

ISSN: 2088-6799



PROCEEDINGS

International Seminar

LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT III

July 2–3, 2013

Revised Edition



Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah

ISSN: 2088-6799



PROCEEDINGS

International Seminar LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT III

July 2–3, 2013

Revised Edition



Editors:
Jee Sun Nam
Agus Subiyanto
Nurhayati

Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah

Editors' Note

In the international seminar on Language Maintenance and Shift III, there are some new issues. First, the committee changes the previous theme into "Investigating Local Wisdom through Indigenous Language". Through the new theme, the committee invites language practitioners to discuss the problems concerning the importance of maintaining indigenous languages because the languages function as a means of expressing local wisdom. Second, the seminar uses the new label, LAMAS, the acronym which was proposed by Prof. Dr. Bambang Kaswanti Purwo in the previous seminar, to make the participants easily remember it. Third, most of the keynote speakers come from various institutions. Those are Dr. Johnny Tjia (Summer Institute of Linguistics, Indonesia-International), Prof. Jee Sun Nam, Ph.D (Hankuk University of Foreign Studies, Korea), Prof. Dr. Mahsun, M.S. (Badan Pengembangan dan Pembinaan Bahasa, Jakarta, Indonesia), Prof. Dr. Bambang Kaswanti Purwo (Atma Jaya Catholic University, Jakarta-Indonesia), Prof. Dr. I Dewa Putu Wijana (Gadjah Mada University, Yogyakarta, Indonesia), Prof. Drs. Ketut Artawa, M.A., Ph.D (Udayana University, Denpasar, Indonesia), and Dr. Suharno, M.Ed. (Diponegoro University, Semarang, Indonesia).

There are 113 participants who present the papers covering various topic areas. Those are 38 papers on sociolinguistics, 14 papers on morphology, 13 papers on applied linguistics, 8 papers on anthropological linguistics, 8 papers on discourse analysis, 8 papers on cognitive linguistics, 7 papers on ethnography of communication, and 7 papers on computational linguistics.

We would like to thank the seminar committee for putting together the seminar that gave rise to this collection of papers. Thanks also go to the head and secretary of the Master Program in Linguistics Diponegoro University, without whom the seminar would not have been possible.

Editors' Note for Revised Edition

There are some changes in this revised edition. First, we enclose the article by Prof. Jee Sun Nam, Ph.D entitled "Retrieving Local Wisdom in Korean with the Support of Corpus Processing Software" on page 555. Second, we delete the article by Yusup Irawan 'Tiga Syarat Menuju Fonetik Modern' as he cancelled his status as a participant. These changes have an impact on the change of table of contents.

CONTENTS

EDITORS' NOTE	i
EDITORS' NOTE FOR REVISED EDITION	ii
CONTENTS	iii
SCHEDULE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR “LAMAS III”	xiv
ISU KEBERTAHANAN DALAM USAHA PENCAGARAN BAHASA <i>Johnny Tjia</i>	1
KEARIFAN LOKAL: PERTARUNGAN ANTARA TEKS IDEAL DAN TEKS SOSIAL <i>Ketut Artawa</i>	15
KEBANGGAAN BERBAHASA SEBAGAIMANA YANG TEREKSEKSI DALAM WACANA TEKA-TEKI <i>I Dewa Putu Wijana</i>	26
SYNTACTICO-SEMANTIC CLASSIFICATION OF SENTIMENT WORDS IN THE ELECTRONIC DICTIONARY DECO <i>Won-Fill Jung, Eunhae Son, Jee-Sun Nam, Jaemog Song</i>	31
INCORPORATING LOCAL WISDOM INTO ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING (ELT) <i>Suharno</i>	37
THE WEALTH CONCEPT OF JAVANESE SOCIETY: ANTHROPOLOGICAL LINGUISTICS APPROACH IN CUBLAK-CUBLAK SUWENG FOLKSONG <i>Aan Setyawan</i>	42
BAHASA PERMOHONAN DI DALAM TRADISI KLIWONAN DI “SUMUR BERKAH” DESA WONOYOSO KABUPATEN PEKALONGAN <i>Abadi Supriatin</i>	47
PENGGUNAAN BAHASA DAERAH DALAM IKLAN LAYANAN MASYARAKAT SEBAGAI ALAT PEMERTAHANAN BUDAYA BANGSA (STUDI KASUS DI KOTA SERANG PROVINSI BANTEN) <i>Ade Husnul Mawadah</i>	51
MULTICULTURAL ENGLISH CURRICULUM ACCOMODATATING LOCAL WISDOM <i>Agnes Widyaningrum</i>	56
TINDAK ILOKUSI PROPAGANDA CAGUB-CAWAGUB JAWA TENGAH PERIODE 2013-2018 <i>Agus Edy Laksono</i>	61

MOTION-DIRECTION SERIAL VERB CONSTRUCTIONS IN JAVANESE: A LEXICAL-FUNCTIONAL APPROACH <i>Agus Subiyanto</i>	65
DO BANJARESE WOMEN AND MEN SPEAK DIFFERENTLY? <i>Agustina Lestary</i>	70
STUDENTS’ MOTIVES IN SWITCHING FROM ENGLISH TO INDONESIAN OR JAVANESE IN A FOREIGN LANGUAGE SETTING <i>Almira Irwaniyanti Utami</i>	74
THE IMPORTANCE OF NOTICING IN IMPROVING EFL STUDENTS’ WRITING SKILLS <i>Amrih Bekti Utami</i>	79
FENOMENA SOSIOLINGUISTIK BAHASA JAWA PESISIR SEBAGAI CERMIN KEARIFAN LOKAL <i>Anandha</i>	82
ALIH KODE DAN CAMPUR KODE PADA CERAMAH BUDAYA EMHA AINUN NAJIB <i>Anang Febri Priambada</i>	87
A LYRIC’S WORTH IN GESANG’S “CAPING GUNUNG” <i>Ariya Jati</i>	92
KEARIFAN LOKAL MITIGASI BENCANA DALAM TRADISI SASTRA LISAN NUSANTARA <i>Asih Prihandini and N. Denny Nugraha</i>	97
JAVANESE VIEW ON EDUCATION: AN ETNOLINGUISTIC STUDY <i>Atin Kurniawati</i>	102
TRANSLATION UNIT IN THE TRANSLATION OF AL-QURAN INTO INDONESIA <i>Baharuddin</i>	106
THE IDENTITY OF JAVANESE PEOPLE (A STUDY ON SELAMATAN IN EAST JAVA, ETHNOLINGUISTICS PERSPECTIVE) <i>Bambang Hariyanto</i>	111
METAPHORICAL SWITCHING: A LINGUISTIC REPERTOIRE OF MUSLIM JAVANESE PRIESTS <i>Bernadetta Yuniati Akbariah</i>	115

THE INFLUENCE OF TRADITIONAL MAIDS’ JAVANESE TO CHILDREN’S LANGUAGE (A CASE STUDY AT KAMPUNG KENTENG, KEJIWAN, WONOSOBO) <i>Christina</i>	120
LOCAL WISDOM IN JAVANESE PROVERBS (A COGNITIVE LINGUISTIC APPROACH) <i>Deli Nirmala</i>	124
JAVANESE EXPRESSIONS AS LOCAL WISDOM MANIFESTATION <i>Dian Swastika</i>	129
PEKALONGAN DIALECT IN RAPROX BAND LYRICS <i>Didik Santoso</i>	133
THEMATIC STRUCTURE SHIFT FOUND IN ENGLISH - INDONESIAN TRANSLATION OF OBAMA’S SPEECH IN INDONESIA UNIVERSITY <i>Diyah Fitri Wulandari</i>	137
SANTRI’S LANGUAGE ATTITUDE TOWARD JAVANESE LANGUAGE ON PESANTREN TEACHING WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE <i>Dwi Wulandari and Wiwik Sundari</i>	141
THE TRANSLATION OF SHALL IN THE INDONESIAN VERSION OF ASEAN CHARTER: A PRELIMINARY RESEARCH ON PATTERNS AND CONSEQUENCES OF MODAL TRANSLATION <i>Dyka Santi Des Anditya</i>	146
PERGESERAN PENGGUNAAN KEIGO KHUSUSNYA PADA PENGGUNAAN HONORIFIC TITLE (呼称) DAN PERUBAHAN HUBUNGAN ATASAN DAN BAWAHAN YANG TERJADI PADA PERUSAHAAN JEPANG <i>Elisa Carolina Marion</i>	151
STUDENTS’ DERIVATION MASTERY AND THEIR ABILITY IN ANSWERING READING QUESTIONS <i>Emilia Ninik Aydawati</i>	156
CONTRASTIVE ANALYSIS OF PROVERBS IN INDONESIAN AND ENGLISH: AN ANTHROPOLOGICAL LINGUISTIC STUDY <i>Endang Setyowati</i>	159
VARIASI BAHASA DALAM SINETRON TUKANG BUBUR NAIK HAJI (TBNH) KAJIAN ETNOGRAFI KOMUNIKASI <i>Endang Sri Wahyuni and Khrishandini</i>	164

