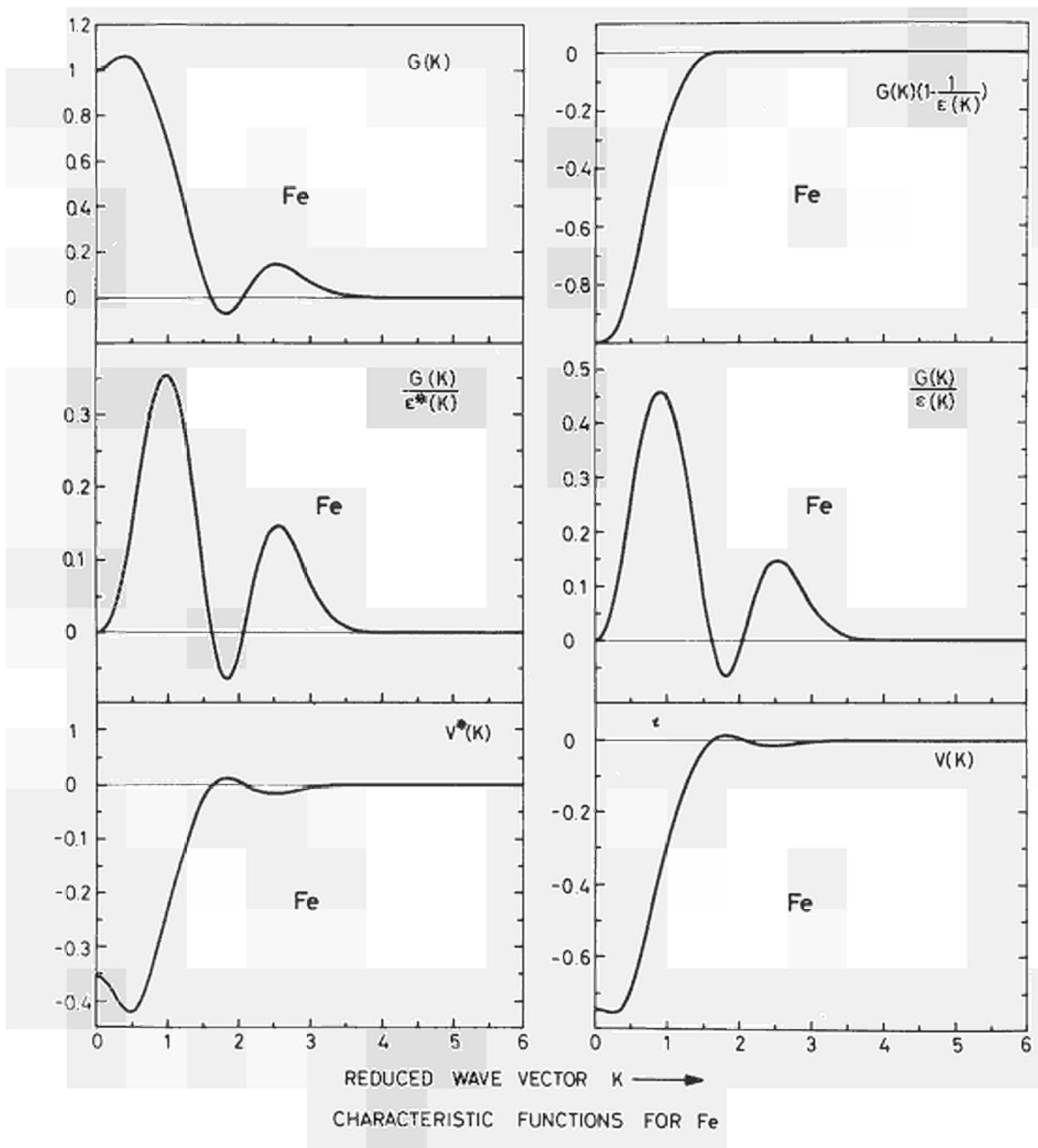


FIG. 8

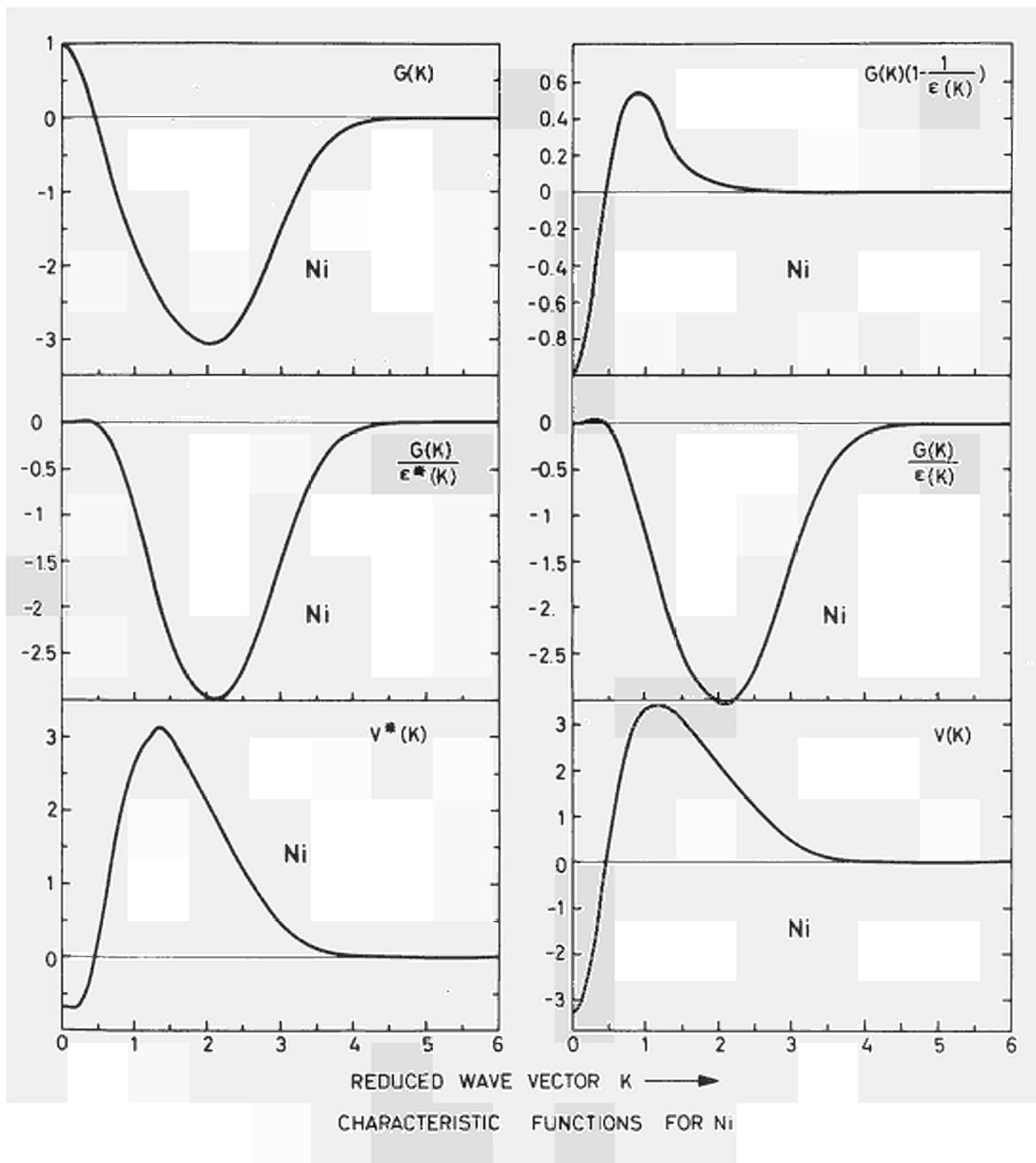


FIG. 9

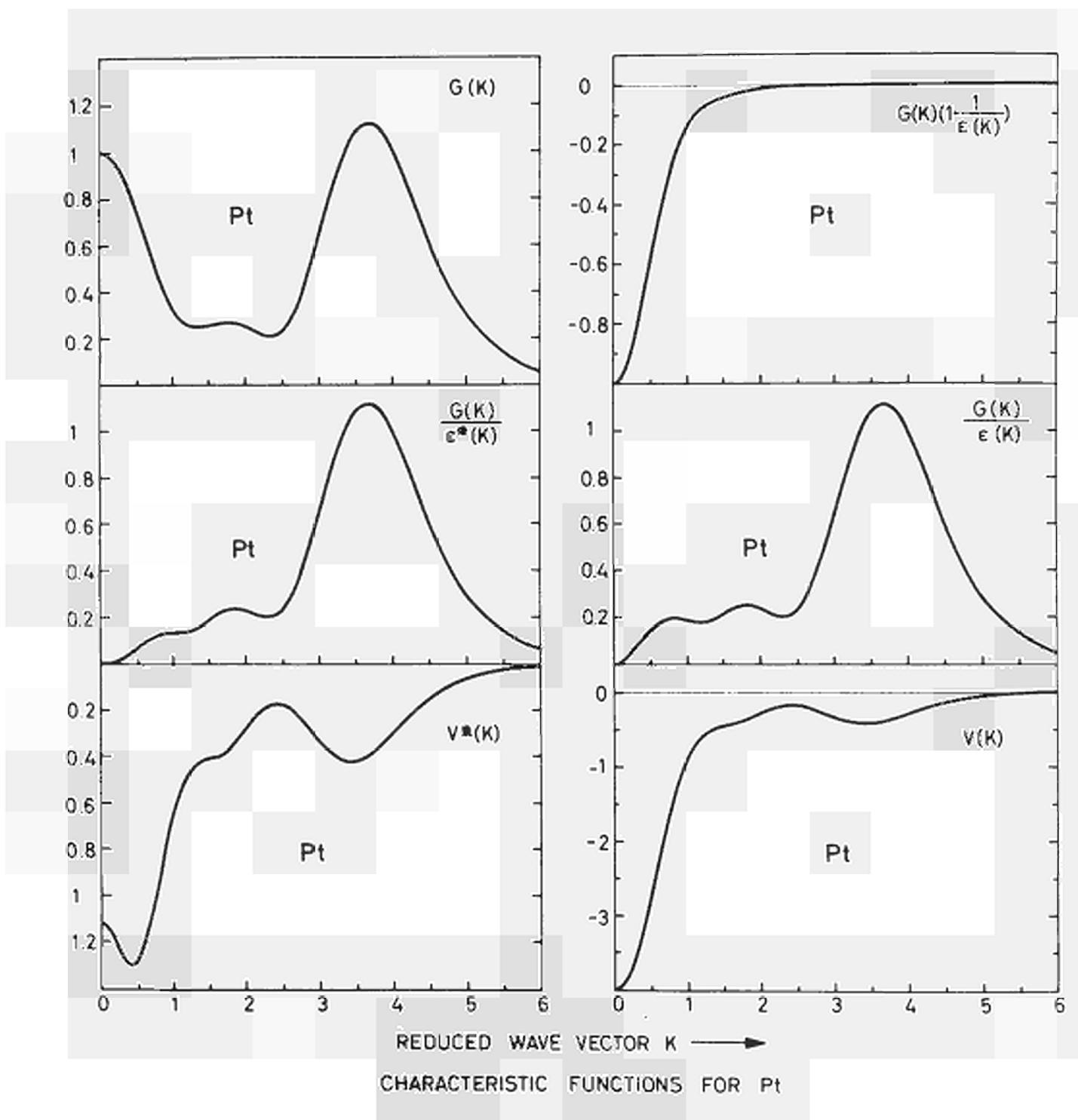


FIG. 10

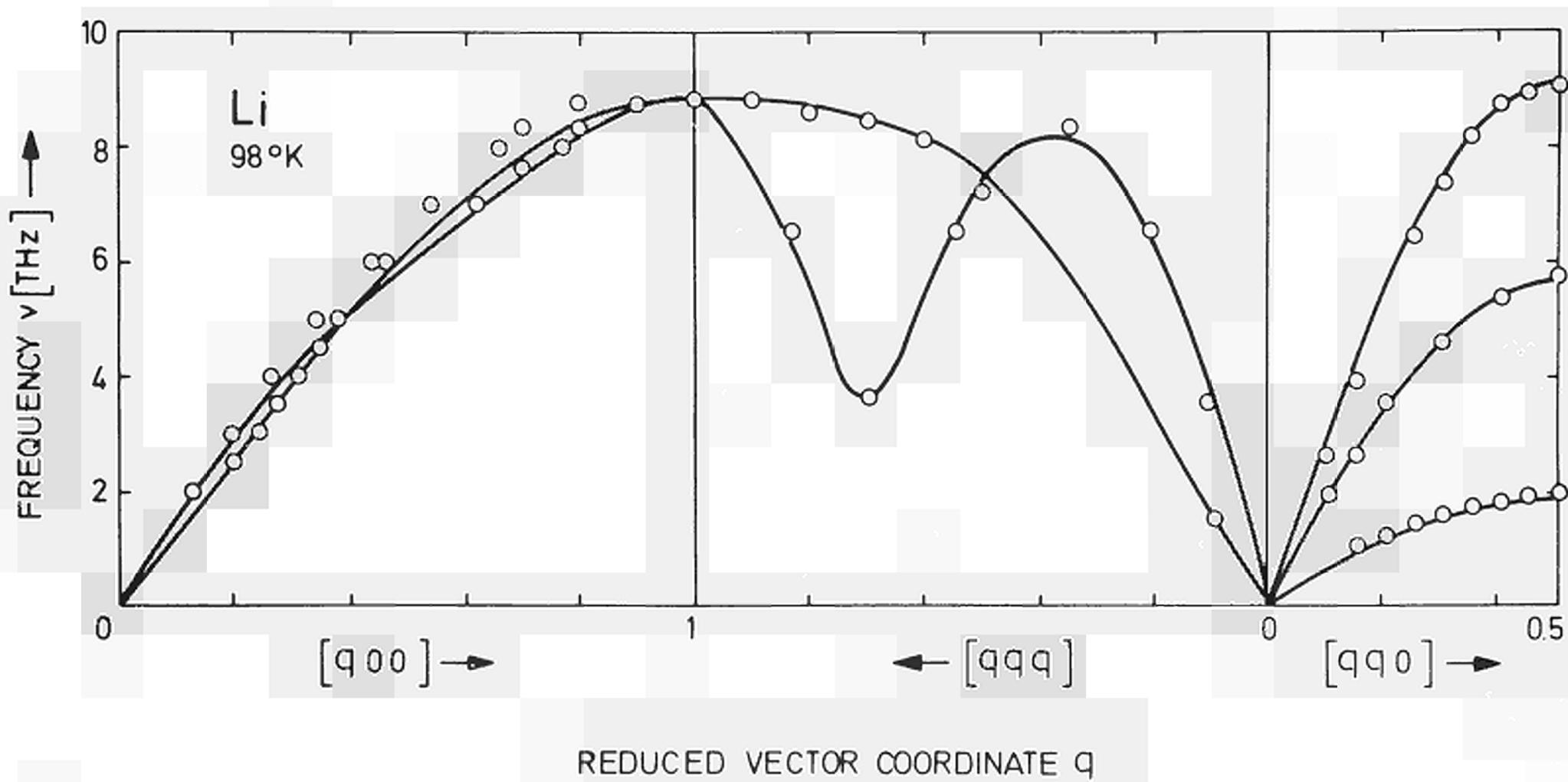


FIG. 11

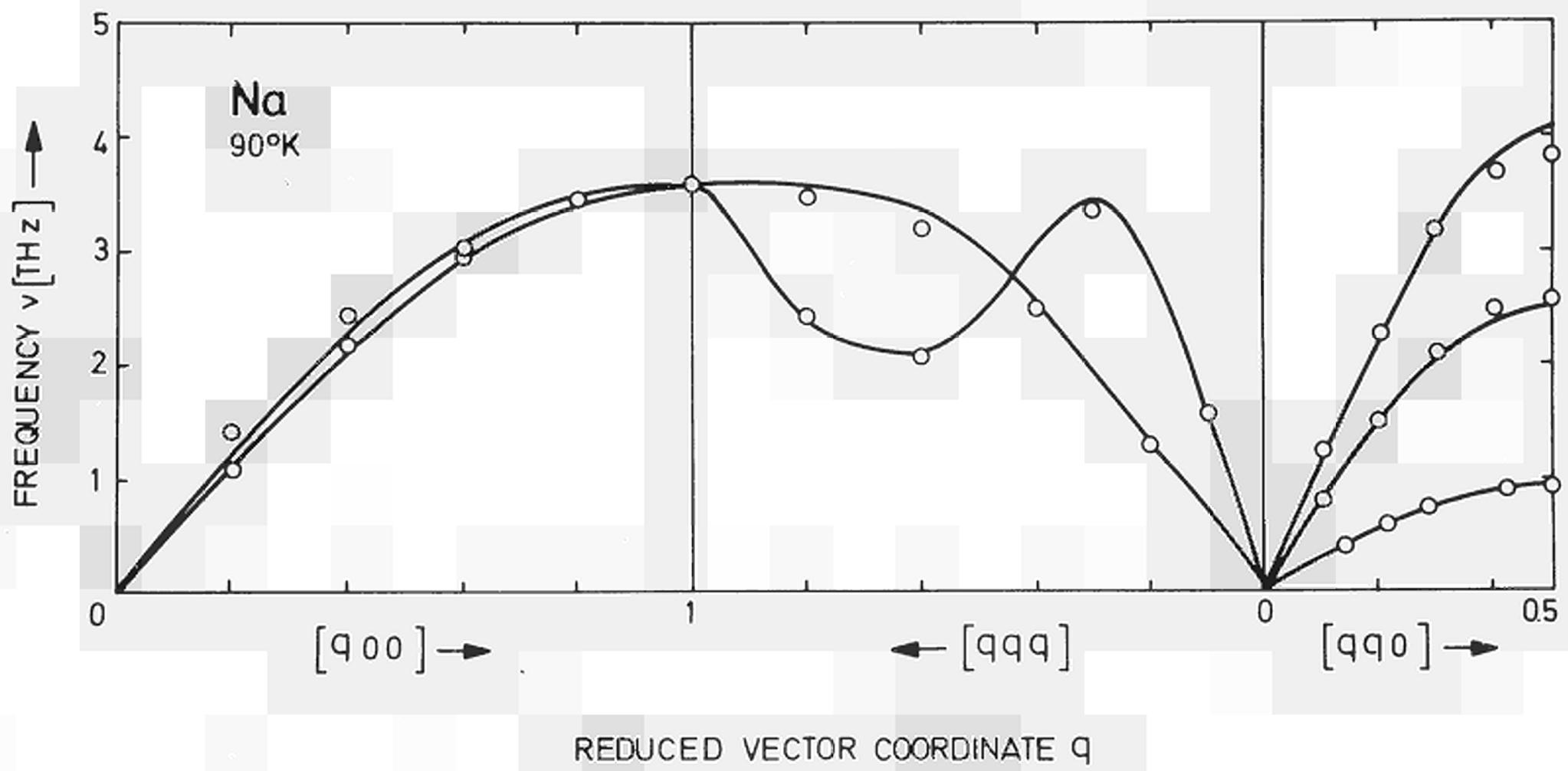
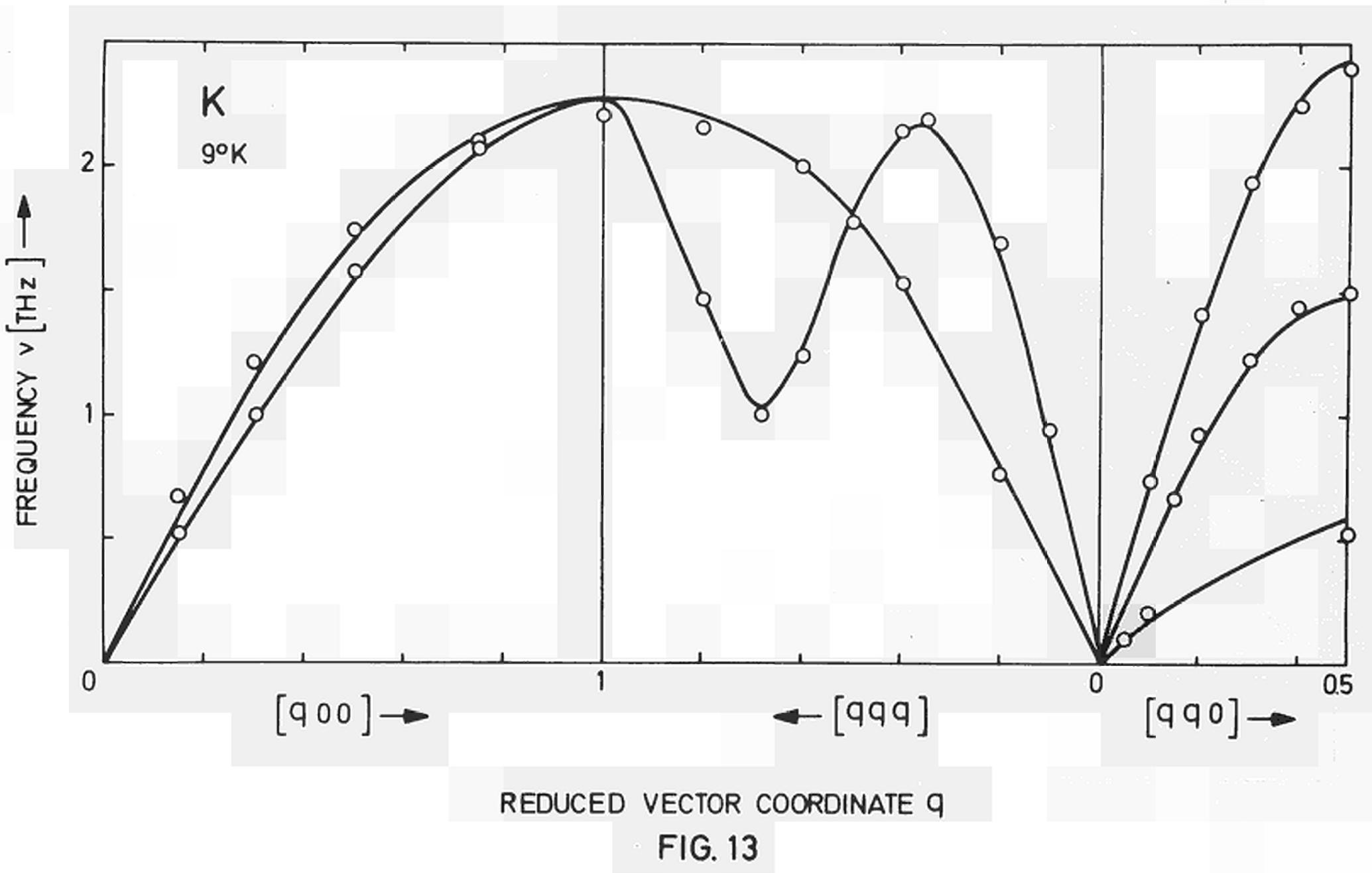


FIG. 12



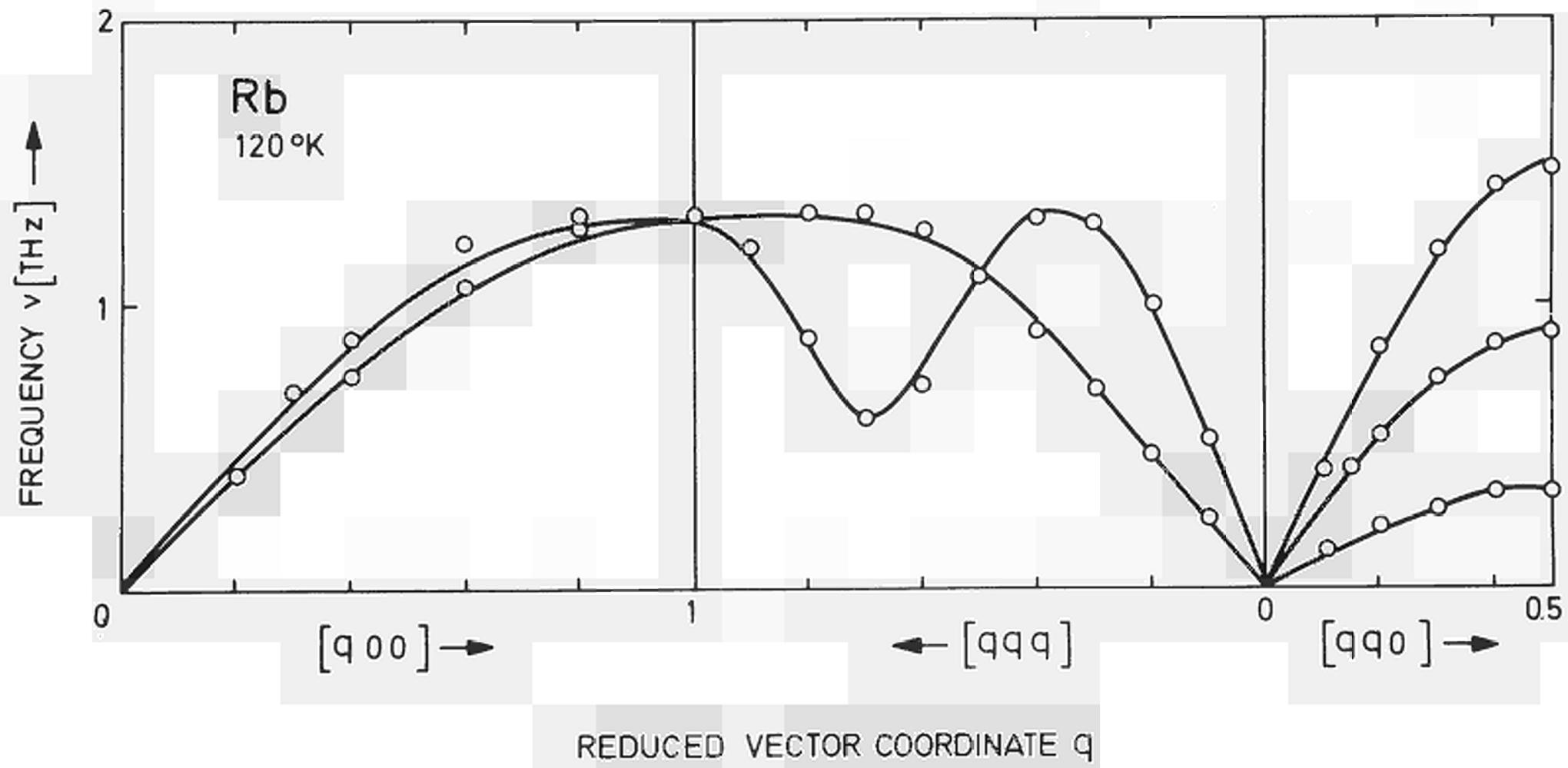


FIG. 14

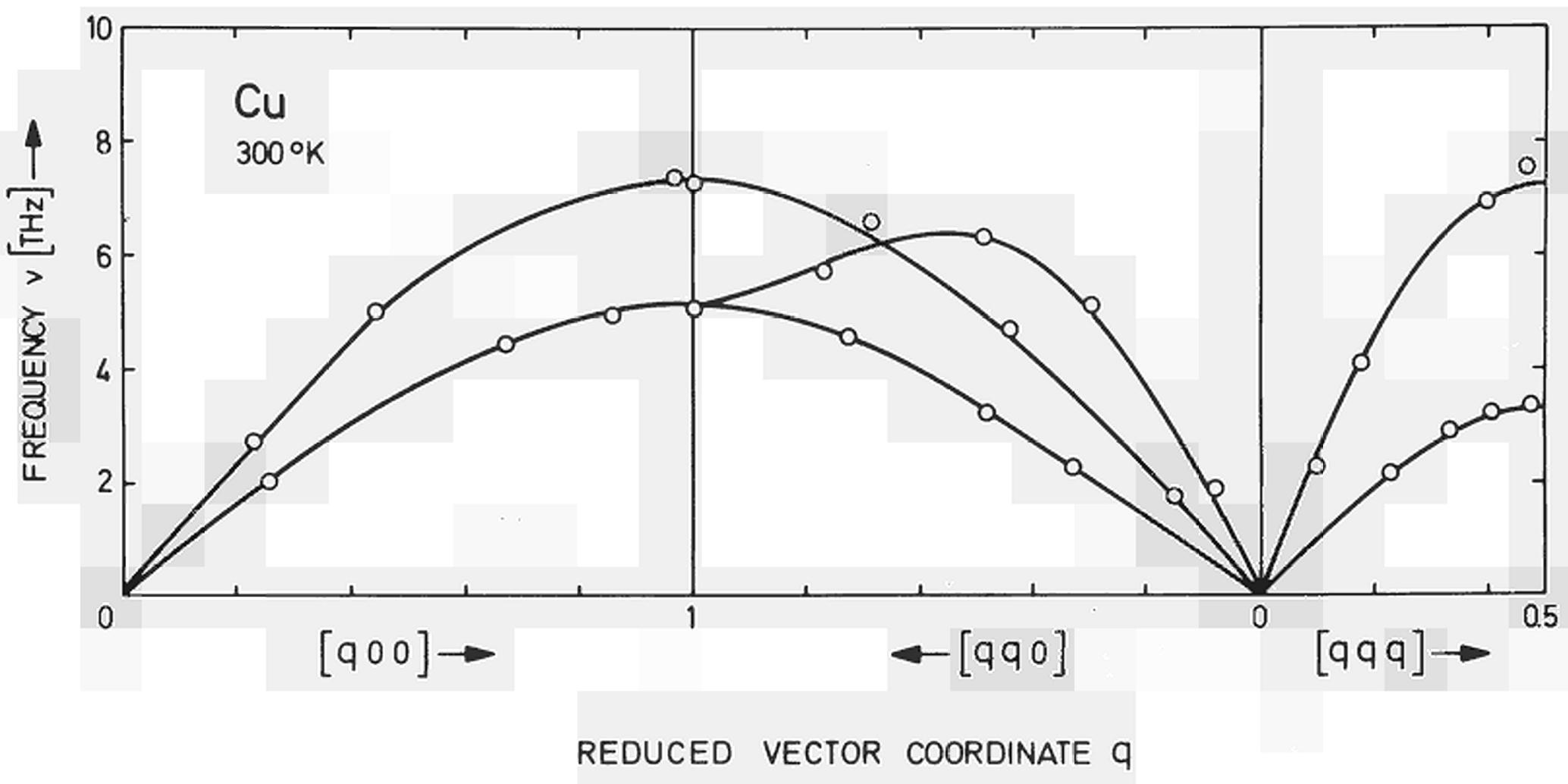
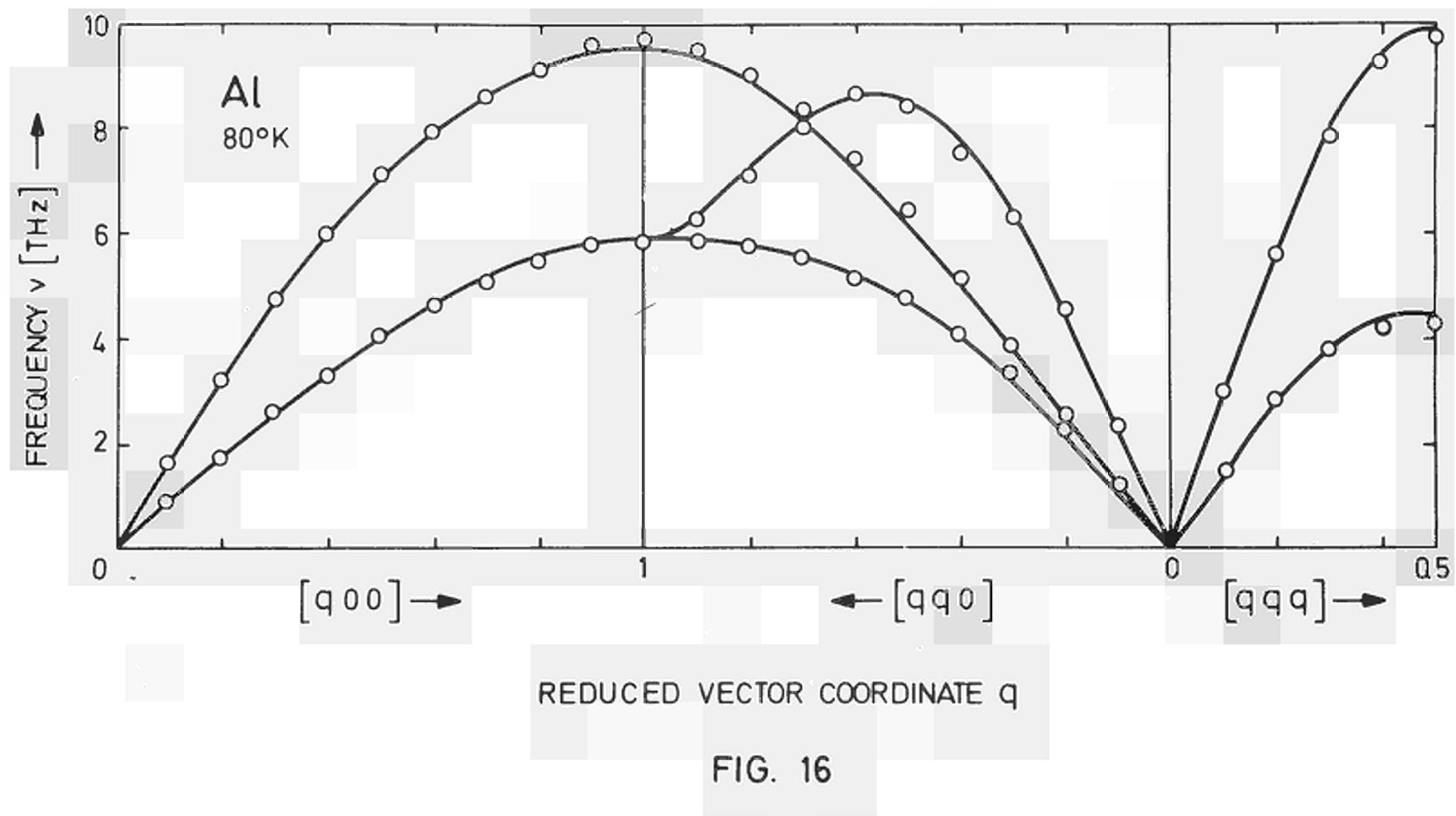


