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What is normal? Revisiting normative data for Scottish children's phonological processes

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Presentation outline

Why look?

What norms do we refer to in the clinical setting?

What have we found in our data?



Why look?

Developing new resource for assessing single word phonological skills in pre school children

105 children in 3 nursery schools in West Central Scotland (inclusive)

Age range 3;01 – 5;05

78 pictures



Our sample

	9	3
3;00 - 3;06	4	7
3;06 - 3;11	14	13
4;00 - 4;05	14	12
4;06 - 4;11	21	9
5;00 - 5;05	2	9
TOTAL	55	50



What UK norms do we refer to in the clinical setting?

Grunwell (1981) Norms derived from error patterns in data recorded by Ingram (1976) and Anthony, Bogle, Ingram and McIsacc (1971).

Small group of children.



Other interpretations of Grunwell's normative data

Howell & Dean (1994) Metaphon

Bowen, C. (1999). Phonological Development: The Gradual Acquisition of the Speech Sound System. Retrieved from <u>www.speech-language-therapy.com/</u> on 29/01/09



More recent UK based norms

Dodd, Holm, Hua & Crosbie (2003):

684 children

Articulation and Phonology assessment sections of the DEAP

Suppression of processes differs from ages proposed by Grunwell and others



Approximate age of suppression of phonological processes

Adult target achieved 100% of time Adult target achieved 90% of time Adult target achieved 75% of time

this may account for the differences reported

But in intervention guide is to generalisation after 50% achievement



Focus on 6 processes:

Velar fronting Palato-alveolar fronting Stopping affricates Stopping fricatives Cluster reduction S-cluster reduction



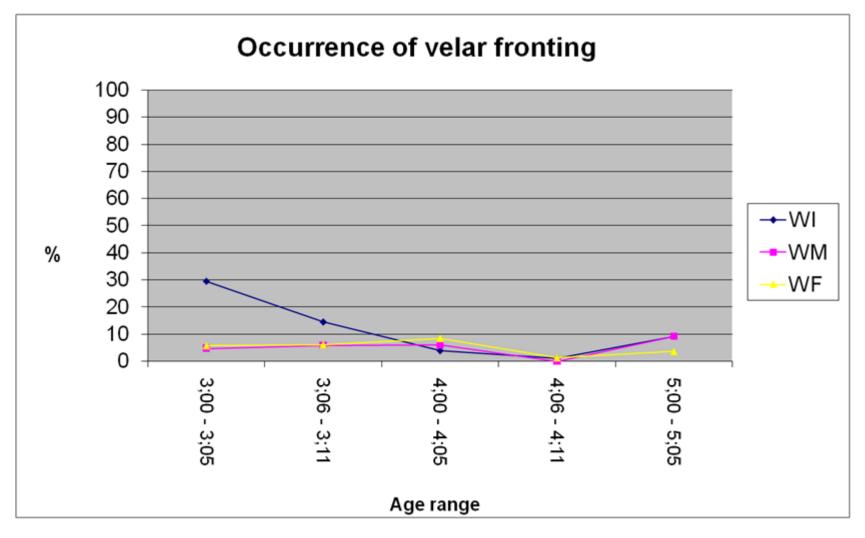
Velar fronting

		2;0- 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 - 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0 +
Velar Fronting	Grunwell							
	Howell & Dean							
	Bowen							
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction between velar and palato-alveolar fronting in this sample



Our data





		2;0- 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 - 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell			OUR				
	Howell & Dean			DATA				
Velar Fronting	Bowen			FROM HERE				
	Dodd et al			IERE				