PERUBAHAN KATA GANTI ORANG KEDUA DALAM BAHASA JAWA <i>Endro Nugroho Wasono Aji</i>	168
Pengenalan Ungkapan-ungkapan Bahasa Jawa: Suatu Upaya Pemertahanan Bangsa <i>Enita Istriwati</i>	172
Bentuk dan Fungsi Kalimat Tanya dalam Talk Show “Indonesia Lawyers Club” <i>Erlita Rusnaningtias</i>	177
Kata Serapan dalam Bahasa Jepang: Upaya Bangsa Jepang dalam Pemeliharaan Bahasa dan Terjadinya Pergeseran Bahasa sesuai Budaya Lokal <i>Esther Hersline Palandi</i>	182
Pergeseran Bahasa Hokkian dalam Upacara Te Pai di Indonesia <i>Fandy Prasetya Kusuma</i>	187
Using Thematic Progression Patterns with Cooperative Learning Method (TP-CL) to Improve the Writing Skill of the English Department Students of UTM in the Academic Year 2011/2012 <i>Farikah</i>	192
Penggunaan Bahasa dalam Ranah Jual Beli di Pasar Terapung Lok Baintan Kabupaten Banjar Kalimantan Selatan <i>Fatchul Mu’in</i>	197
Pendekatan Emik-etik terhadap Upacara Pasak Indong Suku Tidung di Desa Salimbatu, Kecamatan Tanjung Palas Tengah, Kalimantan Utara Kajian Linguistik Antropologi <i>Fitriansyah</i>	201
Presupposition Analysis of the Question in Mata Najwa “Politik Selebriti” Episode <i>Habiba Al Umami</i>	205
Tuturan Pamali dalam Tradisi Lisan Masyarakat Banjar <i>Hatmiati</i>	210
Kesalahan dalam Penentuan Jenis Kalimat dalam Bahasa Indonesia: Studi Kasus Mahasiswa TPB IPB <i>Henny Krishnawati and Defina</i>	215

MUATAN SOSIO-KULTURAL DAN POLITIS DALAM BAHASA DARI SEGI ETNOGRAFI <i>Herudjati Purwoko</i>	220
PERGESERAN PEMAKAIAN PRONOMINA PERSONA DALAM BAHASA INDONESIA INFORMAL REMAJA: STUDI KASUS FILM TANGKAPLAH DAKU KAU KUJITAK (1987) DAN BANGUN LAGI DONG, LUPUS (2013) <i>Icuk Prayogi</i>	225
THE ETHNOGRAPHY OF COMMUNICATION APPROACH TOWARDS THE MOTIVATORS’ SPEECH IN ORIFLAME <i>Ida Hendriyani</i>	230
PRANOTOCORO AS ONE OF THE SYMBOL OF JAVANESE CULTURE THAT BECOMES DIMINISH FROM DAY TO DAY <i>Ikha Adhi Wijaya</i>	235
SEMANTIC SHIFT ON MALAY WORDS IN CLASSICAL MALAY TEXT HIKAYAT HANG TUAH COMPARE TO MODERN MALAY (INDONESIAN LANGUAGE) AND THE RELATION TO CULTURAL CONTEXT <i>Ikmi Nur Oktavianti</i>	240
THE CREATION OF LANGUAGE THROUGH MOTTO (THE STUDY OF LANGUAGE AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN A MOTTO OF ACADEMIC INSTITUTION) <i>Juanda and M. Rayhan Bustam</i>	245
PENATAAN ULANG KAMUS DIALEK BANYUMASAN; SEBUAH SUMBANGAN LEKSIKOGRAFIS BAGI UPAYA PEMERTAHANAN DIALEK (RE-ORGANISATION OF BANYUMAS DIALECT DICTIONARY; LEXICOGRAPHIC CONTRIBUTION TO DIALECT PRESERVATION) <i>Kahar Dwi Prihantono</i>	250
STYLE AND REGISTER USED AT PONDOK PESANTREN (A DIMENSION OF SOSIOLINGUISTICS) <i>Kharisma Puspita Sari</i>	255
MODEL PEMBELAJARAN KOOPERATIF TEKNIK STUDENT TEAMS ACHIEVEMENT DIVISIONS (STAD) UNTUK MENINGKATKAN KETERAMPILAN MENULIS NARASI MAHASISWA ASING DI UNIVERSITAS SEBELAS MARET <i>Kundharu Saddhono</i>	259
LINGUISTIC ADAPTATION OF BAJO IN SUMBAWA ISLAND: A PRELIMINARY STUDY FOR SOCIAL MOTIVATION OF LANGUAGE CHANGE <i>Lalu Erwan Husnan</i>	263

SOSIALISASI DAN KEBIJAKAN ATAS KEBERAGAMAN BAHASA PADA MASYARAKAT TENGGER JAWA TIMUR: SEBUAH FENOMENA KEARIFAN LOKAL <i>Layli Hamida</i>	267
TARLING MUSIC AS A MEANS OF MAINTAINING INDIGENOUS JAVANESE LANGUAGE AT NORTHERN COAST (PANTURA) IN THE PROVINCES OF WEST JAVA AND CENTRAL JAVA <i>Leksito Rini</i>	271
A REFLECTION OF LANGUAGE ATTITUDE TOWARD KID CARTOONS: A CASE STUDY OF FIRST GRADERS IN MARSUDIRINI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL <i>Maria Christiani sugiaro</i>	274
THE FEATURES OF JAVANESE WOMEN SPEECH: A SOCIOLINGUISTICS STUDY BASED ON LAKOFF'S THEORY <i>Maria Yosephin Widarti Lestari</i>	279
STRATEGI INTERAKSI EKSTRA-TEKSTUAL GURU UNTUK MENINGKATKAN PEMAHAMAN TEKSTUAL SISWA TUNA GRAHITA <i>Masitha Achmad Syukri</i>	283
GENERASI MUDA JAWA PERKOTAAN KAGOK DENGAN BAHASA JAWANYA SENDIRI <i>M. Suryadi</i>	288
THE ANALYSIS OF FACE WANTS AS SELF IMAGE USED BY AGNES MONICA IN KICK ANDY SHOW <i>Mastuti Ajeng Subianti</i>	292
PENGGUNAAN BAHASA JAWA PADA UPACARA TUMURUNING KEMBARMAYANG SEBAGAI CERMINAN KEARIFAN BUDAYA JAWA <i>Meka Nitrit Kawasari</i>	295
PEMERTAHANAN DAN REVITALISASI BAHASA JAWA DIALEK BANTEN <i>Meti Istimurti</i>	300
KESENIAN JARANAN SEBAGAI BENTUK PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA JAWA <i>Miza Rahmatika Aini</i>	305
KO AND RIKA IN JAVANESE OF TEGAL <i>Mualimin</i>	309
A SOCIAL CONTEXT OF SASAK PERSONAL PRONOUNS <i>Muhammad</i>	313