FIG. 15



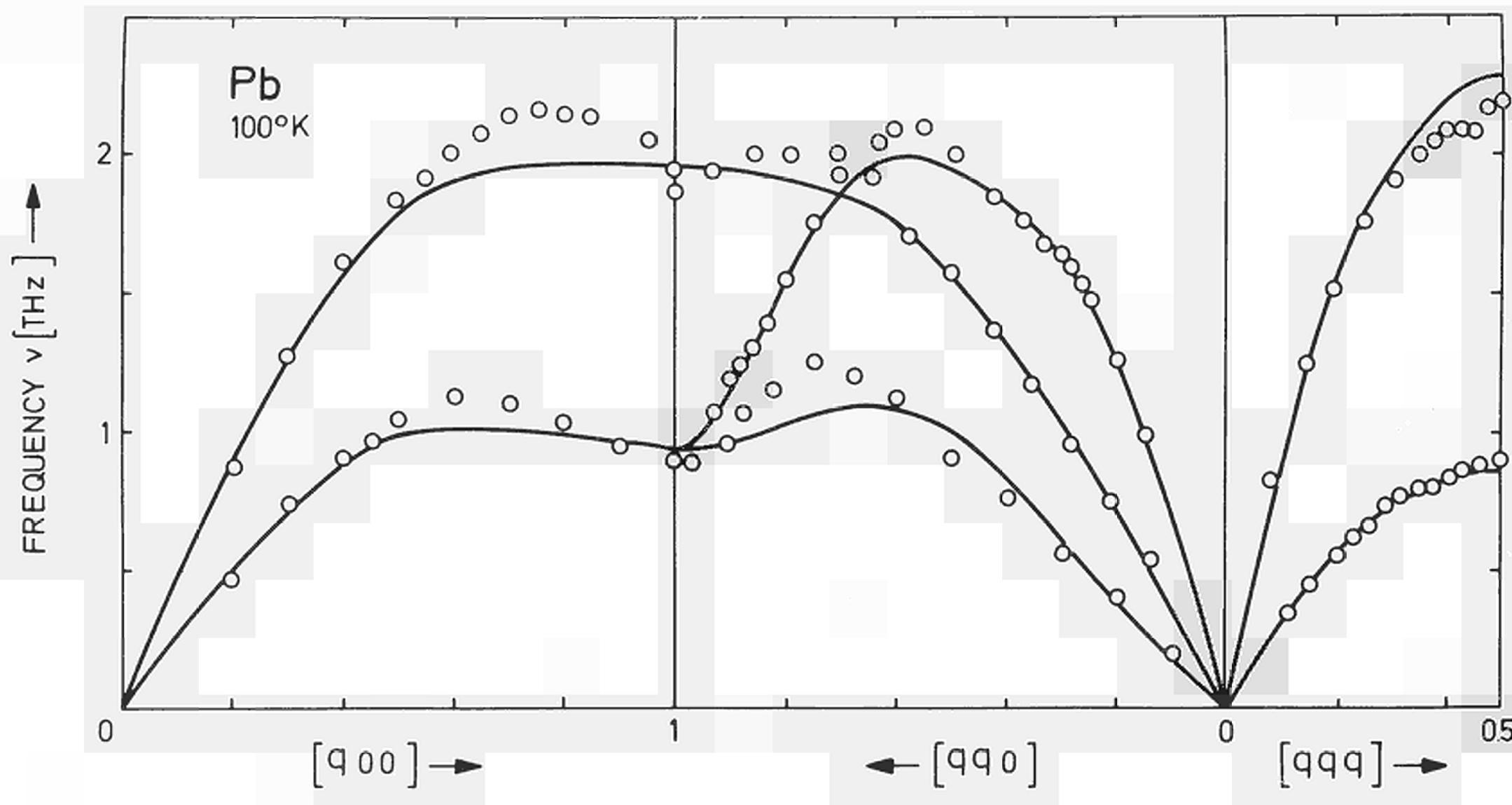


FIG. 17

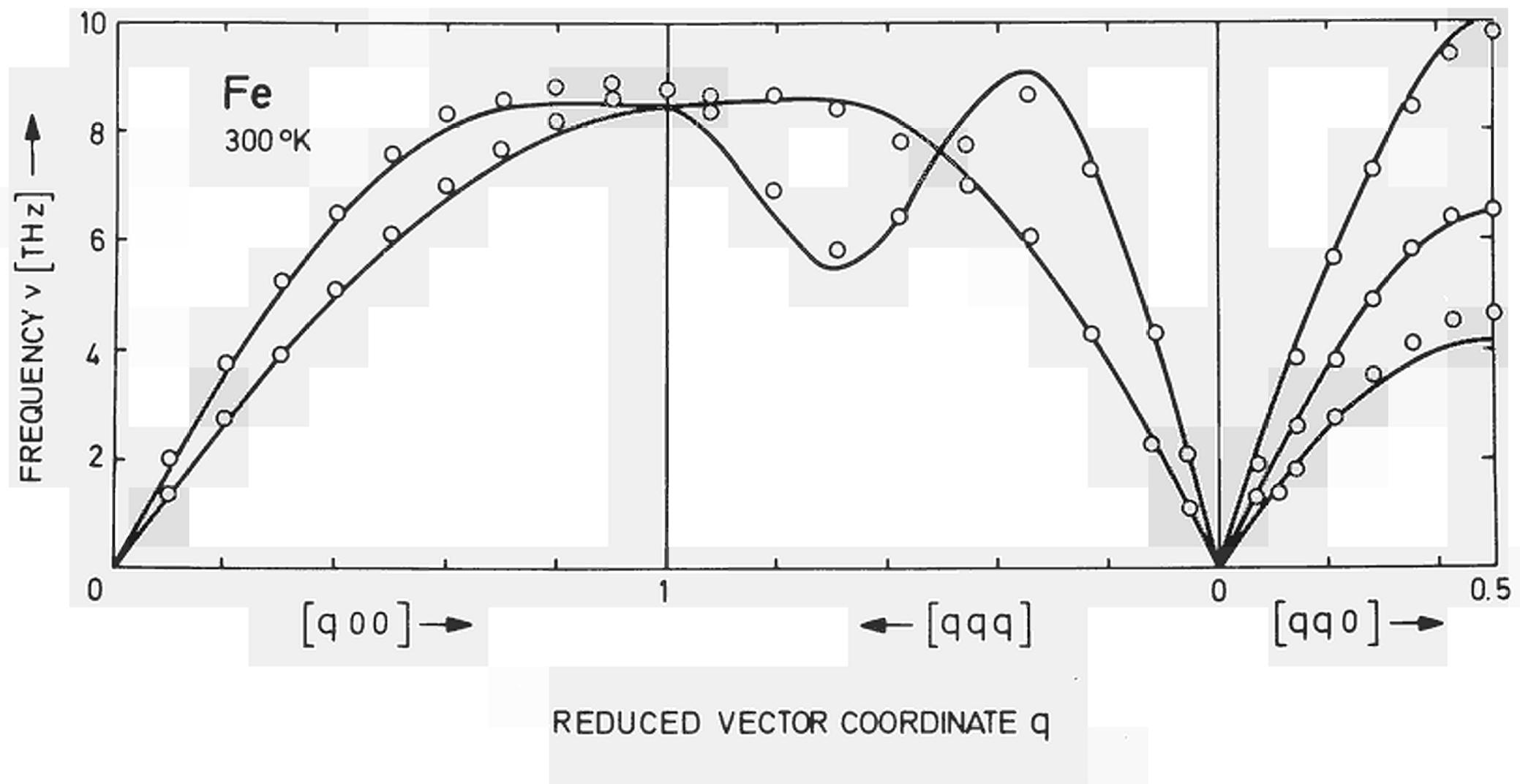


FIG. 18

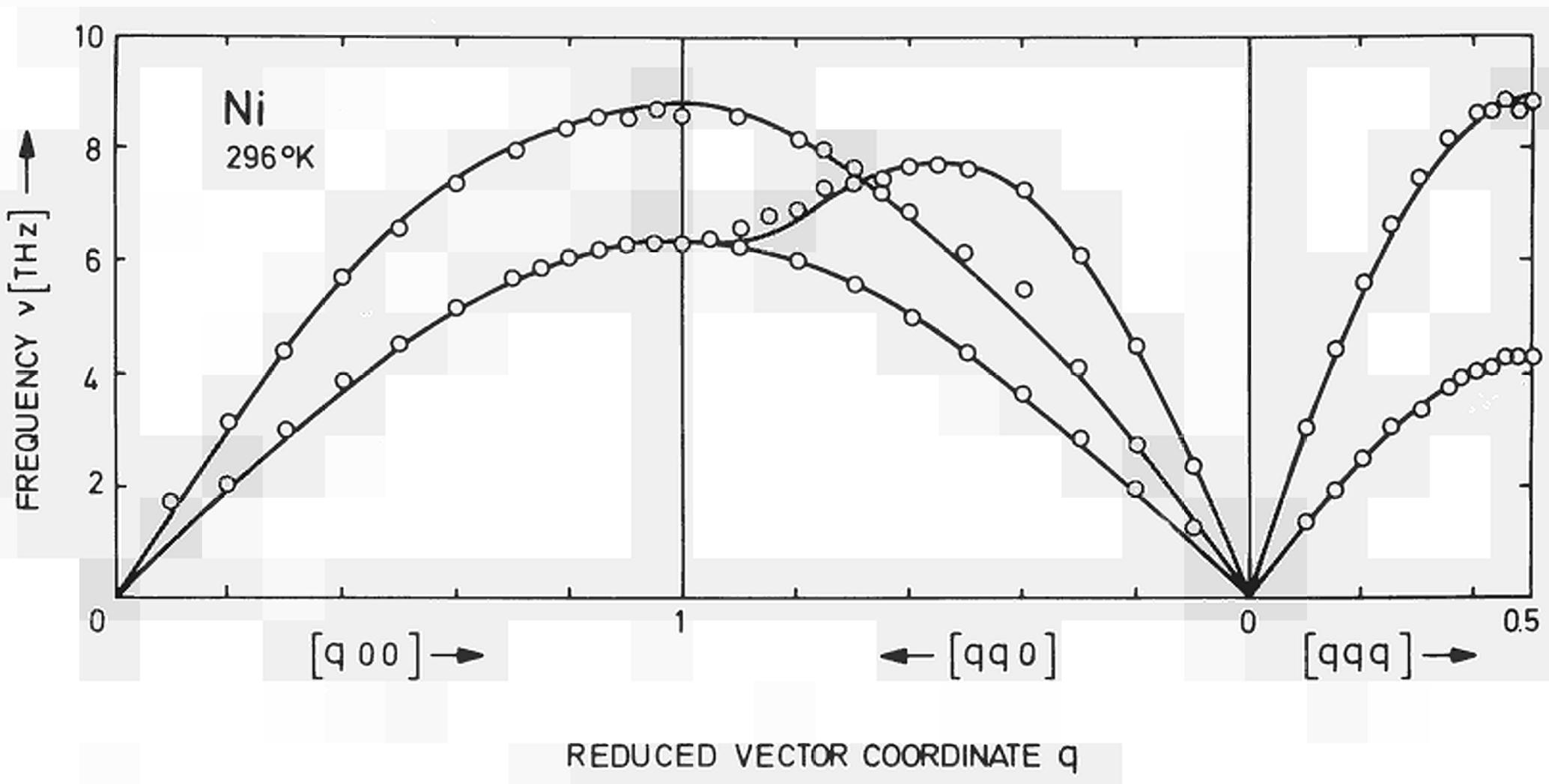


FIG. 19

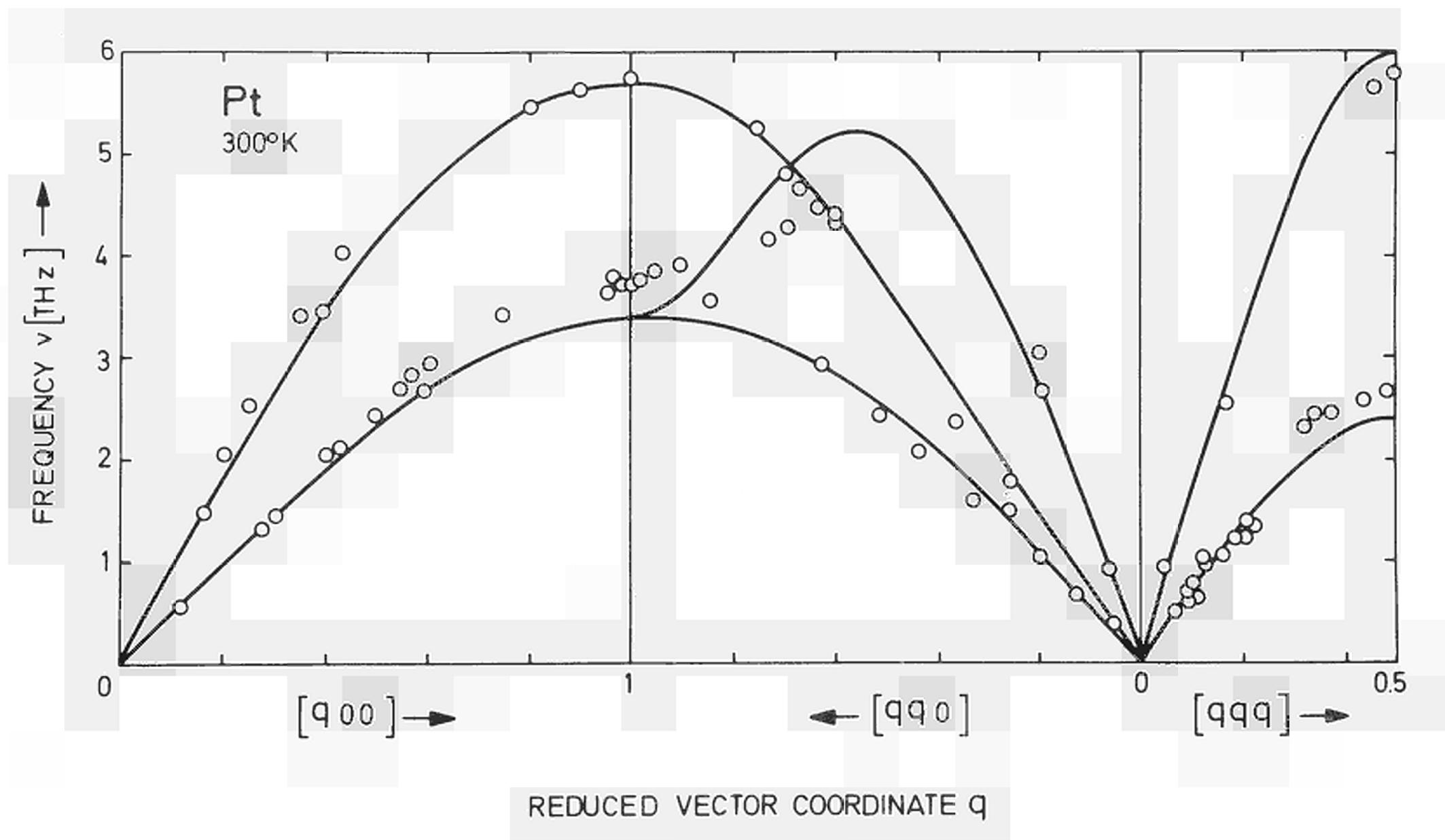


FIG. 20

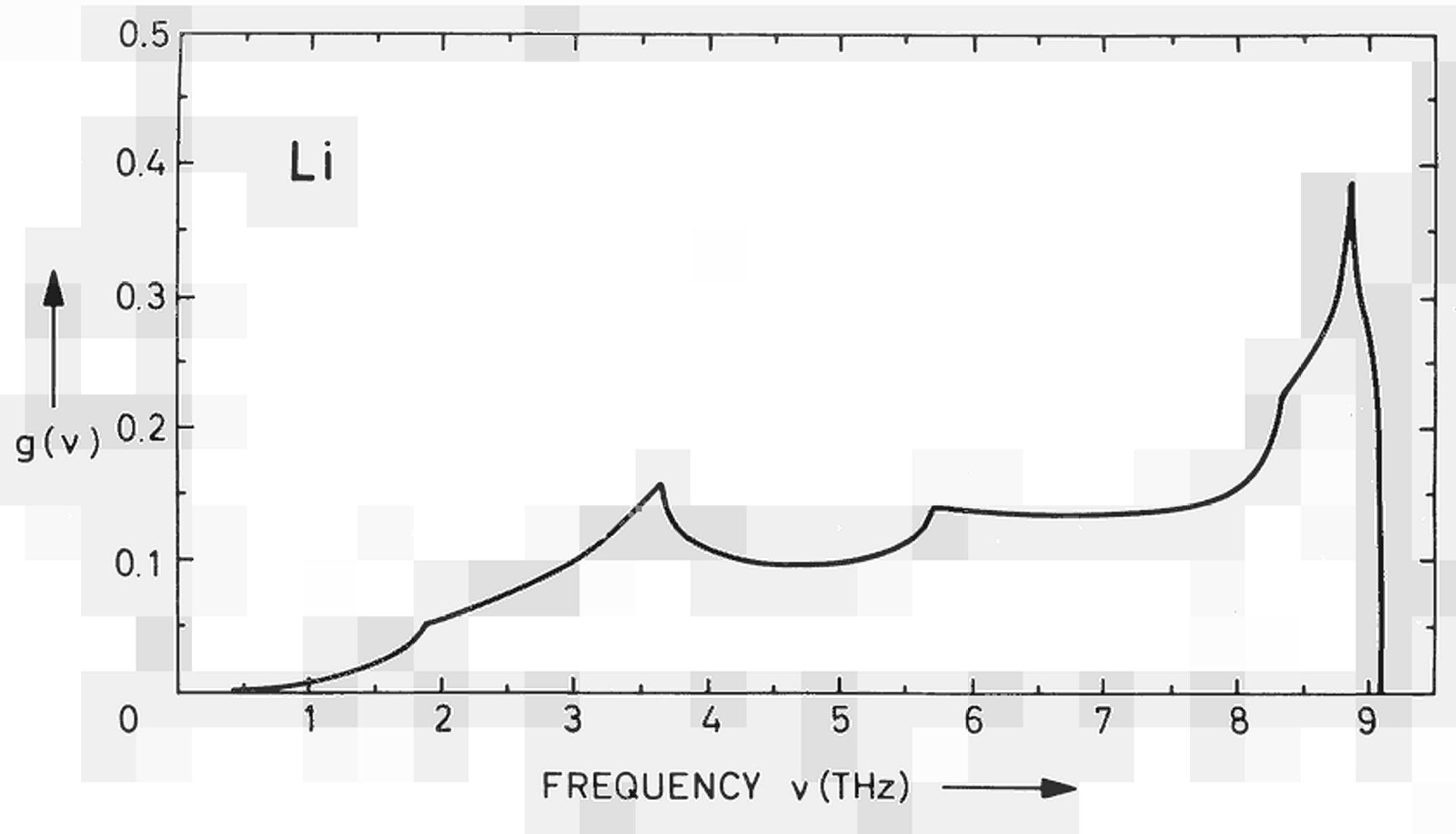


FIG. 21

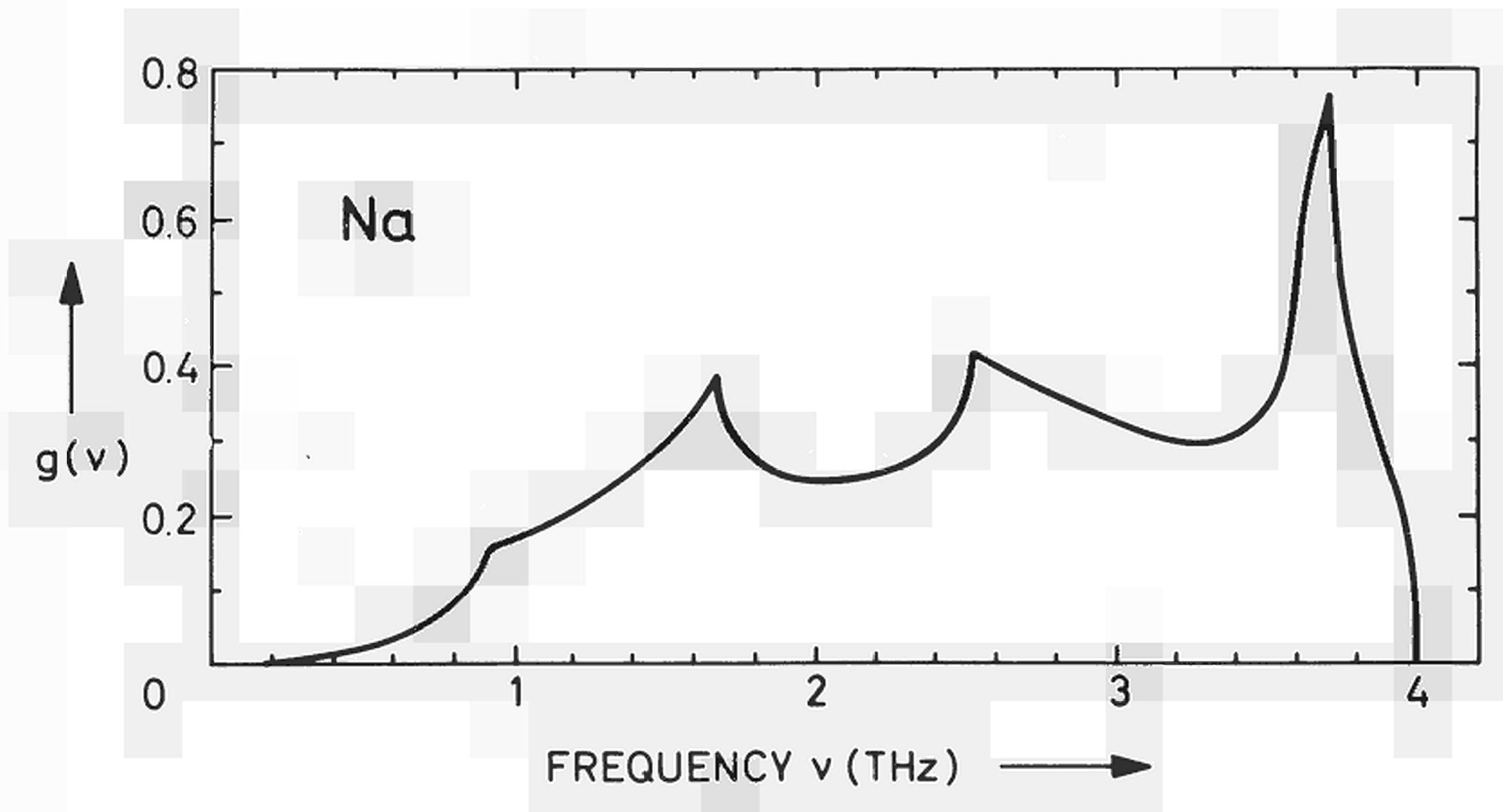


FIG. 22

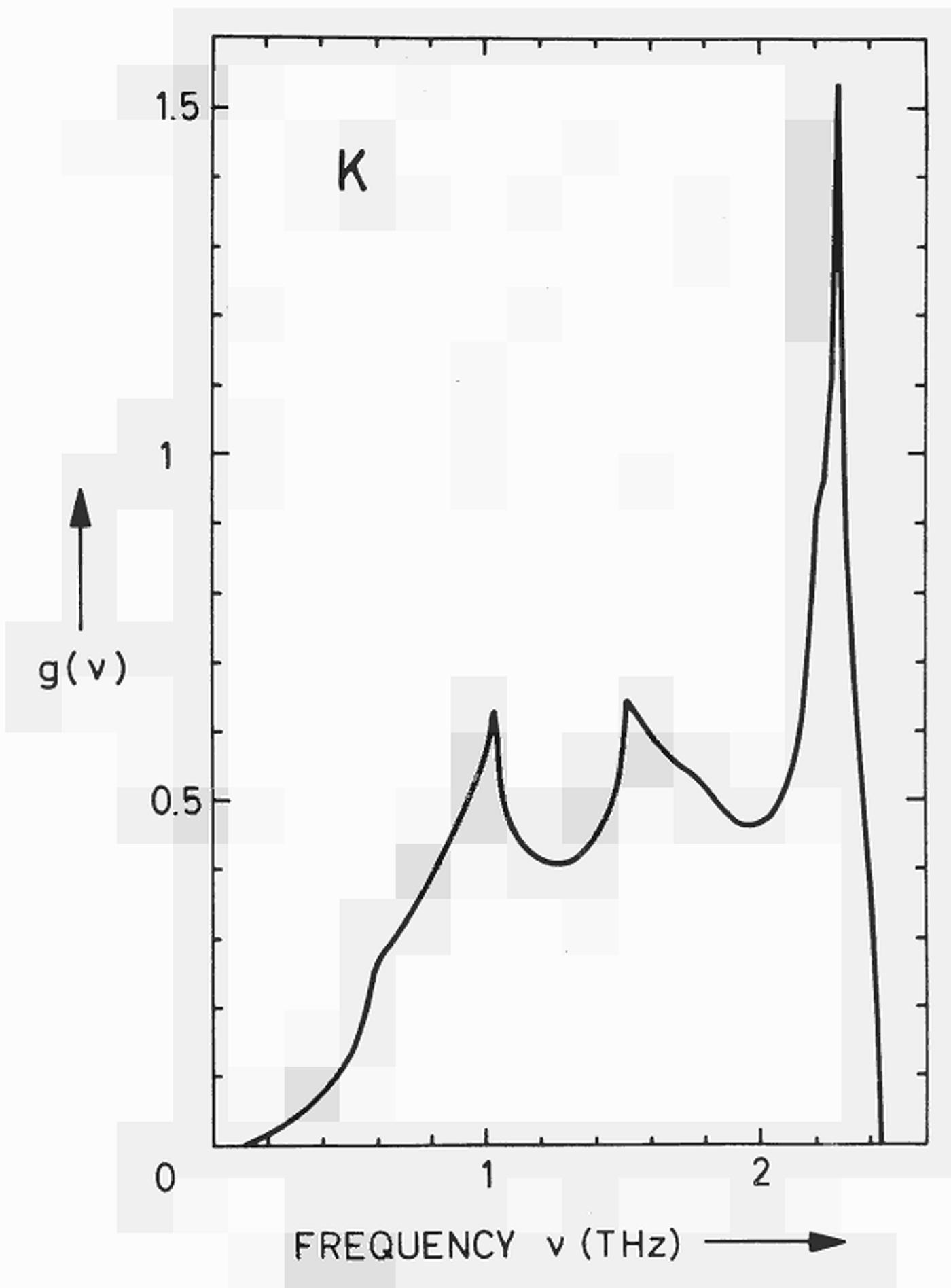


FIG. 23

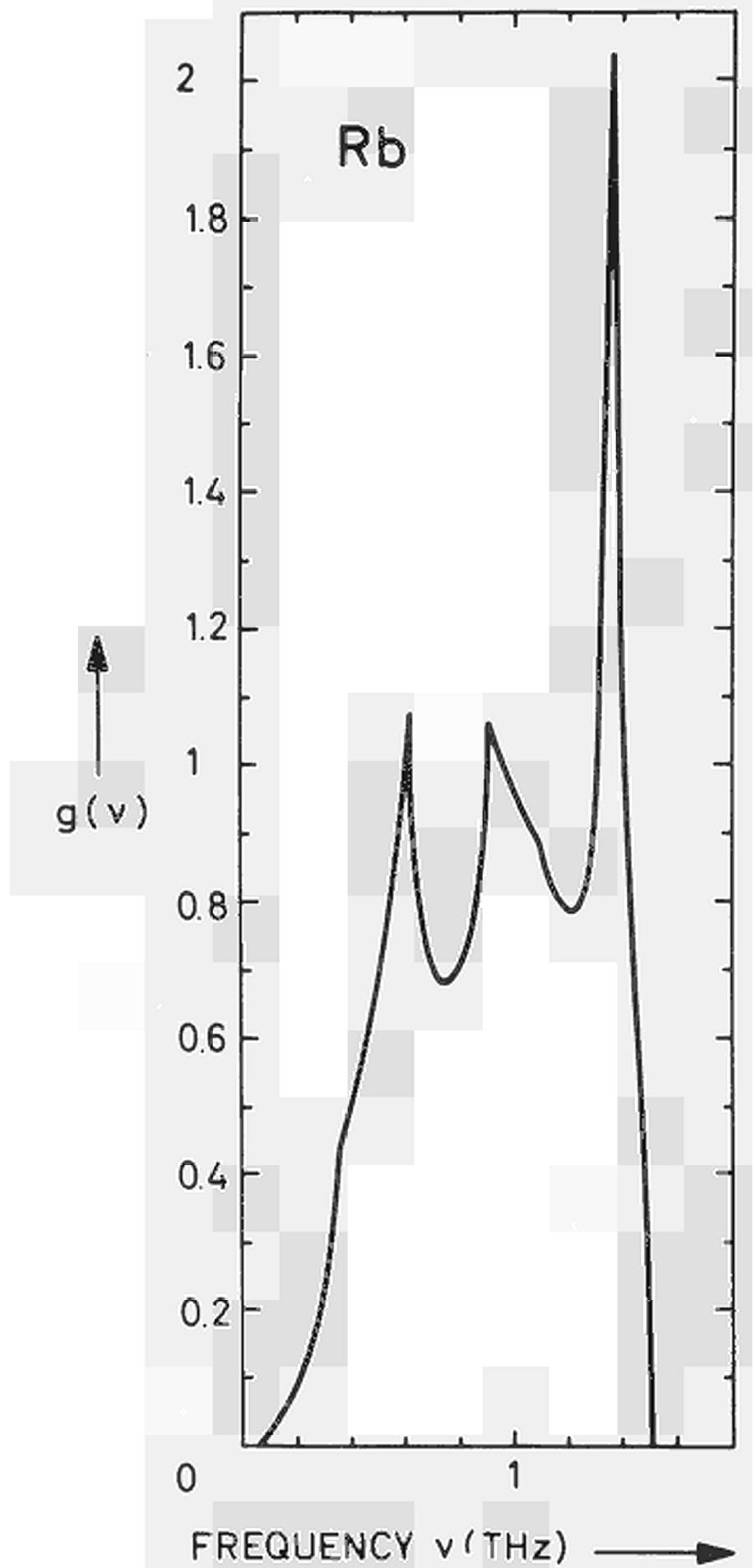


FIG. 24

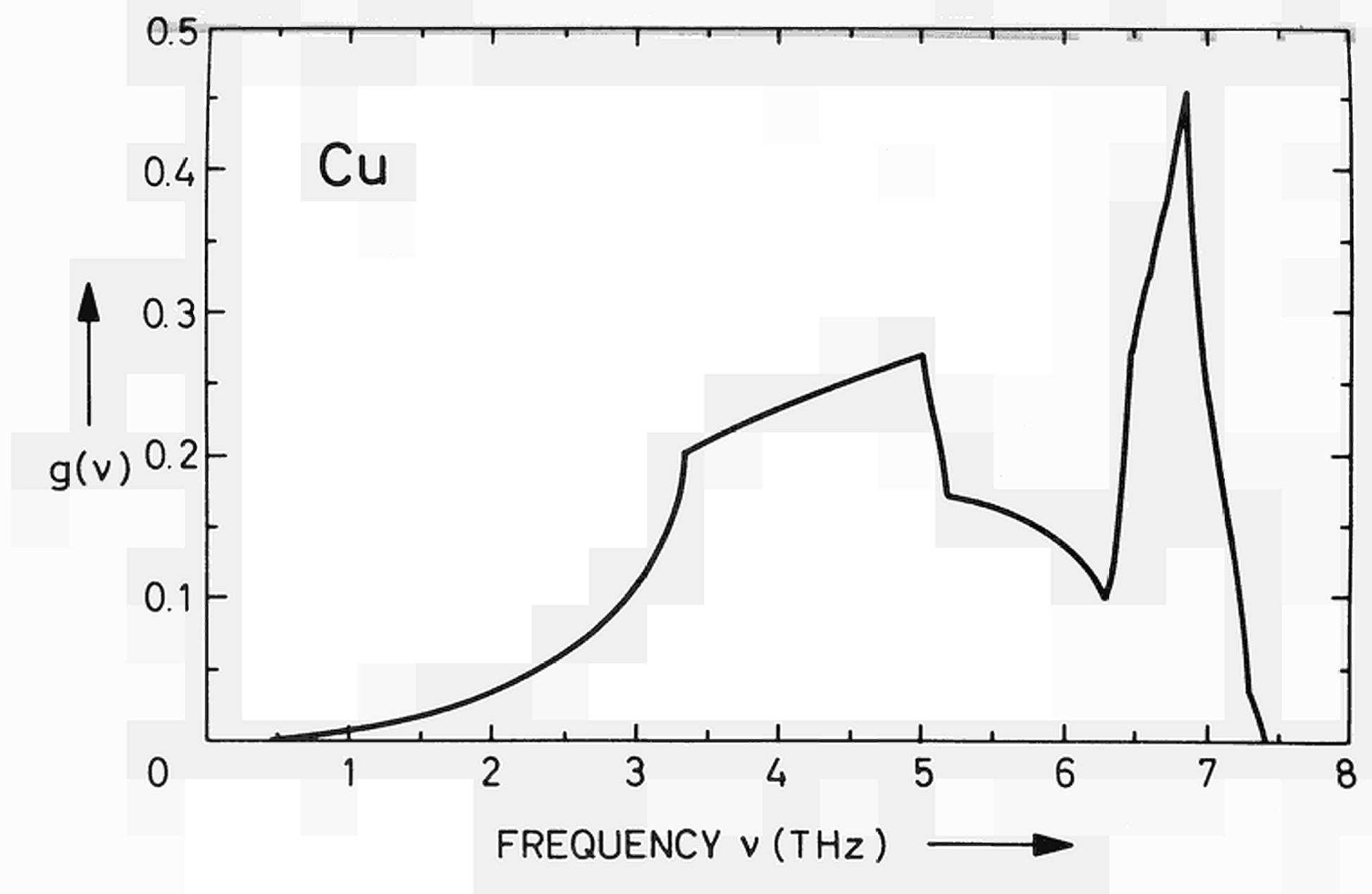


FIG. 25

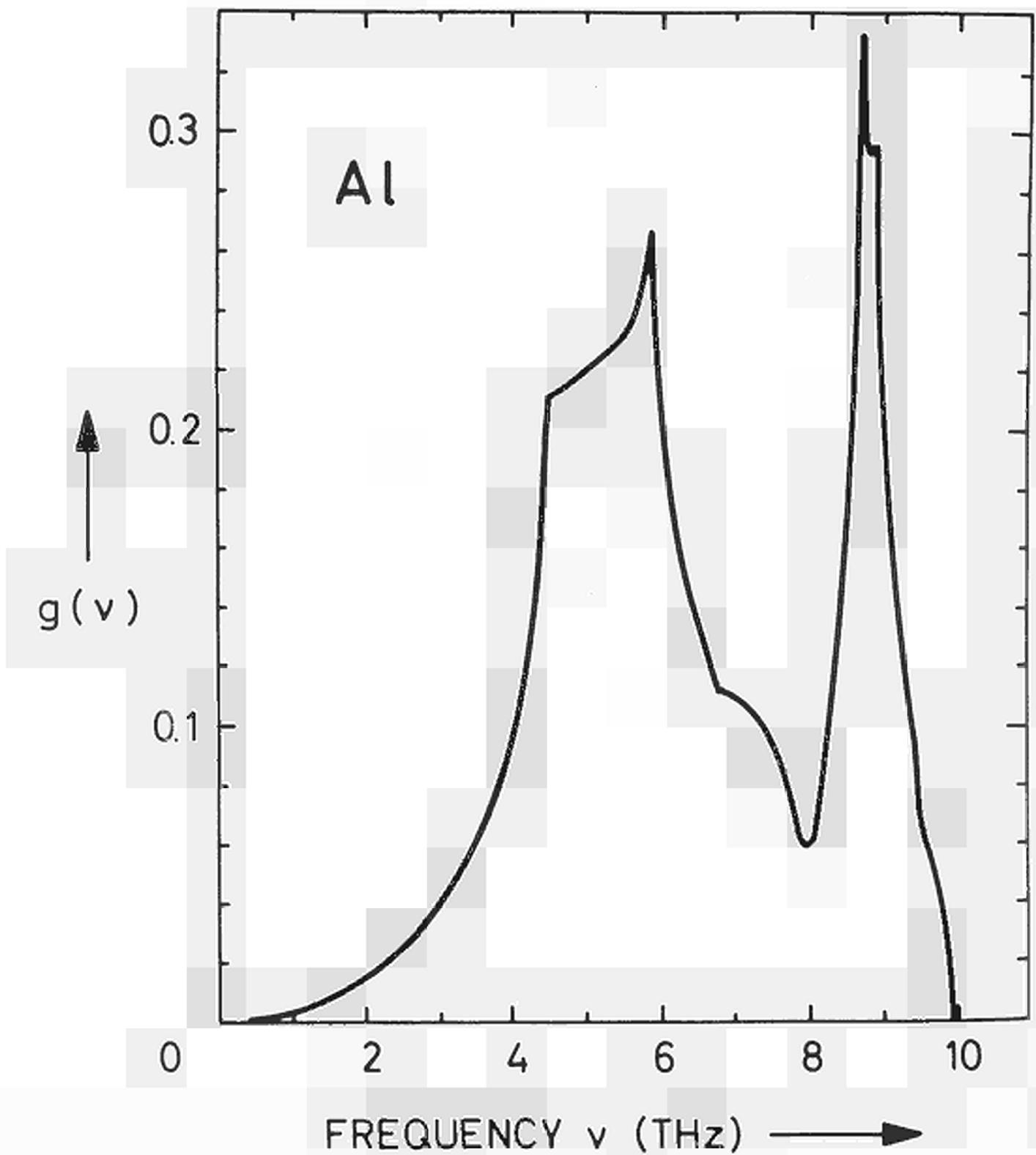


FIG. 26

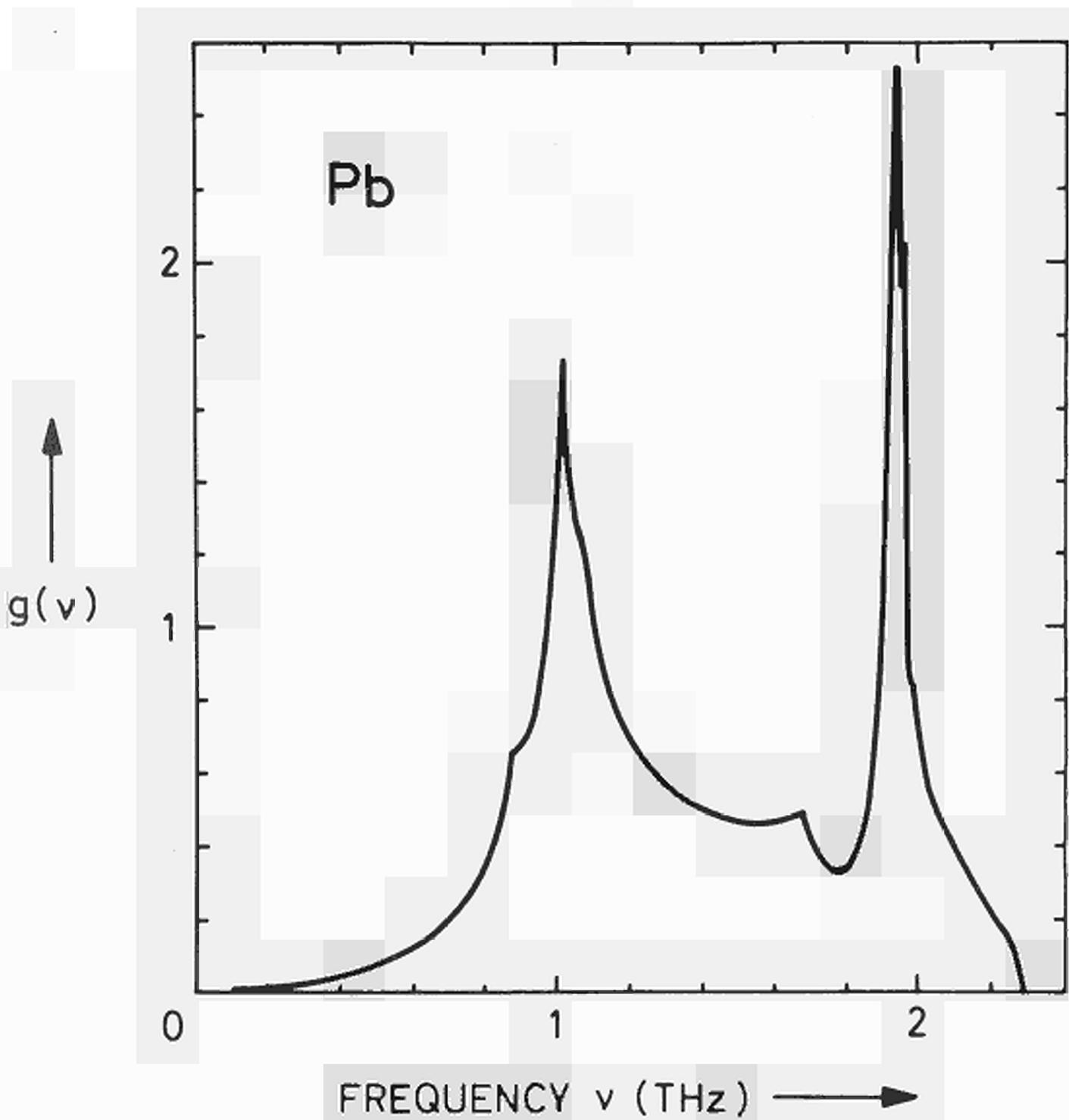


FIG. 27

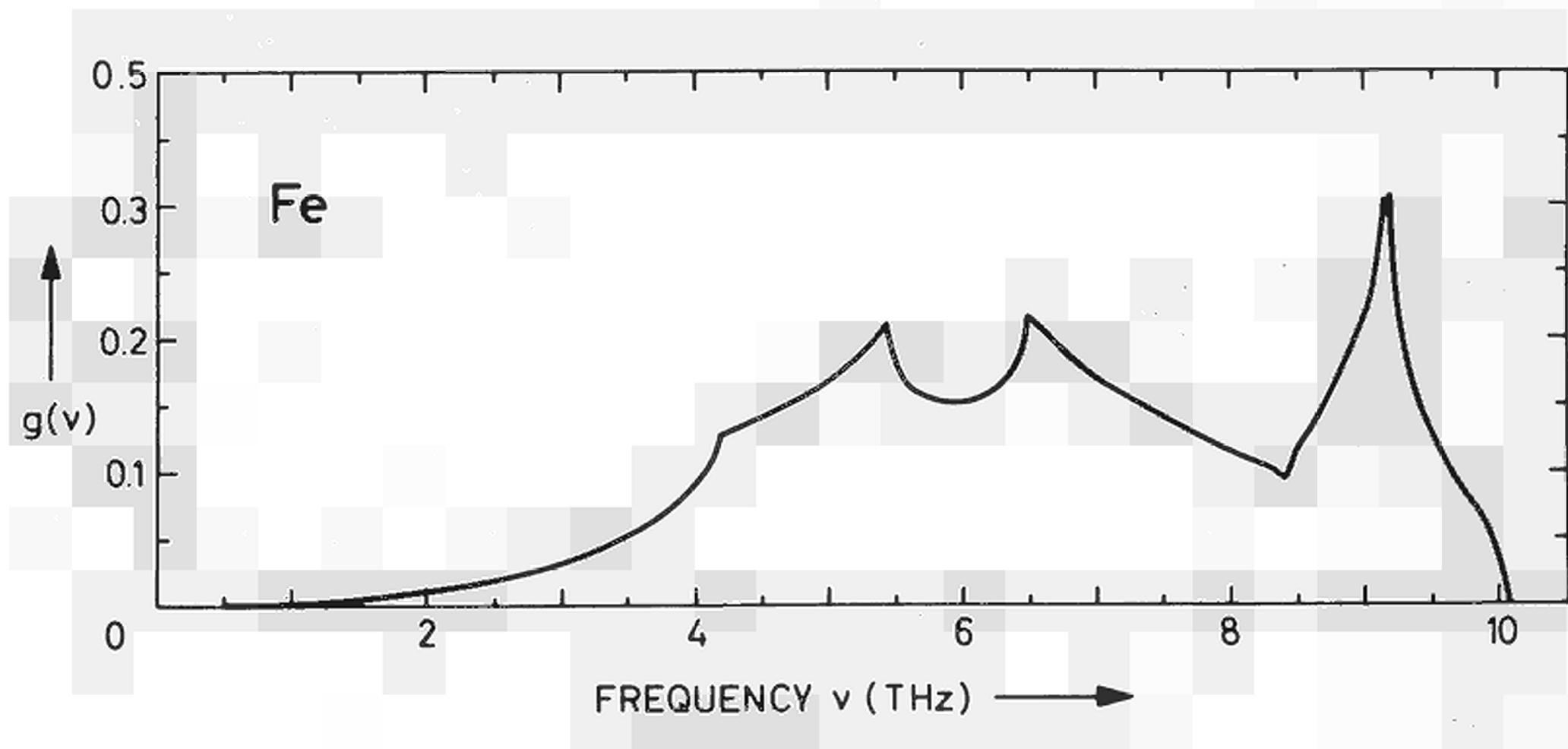


FIG. 28

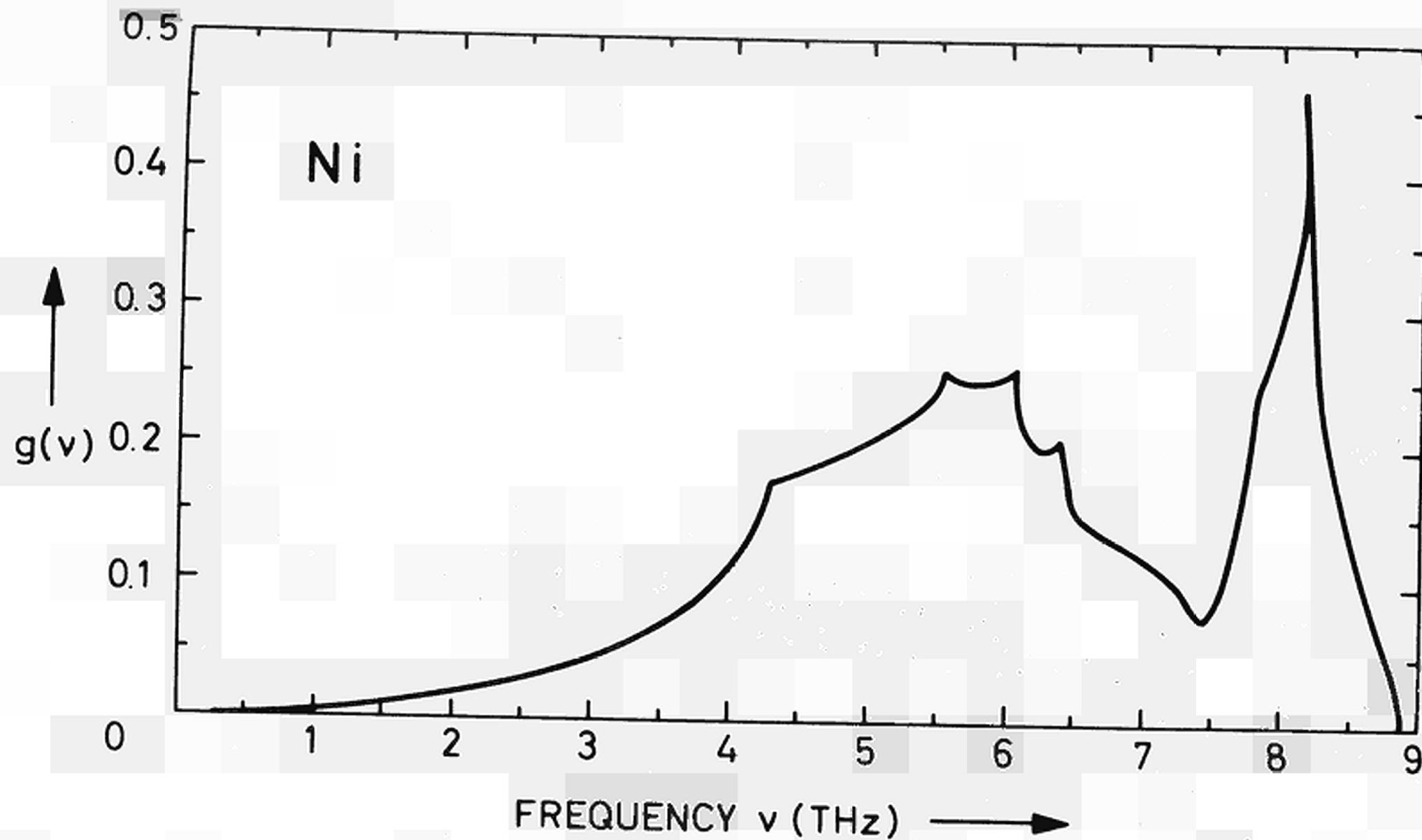


FIG. 29

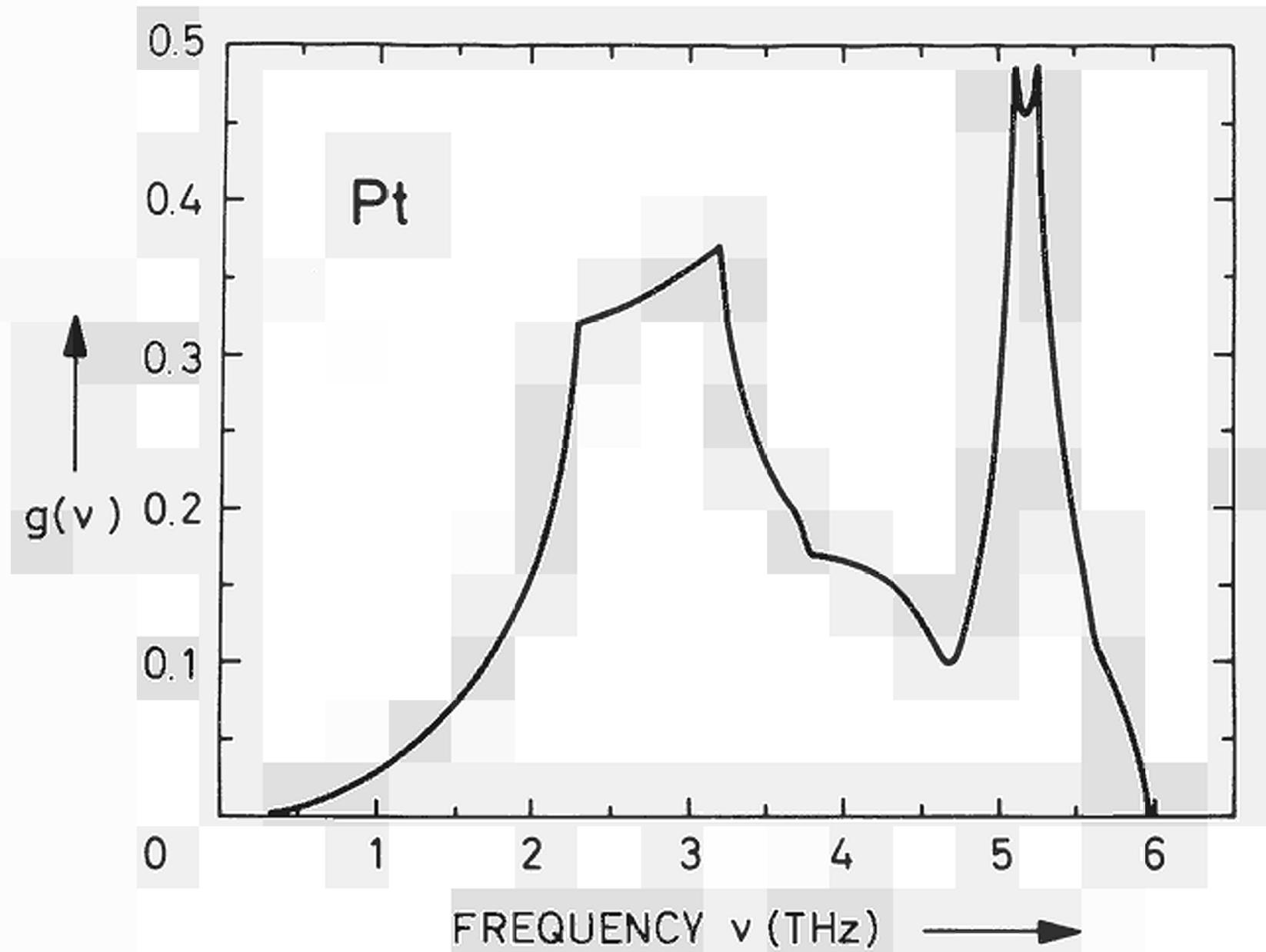


FIG. 30

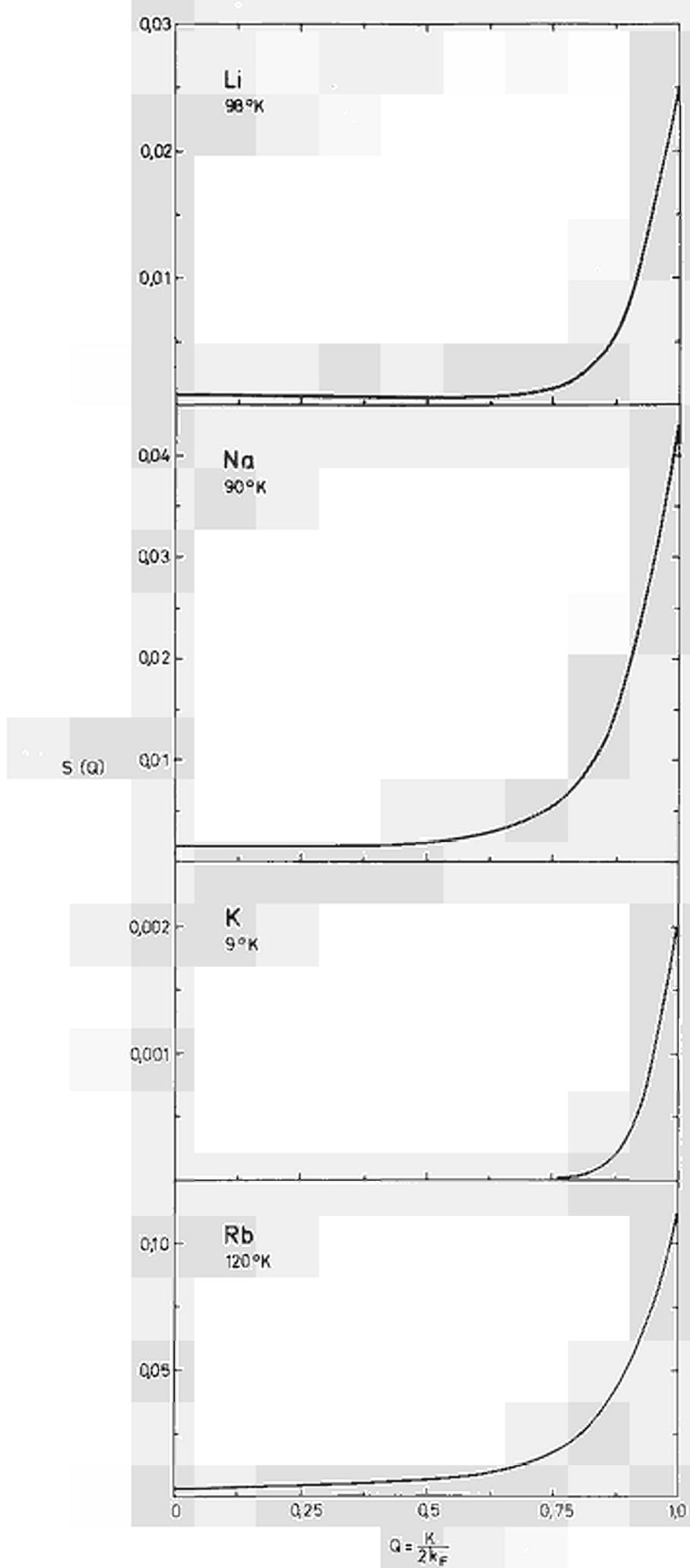


FIG. 31

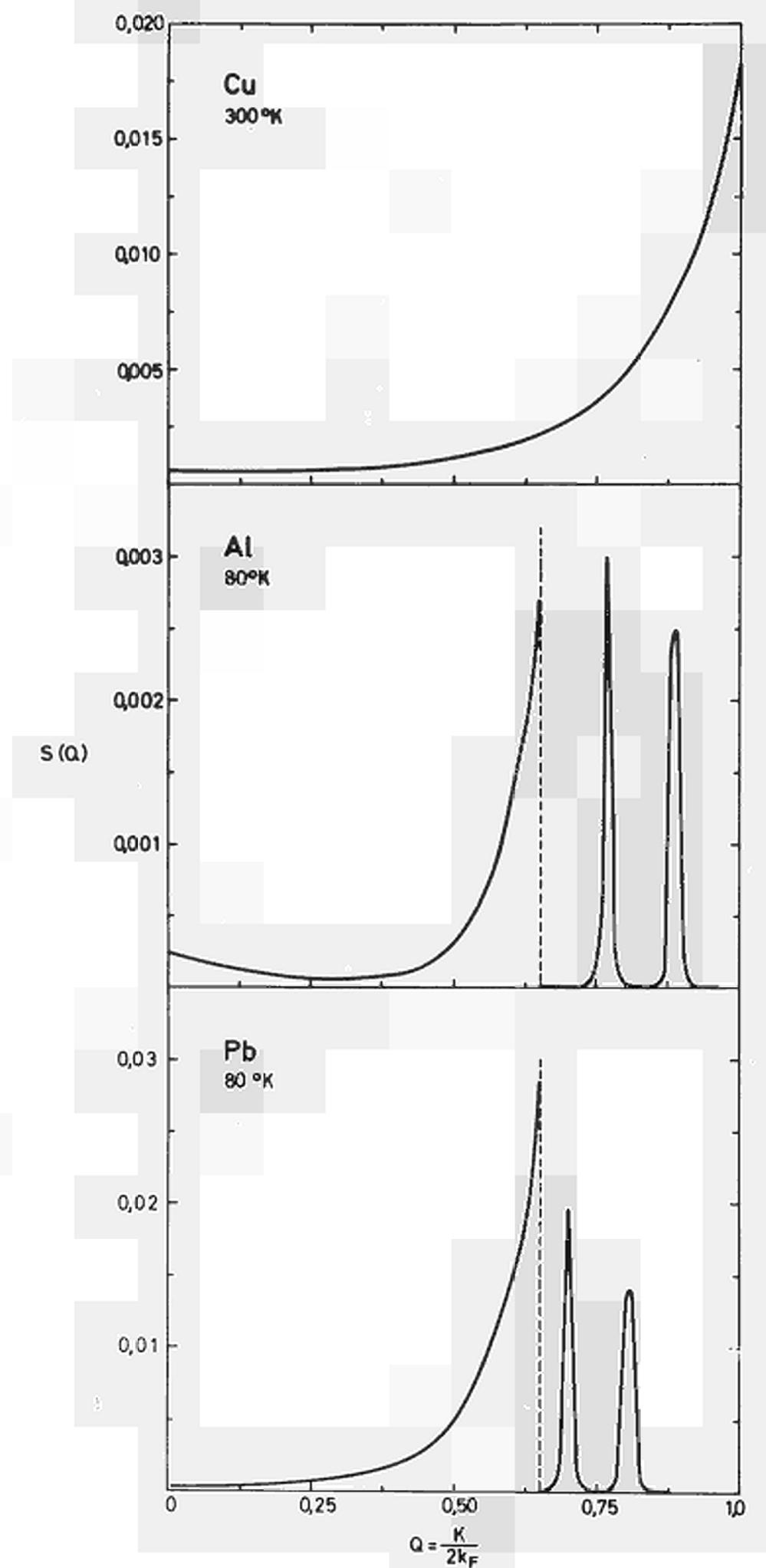


FIG. 32

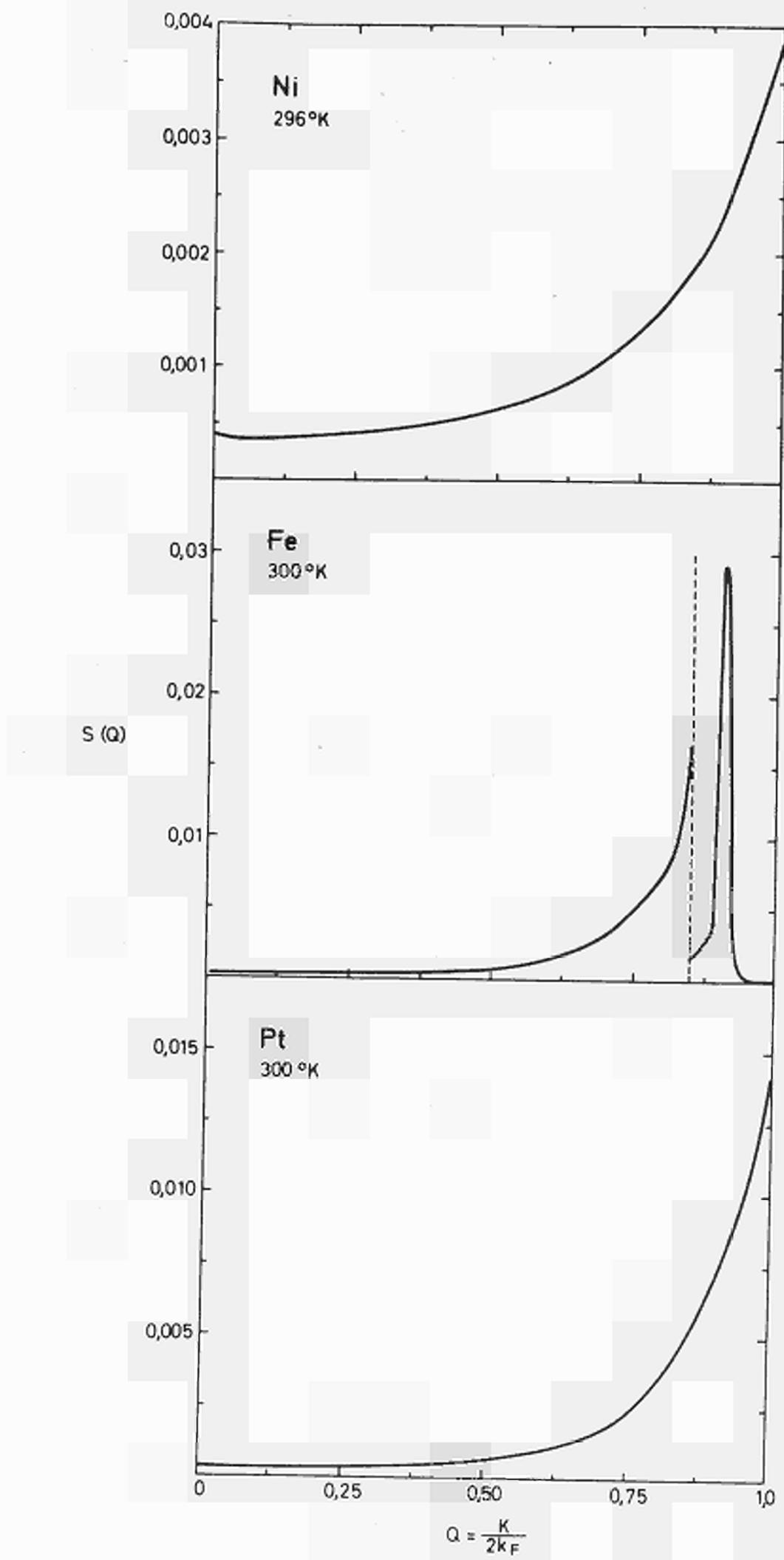


FIG. 33

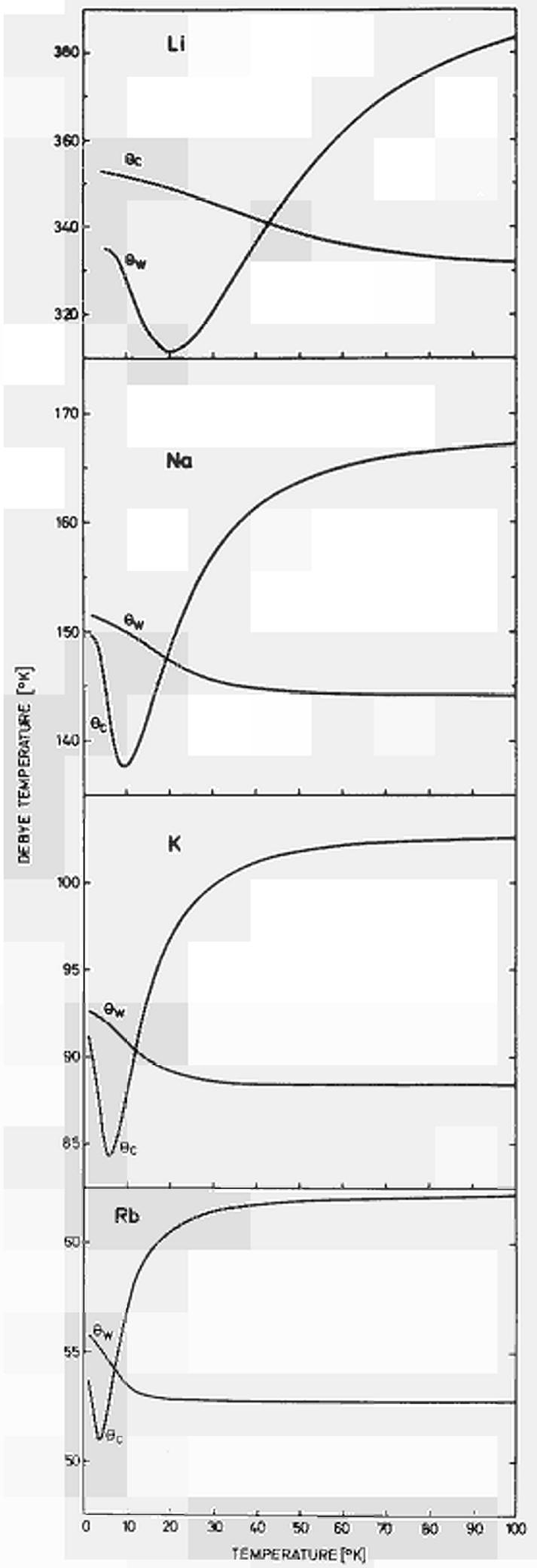


FIG. 34

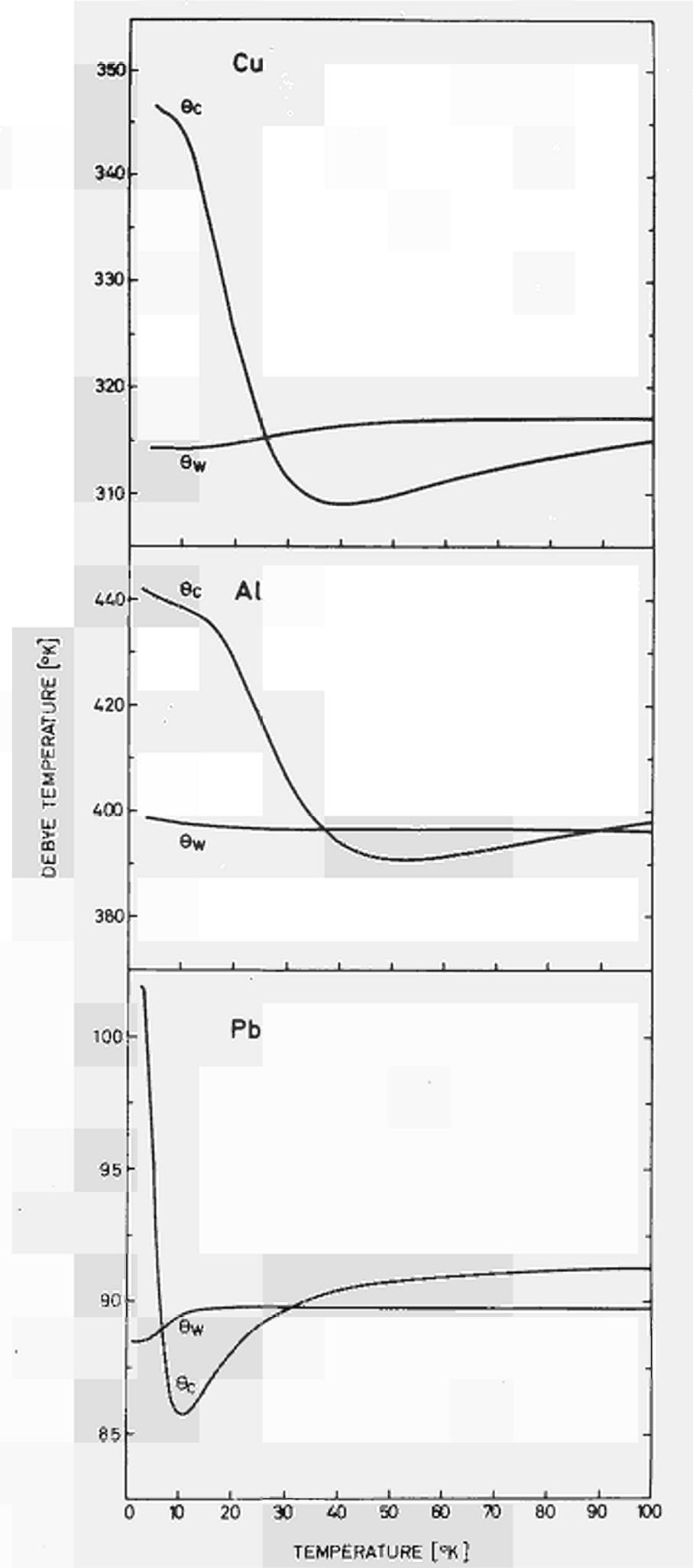


FIG. 35

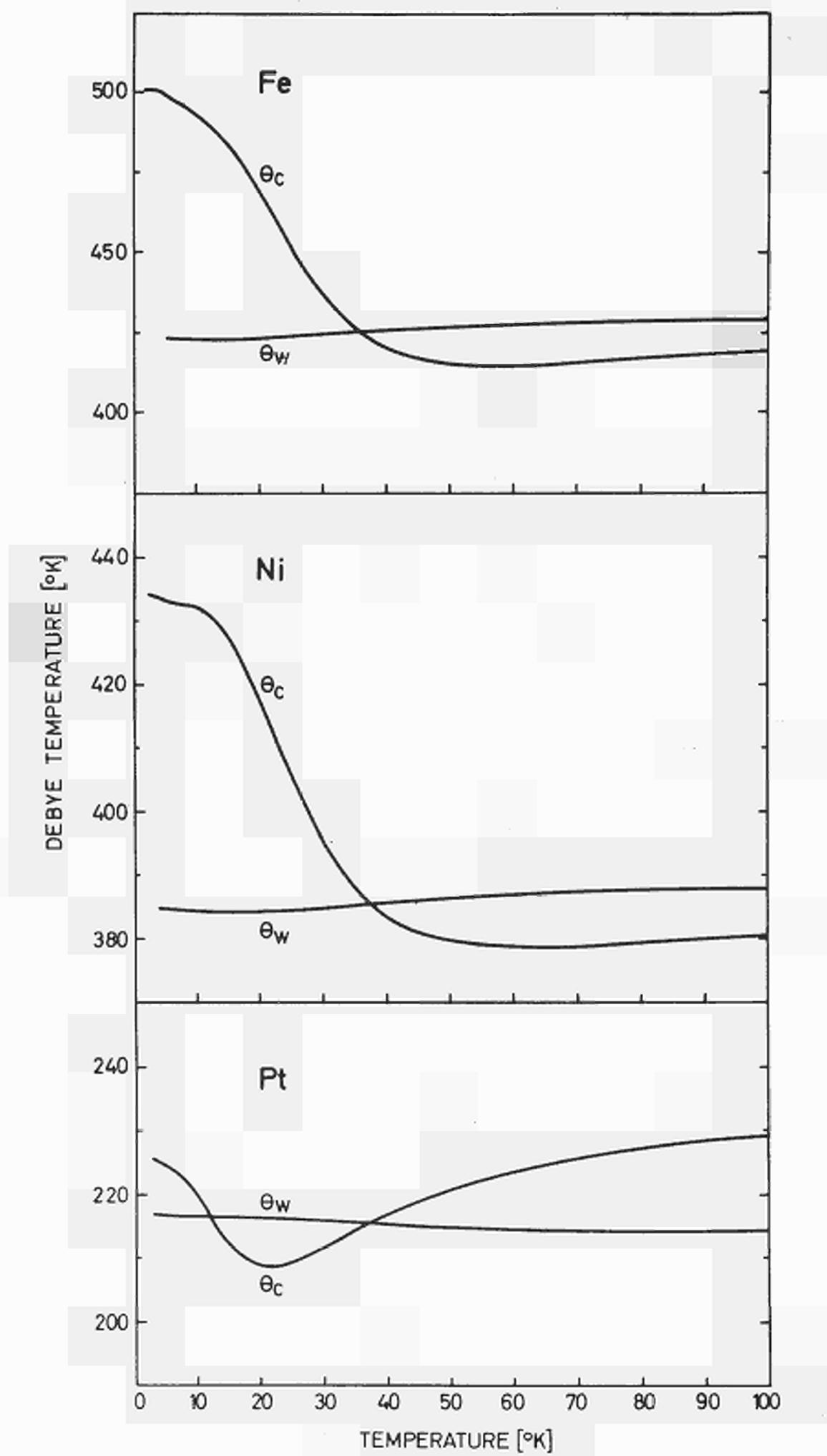


FIG. 36

APPENDIX I - PROGRAM PSAF

卷之三

PROGRAM PSAF (PSEUDO-ATOM FIT)

THE MODEL PARAMETERS OF A PSEUDO-ATOM FORM FACTOR ARE FITTED TO OBSERVED DISPERSION CURVES WHICH ARE FIRST REDUCED BY THE CLOSED SHELL REPULSIVE INTERACTION. THE PARAMETERS ARE DETERMINED USING A NONLINEAR LEAST SQUARES METHOD BASED ON SHARE-PROGRAM G2-DPF-ELIN BY D.W.HARQUARDT. THE PROGRAM IS RESTRICTED TO BCC-AND FCC-STRUCTURES. IT IS WRITTEN IN FORTRAN 4 (361 G).