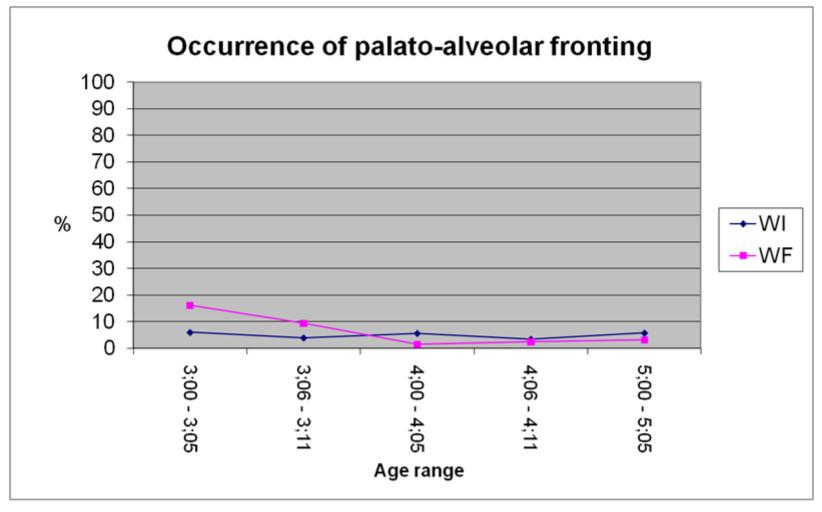
Palato-alveolar fronting

		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 - 3;6	3;6 - 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell							
Palato- alveolar	Howell & Dean							
fronting	Bowen							
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction between velar and palato-alveolar fronting in this sample



Our data





		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell			OUR I				
Palato- alveolar	Howell & Dean			ATA FR				
fronting	Bowen			OUR DATA FROM HERE				
	Dodd et al			RE				



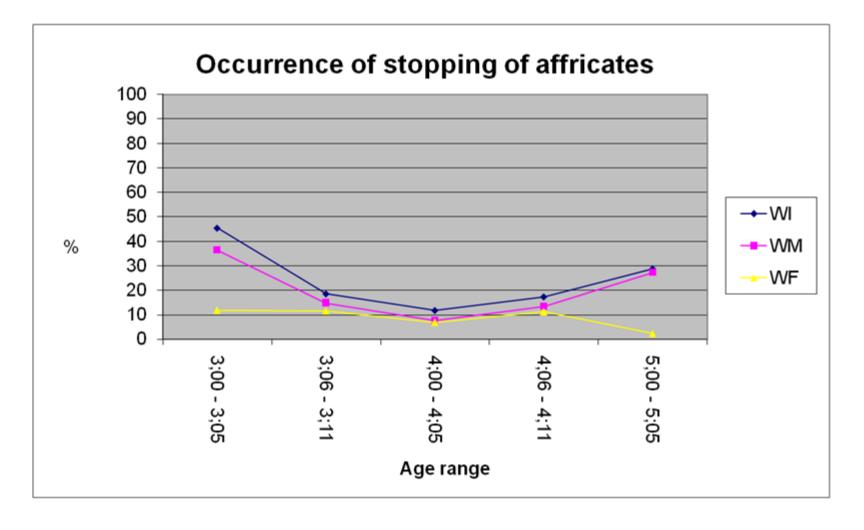
Stopping affricates

		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell							
Stopping	Howell & Dean							
affricates	Bowen							
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction between stopping fricatives and stopping affricates in this sample



Our data





		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell				CCK			
Stopping	Howell & Dean							
affricates	Bowen							
	Dodd et al *							



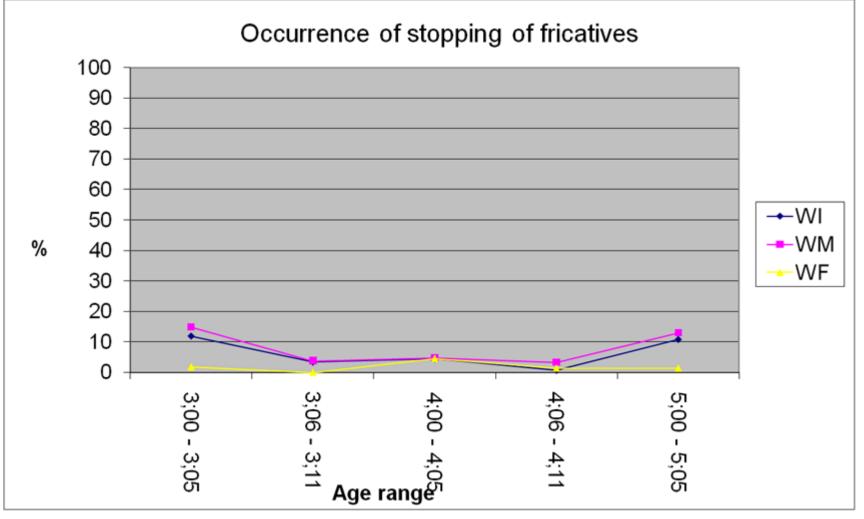
Stopping fricatives

		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell		 	/ /	 		/ /	
Stopping	Howell & Dean		 	 	/ /			
fricatives	Bowen			 	 		 	
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction between stopping fricatives and stopping affricates in this sample



Our data





		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0 +
	Grunwell		 	∽OUR I	 		/ /	
Stopping	Howell & Dean		 	DATA F	/ /			
fricatives	Bowen			ROM H	 		 	/ / / /
	Dodd et al *			ERE				