PEDAGOGONOLOGIS SEBUAH KAJIAN FONOLOGI DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN <i>Muhammad Nanang Qosim</i>	318
TINDAK TUTUR PERSUASIF DAN PROVOKATIF DALAM WACANA SPANDUK KAMPANYE PILKADA JAWA TENGAH TAHUN 2013 <i>Muhammad Rohmadi</i>	322
THE USE OF PERSONAL NAMES IN NAMING PRODUCTS <i>Muhammad Zulkarnain Ashya Hifa</i>	327
VERBA “MIRIP TAKUT” DALAM BAHASA MELAYU ASAHAN <i>Mulyadi</i>	331
GEJALA INKORPORASI PADA BAHASA MEDIA CETAK <i>Mulyono</i>	336
A FEMINIST STYLISTIC READING OF TRIYANTO TRIWIKROMO’S “TUJUH BELAS AGUSTUS TANPA TAHUN” <i>Mytha Candria</i>	341
PENGUNAAN BAHASA INGGRIS DALAM IKLAN MAKANAN DAN MINUMAN: PELUANG ATAUKAH ANCAMAN? <i>Neli Purwani</i>	346
BANJARESE IDEOLOGIES PORTRAYED IN SI PALUI <i>Ninuk Krismanti</i>	351
WOMEN, LANGUAGE AND CULTURAL CHANGE <i>Nungki Heriyati</i>	356
PENGARUH DIALEK LOKAL TERHADAP BAHASA MANDARIN YANG DIGUNAKAN MASYARAKAT TIONGHUA DI PURWOKERTO <i>Nunung Supriadi</i>	361
(RE)-READING A KARTINI’S LETTER USING CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS <i>Nurhayati</i>	365
NAFAS BAHASA JAWA DI JAGAT MAYA <i>P. Ari Subagyo</i>	370
METAFORA SEBAGAI NASIHAT DALAM HOROSKOP JAWA: STUDI LINGUISTIK ANTROPOLOGIS <i>Prayudha</i>	375

ANNOTATION MODEL FOR LOANWORDS IN INDONESIAN CORPUS: A LOCAL GRAMMAR FRAMEWORK <i>Prihantoro</i>	380
PELESTARIAN BAHASA BALI DALAM PENDIDIKAN FORMAL: PERSPEKTIF POLITIK DAN REGULASI <i>Putu Sutama</i>	385
TINJAUAN RELATIVITAS BAHASA DALAM LAGU KERONCONG <i>Ratih Kusumaningsari</i>	390
KAJIAN PENERJEMAHAN IDEOLOGI DENGAN PENDEKATAN APPRAISAL <i>Retno Hendrastuti</i>	395
THE STRATEGY OF THE TEXT AND THE STRUCTURAL RELATIONS TO EXERCISE SUNDANESE CRITICS’ IDEOLOGICAL HEGEMONY <i>Retno Purwani Sari and Tatan Tawami</i>	400
PENGASINGAN RAMBU PETUNJUK DI PUSAT-PUSAT PERBELANJAAN DI SURABAYA <i>Retno Wulandari Setyaningsih</i>	403
SIKAP BERBAHASA PARA SISWA SEKOLAH DASAR ISLAM TERPADU KABUPATEN BANDUNG DALAM KONTEK MULTIBAHASA <i>Riadi Darwis</i>	408
IMPLEMENTATION OF ENGLISH LEARNING MODEL BASED ON NEGATIVE ANXIETY REDUCTION THROUGH CONSTRUCTIVISM THEORY IN BANJARBARU SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS <i>Ridha Fadillah</i>	412
BAHASA JAWA DALAM SLOGAN-SLOGAN CALON GUBERNUR DAN WAKIL GUBERNUR JAWA TENGAH TAHUN 2013 <i>Rini Esti Utami</i>	417
PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA DAERAH SEBAGAI UPAYA MENINGKATKAN KETAHANAN BUDAYA <i>Rukni Setyawati</i>	422
ICT (WEB. DESIGN) AND JAVANESE LANGUAGE LEARNING IN INDONESIA: REVITALIZATION INDIGENOUS LANGUAGES <i>Ruth Hastutiningsih</i>	426
ANALYSIS OF IDIOMATIC EMOTION EXPRESSIONS DETECTED FROM ONLINE MOVIE REVIEWS <i>Sai-Rom Kim, Hae-Yun Lee, and Jeusun Nam</i>	431

LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE OF BALINESE MOTHER TONGUE THROUGH THE TRADITIONAL STORY TELLING (MESATUA) IN BATU BULAN VILLAGE, GIANYAR <i>Sang Ayu Isnur Maharani and I Komang Sumaryana Putra</i>	436
THE USE OF COHESIVE DEVICES IN RELATION TO THE QUALITY OF THE STUDENTS’ ARGUMENTATIVE WRITING <i>Sari Kusumaningrum</i>	441
DEVELOPING ISLAMIC-CONTENT BASED READING COMPREHENSION MATERIALS FOR ISLAMIC HIGHER EDUCATION <i>Sirajul Munir</i>	446
TIPOLOGI SINTAKSIS: URUTAN KATA DAN FRASA BAHASA BANJAR DAN IMPLIKASINYA <i>Siti Jamzaroh</i>	450
LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT: HOW JAVANESE PRESERVED AND SHIFTED IN INDUSTRIAL AREA CASE STUDY IN NIKOMAS COMPANY <i>Siti Suharsih</i>	456
METAFORA YANG DIGUNAKAN OLEH DALANG DALAM MELAKONKAN WAYANG KULIT <i>Sogimin</i>	461
REFLEKSI KEDUDUKAN PEREMPUAN MINANGDALAM PITARUAH AYAH <i>Sri Andika Putri</i>	465
PANTUN BUKA PALANG PINTU: KEARIFAN LOKAL DALAM PERNIKAHAN ADAT BETAWI <i>Sri Sulihingtyas D.</i>	470
PERUNDUNGAN BAHASA DAERAH MELALUI PENGGUNAAN LOGAT DIALEK DALAM TAYANGAN SINETRON DI TELEVISI <i>Sri Wahyuni</i>	474
INDONESIAN NOUN PHRASE=NOUN+NOUN: A SEMANTIC PERSPECTIVE <i>Suparto</i>	479
SOLIDARITAS (TU) DAN KESOPANAN (VOUS) DALAM BAHASA JAWA SEBAGAI WUJUD KEARIFAN LOKAL <i>Surono</i>	484
LANGUAGE AND SAFETY <i>Sutarsih</i>	489

CONFORMITY TOWARDS LOCAL WISDOM AMONG THE SAME INDIGENOUS LANGUAGE SPEAKERS <i>Swany Chiakrawati</i>	492
LOSS OF WORDS IN MANDAILINGNESE <i>Syahron Lubis</i>	496
A SURVEY ON MOTIVATIONAL ORIENTATION IN LEARNING EFL OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION POST GRADUATE STUDENTS OF JENDERAL SOEDIRMAN UNIVERSITY <i>Syaifur Rochman</i>	501
ANALISIS KESANTUNAN BERBAHASA PADA KASET PASAMBAHAN ADAT ALEK MARAPULAI BALERONG GRUP JAKARTA: SEBUAH KARAKTERISTIK KEARIFAN LOKAL ETNIS MINANGKABAU <i>Syamsurizal</i>	505
THE LOSS OF IDENTITY OF SOME SUNDANESE CHILDREN IN BOGOR CITY DUE TO LACK OF EXPOSURE TO SUNDANESE LANGUAGE <i>Tatie Soedewo</i>	510
A STUDY ON STUDENTS’ ABILITY IN CONDUCTING CONVERSATION WITH NATIVE SPEAKERS: CROSS CULTURAL ASPECT AND ADJUSTMENT <i>Titi Rokhayati</i>	515
COMPANY’S PARTICIPATION IN THE LOCAL LANGUAGE RETENTION <i>Tubiyono</i>	520
ANALISIS WACANA PERCAKAPAN SIARAN “ON AIR” RADIO DANGDUT INDONESIA: PENDEKATAN PRAGMATIK <i>Wiwik Wijayanti</i>	525
DISCOURSE CONNECTORS IN ARGUMENTATIVE WRITINGS PRODUCED BY INDONESIAN EFL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS <i>Wuwuh Andayani</i>	530
PEMILIHAN BAHASA KELUARGA MUDA DI DESA KLOPODUWUR CERMIN PEMERTAHANAN IDENTITAS DAN EKSISTENSI BAHASA <i>Yenny Budhi Listianingrum</i>	535
RHETORICAL STRATEGIES IN FLOUTING GRICE’S MAXIMS AS FOUND IN “PYGMALION”. <i>Yenny Hartanto</i>	540
MOTHER'S TONGUE INFLUENCE TOWARDS NAMING IN KEBONADEM VILLAGE <i>Yozar Firdaus Amrullah</i>	545