MODEL FORM FACTOR G(X)=EXP(-(B1*X/2)**2)*(1+B2*T+...+BK*T***(K-1))
 REPULSIVE POTENTIAL=RAMP*EXP(-R/MY)

```

;WAY=1    T=B1*X/2
;WAY=2    T=(B1*X/2)**2
;WAY=3    T=X/2
;WAY=4    T=(X/2)**2

```

\mathbf{q} IS THE PHONON WAVE VECTOR, $B_{11}=B_{22}$ ARE THE PARAMETERS

MAX NO OF PARAMETERS IS K=25
MAX NO OF OBSERVATIONS IS N=150

EXTENSION OF THIS PROGRAM TO MORE THAN 25 PARAMETERS REQUIRES
 CHANGE OF THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS:
 FIRST DIMENSION IN MAIN AND FPCODE, DIMENSION IN GJP,
 IN SUBZ (EXCEPT W), IN MODEL AND LINGLS,
 LABELED COMMONS /ALL/ AND /SULIN/.
 THE EXTENDED PROGRAM USES TAPE 3 INSTEAD OF ASP (SEE
 DEF. OF IBKT) FOR INTERMEDIATE STORAGE OF THE MATRIX
 $A=PTP$. TO SAVE STORAGE SPACE ASP OF MATN MAY THEREFORE
 BE DIMENSIONED AS ASP(1,1) IN THAT CASE.

IBKT=1 MEANS USE UPPER A MATRIX
IBKT=0 MEANS USE TAPER 3

၁၃၄၈

ח' ד'

IINHER = -1 MEANS DO ANY SPECIAL INITIALIZING FOR CASE
IINHER = 0 MEANS START NEW CASE OR END RUN
IINHER = 1 MEANS GET P,S AND E
IINHER GREATER THAN 1 MEANS GET E ONLY

१९८०

0108

טחנין

- 1 -

MODEL DEPENDANT PARTS OF THIS PROGRAM ARE MARKED BY MA
MODEL INDEPENDANT PARTS BY MU.

