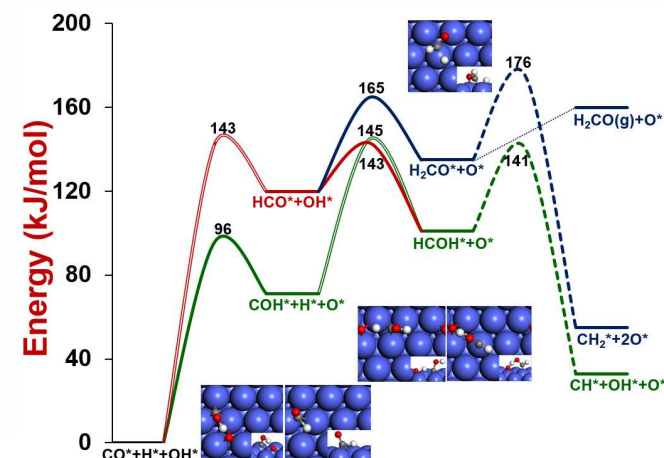
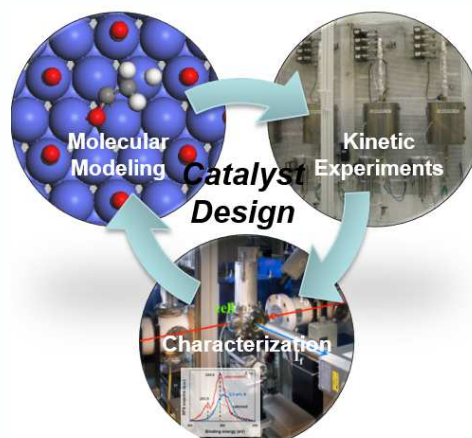
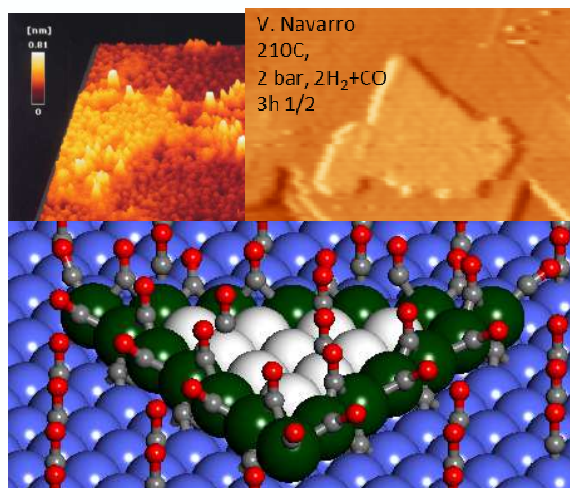


# Catalyst structure and C-O activation during Fischer-Tropsch Synthesis



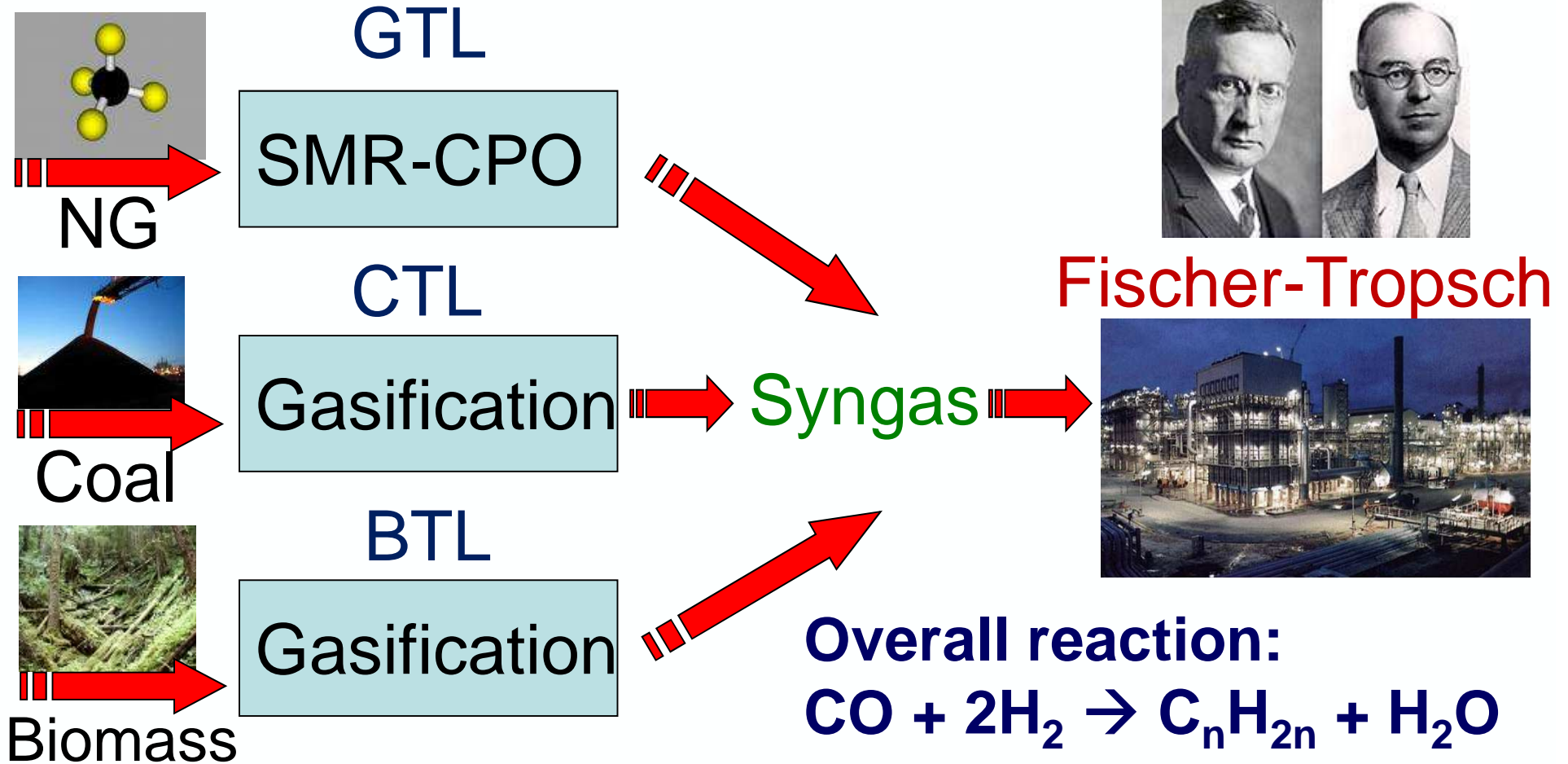
**Kasun Gunasooriya, Arghya Banerjee, Mark Saeys**

*Laboratory for Chemical Technology, Ghent University, Belgium*

<http://www.lct.UGent.be>



# Synthetic Fuels from Gas, Coal & Biomass



## Cobalt catalysts:

High activity, high selectivity, low CO<sub>2</sub> production  
Active sites? Mechanism?

# From Molecules to Processes

1. **Molecular-scale** hypotheses about elementary steps, active sites, kinetics,...