THE EVOLUTION OF A CHRISTIAN TEXT FROM SEVENTEENTH-CENTURY MALAY TO MODERN-DAY INDONESIAN: A HISTORICAL LINGUISTICS STUDY FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF TRANSFORMATIONAL-GENERATIVE MODEL <i>Yudha Thianto</i>	550
RETRIEVING LOCAL WISDOM IN KOREAN WITH THE SUPPORT OF CORPUS PROCESSING SOFTWARE <i>Jee-Sun Nam</i>	555

**SCHEDULE OF THE INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR
"LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT III (LAMAS III)"**

DAY 1 (July 2, 2013)

TIME	ACTIVITIES		ROOM
	NAME	TITLE	
09.30 – 10.45 WIB	REGISTRATION		PAKOEBUWONO
10.45 – 11.00 WIB	OPENING		PAKOEBUWONO
11.00 – 11.30 WIB	KEYNOTE SPEECH		PAKOEBUWONO
	Prof. Dr. Mahsun, M.S.		
11.30 – 12.30 WIB	LUNCH AND PRAY		PAKOEBUWONO
12.30 – 14.00 WIB	PLENNARY SESSION 1		PAKOEBUWONO
	Prof. Jee Sun Nam, Ph.D.	RETRIEVING LOCAL WISDOM IN KOREAN WITH THE SUPPORT OF CORPUS PROCESSING SOFTWARE	
	Dr. Johnny Tjia	ISU KEBERTAHANAN DALAM USAHA PENCAGARAN BAHASA	
	Dr. Suharno, M.Ed.	INCORPORATING LOCAL WISDOM INTO ENGLISH LANGUAGE TEACHING (ELT)	
	Moderator : J. Herudjati Purwoko, Ph.D		
14.00 – 15.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 1 A		PAKOEBUWONO
	Kahar Dwi Prihantono	PENATAAN ULANG KAMUS DIALEK BANYUMASAN; SEBUAH SUMBANGAN LEKSIKOGRAFIS BAGI UPAYA PEMERTAHANAN DIALEK (RE-ORGANISATION OF BANYUMAS DIALECT DICTIONARY; LEXICOGRAPHIC CONTRIBUTION TO DIALECT PRESERVATION)	
	Mualimin	KO AND RIKA IN JAVANESE OF TEGAL	
	Rukni Setyawati	PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA DAERAH SEBAGAI UPAYA MENINGKATKAN KETAHANAN BUDAYA	
	Retno Wulandari Setyaningsih	PENGASINGAN RAMBU PETUNJUK DI PUSAT-PUSAT PERBELANJAAN DI SURABAYA	
14.00 – 15.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 1 B		PAKOEBUWONO
	Herudjati Purwoko	MUATAN SOSIO-KULTURAL DAN POLITIS DALAM BAHASA DARI SEGI ETNOGRAFI	
	Syahron Lubis	LOSS OF WORDS IN MANDAILINGNESE	
	M. Suryadi	GENERASI MUDA JAWA PERKOTAAN KAGOK DENGAN BAHASA JAWANYA SENDIRI	
	Fatchul Mu'in	PENGGUNAAN BAHASA DALAM RANAH JUAL BELI DI PASAR TERAPUNG LOK BAIN TAN KABUPATEN BANJAR KALIMANTAN SELATAN	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
14.00 – 15.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 1 C		CEMPAKA
	Neli Purwani	PENGGUNAAN BAHASA INGGRIS DALAM IKLAN MAKANAN DAN MINUMAN: PELUANG ATAUKAH ANCAMAN?	
	Ikmi nur Oktavianti	SEMANTIC SHIFT ON MALAY WORDS IN CLASSICAL MALAY TEXT HIKAYAT HANG TUAH COMPARE TO MODERN MALAY (INDONESIAN LANGUAGE) AND THE RELATION TO CULTURAL CONTEXT	
	Nunung Supriadi	PENGARUH DIALEK LOKAL TERHADAP BAHASA MANDARIN YANG DIGUNAKAN MASYARAKAT TIONGHUA DI PURWOKERTO	
	Agustina Lestary	DO BANJARESE WOMEN AND MEN SPEAK DIFFERENTLY?	
14.00 – 15.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 1 D		MELATI
	Esther Hesline Palandi	KATA SERAPAN DALAM BAHASA JEPANG: UPAYA BANGSA JEPANG DALAM PEMELIHARAAN BAHASA DAN TERJADINYA PERGESERAN BAHASA SESUAI BUDAYA LOKAL	
	Maria Yosephin Widarti Lestari	THE FEATURES OF JAVANESE WOMEN SPEECH: A SOCIOLINGUISTICS STUDY BASED ON LAKOFF'S THEORY	
	Meti Istimurti	PEMERTAHANAN DAN REVITALISASI BAHASA JAWA DIALEK BANTEN	
	Retno Purwani Sari Dan Tatan Tawami	THE STRATEGY OF THE TEXT AND THE STRUCTURAL RELATIONS TO EXERCISE SUNDANESE CRITICS' IDEOLOGICAL HEGEMONY	
14.00 – 15.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 1 E		BOUGENVILLE
	Layli Hamida	SOSIALISASI DAN KEBIJAKAN ATAS KEBERAGAMAN BAHASA PADA MASYARAKAT TENGGER JAWA TIMUR: SEBUAH FENOMENA KEARIFAN LOKAL	
	Dwi Wulandari dan Wiwik Sundari	SANTRI'S LANGUAGE ATTITUDE TOWARD JAVANESE LANGUAGE ON PESANTREN TEACHING WITHIN THE CONTEXT OF JAVANESE LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE	
	Kharisma Puspita Sari	STYLE AND REGISTER USED AT PONDOK PESANTREN (A DIMENSION OF SOSIOLINGUISTICS)	
	Anandha	FENOMENA SOSIOLINGUISTIK BAHASA JAWA PESISIR SEBAGAI CERMIN KEARIFAN LOKAL	
15.30 – 16.00 WIB	BREAK AND PRAY		PAKOEJUWONO

