

Sophorolipids: Renewable resources for chemical derivatization

Elisabeth Delbeke¹, Sophie Roelants², Inge Van Bogaert², Kevin Van Geem³ & Christian V. Stevens¹

E-mail: elisabeth.delbeke@UGent.be

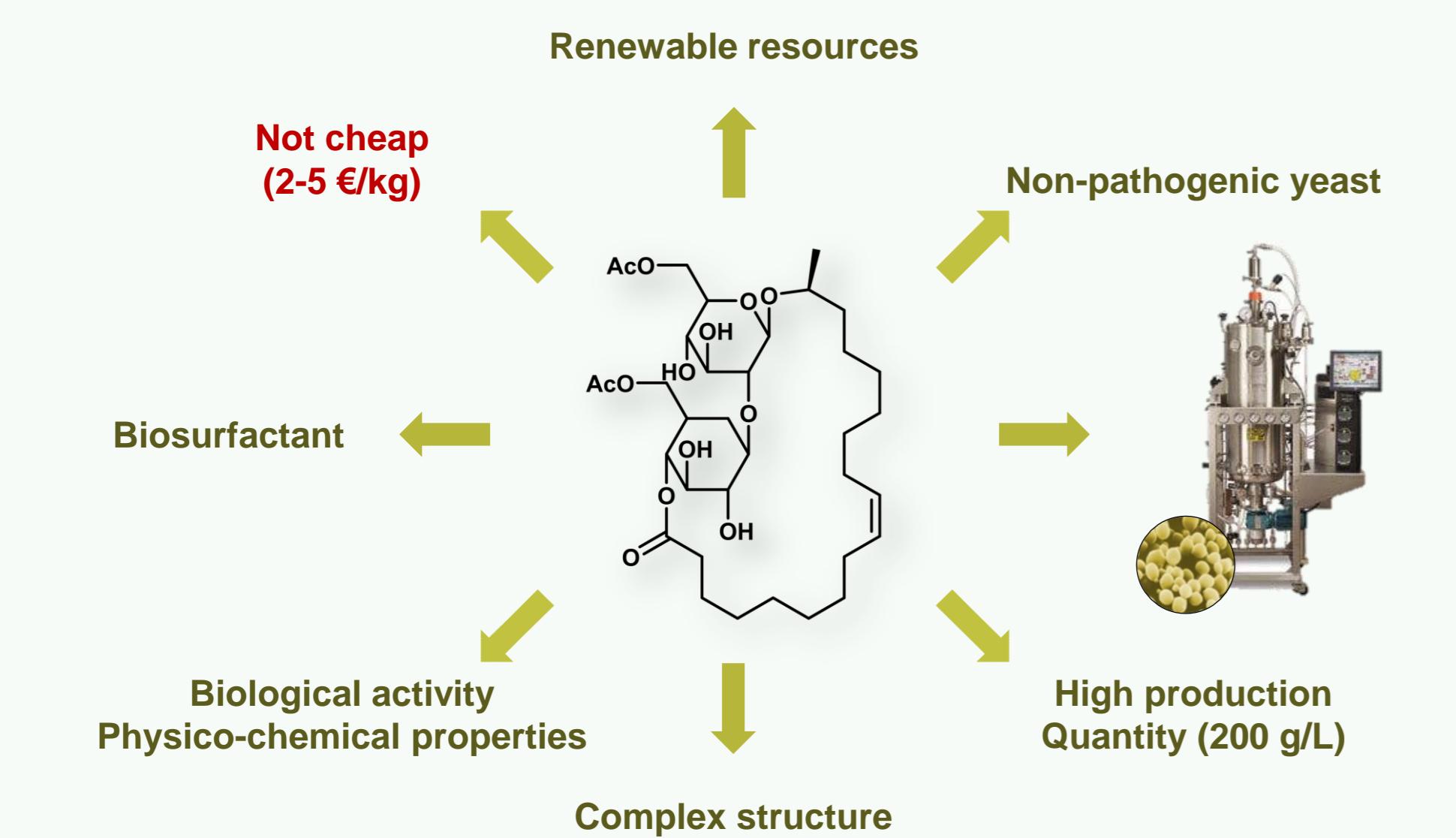
¹ SynBioC Research Group, Department of Sustainable Organic Chemistry and Technology, Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent University, Coupure Links 653, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium

² InBio Research Group, Department of Biochemical and Microbial Technology, Faculty of Bioscience Engineering, Ghent University, Coupure Links 653, B-9000 Ghent, Belgium

³ LCT, Department of Chemical Engineering and Technical Chemistry, Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, Ghent University, Technologiepark 914, B-9052 Ghent, Belgium