 **“Playing”**

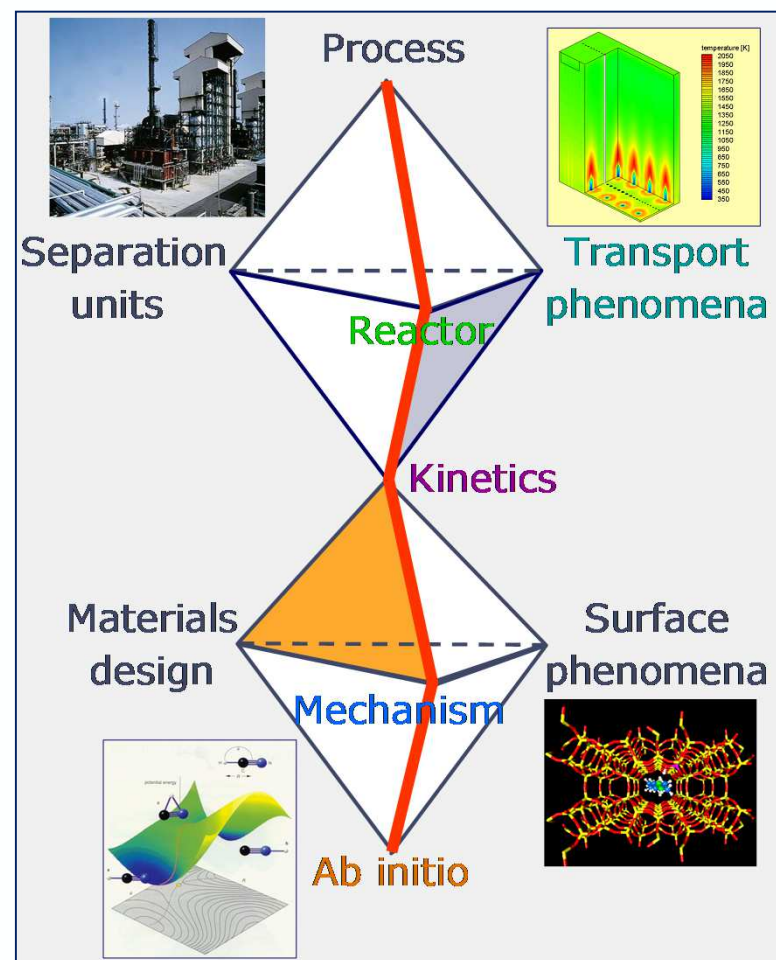
2. Modeling to evaluate

 **“Insight”**

3. Kinetic model or improved catalyst (activity, stability)

 **“Validate”**

4. **Macro-scale** experimental validation (intrinsic kinetics)

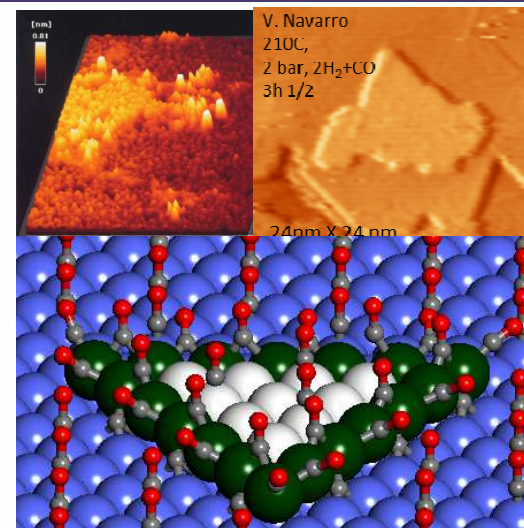


## Structure: Reconstruction

Nature of experimentally observed islands

Origin of stability/formation

Refs: Banerjee *et al.*, *ACS. Catal.* **2015**, Banerjee *et al.*, *JPCL* **2016**

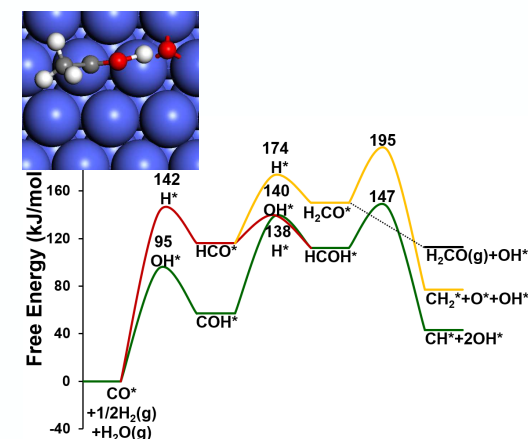


## Activity & Selectivity: Debate

CO insertion consistent with kinetic data

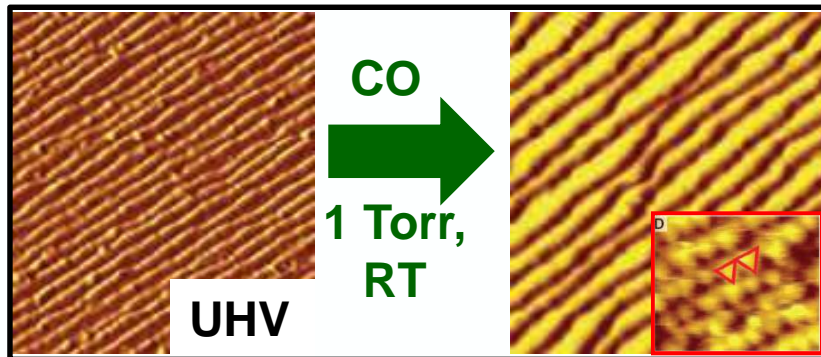
OH as hydrogenating species

Refs: Zhuo *et al.*, *JPCC* **2009**, Zhou *et al.*, *J. Catal.* **2013**,  
Gunasooriya *et al.*, *Surf. Sci.* **2015**, Gunasooriya *et al.*, *ACS Catal.* **2016**

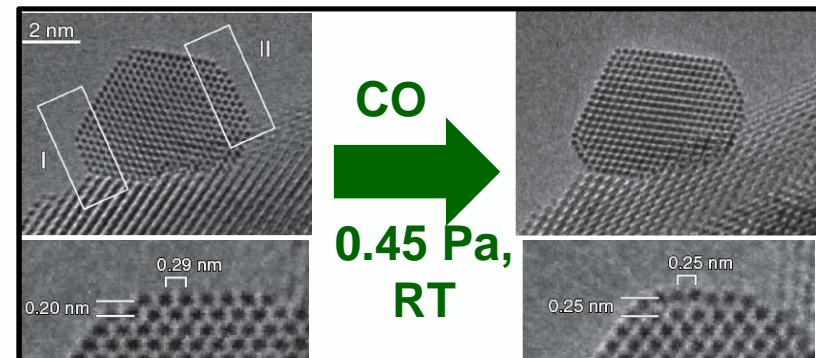


# Surface reconstructions

## Pt restructuring



## Au restructuring



- Pt terraces form triangular nano-islands under CO

Ref: Somorjai *et al.*, *Science*, 2010

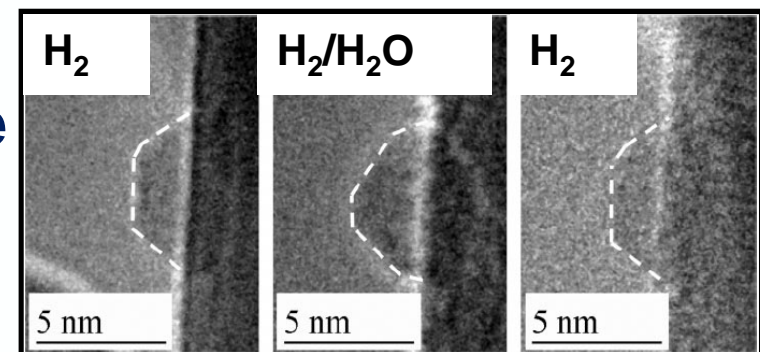
- Au nanoparticles restructure driven by stronger adsorption on reconstructed surface

Ref: Yoshida *et al.*, *Science*, 2012

- Cu/ZnO/Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> catalysts restructure reversibly under H<sub>2</sub>/H<sub>2</sub>O at 1.5 mbar

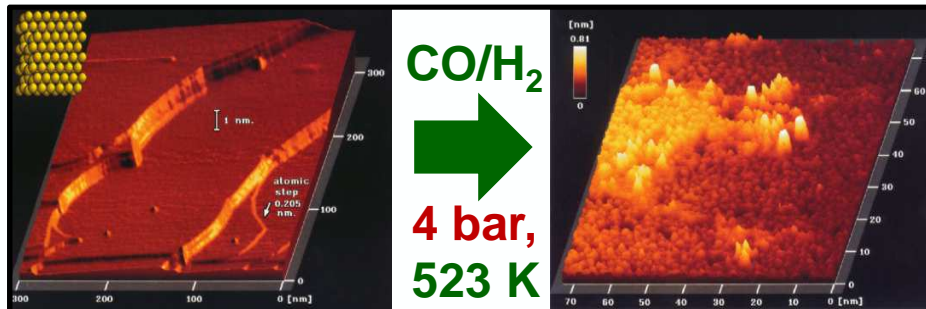
Ref: Hansen *et al.*, *Science*, 2002

## Cu restructuring



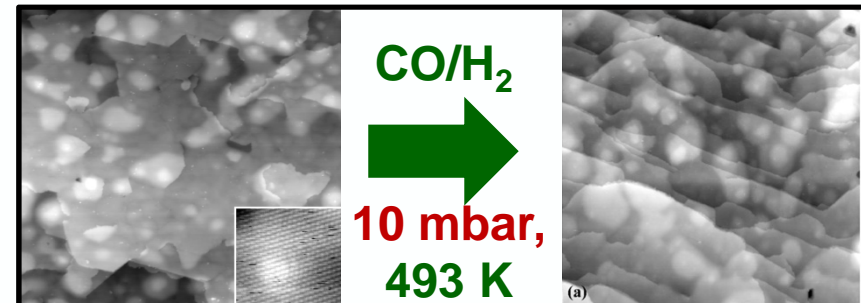
# Massive reconstruction under FT conditions