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
16.00 – 17.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 2 A		PAKOEBUWONO
	Surono	SOLIDARITAS (TU) DAN KESOPANAN (VOUS) DALAM BAHASA JAWA SEBAGAI WUJUD KEARIFAN LOKAL	
	Riadi Darwis	SIKAP BERBAHASA PARA SISWA SEKOLAH DASAR ISLAM TERPADU KABUPATEN BANDUNG DALAM KONTEKS MULTIBAHASA	
	Fandy Prasetya Kusuma	PERGESERAN BAHASA HOKKIAN DALAM UPACARA TE PAI DI INDONESIA	
	Elisa Carolina Marion	PERGESERAN PENGGUNAAN KEIGO KHUSUSNYA PADA PENGGUNAAN HONORIFIC TITLE (呼称) DAN PERUBAHAN HUBUNGAN ATASAN DAN BAWAHAN YANG TERJADI PADA PERUSAHAAN JEPANG	
16.00 – 17.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 2 B		PAKOEBUWONO
	Dian Swastika	JAVANESE EXPRESSIONS AS LOCAL WISDOM MANIFESTATION	
	Meka Nitrit Kawasari	PENGGUNAAN BAHASA JAWA PADA UPACARA TUMURUNING KEMBARMAYANG SEBAGAI CERMINAN KEARIFAN BUDAYA JAWA	
	Endang Setyowati	CONTRASTIVE ANALYSIS OF PROVERBS IN INDONESIAN AND ENGLISH: AN ANTHROPOLOGICAL LINGUISTIC STUDY	
	Prayudha	METAFORA SEBAGAI NASIHAT DALAM HOROSKOP JAWA: STUDI LINGUISTIK ANTROPOLOGIS	
16.00 – 17.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 2 C		CEMPAKA
	Sri Sulihingtyas D.	PANTUN BUKA PALANG PINTU: KEARIFAN LOKAL DALAM PERNIKAHAN ADAT BETAWI	
	Hatmiati	TUTURAN PAMALI DALAM TRADISI LISAN MASYARAKAT BANJAR	
	Atin Kurniawati	JAVANESE VIEW ON EDUCATION: AN ETNOLINGUISTIC STUDY	
	Muhammad	A SOCIAL CONTEXT OF SASAK PERSONAL PRONOUNS	
16.00 – 17.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 2 D		MELATI
	Habiba Al Umami	PRESUPPOSITION ANALYSIS OF THE QUESTION IN MATA NAJWA "POLITIK SELEBRITI" EPISODE	
	Muhammad Rohmadi	TINDAK TUTUR PERSUASIF DAN PROVOKATIF DALAM WACANA SPANDUK KAMPANYE PILKADA JAWA TENGAH TAHUN 2013	
	Endro nugroho wasono aji	PERUBAHAN KATA GANTI ORANG KEDUA DALAM BAHASA JAWA	
	Yenny budhi listianingrum	PEMILIHAN BAHASA KELUARGA MUDA DI DESA KLOPODUWUR CERMIN PEMERTAHANAN IDENTITAS DAN EKSISTENSI BAHASA	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
16.00 – 17.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 2 E		BOUGENVILLE
	Sri wahyuni	PERUNDUNGAN BAHASA DAERAH MELALUI PENGGUNAAN LOGAT DIALEK DALAM TAYANGAN SINETRON DI TELEVISI	
	Lalu erwan husnan	LINGUISTIC ADAPTATION OF BAJO IN SUMBAWA ISLAND: A PRELIMINARY STUDY FOR SOCIAL MOTIVATION OF LANGUAGE CHANGE	
	Tubiyono	COMPANY'S PARTICIPATION IN THE LOCAL LANGUAGE RETENTION	
	Endang sri wahyuni dan khrishandini	VARIASI BAHASA DALAM SINETRON TUKANG BUBUR NAIK HAJI (TBNH) KAJIAN ETNOGRAFI KOMUNIKASI	
17.30 – 18.30 WIB	BREAK AND PRAY		PAKOEBUWONO
18.30 – 19.30 WIB	PARALLEL SESSION 2 F-1		PAKOEBUWONO A
	Rini Esti Utami	BAHASA JAWA DALAM SLOGAN-SLOGAN CALON GUBERNUR DAN WAKIL GUBERNUR JAWA TENGAH TAHUN 2013	
	Miza Rahmatika Aini	KESENIAN JARANAN SEBAGAI BENTUK PEMERTAHANAN BAHASA JAWA	
	Putu Utama	PELESTARIAN BAHASA BALI DALAM PENDIDIKAN FORMAL: PERSPEKTIF POLITIK DAN REGULASI	
	Leksito Rini	TARLING MUSIC AS A MEANS OF MAINTAINING INDIGENOUS JAVANESE LANGUAGE AT NORTHERN COAST (PANTURA) IN THE PROVINCES OF WEST JAVA AND CENTRAL JAVA	
	Enita Istriwati	PENGENALAN UNGKAPAN-UNGKAPAN BAHASA JAWA: SUATU UPAYA PEMERTAHANAN BANGSA	
	Icuk Prayogi	PERGESERAN PEMAKAIAN PRONOMINA PERSONA DALAM BAHASA INDONESIA INFORMAL REMAJA: STUDI KASUS FILM TANGKAPLAH DAKU KAU KUJITAK (1987) DAN BANGUN LAGI DONG, LUPUS (2013)	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
18.30 – 19.30 WIB	PARALLEL SESSION 2 F-2		PAKOEBUWONO B
	Ikha Adhi Wijaya	PRANOTOCORO AS ONE OF THE SYMBOL OF JAVANESE CULTURE THAT BECOMES DIMINISH FROM DAY TO DAY	
	Siti Suharsih	LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE AND SHIFT: HOW JAVANESE PRESERVED AND SHIFTED IN INDUSTRIAL AREA CASE STUDY IN NIKOMAS COMPANY	
	Sang Ayu Isnu Maharani dan I Komang Sumaryana Putra	LANGUAGE MAINTENANCE OF BALINESE MOTHER TONGUE THROUGH THE TRADITIONAL STORY TELLING (MESATUA) IN BATU BULAN VILLAGE, GIANYAR	
	Sutarsih	LANGUAGE AND SAFETY	
	Anang Febri Priambada	ALIH KODE DAN CAMPUR KODE PADA CERAMAH BUDAYA EMHA AINUN NAJIB	
	Didik Santoso	PEKALONGAN DIALECT IN RAPROX BAND LYRICS	
	Maria Christiani sugiarto	A REFLECTION OF LANGUAGE ATTITUDE TOWARD KID CARTOONS: A CASE STUDY OF FIRST GRADERS IN MARSUDIRINI ELEMENTARY SCHOOL	
18.30 – 19.30 WIB	PARALLEL SESSION 2 F-3		PAKOEBUWONO C
	Asih Prihandini dan N. Denny Nugraha	KEARIFAN LOKAL MITIGASI BENCANA DALAM TRADISI SASTRA LISAN NUSANTARA	
	Yozar Firdaus Amrullah	MOTHER'S TONGUE INFLUENCE TOWARDS NAMING IN KEBONADEM VILLAGE	
	Muhammad Zulkarnain Ashya hifa	THE USE OF PERSONAL NAMES IN NAMING PRODUCTS	
	Ida Hendriyani	THE ETHNOGRAPHY OF COMMUNICATION APPROACH TOWARDS THE MOTIVATORS' SPEECH IN ORIFLAME	
	Bambang Hariyanto	THE IDENTITY OF JAVANESE PEOPLE (A STUDY ON SELAMATAN IN EAST JAVA, ETHNOLINGUISTICS PERSPECTIVE)	
	Abadi Supriatin	BAHASA PERMOHONAN DI DALAM TRADISI KLIWONAN DI "SUMUR BERKAH" DESA WONOYOSO KABUPATEN PEKALONGAN	
	Mastuti Ajeng Subianti	THE ANALYSIS OF FACE WANTS AS SELF IMAGE USED BY AGNES MONICA IN KICK ANDY SHOW	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
18.30 – 19.30 WIB	PARALLEL SESSION 2 F-4		PAKOEBUWONO D
	Wuwuh Andayani	DISCOURSE CONNECTORS IN ARGUMENTATIVE WRITINGS PRODUCED BY INDONESIAN EFL UNIVERSITY STUDENTS	
	Muhammad Nanang Qosim	PEDAGOGONOLOGIS SEBUAH KAJIAN FONOLOGI DAN ILMU PENDIDIKAN	
	Juanda dan M. Rayhan Bustam	THE CREATION OF LANGUAGE THROUGH MOTTO (THE STUDY OF LANGUAGE AND ENTREPRENEURSHIP IN A MOTTO OF ACADEMIC INSTITUTION)	
	Fitriansyah	PENDEKATAN EMIK-ETIK TERHADAP UPACARA PASAK INDONG SUKU TIDUNG DI DESA SALIMBATU, KECAMATAN TANJUNG PALAS TENGAH, KALIMANTAN UTARA KAJIAN LINGUISTIK ANTROPOLOGI	
	Sogimin	METAFORA YANG DIGUNAKAN OLEH DALANG DALAM MELAKONKAN WAYANG KULIT	
18.30 – 19.30 WIB	PARALLEL SESSION 2 F-5		PAKOEBUWONO E
	Henny Krishnawati dan Defina	KESALAHAN DALAM PENENTUAN JENIS KALIMAT DALAM BAHASA INDONESIA: STUDI KASUS MAHASISWA TPB IPB	
	Emilia Ninik Aydawati	STUDENTS' DERIVATION MASTERY AND THEIR ABILITY IN ANSWERING READING QUESTIONS	
	Masitha Achmad Syukri	STRATEGI INTERAKSI EKSTRA-TEKSTUAL GURU UNTUK MENINGKATKAN PEMAHAMAN TEKSTUAL SISWA TUNA GRAHITA	
	Titi Rokhayati	A STUDY ON STUDENTS' ABILITY IN CONDUCTING CONVERSATION WITH NATIVE SPEAKERS: CROSS CULTURAL ASPECT AND ADJUSTMENT	
	Sari Kusumaningrum	THE USE OF COHESIVE DEVICES IN RELATION TO THE QUALITY OF THE STUDENTS' ARGUMENTATIVE WRITING	
	Almira Irwaniyanti Utami	STUDENTS' MOTIVES IN SWITCHING FROM ENGLISH TO INDONESIAN OR JAVANESE IN A FOREIGN LANGUAGE SETTING	
19.30 – 21.00 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 3 A		PAKOEBUWONO
	P. Ari Subagyo	NAFAS BAHASA JAWA DI JAGAT MAYA	
	Sri Andika Putri	REFLEKSI KEDUDUKAN PEREMPUAN MINANG DALAM PITARUAH AYAH	
	Erlita Rusnaningtias	BENTUK DAN FUNGSI KALIMAT TANYA DALAM TALK SHOW "INDONESIA LAWYERS CLUB"	
	Ninuk Krismanti	BANJARESE IDEOLOGIES PORTRAYED IN SI PALUI	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
19.30 – 21.00 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 3 B		PAKOEBUWONO
	Nungki Heriyati	WOMEN, LANGUAGE AND CULTURAL CHANGE	
	Nurhayati	(RE)-READING A KARTINI'S LETTER USING CRITICAL DISCOURSE ANALYSIS	
	Wiwik Wijayanti	ANALISIS WACANA PERCAKAPAN SIARAN "ON AIR" RADIO DANGDUT INDONESIA: PENDEKATAN PRAGMATIK	
	Yenny Hartanto	RHETORICAL STRATEGIES IN FLOUTING GRICE'S MAXIMS AS FOUND IN "PYGMALION".	
19.30 – 21.00 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 3 C		CEMPAKA
	Deli Nirmala	LOCAL WISDOM IN JAVANESE PROVERBS (A COGNITIVE LINGUISTIC APPROACH)	
	Ratih Kusumaningsari	TINJAUAN RELATIVITAS BAHASA DALAM LAGU KERONCONG	
	Aan Setyawan	THE WEALTH CONCEPT OF JAVANESE SOCIETY: ANTHROPOLOGICAL LINGUISTICS APPROACH IN CUBLAK-CUBLAK SUWENG FOLKSONG	
	Tatie Soedewo	THE LOSS OF IDENTITY OF SOME SUNDANESE CHILDREN IN BOGOR CITY DUE TO LACK OF EXPOSURE TO SUNDANESE LANGUAGE	
19.30 – 21.00 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 3 D		MELATI
	Ridha Fadillah	IMPLEMENTATION OF ENGLISH LEARNING MODEL BASED ON NEGATIVE ANXIETY REDUCTION THROUGH CONSTRUCTIVISM THEORY IN BANJARBARU SENIOR HIGH SCHOOLS	
	Kundharu Saddhono	MODEL PEMBELAJARAN KOOPERATIF TEKNIK STUDENT TEAMS ACHIEVEMENT DIVISIONS (STAD) UNTUK MENINGKATKAN KETERAMPILAN MENULIS NARASI MAHASISWA ASING DI UNIVERSITAS SEBELAS MARET	
	Farikah	USING THEMATIC PROGRESSION PATTERNS WITH COOPERATIVE LEARNING METHOD (TP-CL) TO IMPROVE THE WRITING SKILL OF THE ENGLISH DEPARTMENT STUDENTS OF UTM IN THE ACADEMIC YEAR 2011/2012	
	Amrih Bekti Utami	THE IMPORTANCE OF NOTICING IN IMPROVING EFL STUDENTS' WRITING SKILLS	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
19.30 – 21.00 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 3 E		BOUGENVILLE
	Yudha Thianto	THE EVOLUTION OF A CHRISTIAN TEXT FROM SEVENTEENTH-CENTURY MALAY TO MODERN-DAY INDONESIAN: A HISTORICAL LINGUISTICS STUDY FROM THE PERSPECTIVE OF TRANSFORMATIONAL-GENERATIVE MODEL	
	Suparto	INDONESIAN NOUN PHRASE=NOUN+NOUN: A SEMANTIC PERSPECTIVE	
	Won-Fill Jung, Eunchae Son, Jaemog Song Dan Jeesun Nam	SYNTACTICO-SEMANTIC CLASSIFICATION OF SENTIMENT WORDS IN THE ELECTRONIC DICTIONARY DECO	
	Sai-Rom Kim, Jeesun Nam Dan Hae-Yun Lee	ANALYSIS OF IDIOMATIC EMOTION EXPRESSIONS DETECTED FROM ONLINE MOVIE REVIEWS	