Introduction

Sophorolipid = sophorose head + fatty acid tail

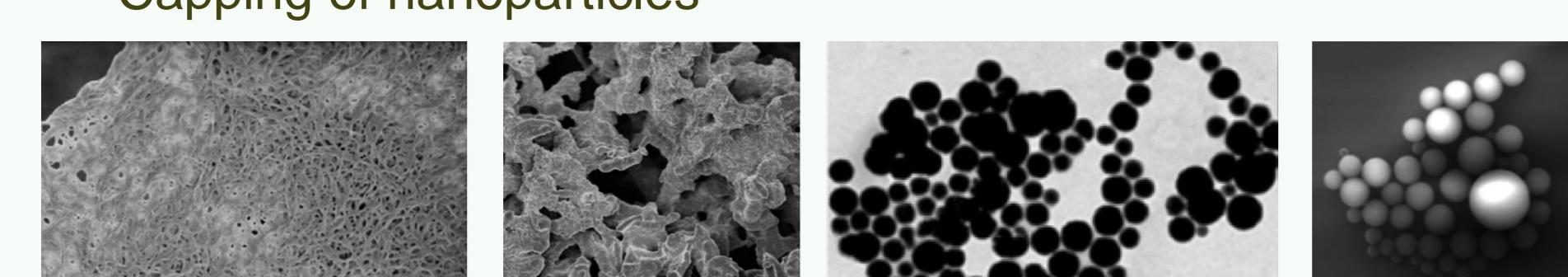


Biological activity:

- Dermatological
- Antimicrobial
- Anticancer
- Immunoregulatory
- Spermicidal and antiviral

Self-assembly properties:

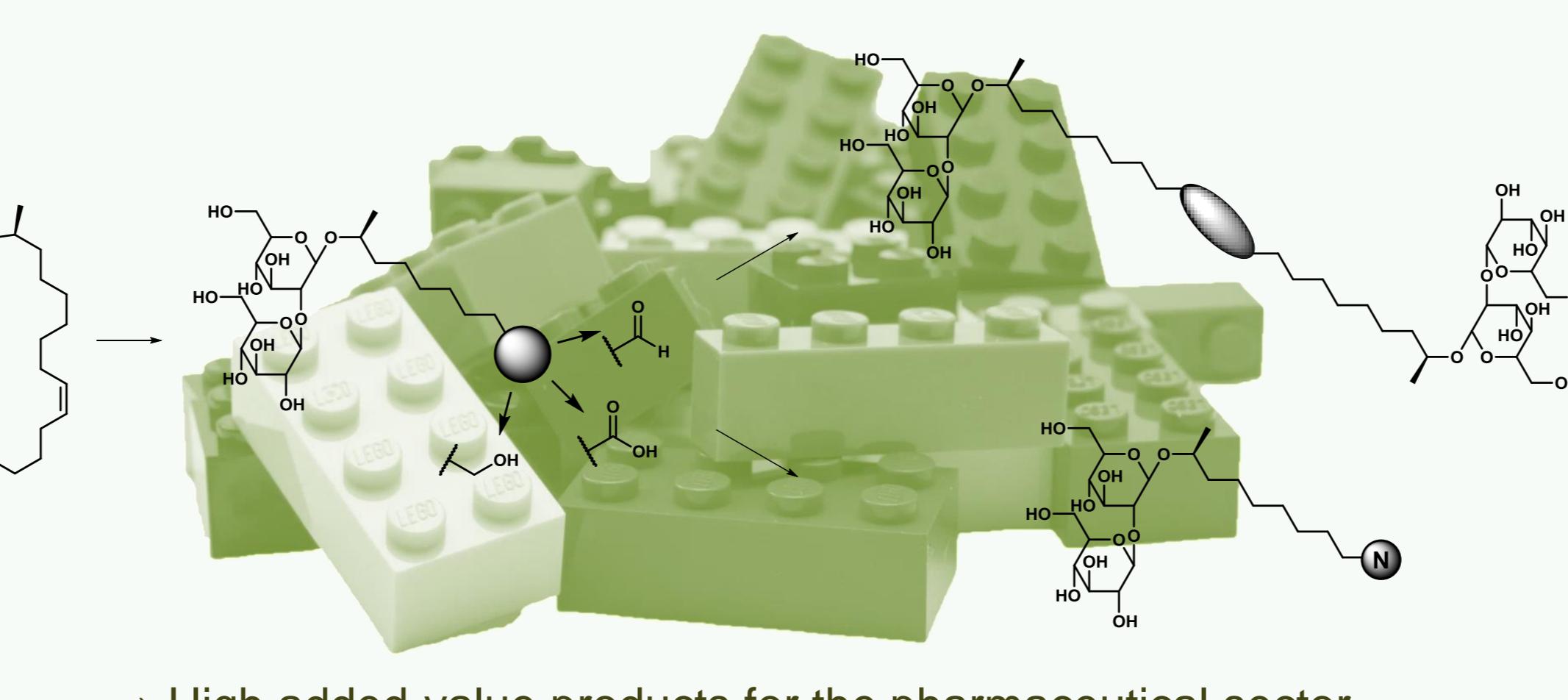
- Nanostructures with supramolecular chirality
- Capping of nanoparticles