## STM images of effect of syngas on Co(0001)



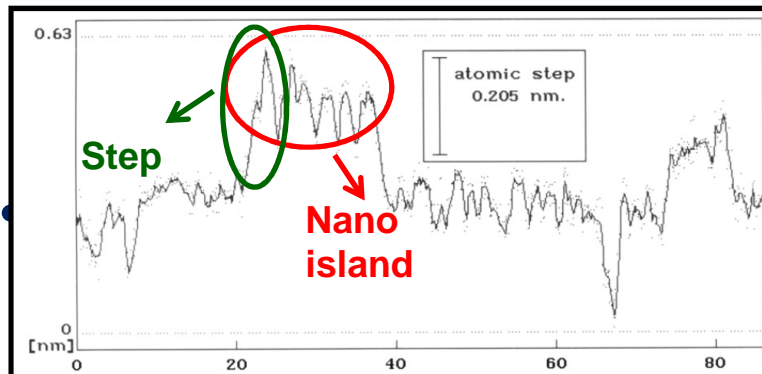
**Islands**

Ref: Wilson, de Groot, *J Phys Chem*, 1995



**No Islands**

Ref: Ehrensperger, Winterlin, *J Catal*, 2014



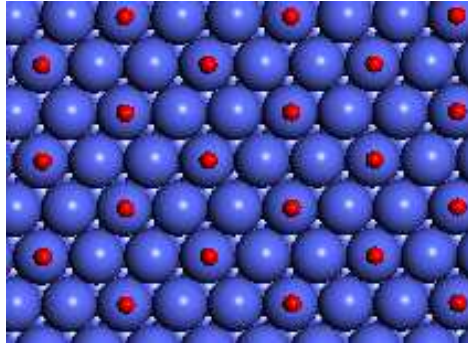
**Massive surface reconstruction  
at FT pressures**

**Triangular nano-islands  
(~2 nm diameter)**

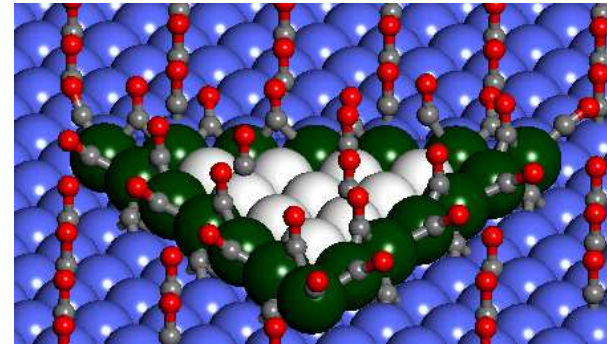
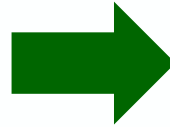
**What drives the formation of those islands?**

# Structure of Co islands

## Island formation under reaction conditions

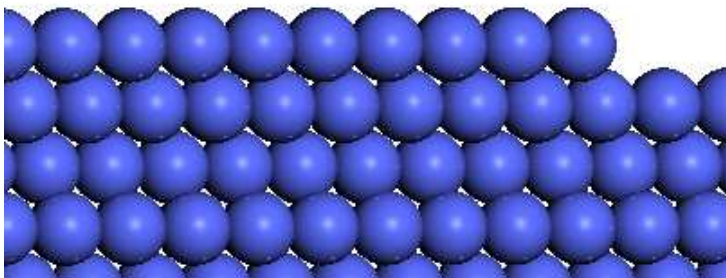


CO-covered terraces

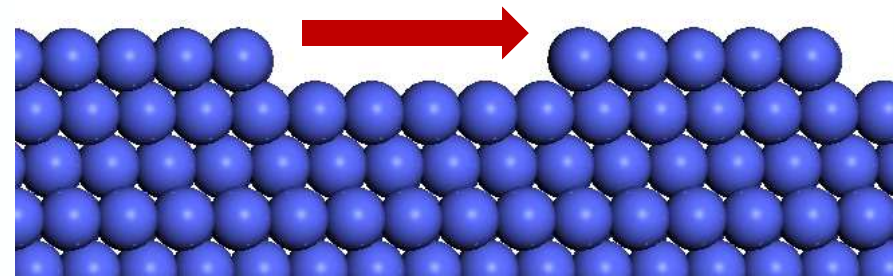
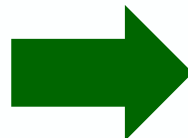


Covered islands

## Step creation



Clean Terraces



Formation of a step

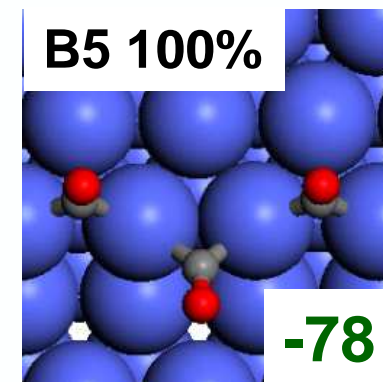
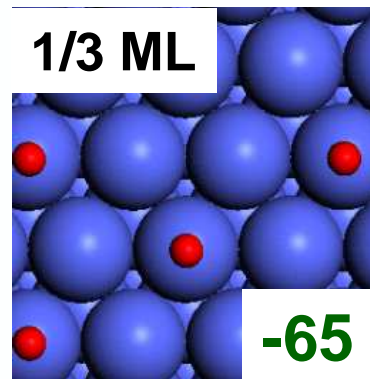
Step creation: **+85 kJ/mol step atoms (both sides)**

Can we find adsorption combinations  
to overcome this penalty?

# CO adsorption at step edges

First principle CO adsorption free energy ( $\sim T, p, \text{composition}$ )

$$\Delta G_{\text{ads}}(T, p_{\text{CO}}) = \Delta H_{\text{ads}}(T, p_{\text{CO}}) - T\Delta S_{\text{ads}}(T, p_{\text{CO}}) + RT \ln(1/p_{\text{CO}})$$



$\Delta G_{\text{rxn}}$  to create step:

Desorption of CO from terrace:  $1 \text{ ML} \times 65 \text{ kJ/mol} = 65 \text{ kJ/mol}$   
 - CO adsorption on terrace:  $100\% \times 78 \text{ kJ/mol} = 78 \text{ kJ/mol}$   
 $\sim 0 \text{ kJ/mol}$

Step creation energy:  $1 \text{ ML} \times 65 \text{ kJ/mol} = 65 \text{ kJ/mol}$   
 CO adsorption on step:  $100\% \times 78 \text{ kJ/mol} = 78 \text{ kJ/mol}$

Can we overcome step-creation energy under FI conditions

CO-covered terraces

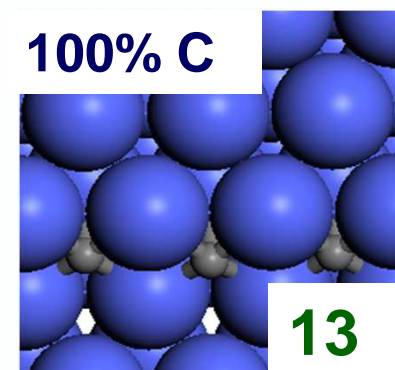
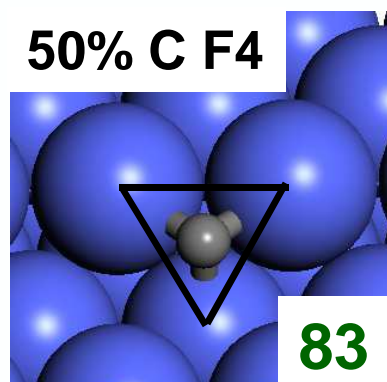
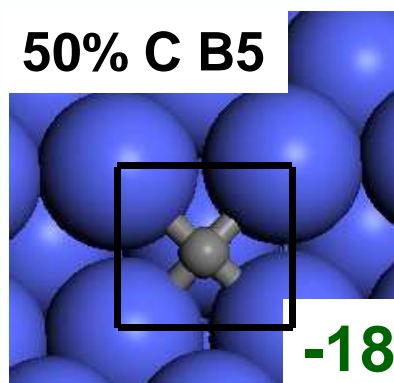
Covered Islands

Can we increase driving force?