DIMENSION BS(25),DB(25),BA(25),G(25),H(26),IB(24),SA(25),A(25,26),

```

1ASP(25,25)
      DIMENSION FWS(150),FF(150),ITEXT(5)
      COMMON PI,OP,K,CON4,CLB,P1A,CON1,MHSCON,F(150)
      COMMON/ALL/P(150,25),B(25),RN(25)
      COMMON/MASUPP/IFSS1,IFSS2,NMAY,NEX,CON2,IWHER,N,KZ(150),X(150),IFX
      1IT
      COMMON/MASU/CON3,FQ(150),FQZ(150),RT(150),Y(150),NGVE,CKF,ZEFF,CKC
      1,WEIGHT(7),NWEIT
      C
      DATA ITEXT(1),ITEXT(2),ITEXT(3),ITEXT(4),ITEXT(5)/1H ,1HD,1HP,1HY,
      1HX/
      DATA ITEXT(1),ITEXT(2),ITEXT(3),ITEXT(4),ITEXT(5)/1H ,1HD,1HP,1HY,
      1HX/
      C
      IPRINT=1
      650 IWHER=0
      652 GO TO 4
      653 IWHER=IWHER
      IF (IWHER.GT;0) GO TO 654
      IF (IWHER.EQ;0) GO TO 660
      651 CONTINUE
      C          CASE INITIALIZING
      CALL SUBZ
      IF(IABOUT.EQ.1.OR.IEXIT.EQ.1) GO TO 650
      652 GO TO 652
      654 CONTINUE
      C          GET FUNCTIONS F(I). F(I) IS Y HAT (I).
      C          GET DERIVATIVES P(I,J)=DF(I)/DB(J) ONLY IF IWHER=1 OR IFSS2=2
      C          IFSS2=1 MEANS GET ESTIMATED DERIVATIVES P(I,J).
      C
      CALL FPCODE
      IF(IEXIT.EQ.1) GO TO 650
      660 CALL EXIT
      C          THIS IS THE END OF THE MAIN ROUTINE
      -----
      4 IWHER = IWHER
      C          IF (IWHER.LT.0) GO TO 50
      C          IF (IWHER.EQ.0) GO TO 10
      C          8 GO TO (75,34,606,620), IWHER
      C          READ FIRST CARD OF NEXT CASE
      10 ITCT=0
      11 IBOUT=1
      12 IEXIT=L
      13 READ (5,90) N,K,IP,1,IEP

```

0220
 0230
 0240
 0250
 0260
 0270
 0280
 0340
 0350
 0520
 0530
 0540
 0550
 0560
 0570
 0580
 0590
 0600
 0610
 0620
 0630
 0640
 0650

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0003

0032	IF (I.GT.150.OR.K.GT.25) WRITE (6,944)	
0033	IF (I.GT.150.OR.K.GT.25) GO TO 658	
C	IP NO OF OMITTED PARAMETERS, MAX. 24	
C	I NO OF INDEPENDANT VARIABLES, HAS TO BE 1 IN THIS	
C	APPLICATION	
C	IPP =1 PLOT OF Y-OBS. AND Y-PRED.	
C	=0 NO PLOT, TABULATION OF RESULTS	
0034	IF (N.LE.0)GO TO 20	0660
0035	READ (5,900)IWS1,IWS2,IWS3,IWS4,IWS5,IWS6	0670
C	IWS1 DOES NOT APPLY	
C	IWS2 =0 ANAL., =1 ESTIM. DERIVATIVES	
C	IWS3 =0 ABBREV., =1 DETAIL PRINTOUT	
C	IWS4 =0 NO FORCE OFF, =1 FORCED BRANCH TO CONF.	
C	REGION CALCULATION AFTER I ITERATIONS	
C	IWS5 =0 SENSE SWITCHES NOT INTERROGATED,	
C	=1 SENSE SWITCHES INTERROGATED	
C	IWS6 =0 NONLINEAR CONFIDENCE LIMITS DESIRED,	
C	=1 OMITTED	
0036	IF (IWS5.EQ.0)GO TO 210	0680
0037	PAUSE 5	0690
0038	CALL GSNTCH(1,IFSS1)	0700
0039	210 CONTINUE	0710
0040	WRITE (6,932)	0720
0041	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 211	0730
0042	WRITE (12,932)	0740
0043	211 GO TO 21	0750
C	END OF LAST PROBLEM	0760
0045	20 CONTINUE	0770
0046	IF(K.LE.25) IBKT=1	
0047	IF(K.GT.25) IBKT=2	
0048	IF(IBKT.EQ.2) REWIND 3	
0049	IWHER=0	
0050	GO TO 653	0810
0051	21 IF (IPP.LE.0)GO TO 22	0820
0052	23 CONTINUE	0830
0053	IBCH=ITEXT(1)	
0054	IOCH=ITEXT(2)	
0055	IPCH=ITEXT(3)	
0056	IYCH=ITEXT(4)	
0057	IXCH=ITEXT(5)	
0058	READ (5,930)YMN,SPRD	0890
C	YMN Y-VALUE AT LEFT END OF PLOTTING AREA. NOTE THAT THE	

```

C           Y-AXIS OF THE PLOT IS PARALLEL TO THE LINES OF THE
C           PAGE
C           SPRD      RANGE OF Y-VALUES OF PLOT
0059
0061
0062
0063
0064
0065
0066
0067
0068
0069
0070
0071
0072
0073
0074
0075
0076
0077
0078
0079
0080
0081
0082
0083
0084
0085
0086
0087
0088
0089
0090
0091
0092
0093
C           IB(I)      SUBSCRIPTS OF OMITTED PARAMETERS
0061      DO 26 I=1,IP
0062      IF (IB(I).GT.0) GO TO 26
0063      WRITE (6,926)
0064      IF (IFFS1.NE.1) GO TO 212
0065      WRITE (12,926)
0066      CONTINUE
0067      IBOUT=1
0068      CONTINUE
0069      READ (5,931) FF,T,E,TAU,XL,GAMCR,DEL,ZETA
0070      C          DUB IN INPUT CONSTANTS IF NOT SUPPLIED
0071      C          ( XL IS CHECKED IN FIRST ITERATION )
0072      IF (FF.GT.0.) GOTO 34
0073      FT=4.
0074      IF (E.GT.0.) GOTO 37
0075      E=.00005
0076      IF (TAU.GT.0.) GOTO 39
0077      TAU=.001
0078      IF (T.GT.0.) GOTO 42
0079      K=2.
0080      IF (K.GT.25) GO TO 46
0081      IBKT=1
0082      GO TO 50
0083      IBKT=2
0084      REWIND 3
0085      IF (GAMCR.GT.0.) GOTO 52
0086      GAMCR=.45
0087      IF (DEL.GT.0.) GO TO 55
0088      DEL=.0001
0089      ZETA=.1E-30
0090      XKDB=1.
0091      CONTINUE
0092      READ (5,901)(B(I),I=1,K)
0093      READ (5,902)(KZ(I),X(I),FOZ(I),EF(I),I=1,N)
0094      READ (5,938) NUFIT,HEIGHT(L),L=1,7
C           B(I)      INITIAL GUESSES FOR PARAMETERS
C           KZ(I)     KENNZEICHEN, IN SUBR. FPCO DE DEF.
C           X(I)      PHONON-WAVE-VECTORS K/(2PI/A) (E+8/CM)

```

```

C   FQZ(I)      OBSERVED PHONON-FREQUENCIES (E+12/SEC)
C   EF(I)       EXPERIMENTAL ERRORS (E+12/SEC)
C   !WEIT        =0 MEANS NO WEIGHT
C               =1 MEANS TAKE WEIGHT(L) AS WEIGHT OF L-TH BRANCH,
C               =2 MEANS TAKE 1/FQZ(I)**2 AS WEIGHT OF I-TH POINT
C               OF DC.
C               =3 MEANS TAKE 1/(FQZ(I)*EF(I))**2 AS WEIGHT OF
C               I-TH POINT OF DC.
C               NOTE THAT THE SQUARES OF THE FREQUENCIES ARE TO BE
C               FITTED.
C   WEIGHT(L)    WEIGHT OF L-TH BRANCH OF DISPERSION RELATION (L=1 TO
C               7) IN FORMAT (7E10.3). ARBITRARY FOR NWEIT=0,2 AND 3

```

0094		1290
0095		1300
0096		1310
0097		1320
0098		1330
		1340
0099	58	1350
0100	IF(NWEIT1.EQ.0) WEIT2=1.	1360
0101	IWHER=-1	1370
0102	GO TO 653	1380
0103	59 IBKA=1	1390
	1400
 START THE CALCULATION OF THE PTP MATRIX	1410
0104	58 WRITE (6,907)N,K,IP,M,IFP,GAMCR,DEL,FF,T,E,TAU,XL,ZETA	1420
0105	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 213	1430
0106	WRITE (12,907)N,K,IP,M,IFP,GAMCR,DEL,FF,T,E,TAU,XL,ZETA	1440
0107	213 CONTINUE	1450
0108	60 CONTINUE	1460
0109	DO 62 I=1,K	1470
0110	G(I)=0.	1480
0111	DO 62 J=1,K	1490
0112	62 A(I,J)=0.	1500
0113	GO TO (63,69,69),IBKA	1510
0114	63 IF (IWS5.EQ.0)GO TO 630	1520
0115	CALL SSNTCH(3,IFSS3)	1530
0116	CALL SSNTCH(2,IFSS2)	1540
0117	CALL SSNTCH(1,IFSS1)	1550
0118	GO TO (66,64),IFSS3	1560
0119	630 IFSS3=IWS3	1570
0120	IFSS2=IWS2	1580
0121	GO TO 70	1590
0122	64 IFSS3=0	1600
0123	66 GO TO (70,65), IFSS2	
0124	65 IFSS2=0	
0125	GO TO 70	
	69 IFSS3=1	
	!NGVE=1	
70	WRITE (6,908)(B(J),J=1,K)	
	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 214	
	WRITE (12,908)(B(J),J=1,K)	

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0006

C126	214	CONTINUE	1610
C127		IF (IFSS3.EQ.0) GO TO 73	1620
C128	71	IF (IP.LE.1) GO TO 68	1630
C129	67	WS = YMN+SPRD	1640
C130		WRITE(6,9F6)YMN,WS	1650
C131		IFI(IFSS1.NE.1) GOTO 258	1660
C132		WRITE(12,9F6)YMN,WS	1670
C133	258	CONTINUE	1680
C134		GO TO 73	1690
C135	68	CONTINUE	
C136	73	IF (IFSS2.EQ.0) GO TO 57	1760
C137		GO TO 600	1770
C138	72	IF (IFSS2.EQ.1) GO TO 602	1780
C THIS IS THE FP-ROUTINE WITH ANALYTICAL P S			
C139	57	IWHER=1	1800
C		GET F AND ANALYTICAL P S	
C140		GO TO 653	1820
C141	75	IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 80	1830
C142	76	DO 77 II=1,IP	1840
C143		IWS=IB(II)	1850
C144		DO 77 I=1,N	
C145	77	P(I,IWS)=0.0	
C146		GO TO 80	1870
C.....			
C		THIS IS THE ESTIMATED P S ROUTINE	1880
C147	600	CONTINUE	1890
C148	602	IWHER=3	1900
C149		GO TO 653	1910
C150	606	DO 607 I=1,N	1920
C151	607	TWS(I)=F(I)	
C152		J=1	
C153	608	IF (IP.LE.0) GO TO 618	1960
C154	610	DO 612 II=1,IP	1970
C155		IF ((J-IB(II)).EQ.0) GO TO 621	1980
C156	612	CONTINUE	1990
C157	618	DBW=B(J)*DEL	2000
C158		TWS=B(J)	2010
C159		B(J)=B(J)+DBW	2020
C160		IWHER=4	2030
C161		GO TO 653	2040
C162	620	B(J)=TWS	2050
C163		DO 361 I=1,N	2060
C164	361	P(I,J)=(F(I)-FWS(I))/DBW	2070
C165		GO TO 622	2080

```

0166      621 DO 362 I=1,N
0167      362 P(I,J)=0.0
0168      622 J=J+1
0169      IF ((J-K).LE.0) GO TO 603
0170      624 DO 625 I=1,N
0171      625 F(I)=FWS(I)
C      END OF ESTIMATED P S ROUTINE
C      .....  

C      NOW, USE THE P S TO MAKE MATRIX A=PTP
C
0172      80 CONTINUE
0173      DO 82 I=1,N
0174      DYFW=Y(I)-F(I)
0175      GO TO (89,81,82,990),NWEIT1
0176      81 IKZ=KZ(I)
0177      WEIT=WEIGHT(IKZ)
0178      WEIT2=WEIT*WEIT
0179      GO TO 89
0180      83 YI=Y(I)
0181      WEIT2=1./(YI*YI)
0182      GO TO 89
0183      990 YI=Y(I)
0184      EFI=EF(I)
0185      YE=YI*EFI*EFI
0186      WEIT2=1./(YE*YE)
0187      89 DYFW=DYFW*WEIT2
0188      DO 82 J=1,K
0189      G(J)=G(J)+DYFI*I*P(I,J)
0190      DO 82 L=J,K
0191      A(L,J)=A(L,J)+P(I,L)*P(I,J)*WEIT2
0192      82 A(J,L)=A(L,J)
0193      IF (IFP.LE.0) GO TO 318
0194      C 800 IF (IFSS3.EQ.0) GO TO 314
          PLOTTING Y(I),F(I)
0195      802 DO 844 I=1,N
0196      IO = (Y(I)-YMN)*100./SPRD
0197      IPP = (F(I)-FMN)*100./SPRD
0198      IF (IO.EQ.IPP) GO TO 808
0199      IF (IO.GT. IPP) GO TO 812
          Y(I) OUT FIRST
0200      804 IP1=IOCH
0201      IP2=IPCH
0202      I1=IO
0203      I2=IPP
0204      GO TO 816
C      808 IP1=IYCH      ONLY ONE CHARACTER
0205

```

2100
2110
2150
2160
2230
2240
2250
2260
2270
2280
2290
2300
2310
2320
2330
2340
2350
2360
2370

FORTRAN IV C LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0008

0206	IP2=IBCH	2380
0207	I1=IO	2390
0208	I2=IPP	2400
0209	GO TO 816	2410
0210	C 812 F OUT FIRST	2420
0211	IP1=IPCH	2430
0212	IP2=IOCH	2440
0213	I1=IPP	2450
	I2=IO	2460
0214	C C ZERO PLOTS IN THE LEFT HAND COLUMN, SO I1 IS ITS	2470
0215	OWN BLANK COUNTER	2480
0216	OVERFLOWS PLOT X IN COLUMN 102	2490
0217	UNDERFLOWS ALSO PLOT X IN COLUMN ZERO	2500
0218	816 IF (I2.LE.1(1)GO TO 819	2510
0219	817 I2=1	2520
0220	IP2=IXCH	2530
0221	IF (I1.LT.1(1)GO TO 819	2540
0222	818 I1=1	2550
0223	IP1=IXCH	2560
0224	IP2=IBCH	2570
0225	GO TO 825	2580
0226	819 IF (I1.GE.1)GO TO 825	2590
0227	822 I1=f	2600
0228	IP1=IXCH	2610
0229	IF (I2.GT.1)GO TO 825	2620
0230	823 I2=1	2630
0231	IP2=IBCH	2640
0232	825 I1M1=I1	2650
0233	I1M2=I2-I1-1	2660
0234	IF (I1M1.GT.1)GO TO 832	2670
0235	826 IF (I1M2.GT.1)GO TO 828	2680
0236	WRITE (6,928)IP1,IP2	2690
0237	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 215	2700
0238	WRITE (12,928)IP1,IP2	2710
0239	215 CONTINUE	2720
0240	GO TO 844	2730
0241	828 WRITE (6,928)IP1,(IBCH,II=1,I1M2),IP2	2740
0242	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 216	2750
0243	WRITE (12,928)IP1,(IBCH,II=1,I1M2),IP2	2760
0244	216 CONTINUE	2770
0245	GO TO 844	2780
0246	832 IF (I1M2.GT.1)GO TO 842	2790
0247	836 WRITE (6,928)(IBCH,II=1,I1M1),IP1,IP2	2800
0248	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 217	2810
	WRITE (12,928)(IBCH,II=1,I1M1),IP1,IP2	2820
	217 CONTINUE	2830
	GO TO 844	2840
	840 WRITE (6,928)(IBCH,II=1,I1M1),IP1,(IBCH,II=1,I1M2),IP2	2850

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 60050

17/02/15

PAGE 009

```

1240 IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 218          2860
1251 WRITE(12,220)(IBCH,II=1,I1M1),IP1,'IBCH,II=1,I1M2),IP2 2870
1251 218 CONTINUE
1252 844 CONTINUE
1253 GO TO 314
1254 318 IF(IFSS3.EQ.0) GO TO 314
1255 308 CONTINUE
1256 310 CONTINUE
1257 WRITE(6,943)
1258 IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 376
1259 WRITE(12,943)
1261 376 PHI=F0
1261 ICOUNT=0
1262 NDATA=N
1263 S1=0.0
1264 S2=0.0
1265 CL1=0.0
1266 CL2=0.0
1267 DO 350 L=1,N
1268 YL=Y(L)
1269 FL=F(L)
1270 FQZL=FQZ(L)
1271 RTL=RT(L)
1272 EFL=EFL(L)
1273 EFL2=EFL**2
1274 FQL=FQ(L)
1275 FQTHL=FL+RTL
1276 IF(FQTHL.GE.0.0) GO TO 2100
1277 FQZTHL=-SQRT(ARS(FQTHL))
1278 GO TO 2001
1279 2000 FQZTHL=SQRT(FQTHL)
1280 2001 IF(FQZTHL.LT.1.0E-10.AND.FQZL.LT.1.0E-10) GO TO 2002
1281 IF(FQZL.LT.1.0E-10.AND.FQZTHL.GT.1.0E-10) GO TO 2003
1282 RFTHL=(FQZTHL-FQZL)/FQZL
1283 GO TO 2004
1284 2002 RFTHL=0.0
1285 GO TO 2004
1286 2003 RFTHL=1.0E+10
1287 2004 IF(FQZL.GT.1.0E-10) GO TO 2005
1288 IF(FQZL.LE.1.0E-10.AND.EFL.LE.1.0E-10) GO TO 2006
1289 IF(FQZL.LE.1.0E-10.AND.EFL.GT.1.0E-10) GO TO 2007
1290 2005 RFEXL=EFL/FQZL
1291 GO TO 2008
1292 2006 RFEXL=0.0
1293 GO TO 2008
1294 2007 RFEXL=1.0E+10
1295 2008 NS=FL-YL
1296 NSP=NS/YL

```

```

C297      GO TO (355,353,354,991),NWEIT1
C298      353 IKZ=KZ(L)
C299      WS=WS*WEIGHT(IKZ)
C300      GO TO 355
C301      354 WS=WSR
C302      GO TO 355
C303      991 WS=WSR/EFL2
C304      355 PHI=PHI+WS*WS
C305      WRITE (6,925) KZ(L),X(L),FQZTHL,FQZL,RTL,FL,YL,NSR,EFL,RFEXL,RFTHL
C306      IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 220
C307      WRITE (12,925) KZ(L),X(L),FQZTHL,FQZL,RTL,FL,YL,NSR,EFL,RFEXL,RFTHL
C308      11 CONTINUE
C309      IF(KZ(L).NE.KZ(L+1))WRITE (6,927)
C310      IF(KZ(L).NE.KZ(L+1).AND.IFSS1.EQ.1)WRITE (12,937)
C311      IF(EFL.EQ.0.0)NCOUNT=1COUNT+1
C312      IF(EFL.EQ.0.0) GO TO 350
C313      S1=S1+(FQZHL-FQL)/EFL2**2
C314      S2=S2+(FQL/EFL2)**2
C315      SL1=SL1+(FQZTHL-FQZL)**2/EFL2
C316      SL2=SL2+FQL/EFL2
C317      350 CONTINUE
C318      CNDATA=NDATA-NCOUNT
C319      S1=S1-CNDATA
C320      SL1=SL1-CNDATA
C321      IF(SL1.GE.0.0)GO TO 4000
C322      RMSDL=-SQRT(ABS(SL1)/SL2)
C323      GO TO 4001
C324      RMSDL=SQRT(SL1/SL2)
C325      4001 IF(S1.GE.0.1)GO TO 4002
C326      RMSD=-SQRT(ABS(S1)/S2)
C327      GO TO 4003
C328      4002 RMSD=SQRT(S1/S2)
C329      4003 CIR=S1/CNDATA
C330      WRITE (6,940) RMSD,RMSDL,CIR
C331      IF(IFSS1.EQ.1)WRITE (12,940) RMSD,RMSDL,CIR
C332      IF(NCVE.EQ.0) GO TO 352
C
C COMPUTE MODEL-FUNCTION G(K) AND V(K) AND E(K) / MA
C
C333      WRITE (6,942)
C334      IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 375
C335      WRITE (12,942)
C336      375 CL=P(1)
C337      CKF2=2.0*CKF
C338      CKC2=CKC**2
C339      AEX=CKF*CL
C340      IF(NWAY.GT.2)AF=CKF

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 60059

17/02/15

PAGE 0011

```

C241 IF(NWAY.LE.2)AΓ=AEX
C242 DELA=0.1
C243 ARK=0.1
C244 DO 360 L=1,51
C245 ARGEX2=(AEX*ARK)**2
C246 ARGP=(AΓ*ARK)**NFX
C247 GS=0.1
C248 IF(K.LT.2) GO TO 365
C249 K2=K+2
C250 DO 369 I=2,K
C251 J=K2-I
C252 360 GS=(SS+B(J))*ARGR
C253 OK=EXP(-ARGEX2)*(1.0+SS)
C254 DEN=(ARK*CKF2)**2+FDC(ARK)*CKC2
C255 VK=CDND*GK/DEN
C256 EK=ZEFF*VK*GK
C257 VK=-VK
C258 ARKA=ARK/CDN2
C259 WRITE(6,941) ARK,ARKA,GK,VK,EK
C260 IF(IESS1.NE.1) GO TO 361
C261 WRITE(12,941) ARK,ARKA,GK,VK,EK
C262 360 ARK=ARK+DELA
C263 GO TO 352
C264 314 PHI=0.0
C265 DO 351 L=1,N
C266 HS=F(L)-Y(L)
C267 GO TO (351,356,357,992),NMEIT1
C268 356 IKZ=KZ(L)
C269 HS=HS*WEIGHT(IKZ)
C270 GO TO 351
C271 357 HS=HS/Y(L)
C272 GO TO 351
C273 992 EFL=EΓ(L)
C274 HS=WG/(Y(L)*EFL*FFL)
C275 351 PHI=PHI+HS*HS
C276 352 CONTINUE
C277 34 IF(IP.LE.1)GO TO 88
C278 85 DO 87 JJ=1,IP
C279     IWS=IB(JJ)
C280     DO 86 II=1,K
C281     A(IWS,II)=0.
C282     86 A(II,IWS)=0.
C283     87 A(IWS,IWS)=1.
C284     88 GO TO (90,74,706),IBKA
C285     C 90 DO 92 I=1,K
C286     92 SA(I)=SQRT(A(I,I))
C287     DO 106 I=1,K

```

3060
3070
3080
3090
3100
3110
3120
3130
3140
3150
3160
3170

SAVE SQUARE ROOTS OF DIAGONAL ELEMENTS

```

388      DO 105 J=1,K          2180
389      US = SA(I)*SA(J)      2190
390      IF(US.GT.1.) GOTO 98  2200
391      96 A(I,J)=F.          2210
392      GO TO 105             2220
393      98 A(I,J)=A(I,J)/US  2230
394      100 CONTINUE           2240
395      IF(SA(I).GT.0.) GOTO 104 2250
396      102 G(I)=F.           2260
397      GO TO 106             2270
398      104 G(I)=G(I)/SA(I)  2280
399      106 CONTINUE           2290
400      DO 110 I=1,K          2300
401      110 A(I,I)=F.         2310
402      PHIZ=PHI              2320
C          WE NOW HAVE PHI ZERO
403      GO TO (1132,1130),IBKT 2330
404      1130 WRITE(3)A          2340
405      REWIND 3                2350
406      GO TO 1134             2360
407      1132 DO 1133 L2=1,K    2370
408      1133 DO 1133 J2=1,K
409      1133 ASP(L2,J2)=A(L2,J2)
C          ***** FIRST ITERATION *****
410      1134 CONTINUE           2420
411      IF (ITCT.GT.0.) GO TO 163 2430
412      C          ***** FIRST ITERATION *****
413      150 IF(XL.GT.0.) GOTO 154 2440
414      152 XL=F.1              2450
415      154 ITCT=1              2460
416      156 DO 161 J=1,K        2470
417      161 DS(J)=B(J)          2480
C          DS(J) CORRESPONDS TO PHIZ
418      162 IPK1=1              2490
419      US=N-K+IP              2500
420      SF=SQRT(PHIZ/US)        2510
421      IF (IFSS2.GT.0.) GO TO 165 2520
422      162 IF (IFSS2.EQ.0.) GO TO 168 2530
423      167 WRITE(6,911)PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL,NHSQN 2540
424      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 321 2550
425      168 WRITE(12,911)PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL,NHSQN 2560
426      CCNTINUE               2570
427      GO TO 169               2580
428      168 WRITE(6,912)PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL,NHSQN 2590
429      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 322 2600
430      169 WRITE(12,912)PHIZ,SE,XLL,GAMMA,XL,NHSQN 2610
431      CCNTINUE               2620
432      GO TO 169               2630

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0013

432	165	IF (IFSS2.EQ.0) GO TO 1661	3670
433	166	WRITE (6,923)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHS CON	3680
434		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 323	3690
435		WRITE (12,923)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHS CON	3700
436	223	CONTINUE	3710
437		GO TO 30	3720
438	1661	WRITE (6,919)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHS CON	3730
439		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 324	3740
440		WRITE (12,919)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHS CON	3750
441	224	CONTINUE	3760
442	169	GO TO 200	3770
443	164	PHIL=PHI	3780
C		WE NOW HAVE PHI LAMBDA	3790
444		DO 170 J=1,K	3800
445		IF (ABS(DB(J))/(ABS(B(J)) + TAU)).GE.E) GOTO 172	3810
446	170	CONTINUE	3820
447		WRITE (6,923)	3830
448		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 225	3840
449		WRITE (12,923)	3850
450	225	CONTINUE	3860
451		GO TO 700	3870
452	172	IF (IWS5.EQ.0) GO TO 1720	3880
453		CALL SSITCH(4,IFSS4)	3890
454		GO TO (171,173),IFSS4	3900
455	1720	IF (IWS4.EQ.0) GO TO 173	3910
456		IF (IWS4.EQ.1) GO TO 171	3920
457		IWS4=IWS4-1	3930
458		GO TO 173	3940
459	171	WRITE (6,924)	3950
460		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 226	3960
461		WRITE (12,924)	3970
462	226	CONTINUE	3980
463		GO TO 700	3990
464	173	XKDB = 1.	4000
465		IF (PHIL.GT.PHIZ) GO TO 100	4010
466	174	XLS=XL	4020
467		DO 176 J=1,K	4030
468		BA(J)=B(J)	4040
469	176	B(J)=BS(J)	4050
470		IF (XL.GT..00000001) GO TO 175	4060
471	1175	DO 1176 J=1,K	4070
472		B(J)=BA(J)	4080
473	1176	BS(J)=B(J)	4090
474		GO TO 60	4091
475	175	XL=XL/10.	4100
476		IDBK1=2	4110
477		GO TO 200	4120
478	177	PHL4=PHI	4130

```

C          WE NOW HAVE PHI(LAMBDA/1L)          4140
479      IF (PHI4.GT.PHI2) GOTO 134           4150
480      182 DO 183 J=1,K                      4160
481      183 BS(J)=B(J)                         4170
482      GO TO 60                                4180
483      184 XL=XLS                            4190
484      DO 186 J=1,K                          4200
485      BS(J)=BA(J)                           4210
486      186 B(J)=BA(J)                         4220
487      GO TO 60                                4230
488      190 IBK1=4                            4240
489      XLS=XL                               4250
490      XL=XL/1L.                            4260
491      DO 185 J=1,K                          4270
492      B(J)=BS(J)                           4280
493      GO TO 200                                4290
494      187 IF (PHI.LE.PHI2) GO TO 196        4300
495      191 XL=XLS                            4310
496      IBK1=3                                4320
497      192 XL=XL*1L.                         4330
498      DO 193 J=1,K                          4340
499      193 B(J)=BS(J)                         4350
500      GO TO 200                                4360
501      194 PHIT4=PHI                           4370
C          WE NOW HAVE PHI(1P*LAMBDA)          4380
502      180 IF (PHIT4.GT.PHI2) GO TO 198       4390
503      196 DO 197 J=1,K                      4400
504      197 BS(J)=B(J)                         4410
505      GO TO 60                                4420
506      198 IF (GAMMA.GE.GAMCR) GO TO 192       4430
507      199 XKDB = XKDB/2.                      4440
508      DO 1199 J=1,K                          4450
509      IF (ABS(BR(J))/(ABS(B(J))+TAU)).GE.E GO TO 195       4460
510      1199 CONTINUE                           4470
511      DO 1200 J=1,K                          4480
512      1200 B(J)=BS(J)                         4490
513      WRITE (6,934)                           4500
514      IF (IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 227             4510
515      WRITE (12,934)                           4520
516      227 CONTINUE                           4530
517      GO TO 700                                4540
C          .....SET UP FOR MATRIX INVERSION..... 4550
518      200 GO TO (1102,1100),IBKT              4560
519      1100 READ (3)A                           4570
520      REWIND 3                                4580
521      GO TO 1104                                4590

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69050

17/02/15

PAGE 0015

```

0522      1102 DO 1103 LZ=1,K          4660
0523      DO 1103 JZ=1,K          4670
0524      1103 A(LZ,JZ)=ASP(LZ,JZ) 4680
0525      1104 DO 2102 I=1,K          4690
0526      2102 A(I,I)=A(I,I)+XL 4700
0527      C           GET INVERSE OF A AND SOLVE FOR DB(IJIS) 4710
C           IBKM=1          4720
C           ..... THIS IS THE MATRIX INVERSION ROUTINE 4730
C           K IS THE SIZE OF THE MATRIX 4740
0528      404 CALL GJR(A,K,ZETA,MSING) 4750
0529      GO TO (415,620), MSING 4760
0530      415 GO TO (416,710), IBKM 4770
C           END OF MATRIX INVERSION, SOLVE FOR DB(J) 4780
0531      416 DO 420 I=1,K          4790
0532      DB(I)=0.          4800
0533      DO 421 J=1,K          4810
0534      421 DB(I)=A(I,J)*G(J)+DB(I) 4820
0535      420 DB(I)=XKDB*DB(I)          4830
0536      XLL=0.          4840
0537      DTG = 0.          4850
0538      GTG = 0.          4860
0539      DO 250 J=1,K          4870
0540      DB(J)=DB(J)/SA(J)          4880
0541      DTG = DTG + DB(J)*G(J)          4890
0542      CTG = CTG + G(J)**2          4900
0543      B(J)=B(J)+DB(J)          4910
0544      250 XLL=XLL+DB(J)*DB(J)          4920
0545      KIP=K-IP          4930
0546      IF (KIP.EQ.1) GO TO 1257 4940
0547      CGAM=DTG/SQRT(XLL*CTG) 4950
0548      JGAM = 1          4960
0549      IF(CGAM.GT..0) GOTO 253 4970
0550      CGAM = ABS(CGAM)          4980
0551      JCAM = 2          4990
0552      253 GAMMA = 57.2957795*(1.5707288+CGAM*(-0.2121144+CGAM*(0.074261
1-CGAM*(187293)))*SQRT(1.-CGAM) 5000
0553      GO TO (257,255), JGAM 5010
0554      255 GAMMA = 180.-GAMMA 5020
0555      IF (XL.LT.1.0) GO TO 257 5030
0556      1255 WRITE(6,922)XL,GAMMA 5040
0557      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 228 5050
0558      226 CONTINUE 5060
0559      GO TO 700 5070
0560      1257 GAMMA=0. 5080
0561      257 XLL=SQRT(XLL) 5090
0562      IBK2=1 5100
0563

```

```

0564      GO TO 300
0565      252 IF (IFSS3.EQ.0) GO TO 256
0566      254 WRITE (6,914)(DB(J),J=1,K)
0567          IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 229
0568          WRITE (12,914)(DB(J),J=1,K)
0569      229 CONTINUE
0570          WRITE (6,915) PHI,XL,GAMMA,XLL,NHSCON
0571          IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 230
0572          WRITE (12,915) PHI,XL,GAMMA,XLL,NHSCON
0573      230 CONTINUE
0574      256 GO TO (164,177,194,187),IBK1

C      .....CALCULATE PHI.....
0575      300 PHI=0.
0576          IWHIER=2
0577          IF (IHS5.EQ.0) GO TO 653
0578          CALL SSWITCH(5,NONISK)
0579          IF(NONISK.EQ.1) GOTO 650
0580      302 GO TO 653
0581      304 DO 370 I=1,N
0582          WS=Y(I)-F(I)
0583          GO TO (370,358,359,993),NWEIT1
0584      358 IKZ=KZ(I)
0585          WS=WS*WEIGHT(IKZ)
0586          GO TO 370
0587      359 WS=WS/Y(I)
0588          GO TO 370
0589      993 EFI=EF(I)
0590          WS=WS/(Y(I)*EFI*EFI)
0591          370 PHI=PHI+WS*WS
0592      316 GO TO (252,780,714,762,766,772),IBK2

C      .....THIS IS THE CONFIDENCE LIMIT CALCULATION.....
0593      700 DO 702 J=1,K
0594      702 B(J)=BS(J)
0595          WRITE (6,933) N,K,IP,M,FF,T,E,TAU
0596          IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 231
0597          WRITE (12,933) N,K,IP,M,FF,T,E,TAU
0598      231 CONTINUE
0599          IBKA=2

C      THIS WILL PRINT THE Y,YHAT,DELTA Y
0600      GO TO 60
0601      704 IF (IEP.LE.0) GO TO 706
0602      705 IBKA=3
0603          IEP=0

```

FORTRAN IV C LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69259

17/02/15

PAGE 0017

```

604      GO TO 60
605      JS=N-K+IP
606      SE=SORT(PHI/NS)
607      PHIZ=PHI
608      IF (IFSS2.EQ.0) GO TO 702
609      WRITE(6,913)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHSCON
610      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 323
611      WRITE(12,913)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHSCON
612      CONTINUE
613      GO TO 708
614      WRITE(6,910)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHSCON
615      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 323
616      WRITE(12,910)PHIZ,SE,XL,NHSCON
617      CONTINUE
C      NOW WE HAVE MATRIX A
618      GO TO (1122,1120),IBKT
619      1120  WRITE(3)A
620      REWIND 3
621      GO TO 1124
622      1122  DC 1123 LT=1,K
623      DO 1123 JT=1,K
624      ASP(LT,JT)=A(LT,JT)
625      IBKU=2
626      GO TO 404
C      NOW WE HAVE C = A INVERSE
627      710  DO 711 J=1,K
628      IF(A(J,J).LT.0) GO TO 713
629      SA(J)=SORT(A(J,J))
630      GO TO 715
631      IBOUT=1
632      KST=-4
633      WRITE(6,216)
634      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 234
635      WRITE(12,916)
636      234  KST=KST+5
637      KEND=KST+4
638      IF(KEND.LT.K) GO TO 719
639      KEND=K
640      719  DO 712 I=1,K
641      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 235
642      WRITE(12,918)I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)
643      CONTINUE
644      712  WRITE(6,918)I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)
645      IF(KEND.LT.K) GO TO 234
646      IF(IBCUT.EQ.0) GO TO 717
647      WRITE(6,936)
648      IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 650

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0018

640	WRITE (12,936)	6010
650	GO TO 650	6020
651	717 DO 718 I=1,K	6030
652	DO 718 J=1,K	6040
653	WS=SA(I)*SA(J)	6050
654	IF(WS.GT. 0.) GOTO 716	6060
655	714 A(I,J)=0.	6070
656	GO TO 718	6080
657	716 A(I,J)=A(I,J)/WS	6090
658	718 CONTINUE	6100
659	DO 720 J=1,K	6110
660	720 A(J,J)=1.	6120
661	WRITE (6,917)	6130
662	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 236	6140
663	WRITE (12,917)	6150
664	236 CONTINUE	6160
665	KST=-9	6170
666	721 KST=KST+10	6180
667	KEND=KST+9	6190
668	IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 722	6200
669	KEND=K	6210
670	722 DO 724 I=1,K	6220
671	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 237	6230
672	WRITE (12,935)I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)	6240
673	237 CONTINUE	6250
674	724 WRITE (6,935)I,(A(I,J),J=KST,KEND)	6260
675	IF (KEND.LT.K) GO TO 721	6270
C	GET T*SE*SQRT(C(I,I))	6280
676	DO 726 J=1,K	6290
677	SA(J)= SE*SA(J)	6300
678	GO TO (1112,1110),IBKT	6310
679	1110 READ (3)A	6320
680	REWIND 3	6330
681	GO TO 1114	6340
682	1112 DO 1113 LZ=1,K	6350
683	DO 1113 JZ=1,K	6360
684	1113 A(LZ,JZ)=ASP(LZ,JZ)	6370
685	1114 CONTINUE	6380
686	740 WRITE (6,919)	6390
687	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 238	6400
688	WRITE (12,919)	6410
689	238 CONTINUE	6420
690	WS=K-IP	6430
691	DO 750 J=1,K	6440
692	IF (IP.LE.1)GO TO 743	6450
693	DO 742 I=1,IP	6460
694	IF (J.EQ.IB(I))GO TO 746	6470
695	742 CONTINUE	6480

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0019

0696			6500
0697			6510
0698			6520
0699			6530
0700			6540
0701			6550
0702			6560
0703			6570
0704			6580
0705			6590
0706			6600
0707			6610
0708			6620
0709			6630
0710			6640
0711			6650
239	HJTD=SQRT(WS*FF)*SA(J)		6660
	STE=SA(J)		
	OPL=BS(J)-SA(J)*T		
	OPU=BS(J)+SA(J)*T		
	SPL=BS(J)-HJTD		
	SPU=BS(J)+HJTD		
	WRITE (6,927) J,STE,OPL,OPU,SPL,SPU		
	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 239		
	WRITE (12,927) J,STE,OPL,OPU,SPL,SPU		
	CONTINUE		
	GO TO 750		
746	WRITE (6,913) J		6670
	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 240		
	WRITE (12,913) J		
240	CONTINUE		6680
750	CONTINUE		6690
C	NONLINEAR CONFIDENCE LIMIT		6700
0712	IF (IWS6.EQ.1) GO TO 650		6710
0713	WS=K-IP		6720
0714	WS1=N-K+IP		6730
0715	PKN=WS/WS1		6740
0716	PC=PHIZ*(1.+FF*PKN)		6750
0717	WRITE (6,920) PC		6760
0718	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 241		6770
0719	WRITE (12,920) PC		6780
0720	CONTINUE		6790
0721	WRITE (6,921)		6800
0722	IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 242		
0723	WRITE (12,921)		
0724	CONTINUE		
0725	IFSS3=1		
0726	J=1		
0727	IBKP=1		6820
0728	DO 752 JJ=1,K		6830
0729	B(JJ)=BS(JJ)		6840
0730	IF (IP.LE.0)GO TO 758		6850
0731	DO 756 JJ=1,IP		6860
0732	IF (J.EQ.IB(JJ))GO TO 787		6870
0733	CONTINUE		6880
0734	758 DD=-1.		6890
0735	IBKN=i		6900
0736	760 D=DD		6910
0737	B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)		6920
0738	IBK2=4		6930
0739	GO TO 300		6940
0740	762 PHI1=PHI		6950
0741	IF (PHI1.GE.PC)GO TO 770		6960
0742	764 D=D+DD		6970