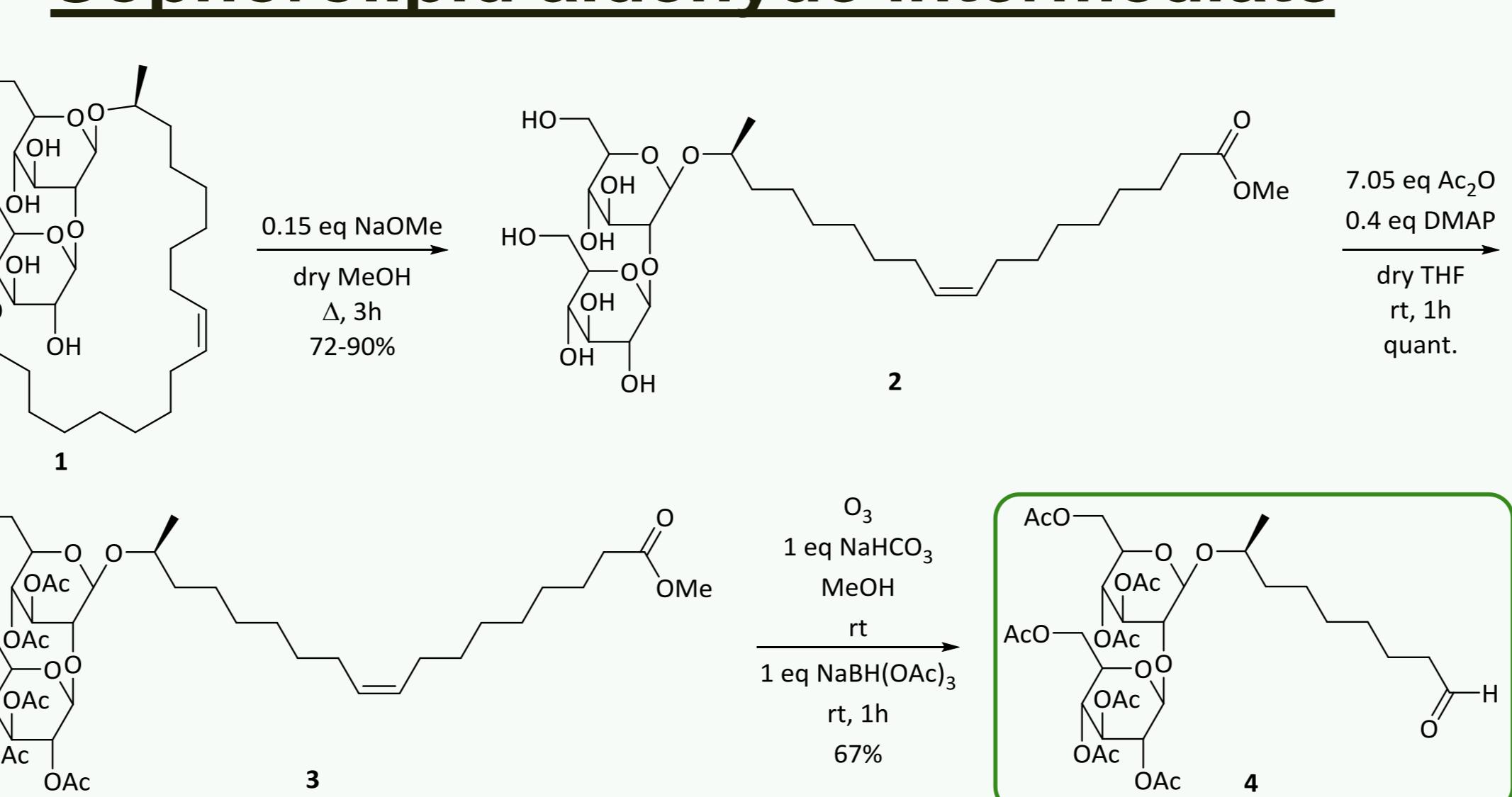
Interesting building blocks for chemical derivatization

