



Cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of lipid nanocapsules

Submitted by Laurent Lemaire on Fri, 07/07/2017 - 15:30

Titre Cytotoxicity and genotoxicity of lipid nanocapsules

Type de publication Article de revue

Auteur Le Roux, Gaël [1], Moche, Hélène [2], Nieto, Alejandro [3], Benoît, Jean-Pierre [4], Nesslany, Fabrice [5], Lagarce, Frédéric [6]

Pays Pays-Bas

Editeur Elsevier

Type Article scientifique dans une revue à comité de lecture

Année 2017

Langue Anglais

Date Juin 2017

Pagination 189-199

Volume 41

Titre de la revue Toxicol In Vitro

ISSN 1879-3177

Mots-clés Captex® 8000 [7], Cytotoxicity [8], Genotoxicity [9], Hill modelisation [10], Lipid nanocarriers [11], Lipoid® S75-3 [12], Micronucleus test [13], MTS assay [14], Nanotoxicology [15], Neutral red uptake assay [16], Nitric oxide [17], Single-cell gel electrophoresis [18], Solutol® HS15 [19], Trypan blue assay [20]

Résumé en anglais Lipid nanocapsules (LNCs) offer a promising method for the entrapment and nanovectorisation of lipophilic molecules. This new type of nanocarrier, formulated according to a solvent-free process and using only regulatory-approved components, exhibits many prerequisites for being well tolerated. Although toxicological reference values have already been obtained in mice, interaction of LNCs at the cell level needs to be elucidated. LNCs, measuring from 27.0 ± 0.1 nm (25nm LNCs) and 112.1 ± 1.8 nm (100nm LNCs) and with a zeta potential between -38.7 ± 1.2 mV and $+9.18 \pm 0.4$ mV, were obtained by a phase inversion process followed by post-insertion of carboxy- or amino-DSPE-PEG. Trypan blue, MTS and neutral red uptake (NRU) assays were performed to evaluate the cytotoxicity of LNCs on mouse macrophage-like cells

RAW264.7 after 24h of exposure. The determination of 50% lethal concentration (LC50) showed a size effect of LNCs on toxicity profiles: LC50 ranged from 1.036mg/L (MTS) and 0.477mg/mL (NRU) for 25nm LNCs, to 4.42mg/mL (MTS) and 2.18mg/mL (NRU) for 100nm LNCs. Surfactant Solutol® HS15 has been shown to be the only constituent to exhibit cytotoxicity; its LC50 reached 0.427mg/mL. Moreover, LNCs were not more toxic than their components in simple mixtures. At sublethal concentration, 100nm LNCs only were able to induce a significant production of nitric oxide (NO) by RAW264.7 cells, as assessed by the Griess reaction. Again, surfactant was the only component responsible for an increased NO release (1.8 ± 0.2 -fold). Genotoxicity assays revealed no DNA damage on human lymphocytes in both the in vitro Comet and micronucleus assays using 4-hour and 24-hour treatments, respectively.

URL de la notice <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua16077> [21]

DOI 10.1016/j.tiv.2017.03.007 [22]
Lien vers le document <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0887233317300711> [23]
Autre titre Toxicol In Vitro
Identifiant (ID) 28323104 [24]
PubMed

Liens

- [1] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=26979>
- [2] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=26980>
- [3] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=26981>
- [4] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/j.benoit/publications>
- [5] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bauthor%5D=26385>
- [6] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/frederic.lagarce/publications>
- [7] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23219>
- [8] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=144>
- [9] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=22477>
- [10] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23225>
- [11] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23216>
- [12] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23217>
- [13] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23220>
- [14] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23222>
- [15] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23215>
- [16] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23223>
- [17] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=6048>
- [18] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23221>
- [19] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23218>
- [20] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications?f%5Bkeyword%5D=23224>
- [21] <http://okina.univ-angers.fr/publications/ua16077>
- [22] <http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.tiv.2017.03.007>
- [23] <http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0887233317300711>
- [24] <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/pubmed/28323104?dopt=Abstract>

Publié sur *Okina* (<http://okina.univ-angers.fr>)