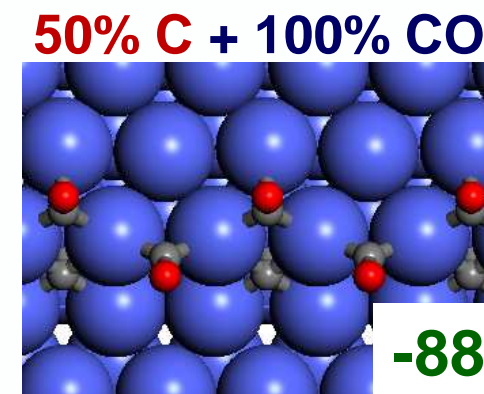
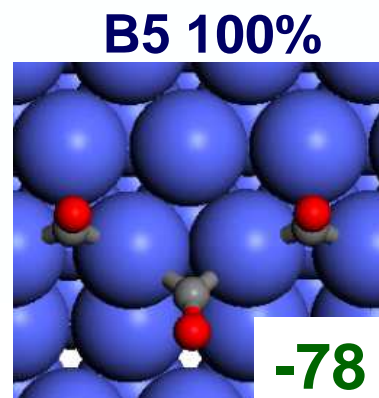
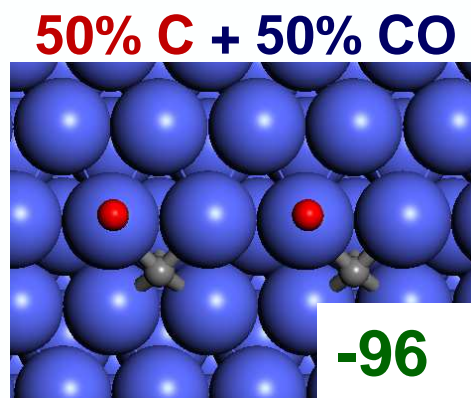
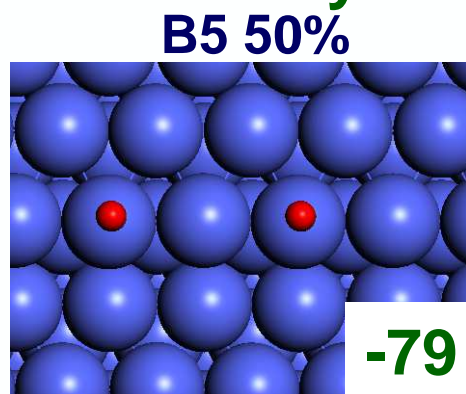
# Strong square-planar carbon adsorption

**Carbon stability:**  $\Delta G_{\text{rxn}}$  for  $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow [\text{C}]^* + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{g})$



**square-planar carbon binds strongly at B5 site, C coverage beyond 50% not favorable, Sites available for reaction?**

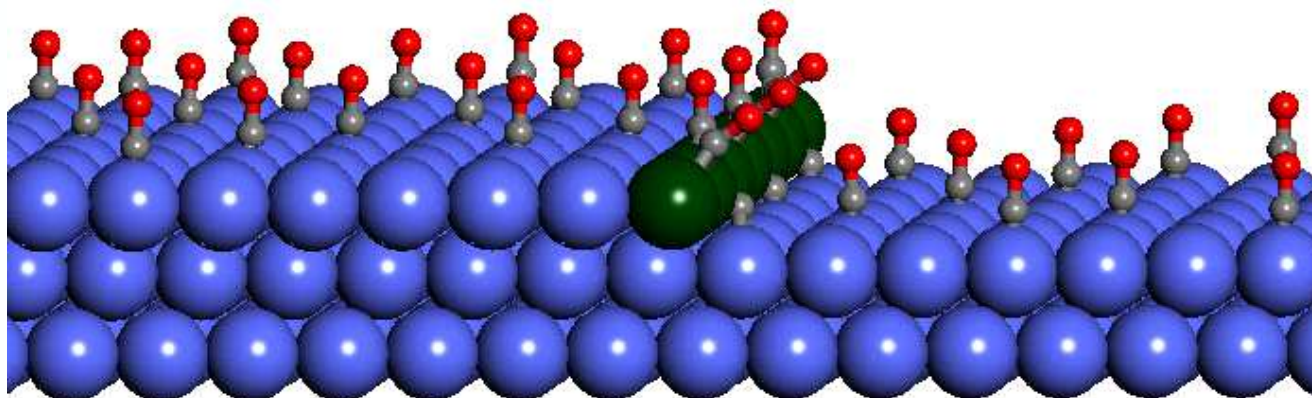
**CO stability:**



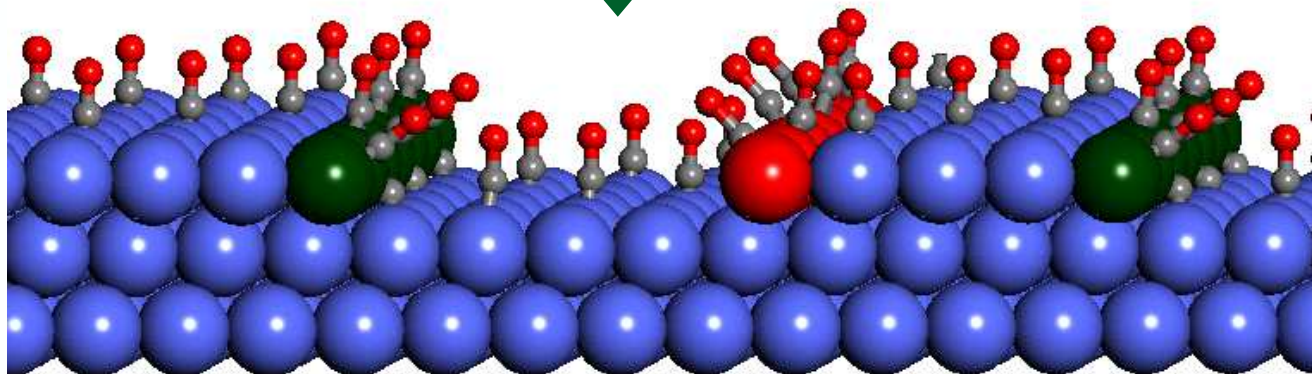
**Square planar C increases CO stability**

Refs: Ciobica *et al.* 2008, Tan, Xu, Chang, Borgna, Saeys, *J. Catal.*, 2010

# Stability of C/CO covered B5 steps



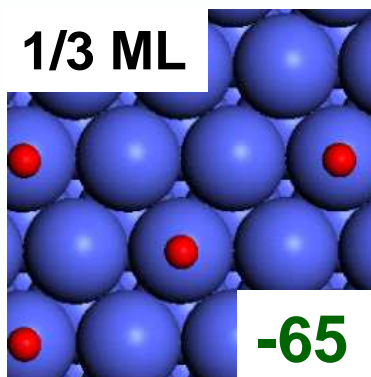
↓ -19 kJ/mol



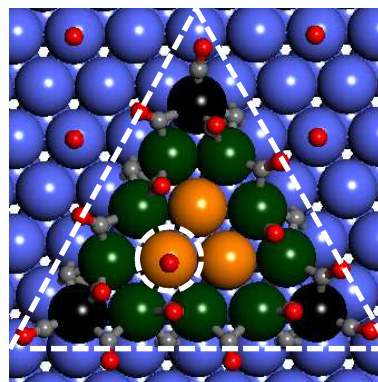
**50% C and 100% CO step edge coverage **overcomes** energy penalty to create steps and stabilizes B5**

# Creation of C/CO saturated B5 islands

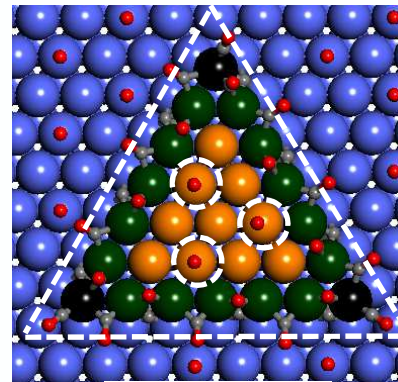
CO adsorption free energy at island terraces?