Objectives

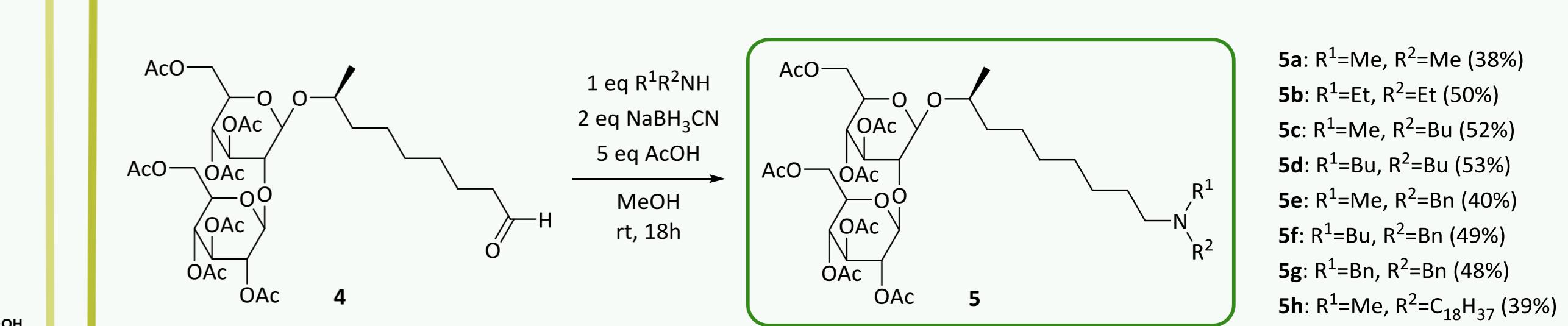
Synthesis of innovative sophorolipid derivatives



Sophorolipid aldehyde intermediate

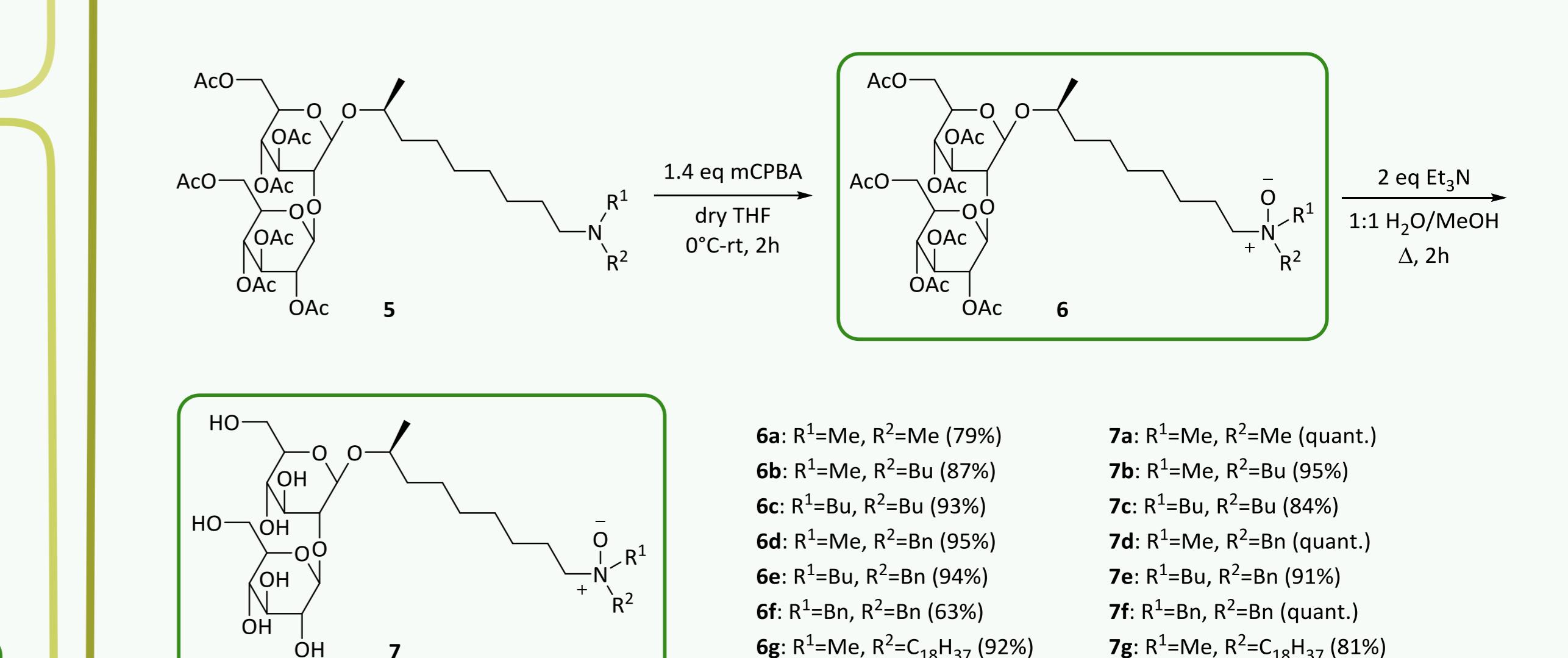


Sophorolipid amines



- No antimicrobial activity against *E. coli* LMG 8063, *K. pneumoniae* LMG 2095, *S. aureus* LMG 8064 and *B. subtilis* LMG 13579