DAY 2 (July 3, 2013)

TIME	ACTIVITIES		ROOM
	NAME	TITLE	
08.00 – 09.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 4 A		ANGGREK 1
	Diyah Fitri Wulandari	THEMATIC STRUCTURE SHIFT FOUND IN ENGLISH - INDONESIAN TRANSLATION OF OBAMA'S SPEECH IN INDONESIA UNIVERSITY	
	Retno Hendrastuti	KAJIAN PENERJEMAHAN IDEOLOGI DENGAN PENDEKATAN APPRAISAL	
	Dyka Santi Des Anditya	THE TRANSLATION OF SHALL IN THE INDONESIAN VERSION OF ASEAN CHARTER: A PRELIMINARY RESEARCH ON PATTERNS AND CONSEQUENCES OF MODAL TRANSLATION	
	Baharuddin	TRANSLATION UNIT IN THE TRANSLATION OF AL-QURAN INTO INDONESIA	
08.00 – 09.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 4 B		ANGGREK 2
	Mulyadi	VERBA "MIRIP TAKUT" DALAM BAHASA MELAYU ASAHAN	
	Agus Subiyanto	MOTION-DIRECTION SERIAL VERB CONSTRUCTIONS IN JAVANESE: A LEXICAL FUNCTIONAL APPROACH	
	Siti Jamzaroh	TIPOLOGI SINTAKSIS: URUTAN KATA DAN FRASA BAHASA BANJAR DAN IMPLIKASINYA	
	Mulyono	GEJALA INKORPORASI PADA BAHASA MEDIA CETAK	