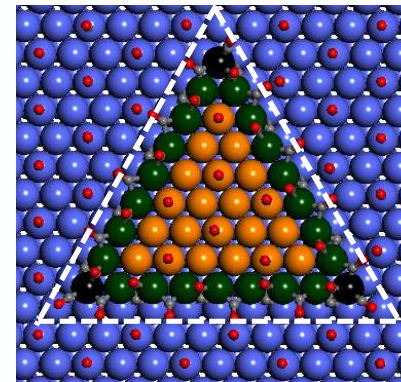
Terraces



Co<sub>15</sub>

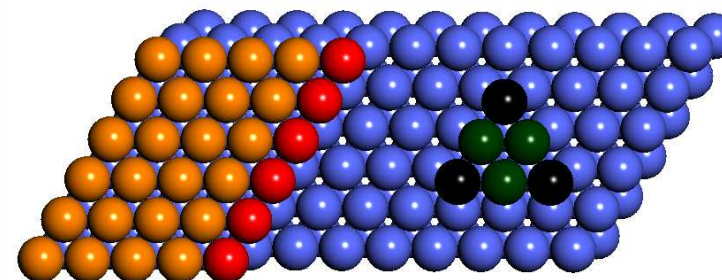
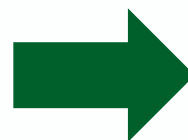
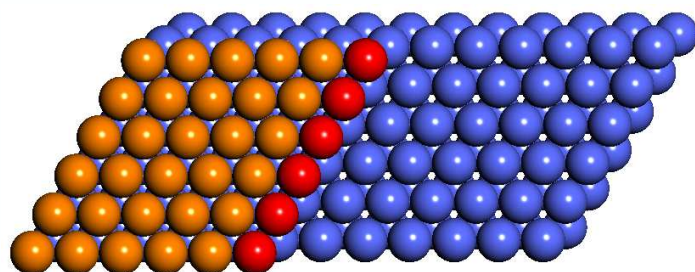


Co<sub>28</sub>



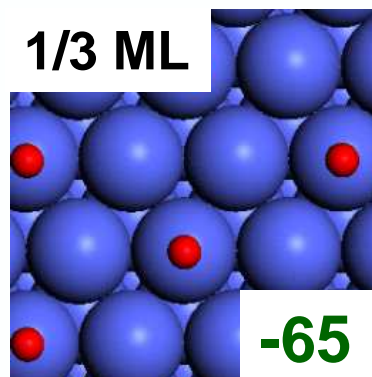
Co<sub>45</sub>

How do islands form?

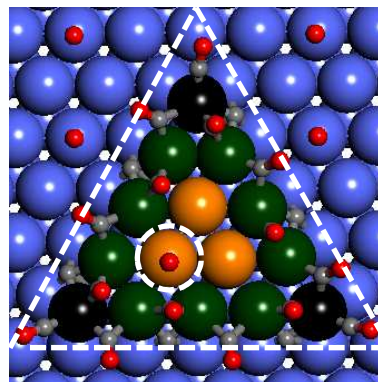


# Creation of C/CO saturated B5 islands

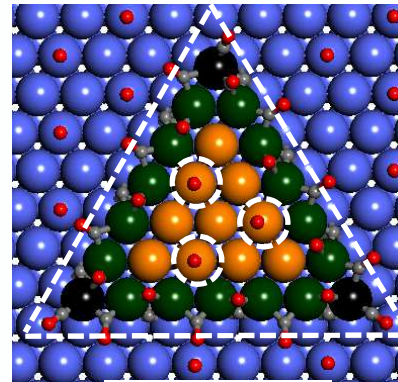
## CO adsorption free energy at island terraces?



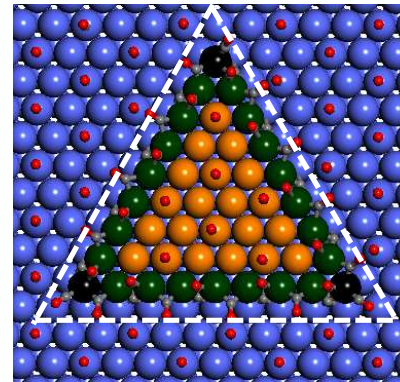
Terraces



Co<sub>15</sub>



Co<sub>28</sub>



Co<sub>45</sub>

### Energy balance for B5 island of 45 Co atoms:

Desorb CO from 66 terrace (indicated in white) sites:  $66/3 \times 65 = +1430$  kJ/mol

Create 24 B5, 3 corners:  $24 \times 45 + 3 \times 22 = +1146$  kJ/mol

Adsorb CO on 21 island terrace sites:  $21/3 \times -65 = -455$  kJ/mol

Adsorb 50%C/100%CO at 24 B5 sites:  $9 \times -18 + 18 \times -88 = -1746$  kJ/mol

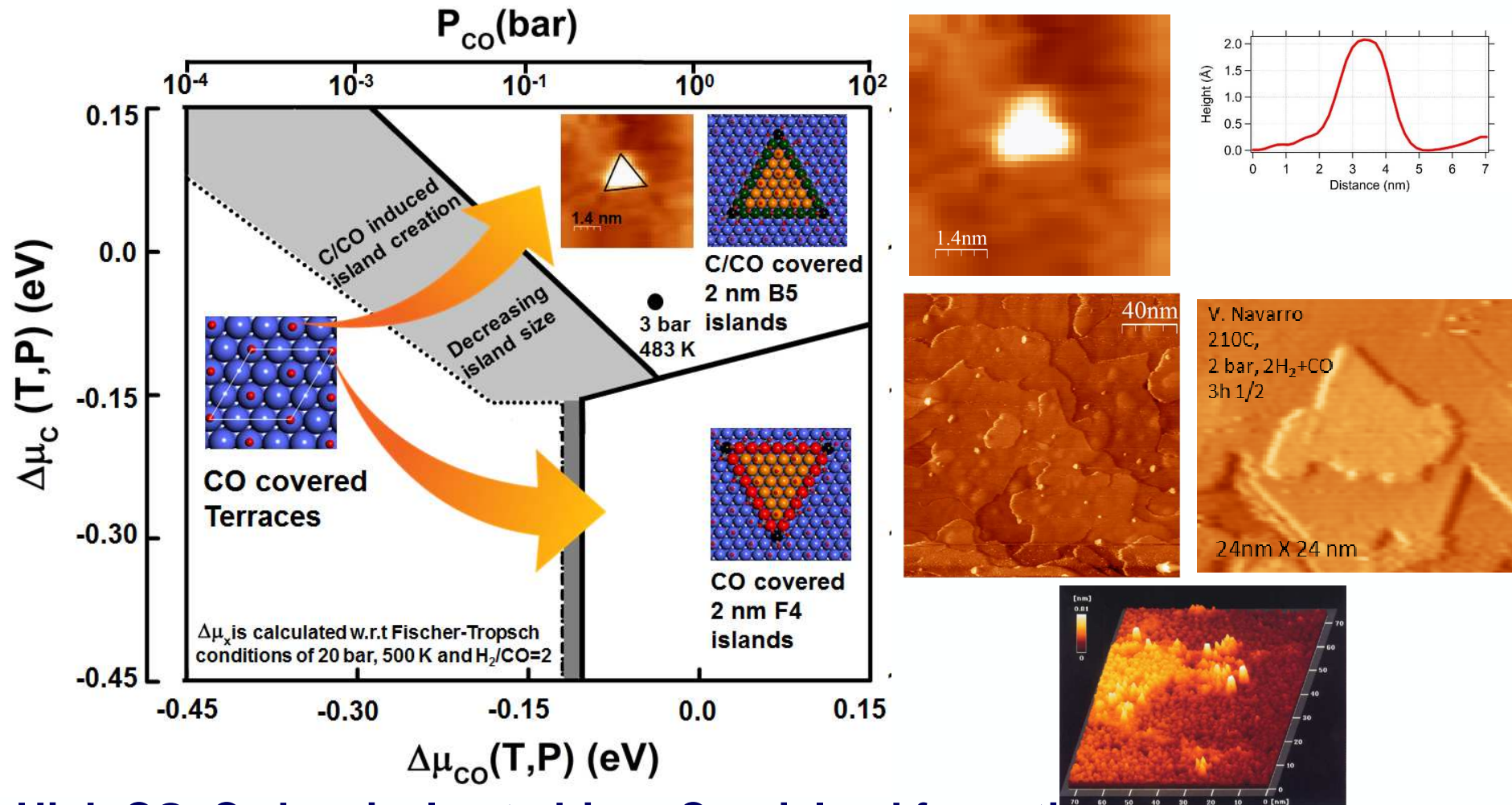
Adsorb C/CO at 3 corners:  $3 \times -14 + 9 \times -70 = -672$  kJ/mol