Sophorolipid amine oxides



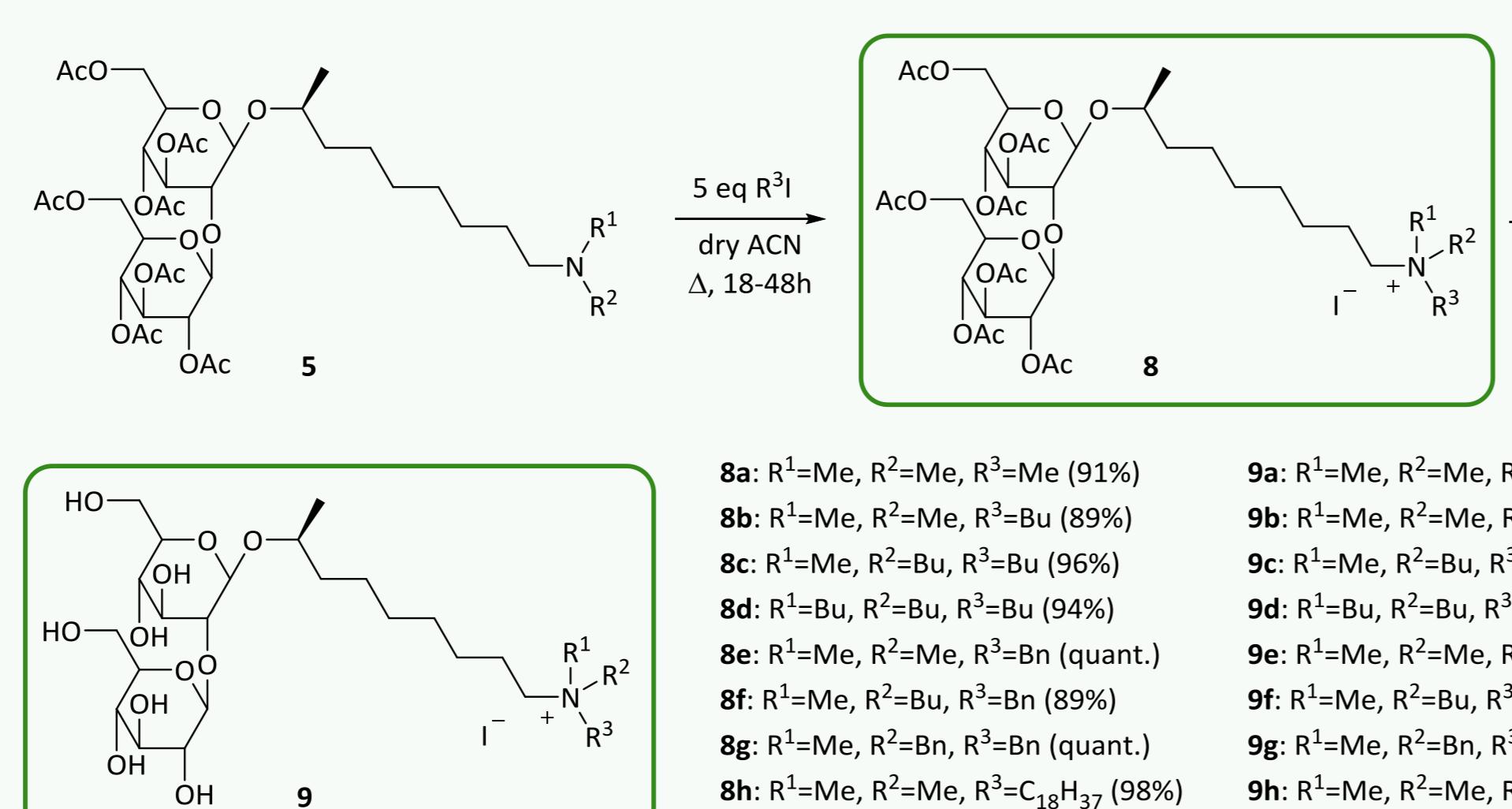
- Evaluation antimicrobial activity against *E. coli* LMG 8063, *K. pneumoniae* LMG 2095, *P. aeruginosa* PAO1, *S. aureus* ATCC 6538 and *S. aureus* Mu50
- Only weak activity for **7f** against *P. aeruginosa* PAO1 (MIC_{1/2} = 1000 µg/mL)

E.I.P. Delbeke, S.L.K.W. Roelants, N. Matthijs, B. Everaert, W. Soetaert, T. Coenye, K.M. Van Geem, C.V. Stevens, *Ind. Eng. Chem. Res.*, 2016, 55, 7273-7281.