0743	IF (D/DD.GE.5.) GO TO 788	6980
0744	765 B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)	6990
0745	IBK2=5	7000
0746	GO TO 300	7010
0747	766 PHID=PHI	7020
0748	IF (PHID.LT.PC) GO TO 764	7030
0749	IF (PHID.GE.PC) GO TO 778	7040
0750	770 D=D/2.	7050
0751	IF (D/DD.LE..001) GO TO 788	7060
0752	771 B(J)=BS(J)+D*SA(J)	7070
0753	IBK2=6	7080
0754	GO TO 300	7090
0755	772 PHID=PHI	7100
0756	IF (PHID.GT.PC) GO TO 770	7110
0757	778 XK1=PHIZ/D+PHI1/(1.-D)+PHID/(D*(D-1.))	7120
0758	XK2=-(PHIZ*(1.+D)/D+D/(1.-D)*PHI1+PHID/(D*(D-1.)))	7130
0759	XK3=PHIZ-PC	7140
0760	BC = (SQR(XK2*XK2-4.*XK1*XK3)-XK2)/(2.*XK1)	7150
0761	GO TO (779,784), IBKN	7160
0762	779 B(J)=BS(J)-SA(J)*BC	7170
0763	GO TO 781	7180
0764	784 B(J)=BS(J)+SA(J)*BC	7190
0765	781 IBK2=2	7200
0766	GO TO 300	7210
0767	780 GO TO (782,786), IBKN	7220
0768	782 IBKN=2	7230
0769	DD=1	7240
0770	BL=B(J)	7250
0771	PL=PHI	7260
0772	GO TO 760	7270
0773	786 BU=B(J)	7280
0774	PU=PHI	7290
0775	GO TO (783,795,785,789), IBKP	7300
0776	783 WRITE (6,918) J, BL, PL, BU, PU	7310
0777	IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 243	7320
0778	WRITE (12,918) J, BL, PL, BU, PU	7330
0779	243 CONTINUE	7340
0780	GO TO 790	7350
0781	795 WRITE (6,915) J, BU, PU	7360
0782	IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 244	7270
0783	WRITE (12,915) J, BU, PU	7380
0784	244 CONTINUE	7390
0785	GO TO 790	7400
0786	785 WRITE (6,918) J, BL, PL	7410
0787	IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 245	7420
0788	WRITE (12,918) J, BL, PL	7430
0789	245 CONTINUE	7440
0790	GO TO 790	7450

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0021

0791	787	WRITE (6,913)J	7460
0792		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 246	7470
0793		WRITE (12,913)J	7480
0794	246	CONTINUE	7490
0795		GO TO 790	7500
0796	789	WRITE (6,914)J	7510
0797		IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 247	7520
0798		WRITE (12,914)J	7530
0799	247	CONTINUE	7540
C800		GO TO 790	7550
0801	788	GO TO (791,792),IBKN DELETE LOWER PRINT	7560
C802	791	IBKP=2	7570
0803		GO TO 780	7580
C804	792	GO TO (793,794),IBKP DELETE UPPER PRINT	7590
0805	793	IBKP=3	7600
0806		GO TO 780	7610
C	794	LOWER IS ALREADY DELETED, SO DELETE BOTH	7620
0807		IBKP=4	7630
0808		GO TO 780	7640
0809	790	J=J+1	7650
C810		IF(J.LE.K)GO TO 9790	7660
0811		GO TO 10	7670
C	900	*****	7680
0812	901	FORMAT (25I3)	7690
0813	902	FORMAT (6E12.5)	7700
0814	903	FORMAT (I6,3E12.5)	7710
C815	9031	FORMAT (/13X,4H PHI 14X,4H S E 9X,7H LAMBDA 6X, 25H ESTIMATED PARTIALS USED //5X,2E18.8, E13.3,4X,16HCONVERGENT 2 WITH I2,9H H-SHELLS)	7720
0816	904	FORMAT (/12H INCREMENTS 5E18.8/(12X,5E18.8))	7730
0817	905	FORMAT (13X,4H PHI 10X,7H LAMBDA 6X,7H GAMMA 6X, 7H LENGTH / 5X, E18.8, 3E13.3,4X,16HCONVERGENT WITH I2,9H H-SHELLS)	7740
0818	9051	FORMAT (1X,1E9.2,8E6,1E9.2 /1X,1H+ 99X,1H+)	7750
0819	906	FORMAT (5H1N = I3,5X,5H K = I3,5X,5H P = I3,5X,5H M = I3,5X, 7H IFP = I3,5X,13HGAAMMA CRIT = E10.3,5X,6HDEL = E10.3/6H FF =	7760
0820	907	E10.3,5X,5H T = E10.3,5X,5H E = E10.3,5X,7H TAU = E10.3,5X,6H XL =	7770
0821	9071	E10.3,4X,7H ZETA = E10.3 /)	7780
908	FORMAT (/12H PARAMETERS 5E18.8/(12X,5E18.8))	7790	
909	FORMAT (/13X,4H PHI 14X,4H S E 9X,7H LAMBDA 6X,	7800	
0822	9091	25H ANALYTIC PARTIALS USED //5X, 2E18.8, E13.3,4X,16HCONVERGENT 2 WITH I2,9H H-SHELLS)	7810
0823	910	FORMAT (1H /5X,2X,4H OBS 13X,5H PRED 13X,5H DIFF)	7820
911	FORMAT (/13X,4H PHI 14X,4H S E 11X,7H LENGTH 6X, 7H GAMMA 6X,	7830	
9111	9111	25H ESTIMATED PARTIALS USED //5X, 2E18.8, 3E13.3,4X, 216HCONVERGENT WITH I2,9H H-SHELLS)	7840
0824	912	FORMAT (/13X,4H PHI 14X,4H S E 11X,7H LENGTH 6X, 7H GAMMA 6X,	7850

	9121	7H LAMBDA 6X, 24H ANALYTIC PARTIALS USED /5X, 2E18.8, 3E13.3,4X,1 26H CONVERGENT WITH I2,9H H-SHELLS)	
0825	913	FORMAT(2X,I3,2CH PARMETER NOT USED)	7910
0826	914	FORMAT(2X,I3,12H NONE FOUND)	7920
0827	915	FORMAT(2X,I3,36X,2E18.3)	7930
0828	916	FORMAT(1H /13H PTP INVERSE)	7940
0829	917	FORMAT(1H /30H PARAMETER CORRELATION MATRIX)	7950
0830	918	FORMAT(2X,I3,5E18.8)	7960
0831	919	FORMAT(1H /1H / 13X,4H STD 17X, 16H ONE - PARAMETER 21X,	7970
	9191	14H SUPPORT PLANE / 3X, 2H B 7X,6H ERROR 12X, 6H LOWER 12X,	7980
	9192	6H UPPER 12X, 6H LOWER 12X, 6H UPPER)	7990
0832	920	FORMAT(1H /1H /30H NONLINEAR CONFIDENCE LIMITS //	8000
	9201	16H PHI CRITICAL = E15.8)	8010
0833	921	FORMAT(1H / 6H PARA 6X,8H LOWER B 8X,10H LOWER PHI 10X,8H UPPER B	8020
	9211	8X,10H UPPER PHI)	8030
0834	922	FORMAT(18H GAMMA LAMBDA TEST,5X,2E13.3)	8040
0835	923	FORMAT(14H EPSILON TEST)	8050
0836	924	FORMAT(1H FORCE OFF)	8060
0837	925	FORMAT (I3,E12.3,5E13.4,4E12.3)	
0838	926	FORMAT (4CH BAD DATA, SUBSCRIPTS FOR UNUSED BS = 0 // /)	8080
0839	927	FORMAT(2X,I3,5E18.8)	8090
0840	928	FORMAT(1H , 110A1)	8100
0841	929	FORMAT(1CA1)	8110
0842	930	FORMAT (7F10.0)	8120
0843	931	FORMAT (8F10.0)	8130
0844	932	FORMAT(1H)	8140
0845	933	FORMAT(5H1N = I3,5X,5H K = I3,5X,5H P = I3,5X,5H M = I3,5X,	8150
	9331	6H FF = E10.3,5X,5H T = E10.3,	8160
0846	9332	5X,5H E = E10.3,5X,7H TAU = E10.3 /)	8170
0847	934	FORMAT (19H GAMMA EPSILON TEST)	8180
0848	935	FORMAT (3X,I5,2X,10E10.4)	8190
0849	936	FORMAT (27H0 NEGATIVE DIAGONAL ELEMENT)	8200
0850	937	FORMAT (/)	
0851	938	FORMAT (I2,7E10.3)	
0852	940	FORMAT (6HRI1SD=E12.5,6X,6HRMSDL=E12.5,6X,5HI.R.=E12.5)	
0853	941	FORMAT (5E16.5)	
0854	942	FORMAT (/19HADJUSTED FUNCTIONS//5X,10HX=K/(2*KF),5X,12HX=K/(2*PI/ 1A),8X,4HG(X),9X,10HV(X) IN EV,6X,10HE(X) IN EV//)	
	943	FORMAT (/15HCK2, K/(2*PI/A),4X,7HTH.FQZ.,6X,8HEXP.FQZ.,6X,6HR-TER 1M,4X,36HE-TERM/PPED. E-TERM/OBS. REL.DIFF.,4X,32HEXP.F. REL.E 2XP.F. REL.TH.F.//)	
0855	944	FORMAT (//79HMORE THAN 15? DATA POINTS OR MORE THAN 25 PARAMETERS 1. COMPUTATION INTERRUPTED.)	
0856		END	8210

```

0001      SUBROUTINE SUBZ
C
C   EINMALIGE VORBEREITUNGEN. BERECHNUNG VON NAEH.WERTEN FUER DIE
C   PARAMETER B(J), WENN NAPROX=1. REDUZIERUNG DER DISP.KURVEN DURCH
C   DIE R-TERME.
C
0002      DIMENSION XA(25),YA(25),W(18)
0003      COMMON PI,QP,KP,CON4,CLB,PIA,CON1,NHSCON,F(150)
0004      COMMON/ALL/P(150,25),B(25),BN(25)
0005      COMMON/SUFP/NBF,KNS(2,61),MAXM(2,61),IK1,IK2,KV1(4),KV2(4),PROZ,NH
0006      1EAUS,NSH
0007      COMMON/MASUFP/IFSS1,IFSS2,NWAY,NEX,CON2,IWHER,N,KZ(150),XI(150),IE
0008      IXIT
0009      1C,WEIGHT(7),WEIT
0010      COMMON/SUF/IFT,CORREX,QKCKF2
0011      COMMON/SULIN/CM(25,25),CS(25)
0012
0013      C
0014      NSTEP=(L-1)/2
0015      KNS(1,L)=2*L+NSTEP
0016      KNS(1,L+1)=2*L+NSTEP
0017      KP1=KP-1
0018
0019      C EINLESEN DER DATEN ( MA )
0020
0021      READ (5,3001) (W(I),I=1,18)
0022      READ (5,1000) CMASS,CLATT,CORRF,SCREEN,ZEFF,ETHA
0023      READ (5,1001) NBF,IFT,NWAY,NAPROX,NSR,NHRAUS,NHEAUS,NGVE,NSH
0024      READ (5,1000) CMY,PAMP,PROZ
0025      IF(NAPROX.EQ.0)GO TO 797
0026      READ (5,1000) (XA(L),YA(L),L=1,KP1)
0027      CONTINUE
0028
0029      C
0030      C(I)          UEBERSCHRIFT
0031      CMASS         IONEN-MASSE IN E-24G
0032      CLATT         GITTER-KONSTANTE IN E-8CM
0033      CORRF         =1.0 FREE ELECTRON APPROXIMATION
0034      SCREEN        =1.0 THOMAS-FERMI-SCREENING
0035      =0.18806 PINES-SCREENING
0036      SCREEN.PARM. CKC**2=CKF*(4/PI*A0)*SCREEN    A0=.529172E-8CM
0037      CLATT*CKF=CORRF*(6*ZEFF*PI**2)**0.333333
0038      ZEFF          EFFEKTIVE IONENLADUNG
0039      ETHA          DEF. IN UP. FCD
0040      NBF           =1 FUER BCC, =2 FUER FCC
0041      IFT           DEF. IN UP. FDC

```

C NWAY DEF. IM PROG. PSAF/MAIN
 C NAPROX =1 AUS DATENPUNKTEN VON NAEH.KURVEN FUER V(K) WERDEN
 C NSR,NHRAUS NAEH.WERTE FUER DIE PARAMETER DES MODELLS BERECHNET
 C NSII BEI VORGEgebenEN PARAMETER B(1) (EXP. DER E-WW).
 C NHEAUS BERECHNUNG DER R-TERME BIS ZUR NSR-TEN SCHALE UND
 C NGVE AUSDRUCKEN AB DER NHRAUS-TEN SCHALE.
 C CMY NSR=0 HEISST RECHNUNG OHNE R-TERME.
 C RAMP DER H-TERME BIS ZUR NSH-TEN SCHALE,
 C PROZ WENN KEINE SYMM.PUNKTE EINGEGEBEN SIND.
 C PRZPRZ =0 HEISST, KONV. IST DURCH SYMM.PUNKTE ZU BESTIMMEN
 C XA,YA AUSDRUCKEN DER E-TERME AB DER NHEAUS-TEN H-SCHALE
 C DATENPUNKTE EINER NAEH.KURVE FUER V(X) ZUR BERECHN.
 C BER. VON KONSTANTEN (MU)
 C
 C CL=B(1)
 C CBF=CBF
 C PI=3.14159
 C QP=4.*PI
 C CKF=CDRFF/CLATT*(6.*PI**2*ZEFF*CBF)**0.33333
 C SCRR=C.5*SQRT(PI*0.529172/(CKF*SCREEN))
 C CKC=1./SCRR
 C RATIOK=(CKC/CKF)**2
 C QKCKF2=(CKC/CKF)**2
 C RZERO=CLATT*(1.5/(QP*ZEFF*CBF))**0.33333
 C CON1=CLATT**2/(QP*PI*SCRR**2)
 C CON2=PI/(CLATT*CKF)
 C CON3=(QP*ZEFF*46.124*CBF)/(1.60206*CLATT**3)
 C CON4=20000.0*CBF*23.067*ZEFF**2/(PI*CMASS*CLATT**3)
 C CON5=CON3*SCRR**2
 C CON6=3204120.0*RAMP/(CMASS*CMY*QP*PI)
 C EFERMI=1.5*CON5
 C PIA=2.0*PI/CLATT
 C IF(NWAY.LE.2)NEX=NWAY
 C IF(NWAY.GT.2)NEX=NWAY-2

0023 CL=B(1)
 0024 CBF=CBF
 0025 PI=3.14159
 0026 QP=4.*PI
 0027 CKF=CDRFF/CLATT*(6.*PI**2*ZEFF*CBF)**0.33333
 0028 SCRR=C.5*SQRT(PI*0.529172/(CKF*SCREEN))
 0029 CKC=1./SCRR
 0030 RATIOK=(CKC/CKF)**2
 0031 QKCKF2=(CKC/CKF)**2
 0032 RZERO=CLATT*(1.5/(QP*ZEFF*CBF))**0.33333
 0033 CON1=CLATT**2/(QP*PI*SCRR**2)
 0034 CON2=PI/(CLATT*CKF)
 0035 CON3=(QP*ZEFF*46.124*CBF)/(1.60206*CLATT**3)
 0036 CON4=20000.0*CBF*23.067*ZEFF**2/(PI*CMASS*CLATT**3)
 0037 CON5=CON3*SCRR**2
 0038 CON6=3204120.0*RAMP/(CMASS*CMY*QP*PI)
 0039 EFERMI=1.5*CON5
 0040 PIA=2.0*PI/CLATT
 0041 IF(NWAY.LE.2)NEX=NWAY
 0042 IF(NWAY.GT.2)NEX=NWAY-2

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

SUBZ

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0003

```
0043      IF(IFT.EQ.3) CORREX=1.0+ETHA*RATIOK
0044      IF(IFT.EQ.4) CORREX=1.0+0.5*RATIOK
C      C AUSDRUCKEN
C
0045      WRITE (6,3002) (W(I),I=1,18)
0046      WRITE (6,2000) CMASS,CLATT,CORRF,SCREEN,ZEFF,CKC,RZERO,SCRR
0047      WRITE (6,2001) NBF,IFT,NWAY,N,KP,NAPROX,NSR,NHRAUS,NHEAUS,NWEIT,NS
1H
0048      WRITE (6,2002) CMY,RAMP,CKF,EERMT,ETHA,PROZ
0049      IF(NWEIT.EQ.1) WRITE (6,2004) (WEIGHT(L),L=1,7)
0050      IF(NAPROX.EQ.0) GO TO 130
0051      WRITE (6,2003) (XA(L),YA(L),L=1,KP1)
0052      130 CONTINUE
C      C SYMMETRIE-PUNKTE DER X(I) SUCHEN ( MU )
C
0053      IF(NSII.GT.0) GO TO 307
0054      IK1=0
0055      IK2=0
0056      DO 796 L=1,4
0057      KV1(L)=0
0058      796 KV2(L)=0
0059      GO TO(798,799),NBF
C      C FUER BCC-GITTER ( NBF=1 )
C
0060      798 DO 800 L=1,N
0061      X=XI(L)
0062      TV=ABS(X-1.0)
0063      IF(TV.GT.1.0) GO TO 802
0064      K=KZ(L)
0065      IF(K.EQ.1.OR.K.EQ.2.OR.K.EQ.6.OR.K.EQ.7) GO TO 801
0066      GO TO 800
0067      801 IK1=IK1+1
0068      KV1(IK1)=L
0069      GO TO 800
0070      802 TV=ABS(X-0.5)
0071      IF(TV.GT.0.5) GO TO 806
0072      K=KZ(L)
0073      IF(K.EQ.6.OR.K.EQ.7) GO TO 803
0074      GO TO 800
0075      803 IK2=IK2+1
0076      KV2(IK2)=L
0077      800 CONTINUE
0078      GO TO 805
C      C FUER FCC-GITTER ( NBF=2 )
```

```

C   799 DO 810 L=1,N
0079   TV=ABS(XI(L)-1.0)
0080   IF(TV.GT.0.001)GO TO 810
0081   K=KZ(L)
0082   IF(K.EQ.1.OR.K.EQ.5)GO TO 811
0083   IF(K.EQ.2.OR.K.EQ.3.OR.K.EQ.4)GO TO 812
0084   GO TO 810
0085   811 IK1=IK1+1
0086   KV1(IK1)=L
0087   GO TO 810
0088   812 IK2=IK2+1
0089   KV2(IK2)=L
0090   810 CONTINUE
0091   805 IF(IK1.GT.1.OR.IK2.GT.1)GO TO 807
0092   WRITE(6,1010)
0093   IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 806
0094   WRITE(12,1010)
0095   806 IEXIT=1
0096   RETURN
0097   807 IEXIT=0
C   BER. VON NAEH.WERTEN FUER B(I), WENN NAPROX=1, AUS
C   NAEH.KURVEN FUER V(K) / MA
C
0099   IF(NAPROX.EQ.0)GO TO 520
0100   CKC2=CKC**2
0101   IF(NWAY.GT.2)AF=PIA/2.0
0102   IF(NWAY.LE.2)AF=CL*PIA/2.0
0103   AEX=CL*PIA/2.0
0104   DO 500 L=1,KP1
0105   ARG=XAL(L)
0106   ZFG=CON2*ABS(ARG)
0107   DEN=(PIA*ARG)**2+FDC(ZFG)*CKC2
0108   EXP0=EXP(-(AEX*ARG)**2)*CON2/DEN
0109   CS(L)=-YA(L)-EXP0
0110   CF=(AF*ARG)**NEX
0111   PF=CF
0112   DO 510 K=1,KP1
0113   CM(L,K)=PF*EXP0
0114   510 PF=PF*CF
0115   500 CONTINUE
0116   RELF=0.1
0117   CALL LINGLS(KP1,RELF,B)
0118   DO 505 L=1,KP1
0119   LK=KP-L
0120   505 B(LK+1)=B(LK)
0121   B(1)=CL

```

ORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

SUBZ

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0005

```
0122      520 CONTINUE
C   REDUZIERUNG DER EXP. DISP. KURVEN DURCH DIE R-TERME ( MU )
C
0123      DO 710 L=1,11
0124      FQ(L)=FQZ(L)**2
0125      710 RT(L)=1.0
C   BER. DER R-TERME ( MU )
C   NBF=1    BCC-GITTER
C   NBF=2    FCC-GITTER
C
0126      LF=NBF
0127      IF(NSR.EQ.0)GO TO 23
0128      IF(NHRAUS.GT.NSR)GO TO 711
0129      WRITE(6,9214)
0130      IF(IFSS1.NE.1)GO TO 711
0131      WRITE(12,9214)
0132      711 IF(NSR.GT.6)NSR=60
0133      IF(LF.EQ.1) LFR=2
0134      IF(LF.EQ.2) LFR=1
0135      NSR1=NSR+1
0136      DO 920 I=2,NSR1
0137      NR=M-1
0138      NPT=P
0139      LIM=MAX(1(LFR,1))
0140      LIM1=LIM+1
0141      IRAD=KNS(LFR,1)
0142      LIM2=2*LIM+1
0143      DO 92 I=1,LIM2,LFR
0144      IX=I-LIM1
0145      DO 93 J=1,LIM2,LFR
0146      IY=J-LIM1
0147      DO 94 K=1,LIM2,LFR
0148      IZ=K-LIM1
0149      I2=IX*IX+IY*IY+IZ*IZ
0150      IF(I2.NE.IRAD) GO TO 94
0151      NPT=NPT+1
C   EIN R/L DER L-SUMME IST DAMIT BERECHNET
C   ES FOLGT DIE BERECHNUNG DER REPULSIVE-TERMEN FUER DIESES R/L
0152      R2=I2
0153      R1=SQRT(R2)
0154      RX=IX
0155      RY=IY
0156      RZ=IZ
0157      RXX=RX*RX
```

```

0158      RZZ=RZ*RZ
0159      RXY=RX*RY
0160      A2=CLATT/2.0
0161      P2=PI/2.0
0162      CR1=1.0/(A2*R1)
0163      CR2=(1.0/CMY+CR1)/P2
0164      EX=EXPI-A2*R1/CMY
0165      C01=CR2*RXX-CR1
0166      C02=CR2*RZZ-CR1
0167      C03=CR2*(RXX+RXY)-CR1
0168      C04=CR2*(RXX-RXY)-CR1
0169      C05=CR2*(RXX+2.0*RXY)-CR1
0170      DO 104 L=1,N
0171      KZZ=KZ(L)

```

C
C DIE KENNZEICHEN KZ(L) SIND IM UP. FPCODE DEFINIERT.

```

0172      X=XI(L)
0173      IF(KZZ.LE.2) Y=0.0
0174      IF(KZZ.GT.2) Y=X
0175      IF(KZZ.LE.5) Z=0.0
0176      IF(KZZ.GT.5) Z=X
0177      ES=EX*(SIN(P2*(RX*X+RY*Y+RZ*Z)))**2
0178      IF(KZZ.EQ.1) RT(L)=RT(L)+ES*C01*CON6
0179      IF(KZZ.EQ.2 .OR. KZZ.EQ.5) RT(L)=RT(L)+ES*C02*CON6
0180      IF(KZZ.EQ.3) RT(L)=RT(L)+ES*C03*CON6
0181      IF(KZZ.EQ.4 .OR. KZZ.EQ.7) RT(L)=RT(L)+ES*C04*CON6
0182      IF(KZZ.EQ.6) RT(L)=RT(L)+ES*C05*CON6
0183      102 CONTINUE
0184      94 CONTINUE
0185      93 CONTINUE
0186      92 CONTINUE
0187      IF(NR.LT.NHRAUS) GO TO 920
0188      WRITE(6,9212) NR,NPT,(RT(LR),LR=1,N)
0189      IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 920
0190      WRITE(12,9212) NR,NPT,(RT(LR),LR=1,N)
0191      920 CONTINUE
0192      23 CONTINUE
C
0193      DO 120 L=1,N
0194      120 YI(L)=FQ(L)-RT(L)
C
0195      RETURN
C
0196      1000 FORMAT (6E12.5)
0197      1001 FORMAT (9I6)
0198      1010 FORMAT (//85H1NO SYM.POINTS IN DATA, H-CONVERGENCE-TEST NOT POSSI
          BLE, COMPUTATION INTERRUPTED. )

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

SUBZ

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0007

0199 2000 FORMAT (////16HOMETAL CONSTANTS//9X,11HMASS(E-24G),3X,12HLATT(E-
18CM),4X,10HCORP-FERMI,4X,13HSCREEN-COEFF.,3X,11H7-EFFECTIVE,2X,14H
2K-SCR.(E+8/CM),2X,13HRL-ZERO(E-8CM),1X,15HSCR.PAD.(E-8CM)//5X,8E15.
35)
0200 2001 FORMAT (//33HMODEL AND COMPUTATION PARAMETERS//7X,4HNBF=I2,3X,4HI
1FT=I2,3X,5HNWAY=I2,3X,7HN-DATA=I4,2X,7HK-PAR.=I3,3X,8HN-APPR.=I2,3
2X,4HNISF=I3,3X,7HNHPAUS=I3,3X,7HNHEAUS=I3,3X,6HNWEIT=I2,3X,4HNSH=I3
3)
0201 2002 FORMAT (//9X,9HMY(E-8CM),6X,11HA-REP.(KEV),3X,15HK-FERMI(E+8/CM),3
1X,11HE-FERMI(EV),8X,4HETHA,11X,7HPERCENT//3X,6E16.5)
0202 2003 FORMAT (///34H DATA-POINTS OF APPROX. V(K)-CURVE //7X,12HX=K/(2*p
1I/A),5X,10HV(X) IN EV//(3X,2E16.5))
0203 2004 FORMAT (//53H WEIGHTS OF THE 7 BRANCHES OF THE DISPERSION CURVES
1 //5X,7E15.5)
0204 3001 FORMAT (18A4)
0205 3002 FORMAT (1H1,18A4)
0206 9212 FORMAT (//I5,I9,2X,8E14.5,/, (16X,8E14.5))
0207 9214 FORMAT (57H1L-SHELL POINTS R-TERMS INCLUSIVE CORRESPONDENT L-SHE
1LL//)
0208 END

```

0001      SUBROUTINE FPCODE
C
C          ZU VOR GEgebenEN DATEI-PUNKTEN X(I),Y(I) UND PARAMETERN B(J)
C          WERDEN ENTSPRECHEND DEM IN MAIN ANGEgebenEN MODELL DIE
C          FUNKTIONSWERTE F(I) (=E-TERME DER DISP.KURVEN) BERECHNET.DIE
C          ABLEITUNGEN P(I,J)=DF(I)/DB(J) DAZU NUR, WENN IFSS2=0 ODER
C          IWHER=1.
C
0002      DIMENSION PRH(25),PPQH(25),PRQHSP(40,25)
0003      DIMENSION QHSP(40),FSRSP(40),HPX(300),HPY(300),HPZ(300)
0004      COMMON PI,QP,KP,CON4,CLB,PIA,CON1,NHS,CON,F(150)
0005      COMMON/ALL/P(150,25),B(25),BN(25)
0006      COMMON/SUFP/NBF,KNS(2,61),MAXM(2,61),IK1,IK2,KV1(4),KV2(4),PROZ,NH
0007      1EAUS,NSH
0008      COMMON/MASUFP/IFSS1,IFSS2,NWAY,NEX,CON2,IWHER,N,KZ(150),XI(150),IE
0009      1XIT
0010
C          VORBEREITUNGEN ( MA )
C
0011      IF(IFSS2.EQ.1.OR.IWHER.NE.1)NZW=1
0012      IF(IFSS2.EQ.0.AND.IWHER.EQ.1.AND.NWAY.LE.2)NZW=2
0013      IF(IFSS2.EQ.0.AND.IWHER.EQ.1.AND.NWAY.GT.2)NZW=3
0014
C          NZW=1 NUR F(L)
0015      NZW=2 F(I) UND P(I,J), POT.REIHE LAMBDA-ABHAENGIG
0016      NZW=3 F(I) UND P(I,J), POT.REIHE NICHT VON LAMBDA ABH.
0017
0018      CNEX=NEX
0019      IF(KP.EQ.1) GO TO 217
0020      GO TO(215,216,217),NZW
0021      216 DO 214 KL=2,KP
0022          CKL=KL-1
0023          BN(KL)=CKL*B(KL)
0024          GO TO 217
0025      215 NEND=(KP-1)/2+1
0026      DO 218 KL=2,NEND
0027          I=KP+2-KL
0028          ZSI=B(I)
0029          B(I)=B(KL)
0030          218 B(KL)=ZSI
0031          217 CONTINUE
0032          DO 212 L=1,N
0033              212 F(L)=0.0
0034              IF(NZW.EQ.1)GO TO 213
0035              DO 211 L=1,N
0036                  DO 211 K=1,KP
0037                      211 P(L,K)=0.0
0038              213 CONTINUE

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

FPCODE

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 002

```
0032      CL=B(1)
0033      CLB=CL*PIA/2.0
C      BERECHNUNG DER H-SUMMEN / L=H-SCHALEN-INDEX ( MU )
0034      KNP=0
0035      N1=3
0036      N2=1
0037      N3=4
0038      LF=NBF
0039      L=1
0040      220 CONTINUE
C      SUCHEN DER H-PUNKTE ZUR L-TEN H-SCHALE ( MU )
C      DIE H-PUNKTE WERDEN IN HPX(300), HPY(300), HPZ(300) GESPEICHERT.
C
0041      LIM=MAXN(LF,L)
0042      IRAD=KNS(LF,L)
0043      342 LIM1=LIM+1
0044      LIM2=2*LIM+1
0045      NPT=0
0046      DO 1 I=1,LIM2,LF
0047      IX=I-LIM1
0048      DO 1 J=1,LIM2,LF
0049      IY=J-LIM1
0050      DO 1 K=1,LIM2,LF
0051      IZ=K-LIM1
0052      IZ=IX*IX+IY*IY+IZ*IZ
0053      IF(IZ.NE.IRAD) GO TO 1
0054      NPT=NPT+1
0055      IF(NPT.GT.300) GO TO 350
0056      HPX(NPT)=IX
0057      HPY(NPT)=IY
0058      HPZ(NPT)=IZ
0059      1 CONTINUE
0060      IF(L.GT.1.AND.NPT.EQ.0) GO TO 341
C      ALLE H-PUNKTE DER L-TEN H-SCHALE GEFUNDEN
C      BER. VON U(H) UND DU(H)/DB (NUR VOM BETRAGC VON H ABH.) FUER DIE
C      L-TE H-SCHALE ( MA ). U(H) IST DIE FOURIER-TR. DES LOK. PSEUDO-ATOM
C      -POTENTIALS.
C
0061      H2=IRAD
0062      H1=SORT(H2)
0063      T2=CON2*H1
0064      CALL MODEL(H1,MWAY,NEX,NZW,PRH,FSP2,T2)
C      U(H) IN FSP2, DU(H)/DB IN PRH.
```

C BER. F UND P ZU DER L-TEN H-SCHALE
 C ZUERST MODELL-UNABH. FAKTOREN (MU).
 C LN=INDEX DER DATEN PUNKTE.

0065 DO 100 LN=1,N
 0066 KZZ=KZ(LN)
 0067 X=XI(LN)
 0068 IF(KZZ.LE.2)Y=R.0
 0069 IF(KZZ.GT.2)Y=Y
 0070 IF(KZZ.LE.5)Z=0.0
 0071 IF(KZZ.GT.5)Z=X
 0072 NZZ=0
 0073 DO 2 LII=1,NPT
 0074 HX=HPX(LH)
 0075 HY=HPY(LH)
 0076 HZ=HPZ(LH)
 0077 QH2=(HX+X)**2+(HY+Y)**2+(HZ+Z)**2
 0078 QH=SQRT(QH2)
 0079 T1=C012*QH

C DIE KENNZEICHEN KZ GEBEN AN, VON WELCHEM ZWEIG DER DISPERSIONSKURVE DIE
 C MESS-DATEN XI,YI,ZI UND FQ KOMMEN.
 C R=RICHTUNG, L=LONGITUDINAL, T=TRANSVERSAL, (I,J)=ELEM. DER DYN. MATRIX

KZ=1	R(1,0,0)	L	FQ=FQZ**2=(X,X)
KZ=2	R(1,0,0)	T	FQ=FQZ**2=(Y,Y)=(Z,Z)
KZ=3	R(1,1,0)	L	FQ=FQZ**2=(X,X)+(X,Y)
KZ=4	R(1,1,0)	T1	FQ=FQZ**2=(X,X)-(X,Y)
KZ=5	R(1,1,0)	T2	FQ=FQZ**2=(Z,Z)
KZ=6	R(1,1,1)	L	FQ=FQZ**2=(X,X)+2(X,Y)
KZ=7	R(1,1,1)	T	FQ=FQZ**2=(X,X)-(X,Y)

0080 GO TO (201,202,203,204,202,205,204),KZZ
 201 Z1=(X+HX)*(X+HX)
 0082 Z2=HX*HX
 0083 GO TO 210
 202 Z1=(Z+HZ)*(Z+HZ)
 0084 Z2=HZ*HZ
 0085 GO TO 210
 203 Z1=(X+HX)*((X+HX)+Y+HY)
 0086 Z2=HX*(HX+HY)
 0087 GO TO 210
 204 Z1=(X+HX)*((X+HX)-Y-HY)
 0091 Z2=HX*(HX-HY)
 0092 GO TO 210
 205 Z1=(X+HX)*((X+HX)+2.*(Y+HY))
 0094 Z2=HX*(HX+2.*HY)
 0095 210 CONTINUE

FORTRAN IV 6 LEVEL 1, MOD 2

FPCODE

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0004

```
C JETZT MODELL-UND NUR VOM BETRAG (Q+H)-ABH. FACTOREN ( MA )
```

```
0096 IF(NZZ.EQ.0) GO TO 150
0097 DO 152 LZ=1,NZZ
0098 IF(QH.EQ.0.QHSP(LZ)) GO TO 155
0099 152 CONTINUE
0100 CALL MODEL(QH,NWAY,NEX,NZW,PRQH,FSP1,T1)
0101 NZZ=NZZ+1
0102 IF(NZZ.GT.40) GO TO 351
0103 QHSP(NZZ)=QH
0104 FSPSP(NZZ)=FSP1
0105 IF(NZW.EQ.1) GO TO 270
0106 DO 153 LL=1,KP
0107 PRQHSP(NZZ,LL)=PRQH(LL)
0108 GO TO 157
0109 155 FSP1=FSPSP(LZ)
0110 IF(NZW.EQ.1) GO TO 270
0111 DO 156 LL=1,KP
0112 PRQH(LL)=PRQHSP(LZ,LL)
```

```
C BER. DER F(I) UND P(I,J)
```

```
0113 157 CONTINUE
0114 DO 275 KL=1,KP
0115 P(LN,KL)=P(LN,KL)+COM4*(Z1*PRQH(KL)-Z2*PRH(KL))
0116 270 F(LN)=F(LN)+COM4*(Z1*FSP1-Z2*FSP2)
0117 2 CONTINUE
0118 100 CONTINUE
```

```
C F UND P BIS EINSCHL. L-TE H-SCHALE GERECHNET.
C AUSDRUCKEN DER F ("MU")
```

```
0119 L1=L-1
0120 IF(L1.LT.NHEADS) GO TO 20
0121 IF(KIP.EQ.1) GO TO 21
0122 KNP=1
0123 WRITE(6,2213)
0124 IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 21
0125 WRITE(12,2213)
0126 21 WRITE(6,2212)L1,NPT,(F(IL),IL=1,N)
0127 IF(IFSS1.NE.1) GO TO 20
0128 WRITE(12,2212)L1,NPT,(F(IL),IL=1,N)
0129 20 CONTINUE
```

```
C KONVERGENZ-ABFRAGE DER H-SUMMIERUNG ("MU")
```

```
0130 IF(NSH.GT.0) GO TO 304
```

```

C131      IF(IK1.LE.1)GO TO 310
C132      CIK1=IK1
C133      S=F
C134      DO 310 I=1,IK1
C135      M=KV1(I)
C136      S=S+F(M)
C137      S=S/CIK1
C138      DO 310 I=1,IK1
C139      M=KV1(I)
C140      RDF=ABS((F(M)-S)/S)
C141      IF(RDF.GT.PROZ)GO TO 320
C142      CONTINUE
C143      IF(IK2.LE.1)GO TO 330
C144      CIK2=IK2
C145      S=F
C146      DO 310 I=1,IK2
C147      M=KV2(I)
C148      S=S+F(M)
C149      S=S/CIK2
C150      DO 310 I=1,IK2
C151      M=KV2(I)
C152      RDF=ABS((F(M)-S)/S)
C153      IF(RDF.GT.PROZ)GO TO 320
C154      CONTINUE
C155      GO TO 330
C156      304 IF(L.GT.NSH) GO TO 330
C
C H-SUMME NOCH NICHT KONVERGENT. NEUF H-SCHALE ( MU ).  

C
C157      320 L=L+1
C158      IF(L.GE.62)GO TO 341
C159      GO TO 220
C160      341 LF=1
C161      GO TO (343,344),NBF
C162      343 IRAD=IRAD+2
C163      CIRAD=IRAD
C164      CLIM=SQRT(CIRAD)
C165      LIM=CLIM
C166      GO TO 342
C167      344 IRAD=IRAD+M1
C168      CIRAD=IRAD
C169      CLIM=SQRT(CIRAD)
C170      LIM=CLIM
C171      NSPI=M1
C172      M1=N2
C173      N2=N3
C174      NSPI=N3
C175      GO TO 342