* No distinction between stopping fricatives and stopping affricates in this sample



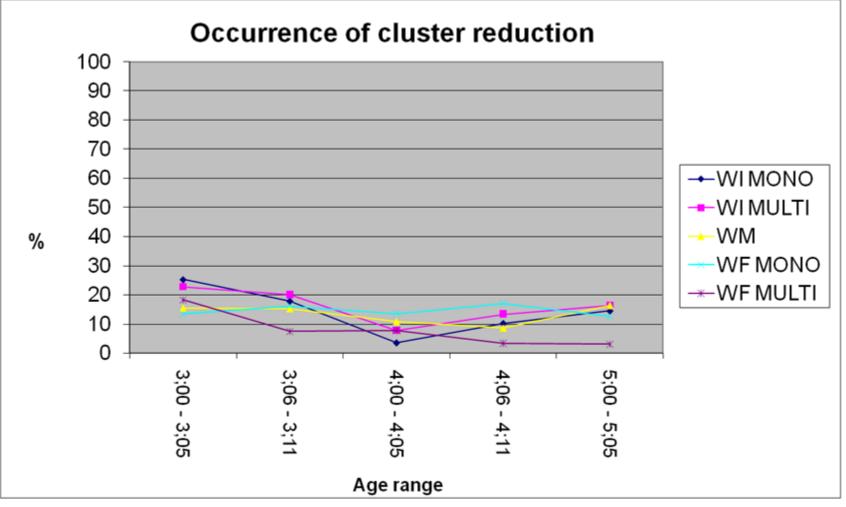
Cluster reduction

		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 - 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
	Grunwell							
Initial Cluster Reduction	Howell & Dean *							
Obstruent + approximant	Bowen *							
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction is made between s-clusters and obstruent + approximant cluster combinations in these samples



Our data





		2;0 – 2;6	2;6- 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
Initial Cluster Reduction	Grunwell			OUR D.				
	Howell & Dean			ATA FRO				
Obstruent + approximant	Bowen			OM HERE				
	Dodd et al			RE				



S-cluster reduction

		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
Initial Cluster Reduction	Grunwell							
	Howell & Dean *							
/s/ + consonant	Bowen *							
	Dodd et al *							

* No distinction is made between s-clusters and obstruent + approximant cluster combinations in these samples



Our data Occurrence of s cluster reduction 100 90 80 70 -WI MONO 60 50 % 40 30 20 WF MONO 10 0 4;06 -3;00 - 3;05 3;06 - 3;11 4;00 - 4;05 5;00 - 5;05 4;<u>1</u> Age range



		2;0 – 2;6	2;6 – 3;0	3;0 – 3;6	3;6 – 4;0	4;0 – 4;6	4;6 – 5;0	5;0+
Initial Cluster Reduction /s/ + consonant	Grunwell					OUR DATA		
	Howell & Dean							
	Bowen					FROM HERE		
	Dodd et al					ERE		



Results

Suppression of velar fronting, stopping of affricates and s-cluster reduction is similar to previous research

Suppression of palato-alveolar fronting, stopping of fricatives and obstruent cluster reduction occurring earlier than anticipated



Why?

All children from age of 3 in Scotland are allocated free nursery placement

Children under the age of 3 are supported with the "Birth to Three – Supporting our youngest children" framework. (Scottish Executive 2005)



Communication and language skills form a core part of the Curriculum Framework for children 3-5 : Early Years Educators are trained in supporting this development (Scottish Executive, 1999)

Pre school children may be having to communicate with a wider range of people than previous research cohorts



Limitations and Future Research

Limitations

- Sample size
- Distribution within age ranges
- Representativeness of oldest age group

Where do we go from here?

- Geographical diversity
- Publish assessment
- Clinical decision-making with norms



Ask the audience

Do you have pre-school phonology cases on your caseload?

Do you routinely treat these children? What developmental norms do you use?

- Grunwell (PACS)
- Howell & Dean (Metaphon)
- Bowen (Web resources)
- Dodd (DEAP)
- Other



Implications

Speech unintelligibility can impact on key aspects of the Curriculum Framework for children 3-5 (Scottish Executive, 1999)

Children with expressive language problems can normalise without intervention – however, it is difficult to predict which children will do so (Law et al., 1998)

Dodd (2005) offers a framework for classifying difficulties

There is evidence to support efficacy of direct SLT intervention for children with speech difficulties (Law et al., 1998)

Are we relying on outdated norms when advising our colleagues in education?



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