Quaternary ammonium sophorolipids

Antimicrobial evaluation

- Evaluation antimicrobial activity against *E. coli* LMG 8063, *K. pneumoniae* LMG 2095, *S. aureus* LMG 8064 and *B. subtilis* LMG 13579
- Significant growth inhibition against Gram-positive strains for 13 derivatives
- Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) determination for active derivatives
- Control antibiotic:** Gentamicin sulfate

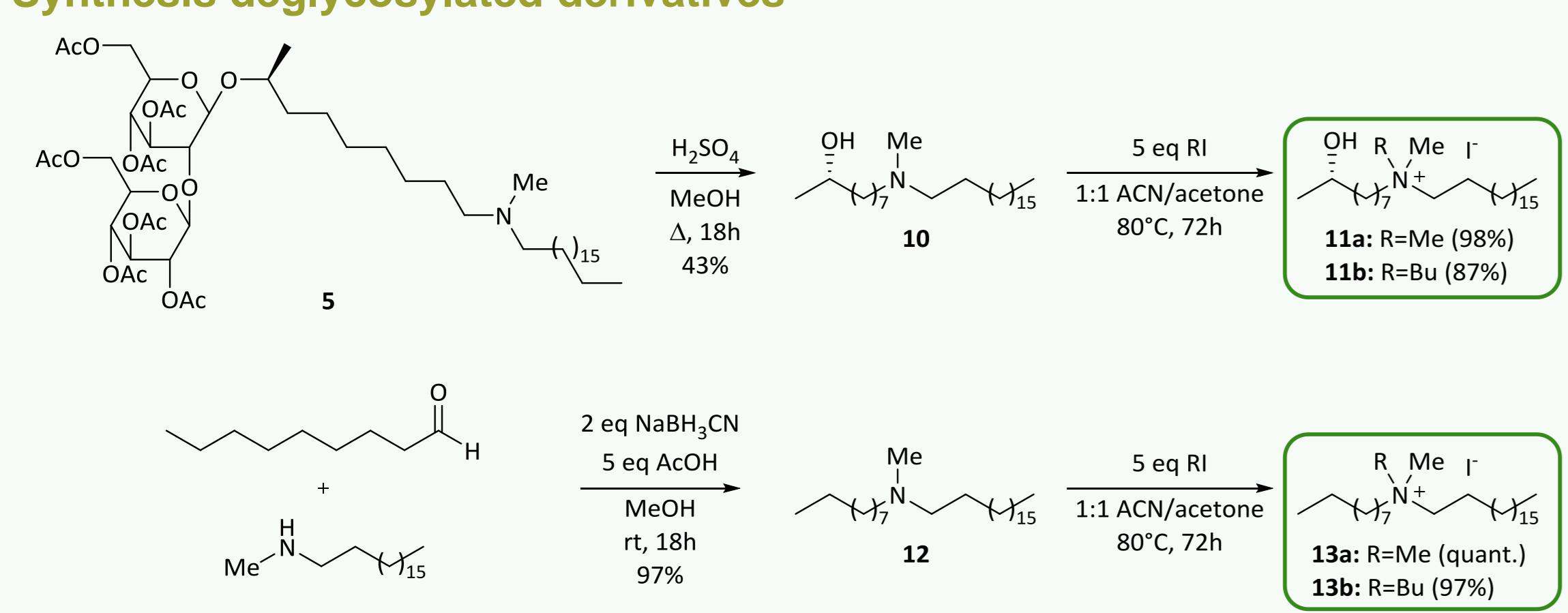


Minimum inhibitory concentration (MIC) values

(µM)	8b	8c	8d	8e	8f	8g	8h	8i	9b	9h	9i	Gentamicin sulfate
<i>S. aureus</i>	>101	>97	>93	489	>94	45	8	8	>144	6	5	10
<i>E. faecium</i>	>101	>97	>93	>977	>94	>91	8	8	>144	6	5	21
<i>B. subtilis</i>	>101	24	>93	977	>94	45	8	8	>144	6	5	10
<i>S. pneumoniae</i>	>101	97	>93	977	>94	91	8	8	>144	6	5	52

E.I.P. Delbeke, B.I. Roman, G.B. Marin, K.M. Van Geem, C.V. Stevens, *Green Chem.*, 2015, 17, 3373-3377.