**Overall:** -297 kJ/mol islands or -6.6 kJ/mol Co atom for Co<sub>45</sub>

-393 kJ/mol islands or -6.2 kJ/mol Co atom for Co<sub>66</sub>

-126 kJ/mol islands or -4.5 kJ/mol Co atom for Co<sub>28</sub>

# Effect of reaction conditions on island stability



High CO, C chemical pot. drives  $Co_{45}$  island formation

Lower C chemical pot.  $\rightarrow$  lower C stability  $\rightarrow$  larger islands

\*  $\mu_{C/CO}=0$  at FT conditions (500 K, 20 bar, 60% conversion)

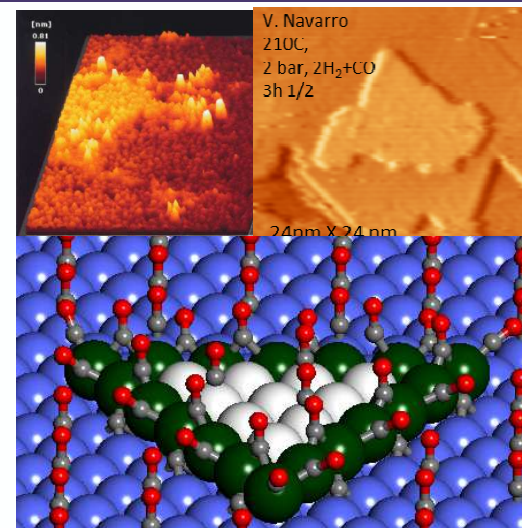
Ref: Banerjee, Saeys *et al.*, *JPCL* 2016

## Structure: Reconstruction

Nature of experimentally observed islands

Origin of stability/formation

Refs: Banerjee *et al.*, *ACS. Catal.* **2015**, Banerjee *et al.*, *JPCCL* **2016**

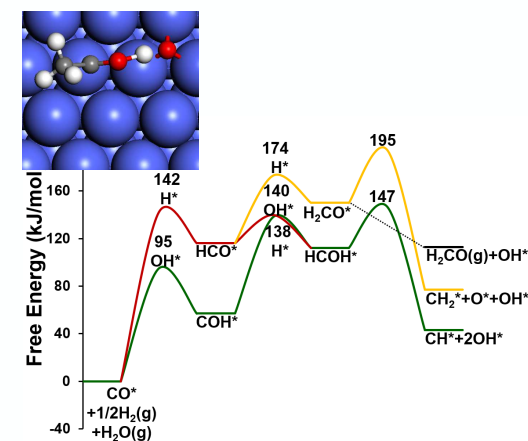


## Activity & Selectivity: CO insertion and role of OH

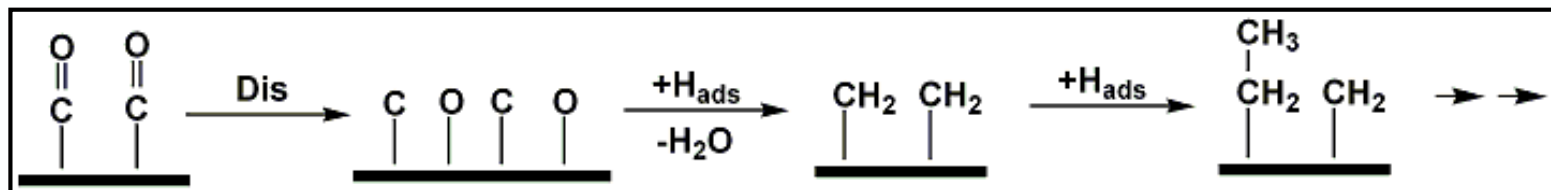
CO insertion consistent with kinetic data

OH as hydrogenating species

Refs: Zhuo *et al.*, *JPCCC* **2009**, Zhou *et al.*, *J. Catal.* **2013**,  
Gunasooriya *et al.*, *Surf. Sci.* **2015**, Gunasooriya *et al.*, *ACS Catal.* **2016**



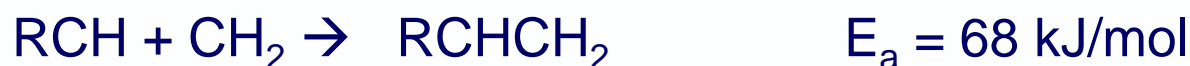
# Mechanistic proposals: Carbide mechanism



## CH<sub>x</sub>-CH<sub>x</sub> coupling

Brady-Pettit experiments with CH<sub>2</sub>N<sub>2</sub>: CH<sub>x</sub> + CH<sub>x</sub> coupling

C-C coupling on Co:



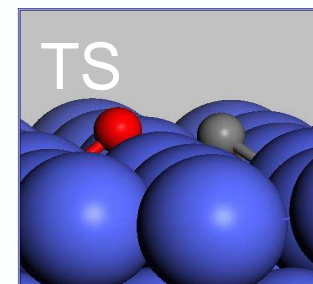
Need fast CO dissociation for **high CH<sub>x</sub> coverage**

CO dissociation on Co(0001) **terraces**:

$$235 \text{ kJ/mol} > 150 \text{ kJ/mol}$$

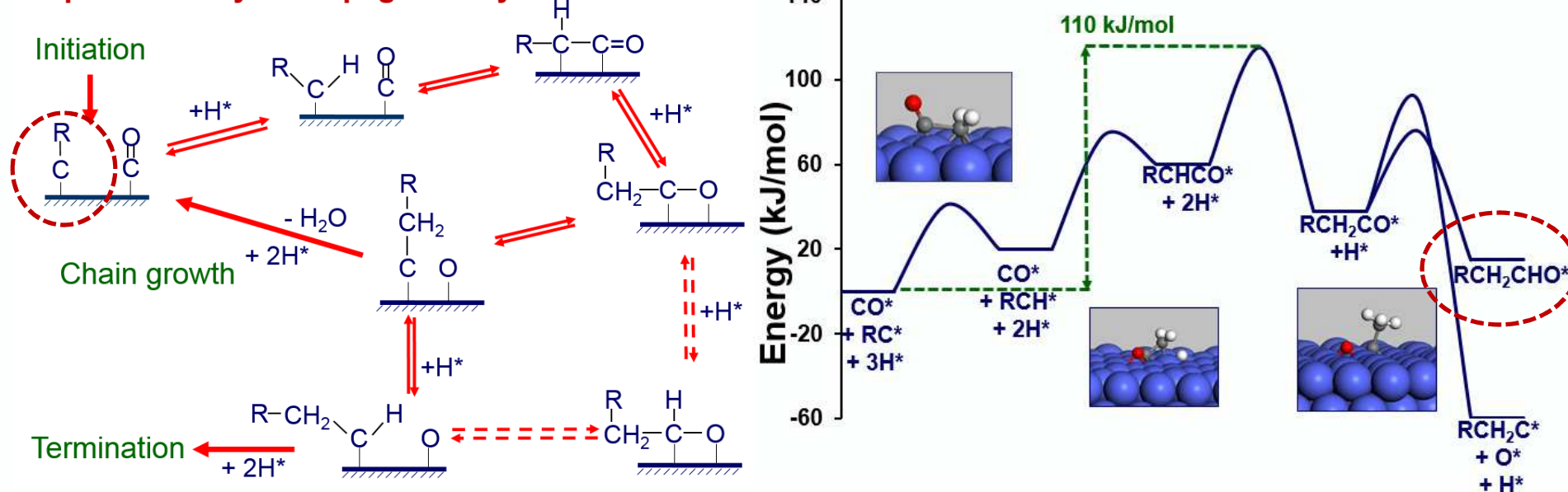
CO dissociation slow  $\rightarrow$  **low C or CH<sub>x</sub> coverage**

$\rightarrow$  **coupling slow compared to termination by hydrogenation**



# Mechanistic proposals: CO insertion mechanism

## Proposed Catalytic Propagation Cycle



## C-O activation after C-C bond formation

Proposed by Pichler and Schulz, 1970

$\text{RCH}_2 + \text{CO} \rightarrow 180 \text{ kJ/mol}$ , **but**  $\text{RCH} + \text{CO}$  much easier (60 kJ/mol)