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	
08.00 – 09.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 4 C			ANGGREK 3
	Mytha Candria	A FEMINIST STYLISTIC READING OF TRIYANTO TRIWIKROMO'S "TUJUH BELAS AGUSTUS TANPA TAHUN"		
	Ariya Jati	A LYRIC'S WORTH IN GESANG'S "CAPING GUNUNG"		
	Agus Edy Laksono	TINDAK ILOKUSI PROPAGANDA CAGUB-CAWAGUB JAWA TENGAH PERIODE 2013-2018		
	Ade Husnul Mawadah	PENGGUNAAN BAHASA DAERAH DALAM IKLAN LAYANAN MASYARAKAT SEBAGAI ALAT PEMERTAHANAN BUDAYA BANGSA (STUDI KASUS DI KOTA SERANG PROVINSI BANTEN)		
TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM	
08.00 – 09.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 4 D			MELATI
	Christina	THE INFLUENCE OF TRADITIONAL MAIDS' JAVANESE TO CHILDREN'S LANGUAGE (A CASE STUDY AT KAMPUNG KENTENG, KEJIWAN, WONOSOBO)		
	Bernadetta Yuniati Akbariah	METAPHORICAL SWITCHING: A LINGUISTIC REPERTOIRE OF MUSLIM JAVANESE PRIESTS		
	Swany Chiakrawati	CONFORMITY TOWARDS LOCAL WISDOM AMONG THE SAME INDIGENOUS LANGUAGE SPEAKERS		
	Syaifur Rochman	A SURVEY ON MOTIVATIONAL ORIENTATION IN LEARNING EFL OF PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION POST GRADUATE STUDENTS OF JENDERAL SORDIRMAN UNIVERSITY		
	Syamsurizal	ANALISIS KESANTUNAN BERBAHASA PADA KASET PASAMBAHAN ADAT ALEK MARAPULAI BALERONG GRUP JAKARTA: SEBUAH KARAKTERISTIK KEARIFAN LOKAL ETNIS MINANGKABAU		
08.00 – 09.30 WIB	PARRALEL SESSION 4 E			BOUGENVILLE
	Agnes Widyaningrum	MULTICULTURAL ENGLISH CURRICULUM ACCOMODATATING LOCAL WISDOM		
	Ruth Hastutiningsih	ICT (WEB. DESIGN) AND JAVANESE LANGUAGE LEARNING IN INDONESIA: REVITALIZATION INDIGENOUS LANGUAGES		
	Prihantoro	ANNOTATION MODEL FOR LOANWORDS IN INDONESIAN CORPUS: A LOCAL GRAMMAR FRAMEWORK		
	Sirajul Munir	DEVELOPING ISLAMIC-CONTENT BASED READING COMPREHENSION MATERIALS FOR ISLAMIC HIGHER EDUCATION		
09.30 – 10.00 WIB	BREAK			ANGGREK

TIME	NAME	TITLE	ROOM
10.00 – 11.30 WIB	PLENNARY 2		ANGGREK
	Prof. Dr. Bambang Kaswanti Purwo	ON UNDERSTANDING LOCAL WISDOM THROUGH RIDDLES IN JAVANESE, SUNDANESE, AND WOISIKA LANGUAGE	
	Prof. Dr. I Dewa Putu Wijana, S.U., M.A.	KEBANGGAN BERBAHASA SEBAGAIMANA YANG TEREFLAKSI DALAM WACANA TEKA-TEKI	
	Prof. Drs. Ketut Artawa, MA., Ph.D.	KEARIFAN LOKAL: PERTARUNGAN ANTARA TEKS IDEAL DAN TEKS SOSIAL	
	Moderator : Dr. Agus Subyanto, M.A.		
11.30 – 12.00 WIB	CLOSING		ANGGREK

THE IDENTITY OF JAVANESE PEOPLE(A STUDY ON SELAMATAN IN EAST JAVA, ETHNOLINGUISTICS PERSPECTIVE)

Bambang Hariyanto

State Islamic University (UIN) Sunan Kalijaga Yogyakarta
bambang_h@yahoo.com

Abstract

Indonesia is the nation with the largest archipelago in the world which consists of 13.466 islands from Sabang till Rote. It also has more than 700 local languages with culturally diverse. Based on that, it makes this country has potential of human resources, otherwise it can be the source of big conflict if could not be maintained as well as. One of the most dominant places in this country is Java, the capital and the center of economic is also in Java. In the past, the colonizer like Dutch and Japan always start their occupation started from Java. In addition, Java also called as the culture center region in this nation in which one of the sign for this reason is the existence of the palace of Sultanate Ngayogyakarta Hadiningrat in Yogyakarta (DIY). Furthermore, this paper tries to recognize the features of Javanese people from their tradition (selamatan and ziarah) over the language and the cultural aspect (Habermas, 1984:275).

Method of this research uses qualitative research, and then data were collected from the place of Gus Dur graveyard at Pesantren Tebuireng Jombang in east Java and several areas around here. In addition the researcher classified data and making categorization based on ethnolinguistics perspective. According to Duranti (1997:2), ethnolinguistics field focuses in analyzing the data based on the cultural perspective in the society, then the researcher start making categorization of data from the primary data in the field and supported by the secondary data from the library.

The result of this research showed that for religious people they will start their ritual activities using Islamic speech like opening, content and closing. For opening it will consist of stating basmalah, stating wasilah or tawassul as medium to make interaction and for praying to. The second activities for content it will be consist of reading ayat-ayat al-qur'an and the third is closing, will be consist of expectation and invocation to God. On the other hand, for pure Javanese people, they also have 3 sections during their ritual or selamatan, they are, opening, content and the closing.
Keywords: *Javanese people, linguistics features, ritual, selamatan.*

1. Introduction

Ethnolinguistics field is not to be the new subject or new discipline because Franz Boas at the early of twentieth century also mentioned that there is relationship between language and the way the people view the world. In so far, this study called as Boasian linguistics or madzhab Boasian. On the other hand, Sapir-Whorf also strengthens the Boas' theory in which the language creates the perception of human being to view the world (Sampson, 1980: 80-102). Still related to this reason, Sapir (1964) also stated:

Language not only refers to experience largely acquired without its helps but actually defines experience for us by reason of its formal completeness and because of our unconscious projection of its implicit expectations into the field of experience.

As another perspective, this subject tries to view the society over the language. Ethnolinguistics is to be one of the alternative approach for the understanding the language in the society. Furthermore, the researcher tries to formulate questions from the background above, such as this. What are the linguistics features on *Selamatan* as the tradition for east Java people? And what for they use those terms?

2. Research Method

This research used deep interview strategies in which the researcher involved himself in the society or object of the research, such as stated by Spradley (1997) with direct participation in the field to know deeply what happened with the object of the research, then it is used as the primary data to support the secondary data. Meanwhile, Tyler (1969) mentioned that elicitation data commonly used in etnosemantics research to support the primary data. Secondary data collected from the library (such as resources include professional journals and periodicals, published articles, books and also dissertations and the internet data are used to argue the empirical evidences on the field. The data are then analysed by using descriptive analysis.

3. Discussion

Selamatan or Javenese people said as *wilujengan* is the activities of people for getting blessing and salvation from the God. This method or way is to view their life come from, then some of the social communities group doing this because they want to honour and actualize their believer in this world. It is done with the specific purposes to give honour to God, what they believe to and they hope after completing of this, they will get blessing or safety. Many peripheral or food are provided during this ritual, such as "*kolak, tumpeng, ingkung, bubur or jenang* and so on". Every menu has meaning.

The word *selamatan* is derived from arabic word "*salamah*" mean "safety". According to Islamic perspective, basically there is no tradition such as doing *selamatan* like in Indonesia for prayers, as we know Islam come from Makkah or Middle East, but it is commonly held by the sufism. Another facts, *selamatan* was adopted from the previous religion like Buddhism or Hinduism.

3.1 The Linguistics Features

3.1.1 Prayer in the Graveyard (*Ziarah*)

In some of Moslem clan or group there is a little bit controversial opinion related to do ritual of *ziarah*, some of them said that it is prohibited or misleading activities, otherwise other groups say that it is not prohibited in Islam as long as we do without ignoring *syariah* or rules in Islam. *Ziarah* is one of the populer activities for NU communities, they believe it because there is *karamah* inside (Zulikifli, 2002: 53). Moreover, in *ziarah* they always mention the term *wasilah*, this term is interpreted as a medium for the people to pray to God. It is often used during *tahlilan*, activities of *tahlilan* commonly held by the people of Nahdliyin (NU) when they want to deliver praying to their ancestor. Talking about *wasilah* is not really far from tradition in sufism, as we know that KH. Hasyim Ash'ari and KH. Wahab Hasbullah established NU 31 January 1926, in that period mostly believe with classical system or the opposite of modernism era. Hasyim Ash'ari as the first leader also really highly sipirtualist people in sufism (Zulkifli, 2002: 46). He known as the leader of pesantren Tebuireng and also as th grandfather of Gus Dur. He is as the great *ulama* and also believed as *wali* (friends of God) who possess *karamah*.