Synthesis deglycosylated derivatives



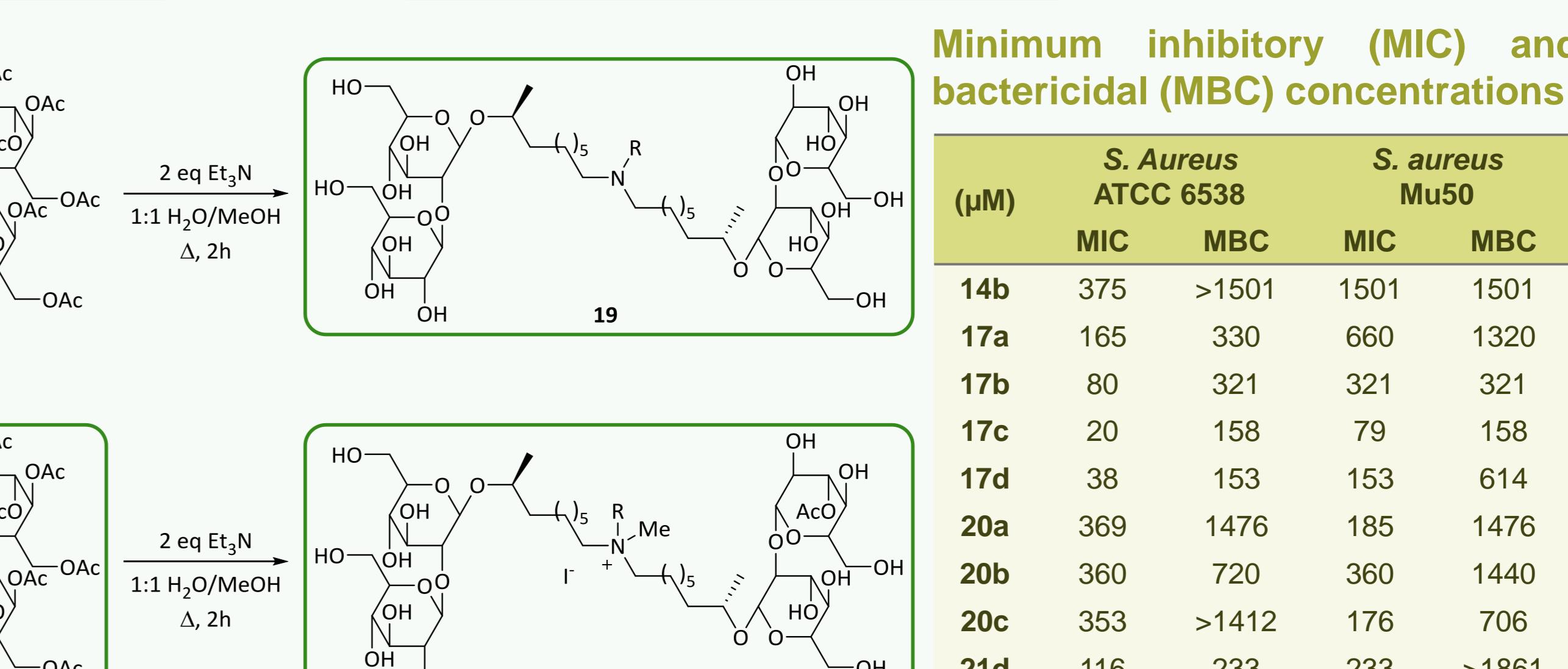
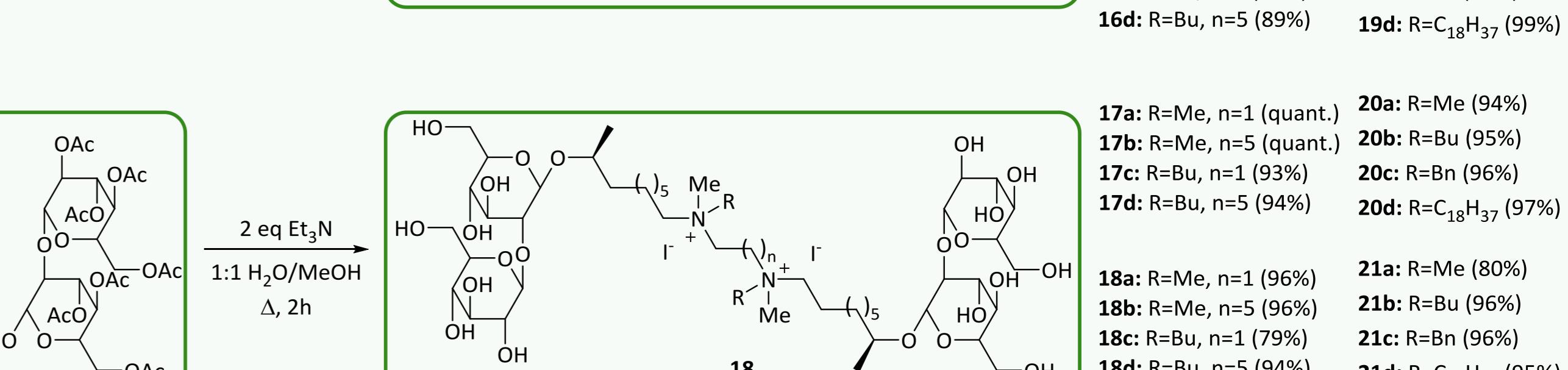
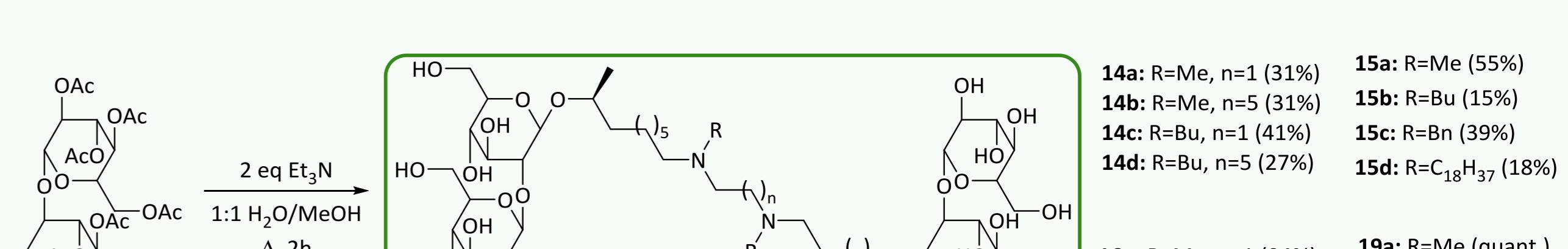
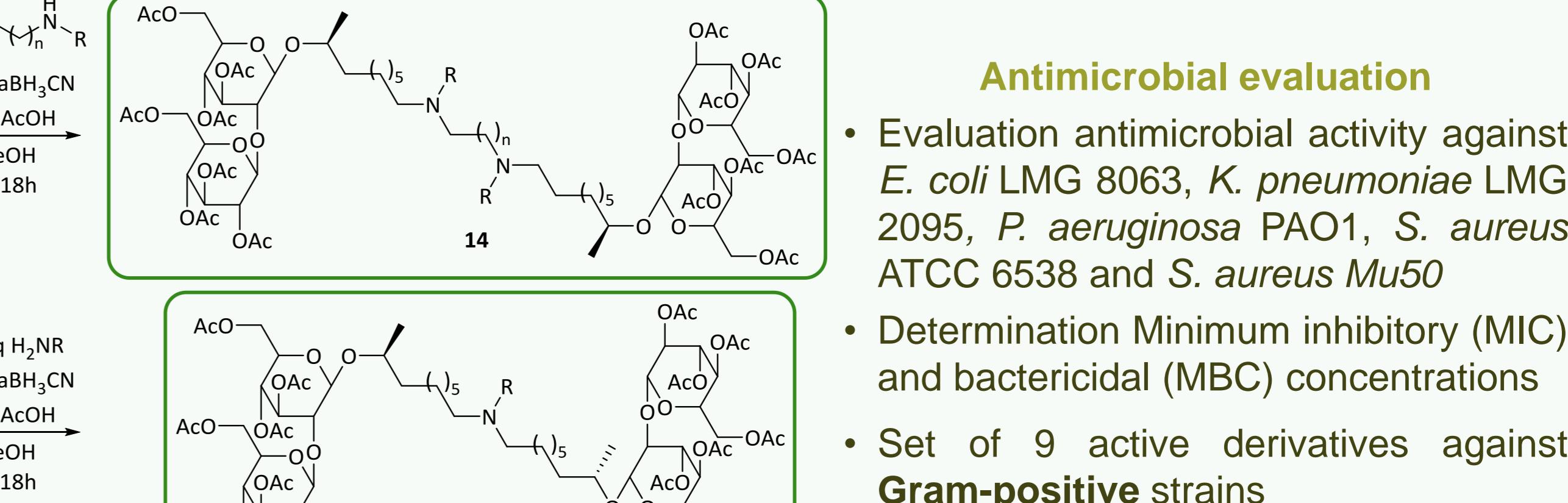
- Hydroxylated and non-hydroxylated quaternary ammonium salts with an octadecyl chain
- Evaluation influence carbohydrate head on antimicrobial activity and transfection efficiency