```

```
C H-SUMME K CONVERGENT
C176 330 NNSCON=L1
C177 IF(MZL.GT.1.OR.KP.LF.2) GO TO 340
C178 DO 335 KL=2,NEND
C179 I=KP+2-KL
C180 ZS1=B(I)
C181 B(I)=B(KL)
C182 335 B(KL)=ZS1
C183 340 CONTINUE
C184 RETURN
C185 350 L1=L-1
C186 IEXIT=1
C187 WRITE(6,2216) L1
C188 RETURN
C189 351 L1=L-1
C190 IEXIT=1
C191 WRITE(6,2217) L1
C192 RETURN
C193 2212 FORMAT (/15,I9,2X,8E14.5,/,16X,8E14.5))
C194 2213 FORMAT (59H1H-SHELL POINTS E+C-TERMS INCLUSIVE CORRESPONDENT H-S
1HELL/)
C195 2215 FORMAT (55H1E-TERMS OF H-SUMMATION NOT CONVERGENT WITH 60 H-SHELLS
1)
C196 2216 FORMAT (50H1THE I3,43H, H-SHELL CONTAINS MORE THAN 300 H-POINTS.
152H1DIMENSION OF HPX, HPY AND HPZ MUST BE INCREASED.)
C197 2217 FORMAT (1H1,I3,8H, H-SHELL / DIMENSION OF WORKING STORAGES PRQHSP
1, QHSP AND FGPSP TOO SMALL.)
C198 END
```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

GJR

DATE = 69259

17/02/15

PAGE 0001

```

0001      SUBROUTINE GJR(A,N,EPS,MSING)          0020
C
0002      CAUSS-JORDAN-RUTISHAUSER MATRIX INVERSION WITH DOUBLE PIVOTING. 0030
C
0003      DIMENSION A(25,26),B(25),C(25),P(25),Q(25) 0050
C      INTEGER P,Q
C
0004      MSING=1 0060
0005      DO 10 K=1,N 0070
C      DETERMINATION OF THE PIVOT ELEMENT 0080
0006      PIVOT=0. 0090
0007      DO 20 I=K,N 0100
0008      DO 20 J=K,N 0110
0009      IF(ABS(A(I,J))-ABS(PIVOT)>EPS,20,30 0120
0010      PIVOT=A(I,J) 0130
0011      P(K)=I 0140
0012      Q(K)=J 0150
0013      20 CONTINUE 0160
0014      IF(ABS(PIVOT)-EPS)<40,40,50 0170
C      EXCHANGE OF THE PIVOTAL ROW WITH THE KTH ROW 0180
0015      50 IF(P(K)-K)60,80,60 0190
0016      60 DO 70 J=1,N 0200
0017      L=P(K) 0210
0018      Z=A(L,J) 0220
0019      A(L,J)=A(K,J) 0230
0020      A(K,J)=Z 0240
C      EXCHANGE OF THE PIVOTAL COLUMN WITH THE KTH COLUMN 0250
0021      80 IF(Q(K)-K)85,90,85 0260
0022      85 DO 100 I=1,N 0270
0023      L=Q(K) 0280
0024      Z=A(I,L) 0290
0025      A(I,L)=A(I,K) 0300
0026      100 A(I,K)=Z 0310
0027      90 CONTINUE 0320
C      JORDAN STEP 0330
0028      DO 110 J=1,N 0340
0029      IF(J-K)130,120,130 0350
0030      120 B(J)=1./PIVOT 0360
0031      C(J)=1. 0370
0032      GO TO 140 0380
0033      130 B(J)=-A(K,J)/PIVOT 0390
0034      C(J)=A(J,K) 0400
0035      140 A(K,J)=0. 0410
0036      110 A(I,K)=0. 0420
0037      DO 10 I=1,N 0430
0038      DO 10 J=1,N 0440
0039      C 10 A(I,J)=A(I,J)+C(I)*B(J) 0450
C      REORDERING THE MATRIX 0460

```

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, MOD 2

GJR

DATE = 60059

17/2/15

PAGE 2182

```

6141      DC 155 M=1,N
6141      K=I-1+1
6142      IF(P(I))-K)160,170,160
6143      160 DO 130 I=1,N
6144      L=P(K)
6145      Z=A(I,L)
6146      A(I,L)=A(I,K)
6147      A(I,K)=Z
6148      170 IF(Q(K)-K)180,155,180
6149      180 DO 150 J=1,N
6150      L=Q(K)
6151      Z=A(L,J)
6152      A(L,J)=A(K,J)
6153      A(K,J)=Z
6154      155 CONTINUE
6155      151 RETURN
6156      4C UPDATE (6,45) P(K),Q(K),PIVOT
6157      45 FORMAT(16H0SINGULAR MATRIX3H I=13,3H J=13,7H PIVOT=E16.8/1)
6158      USING=2
6159      GO TO 151
6160      END

```

```

6470
6480
6490
6500
6510
6520
6530
6540
6550
6560
6570
6580
6590
6600
6610
6620
6630
6640
6650
6660
6670

```

```

CCC1      SUBROUTINE MODEL(X,NWAY,NEX,NZH,PRX,FSP,T)
C
C   COMPUTES THE FOURIER TRANSFORM FSP OF THE MODEL POTENTIAL
C   AND, IF NZH=2 OR 3, ITS DERIVATIVES PRX WITH RESPECT
C   TO THE MODEL PARAMETERS.
C
C002      DIMENSION PRX(25)
C003      COMMON PI,OP,KP,CON4,CLB,PIA,CON1,NHS,CON,F(150)
C004      COMMON/ALL/P(150,25),B(25),BN(25)
C
C005      CNEX=NEX
C006      X2=X*X
C007      DEN=X2+CON1*FDC(T)
C008      CLBX2=X2*CLB*CLR
C009      EXX2=EXP(-2.0*CLBX2)
C010      IF(KP.EQ.1) GO TO (100,200,200),NZH
C011      IF(NWAY.GT.2) AX=(PIA*X/2.0)**NEX
C012      IF(NWAY.LE.2) AX=(CLB*X)**NEX
C013      S1=0.0
C014      S2=0.0
C015      PRX(1)=0.0
C016      GO TO (1,2,3),NZH
C017      1 DO 10 KL=2,KP
C018      10 S1=(S1+B(KL))*AX
C019      S1=1.0+S1
C020      GO TO 50
C021      2 CX=AX
C022      DO 20 KL=2,KP
C023      PRX(KL)=CX
C024      S1=S1+B(KL)*CX
C025      S2=S2+BN(KL)*CX
C026      20 CX=CX*AX
C027      S1=1.0+S1
C028      PRX(1)=CNEX*S2
C029      GO TO 60
C030      3 CX=AX
C031      DO 30 KL=2,KP
C032      PRX(KL)=CX
C033      S1=S1+B(KL)*CX
C034      CX=CX*AX
C035      S1=1.0+S1
C036      60 PRX(1)=(PRX(1)-2.0*CLBX2*S1)*S1*EXX2*2.0/(B(1)*DEN)
C037      SEX=2.0*EXX2*S1/DEN
C038      DO 70 KL=2,KP
C039      70 PRX(KL)=PRX(KL)*SEX
C040      50 FSP=EXX2*S1*S1/DEN
C041      RETURN
C042      200 PRX(1)=-4.0*CLBX2*EXX2/(B(1)*DEN)

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MODEL

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0002

0043 100 FSP=EXX2/DEN
0044 RETURN
0045 END

0001

FUNCTION FDC(T)

C
C
CALCULATION OF A SCREENING FUNCTION.

C
C
IFT=1 K-INDEP. SCREENING
IFT=2 K-DEP. SCREEN., HARTREE-APPR., NO EXCHANGE
IFT=3 AS 2, BUT WITH EXCHANGE, GENERAL FORMULA
IFT=4 AS 3, BUT SPECIAL EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HUBBARD
IFT=5 AS 3, BUT SPECIAL EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HARRISON
IFT=6 EFFECTIVE FDC WITH GENERAL EXCHANGE TERM
IFT=7 EFFECTIVE FDC WITH EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HARRISON

C
C
CORREX=1+ETHA*(KC/KF)**2 MUST BE COMPUTED IN THE CALLING PROGRAM
FOR CASES 4 (ETHA=0.5) AND 3 (DESIRED VALUE OF ETHA), IT DOES
NOT APPLY FOR IFT=1,2 AND 5. WHERE USED THE MEANING OF ETHA IS

C
C
ETHA=(KS/KC)**2, KC=SCREEN.PARAM. FOR THE HARTREE-APPROX.
KS=SCREEN.PARAM. FOR THE EXCHANGE CORRECTION.

0002

COMMON/SUF/IFT,CORREX,QKCKF2

C
IF(IFT.EQ.1.OR.T.EQ.0.0) GO TO 1
IF(T.EQ.1.0) GO TO 2
AB=ABS((1.0+T)/(1.0-T))
TT=T**2
FDC=0.5+(1.0-TT)*ALOG(AB)/(4.0*T)
3 GO TO (4,4,5,5,6,7,8) IFT
5 FDC=FDC*(1.0-2.0*TT/(4.0*TT+CORREX))
RETURN
6 FDC=FDC*(1.0-3.0*TT/(2.0+6.0*TT))
RETURN
7 FDC=FDC/(1.0-(3.0*QKCKF2*FDC)/(4.*TT+CORREX))
RETURN
8 FDC=FDC/(1.0-(3.0*QKCKF2*FDC/8.0)/(1.0+3.0*TT))
RETURN
1 FDC=1.0
IF(IFT.LE.5)RETURN
TT=0.0
GO TO 3
4 RETURN
2 FDC=0.5
TT=1.0
GO TO 3
END

IFT=2
IFT=3,4
IFT=5
IFT=6
IFT=7
IFT=1

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

LINGLS

DATE = 69059

17/02/15

PAGE 0201

```

0001      SUBROUTINE LINGLS(IG,REFL,B)
C
C   LOESUNG EINES INHOMOG. LIN. GLEICH.-SYSTEMS CM*B=C.
C   SCHITTWEISE VERBESSERUNG DER LOESUNGEN B BIS DER PFL. RUNDUNGS-
C   FEHLER DER KONST. SPALTE C KLEINER ALS REFL IST.
C   IG=ZAHL DER GLEICHUNGEN BZW. UNBEKANNTEN (MAXIMAL 25).
C
0002      DIMENSION SNR(25,26),ST(25,25),B(25),AN(25),RF(25),CP(25),KZU(25)
0003      COMMON/SULIN/CM(25,25),C(25)
C
0004      IF(IG.GE.2) GO TO 700
0005      B(1)=C(1)/CM(1,1)
0006      RETURN
C
0007      700 DO 800 K=1,IG
0008      B(K)=C(K)/CM(K,K)
0009      KZU(K)=K
0010      DO 800 L=1,IG
0011      800 ST(K,L)=0.0
C
C   UEBERTRAGUNG DER MATRIZEN CM UND C IN SPEICHER SNR.
C
0012      IL=IG-1
0013      IG1=IG+1
0014      DO 400 I=1,IG
0015      DO 401 J=1,IG
0016      401 SNR(I,J)=CM(I,J)
0017      400 SNR(I,IG1)=C(I)
0018      WRITE(6,4999)
0019      4999 FORMAT(1H1)
0020      DO 600 I=1,IG
0021      600 WRITE(6,5000) (SNR(I,K),K=1,IG1)
0022      5000 FORMAT(1HE12.5)
C
C   GAUSS-SCHER ALGORITHMUS
C
0023      DO 410 I=1,IL
C
C   SUCHEN DES GROESSTEN ELEMENTES DER I-TEN SPALTE
C
0024      NM=I
0025      DO 411 L=I,IL
0026      IF(ABS(SNR(L+1,I)).LE.ABS(SNR(NM,I)))GO TO 411
0027      NM=L+1
0028      411 CONTINUE
0029      IF(NM.EQ.I)GO TO 414
C
C   UMSTELLUNG DER GLEICHUNGEN/DIE UMSTELLUNG WIRD IN KZU REGISTRIERT

```

TEST
TEST
TEST
TEST
TEST

```

      C
0030      KZUSP=KZU(I)
0031      KZU(I)=KZU(NM)
0032      KZU(I,I)=KZUSP
0033      DO 412 L=I,IG1
0034      SPEI=SNR(I,L)
0035      SNR(I,L)=SNR(NM,L)
0036      412 SNR(NM,L)=SPEI

      C REDUKTION DER NORMALGLEICHUNGEN NACH GAUSS
      C
0037      414 DO 415 J=I,IG
0038      ST(J,I)=SNR(J,I)
0039      415 SNR(I,J)=SNR(I,J)/ST(I,I)
0040      SNR(I,IG1)=SNR(I,IG1)/ST(I,I)
0041      IGI=IG-I
0042      I1=I+1
0043      DO 410 K=1,IGI
0044      JK=I+K
0045      DO 410 J=I1,IG1
0046      SNR(IK,J)=SNR(IK,J)-SNR(I,J)*ST(IK,I)
0047      DO 6001 I=1,IG
0048      6001 WRITE(6,5000) (SNR(I,K),K=1,IG1)          TEST
0049      DO 6002 I=1,IG
0050      6002 WRITE(6,5001) KZU(I),{ST(I,K),K=1,IG}    TEST
0051      5001 FORMAT (/I6,9E12.5/(6X,9E12.5)}           TEST

      C BERECHNUNG DER LOESUNGEN
      C
0052      450 AN(IG)=SNR(IG,IG1)/SNR(IG,IG)
0053      DO 500 L=1,IL
0054      IGL=IG-L
0055      AN(IGL)=SNR(IGL,IG1)
0056      KL=IG1-L
0057      DO 500 K=KL,IG
0058      500 AN(IGL)=AN(IGL)-SNR(IGL,K)*AN(K)

      C BERECHNUNG DER KORRIGIERTEN LOESUNGEN
      C
0059      DO 510 L=1,IG
0060      510 B(L)=B(L)+AN(L)

      C BERECHNUNG DER RUNDUNGSFEHLER RF=C-CM*B
      C
0061      IZ=0
0062      DO 600 K=1,IG
0063      RF(K)=C(K)
0064      CP(K)=C(K)*RELF

```

```

0065      DO 601 L=1,IG
0066      601 RF(K)=RF(K)-CIL(K,L)*B(L)
0067      IF(ABS(CP(K)).LT.ABS(RF(K)))NZ=NZ+1
0068      600 CONTINUE
0069      WRITE(6,5003) (SNR(L,IG1),AN(L),B(L),RF(L),CP(L),L=1,IG)      TEST
0070      5003 FORMAT(//,(5E12.5))                                TEST
0071      IF(NZ.EQ.0)RETURN

C   C RUNDUNGSFEHLER ZU GROSS. BERECHNUNG VON KORREKTUREN. DAZU MUSS DIE
C   C KONSTANTENSPALTE SNR(*,IG1) DER REDUZIERTEN NORMALGLEICHUNGEN
C   C MITTELS DER RF NEU GEBILDET WERDEN.
C   C UEBERTRAGEN DER RF ENTSPRECHEND KZU NACH SNR(*,IG1).
C
0072      DO 605 L=1,IG
0073      NK=KZU(L)
0074      605 SNR(L,IG1)=RF(NK)
0075      WRITE(6,5004) (SNR(L,IG1),L=1,IG)                  TEST
0076      5004 FORMAT(//,(4E12.5))                            TEST

C   C GAUSS-ALGORITHMUS FUR SNR(*,IG1)
C
0077      DO 610 I=1,IL
0078      SNR(I,IG1)=SNR(I,IG1)/ST(I,I)
0079      IG1=IG-I
0080      DO 610 K=1,IG1
0081      IK=I+K
0082      610 SNR(IK,IG1)=SNR(IK,IG1)-SNR(I,IG1)*ST(IK,I)
0083      GO TO 450
0084      END

```

0001

BLOCK DATA

0002

COMMON/SUFP/NBF,KNS(2,61),MAXM(2,61),IK1,IK2,KV1(4),KV2(4),PROZ,NH
1EAUS

0003

C DATA MAXM(1,1), MAXM(1,2), MAXM(1,3), MAXM(1,4), MAXM(1,5), MAXM(1,6), M
 1AXM(1,7), MAXM(1,8), MAXM(1,9), MAXM(1,10), MAXM(1,11), MAXM(1,12), MAXM
 2(1,13), MAXM(1,14), MAXM(1,15), MAXM(1,16), MAXM(1,17), MAXM(1,18), MAXM
 3(1,19), MAXM(1,20), MAXM(1,21), MAXM(1,22), MAXM(1,23), MAXM(1,24), MAXM
 4(1,25), MAXM(1,26), MAXM(1,27), MAXM(1,28), MAXM(1,29), MAXM(1,30), MAXM
 5(1,31), MAXM(1,32), MAXM(1,33), MAXM(1,34), MAXM(1,35), MAXM(1,36), MAXM
 6(1,37), MAXM(1,38), MAXM(1,39), MAXM(1,40), MAXM(1,41), MAXM(1,42), MAXM
 7(1,43), MAXM(1,44), MAXM(1,45), MAXM(1,46), MAXM(1,47), MAXM(1,48), MAXM
 8(1,49), MAXM(1,50), MAXM(1,51), MAXM(1,52), MAXM(1,53), MAXM(1,54), MAXM
 9(1,55), MAXM(1,56), MAXM(1,57), MAXM(1,58), MAXM(1,59), MAXM(1,60), MAXM
 A(1,61)/1,1,2,2,2,3,2,3,4,4,4,3,4,5,5,4,5,6,6,6,5,6,6,4,7,6,7,6,7,7
 B,8,8,8,6,8,8,6,7,8,9,8,2,6,9,9,8,8,10,1,9,10,1,8,8,10,1,9,10,1,11,
 C11,8,11,7, MAXM(2,1), MAXM(2,2), MAXM(2,3), MAXM(2,4), MAXM(2,5), MAXM(2,
 D6), MAXM(2,7), MAXM(2,8), MAXM(2,9), MAXM(2,10), MAXM(2,11), MAXM(2,12),
 EMAXM(2,13), MAXM(2,14), MAXM(2,15), MAXM(2,16), MAXM(2,17), MAXM(2,18),
 FMAXM(2,19), MAXM(2,20), MAXM(2,21), MAXM(2,22), MAXM(2,23), MAXM(2,24),
 GMAXM(2,25), MAXM(2,26), MAXM(2,27), MAXM(2,28), MAXM(2,29), MAXM(2,30),
 HMAXM(2,31), MAXM(2,32), MAXM(2,33), MAXM(2,34), MAXM(2,35), MAXM(2,36),
 IMAXM(2,37), MAXM(2,38), MAXM(2,39), MAXM(2,40), MAXM(2,41), MAXM(2,42),
 JMAXM(2,43), MAXM(2,44), MAXM(2,45), MAXM(2,46), MAXM(2,47), MAXM(2,48),
 KMAXM(2,49), MAXM(2,50), MAXM(2,51), MAXM(2,52), MAXM(2,53), MAXM(2,54),
 LMAXM(2,55), MAXM(2,56), MAXM(2,57), MAXM(2,58), MAXM(2,59), MAXM(2,60),
 MMAXM(2,61)/C,1,2,2,3,2,4,3,4,4,5,4,5,6,6,5,6,4,7,6,6,7,8,7,8,7,6
 N,8,9,8,6,9,8,9,10,9,10,9,10,1,9,10,1,10,1,11,10,1,11,10,1,12,11,12,12,
 O11,12,6,12,10,13,10,12/,KNS(2,1),KNS(2,2),KNS(2,3),KNS(2,4),KNS(2,
 P5),KNS(2,6),KNS(2,7),KNS(2,8),KNS(2,9),KNS(2,10),KNS(2,11),KNS(2,1
 Q2),KNS(2,13),KNS(2,14),KNS(2,15),KNS(2,16),KNS(2,17),KNS(2,18),KNS
 R(2,19),KNS(2,20),KNS(2,21),KNS(2,22),KNS(2,23),KNS(2,24),KNS(2,25)
 S,KNS(2,26),KNS(2,27),KNS(2,28),KNS(2,29),KNS(2,30),KNS(2,31),KNS(2
 T,32),KNS(2,33),KNS(2,34),KNS(2,35),KNS(2,36),KNS(2,37),KNS(2,38),K
 UNS(2,39),KNS(2,40),KNS(2,41),KNS(2,42),KNS(2,43),KNS(2,44),KNS(2,4
 V5),KNS(2,46),KNS(2,47),KNS(2,48),KNS(2,49),KNS(2,50),KNS(2,51),KNS
 W(2,52),KNS(2,53),KNS(2,54),KNS(2,55),KNS(2,56),KNS(2,57),KNS(2,58)
 X,KNS(2,59),KNS(2,60),KNS(2,61)/0,3,4,8,11,12,16,19,20,24,27,32,35,
 Y36,40,43,44,48,51,52,56,59,64,67,68,72,75,76,80,83,84,88,91,96,99,
 Z10,104,107,108,115,116,120,123,128,131,132,136,139,140,144,147,14
 *8,152,155,160,163,164,168,171,172,176/

0004

END

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

SSWTCH

DATE = 69050

17/02/15

PAGE 0001

0001 C SUBROUTINE SSWTCH(N,IFSSN)
0002 C RETURN
0003 C END

APPENDIX II - P R O G R A M SKFD

FORTRAN IV C LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 001

C

PROGRAM SKFD (STRUCTURE FACTOR AND FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION)

SKFD IS AN EXTENSION OF A PROGRAM - GJU, ORNL-TM 1425 BY
 L.J.RAUBENHEIMER AND G.GILAT (CALCULATION OF FREQUENCY-
 DISTRIBUTION FUNCTIONS OF CUBIC CRYSTALS) - TO CALCULATE ALSO
 THE STRUCTURE-FACTOR S(K) AVERAGED OVER ALL DIRECTIONS FOR FIXED
 K AND THE ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY.
 SKFD IS RESTRICTED TO BCC AND FCC CRYSTALS AND WRITTEN IN
 FORTRAN 4 LANGUAGE.

MODEL FORM FACTOR USED FOR THE DESCRIPTION OF THE CRYSTAL PHONONS
 $G(X)=\exp(-(B1*X/2)^2)*(1+B2*T+\dots+BK*T^{(K-1)})$

NWAY=1 T=B1*X/2
 NWAY=2 T=(B1*X/2)**2
 NWAY=3 T=X/2
 NWAY=4 T=(X/2)**2

X IS THE PHONON WAVE VECTOR, BI=B(I) ARE THE PARAMETERS (MAX. 25)

2

0001 DIMENSION CTC(3103)
 0002 DIMENSION AL(3),Q(3),V(3),GD1(3),GD2(3),GD3(3),PX(60)
 0003 DIMENSION AMAS(12)
 0004 DIMENSION EV(3,3)
 0005 DIMENSION MAX(1(2,61),KNS(2,61))
 0006 DIMENSION ITB(33),JTB(33),KTB(33),ITF(33),JTF(33),KTF(33)

5

0007 COMMON/C2/AM1
 0008 COMMON/C3/PI,CPT,PX,GJ,SC,NSFB,AMAS,D
 0009 COMMON/C4/EV,V
 0010 COMMON/C5/CTA(3000),LA,DVA,AHALF,VOLUME,ASQ,NPRINT,XM
 0011 COMMON/C6/K1,KK,I,J,K
 0012 COMMON/C7/II
 0013 COMMON/MAELGN/NSH1,CLB2,CLB,KP,NWAY,PIA2,CON1,CON2,CON4,SIS,IEX,B(125),NPPS(50),HPX(3103),HPY(3103),HPZ(3103),FSRPH(60),FSIMP(3000)
 0014 COMMON/IAFD/IFT,CORREX,QKCKF2
 0015 COMMON/MAGR/J(18)
 0016 COMMON/IAFRE/RMAX,NT,DELK,NSK,CON1C,XT(33),YT(33),ZT(33),CNR(502),
 1SK(502)
 0017 COMMON/MASK/CON3,CON7,CON8,CON9,PIA,NRES,NSKPL,NPLOT,NCAN,DWF,TEMP
 1,FQMAX

C

COMMON/MAELGN/ REFERS ALSO TO SUBR. SIMPC AND SKRES
 COMMON/MAGR/ AND /IAFRE/ REFER ALSO TO SUBR. SKRES

C

EQUIVALENCE (HPX,CTC)

0018

C

```

0019      DATA MAXM(1,1),MAXM(1,2),MAXM(1,3),MAXM(1,4),MAXM(1,5),MAXM(1,6),M
          IAXM(1,7),MAXM(1,8),MAXM(1,9),MAXM(1,10),IAXM(1,11),MAXM(1,12),MAXM
          2(1,13),MAXM(1,14),MAXM(1,15),MAXM(1,16),IAXM(1,17),MAXM(1,18),MAXM
          3(1,19),MAXM(1,20),MAXM(1,21),MAXM(1,22),IAXM(1,23),MAXM(1,24),MAXM
          4(1,25),MAXM(1,26),MAXM(1,27),MAXM(1,28),IAXM(1,29),MAXM(1,30),MAXM
          5(1,31),MAXM(1,32),MAXM(1,33),MAXM(1,34),IAXM(1,35),MAXM(1,36),MAXM
          6(1,37),MAXM(1,38),MAXM(1,39),MAXM(1,40),MAXM(1,41),MAXM(1,42),MAXM
          7(1,43),MAXM(1,44),MAXM(1,45),MAXM(1,46),MAXM(1,47),MAXM(1,48),MAXM
          8(1,49),MAXM(1,50),MAXM(1,51),MAXM(1,52),MAXM(1,53),MAXM(1,54),MAXM
          9(1,55),MAXM(1,56),MAXM(1,57),MAXM(1,58),MAXM(1,59),MAXM(1,60),MAXM
          A(1,61)/0,1,2,2,2,3,2,3,4,4,4,3,4,5,5,4,5,6,6,6,5,6,6,4,7,6,7,6,7,7
          B,8,8,8,6,8,3,6,7,3,9,3,9,6,9,9,8,9,10,1,1,9,10,10,8,10,10,10,11,
          C11,8,11,/,MAXM(2,1),MAXM(2,2),MAXM(2,3),MAXM(2,4),MAXM(2,5),MAXM(2,
          D6),MAXM(2,7),MAXM(2,8),MAXM(2,9),IAXM(2,10),MAXM(2,11),MAXM(2,12),
          EMAXM(2,13),MAXM(2,14),MAXM(2,15),IAXM(2,16),MAXM(2,17),MAXM(2,18),
          FMAXM(2,19),MAXM(2,20),MAXM(2,21),IAXM(2,22),MAXM(2,23),MAXM(2,24),
          GMAXM(2,25),MAXM(2,26),MAXM(2,27),MAXM(2,28),MAXM(2,29),MAXM(2,30),
          HMAXM(2,31),MAXM(2,32),MAXM(2,33),IAXM(2,34),MAXM(2,35),MAXM(2,36),
          IMAXM(2,37),MAXM(2,38),MAXM(2,39),IAXM(2,40),MAXM(2,41),MAXM(2,42),
          JMAXM(2,43),MAXM(2,44),MAXM(2,45),IAXM(2,46),MAXM(2,47),MAXM(2,48),
          KMAXM(2,49),MAXM(2,50),MAXM(2,51),IAXM(2,52),MAXM(2,53),MAXM(2,54),
          LMAXM(2,55),MAXM(2,56),MAXM(2,57),IAXM(2,58),MAXM(2,59),MAXM(2,60),
          MMAXM(2,61)/0,1,2,2,3,2,4,3,4,4,5,4,5,6,6,5,6,4,7,6,6,7,8,7,8,8,7,6
          N,8,9,3,6,9,3,9,10,10,9,10,9,10,10,11,10,10,11,11,11,11,11,12,11,12,12,
          O11,12,9,12,12,13,10,12/,KNS(2,1),KNS(2,2),KNS(2,3),KNS(2,4),KNS(2,
          P5),KNS(2,6),KNS(2,7),KNS(2,8),KNS(2,9),KNS(2,10),KNS(2,11),KNS(2,1
          Q2),KNS(2,13),KNS(2,14),KNS(2,15),KNS(2,16),KNS(2,17),KNS(2,18),KNS
          R(2,19),KNS(2,20),KNS(2,21),KNS(2,22),KNS(2,23),KNS(2,24),KNS(2,25)
          S,KNS(2,26),KNS(2,27),KNS(2,28),KNS(2,29),KNS(2,30),KNS(2,31),KNS(2
          T,32),KNS(2,33),KNS(2,34),KNS(2,35),KNS(2,36),KNS(2,37),KNS(2,38),K
          UNS(2,39),KNS(2,40),KNS(2,41),KNS(2,42),KNS(2,43),KNS(2,44),KNS(2,4
          V5),KNS(2,46),KNS(2,47),KNS(2,48),KNS(2,49),KNS(2,50),KNS(2,51),KNS
          W(2,52),KNS(2,53),KNS(2,54),KNS(2,55),KNS(2,56),KNS(2,57),KNS(2,58)
          X,KNS(2,59),KNS(2,60),KNS(2,61)/0,3,4,3,11,12,16,19,2,24,27,32,35,
          Y36,40,43,44,48,51,52,56,59,64,67,68,72,75,76,80,83,84,88,91,96,99,
          Z100,104,107,108,115,116,120,123,128,131,132,136,139,140,144,147,14
          *3,152,155,159,163,164,168,171,172,176/
          DATA ITF(1),JTF(1),KTF(1),ITF(2),JTF(2),KTF(2),ITF(3),JTF(3),KTF(3
          1),ITF(4),JTF(4),KTF(4),ITF(5),JTF(5),KTF(5),ITF(6),JTF(6),KTF(6),I
          2TF(7),JTF(7),KTF(7),ITF(8),JTF(8),KTF(8),ITF(9),JTF(9),KTF(9),ITF(
          31),JTF(10),KTF(10),ITF(11),JTF(11),KTF(11),ITF(12),JTF(12),KTF(12
          4),ITF(13),JTF(13),KTF(13),ITF(14),JTF(14),KTF(14),ITF(15),JTF(15),
          5KTF(15),ITF(16),JTF(16),KTF(16),ITF(17),JTF(17),KTF(17),ITF(18),J
          6F(18),KTF(18),ITF(19),JTF(19),KTF(19),ITF(20),JTF(20),KTF(20),ITF(
          721),JTF(21),KTF(21),ITF(22),JTF(22),KTF(22),ITF(23),JTF(23),KTF(23
          8),ITF(24),JTF(24),KTF(24),ITF(25),JTF(25),KTF(25),ITF(26),JTF(26),
          9KTF(26),ITF(27),JTF(27),KTF(27),ITF(28),JTF(28),KTF(28),ITF(29),JTF

```

0020

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, 100 2

MAIN

DATE = 69159

16/58/35

PAGE 0003

AF(29),KTF(29),ITF(30),JTF(30),KTF(31),ITF(31),JTF(31),KTF(31),ITF(32),
 JTF(32),KTF(32),ITF(33),JTF(33),KTF(33)70,,0,1,1,1,2,0,0,2,2,
 C0,3,1,1,2,2,2,4,0,0,3,3,1,4,2,0,4,2,2,5,1,1,3,3,3,4,4,0,5,3,1,6,0,
 D0,4,4,2,0,0,5,3,3,6,2,2,4,4,4,5,5,1,6,4,0,6,4,2,7,3,1,5,5,3,8,0,
 E0,7,3,3,3,2,0,6,4,4,3,2,2,6,6,0,7,5,1,5,5,5,1,ITB(1),JTB(1),KTB(1),
 ITB(2),JTB(2),KTB(2),ITB(3),JTB(3),KTB(3),ITB(4),JTB(4),KTB(4),ITB
 G(5),JTB(5),KTB(5),ITB(6),JTB(6),KTB(6),ITB(7),JTB(7),KTB(7),ITB(8)
 H,JTB(8),KTB(8),ITB(9),JTB(9),KTB(9),ITB(10),JTB(10),KTB(10),ITB(11)
 I,JTB(11),KTB(11),ITB(12),JTB(12),KTB(12),ITB(13),JTB(13),KTB(13),
 ITB(14),JTB(14),KTB(14),ITB(15),JTB(15),KTB(15),ITB(16),JTB(16),KT
 K3(16),ITB(17),JTB(17),KTB(17),ITB(18),JTB(18),KTB(18),ITB(19),JTB(19),
 L19),KTB(19),ITB(20),JTB(20),KTB(20),ITB(21),JTB(21),KTB(21),ITB(22)
 M1),JTB(22),KTB(22),ITB(23),JTB(23),KTB(23),ITB(24),JTB(24),KTB(24),
 NI,ITB(25),JTB(25),KTB(25),ITB(26),JTB(26),KTB(26),ITB(27),JTB(27),KT
 UB(27),ITB(28),JTB(28),KTB(28),ITB(29),JTB(29),KTB(29),ITB(30),JTB(30),
 P30),KTB(30),ITB(31),JTB(31),KTB(31),ITB(32),JTB(32),KTB(32),ITB(33)
 Q),JTB(33),KTB(33)70,,0,1,1,0,2,0,0,0,2,1,1,2,2,0,3,1,0,2,2,2,3,2,1,
 R4,0,0,3,3,0,4,1,1,4,2,0,3,3,2,4,2,2,5,1,0,4,3,1,5,2,1,4,4,0,5,3,0,
 S4,0,0,6,0,6,4,4,2,6,1,1,5,3,2,6,2,0,5,4,1,6,2,2,6,3,1,4,4,4,7,1,0,
 T5,5,0,5,4,3,6,4,0)

C	THE ONLY (DIMENSIONED) ARRAYS IN CONDITION STATEMENTS ARE CTA(3000),	13
C	EV(3, 3) AND V(3) , V IN GNU IS EQUIVALENT TO PH IN SUBR. FREQ	14
C		15
0021	161 FOR IAT(1H0)	16
0022	164 FOR IAT (4.1 EV=9E12,5)	17
0023	165 FOR IAT(1X,I4,3I3,2X,3HGU=,F4.1,5X,3H0 =,3F9.5,5X,3HV =,6F9.5)	19
0024	166 FOR IAT(1H0,1H0, 22HARRAY OF G(NU)/(NU)**2 //)	20
0025	167 FOR IAT(1X,I5,3I3,F5.1,4X,6F9.5/8F9.5)	21
0026	168 FOR IAT(1H0,1H0,13HATOMIC MASS(ES) = ,4F10.4)	23
0027	119 FOR IAT(8F10.0)	27
0028	125 FOR IAT(10F8.0)	33
0029	447 FOR IAT (9A4,I6,E12.5)	
0030	547 FOR IAT (I5,1P5E15.3)	
0031	1000 FOR IAT (5E12.5)	
0032	1001 FOR IAT (12I6)	
0033	1002 FOR IAT (1H1)	
0034	1003 FOR IAT(1H1/35H) *NEGATIVE* FREQUENCY CHANNELS /1H0)	35
0035	1111 FOR IAT(33H (NSE3, INN, KK, IMIT, IJAX) = ,1H14)	36
0036	1112 FOR IAT(44H0 CYCLE IJ0, KK, N0 CUBES, IMIN, IMAX = ,10I5)	25
0037	1121 FOR IAT(27I5)	26
0038	2000 FOR IAT (//10H11ETAL CONSTANTS//9X,11HMASS(E-24G),3X,12HLATTCE(E-18C/H),4X,13HCORR-FER1I,4X,13HSCREEN.CDEF,3X,11HZ-EFFECTIVE,2X,14H2K-SCR(E+8/C11),2X,13.HR-ZERO(E-8CM),1X,15HSCR.RAD(E-8CM)//5X,8E15.35)	28
0039	2001 FOR IAT (//33.0MODEL AND COMPUTATION PARAMETERS//9X,4HNBF=I2,5X,4HI1FT=I2,5X,3HCP=I3,5X,5HNWAY=I2,5X,4HNSH=I3)	
0040	2002 FOR IAT (//9X,8HE-F(EV)=E12.5,5X,12HK-F(E+8/C1)=E12.5,5X,5HETHA=E12	

0041 105)
 2003 FORMAT (//15H)FIT-PARAMETERS//(5X,3E15.5))
 0042 2014 FORMAT (50HWORKING STORAGE HPX, HPY, HPZ OR NPPS EXCEEDED /56H
 10M MORE THAN 3K (35) H-SHELLS FOR BCC- (FCC-) CASE. /30H0.COM
 2PUTATION INTERRUPTED)
 0043 2107 FORMAT(4F20.6) 22
 0044 2109 FORMAT (16H)FORCE CONSTANTS//) 29
 0045 2120 FORMAT(1H,, 1.0E11.4)
 0046 3001 FORMAT (1.0A4)
 0047 3002 FORMAT (1.0I,1.0A4)
 0048 7102 FOR IAT(5X,22HFR EQ., CHANNEL WIDTH = ,F6.4) 18
 0049 8123 FORMAT(18H)FR EQ.(1.0**12 CPS), 20X, 24HG(NU) HISTOGRAM CHANNELS //) 31
 0050 9123 FORMAT (1H,,1.0X,1.0A4/1H,,)
 0051 9125 FORMAT(5E16.3)
 0052 9126 FORMAT (/38HNOTE THAT INPUT RMAX WAS CHANGED FROM,E12.5,3H TO,E12
 1.05,35H TO AVOID OVERFLOW IN CNR AND SK.) 34
 CC53 9127 FORMAT (/52HNUMBER OF TRANS. VECTORS TOO SMALL FOR INPUT RMAX.
 1/37HRESULTS RELIABLE FOR K/(2*PI/A).LT. E12.5)
 C
 C ALL *LOGICAL IF* STATEMENTS HAVE BEEN REPLACED BY ARITHMETIC IF*'S 37
 C SOME LOGICAL IFS HAVE BEEN LEFT IN AS COMMENTS, INDICATED BY C* 38
 C
 0054 C NDIMA AND NDIMC ARE THE DIMENSIONS OF CTA AND CTC 39
 0055 C NDIMA=3000 43
 C NDIMC=NDIMA 44
 C
 0056 C NSTEP=0 45
 0057 C KNS(1,1)=0 46
 0058 C 00 160 L=1,60 47
 0059 C IF(L.EQ.14) IR, L, EQ, 29, OR, L, EQ, 44, OR, L, EQ, 53, OR, L, EQ, 58)NSTEP=NSTEP 50
 0060 C
 0061 160 KNS(1,L+1)=2*L+NSTEP
 0062 READ (5,3001) (H(I),I=1,18)
 0063 READ (5,1000) CMAS,CLATT,CORRF,SCREEN,ZEFF,ETHA
 0064 READ (5,1001) NBF,IFT,NWAY,KP,NSH
 0065 READ (5,1000) (B(I),I=1,KP)
 0066 READ (5,1119) DVA,XM,DQ
 0067 READ (5,1120) NCTA,NCTC,NTAPE,NPLOT,KK,KG,IMIN,IMAX,NDIV,NPRINT,NP
 10NCN,ISK,ISKPL,NRES
 0068 IF(NPLOT)710,710,402
 0069 402 READ (5,1119) XFACT,YFACT
 0070 710 CONTINUE
 0071 IF(NSK.EQ.0) READ (5,1000) RMAX,TEMP,DWF,FQMAX
 0072 IF(NRES.EQ.1.AND.NSK.EQ.0)NSK=1
 0073 IF(NRES.EQ.1.AND.RMAX.LE.1.0)RMAX=1.1
 IF(NSK.EQ.1)ISKPL=0

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 100 2

1AII

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE COM5

CMASS	IONEN-MASSE IN E-246	
CLATT	GITTER-KONSTANTE IN E-8C1	
CORRF	=1.0 FREE ELECTRON APPROXIMATION	
SCREEN	=1.0 THOMAS-FERMI-SCREENING	
	=1.18316 PINES-SCREENING	
SCREEN PARA 1	$CKC^{*2} = CKF * (4/\pi * A)^{*2} * SCREEN$ $A = 5.29172E-8C1$	
CLATT*CKF=CORRF*(6*ZEFF*PI**2)**C.333333		
ZEFF	EFFECTIVE IONENLADUNG	
ET IA	DEFs IN UPS FDC	
IBF	=1 FUER BCC, =2 FUER FCC	
IFT	DEFs IN UPS FDC	
INWAY	DEFs IN PROGR. PSAF/MAIN	
KP	ANZAHL DER MODELL-PARAMETER, MAX. 25	
NSH	BER. DER H-TERME BIS ZUR NSH-TEN SCHALE,	
S(I)	FIT PARAMETER	
DVA = CHANNEL WIDTH OF HISTOGRAM (IN 10**12 C/S)		59
XMAX = MAX FREQ (UNITS OF 10**12 C/S)		60
DQ = DELTA Q FOR COMPUTING GRAD(NU), USUALLY DQ = 0.0001		61
XFACT, YFACT	DETERMINES SIZE OF GNU- PLOT / LENGTH OF X-AXIS WILL BE XFACT*VNU-MAX, LENGTH OF Y-AXIS YFACT*GNU-MAX.	
IPILOT	=1, PLOT OF GNU, OTHERWISE =0	
IPUNCH	=1, PUNCH OF GNU (FOR INTERMEDIATE STORAGE TAPE 11 IS USE) , OTHERWISE =0	
ISK	=0, COMPUTE ONLY GNU	
	=1, COMPUTE GNU AND S(K)	
	=2, COMPUTE ONLY S(K)	
ISKPL	=1, PLOT OF S(K). OTHERWISE =0	
NRRES	=1, COMPUTE THE ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY.	
RMAX	S(K) IS COMPUTED FOR K=DELTAK/2 UNTIL K=RMAX. THE STEP SIZE DELTAK IS DETERMINED BY KK $DELTAK=1/(3*KK)$ FOR FCC AND $=1/(4*KK)$ FOR BCC IN UNITS OF $(2*\pi/A)$.	
TEMP	TEMPERATURE AT WHICH THE FITTED DISPs. CURVES ARE MEASURED.	
DWF	DEBYE-HALLER FACTOR AT THAT TEMPERATURE. IF NOT KNOWN =0.0. S(K) IS THEN COMPUTED WITHOUT THE DWF.	
FQMAX	MAX. FREQUENCY OF THE FREQUENCIES USED FOR COMPUTING THE DWF. IF DWF=0.0 ALSO FQMAX=0.0	
310 LA=X1/DVA+5100		76
C WE START STORING G(NU) IN LOC. 51 OF CTA IN CASE OF *NEG* FREQS		88
C IS=N		89
C IS IS TO BE THE MESH POINT SEQUENCE NUMBER		90
		91

0074

0075

C FIND SOME CONVENIENT CONSTANTS ETC.

C

93