Proposed cycle  $\rightarrow$  **effective barrier 110 kJ/mol < 150 kJ/mol**,

$\text{TOF} \sim 4 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

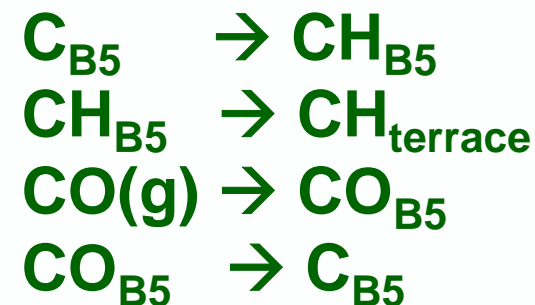
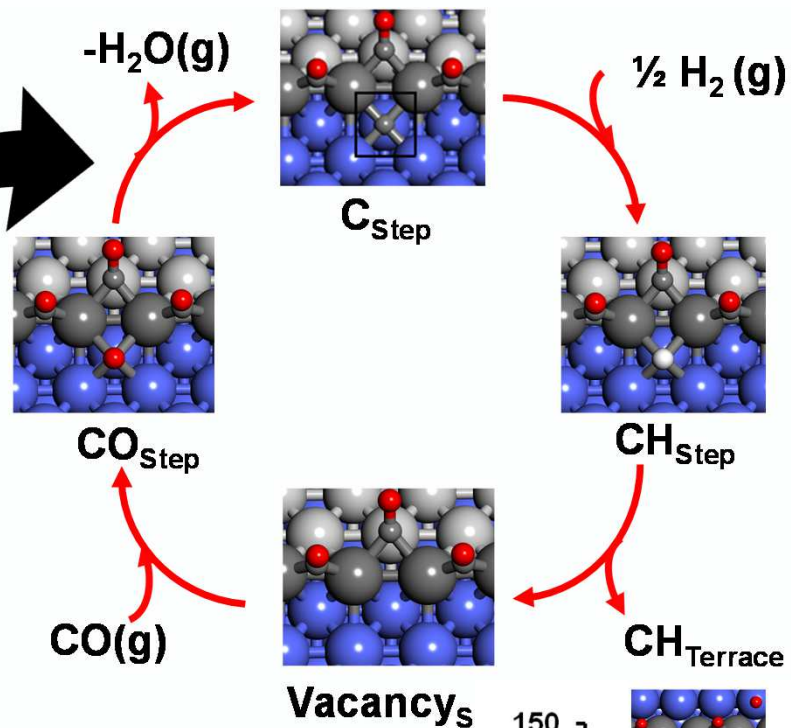
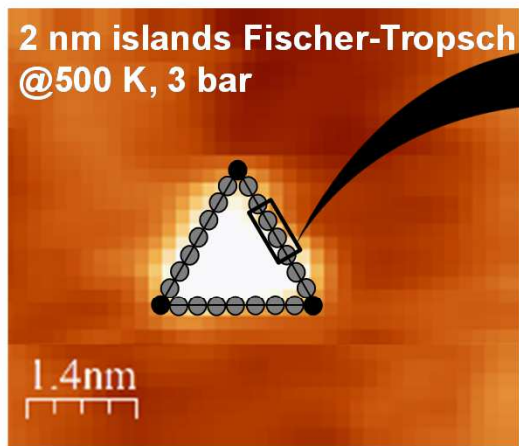
Need formation of **first CH**

**Oxygenate selectivity – acetaldehyde formation**

Refs: Pichler & Schulz, *Chem. Ing. Tech.*, 1970; Zhou et al., *J. Phys. Chem. C*, 2008 & *J. Catal.*, 2013



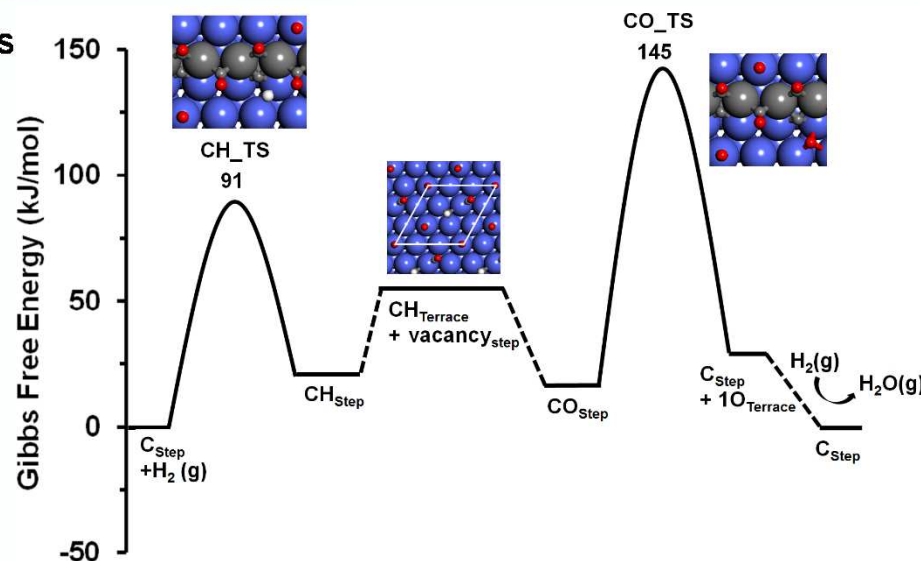
# Mechanistic proposals: At islands?



Overall free energy barrier  
~ 125 kJ/mol

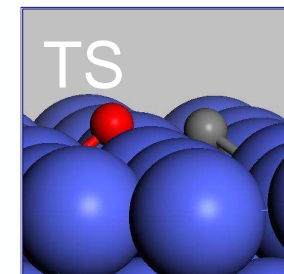
$\text{TOF}_{\text{CO}} \sim 1 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Refs: Banerjee, Saeys *et al.*, submitted



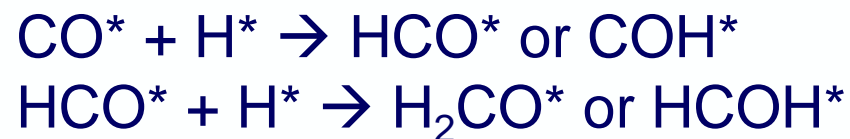
# Mechanistic proposals: H-assisted?

## Direct C-O dissociation

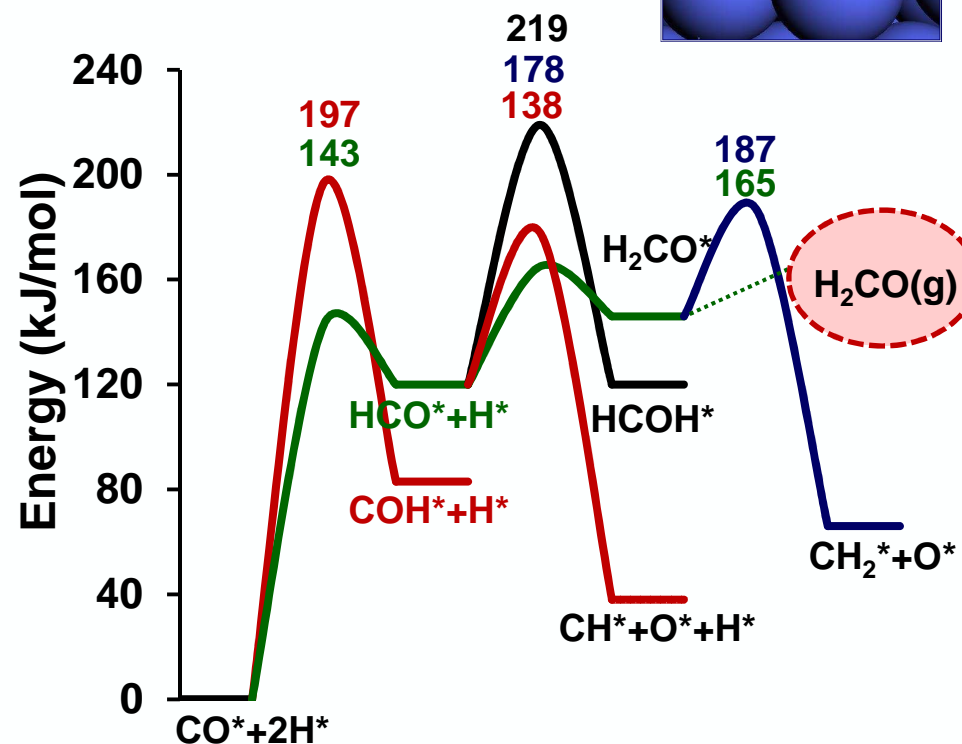
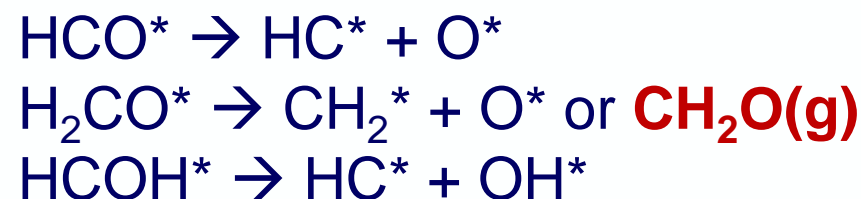