This paper not to discuss wich one is right or false, but this paper tries to explain and identify the group or clan of east Java people based on the their activities. Many rituals are done by the visitor when they come to graveyard, such as in Gus Dur graveyard, moreover since this place is confirmed as religious object resort and launched by the government. Moslem people commonly visit the graveyard when to welcome the great day like Ramadhan. This is commonly called as "*Nyadran*". During this moment they often bring the flowers and any other devices in the graveyard as medium during their praying in the graveyard.

Furthermore, based on the activities of the people in the graveyard at *pesantren* Tebuireng. We can classify them into three parts, they are *Santri*, *Abangan* and other *non-moslem*. For *Santri*, they will read part of Holy Qur'an, such as *yaasin* or *tahlil* to pray to God as the medium. Otherwise, for *abangan* they will do ritual based on javanese culture, eg. they will wear the traditional clothes, bring flowers and any other devices as the medium. Then for non-moslem (Christian, Buddhism, Hinduism and other believers) they will pray according to their ways. Because of Gus Dur as a pluralist people during his life, so many other people with different faith also pray form him.

To identify who are they or people which are visited to Gus Dur graveyard, we can look from their clothes, for *Santri* they usually wear *sarung, kopyah* or *songkok* and also just wear trouser. Then for *abangan* sometimes they wear traditional clothes for javanese people. Meanwhile, for other religion, will wear according to their symbols, for example, christian people they wear cross sign (*Salib*) and then for Buddhist they wear "*Jubah*" or Robe and many others.

3.1.2 *Tahlilan*

As stated above that *tahlilan* as dominant activities for the visitor in the graveyard of Gus Dur. It is because most of them as followers of Nahdliyin. Then here will be classified the structure of *tahlilan* during the people visiting in the graveyard. In so far, for east Java communities group, *tahlilan* to be the ceremonial obligation during ritual in the graveyard (*ziarah*) and to be the most influential one in their part of human life. Futhermore, ceremonial of *tahlilan* consists of three part. *The first* part is opening and the *the second* content and the last is closing. For opening, will be satted by reciting *basmallah*, then continued with mentioning their prophet, *ulama, wali* (extraordinary persons), and their ancestor and the person in the graveyard to be prayed. For content they usually read *surat yaasin*, after finishing this

suratthey continue with *istighfar* and *Hasbunallah* etc. For closing, they pray to God to ask and hope safety and blessing for their family and friends along in this world and hereafter later.

3.1.3 *Selamatan*

Selamatan for javenese people is not really exotic thing, because it is to be one part of our life. Many purposes people hold the *selamatan*. When the people build the house they will start with *selamatan*, when they have a new child will be greeted with *selamatan* and still many other activities why people doing *selamatan*. Meanwhile, *selamatan* for some of the people called as useless action and wasting the time and financial but for classical system it is as usual activities and really full of values.

As classical system, maybe *selamatan* to be the identity of javenese people especially in east Java. They will not be called as javenese if they do not hold this tradition. In addition, because as label for them, in *selamatan* they will provide the best one they have, for eg. For food and any devices or pheriperals during *selamatan*. They believe the better in providing, they will get good retaliation and reward from God. For moslem, during *selamatan* ceremony will be combined with *tahlilan* and *yaasinan*. The activities of *yaasin* commonly at the beginning of the ceremony. Javenese people doing *selamatan* with some functions, they are: 1) when succeed of doing something, 2) escape from the danger or regardless from any of dangers.

D. Conclusion

After looking from the background of the research and the discussion above, it can be concluded that for there are several sign as the linguistics features for Javanese people, they are: *Ziarah*, *Tahlilan* and *Selamatan*. They do these activities with specific purposes. Furthermore, religious people they will start their ritual activities using Islamic speech, as parts of linguistics features also. In so far, the structure of Islamic speech is categorized into three parts: 1. opening, 2 content and 3 closing. For opening it will consist of stating "*basmalah*", stating "*wasilah or tawassul*" as medium to make interaction and for praying to God. The second activities for content it will be consist of reading *ayat-ayat al-qur'an* and closing will be consist of expectation and invocation to God. On the other hand, for the indigenous people of Javanese, they also have 3 sections during their ritual or *selamatan*. *The first*, opening and then the *second* consist of content and the last is closing.

References

- Duranti, Alessandro. 1997. *Linguistic Anthropology*. California: Cambridge University Press.
- Fealy, Greg and Virginia Hooker. 2006. *Voices of Islam in Southeast Asia: a contemporary sourcebook*. Singapore: Institute of Southeast Asian Studies.
- Foley, William A. 1997. *Anthropological Linguistics: An Introduction*. Oxford: Blackwell Published.
- Geertz, Clifford. 1960. *The Religion of Java*. Chicago: University of Chicago Press.
- Habermas, Jurgen. 1984. *The Theory of Communicative Action*. "Translation of : Theorie de kommunikativen Handelns". Boston: Beacon Press.
- Jourdan, Cristine and Cavin Tuite. 2006. *Language, Culture and Society*. New York: Cambridge University Press.
- Kuntowijoyo. 1998. cet. VIII. *Paradigma Islam: Interpretasi untuk Aksi*. Bandung: Penerbit Mizan.
- Kridalaksana, Harimurti. 2008. *Kamus Linguistik*. Edisi keempat. Jakarta: Gramedia Pustaka Utama.
- Purwadi. 2005. *Upacara Tradisional Jawa: Menggali Untaian Kearifan Lokal*. Yogyakarta: Pustaka Pelajar.
- Sabang Merauke. Accessed on June 06, 2013 at : <http://beingindonesian.com/>.
- Sapir, Edward. 1964. "Conceptual Categories in Primitive Language". Dalam Dell Hymes (ed.) *Language in Culture and Society*. New York: Harpner & Row.
- Sampson, Geoffrey. 1980. *School of Linguistics*. London: Hutchinson.
- Spradley, James P. 1997. *Metode Etnografi*. Translation. Yogyakarta: Tiara Wacana.
- Solikhin, Muhammad. 2009. *Kanjeng Ratu Kidul dalam Perspektif Islam Jawa*. Yogyakarta: Penerbit NARASI.
- Sudaryanto. 1993. *Metode dan Aneka Teknik Analisis Bahasa: Pengantar Penelitian Wahana Kebudayaan Secara Linguistis*. Yogyakarta: Duta Wacana University Press.
- Suhandano. 2004. "Klasifikasi Tumbuhan Dalam Bahasa Jawa: Sebuah Kajian Linguistik Antropologis". Dissertation. Yogyakarta: Program Pascasarjana Universitas Gadjah Mada.

- Syarifudin. 2008. "Mantra Orang Bajo: Cermin Kolektif Orang Bajo di Sumbawa". Dissertation. Yogyakarta: Program Pascasarjana Universitas Gadjah Mada.
- Whorf, Benjamin Lee. 1993. *Language, Thought, and Reality*. Massachusetts Institute of Technology Cambridge: The MIT Press.
- Woodward, Mark R. 1989. *Islam in Java: normative piety and mysticism in the sultanate of Yogyakarta*. Arizona the University of Arizona Press.
- Zulkifli. 2002. *Sufism in Java: the role of the pesantren in the maintenance of Sufism in Java*. Jakarta: INIS.



**Master Program in Linguistics, Diponegoro University
in Collaboration with
Balai Bahasa Provinsi Jawa Tengah**

**Jalan Imam Bardjo, S.H. No.5 Semarang
Telp/Fax +62-24-8448717
Email: seminarlinguistics@gmail.com
Website: www.mli.undip.ac.id**