```

0071
0072      CL=3(1)
0073      KPI=KP-1
0074      CBF=1BF
0075      PI=3.14159
0080      QP=4.0*PI
0081      CKF=CORRF/CLATT*(6.0*PI**2*ZEFF*CBF)**0.333333
0082      SCRR=0.5*SQRT(PI**0.5*29172/(CKF*SCREEN))
0083      CKC=1.0/SCRR
0084      RATIOK=(CKC/CKF)**2
0085      JKCKF2=(CKC/CKF)**2
0086      RZERO=CLATT*(1.5/(QP*ZEFF*CBF))**0.333333
0087      CO11=CLATT**2/(QP*PI*SCRR**2)
0088      CO12=PI/(CLATT*CKF)
0089      CO13=(QP*ZEFF*4.0,124*CBF)/(1.6*2.05*CLATT**3)
0090      CO16=2.0*0.012*CBF*2.3*0.67*ZEFF**2*QP/CLATT**3
0091      CO15=CO13*SCRR**2
0092      EFER=1.05*CO15
0093      PIA=2.0*PI/CLATT
0094      CLB=CL*PIA/2.0
0095      CLB2=CLB*CLB
0096      IF(NWAY.EQ.2) NEX=NWAY
0097      IF(NWAY.GT.2) NEX=NWAY-2
0098      CNEX=NEX
0099      IF(IFTE.EQ.3) CORREX=1.0+ETHA*RATIOK
0100      IF(IFTE.EQ.4) CORREX=1.0+0.5*RATIOK
0101      PIA2=PI/CLATT
0102      HH=1.0*0.043
0103      AMAS(1)=CMASS/HH
0104
0105      INI=3
0106      IF(NBF.EQ.1) NSFB=3
0107      IF(NBF.EQ.2) NSFB=2

```

C

56

NSFB = 1 FOR SIMPLE CUBE, =2 FOR FCC AND =3 FOR BCC
 NNN = DIME ISID(1) (=3 TIMES NO. OF ATOMS/UNIT CELL)

53

C

54

```

SC=QP*PI*HH
ANI=0.5/(D0*SC*AMAS(1))
SC=SC*AMAS(1)
CO14=CO16

```

C

C AUSDRUCKEN

C

```

0111      WRITE(6,3002) (I(I),I=1,18)
0112      WRITE(6,2005) CMASS,CLATT,CORRF,SCREEN,ZEFF,CKC,RZERO,SCRR
0113      WRITE(6,2003) (B(I),I=1,KP)
0114      WRITE(6,2001) NBF,IFT,KP,NWAY,NSH

```

FORTRAN IV - LEVEL 1, 100 2

1AII

DATE = 69 159

16/58/35

PAGE 007

```

C115      WRITE (6,200) EFER1I,CKF,ETHA
C116      IF (16K.EQ.0) GO TO 330
C117      CD17=(1.544*1.544)/(C1ASS*TE1P*1.33044)
C118      CD18=(3.0*1.544*1.544*PIA*PIA)/(CMASS*66.2517)
C119      CD19=1.15635*CLATT**3/(2.0*CBF*EFER'1I)
C120      IF (TE1P.GT.1.0) CON10=47.993/TEMP
C121      RMAX=R1AX/C0N2
C122      CKK=KK
C123      DO T1 (341,342),IBF
C124      841 DELK=1.0/(4.0*CKK)
C125      C0.1P=1.025*1.025
C126      DO 343 L=1,33
C127      XT(L)=ITB(L)
C128      CJ=J
C129      DO 350 K=1,J
C130      YT(L)=JTB(L)
C131      ZT(L)=KTB(L)
C132      DO T1 345
C133      842 DELK=1.0/(8.0*CKK)
C134      C0.1P=1.0
C135      DO 344 L=1,33
C136      XT(L)=ITF(L)
C137      YT(L)=JTF(L)
C138      ZT(L)=KTF(L)
C139      CONTINUE
C140      RMAX2=R1AX*R1AX
C141      DO 345 L=1,33
C142      XTL=XT(L)
C143      YTL=YT(L)
C144      ZTL=ZT(L)
C145      SM=XTL*XTL+YTL*YTL+ZTL*ZTL-RMAX2
C146      IF (SM.GT.C0.1P) GO TO 347
C147      846 CONTINUE
C148      RMAXC=SQR(SM+RMAX2-C0.1P)
C149      WRITE (6,9127) RMAXC
C150      347 JT=L
C151      ICAN=1.0
C152      IF (2*(ICAN/2).EQ.0) NCAN=NCAN+1
C153      NCAN=ICAN
C154      R1AX=C1CAN*DELK
C155      IF (ICAN.LE.5.0) GO TO 849
C156      CR1AX=R1AX
C157      R1AX=5.01*DELK
C158      ICAN=5.01
C159      WRITE (6,9128) C1MAX,R1AX
C160      849 CONTINUE
C161      DO 348 L=1,ICAN

```

135

```

0162      CMR(L)=0.0
0163      848 SK(L)=1.0
0164      830 CINITI 1UE
0165      215 IF(KP>E) GO TO 217
0166      215 NEID=(KP-1)/2+1
0167      DO 213 KL=2, NEND
0168      I=KP+2-KL
0169      ZS1=B(I)
0170      B(I)=B(KL)
0171      218 B(KL)=ZS1
0172      217 CINITI 1UE

C PREPARATION OF H-SUMS
C
0173      IF(NBF>E) AND NSH>GE 31 OR NBF>E) 2 AND NSH>GE 36) GO TO 91
0174      NSH=NSH+1
0175      IPT=0
0176      SHS=0.0
0177      L=1
0178      99 LI 1=IAK 1(NBF,L)
0179      IRAO=KJS(NBF,L)
0180      H2=IRAO
0181      H1=SQRT(H2)

C CALCULATION OF J(H)*G(H)
C
0182      CL3X2=H2*CL32
0183      EXX2=EXP(-2.5*CL3X2)
0184      IF(KP>E) GO TO 93
0185      IF(NAY>GT) AX=(PIA2*H1)**NEX
0186      IF(NAY>LE) AX=(CL3*H1)**NEX
0187      S1=0.0
0188      DO 97 KL=2, KP
0189      97 S1=(S1+B(KL))*AX
0190      S1=1.0+S1
0191      FSP=EXX2*S1*S1/(H2+CON1*FDC(CON2*H1))
0192      GO TO 93
0193      93 FSP=EXX2/(H2+CON1*FDC(CON2*H1))

C U(H)*G(H) ZU EINER H-SCHALE IN FSP GESPEICHERT.
C SUCHEN DER H-PUNKTE ZU DER SCHALE.
C
0194      96 FSPH(L)=FSP
0195      LI 11=LI 11+1
0196      LI 12=LI 11+LI 1
0197      IPTS=0
0198      DO 94 I=1, LI 12, NBF
0199      IX=I-LI 11

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0009

```

0200      DO 94 J=1,LIM2,NBF
0201      IY=J-LI+1
0202      DO 94 K=1,LIM2,NBF
0203      IZ=K-LI+1
0204      IXX=IX*IX
0205      IYY=IY*IY
0206      IZZ=IZ*IZ
0207      IZ=IXX+IYY+IZZ
0208      IF(IZ.GE.IRAD) GO TO 94
0209      NPTS=NPTS+1
0210      NPT=NPT+1
0211      IF(NPT.GT.3103) GO TO 91
0212      HPX(NPT)=IX
0213      HPY(NPT)=IY
0214      HPZ(NPT)=IZ
0215      94 CONTINUE
0216      NPPS(L)=NPTS
C
C EINE H-SCHALE FERTIG, H-PUNKTE IN HPX,HPY UND HPZ
C
0217      IF(L.GE.NSH1) GO TO 90
0218      L=L+1
0219      GO TO 99
0220      91 WRITE(6,2004)
0221      CALL EXIT
0222      90 CONTINUE
C
0223      DO 10 I=1,NDIMA
0224      10 CTA(I)=0.0
C
0225      311 GO TO (312,313,314),NSFB
0226      312 JIMAX=KK
0227      CJIMAX=JIMAX
0228      PP=0.5
0229      GO TO 320
0230      313 JIMAX=4*KK
0231      CJIMAX=JIMAX
0232      PP=1.0
0233      GO TO 320
0234      314 JIMAX=2*KK
0235      CJIMAX=JIMAX
0236      PP=1.0
0237      320 CUBE=PP/CJIMAX
0238      IF(IMAX)1320,1320,2320
0239      1320 IMAX=JIMAX
0240      2320 IF(I4I)321,321,401
0241      321 IMIN=3
C

```

```

0242      401 WRITE (6,1111) NSFB,NNN,KK,IMIN,IMAX          115
0243      WRITE (6,101)                                     116
C       C BRILLOUIN ZONE NOW BROKEN UP INTO THREE PARTS (KM = 1,3) 117
C       AHALF IS HALF THE LENGTH OF A LITTLE CUBE EDGE .        118
C
0244      DO 69 K'1=1,3                                     119
0245      11 AHALF=CJBE/2.0                                120
0246      VOLUME=8.0*AHALF**3                            121
0247      ASQ=AHALF**2                                    122
0248      CKK=KK                                         123
C
0249      DO 350 I=IMIN,IMAX                           124
0250      CI=I                                         125
0251      GO TO (364,365,866),NSFB                     126
0252      864 JMAX=I                                    127
0253      GO TO 367                                    128
0254      865 JMAX=3.0*CCKK+0.5001-ABS(3.0*CCKK+0.5-CI) 129
0255      KFCC=6*KK+1                                 130
0256      GO TO 367                                    131
0257      866 JMAX=CCKK+0.5001-ABS(CCKK+0.5-CI)       132
0258      867 DO 350 J=1,J MAX                         133
0259      CK=K                                         134
0260      GO TO (345,370,345),NSFB                     135
0261      870 IF(I+J+K-KFCC)345,345,350               136
0262      345 Q(1)=(CI-0.5)*CUBE                      137
0263      Q(2)=(CJ-0.5)*CUBE                      138
0264      Q(3)=(CK-0.5)*CUBE                      139
C
C*     THE *LOGICAL IF* FORM OF THE STATEMENT(S) WHICH FOLLOW(S), IS 140
C*     IF(JMAX.NE.J AND J.NE.K) 349,346                141
C
0265      IF((JMAX-J)*(J-K))349,346,349             142
0266      346 IF(K-JMAX)348,347,347                 143
0267      347 GU=1.0                                  144
0268      GO TO 19                                  145
0269      348 GU=3.0                                  146
0270      GO TO 19                                  147
0271      349 GU=6.0                                  148
0272      19 MS=MS+1                                149
0273      NEG=0                                     150
C
0274      CALL FREQ(Q,GO1,GO2,GO3,NEG)                  65
C
0275      IF(NEG.EQ.1) GO TO 350
0276      31 IF(KG-1)34,34,29
0277      34 WRITE (6,105) MS,I,J,K,GU,(Q(M),M=1,3),(V(M),M=1,NNN) 152
0278      WRITE (6,104) ((EV(II,JJ),II=1,3),JJ=1,3)           153

```

FORTRAN IV C LEVEL 1, 100 2

MAIN

DATE = 69050

16/58/35

PAGE 0011

	C			
	C THE *LOGICAL IF* FORM OF THE STATEMENT(S) WHICH FOLLOW(S), IS			154
	C* 29 IF(KG.EQ.0)OR.(KG,EQ.2) 35,370			155
0279	C 20 IF(KG*(KG-2))370,35,370			156
0280	35 WRITE(7,177)15,I,J,K,GU,(Q(I),I=1,3),(V(M),M=1,NNN)			
0281	IF(NSK.EQ.2) GO TO 350			
0282	C 37J CALL SNEEPL1,601,602,603)			158
0283	C 35J CONTINUE			159
0284	IF(NSK.EQ.2) GO TO 746			160
0285	C WRITE(6,101)			161
0286	C IF(JCTA.GT.0)AND(IMIN.GT.1) GO TO 63			162
0287	GO TO 746			
0288	C 63 SA=0.0			
0289	DO 502 I=1,LA			
0290	502 SA = SA + CTA(I)			
0291	RA=SA*DVA			
0292	DO 503 J=1,LA			
0293	503 CTA(J)=CTA(J)/RA			
0294	CALL WRITE(CTA,DIMA,DVA,51,LA,2)			
0295	C WRITE(6,101)			
0296	DJ 504 J=1,LA			
0297	504 CTA(J)=CTA(J)*RA			
0298	C 746 WRITE(6,1112) K1,KK,MS,IMIN,IMAX			191
0299	WRITE(6,101)			192
0300	C KK=3*KK			193
0301	C JDE=CJDE/350			194
0302	IF(I.II.I-1)202,202,76			194A
0303	76 CONTINUE			194B
0304	IMAX=(I.II.I-1)*3			195
0305	GO TO (71,70,69),KM			196
0306	70 IMI,I=1			197
0307	GO TO 69			198
0308	71 IMI,I=4			199
0309	69 CONTINUE			200
0310	IF(NSK.EQ.2) GO TO 331			
0311	C 202 SA=0.0			201
0312	47 DO 50 I=1,LA			163
				169

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0012

0313	56	SA = SA + CTA(I)	
0314		RA=SA*DVA	
0315	DO	57 J=1,LA	172
0316	C	57 CTA(J)=CTA(J)/RA	
0317	C	68 WRITE (6,101)	174
0318		IF(NPUNCH.EQ.0) GO TO 647	
0319		LA1=LA-50	
0320		WRITE (7,447) (U(I),I=1,9),LA1,DVA	
0321		LA5=LA1/5	
0322		LA55=5*LA5	
0323		LDIFF=LA1-LA55	
0324		K=46	
0325		DO 500 I=1,LA5	
0326		K=K+5	
0327		K5=K+4	
0328	500	WRITE (7,547) I,(CTA(L),L=K,K5)	
0329		IF(LDIFF.EQ.0) GO TO 501	
0330		I1=I+1	
0331		K=LA55+51	
0332		KE=LA55+LDIFF+5	
0333		WRITE (7,547) I1,(CTA(L),L=K,KE)	
0334	501	CONTINUE	
0335		END FILE 7	
0336	647	CONTINUE	
0337		WRITE (6,1003)	202
0338		WRITE (6,2120) (CTA(J),J=1,50)	203
0339	C	201 DO 298 I=51,LA	204
0340		298 CTA(I-50)=CTA(I)	205
0341		NA=LA-50	206
0342		NA=NA+1	207
0343		DO 400 J=1,NA,LA	208
0344	400	CTA(J)=0.0	209
0345		IF(NCTA).NE.298,3298,3298	210
0346	C	3298 WRITE (6,1002)	211
0347		WRITE (6,2123) (W(II),II=1,9)	
0348		WRITE (6,71'2) DVA	213
0349		WRITE (6,8123)	214
0350	C	CALL WRITE(CTA,NDIM1,DVA,1,NA,2)	215
0351	C	6293 IF(NCTC).NE.298,3298,4298	
0352		4298 WRITE (6,1002)	217
0353	C	406 DO 406 I=1,NDIMC	98
0354		406 CTC(I)=0.0	99

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 100 2

MAIN

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0013

```
0355      FAC=3.0 / DVA**3.0          219
0356      NFRAC=IA/ICTC             220
0357      DO 61 J=1,NFRAC           221
0358      R=J
0359      61 CTC(J)=FAC*CTA(J)/(3.0*(R**2.0-R)+1.0)
0360      C      WRITE(6,105)           226
0361      C      CALL WRITE(CTC,NDIMC,DVA,1,NFRAC,2)   227
0362      C 5298 CONTINUE
0363      IF(NPLT>0) CALL GNPLOT(XFACT,YFACT)
0364      2293 IF(NTAPE)306,306,199
0365      199  WRITE(7,3001)(W(I),I=1,6)
0366      299  WRITE(7,9125)(CTA(J),J=1,NA)
0367      C      END FILE 7           362
0368      306  IF(NSKJ.EQ.0) GO TO 200
0369      831  CALL SKRES
0370      200  IF(NPLOT.NE.0.OR.NSKPL.NE.0) CALL FINTRA
0371      STOP
0372      END
```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 10D 2

GRAD

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

0001	C	SUBROUTINE GRAD(A,GG)	556
0002	C	DIMENSION EV(3,3),A(3,3),GG(3),P(3,3),V(3)	557
0003	C	C0'1104/C2/A4,I	
0004	C	C0'1114/C4/EV,V	
0005	C	C0'1104/C7/I	
0006		DO 10 I=1,N	562
0007		Y=0.0	563
0008		DO 11 J=1,N	564
0009		X=0.0	565
0010		DO 12 K=1,N	566
0011	12	X=X+EV(K,I)*A(K,J)	567
0012	11	P(I,J)=X	568
0013		DO 13 K=1,N	569
0014	13	Y=Y+P(I,K)*EV(K,I)	570
0015	10	GG(I)=Y*A(N)/V(I)	571
0016	C	RETURN	572
0017		END	573

0001

16

58

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, TUD 2

SIMPC

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

0001

FUNCTION SIMPC(DT,LIMIT)

C INTEGRATION EINER FUNKTION FUNC NACH SIMPSON

C C LIMIT IST DIE ANZAHL DER FUNKTIONSWERTE FUNC, DIE FUER
C AEGEOMDISTANZ PUNKTE (SCHRITTWEITE DT) IHRES ARGUMENTES GEgeben
C IST.

0002

COMMON//IAEL01//NSH1,CL02,CLB,KP,NWAY,PIA2,CON1,CON2,CON4,SHS,NEX,B(125),NPPS(60),NPPX(3103),NPPY(3103),NPPZ(3103),FSPH(60),FUNC(3000)

C

LIMIT1=LIMIT-1

SUM1=0.0

SUM11=0.0

FUNC(1)=FUNC(1)*0.5

FUNC(LIMIT)=FUNC(LIMIT)*0.5

DO 1 I=1,LIMIT1,2

1 SUM1=SUM1+FUNC(I)

DO 2 I=2,LIMIT1,2

2 SUM11=SUM11+FUNC(I)

SIMPC=(1.33333*DT)*(4.0*SUM1+2.0*SUM11)

RETURN

END

0003

0004

0005

0006

0007

0008

0009

0010

0011

0012

0013

0014

```

0001      SUBROUTINE ELEM1( Q,A)
0002      C
0003      DIMENSION Q( 3 ),A( 3,3 ),Q1SP( 50 ),FSPSP( 50 )
0004      C011)J/MAELDN/NSH1,CLB2,CLB,KP,NWAY,PIA2,CON1,CON2,CON4,SHS,NEX,B(
0005      C125 ),NPPS( 50 ),HPX( 3103 ),HPY( 3103 ),HPZ( 3103 ),FSPH( 60 ),FSIMP( 3000 )
0006      C
0007      DO 3 L=1,3
0008      DO 3 K=1,3
0009      3 A( L,K )=0.0
0010      HZZ=0
0011      INSTART=1
0012      NEND=0
0013      DO 2 K=INSTART,NEND
0014      RX=HPX( K )
0015      HY=HPY( K )
0016      HZ=HPZ( K )
0017      XHX=X( 1 )+HX
0018      YHY=Y( 2 )+HY
0019      ZHZ=Z( 3 )+HZ
0020      XHX2=XHX*XHX
0021      YHY2=YHY*YHY
0022      ZHZ2=ZH2*ZH2
0023      QH2=XHX2+YHY2+ZH2
0024      QH=SQRT( QH2 )
0025      CLBX2=QH2*CLB2
0026      EXX2=EXP( -2.0*CLBX2 )
0027      IF( KP.EQ.1 ) GO TO 3
0028      IF( NWAY.GT.2 ) AX=( PIA2*QH )**NEX
0029      IF( NWAY.LE.2 ) AX=( CLB*QH )**NEX
0030      S1=0.0
0031      DO 7 KL=2,KP
0032      7 S1=( S1+B( KL ))*AX
0033      S1=1.0+S1
0034      FSP=EXX2*S1*S1/( QH2+CON1*FDC( CON2*QH ))
0035      GO TO 10
0036      8 FSP=EXX2/( QH2+CON1*FDC( CON2*QH ))
0037      10 CONTINUE
0038      A( 1,1 )=A( 1,1 )+XHX2*FSP-HX*HX*FSP2
0039      A( 1,2 )=A( 1,2 )+XHX*YHY*FSP
0040      A( 1,3 )=A( 1,3 )+XHX*ZH2*FSP
0041      A( 2,2 )=A( 2,2 )+YHY2*FSP-HY*HY*FSP2
0042      A( 2,3 )=A( 2,3 )+YHY*ZH2*FSP
0043      A( 3,3 )=A( 3,3 )+ZH2*FSP-HZ*HZ*FSP2
0044      2 CONTINUE
0045      INSTART=NEND+1

```

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, 100 2

ELE1

DATE = 69/59

16/58/35

PAGE 0002

```
0046      IZ,L=1  
0047      1  CONTINUE  
0048      DO 11 L=1,3  
0049      DO 11 K=L,3  
0050      11 A(L,K)=A(L,K)*0044  
0051      A(2,1)=A(1,2)  
0052      A(3,1)=A(1,3)  
0053      A(3,2)=A(2,3)  
0054      RETURN  
0055      12 WRITE(6,13)  
0056      13 FORMAT(7E14)  WORKING STORAGES QHSP AND FSPSP TO SMALL, COMPUTATION  
0057      INTERRUPTED  
0058      END
```

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, 10D 2

WRITE

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

0001	C	SUBROUTINE WRITE (ARRAY,NDIM,DELF,NA,NB,NFMT)	742
0002	C	DIMENSION ARRAY(NDIM)	743
0003	101	FOR IAT(1X,F10.5,7X,1)E10.0)	744
0004	102	FOR IAT(1X,F10.5,7X,1)E10.3)	745
0005	C	JLINES=(NB-NA+2)/10	746
0006		J2=JA-1	747
0007		FINCR=10.*DELF	748
0008		FRJ=-FINCR	749
0009	DO 5	J=1,JLINES	750
0010		J1=J2+1	751
0011		J2=J1+9	752
0012		FRJ=FRJ+FINCR	753
0013	1	GO TO (1,2),NFMT	754
0014		1 WRITE (5,101) FRJ, (ARRAY(K),K=J1,J2)	755
0015		2 GO TO 5	756
0016	2	WRITE (5,102) FRJ, (ARRAY(K),K=J1,J2)	757
0017	5	CONTINUE	758
0018	C	RET JR 1	759
0019		END	760
			761
			762

```

0001      SUBROUTINE SWEEP( ),GD1,GD2,GD3)          574
0002      C
0003      COM111/C3/PI,CPT,PX,GU,SC,NSEB,A'MAS,D ) 575
0004      COM111/C4/EV,V
0005      COM111/C5/CTA(3000),LA,DVA,AHALF,VOLUME,ASQ,NPRINT,XM
0006      COM111/C6/K,I,KK,I,J,K
0007      COM111/C7/FNN
0008      C
0009      DIMENSION AL(3),V(3),GD1(3),GD2(3),GD3(3)
0010      DIMENSION PX(60),Q(3)
0011      DIMENSION A'MAS(12)
0012      DIMENSION EV(3,3)
0013      C
0014      1000 FORMAT(5X, 7E11.6, 2E15.5, I6)           582
0015      1002 FORMAT(26H0V(L),6T,MAX FREQ V(L) = ,E15.6/ 1H0) 583
0016      C
0017      DO 2 ) L=1,NIN
0018      IF(V(L)-X)21,21,19
0019      19  WRITE(6,1002) V(L)                      591
0020      GO TO 20
0021      21  GRD=SQRT(GD1(L)**2+GD2(L)**2+GD3(L)**2) 592
0022      DELH=DVA/GRD
0023      AL(1)=ABS(GD1(L))/GRD
0024      AL(2)=ABS(GD2(L))/GRD
0025      AL(3)=ABS(GD3(L))/GRD
0026      AL/MN=1.0/(AL(1)*AL(2)*AL(3))             593
0027      IF(AL(1)-AL(2))521,521,522
0028      521  AP=AL(1)
0029      AL(1)=AL(2)                                594
0030      AL(2)=AP
0031      522  IF(AL(2)-AL(3))523,523,527
0032      523  IF(AL(3)-AL(1))524,524,525
0033      C
0034      524  AP=AL(2)
0035      AL(2)=AL(3)
0036      AL(3)=AP
0037      GO TO 527
0038      525  AP=AL(3)
0039      AL(3)=AL(2)
0040      AL(2)=AL(1)
0041      AL(1)=AP
0042      527  COM111/E
0043      W1=(-AL(1)+AL(2)+AL(3))*AHALF
0044      W2=(AL(1)-AL(2)+AL(3))*AHALF
0045      W3=(AL(1)+AL(2)-AL(3))*AHALF
0046      W4=(AL(1)+AL(2)+AL(3))*AHALF
0047      C  CONSTANTS NEEDED

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 10D 2

SWEEP

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0002

0042	JL 1N=G J*AL(1)	621
0043	CJ I=0,5*UL 1	622
0044	WS J=W1**2	623
0045	AL23=4.0*AL(2)*AL(3)*ASQ	624
0046	B3=C1 J*14	625
0047	A3=B3*W4	626
0048	C3=JL 1J/6.0	627
0049	342=JL 1J*AHALF*AL(3)	628
0050	A42=2.0*B42*AHALF*(AL(1)+AL(2))	629
0051	A5=CJ I*(2.0*AL23-WSQ)	630
0052	B5=CJ J*W1	631
0053	C5=-C3	632
0054	A6=JL 1J*(AL23-WS)	633
0055	A41=4.0*GJ*ASQ/AL(1)	634
0056	SU1=0.0	635
0057	DO 900 JJJ=1,7	636
0058	GO T1 (751,752,753,754,755,756,757),JJJ	637
0059	751 A=AB	638
0060	B=B3	639
0061	C=C3	640
0062	AN=-J4	641
0063	UX=-J3	642
0064	FMAX=V(L)+J4*GRD	643
0065	UN2=FMAX/DVA+1.0	644
0066	AN2=J12-1	645
0067	J2=N12+50	646
0068	N11=J42	647
0069	BW=(FMAX-AJ2*DVA)/GRD	648
0070	GO T0 770	649
0071	752 A=A42	650
0072	B=B42	651
0073	C=0.0	652
0074	UX=-J2	653
0075	GO T0 770	654
0076	753 A=A5	655
0077	B=B5	656
0078	C=C5	657
0079	UX=-ABS(W1)	658
0080	GO T0 770	659
0081	754 IF (W1) 4754,900,6754	660
0082	4754 A=A41	661
0083	B=0.0	662
0084	C=0.0	663
		664
		665
		666
		667

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 100 2

SNEEP

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 5003

0085	JX=-11	568
0086	J1 T1 770	569
0087	C 754 A=A6	570
0088	B=C	571
0089	C=-JL(11/3)	572
0090	JX=J1	573
0091	J1 T1 770	574
0092	C 755 A=A5	575
0093	B=-35	576
0094	C=C5	577
0095	JX=J2	578
0096	J1 T1 770	579
0097	C 756 A=A42	580
0098	B=-342	581
0099	C=J5	582
0100	JX=J3	583
0101	J1 T1 770	584
0102	C 757 A=A3	585
0103	B=-33	586
0104	C=C3	587
0105	JX=J4	588
0106	C 770 F11 J=7 JAX	589
0107	FMAX=V(L)+JX*GRD	590
0108	J1=J2	591
0109	J12=F11X/DVA+100	592
0110	A12=J12-1	593
0111	J2=J12+57	594
0112	AM=DEL(J-B)	595
0113	BN=(F11A-(A12*DVA))/GRD	596
0114	IF(J12-J1)350,350,780	597
0115	780 IERST=J1+1	598
0116	JLAST=J2-1	599
0117	J=J1+A1	600
0118	C DEL J= A+B*(WN+J)+C*(WN**2+WN*W+W**2)	601
0119	CTA(J1)=DEL J+CTA(N1)	602
0120	GO1=SJ1+DEL J	603
0121	C IF(JLAST-IERST)3001,3000,8000	604
0122	3000 DD B30 KJ=IERST,JLAST	605
0123	DN=W+DEL W	606
0124	DELN=DEL J*(A+B*(J+NW)+C*(W**2+W*WN+WN**2))	607

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

SWEEP

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0004

```
0125      CTA(KN)=DELJ+CTA(KN)          715
0126      SU1=SU1+DELJ                 716
0127      800  N=J+DELJ                717
0128      C 3001  NJ=J+BJ              718
0129      DELJ=B J*(A+B*(W+JW)+C*(W**2+W*WJ+WW**2)) 720
0130      CTA(N2)=DELN+CTA(12)        721
0131      SU1=SU1+DELN                722
0132      N=NJ                         723
0133      GO TO 900                  724
0134      C 850  CW=W(-J)               725
0135      DELJ=C J*(A+B*(WN+NX)+C*(WN**2+NN*WX+WX**2)) 726
0136      CTA(N1)=DELJ+CTA(N1)        727
0137      SU1=SU1+DELJ                728
0138      900  JN=NX                   729
0139      C  GO TO (20,30),NPRINT      730
0140      30  SU1=SU1/GJ               731
0141      NDEL=N2-N1+N1+1             732
0142      7654  DIFF=VOLUME-SUM       733
0143      WRITE (6,1000) V(L),GRD,AL(1),AL(2),AL(3),DELW,W1,VOLUME,DIFF,NDEL 734
0144      C THE VOLUME PRINTED HERE IS THE CORRECT VALUE , DIFF=CORRECT-SUMMED 735
0145      C 20 CONTINUE                 736
0146      C RETURN                      737
0146      END                         738
0146                                739
0146                                740
0146                                741
```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

JACOBI

DATE = 69059

16/58/35 PAGE 0001

```
0001      C      SUBROUTINE JACOBI(A,B,E,N)
0002      C      DIMENSION A(3,3),B(3,3),E(3)
0003      C      DOUBLE PRECISION DENOM,YY,DD,YA
0004      C      EQUIVALENCE (Y,YA)
0005      C      S=0.0
0006      DO 10 I=1,N
0007      10 S=S+ABS(A(I,I))
0008      XN=N
0009      TEST=S/XN
0010      DO 12 I=1,N
0011      DO 11 J=1,N
0012      11 B(I,J)=0.0
0013      12 B(I,I)=1.0
0014      GO TO 15
0015      25 DO 13 I=2,N
0016      II=I-1
0017      DO 13 J=1,II
0018      P=A(I,J)
0019      IF(ABS(P)-AMAX)13,16,16
0020      16 Y=(A(J,J)-A(I,I))/2.
0021      D=Y**2+P*A(J,J)
0022      IF(D)13,18,30
0023      80 YSQ=Y+SQRT(D)
0024      IF(YSQ)31,31,17
0025      31 DD=Y**2+P*A(J,I)
0026      YY=DSQRT(DD)
0027      DENOM=Y+YY
0028      YSQ=DABS(DENOM)
0029      SIGNX=P*A(I,J)
0030      IF(SIGNX)32,75,75
0031      32 YSQ=-YSQ
0032      75 IF(YSQ)17,77,17
0033      77 C=0.
0034      S=1.
0035      GO TO 78
0036      17 X=P/YSQ
0037      GO TO 19
0038      18 X=P/Y
0039      19 U=SQRT(1.0+X*X)
0040      C=1.0/U
0041      S=X*C
0042      78 DO 20 K=1,N
0043      Y=A(K,I)
0044      Z=A(K,J)
0045      A(K,I)=C*Y-S*Z
```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

JACOBI

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0002

```
0046      A(K,J)=S*Y+C*Z
0047      Y=B(K,I)
0048      Z=B(K,J)
0049      B(K,I)=C*Y-S*Z
0050      20 B(K,J)=S*Y+C*Z
0051      DO 1 K=1,N
0052      Y=A(I,K)
0053      Z=A(J,K)
0054      A(I,K)=C*Y-S*Z
0055      1 A(J,K)=S*Y+C*Z
0056      13 CONTINUE
0057      15 S=0.0
0058      DO 21 I=2,N
0059      II=I-1
0060      DO 21 J=1,II
0061      IF(ABS(A(I,J))-S)21,21,22
0062      22 S=ABS(A(I,J))
0063      21 CONTINUE
0064      23 R=S/TEST
0065      AMAX=S/5.0
0066      IF(R-1.0E-5)24,24,25
0067      24 DO 26 I=1,N
0068      26 E(I)=A(I,I)