## H-assisted C-O dissociation

### Hydrogenation



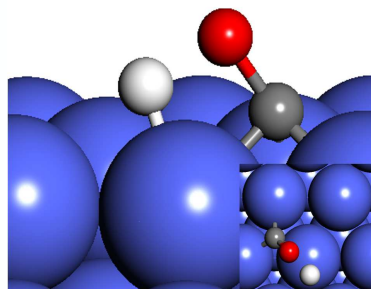
### C-O scissions



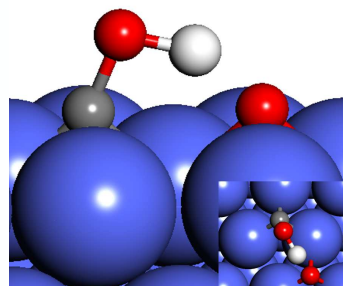
**High effective barriers, CH<sub>2</sub>O(g) formaldehyde formation**

# Mechanistic proposals: OH-assisted?

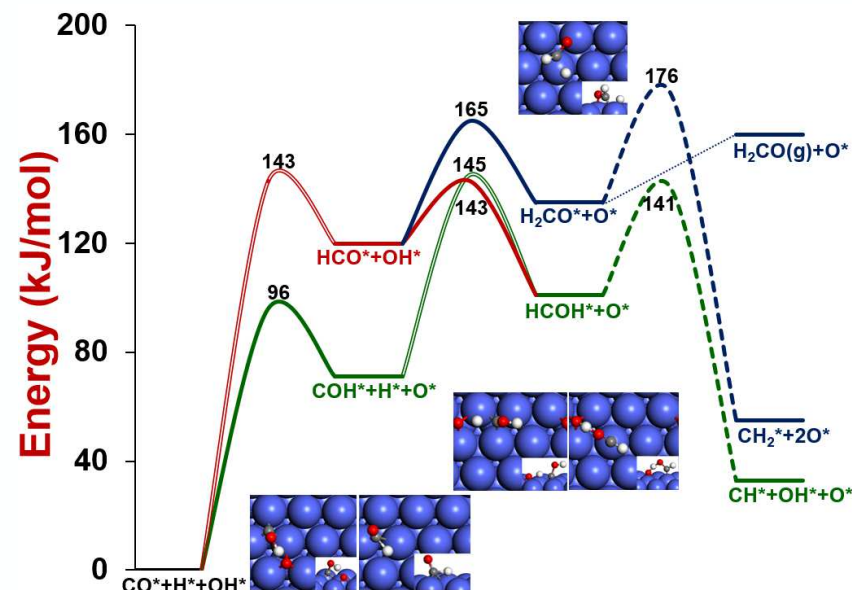
## COH\* formation



$E_a$  197  
 $\Delta G_a$  189



96  
94



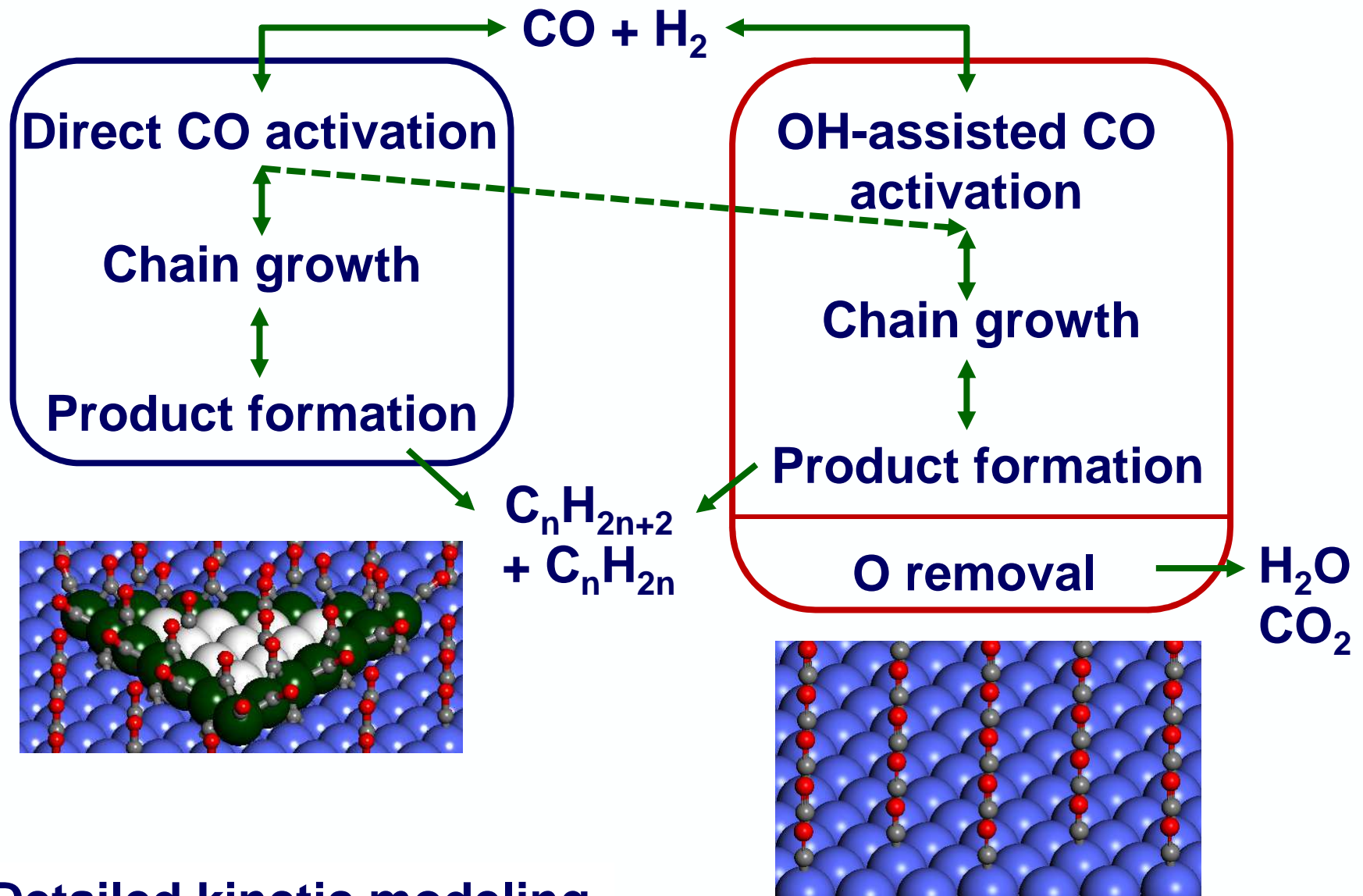
HCOH formation favored over H<sub>2</sub>CO formation

CH-OH dissociation rate limiting

Effective barrier ~150 kJ/mol. TOF ~ 5 x 10<sup>-3</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>

CO TOF/CH formation = 10

# $\mu$ Kinetic model: In Progress



✓ Detailed kinetic modeling

# Conclusions

Reconstruction of Co terraces driven by **synergistic adsorption of  $\sigma$ -aromatic square planar C and CO at B5 sites**

Mechanism,

Carbide:

**NO** on terraces

CO insertion:

**YES**, but first step?

CO activation at islands:

**YES**, but do they exist?

H-assisted CO activation:

**NO**, wrong product

OH-assisted CO activation:

**MAYBE**,...

**Collaborators:** Herman Kuipers and Sander van Bavel (Shell),  
Violeta Navaro (Leiden)

**Funding:** Shell Global Solutions, Odysseus-Flemish  
Research Foundation