Minimum inhibitory (MIC) and bactericidal (MBC) concentrations

(µM)	<i>S. Aureus</i> ATCC 6538		<i>S. aureus</i> Mu50	
	MIC	MBC	MIC	MBC
SL lactone	182	363	363	1453
SL acid	>1607	>1607	>1607	>1607
8h	6,6	6,6	26,4	52,7
8i	6,4	204	50,9	204
9h	2,2	8,8	4,4	17,5
9i	2,1	2,1	4,2	16,7
11a	3,4	55,1	110	110
11b	3,2	51,3	103	103
13a	56,7	56,7	227	227
13b	26,3	26,3	105	211

- Only **9h** and **9i** good candidates for *in vitro* testing
- Good transfection for both quaternary ammonium sophorolipids in some cell lines
- High toxicity for deglycosylated derivatives in transfection assay

Bolaamphiphilic sophorolipids



Minimum inhibitory (MIC) and bactericidal (MBC) concentrations

(µM)	<i>S. Aureus</i> ATCC 6538		<i>S. aureus</i> Mu50	
	MIC	MBC	MIC	MBC
14b	375	>1501	1501	1501
17a	165	330	660	1320
17b	80	321	321	321
17c	20	158	79	158
17d	38	153	153	614
20a	369	1476	185	1476
20b	360	720	360	1440
20c	353	>1412	176	706
21d	116	233	233	>1861

Conclusion

- Quaternary ammonium sophorolipids with octadecyl chain are most interesting derivatives
- High antimicrobial activity and transfection efficiency
- Positive influence of carbohydrate head

Acknowledgement

The research leading to these results has received funding from the Long Term Structural Methusalem Funding by the Flemish Government (grant number BOF09/01M00409)