C      RETURN
0069      END
```

```

0001      FUNCTION FDC(T)
C
C DIELECTRIC CONSTANT
C
C CALCULATION OF A SCREENING FUNCTION.
C
C IFT=1  K=1.1DEP, SCREENING
C IFT=2  K=DEP, SCREEN, HARTREE-APPR., NO EXCHANGE
C IFT=3  AS 2, BUT WITH EXCHANGE, GENERAL FORMULA
C IFT=4  AS 3, BUT SPECIAL EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HUBBARD
C IFT=5  AS 3, BUT SPECIAL EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HARRISON
C IFT=6  EFFECTIVE FDC WITH GENERAL EXCHANGE TERM
C IFT=7  EFFECTIVE FDC WITH EXCHANGE ACCORDING TO HARRISON
C
C CORREK=1+ETHA*(KC/KF)**2 MUST BE COMPUTED IN THE CALLING PROGRAM
C FOR CASES 4 ( ETHA=.5 ) AND 3 ( DESIRED VALUE OF ETHA ), IT DOES
C NOT APPLY FOR IFT=1,2 AND 5, WHERE USED THE MEANING OF ETHA IS
C
C   ETHA=(KS/KC)**2, KC=SCREEN PARA'S FOR THE HARTREE-APPROX.
C   KS=SCREEN PARA'S FOR THE EXCHANGE CORRECTION.
C
0002      COMMON /AFD/IFT,CORREK,QKCKF2
C
0003      IF(IFT.EQ.1.0)T.EQ.0.0) GO TO 1
0004      IF(T.EQ.1.0) GO TO 2
0005      AB=A3S((1.0+T)/(1.0-T))
0006      TT=T**2
0007      FDC=.5+(1.0-TT)*ALG(AB)/(4.0*T)                                IFT=2
0008      3 GO TO (4,4,5,5,6,7,8),IFT
0009      5 FDC=FDC*(1.0-2.0)*TT/(4.0*TT+CORREK))                         IFT=3,4
0010      RETURN
0011      6 FDC=FDC*(1.0-3.0)*TT/(2.0+6.0*TT))                           IFT=5
0012      RETURN
0013      7 FDC=FDC/(1.0-(.5*QKCKF2*FDC)/(4.0*TT+CORREK))                 IFT=6
0014      RETURN
0015      8 FDC=FDC/(1.0-(3.0*QKCKF2*FDC/8.0)/(1.0+3.0*TT))                IFT=7
0016      RETRN
0017      1 FDC=1.0
0018      IF(IFT.LE.5)RETURN
0019      TT=0.0
0020      GO TO 3
0021      4 RETURN
0022      2 FDC=.35
0023      TT=1.0
0024      GO TO 3
0025      END

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

FREQ

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

```

0001      C      SUBROUTINE FREQ(Q,GD1,GD2,GD3,NEG)          290
0002      C      DIMENSION Q(3),PH(3),A(3,3),B(3,3)
0003      C      DIMENSION EV(3,3),AA(3,3),DA(3,3),V(3),W(3),PX(6),QL(3)
0004      C      DIMENSION GD1(3),GD2(3),GD3(3)
0005      C      DIMENSION AMAS(12),DEN(3)                      294
0006      C      C01101/C2/ANN
0007      C      C01101/C3/PI,CPT,PX,GU,SC,NSFB,AMAS,D2
0008      C      C01101/C4/EV,PH
0009      C      C01101/C7/1
0010      C      C01101/FREPE/XP(4,48),YP(4,48),ZP(4,48)
0011      C      C01101/1AFRE/RMAX,NT,DELK,NSK,C0N1C,XT(33),YT(33),ZT(33),CNR(502),
1SK(502)
0012      C      X=Q(1)
0013      C      Y=Q(2)
0014      C      Z=Q(3)                                         299
0015      C      90 FAC=.0.
0016      C      IF(GD1-1.E0)10,1004,10                         300
0017      C      D1Q=1.E-4
0018      C      D2Q=-1.E-4
0019      C      D3Q=1.E-4
0020      C      Q(1)=Q(1)+D1Q
0021      C      Q(2)=Q(2)+D2Q
0022      C      Q(3)=Q(3)+D3Q
0023      C      FAC=1.E0                                         302
0024      C      10 CALL ELEM(0,A)                                303
0025      C      DO 12 I=1,11
0026      C      DO 12 J=1,I
0027      C      12 B(I,J)=A(I,J)                                304
0028      C      CALL JACOBI(3,EV,V,3)                            305
0029      C      DO 13 I=1,1
0030      C      IF(V(I))50,51,51
0031      C      51 PH(I)=SQRT(V(I)/SC)
0032      C      16 CONTINUE
C      MIT * CALL EIGEN(B,V,3,1) * IST * 16 CONTINUE * ZU ERSETZEN DURCH
C      DO 16 J=1,I
C      16 EV(I,J)=B(I,J)
C      IF(ISK.EQ.0) GO TO 105

```

```

C COMPUTE S(K)
C
C      APPLY ALL SYMMETRY OPERATIONS TO Q(I)=(X,Y,Z)
C      ADD TO THE 3 POLARIZATION-VECTORS EV(I,2),EV(I,2),EV(I,3)
C      BELONGING TO Q(I)

0034    CALL PERM(X,Y,Z,1)
0035    CALL PERM(EV(1,1),EV(2,1),EV(3,1),2)
0036    CALL PERM(EV(1,2),EV(2,2),EV(3,2),3)
0037    CALL PERM(EV(1,3),EV(2,3),EV(3,3),4)

0038    DO 102 I=1,3
0039    ARG=COS10*PI(I)
0040    IF(ARG.GT.33.0) GO TO 110
0041    EXPB=EXP(-ARG)
0042    EXPB1=1.0-EXPB
0043    DEI(I)=EXPB/(EXPB1*EXPB1)
0044    GO TO 102
0045 110  DEI(I)=0.0
0046 102  CONTINUE

C USE THE TRANSLATIONAL INVARIANCE OF THE LATTICE TO PASS TO THE
C REPEATED ZONE SCHEME.

0047    DO 101 J=1,43
0048    PQX=XP(1,J)
0049    PQY=YP(1,J)
0050    PQZ=ZP(1,J)
0051    PLX=XP(2,J)
0052    PLY=YP(2,J)
0053    PLZ=ZP(2,J)
0054    PT1X=XP(3,J)
0055    PT1Y=YP(3,J)
0056    PT1Z=ZP(3,J)
0057    PT2X=XP(4,J)
0058    PT2Y=YP(4,J)
0059    PT2Z=ZP(4,J)
0060    DO 101 L=1,11
0061    XI=PQX+XT(L)
0062    YI=PQY+YT(L)
0063    ZH=PQZ+ZT(L)
0064    XYZ=SQRT(XI*XH+YI*YH+ZH*ZH)

C POINTS NOT LYING IN THE BRILLOUIN ZONE SECTOR ARE EXCLUDED
C BY THE FOLLOWING STATEMENTS. ALSO POINTS THAT ARE FARTHER AWAY
C FROM THE ORIGIN THAN RMAX ( SEE INPUT ) .

0065    IF(ZH.LE.0.0 .OR. XI.LT.0.0 .OR. YH.LT.0.0 .OR. ZH.LT.0.0) GO TO 101

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, MOD 2

FREQ

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0003

0066 IF(XH>RMAX .OR. YH>RMAX .OR. ZH>RMAX .OR. XYZ>RMAX) GO TO 101
 0067 IF(XH<LE .OR. YH<LE .OR. ZH<LE) GO TO 101

C COMPUTE S(K) FOR THE ALLOWED POINTS

C DETERMINE THE STATISTICAL WEIGHT OF THE POINT

0068 XY=XH-YH
 0069 YZ=YH-ZH
 0070 ZX=ZH-XH
 0071 GUT=0.0
 0072 IF(XY>NE .OR. YZ>NE .OR. ZX>NE .OR. 0) GO TO 150
 0073 GUT=1.0
 0074 IF(XY<EQ .OR. YZ<EQ .OR. ZX<EQ .OR. 0) GO TO 150
 0075 GUT=3.0
 0076 150 CONTINUE
 0077 PRD0=XH*PLY+ZH*PLZ
 0078 SUM=PRD0*PROD*DEN(1)
 0079 PROD=XH*PT1X+YH*PT1Y+ZH*PT1Z
 0080 SUM=SUM+PROD*PROD*DEN(2)
 0081 PROD=XH*PT2X+YH*PT2Y+ZH*PT2Z
 0082 SUM=SUM+PROD*PROD*DEN(3)
 0083 SUM1=SUM*GUT
 0084 JK=XYZ/DELK+1.0
 0085 C IR(JK)=CNR(JK)+GUT
 0086 SK(JK)=SK(JK)+SUM1
 0087 101 CONTINUE
 0088 IF(NSK<EQ .2) RETURN
 0089 105 CONTINUE

C 17 JL(1)=J(1)+DQ 316
 0090 JL(2)=J(2) 317
 0091 JL(3)=J(3) 318
 C CALL ELEM(JL,AA) 319
 0092 C 19 I=1,N 320
 0093 C J=1,N 321
 0094 19 DA(J,I)= AA(I,J)-A(I,J) 322
 0095 C DA(I,J)=DA(J,I) 322
 0096 C 22 CALL GRAD(DA,GD1) 323
 0097 C 24 IF(J(1)-J(2))24,23,24 324
 0100 24 JL(1)=J(1) 325
 0101 JL(2)=J(2)+DQ 326
 0102 JL(3)=J(3) 327

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 100 2

FREQ

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0004

0103	C	CALL ELEM(QL,AA)	328
0104	C	DO 29 I=1,4	329
0105		DO 29 J=1,4	330
0106		29 DA(J,I)= AA(I,J)-A(I,J)	331
0107		DA(I,J)=DA(J,I)	
0108	C	32 CALL GRAD(DA,GD2)	332
0109	C	IF() (2)=Q(3)) 26, 25, 26	333
0110		23 DO 35 J=1,4	334
0111		35 GD2(J)=GD1(J)	335
0112		26 QL(1)=Q(1)	336
0113		QL(2)=Q(2)	337
0114		QL(3)=Q(3)+Q(1)	338
0115	C	CALL ELEM(QL,AA)	339
0116	C	Q(1)=Q(1)-FAC*D1)	340
0117		Q(2)=Q(2)-FAC*D2)	341
0118		Q(3)=Q(3)-FAC*D3)	342
0119		DO 34 I=1,4	343
0120		DO 34 J=1,4	344
0121		34 DA(J,I)= AA(I,J)-A(I,J)	345
0122		DA(I,J)=DA(J,I)	
0123	C	37 CALL GRAD(DA,GD3)	346
0124	C	DO 37 J=1,4	347
0125		37 P1(J)=P1(J)-(GD1(J)*D1+GD2(J)*D2+GD3(J)*D3)*FAC	348
0126	C	RETURN	349
0127		25 DO 40 J=1,4	350
0128		40 GD3(J)=GD2(J)	351
0129	C	33 RETURN	352
0130	C	50 WRITE (6,52) (Q(I),I=1,3), (V(I),I=1,3)	
0131		52 FORMAT (//17H04ES1 POINT Q(I)=E14.5,1H,E14.5,1H,E14.5,4H NOT C 100ITED IN FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION ,/35H BECAUSE OF NEGATIVE EIGEN 2 VALUES E14.5,2H OF THE DYNAMICAL MATRIX,)	
0132		JE5=1	
0133		RETURN	
0134		E40	353

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, ADD 2

DATE = 69-59

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

SUBROUTINE PERM(X,Y,Z,I)
SYMMETRY OPERATOR IS FOR CUBIC (SC, BCC, FCC) LATTICE
ARE APPLIED TO A VECTOR X,Y,Z

I=1 X, Y, Z=REAL VECTOR
I=2 X, Y, Z=*1.0 NORMALIZATION-VECTOR
I=3 X, Y, Z=*2.0 TRANSVERSAL*-POLARIZATION-VECTOR
I=4 X, Y, Z=*2.0 UNIVERSAL*-POLARIZATION-VECTOR

RESULT IN XP(I,N) IS THE N-th ORDER OF PERMUTATION
J=1,2,3,4,8

CODITION/FREPE/XP(i,43),YP(4,43),ZP(4,43)

J=1 K=0

10

XP(I,J)=X

XP(I,J+1)=Y

XP(I,J+2)=Z

XP(I,J+3)=X

XP(I,J+4)=Y

XP(I,J+5)=Z

YP(I,J)=Y

YP(I,J+1)=Z

YP(I,J+2)=X

YP(I,J+3)=Y

YP(I,J+4)=Z

YP(I,J+5)=X

ZP(I,J)=Z

ZP(I,J+1)=Y

ZP(I,J+2)=X

ZP(I,J+3)=Z

ZP(I,J+4)=X

ZP(I,J+5)=Y

J=1+6 K=K+1

1 X=-X

2 Y=-Y

3 Z=-Z

4 X=-X

5 Y=-Y

6 Z=-Z

1 X=0

2 Y=0

3 Z=0

4 X=1

5 Y=1

6 Z=1

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, 100 2

PERM

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0002

```
0033      7 X=-X
0033      7 Y=-Y
0040      7 Z=-Z
0041      8 DO 10 1)
0042      9 Y=-Y
0043      RETURN
0044      END
```

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, 100 2

GPLOT

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0001

```
0001      SUBROUTINE GPLOT(XFACT,YFACT)
0002      C
0003      C0140J/1AGJ/1(13)
0004      C0140J/C57G(300),LA,DF,AHALF,VOLUME,ASQ,NPRINT,XMAX
0004      C0140J/1AELGJ/1SH1,CL32,CL8,KP,IMAY,PIA2,CON1,CON2,CON4,SHS,NEX,B(
0004      C125),NPPS(60),IPX(3103),IPY(3103),IPZ(3103),FSPH(60),X(3000)
0005      C
0006      IDI4=XMAX/DF
0007      IDIM1=IDI4+1
0008      DO 2 L=1,IDI4
0009      K=IDI4-L
0010      IF(G(K).GT.0.0) GO TO 3
0011      2 CONTINUE
0012      CK=K
0013      XMAX=CK*DF
0014      GMAX=0.0
0015      DO 4 L=1,K
0016      IF(G(L).LE.GMAX) GO TO 4
0017      GMAX=G(L)
0018      4 CONTINUE
0019      X(1)=DF/2.0
0020      DO 1 L=2,K
0021      X(L)=X(L-1)+DF
0022      PLOTX=XMAX*XFACT
0023      PLOTX1=PLOTX+10.0
0024      PLOTY=GMAX*YFACT
0025      SY13Y=PLOTY+2.0
0026      CALL FINI1(100,100)
0027      CALL SY13L4(0,SY13Y,0.4,0.0,W(1),30,0)
0028      CALL DESSI1(0,G,K,1,1,1,0,0,PLOTX,PLOTY,0,0,1H,1,1H,1,0)
0029      CALL FINI1(PLOTX1,0.0)
0030      RETUR
0031      END
```

WDC-0001

FORTRAN IV 3 LEVEL 1, 100 2

SKRES

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 001

```

0001      SUBROUTINE SKRES
C
0002      DIMENSION SR(502), XKFF(502), DNFSR(502), EXPWSP(502)
0003      C0111/1 AELG4/IS 11, CLB2, CLB, KP, NWAY, PIA2, CON1, CON2, CON4, SHS, NEX, B(
0004      125), IPX(50), IPX(3103), IPY(3103), IPZ(3103), FSPII(60), FSIMP(3000)
0005      C0111/CS/CTA(3000), LA, DVA, AHALF, VOLJME, ASQ, NPRINT, XM
0006      C0111/1 AFRE/RJAK, NT, DELK, NSK, CON10, DUMMY(99), CNR(502), SK(502)
0007      C0111/1 MASK/CON3, CON7, CON8, CON9, PIA, NRES, NSKPL, NPLOT, NCAN, DWF, TEMP
0008      1, VJIAK
0009      EQUIVALENCE (FSIMP,SR), (FSIMP(503), XKFF), (FSIMP(1005), DNFSR), (FSIM
12(15, 7), EXPWSP)
C
0009      IF(DNF .NE. 0) GO TO 801
C COMPUTE DEBYE-WALLER FACTOR DWF TO TEMPERATURE TEMP
C
0010      JA=LA-5
0011      JA1=JA+1
0012      DO 302 L=1, JA
0013      KK=JA1-L
0014      IF(CTA(KK).GT.30) GO TO 303
0015      302  C0111/DE
0016      303  CK=KK
0017      VJIAK=(CK-0.5)*DVA
0018      IF(.2*(KK/2).GT.0) KK=KK+1
0019      DO 304 KL=1, KK
0020      CKL=KL
0021      VJ=(CKL-0.5)*DVA
0022      X=C0111/0*VJ
0023      IF(X.GT.30) GO TO 305
0024      EX1=EXP(X)-1.0
C NOTE THAT FSIMP IS EQUIVALENT TO CTC
0025      FSIMP(KL)=CTA(KL)*(0.5+1.0/EX1)/VJ
0026      GO TO 304
0027      305  FSIMP(KL)=0.5*CTA(KL)/VJ
0028      304  C0111/DE
0029      DWF=(VJIAK*30)*(SI1PC(DVA,KK)+(5.0*FSIMP(1)-FSIMP(2))*DVA/8.0)
0030      801  C0111/DE
C
0031      IRITE(6,1002) (1(L),L=10,18)
0032      IRITE(6,9123) TE1P
0033      IF(.0-NF, NE0.0) GO TO 333
0034      IRITE(6,9129)
0035      DO 332 L=1, NCAN
0036      332  SK(L)=CON7*(SK(L)/CNR(L))
0037      GO TO 334
0038      333  X=-DELK/2.0

```

FORTRAN IV G LEVEL 1, M00 2

SKRES

DATE = 69059

16/58/35

PAGE 0002

```

0039      DD 835 L=1,NCAN
0040      X=X+DELK
0041      X2=X*X*CONJ8*DWF/VUMAX
0042      DWFSP(L)=X2
0043      EXPN=EXP(-X2)
0044      EXPNSP(L)=EXPN
0045      835 SK(L)=CON7*EXPNS*(SK(L)/CNR(L))
0046      IWRITE(6,9130) DWF
0047      834 X=-DELK/2
0048      IWRITE(6,9132)
0049      FSP=0.0
0050      DD 836 L=1,NCAN
0051      X=X+DELK
0052      XKF=X*CON2
0053      XKFF(L)=XKF
0054      IF(.NOT.EQ.0) GO TO 338
0055      X2=X*X
0056      EXX2=EXP(-X2*CLB2)
0057      IF(KP.EQ.1) GO TO 822
0058      IF(.NOT.EQ.2) AX=(PIA2*X)**NEX
0059      IF(.NOT.EQ.2) AX=(CLB2*X)**NEX
0060      S1=0.0
0061      DD 823 KL=2,KP
0062      S1=(S1+B(KL))*AX
0063      S1=1.0+S1
0064      FSP=EXX2/(X2+CON1*FDC(CON2*X))
0065      GO TO 324
0066      822 FSP=EXX2/(X2+CON1*FDC(CON2*X))
0067      824 FSP=-FSP*CON3/(PIA*PIA)
0068      SR(L)=FSP*FSP*SK(L)*XKF*XKF*XKF
0069      338 ICIR=CIR(L)
0070      836 IWRITE(6,9131) X,XKF,FSP,SK(L),DWFSP(L),EXPWSP(L),NCNR
0071      IF(.NOT.EQ.0) GO TO 937

C PLUT S(K)
C
0072      IF( IPLTX.EQ.0 ) CALL FINIM(10.,10.)
0073      PLDTX=XKFF(1,NCAN)*10.
0074      CALL SYMBL4(0.,10.,0.4,0.,W(10),36,0.)
0075      CALL DESSI1(XKFF,SK,NCAN,1,1,1,0,0,PLDTX,10.,0,0,1H , 1,1H ,1,0)
0076      PLDTX1=PLDTX+10.
0077      CALL FINI1(PLDTX1,0.)
0078      837 CONTINUE
0079      IF(.NOT.EQ.0) GO TO 325

C COMPUTE THE ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY.
C
0080      IF(IFT.GT.5) IFT = IFT-2

```

```

C
0081      DELKF=DELK*C0N2
0082      CLI 1=1
0083      J=CLI 17*DELKF+1,0
0084      IF(2*(J/2),E,0,N) J=N+1
0085      IF(J,LE,NCA1) GO TO 325
0086      C1CA1=JCA1
0087      CLI1CR=(C1CA1-3,5)*DELKF
0088      WRITE (6,9133) CLI1CR
0089      J=JCA1
0090      825 SPRES=SIMP(C,DELK,J)
C CORRECTIONS FOR THE INTEGRAL
C
0091      CORR2=0,0
0092      DIFF=CLI 1-KFF(N)
0093      IF(DIFF)823,326,327
0094      827 FC=SR(1)+DIFF*(SR(N+1)-SR(N))/(2,0)*DELKF
0095      CORR2=FC*DIFF
0096      GO TO 326
0097      828 Y=DELKF+DIFF/2,0
0098      FC=SR(1-1)+Y*(SR(1)-SR(1-1))/DELKF
0099      CORR2=FC*DIFF
0100      826 CONTINUE
0101      CORR1=(5,0*SR(1)-SR(2))*DELKF/8,0
0102      WRITE (6,9134) SPRES,CORR1,CORR2
0103      SPRES=(SPRES+CORR1+CORR2)*C0N9
0104      WRITE (6,9135) SPRES
0105      RETURN
C
0106      1002 FORMAT (1H1,2A4)
0107      9128 FORMAT (//,95HSTRUCTURE FACTOR S(Q) AVERAGED OVER ALL DIRECTIONS
0108      1FOR FIXED Q / ONE PHONON APPROXIMATION / T=F7.2)
0109      9129 FORMAT (35HDEBYE-NALLER FACTOR NOT INCLUDED )
0110      9130 FORMAT (34HDEBYE-NALLER FACTOR INCLUDED DWF=E12.5)
0111      9131 FORMAT (6E15.5,I1)
0112      9132 FORMAT (//,4X,12H)=K/(2*PI/A),6X,10HQ=K/(2*KF),5X,10HV(Q) IN EV,9X
0113      1,4HS(2),13X,212J,113,8IEXP(-2N),3X,13HQ-PTS/CHANNEL,///)
0114      9133 FORMAT (//92HRESLT FOR THE ELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY MIGHT BE INCOR
0115      1RECT, BECAUSE HIGHER INTEGRATION LIMIT=E12.5,15H INSTEAD OF 1.0)
0116      9134 FORMAT (//10HINTEGRAL=E12.5,10H    CORR1=E12.5,10H    CORR2=E12.5)
0117      9135 FORMAT (//24HELECTRICAL RESISTIVITY=E12.5,15H MICRO-OHM*CM   )
C
0118      END

```

APPENDIX III - PROGRAM CVDWF

```

C
C PROGRAM CV.DF (SPECIFIC HEAT AND DEBYE-HALLER FACTOR)
C
C CV.DF CALCULATES THE SPECIFIC HEAT AT CONSTANT VOLUME CV AND THE
C DEBYE-HALLER FACTOR DDF OF FCC OR BCC CRYSTALS TO AN INPUT
C FREQUENCY-DISTRIBUTION FUNCTION. THE DEBYE-TEMPERATURE AS A
C FUNCTION OF THE ABSOLUTE TEMPERATURE IS AVAILABLE OF BOTH OF THEM
C WRITTEN IN FORTRAN 4 LANGUAGE

C001      DIMENSION NV(2),CD(2001),DH(5001),ARG(300),CT(300),HT(300),WD(30),
C          1(300),FE(2151),CN(2051),TEXT(16),Z(5151)

C002      COMMON F1(2151)

C003      DATA NV/36HTEST / DEBYE FREQU-DISTRIB. FOR ON /
C004      DATA DH/36HTEST / DEBYE FREQU-DISTRIB. FOR ON /

C005      IDIMOD=2151
C006      DO 201 I=1, IDIMOD
C007      CN(I)=0.1
C008      IDIMOD=3001
C009      DO 201 I=1, IDIMOD
C010      CD(I)=0.1
C011      IDIMOD=5001
C012      DO 202 I=1, IDIMOD
C013      DW(I)=0.1

C          NTEST=1    ES WIRD MIT EINER FREQUENZVERTEILUNG NACH DEBYE
C          GERECHNET MIT VIMAX=(NV-1/2)*DELTAV
C          NTEST=0    NV, DELTAV WIRD BEIM EINLESEN DER ZU VERWENDENDEN
C          FREQU.VERTEILUNG UND GELESEN

C014      READ (5,11) NV,N2,NPLOT,NT,DELTAT,NTEST,NV,DELTAV
C015      WRITE (6,11) NV,N2,NPLOT,NT,DELTAT,NTEST,NV,DELTAV

C016      IF(NV.GT.2.51) GO TO 101
C017      NDATA=1
C018      NDU=1
C019      IF(N1.NE.2) GO TO 82
C020      READ (5,13) NDATA,DELTAX
C021      WRITE (6,12) NDATA,DELTAX
C022      READ (5,12) (CD(L),L=1,NDATA)

C023      89 IF(N2.NE.2) GO TO 21
C024      READ (5,13) NV,DELTAV

```

```

0025      WRITE (6,13) NDM,DELXH
0026      READ (5,2) (DU(L),L=1,NDM)
0027      C
0028      DO 222 I=1,NDM
0029      C     I=(I-1)*DELXH
0030      C     DW(I)=DU(I)*G*47.923/L(I)
0031      C
0032      IF(UNITST.GT.0) GO TO 102
0033      READ (5,14) U,MV,DELTAV
0034      WRITE (6,14) U,MV,DELTAV
0035      UV=MV/5
0036      UV55=G*UV5
0037      UVDIFF=UV-UV55
0038      K=-4
0039      DO 7  I=1,MV
0040      K=K+5
0041      K5=K+4
0042      READ (5,15) NI,(GN(L),L=K,K5)
0043      WRITE (6,15) NI,(GJ(L),L=K,K5)
0044      IF(NI.NE.I) GO TO 71
0045      CONTINUE
0046      IF(UVDIFF.EQ.0) GO TO 72
0047      K=MV+1
0048      KE=MV55+MVDIFF
0049      READ (5,15) NI,(GN(L),L=K,KE)
0050      WRITE (6,15) NI,(GJ(L),L=K,KE)
0051      I=I+1
0052      IF(NI.NE.I) GO TO 71
0053      CONTINUE
0054      IF(NT.GT.311.OR.NDATA.GT.311.0R.NDM.GT.501.0R.MV.GT.251) GO TO
0055      1101
0056      C
0057      C
0058      WRITE (6,10)
0059      WRITE (6,2) U
0060      WRITE (6,2) UV,DELTAV
0061      WRITE (6,17) (GU(L),L=1,MV)
0062      WRITE (6,1)
0063      C
0064      DO 54 L=1,NT
0065      APG(L)=0.
0066      CT(L)=0.
0067      DT(L)=0.
0068      54  ID(L)=0.
0069      T(1)=0.
0070      DO 53 L=2,NT
0071      T(L)=(L-1)+DELTAT
0072      UV1=MV+1
0073      DO 95 L=1,MV

```

TEST

```

0068      KK=11V1-1
0069      IF(GU(KK).GT.0.0) GO TO 26
0070      95 CONTINUE
0071      96 CNV=KK
0072      CNV=CNV-1.5
0073      VMAX=CNV*DELTAV
0074      VMAX3=VMAX/3.
0075      KK=KK+1
0076      IF(2*(KK/2).EQ.2*KK) KK=KK+1
0077      IF(KK.GT.200) KK=KK-2

C  BERECHNE CV UND DWF
C
0078      DO 3 K=2,11T
0079      VU=-DCL*AV/2.0
0080      TT=4.7*2.23/T(K)
0081      DO 4 KL=1,KK
0082      VU=VU+DELTAV
0083      X=TT*VU
0084      IF(X.GT.85.0) GO TO 100
0085      X=EXP(X)
0086      EX1=EX-1.

C
0087      IF(N1.GT.0) F1(KL)=GN(KL)*EX*(X/EX1)*(X/EX1)
0088      IF(N2.GT.0) F2(KL)=GN(KL)*(1.5+1./EX1)/VU
0089      GO TO 4
0090      100  IF(N1.GT.0) F1(KL)=0.0
0091      IF(N2.GT.0) F2(KL)=1.5*GN(KL)/VU
0092      4  CONTINUE
0093      IF(N1.GT.0) CT(K)=SIMPCR(DELTAV,KK,1)
0094      IF(N2.LE.0) GO TO 3
0095      DO 104 L=1,KK
0096      104  F1(L)=F2(L)
0097      WT(K)=SIMPCR(DELTAV,KK,1)*T(K)
0098      3  CONTINUE

C  T-DEBYE ALS FUNKTION VON T-ABS. MIT CV
C
0099      IF(N1.NE.2) GO TO 21
0100      UDATA1=UDATA-1
0101      CDIMAX=CD(UDATA1)
0102      DO 55 L=2,NT
0103      CTL=CT(L)
0104      IF(CTL.GE.CDIMAX) GO TO 57
0105      IF(CTL.GT.0.0) GO TO 58
0106      ARG(L)=0.0
0107      GO TO 55
0108      58 ARG(L)=T(L)*(77.92727/CTL)**0.3333333

```

```

109      55 CONTINUE
110      GO TO 21
111      57 NN=L
112      DO 51 K=1,NDATA1
113      IF(CTL.GE.CD(K)) G1 T1 52
114      51 CONTINUE
115      WRITE (6,5) CTL,T(L)
116      STOP
117      52 KEFF=K
118      KEFF1=KEFF+1
119      KIN=1
120      DO 5 L=NN,NT
121      IF(CT(L).GT.CT(L-1)) GO TO 106
122      UPDATE (6,115) T(L)
123      106 DO 94 K=KIN,KEFF
124      KK=KEFF1-K
125      DIFF=CD(KK)-CT(L)
126      IF(DIFF)94,61,63
127      94 CONTINUE
128      CKK=KK-1
129      DF=CD(KK)-CD(KK+1)
130      APC(L)=(CKK+DIFF/DF)*DELTAX*T(L)
131      KIN=K
132      50 CONTINUE
133      21 CONTINUE

```

C T-DEBYE ALS FUNKTION VON T-ABS. MIT DIF

```

134      IF(NB.NE.2) GO TO 23
135      PI=3.141592
136      IDV1=NDV1-1
137      DWMAX=DV1(IDV1)
138      DO 65 L=2,NT
139      UTL=UT(L)
140      IF(UTL.GE.DWMAX) GO TO 67
141      UTL25=UTL-.25
142      IF(UTL25.GT.1.0E-30) GO TO 63
143      ID(L)=1
144      GO TO 65
145      63 UD(L)=T(L)*PI/SQRT(6.*UTL25)
146      65 CONTINUE
147      GO TO 23
148      67 NN=L
149      DO 61 K=1,NDV1
150      IF(WTL.GE.DV1(K)) GO T1 62
151      61 CONTINUE
152      WRITE (6,7) WTL,T(L)
153      STOP

```

```

C154      62 KEFF=K
C155      KEFF1=K+1
C156      KIN=1
C157      DC 69 L=NN,NT
C158      IF(UT(L).GT.UT(L-1)) GO TO 107
C159      WRITE(6,118) T(L)
C160      107 DO 92 K=KIN,KEFF
C161      KK=KEFF1-K
C162      DIFF=DW(KK)-UT(L)
C163      IF(DIFF)93,68,68
C164      93 CONTINUE
C165      68 CKK=KK
C166      DF=DW(KK)-DW(KK+1)
C167      DC(L)=(CKK+DIFF/DF)*DELXN*T(L)
C168      KIN=K
C169      62 CONTINUE
C170      23 CONTINUE

C          AUSGABE

C171      WRITE(6,6) T(L),CT(L),ARG(L),WT(L),WD(L),L=2,NT
C172      22 CONTINUE
C173      STOP
C174      71 I=I-1
C175      WRITE(6,116) I
C176      STOP
C177      101 WRITE(6,118)
C178      STOP

C          BERECHNE FREQU. VERTEILUNG NACH DEBYE

C179      102 IF(2*(NV/2).EQ.NV) NV=NV+1
C180      CNV=NV
C181      VUMAX=(CNV-1.5)*DELTAV
C182      VU1MAX2=VUMAX*VUMAX*VUMAX/2.0
C183      VU=-DELTAV/2.0
C184      DO 103 L=1,NV
C185      VU=VU+DELTAV
C186      103 CN(L)=VU*VU/VUMAX2
C187      GO TO 72

C          5 FORMAT(4H1CV=,E12.5,8H FOR T=,E12.5,53H NOT FOUND IN TAB. DEBYE
C          1-SPECIFIC-HEAT FUNCTION.)
C          6 FORMAT(7,(F12.2,E16.5,F12.4,E16.5,E15.4))
C          7 FORMAT(7H1DW-F.=,E12.5,8H FOR T=,E12.7,45H NOT FOUND IN TAB. DE
C          1BYE-HALLER FUNCTION.)
C          8 FORMAT(5E14.9)
C          9 FORMAT(7/,1H0,9A4)

```

```
(193      10 FORMAT (//10E9)SPECIFIC HEAT CV, DEBYE-TEMPERATURE AND DEBYE WALLE
          1R FACTOR AS FUNCTIONS OF THE ABSOLUTE TEMPERATURE. //4X,6HT-
          2ABS.,7X,81HCV/MODEL,3X,10HT-DEBYE/CV,5X,11HDW-F./MODEL,5X,11HT-DEBY
          3E/DWF)
(194      11 FORMAT (4I3,E12.5,2I6,E12.5)
(195      12 FORMAT (6F12.9)
(196      13 FORMAT (16,F12.8)
(197      14 FORMAT (2A4,I6,E12.5)
(198      15 FORMAT (15,5D15.8)
(199      16 FORMAT (77H1SEQUENCE OF DATA DECK GN NOT CORRECT, LAST CORRECT CAR
          1D HAS SEQUENCE NUMBER ,I4,3H .)
(200      17 FORMAT (//,(10E11.3))TEST
(201      18 FORMAT (78H1TOO LARGE NT, NDATA, NDW OR NW. STORAGE OVER FLOW. COM
          1PUTATION INTERRUPTED.)
(202      19 FORMAT (20H1THERMODYNAMICAL QUANTITIES )
(203      20 FORMAT (4H0NV=,I4,3X,7HDELTAV=E12.5)
(204      105 FORMAT (21H1CHECK CV/MODEL AT T=F6.2,34H, T-DEBYE/CV COULD BE INC
          10RECT. )
(205      108 FORMAT (24H1CHECK DW-F./MODEL AT T=F6.2,36H, T-DEBYE/DWF COULD BE
          1 INCORRECT. )
C           END
```

```
0001      FUNCTION SIMPCR(DT,LIMIT,NCORR)
C   INTEGRATION EINER FUNCTION FUNC NACH SIMPSON
C   LIMIT IST DIE (UNGERADE) ANZAHL DER FUNKTIONSWERTE FUNC, DIE FUER
C   AEQUIDISTANTE PUNKTE ( SCHRITTWEITE DT) IHRES ARGUMENTES GEGEBEN
C   SIND. FUNC(1) UND FUNC(LIMIT)=F-WERTE AN DEN INT.GRENZEN.
0002      COMMON FUNC(2051)
0003      LIMIT1=LIMIT-1
0004      SUM=0.0
0005      SUM1=0.0
0006      FUNC(1)=FUNC(1)*0.5
0007      FUNC(LIMIT)=FUNC(LIMIT)*0.5
0008      DO 1 I=1,LIMIT,2
0009      1  SUM=SUM+FUNC(I)
0010      2  DO 2 I=2,LIMIT1,2
0011      2  SUM1=SUM1+FUNC(I)
0012      SIMPCR=(1.333333*DT)*(4.*SUM1+2.*SUM)
C   KORREKTUR, WENN FUNC(1)=F-WERT FUER DAS ARGUMENT X=DT/2 ( UND NICHT
C   FUER X=0).
0013      IF(NCORR.EQ.0) RETURN
0014      Y=(FUNC(2)-FUNC(1))/4.0
0015      SIMPCR=SIMPCR+(FUNC(1)-Y)*DT/2.0
0016      RETURN
0017      END
```

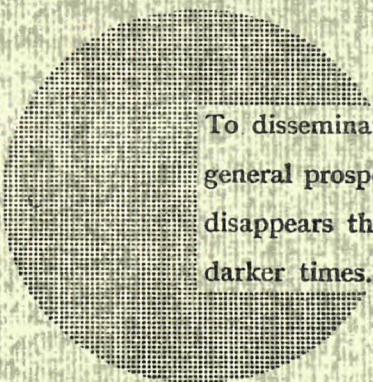

NOTICE TO THE READER

All Euratom reports are announced, as and when they are issued, in the monthly periodical **EURATOM INFORMATION**, edited by the Centre for Information and Documentation (CID). For subscription (1 year: US\$ 15, £ 6.5) or free specimen copies please write to :

Handelsblatt GmbH
"Euratom Information"
Postfach 1102
D-4 Düsseldorf (Germany)

or

**Centrale de vente des publications
des Communautés européennes**
37, rue Glessener
Luxembourg



To disseminate knowledge is to disseminate prosperity — I mean general prosperity and not individual riches — and with prosperity disappears the greater part of the evil which is our heritage from darker times.

Alfred Nobel

SALES OFFICES

All Euratom reports are on sale at the offices listed below, at the prices given on the back of the front cover (when ordering, specify clearly the EUR number and the title of the report, which are shown on the front cover).

CENTRALE DE VENTE DES PUBLICATIONS DES COMMUNAUTES EUROPEENNES

37, rue Glesener, Luxembourg (Compte chèque postal № 191-90)

BELGIQUE — BELGIË

MONITEUR BELGE
40-42, rue de Louvain - Bruxelles
BELGISCH STAATSBLAD
Leuvenseweg 40-42 - Brussel

DEUTSCHLAND

BUNDESANZEIGER
Postfach - Köln 1

FRANCE

SERVICE DE VENTE EN FRANCE
DES PUBLICATIONS DES
COMMUNAUTES EUROPEENNES
26, rue Desaix - Paris 15^e

ITALIA

LIBRERIA DELLO STATO
Piazza G. Verdi, 10 - Roma

8

LUXEMBOURG

CENTRALE DE VENTE
DES PUBLICATIONS DES
COMMUNAUTES EUROPEENNES
37, rue Glesener - Luxembourg

NEDERLAND

STAATSDRUKKERIJ
Christoffel Plantijnstraat - Den Haag

UNITED KINGDOM

H. M. STATIONERY OFFICE
P. O. Box 569 - London S.E.1

EURATOM — C.I.D.
29, rue Aldringer
Luxembourg

CDNB03621ENC